

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871  
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1917

VOL. 47. NO. 17

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### FROM CAMP CUSTER.

Camp Custer, Nov. 22, 1917  
Editor Standard: Well, here we  
are in Camp Custer for our first even-  
ing.

We left Chelsea at 6:30 this morn-  
ing over D. U. R. Upon our arrival  
at Ann Arbor roll was called, and as  
we responded we were given an  
American flag and a "housewife." This  
took about forty-five minutes. We  
were then taken to the street  
where we marched up Main street to  
Williams street, then to the Michi-  
gan Central station.

We left Ann Arbor at 9:25 amidst a  
mass of people, a number of whom  
were from Chelsea.

We—the bunch from Chelsea—were  
surprised to see so large a crowd at  
the station at home as we passed  
through Chelsea. I will never forget  
the spirit in which we were sent  
away.

Jackson was the first stop and we  
were delayed there for some time.  
There was a large crowd out and two  
carloads of boys were added to the  
train.

We also stopped at Albion and  
took on two more cars of boys.

We arrived at Camp Custer about  
2:30, and were taken into a building  
where roll was again called and we  
were assigned to our companies.

Here's where we were lucky. Walter  
Hummel, James Lahey, Elmer  
Mayer, Fred Heselschwerdt, Norbert  
Foster—a former Chelsea boy—and  
myself were all put into the same  
company, 27 Co., 7th Battalion, 160th  
Depot Brigade.

After roll call we were sent to our  
barracks and made our beds. We  
have two fine army blankets and a  
quilt.

This evening for mess we had sal-  
mon, potatoes, bread and tea, very  
good food and plenty of it for all.  
Mess was served at 5:30 and, believe  
me, we were a hungry bunch.

We are now over at the "Y" which  
is but a few steps from our barracks.  
We are all looking for mail and  
news from home.

Very truly yours,  
P. C. MARONEY.

### An Apology.

The Standard owes Superintendent  
Walling an apology. A week ago  
last Sunday he staged an honest-to-  
goodness fire at his home, with all the  
spectacular effects that go with a fire,  
such as the blowing of the siren, the  
quick trip of the fire ladders and  
all that; and then we forgot to  
give the affair a mention. The Super-  
intendent is a little peeved, and we  
don't blame him. When a fellow has  
enough coal so that he can build a fire  
hot enough to cause his chimney to  
burn out and set the roof on fire, and  
nothing is said about it in the paper,  
he has a right to feel neglected.

### Drain Commissioners Have Problem.

The drain commissioners of Ingham,  
Livingston and Washtenaw counties  
find themselves with quite a problem  
on hand relative to the Lowe Lake  
drain, which traverses all three coun-  
ties. The petitions for this drain were  
submitted in February, 1916, and con-  
tained some 300 names, the majority  
of the signers living in Ingham county.  
As the necessity of the drain caused  
some controversy which local officers  
found it difficult to settle, the matter  
was referred to the state highway de-  
partment, and the matter has been  
taken into the probate court for  
adjustment.

### Spreading Colds.

This is the season when colds seem  
to be well nigh universal complaints.  
If you have been fortunate enough to  
escape, your neighbor has not. There  
are numerous factors which are re-  
sponsible for the spread of colds at  
this period of the year. As in many  
other infectious diseases, one may be  
exposed frequently without any ser-  
ious result. There are simple con-  
gestive colds from exposure yet many  
conditions commonly called colds are  
caused by germs.

Probably of the most common  
methods of spreading these so-called  
colds is through the carelessness of  
those who are sick with the infectious  
condition and who are careless in  
handling their handkerchiefs. They  
sneeze and cough when near others  
fill the air with thousands of infective  
germs.

If the usual symptoms of colds are  
aggravated in character, a physician  
should be sent for, as the line be-  
tween the severe "cold in the chest"  
and pneumonia is delicately drawn.

If a cold is permitted to hang on,  
it becomes a predisposing factor to  
more serious ailments, tuberculosis in  
particular.

Try the Standard "Want" Ads.

### A QUARTER CENTURY

#### Happenings in Chelsea Twenty-five Years Ago This Week.

George Schatz, of Fresno, Calif.,  
had sent his parents 135 pounds of  
fruit.

Congressman Gorman had pur-  
chased the L. D. Loomis residence  
on East Middle street.

Married, on November 30, 1892,  
Miss Maggie Denner, of Jackson,  
and George B. Leach, of Chelsea.

Market: Wheat, 65c; rye, 49c;  
oats, 34; beans, \$1.40; potatoes, 60c;  
onions, 70c; corn, 25c; chickens, 7c;  
dressed pork, 6c; eggs, 20c; but-  
ter, 20c; apples, 75c to \$1; cattle,  
3c to 4c; turkeys, 10c.

### SCHOOL NOTES.

Thanksgiving vacation Thursday  
and Friday.

The fourth grade is engaged in  
making maps of the school room.

The little folks of the first grade  
had no tardy marks the last month.

Thanksgiving programs in nearly  
all the grades Wednesday afternoon.

Virginia Barbour and Ella May  
Foster have returned to school after  
a siege of the mumps.

The children of the third grade  
have been making a theater of  
"Pilgrims Going to Church".

The sixth grade was given a half  
holiday Wednesday afternoon, hav-  
ing an attendance of 98 per cent and  
no tardy marks.

Many of the grades are engaged in  
war work for the Red Cross, cutting  
snips, gun-wipes, making paraffin can-  
dles, knitting, etc.

The perfect spellers of the third  
grade during the past month are:  
Arnold Steger, Helen Imerson, Doris  
Shepherd, May Hamp, Paul Axtell  
and Fay Nemethy.

### Good Sum for Red Cross.

The farmers who were interested in  
the Farmers' Thanksgiving festival at  
the Y. M. C. A., Ann Arbor, last week,  
for the benefit of the Red Cross have  
been very much disturbed this week  
by a report which has gained circula-  
tion that the farmers who contributed  
the produce for the festival were to  
receive 80 per cent of the price for  
which it was sold.

The fact is that every bit of the  
money taken in at this festival will  
go to the Washtenaw county Red Cross,  
for all of the produce exhibited was  
given outright to the festival for  
that purpose, and it is expected that  
the Red Cross will be benefited by  
about \$2,500.

The entire receipts of the lunch  
room which was conducted in con-  
nection with the festival will go to  
the Red Cross, for all of the materials  
used in preparing and serving the  
lunches were donated to the festival,  
so that there were no expenses to  
come out of the gross receipts.

The farmers of Washtenaw county  
have taken great pride in making  
this a great Red Cross benefit, and  
have given generously to make it so.

### Announcements.

Regular meeting of Pythian Sisters,  
December 6.

Regular meeting of O. E. S., Wed-  
nesday evening, November 28.

The S. P. I. will meet at the home  
of Mrs. John Hauser next Monday  
evening.

The B. V. R. C. will meet with Mrs.  
D. H. Wurster on Monday evening  
December 3.

There will be a special meeting of  
Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M.,  
Tuesday evening, December 4. Work  
in M. M. degree.

The annual fair and supper of the  
M. E. church will be held during the  
second week in December. The date  
will be announced later.

The Baptist Woman's Missionary  
Circle will meet on Wednesday, De-  
cember 5, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the  
home of Mrs. Lydia Faber, Mrs. E.  
E. Coe leader.

The Young Ladies' Chapter of the  
Congregational church will hold their  
regular meeting at the home of Miss  
Marjorie Mapes, on Tuesday, Decem-  
ber 4. Every member is requested to  
bring some article for a gift to the  
soldiers, as two bags are to be filled.

On Sunday, December 2, Lieut.-Gov.  
Dickinson will speak at the M. E.  
church at North Lake at 10:30 a. m.;  
at North Waterloo at 2:30 p. m.; and  
at Unadilla at 7:30 p. m., in the inter-  
est of the National Anti-Saloon  
League. To hear him will be a treat.  
Everybody invited.

### RED CROSS NOTES.

The following donations have been  
received:

Junior Musical Club of St. Mary  
Academy, \$2.66.

Catholic Social Club, \$10.

From show at Princess theatre, \$13.

The Juniors have completed and sent  
to headquarters three Belgian quilts  
and twelve trench candles. Good for  
the Juniors.

We would like to have all ladies  
who are knitting garments now to  
make a special effort to turn them  
in this week, so that we can make a  
settlement for the November yarn.

We received, Monday, a consigna-  
ment of yarn that amounted to \$33.  
This yarn will be made into sweaters  
for our own boys. All those wishing  
to knit these garments are request-  
ed to call on Mrs. C. E. Whitaker.  
All work is to be finished not later  
than January 1.

Every cautionment all over the  
country will have a Christmas tree  
and each boy will receive a box or  
bag filled with goodies or some useful  
articles. Now, who wants to help fill  
these boxes and bags? Remember,  
some of the boys have no fathers to  
buy them gifts, so let everyone give  
a little. Please purchase your gifts  
at once and leave them with Mrs. J.  
E. McKune.

The following are new members of  
the local branch of the Red Cross:

C. W. Maroney.  
Mrs. Roy Harris.  
Mrs. Andrew Sawyer.  
Andrew Sawyer.  
Irma Raymond.  
Mrs. Lewis Yager.  
Mrs. Mabel Buss.  
Mrs. Wm. Wood.  
Miss Clara Hutzel.

Anyone having old garments that  
can be ripped up, washed and pressed,  
are requested not to throw them  
away. We would like to have every-  
one make their own material up into  
little garments for the Belgian  
children. They are in need of warm  
clothing. Remember that we are all  
one big family at the present time,  
so do for them as you would do for  
your own dear ones. Please notify  
Mrs. L. T. Freeman if you have ma-  
terial ready but cannot make it up.

More than 500 Red Cross workers of  
the Lower Peninsula of Michigan will  
meet in Detroit, Monday and Tuesday,  
December 3 and 4, for a conference  
on plans for war relief work and to  
receive the messages from national  
headquarters, which will be brought by  
Henry P. Davidson, Chairman of the  
war relief council, and Harvey D. Gib-  
son, General Manager of the American  
National Red Cross. The Upper Pen-  
insula conference will be held at  
Marquette on December 6 and 7. The  
Detroit meetings will be held in the  
Roof Garden of the Hotel Tuller, with  
morning and afternoon general ses-  
sions each day and bureau meetings in  
the evening. Acceptances have been  
received from a large number of indi-  
viduals and state headquarters  
officials expect that each one of the  
68 county chapters will send its full  
quota of four officers, five committee  
heads and the director of publicity.  
Governor Albert E. Sleeper has agreed  
to deliver an address at one session  
of the conference and other state Red  
Cross officials will speak.

### Preventive of Diphtheria.

That sour milk is preventive of  
diphtheria if not an actual cure for  
the disease, was the statement which  
Dr. E. K. Herdman, medical examiner  
for the Ann Arbor public schools, told  
the board of education at its monthly  
meeting in the high school building a  
few days ago.

Dr. Herdman made this statement  
in the course of his annual report re-  
garding the health conditions of the  
schools, and backed it up by telling  
some of the results of experiments  
made by himself and the city health  
officer upon pupils of one of the schools  
where several apparently sporadic  
cases of diphtheria had developed.

That scientists, in studying diseases  
and methods of cure and prevention,  
had discovered that the bacillus which  
sours milk has a fatal effect upon the  
bacillus of diphtheria, was Dr. Herd-  
man's first statement in describing the  
successful attempt to stamp out the  
diphtheria in this particular school.

Ann Arbor—Ramors, which are al-  
ways floating around in Ann Arbor  
following a Michigan defeat, that  
Yost will not be back next fall to  
handle the Wolverine team, were  
spiked Monday by a statement from  
the Athletic Association office which  
declared that Fielding H. would be on  
hand in 1918 to handle the Michigan  
eleven.

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money.

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PHONE 66-W

### HINDELANG & FAHRNER







# PRUDENCE SAYS SO

By ETHEL HUESTON

The Story of a Houseful of Loveable Girls

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## THE TWINS READ MRS. EDDY'S "SCIENCE AND HEALTH" AND THEIR BEHAVIOR IN CONSEQUENCE UPSETS THE QUIET OF THE METHODIST HOUSEHOLD.

**Synopsis.**—The story opens in the home of the Rev. Mr. Starr where Prudence, his eldest daughter and feminine head of the house, consisting of her father, herself, her sister Fairy, the twins—Carol and Lark—and Connie, the youngest, are awaiting the arrival of their aunt Grace. Lively of the smaller members of the family results disastrously for their appearance.

### CHAPTER II—Continued.

Prudence watched them with painful solicitude. Her years of mothering had given her an almost supernatural intuition as to causes and effects. On Wednesday morning Mr. Starr bade his family goodbye and set out on a tour of Epworth league conventions. He was to be away from home until the end of the following week. A prospective Presbyterian theologian had been selected from the college to fill his pulpit on the Sabbath.

At ten o'clock the train carried their father off in the direction of Burlington, and at eleven o'clock the twins returned to the parsonage. Prudence, Fairy and Aunt Grace sat sewing on the side porch as they cut across the parsonage lawn, their feet creaking pleasantly through the drift of autumn leaves the wind had piled beneath the trees.

"We're out of potatoes, twins," said Prudence, as they drew near. "You'll have to dig some before dinner."

For one instant their complacent features clouded. Prudence looked up expectantly, sure of a break in their serene placidity.

One doubtful second, then— "Certainly, Prudence," said Carol brightly.

And Lark added genially, "We'd better fill the box, I guess—so we'll have enough for the rest of the week."

And singing a light but unharmonious snatch of song, the twins went in search of basket and hoe.

Prudence's brows knitted in anxious frowns and she sighed a few times. "What is the matter, Prue? You look like a rainy Christmas," said Fairy.

"It's the twins," was the mournful answer. "The twins!" ejaculated Fairy. "Why, they've acted like angels lately."

"That's it!—That's just it. When the twins act like angels I get uneasy right away. The better they act, the more suspicious I feel."

"What have they been doing?" "Nothing! Not a thing! That's why I'm worried. It must be something terrible!"

Fairy laughed and returned to her embroidery. Aunt Grace smiled and



"It's the Twins," Was the Mournful Answer.

began playing her needles once more. But Prudence still looked troubled, and sighed often.

There was no apparent ground for her alarm. The twins came back with the potatoes, peeled some for luncheon, and set the table, their faces still bright and smiling.

In the afternoon they joined the little circle on the porch, but not to sew. They took a book, and lay down on a rug with the book before them, reading together. Evidently they were all absorbed.

Prudence, in spite of her devotion to the embroidering of large S's on assorted pieces of linen, never forgot the twins for a moment.

"What are you reading?" she asked at last admiringly, her only desire to be reassured by the sound of their voices.

There was an almost imperceptible pause. Then Carol answered—her chin was in her palms, which may have accounted for the mumbling of the words. "Science and Health."

"What?"

Another pause, a little more perceptible this time. "Science and Health," Carol said at last, quite distinctly.

"Science and Health," Prudence repeated, in a puzzled tone. "Is it a doctor book?"

"Why—nothing of the sort—yes," said Carol, dubiously.

"Science and Health? 'Science and Health,' that Christian Science book, do you? You know what I mean, Prudence—Mary Baker Eddy's book—'Science and Health'—that's the name of it. That's not what you twins are devouring so ravenously, is it?"

Carol answered with manifest reluctance, glancing nervously at Prudence. "Yes—yes—that's what it is."

Ominous silence greeted this admission. A slow red flush mantled the twins' cheeks. Aunt Grace's eyes twinkled a little, although her face was grave. Fairy looked surprised. Prudence looked dumfounded.

"What are you reading that for?"

"Why—it's very interesting," explained Lark, coming to Carol's rescue. "Of course we don't believe it—yet. But there are some good things in it—it's very deep. But some of the ideas are very fine, and—er—uplifting, you know."

Prudence looked most miserable. "But—twins, do you think—minister's daughters ought to read—things like that?"

"Why, Prudence, I think minister's daughters ought to be well informed on every subject," declared Lark conscientiously. "How can we be an influence if we don't know anything about things?"

Prudence looked at Fairy and her aunt in helpless dismay. This was something entirely new in her experience of rearing a family.

"I—I don't think you ought to read it," she said slowly. "But at the same time—what do you think about it, Aunt Grace?"

"Why—I don't know, Prudence. You know more about rearing twins than I do."

Prudence at that moment felt that she knew very little about it, indeed. She turned to Fairy. "There was a strange intensity in Fairy's fine eyes as she studied the twins on the floor at her feet."

"You aren't thinking of turning Christian Scientists, yourselves, are you?" asked Prudence rather humbly.

"Oh, of course, we aren't Scientists, Prudence," was the quick denial. "We don't know anything about it yet, really. But there are lots of very helpful things in it, and—people talk about it so much, and—they have made such wonderful cures, you know, and—we'd thought we'd just study up a little."

"You take the book yourself and read it, Prue," urged Carol hospitably. "You'll see what we mean."

Prudence drew back quickly as though the book would sear her fingers. She looked very forlorn. If only her father were at home—ten days between herself and the lifting of responsibility!

"When father comes home—" she began. And then suddenly Fairy spoke. "I think the twins are right," she said emphatically. "It would be very narrow-minded of us to refuse to look into a subject as important as this. Let them go on and study it; we can decide things later."

Prudence looked very doubtful, but a warning movement of Fairy's left eyelash—the side removed from the twins—comforted her.

"Well—" she said.

"Of course, Prudence, we know it would nearly break father's heart for us to go back on our own church—but don't you think if folks become truly convinced that Christian Science is the true and good religion, they ought to stand by it and suffer—just like the martyrs of old?" suggested Lark—and the suggestion brought the doubt-clouds thick about Prudence's head once more.

"We may not be convinced, of course, added Carol, "but there is something rather—assuring—about it."

"Oh, twins," Prudence cried earnestly, but stopped as she caught again the slight suggestive movement of Fairy's left eyelash.

"Well, let it go for this afternoon," she said, her eyes intent on Fairy's face. "I must think it over."

The twins, with apparent relish, returned to their perusal of the book. Fairy rose almost immediately and went into the house, coming back a moment later with her hat and gloves.

"I'm going for a stroll, Prue," she said. "I'll be back in time for supper."

It was two hours later when Fairy

came back. Prudence was alone on the porch. "Where are the twins?" asked Fairy softly.

"Upstairs," was the whispered reply. "Well?"

Then Fairy spoke more loudly, confident that the twins, in their upstairs room, could hear every word she said. "Come upstairs, Prue. I want to talk this over with you alone." And then she whispered, "Now, you just take your cue from me, and do as I say. The little sinners! We'll teach them to be so funny!"

In their own room she carefully closed the door and smiled, as she noted the creaking of the closet door on the twins' side of the wall. Eavesdropping was not included among the cardinal sins in the twins' private dialogue, when the conversation concerned themselves.

"Now, Prudence," Fairy began, speaking with an appearance of softness, though she took great pains to turn her face toward the twins' room, and enunciated very clearly indeed. "I know this will hurt you, as it does me, but we've got to face it fairly. If the twins are convinced that Christian Science is the right kind of religion, we can't stand in their way. I've been reading up a little myself this afternoon, and there are some good points in Christian Science. Of course, for our sakes and father's, the twins will be generous and deny they are Scientists. But at heart, they are. I saw it this afternoon. And you and I, Prudence, must stand together and back them up. They'll have to leave the church. I think we'll have them go before the deacons next Sunday while father is gone—then he will be spared the pain of it. We must make it as easy for them as we can. They'll probably dismiss them—I don't suppose they'll give them letters. But it must be all over before papa comes back."

Then she hissed in Prudence's ear, "Now cry."

Prudence obediently began sniffing and gulping, and Fairy rushed to her and threw her arms about her, sobbing in heartbroken accents. "There, there, Prue, I know—I felt just the same about it. But we can't stand between the twins and what they think is right. We haven't have that on our consciences."

The two wept together, encouraged by the deathlike stillness in the closet on the other side of the wall.

Then Fairy said, more calmly, though still sobbing occasionally. "For our sakes, they'll try to deny it. But we can't let the little darlings sacrifice themselves. They've got to have a chance to try their new belief. We'll just be firm and insist that they stand on their rights. We won't mention it to them for a day or two—we'll fix it up with the elders first. And we must surely get it over by Sunday. Poor old father—and how he loves—Oh, Prudence, dear, don't cry so."

Prudence caught her cue again and began weeping afresh. They soothed and caressed and comforted each other for a while, and then went downstairs to finish getting supper.

In the meantime the shocked and horrified twins in the closet of their own room, were clutching each other with passionate intensity. When their sisters had gone downstairs they stared at each other in agony.

"They—they won't p-p-p-ut us out of the ch-ch-church," gasped Carol.

"They will," stammered Lark. "You know what Prudence is! She'd put the whole church out if she thought it would do us any good. Oh, Carol, I told you it was wicked to joke about religion."

This unexpected reproach on the part of her twin brought Carol back to earth. "I didn't read a word of it, did you?—I—I just thought it would be such a good joke on Prudence—with father out of town."

The good joke was anything but funny now.

"They can't make us be Scientists if we don't want to," protested Lark. "They can't. Why, I wouldn't be anything but a Methodist for anything on earth. I'd die first. We'll just go and tell Prudence it was a joke—Prudence is always reasonable. She won't—"

"She'll punish us, and—it'll be such a joke on us, Larkie. Even Connie'll laugh."

They squirmed together, wretchedly, at that.

"It—it was a good joke while it lasted," said Carol, with a very faint shadow of a smile. "Don't you remember how Prudence gasped? She kept her mouth open for five minutes!"

"It's still a joke," added Lark gloomily, "but it's on us."

"They can't put us out of the church!"

"I don't know. Like as not they'll say we'd be a bad influence among the members."

"Twins!"

The call outside their door sounded like the tramp of doom to the conscience-smitten twins, and they clutched each other, startled, crying out. Then, sheepishly, they stepped out of the closet to find Fairy regarding them quizzically from the doorway. She repressed a smile with difficulty, as she said quietly.

"I was just talking to Mrs. Malin

over the phone. She's going to a Christian Science lecture tonight, and she said she wished I wasn't a minister's daughter and she'd ask me to go along. I told her I didn't care to, but said you twins would enjoy it. She'll be here in the car for you at seven forty-five."

"I won't go," cried Carol. "I won't go near their old church. You can't make me."

Lark shook her head in corroborative denial.

"Well, that's queer," Fairy frowned, then she smiled.

Suddenly, to the tempest-tossed and troubled twins, the tall, splendid Fairy seemed a haven of refuge. And with a cry of relief and shame and fear, the twins plunged upon her and told her their little tale.

"You punish us this time, Fairy," begged Carol. "We—we don't want the rest of the family to know. We'll take any kind of punishment, but keep it dark, won't you?"

"I'll talk it over with Prudence," said Fairy. "But—I think we'll have to tell the family."

Lark moved her feet restlessly. "Well, you needn't tell Connie," she said. "Having the laugh come back on us is the very meanest kind of a punishment."

Fairy looked at them a moment, wondering if, indeed, their punishment had been sufficient.

"Well, little twins," she said, "I guess I will take charge of this myself. Here is your punishment." She



Then She Hissed in Prudence's Ear, "Now Cry."

stood up again, and looked down at them with sparkling eyes as they gazed at her expectantly.

"We caught on that it was a joke. We knew you were listening in the closet. And Prudence and I acted our little parts to give you one good scare. Who's the laugh on now? Are we square? Supper's ready." And Fairy ran downstairs, laughing, followed by two entirely abashed and humbled twins.

### CHAPTER III.

**How Carol Spoiled the Wedding.** A day in June—the kind of day that poets have rhymed and lovers have craved since time began. On the side porch of the parsonage, in a wide hammock, lay Aunt Grace, looking languidly through half-closed lids at the girls beneath her on the step. Prudence, although her face was all a-dream, bent conscientiously over the bit of linen in her hands. And Fairy, her piquantly bright features clouded with an unwonted frown, crumpled a letter in her hand.

"I do think men are the most aggravating things that ever lived," she declared, with annoyance in her voice. The woman in the hammock smiled slightly, and did not speak. Prudence carefully counted ten threads, and solemnly drew one before she voiced her question.

"What is he saying now?" "Why, he's still objecting to my having dates with the other boys," Fairy's voice was vibrant with grief. "He does make me wild! Aunt Grace, you can't imagine. Last fall I mentioned usually that I was sure he wouldn't object to my having lecture course dates—I was too hard up to buy a ticket for myself; they cost four dollars, and aren't worth it, either. And what did he do but send me eight dollars to buy two sets of tickets! Then this spring, when the baseball season opened, he sent me season tickets to all the games, suggesting that my financial stringency could not be pleaded as excuse. Ever since he went to Chicago last fall we've been fighting because the boys bring me home from parties. He wants me to patter along by myself like a—like a hen!" Fairy said "hen" very crossly!

"It's a shame," said Prudence sympathetically. "That's just what it is. You wouldn't say a word to his taking girls home from things, would you?"

"They are about to have a wedding in the Starr household, as you know, but Carol effectually spoils all plans and makes postponement necessary. Tough luck for Prudence."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### Let Us Forget.

We too often forget, wrote Herbert Spencer, that not only is there a soul of goodness in things evil, but very generally a soul of truth in things evil.

## OLD SORES, ULCERS AND ECZEMA VANISH

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment Stops Itching Instantly.

"Had 51 ulcers on my legs. Doctors wanted to cut off leg. Peterson's Ointment cured me."—Wm. J. Nichols, 40 Wilder St., Rochester, N. Y.

Get a large box for 30 cents at any drug-gist, says Peterson, and money back if it doesn't help you at once. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, and the surest remedy for skin diseases, pimples, itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

"Peterson's Ointment is the best for bleeding and itching piles I have ever found."—Major Charles E. Whitney, Vineyard Haven, Mass.

"Peterson's Ointment has given great satisfaction for Salt Rheum."—Mrs. J. L. Weiss, Cuylerville, N. Y.

All druggists sell it, recommend it. Adv.

## BUILT AN AIRPLANE IN 1848

Scotch Inventor Devised Machine With Steam Boilers Which Was Scheduled to Fly to China.

An old handkerchief faded with age with a printed design showing a steam-propelled airplane in full career for China, has revived an old story which was recently brought to light.

In 1848 a Scotch inventor built an airplane with steam boilers. The old machine was a nine-days' wonder, but there is no record that it ever got beyond the experimental stage and a few unsteady "swoops" on the downs. It is recorded that it was deficient in equilibrium, "a puff of wind being sufficient to upset it." It was, of course, the butt of all the satirists. The handkerchief (which has preserved the outline of the old machine), pretends that the flying monster was capable of going to China "in 24 hours certain," passengers being landed by parachute at places en route. The steersman is crying, "Hello, Bill Jackson, keep your eye on Malta, and get ready to drop the parcels. Tell the Bombay agent in No. 5 to have his parachute in readiness to his hat on, and shut his mouth, as it is blowing a stiff breeze." Passengers are seen descending over the various countries of the earth, and at the journey's end the emperor of China, surrounded by the wise men, is awaiting with trepidation the arrival of the airplane.

**Too Old to Learn.** "Why don't you try to manage that horse without profanity?" asked an officer of a cavalryman.

"It wouldn't do any good," said the cavalryman. "It ain't fair to this horse to ask it to start at its time of life to learn a lot of polite words."

**Puck.**

**Army Life.**

The difference between army life and ordinary life is that these in the army know that discontent doesn't get them anything.

**Will Teach Lumber Business.**

The Harvard graduate school of business administration in co-operation with department of forestry, announces a course in the lumber business for college graduates who look forward to undertaking some branch of lumbering and also to graduates of forestry or engineering schools who desire special instruction in the lumber business. The course covers two years, and on completion graduates receive a degree of master in business administration.

**Figuring His Loss.**

Billie—How much does this job pay? Mr. Hirem—Why do you ask that when I have already told you that you won't do?

Billie—I just want to figure out how much I am losing.

Strive to be the cream of your profession, remembering that cream always rises to the top.

## WHAT YOU SURELY NEED

is a healthy, active, industrious liver. Small doses of these pills taken regularly insure that. You may also need a purgative sometimes. Then take one larger dose. Keep that in mind! It will pay you rich dividends in Health and Happiness.

Genuine bears signature *Arthur Wood* Small Pills Small Price

## STRANGLES

Or Distemper in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

### SPOHN'S COMPOUND

Will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. 25 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 the dozen. All druggists, harness houses, or manufacturers. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

**Blamed the Bee.** He was a slow young man, and she was despairing of him ever attempting to kiss her. But as they stood at the garden gate, holding each other's hand, a naughty, nasty bee alighted on his neck, and its sting made him suddenly lurch forward, with the result that he found his lips pressed against those of his sweetheart. So he sealed the accident with a kiss.

"George!" she exclaimed in amazement, as she turned her head to smile.

"It was—er—the bee's—er—fault," stammered George, blushing all over his countenance. "I hope you're not angry."

"Not at all," she remarked, with a twinkle in her eye. "I'm sorry there wasn't a hive full!"

**Apple Pie Romance.** This is the season for pie socials, and many a youth is feeling the financial strain, says the Kansas City Times. A pie social usually is held at the schoolhouse to raise money for the library. The girls bake the pies, and always put on the packages some distinguishing mark.

On the way to the social the girl will whisper to her sweetheart: "It's the one wrapped in white tissue paper and tied with pink ribbons." Then it's up to sweetheart.

When the package in white tissue paper and pink ribbons is held up by the auctioneer he bids so heavy that the other boys understand and keep raising the bid until the auctioneer, filled with pity, calls time and knocks the pie down to the financially ruined one.

**Betting on His Temperature.** The junior partner of the Wall street firm was indisposed and the senior partner was calling him up every two or three minutes.

"Why do you telephone Bab so often?" inquired a friend. "Is he seriously ill?"

"Oh, no," was the reply, "but his temperature fluctuates considerably and some of our customers are speculating on the fluctuations."

**Young folks in the country often make love at a rattling gait.**

**Righteousness altereth a man before it exalteth him.**

# Safe and Pleasant

You do not sacrifice pleasure when reasons of health cause you to stop your coffee, providing you use

# INSTANT POSTUM

It's remarkable how this gratifying and wholesome cereal beverage completely takes the place of coffee with those who for some reason or another think it best to abandon the old table drinks.

There's a rich, coffee-like flavor which can be modified to any strength desired by using more or less of the Instant Postum in the cup—and the addition of hot water with cream and sugar as desired make a truly delectable hot drink.

Made in America

Sold by Grocers. No raise in price.

50-cup tin, 30c. 100-cup tin, 50c.

# "There's a Reason"





**EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI**

Will Remember City of Glissen. The ancient fortified city of Glissen in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, will for long be remembered among British especially among Canadians as the place where several thousands of their soldiers captured in battle were held as prisoners of war, notes a writer at the front. These fine men who held the way against the German advance at St. Julien in the spring of 1915, were so tenacious in holding the positions absolutely vital to the allied cause that they were absolutely without ammunition or food, when surrounded. A few survivors only of those regiments which in the words of the general commanding, "saved the day," were left, starved and stunned and worn out to be gathered in by the enemy's hordes. These were sent on by stages to Glissen, and there some of them remain to this day, having been joined by many other captives from various armies, until it is probable 10,000 or 12,000 men are held there.

### FIERY RED PIMPLES

That Itch and Burn Are Usually Eczematous—Cuticura Quickly Heals.

It needs but a single hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to the most distressing, disfiguring eczemas, itches and burnings to prove their wonderful properties. They are also ideal for every-day toilet use. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### Was Perfect Lady.

She was a well-known but undoubtedly jealous actress, and she was confiding to her friend the details of her latest quarrel with a younger rival, who had not been slow in answering back. She wound up: "You can't imagine how impudent she was! I assure you it was as much as I could do to keep my temper. If I hadn't been a perfect lady I'd have slapped her face."

There was an impressive pause. Then she added, "I slapped her face all the same."

### BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschée's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Sold in all civilized countries. 50 and 90 cent bottles.—Adv.

### No Wonder She Knew.

Man—Tommy, does your mother know that the buttons are off your coat?  
Boy—Yes. She knows where they are, too.  
Man—Where are they?  
Boy—On father's trousers.

### Might Have Invisible P. S.

"She has rejected me by letter. There is no hope."  
"Are you sure it's final? Nothing written between the lines?"  
"There's only one line."

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Anyway, the cost of food makes a man more vigorous at a church social.

The average woman's will has too many codicils.



**Try Kondon's for the baby's cold**  
(at no charge to you)

60,000,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, nose, cough, colds, sneezing, measles, etc. Write us for complimentary box, or buy tube at drugist's. It will benefit you 100 times more than 10 cents' cost per medicine box. For trial can free write to:  
KONDON MFG. CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

**KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY**

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at drugists.

## The Lovely Lady!

By Jessie Ethel Sherwin

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Our hero clutched the villain by the throat and held him pinned to the wall and rigid. Then, with one hand he snatched the packet of stolen pearls from his pocket. With the other hand he pressed the muzzle of his trusty revolver against his temple and—"

"Hold on—not so fast," Dale Wyatt interrupted the rapid reading. "How many hands did this villain of yours have, anyway?"

"That's so! Oh, I'm a sad muddler when it comes to literary effusions. Guess I'll never make a go of it."

"Why try?" queried Wyatt pointedly.

"You know well enough," returned Boyd Dyson, and with a rather helpless, crestfallen air. "There, that's the end of it!" and he tore up the screeled he had come to read to his friend and sympathizer.

But the very next day he was again at the office of Dale Wyatt.

"Struck a new vein," he announced quite buoyantly. "and think I have hit it this time. The tragic and sensational doesn't seem to be my forte. I'm trying the romantic and pathetic. Listen now!" and Boyd read from a newly written sheet:

"The stars were out in their full refugence. It was the mystic hour of two a. m. Over the rest of the verdure-topped hill the glorious full moon arose—"

"Hold on, hold on!" shouted Wyatt. "Don't you know that the full moon never rises after midnight?"

Boyd Tyson uttered a groan of despair. He flung his latest literary effort under his feet. He stamped on it, he thrust his fingers frantically through his hair. Wyatt pushed him into a chair.

"Sit there," he ordered, "until I drive a little common sense into that boozed head of yours. Let's start at the beginning. Miss Daphne Worthington—"

"You know it!" assented Boyd, with emphasis.

"Because she has written a fairly remarkable book and is truly a highly intellectual and beautiful woman."



Gazed at It Reflectively.

you surround her with all the attributes of a goddess, and proceed to fall in love with her. You are an earth-bound freckle, she is a distant star, of an exaggerated greatness because she is so intellectual. Why, Miss Worthington is intensely human, she regards her successful novel as a mere casual skit written for money. I've heard her comment upon some of the engineering feats in which you have shared, as evidence of a capacity and ability that she truly envied."

"Grub work, compared to the high realm of imagery of her peerless spirit—"

"Rot—rubbish! Come down from the clouds!" almost howled Wyatt. "Say, her feet are clay, like those of all womankind. If you're drifting toward lunacy, because you are in love with her, go at once and ask her to marry you."

"But she would scorn my humble petition, and then I would utterly despair. No, no! Even if it finally crushes me, I will at least bask in the sunlight of her presence ever and anon, in preference to utter banishment."

"Bask! Is fine; your sunshine is all moonshine!" roiled Wyatt, impatiently. "Two to one Miss Daphne Worthington is thinking as much and often about you as you are of her, this very minute."

"Oh, if I only knew that!" cried Boyd, in a frenzy of ecstatic longing. He tried to believe it, at least hope it. He made numerous resolves to submit his fate to the decree of the lovely lady, who had entranced him—she to him was the highest type, the perfect ideal of womanhood. Every time he approached her, however, a sense of her intellectual superiority

astounded him. She smiled on him, and he "basked" but fearful that any emotional outbreak on his part might lead to an eclipse of that glorious sunlight. At the verge of the same he checked himself, with a dismal conviction that he was doomed to never tell his love.

Miss Worthington was given to long strolls, and it led to Boyd becoming quite a pedestrian. He managed it usually so that somehow, as if quite incidentally, he would come across her in the woods or along the lovely paths lining the cliffs on either shore of the river. She seemed always pleased to have his company, as would any woman who recognized courtesy and delicate attention as homage to her worth.

Particularly one afternoon did Boyd, passing the home of a relative where Miss Worthington was spending her vacation, and learning that the object of his interest was gone on her usual stroll, hasten to seek her. There had come a call for him from his father in the city. He felt that he must in some way apprise his inamorata of his sentiments toward her. Going down the right bank of the broad stream, he paused in dismay when he saw Miss Worthington on the opposite shore.

She was viewing the scenery through a field glass, and he, standing near a rising slope of gaunt black rock, lifted his hat and waved it as she made an unmistakable gesture of glad and friendly recognition. Then a reckless impulse swayed him.

"I'll do it!" he breathed, hard and resolute.

Boyd picked up a fragment of the chalky stone with which the lower formation of the rocks abounded. He moved towards the black face of stone. Deliberately he traced across its surface the words, "I love you."

Breathlessly he stood aside, his heart beating like a trip hammer. He noted that the lovely lady across the stream raised the field glasses to her eyes. He was sure her glance was fixed upon the rude scrawl. He seemed able, even at the distance of 200 feet, to note a quick flush to her cheeks, a thrilling flash to her glorious eyes. In wild suspense and then in joy, he fancied he detected the start of an encouraging wave of her dainty hand, as she lowered the glasses, and then—a wayward gust of wind swept her beautiful picture hat from her head and into the stream.

Splash!

Without a moment's thought or delay this modern knight of chivalry plunged into the stream. With clasped hands and riveted gaze, the owner of the pretty hat stood watching Boyd. She saw the hat floating to mid stream, he after it swiftly. He seized it just as he neared one of the numerous little clumps of reeds that formed islands in the river. Suddenly he went down. Miss Worthington uttered a terrified scream and sank to the ground in a swoon. Some pluckers nearby hastened to her side.

Boyd's foot had caught in a sunken mass of tangled roots. Entangled, he sank, but through powerful efforts was able to pull free, coming up five feet away, where the high reeds screened him from view from the opposite shore.

He pulled away the ropelike strands about his feet, struck out for shore, reached it, soaked and dripping. Her head pillowed in the lap of a lady, Daphne opened her eyes.

"Oh! he is lost—drowned!" she wailed, and then she noticed the limp, dripping figure coming up the bank. Her hat in his hand. A seraphic smile crossed her face, and she became again insensible.

Boyd delivered the hat to one of the pluckers, knew that Miss Worthington was in safe hands, and vanished. Looking the half-drowned rat, he had no desire to be seen by his fastidious lady love in that plight. An hour later, however, in his usual neat trim, Boyd learned that Miss Worthington had not yet returned home, and sought her across the river shore.

In the distance he discovered her. Daphne was seated on a rock near the spot where the love scrawl was. She was gazing at it reflectively. She came near to her. She arose with a grateful smile upon her beautiful lips and neatly gloved hand extended.

"You frightened me so!" she said, with a little shiver. "All for a worthless hat."

"You pardon my—my boldness, I hope!" broke in Boyd, impetuously, pointing to the writing on the rock. "It was impudent of me, I know. Please forgive—"

"Any woman may be proud of the honest homage those words imply."

"So simple—must seem childish to a lady who can so grandly describe—"

"It is their simplicity that makes them so sweet," murmured Daphne. "Do you know any more tender when they come from a true-hearted man?"

"I am that!" vociferated Boyd, carried completely out of himself. "Oh, Miss Worthington! what do you say to that foolish scrawl?"

"This," replied Daphne, her face aglow, and she picked up a fragment of the chalky rock and added a word, a single word to the chronicle, so that it read to the ecstatic eyes of Boyd Tyson:

"I love you—too."

A Mistake.

"These flowers here are perennials," "Are they? Now, if you hadn't told me, I would have thought they were morning glories."

Cheering Her Up.

Bess—I couldn't marry a man who loved me for my looks alone.

Jess—Why, dear, the blind some times marry.



### SUET CLUB.

"Last winter," said Daddy, "a little girl named Cary put some suet in a tree to see if many of the birds would want to stay around as long as they knew they would be fed."

"She did this quite early in the fall—that is when the cold days came along. She kept adding more suet when she found it was being eaten quickly and when the snow covered it up, she brushed the snow off."

"Suet, you know, is fat, and birds are very fond of it. All winter long many of the birds stayed. They all flocked around the lilac bush which had the suet placed between two branches."

"Of course, Cary will do exactly the same thing this year, but the other day I heard of another child who had thought it would be a great kindness to the birds to let them feel they would never be without food. And the birds certainly reward anyone, for they give so much pleasure."

"This was the conversation that went on near the home of the little girl whose name was Margaret."

"Are you going south this winter?" asked Mrs. Blue Jay.

"I don't believe I am," said Mr. Nut-hatch. "One of my cousins told me



### Gave Them Suet and Bread Crumbs.

that a child in his neighborhood gave them suet and bread crumbs all last winter so he is here again."

"Are you going to move to his neighborhood?" asked Mrs. Blue Jay.

"No, I am going to stay here because there is a child nearby doing just the same thing. Do you see the suet in yonder tree?"

"I do," said Mrs. Blue Jay. "Why, I believe I will not go south this winter. I will stay up here. There are so many birds that go south that it would be nice for the people in these regions if a few stayed around all the time. May I join your suet club?"

"Delighted to have you," said Mr. Nut-hatch. "And I think the name you've given the tree with the suet is fine. Suet club sounds splendidly. What do you think Mr. Blue Jay and the little ones will say?"

"I think they'll love staying," said Mrs. Blue Jay. "You can hardly call the children little now, though."

"That's so," said Mr. Nut-hatch. "It's the same with our little ones. We forget that they're really quite grown up."

"The Blue Jay children flew along at just this moment. 'Dear me, how they have grown,' said Mr. Nut-hatch, in just the same fashion as a grown-up will say to a child. The Blue Jay children were much annoyed, but of course they couldn't say anything because that would be rude. How they did wish, though, that older birds would not tell them in such condescending tones."

"Pretty soon the Nut-hatch children came along and Mrs. Blue Jay told them how they had grown just as Mr. Nut-hatch had told the Blue Jays."

"The Nut-hatch little ones and the Blue Jays went off to play and to talk of how they had both been told they had grown!"

"Pretty soon a voice was heard not far off singing, 'Chick-a-dee, Chick-a-dee, Chick-a-dee,' and Mrs. Blue Jay called out:

"Come to the Club. Join the Suet Club."

"Mrs. Chickadee and her family flew over to the lilac bush and when they heard about the club they said they would be delighted to join. And, on that cold day, many birds gathered around the bush where the suet had been put."

"They had special meals of bread crumbs but they loved the suet best of all. And that is the second club I have heard of this winter, but I'm sure there are many more."

"Can't we start one?" asked the children. "We'd like to see more birds this winter."

"Indeed you may," said Daddy. "I am so glad you want to, for it will mean pleasure for you and the birds."

So Nick and Nancy put suet in a tree and watched the birds come, and anyone else who will do that, will find how many birds will gather around."

When the snow comes brush it off the suet so the birds can still get at it, as in the snowy weather it is very hard, you know, for the little feathered people."

And the more suet clubs there are, the happier it will be for the birds of Birdland who stay up North to give pleasure to so many children and grown-ups."

## WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

One Happy Thought.

A party of "Jocks" were partaking of bully beef and biscuits in the trenches. They sighed as they chewed and then one burst out:

"Just think o' it, boys, two eggs, fowery slices o' bread, and a bowl o' tea for half a franc!"

There was a sudden silence, and when the little party had recovered from their dizziness one asked:

"Where can ye get all that?"

"Nae place," answered the first speaker sadly. "Nae place. But just think o' it!"

The Laziest Man.

Senator Vardaman and Senator Reed were trying to think of the laziest men in their respective voting precincts.

Senator Reed indicated his version of the laziest man, but he agreed that Senator Vardaman's man was lazier.

"Yes," said the Mississippi senator, "a prospective customer entered a shop and found the proprietor at one corner."

"Gimme a quarter-peck apples," was the request.

"I can't get up to wait on you to-day," the proprietor replied. "Come in some time when I'm standing up."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1917.

Seal of A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Druggists, 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Paper String and Sacks.

Paper string is being used in England for commercial purposes. Even tissue paper can be used in its manufacture. Paper is being used in making sacks for commercial use in place of burlap, and these have been found to equal the former sacks in every way.

If the average man isn't born great or is unable to achieve greatness he tries to thrust himself upon it.

No, Dorothy, the clearing house has no connection with the weather bureau.

## ONLY A CASE OF BALDNESS

"Phalacrois," as Described by Doctor to Jury, in Assault Case, Gains Acquittal of the Accused.

The following example of a puzzled jury is taken from an American journal, remarks a British exchange. A "leading citizen" in a certain town was taken before the magistrate charged with assault and battery. One of the witnesses was a local doctor, whom the prosecuting attorney proceeded to worry, suggesting that he was prejudiced in favor of the defendant and had therefore willfully distorted his evidence in his favor. The doctor denied this, and went on to say that the defendant was suffering from "phalacrois."

"Th word caused a sensation in court, and asked to define the disease, the doctor described it as 'a sort of chronic disease of an inflammatory nature which affects certain cranial tissues.' Asked if it affected the mind, the doctor said he was not posing as an expert, but he had known some persons who were suffering from the disease become raving maniacs, others merely foolish; some showed destructive and pugilistic tendencies, while many others had suffered for years and had never shown any mental abnormalities. He refused to say anything further, and the jury promptly acquitted the 'leading citizen,' because, as the foreman explained, 'he said there was something the matter with his head.' When the case was over the prosecutor sought enlightenment as to the mysterious disease, and found that 'phalacrois' meant—baldness.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. L. Fletcher* in Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Not a Valuable Prize.

There's no prize worth winning dishonestly. We can't imagine anything worse than having a silver or gold reminder of a time when we were crooked.—Exchange.

Life's Surprises.

Life is full of surprises that are the richest is the discovery of another friend.

THE NEW METHOD (By L. W. Fowler, M. D.)

Backache of any kind is often caused by kidney disorder, which means that the kidneys are not working properly. Poisonous matter and uric acid accumulate within the body in great abundance, overworking the sick kidneys; hence the congestion of blood causes backache in the same manner as a similar congestion in the head causes headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish, irritable, have spots appearing before the eyes, bugs under the lids, and lack ambition to do things.

The latest and most effective means of overcoming this trouble, is to eat sparingly of meat, drink plenty of water between meals and take a single An-u-ric tablet before each meal for a while.

Simply ask your favorite druggist for An-u-ric, double strength. If you have lumbago, rheumatism, gout, dropsy, hemorrhoids, immediately with this newest discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is Chief Medical Director of Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y. Send 10 cents for trial pkg. Large package 50c.

A PROMINENT MICHIGAN RESIDENT SPEAKS

Osseo, Mich.—"I can recommend An-u-ric to anyone who is afflicted in the way I was. The An-u-ric Tablets have done wonders for me. I am still using them and I think another supply will perform a permanent cure. I have lived in this neighborhood for about 50 years and most people round here know me."—CHARLES WAKEMAN.

The lower intestine is like a garbage box and should be cleaned occasionally. You will escape many ills and clear up the coated tongue, the sallow complexion, the dull headache, the lazy liver, if you will take a laxative made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloes, root of Jalap, and sold by druggists for nearly fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Adv.

# Backache of Women

How this Woman Suffered and Was Relieved.

Fort Fairfield, Maine.—"For many months I suffered from backache caused by female troubles so I was unable to do my house work. I took treatments for it but received no help whatever. Then some of my friends asked why I did not try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and my backache soon disappeared and I felt like a different woman, and now have a healthy little baby girl and do all my house work. I will always praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to women who suffer as I did."—Mrs. ALTON D. OAKES, Fort Fairfield, Maine.

The Best Remedy is

## LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Thousands of women have proved this Why don't you try it?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



### Lost His Head Also.

"What happened when you encountered the burglar?"

"He took my breath away."

"Anything else—anything of value?"

asked the officer mechanically.

Only a clever woman can cultivate her mind and her complexion simultaneously.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 10 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Bro. BUCKLE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

### Looking Ahead.

"I wish I could marry you, Mr. Dun-bon. You make love so beautifully."

"Then why not marry me and let me make love to you for life?"

"Because I'm a practical young woman. The time would come when a pretty compliment couldn't take the place of a new hat or a set of furs."

A new room may sweep clean. After the first round it is new no longer.

It isn't every client who is able to keep his own council.

Costs Less and Kills That Cold

**CASCARA QUININE**

The standard cold cure for 30 years—no tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—cures cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more, saves money. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

**ASTHMA**

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

For the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrup & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y



# Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

We wish to impress upon you the necessity of buying your Ford

## NOW

Don't wait until the first of January, as that may be too late. Come in and see us—we'll explain.

Touring Car, \$372; Runabout, \$357; Coupelet \$572; Sedan, \$707; One-Ton Truck Chassis, \$612.  
—F. O. B. Chelsea. On display and for sale by

**Palmer Motor Sales Co.**  
CHELSEA, MICH.

## Farrell's Grocery Specials

Saturday, Dec. 1st, 1917

ONE Peck Best Red Onions.....39c  
COTOSUET, as good as lard, pound.....24c  
TWO Cans Best Corn.....29c  
CLIMALENE, a powder that makes city water just like  
eastern water—try it.....10c  
Try our Chop Suey Tea—very fine.....25c

**JOHN FARRELL & CO.**

## Will There Be a Victor Victrola in Your Home This Christmas?

Here are some New Xmas Records to select from. Out December 1st.

18339 Silent Night, Holy Night.....Neapolitan Trio  
75c Christmas Hymns, Selected.....Francis J. Lapitino  
45144 Messiah—He Shall Feed His Flock.....Elsie Baker  
\$1.00 Messiah—Come Unto Me.....Lucy Marsh  
35061 Sing, O, Heavens.....Victor Mixed Chorus  
\$1.25 It Came Upon the Midnight Clear.....Victor Mixed Chorus  
64744 Lohengrin—Prelude to Act III.....Boston Symphony Orchestra  
\$1.00  
64712 The Crucifix.....John McCormick and Reinald Werrenrath  
\$1.00  
87280 Nearer My God to Thee.....Ernestine Schumann-Heink  
\$2.00

**Crinnell Brothers at Holmes & Walker's**

**YOU**

will have mighty good cause for thanksgiving if we furnish you with your holiday poultry. It is well taken care of poultry and properly priced. Better get your order in early.

Fresh Oysters in cans  
PHONE 59  
**FRED KLINGLER**



## RIGHT NOW!

This is the very time to prepare for the later comforts of life by saving your money and investing it safely and profitably.

The Prepaid Stock of this Association is secured by non-negotiable first mortgages on choice real estate. It is issued in convenient sums from \$25.00 and upwards, and pays 5 per cent net cash dividends. A safe, convenient and highly profitable investment for your surplus funds.

You can withdraw at any time on a thirty days notice.

We have been in business for 274 years. Our Fifty-fifth Semi-annual Statement just issued shows assets of over two and one-quarter million dollars. Call for a copy of this and our booklet giving full particulars.

**CAPITOL SAVINGS & LOAN ASS'N**  
Lansing, Mich.

Or Call On W. D. ARNOLD, Local Agent, Chelsea.

## The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

**O. T. HOOVER.**  
PROPHET.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1906, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

## PERSONAL

John Hauser visited Camp Custer Sunday.

Burnett Steinbach spent Sunday in Concord.

Darwin Downer spent Sunday at Camp Custer.

Miss Nellie Maroney spent the past week in Monroe.

Mrs. H. G. Ives is spending the week at Parma.

Mrs. Wm. Campbell was a Dexter visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kusch spent Tuesday in Detroit.

Warren Heshelschwerdt spent Sunday in Grass Lake.

Ira VanGieson is spending this week in South Lyon.

Miss Esther Chandler is spending this week in Chicago.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert is spending several days in Battle Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Vogel and family spent Sunday in Detroit.

E. W. Crafts, of Grass Lake, was a Chelsea visitor, Saturday.

H. W. Douglass, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor, Monday.

Mrs. T. E. Rankin, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss Pearl Freeman spent the week-end with Jackson friends.

Evert Behton will spend Thanksgiving with friends in Jackson.

Misses Mary, Margaret and Lena Miller spent Monday in Detroit.

Mrs. Bertha Stephens and daughter, Blanche, spent Sunday in Dexter.

Mrs. H. R. Schoenhals, son and daughter spent Saturday in Howell.

Edward Vogel has been spending several days of this week in New York.

Misses Jennie, Florence and Louise Ives will spend Thanksgiving in Parma.

Miss Ethel Burkhart entertained Miss Lela Burkhart, of Ploverville, Sunday.

Austin Palmer, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. J. A. Palmer.

Miss Louise Walsh, of Detroit, is spending a few days with friends in Chelsea.

Mrs. Anna Loranger, of Detroit, was a guest of Miss Nen Wilkinson, Sunday.

Cleon Wolf, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Wolf.

John Bacon, of Detroit, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon, Sunday.

Mrs. W. E. Canfield, of Detroit, is spending the week with her mother, Mrs. R. P. Chase.

Rev. James Carolan, of Manchester, was the guest of Rev. Father Conidine last Sunday.

Maurice and Welland Gay, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with their grandfather, Jay Everett.

Mr. and Mrs. Koeder, of Milan, were guests of Rev. and Mrs. P. W. Dierberger, Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. P. W. Dierberger and children will spend Thanksgiving with relatives in Saline.

Mrs. H. L. Wood, Mrs. Ella McNamara and Mrs. G. P. Staffan spent Saturday in Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hathaway have returned home after spending some time with their son in Leslie.

Miss Elsie Glenn, of Highland Park, spent Sunday with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kanteleiner.

Mrs. Mary Winans will return to her home here, Friday, after spending several weeks at the home of her son in Lansing.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rheinfrank and Mr. and Mrs. Roy French and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edward French, of Dexter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rathbun, sr., and Mr. and Mrs. George Rathbun, jr., of Tecumseh, will spend Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. James Geddes.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnball spent the week-end in Chicago, where they met their son, George, who is stationed at Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill.

Mrs. R. P. Chase will entertain on Thanksgiving day, Mrs. C. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Canfield, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Bollitt and children, and Mrs. Sarah Canfield, of Detroit.

For results try Standard "Wants."

## REVOLT IN KITCHEN

WHY MR. GUNNEY WAS EATING CRACKERS AND CHEESE.

Unlike Most Husbands, However, He Was Willing to Admit That His Better Half Really Had Some Good Reason to Be Mad.

"Bassett," requested Mr. Gunney, leaning over the counter of the general store, "I wish you'd give me 'bout a pound of crackers and mebbe five cents' worth of cheese. You needn't wrop it up," he went on as Mr. Bassett reached for the twine. "I expect to eat it right here, if you don't mind the crumbs."

Caleb Peaslee, watching placidly, turned to Mr. Gunney.

"Ain't that a kind of light diet for you, Obed?" he asked. "Wife ain't left ye, has she?"

Mr. Gunney shifted his feet and reddened perceptibly.

"Wal, yes," he admitted, "I d'know, but ye could call it that. She's gone over to Dedham for the day."

Caleb grinned with neighborly malice.

"She didn't leave a great sight of grub cooked up," he said, "if you're down to crackers and cheese already. What you ben doin', Obed?"

Obed looked at Caleb with a whimsical smile.

"'Twas my fault, Caleb," he admitted sheepishly, "and now I'm gettin' paid out for it."

"Prob'ly it was six months ago—my wife says 'twas, but it don't seem nothin' like that long ago to me—that she begun to pester me 'bout fixin' the kitchen chimley. She claimed it didn't draw as it ought to, and, to be honest, there were times when it smoked considerable. But you know how 'tis. A man does the work that seems to be crowdin' him wust, and lets the rest go with a lick and a promise—and in this case 'bout all the chimley got was the promise."

"Course I was callin' to fix it when I got round to it, but it was one of them jobs that seems 'sif they can be done 'bout as well one time as another, and fin'ly my wife quit talkin' 'bout it, and I let it go out of my mind complete."

"I noticed from time to time that when she'd be cookin' and I was round the kitchen she'd be kind of short and curt with me, and her mouth would be shut sort of tight; but that ain't uncommon with most women, and it's better to let 'em alone at such times. I've found."

"I s'pose what brought things to a head was my goin' off with Ben Somers yesterday. I suppose I might jest as well and better been at home fixin' that chimley; as I told you, since she quit talkin' 'bout it, I ain't thought of it scarcely. I told her them very words this mornin', and they only made her madder."

"Wal, s'he, 'you pay heed to what I say this time, for it's my last word."

"There was food 'nough cooked this mornin' for one person's breakfast," she says, bitin' the words off short, "and I et it myself. What you're goin' to do for breakfast I don't know, but I ain't goin' to get it for you—not on that stove, with the chimley in the shape it is now!"

"I'm goin' to get ready now," s'he, "and go over to Dedham for the day. I'll be back tonight, and if by that time you've got that chimley fixed, well and good. But," she says, with her mouth shut tighter'n any bear trap you ever see, "not one spoonful of victuals do I cook over that stove till it is fixed—and you can lay your mind to that!"

"And with that," continued Mr. Gunney gloomily, "off she went, and I make no doubt she was in the right on't."

He rose and brushed the cracker crumbs from his lap.

"I guess I'd better be gettin' back to work on that chimley," he remarked; and Bassett and Mr. Peaslee grinned in sympathy.—Youth's Companion.

**How Efficiency Works.**

The manager of a large eastern factory has been quoted as saying:

"The benefits from scientific management derived by our employees in the making of paper and paper boxes—and we have been working under it only two and one-half years—are: Average increase in wages, 15 per cent; reduction in working hours, 10 per cent; a feeling of greater confidence in that the tasks set by means of a scientific study of the work are known by the employee to be accurate."

"A recent test on machines producing 85 per cent of our boxes shows the difference between the time allowed for two thousand hours of work and the time actually taken was less than three-fourths of an hour."

"It has been said by opponents that individuality is lessened or taken away. Our experience has been exactly the reverse."

**Notice to Hunters.**

We, the undersigned will not allow any hunting, trapping or trespassing on our premises:

Mrs. Wm. Grieb Christ, Haas

John H. Alber A. W. Taylor

Alfred Kaercher Mrs. Thos. Taylor

R. M. Hoppe Thomas Fleming

F. C. Haist E. M. Eisenmann

Fred Selty Geo. Rothfuss

W. S. Pielmeier Edwin Pielmeier

M. L. Burkhart Mrs. Kate Nelhaus

W. H. Eisenman George E. Haist

C. D. Jenks Theo. Buchler

A. B. Skinner Joseph Liebeck

Henry Kalmbach Geo. T. English

Reed Estate Samuel Stadel

John C. Leeman John G. Fischer

## Every Woman's Suit and Coat In Stock Goes On Sale Now!

**\$18.75**

Women's Tailored Broadcloth Serge and Poplin Suits, beautifully lined, every Suit this season's New York makes, values \$25, \$30 and \$35.

**\$12.50**

Your choice of any Misses' or Woman's Pure Wool Suit in our entire stock, values up to \$22.50. Every Suit this season's make. All are well lined and man tailored, and in many instances \$12.50 does not nearly cover the cost of materials used in the garments.

**\$25.00**

At this price we offer any Woman's Coat in our entire department, excepting Plushes. Many of these garments are as good as any we have offered in this department this season, and have been \$30, \$33, \$35 and \$39.

**\$21.00**

Big lot of newest Coats in Black, Navy, Brown, Green, and Green Wool Velours and other wool materials. These are very choice \$25 and \$29 Coats, and must be sold now as our stock is too large for this season of the year.

**\$17.50, \$12.50 and \$10.00**

The entire balance of our department goes into three lots. These Coats are all greatly reduced for quick sales, as we shall, as usual, sell out every garment in our department the season it was made. Not a garment will be carried over.

ALL CHILDREN'S COATS must now be sold. We've gone through our stock and reduced prices on many of these garments very materially to clean up all Coats now.

## A Shoe Sale Worth While

We have selected every pair of Women's Colored Shoes, of which we have only a few pairs in stock. These are nearly all colored Shoes, made of real Blumenthal Kid, welt or turn soles, some kid tops, some have cloth tops. There are practically all sizes in this sale, but only a few pairs of a style. These Shoes are just such Shoes as will be shown for next season's wear, and the qualities are undoubtedly better than will be obtainable then at any price. Were \$7.50 and \$8.00. Price, **\$4.85.**

Buy Children's and Girls' EDUCATOR Shoes. Every pair of these shoes are real calf skin, and are made of all leather, real welt, oak tanned soles, and are the most serviceable Shoes made for youngsters.

## Our Well Stocked Knit Underwear Section

The Underwear section is well stocked both in the sense of quantity and variety, and particularly in the general excellence of yarns used and the high grade of work throughout.

This is a point to be considered more than ever, for the primary markets show extraordinary high prices, and skimping both in yarn, quality and trimmings is now by no means rare.

THIS STORE CLOSED ALL DAY THANKSGIVING DAY, NOV. 29.

## VOGEL & WURSTER

## Protect Yourself

Against the Weather and High Prices  
By Buying Winter Goods NOW. . . .

We bought heavily in all Wool Goods, but the demand is greater than usual all re-orders mean higher prices.

Stephenson Underwear "Ball Band" Footwear  
Vassar Sweaters "Goodrich Hipress" Footwear  
"Lion Brand" Work Shoes

Any of these well known brands STAND FOR QUALITY and are guaranteed satisfactory.

See Our Prices Before Buying

## WALWORTH & STRIETER

Outfitters From "Lad to Dad"

## HUNDREDS OF CHELSEA HOUSEKEEPERS RECOMMEND

## CHURNGOLD

for its exceptional flavor and high food value. Not only here, but in hundreds of other cities, are there many housewives who choose to use CHURNGOLD in preference to all other spreads for bread, because of its delicious flavor and dependable quality. Is their recommendation sufficient to influence you to try CHURNGOLD? Once you have tasted it, you will also recommend it.

Sold Only By

Telephone No. 56

**OSCAR**

**D. SCHNEIDER**

Exclusive Agent



## LOWE LAKE DRAIN.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, SS.

At a session of the Probate Court for the said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the eighth day of November, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Application of the County Drain Commissioners of the Counties of Livingston, Washtenaw and Ingham, in said State, for the appointment of three disinterested Special Commissioners, to determine the necessity for a drain known as the "Lowe Lake Drain," and for the taking of private property for the use and benefit of the public for the purposes thereof; and the just compensation to be made therefor.

Whereas, On the eighth day of November, A. D. 1917, an application in writing was made to this Court by the said County Drain Commissioners, for the appointment of three disinterested Special Commissioners, to determine the necessity for said drain and for the taking of private property for the use and benefit of the public for the purposes thereof; and the just compensation to be made therefor;

And Whereas, This Court did, on the eighth day of November, A. D. 1917, upon a due examination of such application and of all the proceedings theretofore taken in the premises, find and declare the same to be in accordance with the Statute in such case made and provided, and did, therefore, by an order entered therein, appoint Monday, the third day of December, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, as the time, and the office of the Judge of Probate in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, as the place when and where a hearing upon such application would be had, and did then and there order that all persons whose lands were to be traversed by such proposed drain, and who had not released right of way and all damages on account thereof, to appear at the time and place designated, and to be heard with respect to such application, if they so desire, and to show cause, if any there be, why said application should not be granted;

And Whereas, There is now on file with this Court a description and survey of such proposed drain, from which said description and survey it appears that the land to be traversed by such drain, and the common interest, general course and terminus of such drain are as follows, to-wit:

Survey of the Lowe Lake Drain, located on Sections 28, 31, 32 and 33, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, Unadilla Township, County of Livingston, sections 5 and 6, Town 1 South, Range 3 East, Livingston Township, County of Washtenaw, sections 11, 14, 23, 26, 35 and 36, Town 1 North, Range 2 East, Stockbridge Township, County of Ingham, State of Michigan, the centerline thereof being described as follows:

Commencing at the lower terminus thereof at a point 856 ft. S and 895 ft. W of the N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post of section 33, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, Unadilla Township, Livingston County, thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at a point 687 ft. S and 832 ft. W of the N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post section 33, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, said point being in center of old road, thence SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along highway to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along drain to a point W of beginning, E to beginning, also right of drainage on the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, Lawrence N. McClure, owner, and commencing at NW corner of said section, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at NW corner of E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 33, thence E to N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post, S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 1105 ft. to center of road, thence N 56 deg. 20 min. W 1020 ft. in the center of said road, thence W to Lowe Lake Drain, thence NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along said drain to N and S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, thence N to beginning, Harrison Bates and wife Lullia, owners, and commencing at the NW corner said section 33, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

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Thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at NW corner of E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 33, thence E to N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post, S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 1105 ft. to center of road, thence N 56 deg. 20 min. W 1020 ft. in the center of said road, thence W to Lowe Lake Drain, thence NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along said drain to N and S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, thence N to beginning, Harrison Bates and wife Lullia, owners, and commencing at the NW corner said section 33, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at NW corner of E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 33, thence E to N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post, S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 1105 ft. to center of road, thence N 56 deg. 20 min. W 1020 ft. in the center of said road, thence W to Lowe Lake Drain, thence NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along said drain to N and S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, thence N to beginning, Harrison Bates and wife Lullia, owners, and commencing at the NW corner said section 33, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at NW corner of E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 33, thence E to N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post, S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 1105 ft. to center of road, thence N 56 deg. 20 min. W 1020 ft. in the center of said road, thence W to Lowe Lake Drain, thence NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along said drain to N and S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, thence N to beginning, Harrison Bates and wife Lullia, owners, and commencing at the NW corner said section 33, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: Commencing at NW corner of E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 33, thence E to N  $\frac{1}{4}$  post, S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line 1105 ft. to center of road, thence N 56 deg. 20 min. W 1020 ft. in the center of said road, thence W to Lowe Lake Drain, thence NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  along said drain to N and S  $\frac{1}{4}$  line of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section, thence N to beginning, Harrison Bates and wife Lullia, owners, and commencing at the NW corner said section 33, S along section line 80 rods, thence E 110 rods to center of old road, thence N on line of road to Lowe Lake Drain, thence N along said drain to N line of said section, thence W to beginning, Lester R. Williams, owner, N 65 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 182 ft., thence N 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 188 ft. to station 3 plus 70 at the NW corner of said first described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 370 ft.

Thence over and across the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 32, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, L. Alonzo Worden, owner, S 14 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 109 ft., thence S 5 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 102 ft. to station 47 plus 17 in the S line of said lands at a point 30 ft. W of the SE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 271 ft.

Thence over and across the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 32, Mrs. Clara Beebe, owner, S 5 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 277 ft., thence S 25 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. E 209 ft. to station 52 in the E line of said lands at a point 462 ft. S of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 483 ft.

Thence over and across the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of section 33, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, Henry N. and Charlotte Stilson, owners, S 25 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. E 1857 ft., thence S 10 deg. E 423 ft. to station 74 plus 80 in the S line of said lands at a point 578 ft. E of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 2280 ft.

Thence over and across the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 5, Town 1 South, Range 3 East, Lyndon Township, Washtenaw County, Elmer Jaycox, owner, S 4 deg. E 1582 ft., thence S 7 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. E 666 ft., thence S 25 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 291 ft. to station 103 plus 4 in the S line of said lands at a point 996 ft. E of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 2044 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Sec. 5, Elmer Jaycox, owner, and the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 5, C. Ellsworth, owner, W 514 ft. to station 108 plus 18 at a point 482 ft. E of the center of said section 5. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 514 ft.

Thence over and across the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 5, C. Ellsworth, owner, S 6 deg. W 862 ft., thence S 10 deg. W 446 ft., thence S 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 696 ft., thence N 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 56 ft. to station 130 plus 78 in the W line of said lands at a point 2153 ft. N of the S  $\frac{1}{4}$  post of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 5. Total length of said drain on said lands is 2260 ft.

Thence over and across the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$ , and W part of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 5, Frank Boyce, owner, N 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 1007 ft., thence N 81 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 570 ft., thence N 45 deg. W 115 ft. to station 147 plus 70 in the W line of said lands at a point 795 ft. S of the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  post of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 5. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1692 ft.

Thence over and across the S  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 6, Town 1 South, Range 3 East, Gardiner F. Snyder, owner, N 45 deg. W 597 ft., thence N 17 deg. E 372 ft. to station 157 plus 39 in the N line of said lands at a point 338 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 969 ft.

Thence over and across the S  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 6, Wellington Boudish, owner, N 17 deg. E 108 ft., thence N 19 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 491 ft., thence N 39 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 216 ft. to station 165 plus 54 in the N line of said lands at a point 637 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 815 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: That part of the NE  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of section 6, Austin J. Gorton, Herman Gorton and Aaron Gorton, owners, and that part of the N  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of section 6, Ralph B. Gorton, owner, N 39 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 96 ft., thence N 62 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 403 ft., thence N 53 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 494 ft., thence N 25 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 189 ft., to station 177 plus 36 in the N line of said section at a point 1533 ft. W of the NE corner of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 6. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 1182 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 32, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, Unadilla Township, Livingston County, east of the Lowe Lake Drain, Fred Bird, owner, and the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 32, west of the Lowe Lake Drain, Nettie I. McIntyre, owner, N 25 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 1164 ft., thence N 24 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 305 ft. to station 192 plus 5 in the N line of said lands at a point 126 ft. E of the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  post of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 32. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 1469 ft.

Thence over and across the N  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 32, L. Alonzo Worden, owner, N 24 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 20 ft., thence N 48 deg. W 165 ft. to station 193 plus 98 in the W line of said lands at a point 110 ft. N of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 185 ft.

Thence over and across the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the S  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 31, Town 1 North, Range 3 East, Unadilla Township, Livingston County, Nettie I. McIntyre, owner, N 48 deg. W 520 ft., thence N 50 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 337 ft., thence N 12 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 113 ft., thence N 46 deg. W 824 ft., thence N 79 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 276 ft., thence N 62 deg. W 1488 ft., to station 226 plus 3 in the S line of said lands at a point 312 ft. S of the center of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31. Total length of said drain on said lands is 3213 ft.

Thence over and across the following description: SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NW fr $\frac{1}{2}$  said section 31, John S. Rockwell, with tax deed to John C. Graves, owners, N 55 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 505 ft. to station 231 plus 8 in the N line of said lands at a point 400 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 505 ft.

Thence over and across the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NW fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31, Nathan Avery and John B. Lee, owners, N 55 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 362 ft. to station 234 plus 70 in the W line of said lands at a point 200 ft. N of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 362 ft.

Thence over and across the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NW fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31, John S. Rockwell, owner, but probably owned by Dennis Rockwell, S 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 668 ft. to station 241 plus 38 in the W line of said lands at a point 1663 ft. S of the N  $\frac{1}{2}$  post of NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31. Total length of said drain on said lands is 668 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31, N. of the Lowe Lake Drain, John B. Lee, owner, and the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31, S. of the Lowe Lake Drain, Carl Hannebald, owner, S 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 1314 ft. to station 254 plus 52 in the W line of said section at a point 1667 ft. S of the NW corner of said fr $\frac{1}{2}$  section 31. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 1314 ft.

Thence over and across the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 36, Town 1 North, Range 2 East, Stockbridge Township, Ingham County, Nellie E. McCloy and Maggie McCloy Miller, subject to dower interest of Susan A. McCloy, widow of Hugh McCloy, owners, S 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 748 ft., thence S 52 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 400 ft., thence N 59 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 190 ft., thence S 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 98 ft. to station 288 plus 88 in the W line of said lands at a point 602 ft. S of the NW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1436 ft.

Thence over and across the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 35, Henry A. Ackley and Ida E. Ackley, (jointly owners), S 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 883 ft., thence S 35 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 551 ft., thence S 51 deg. W 368 ft., to the S line of said lands at station 281 plus 90 at a point 362 ft. E of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1302 ft.

Thence over and across the W  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$ , E. of highway, said Section 36, Wirt McClain, owner, S 51 deg. W 17 ft., thence N 83 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 413 ft. to station 286 plus 20 in the W line of said lands at a point 25 ft. S of the E and W  $\frac{1}{2}$  line of said section 36. Total length of said drain on said lands is 430 ft.

Thence over and across that part of the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  W. of highway said section 36, Ira E. McClain and wife Altavena McClain, owners, N 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 263 ft., thence N 42 deg. W 35 ft. to station 289 plus 18 in the N line of said lands at a point 288 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 298 ft.

Thence over and across the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 35, Christine Krepps, undivided 1-3, Carrie Krepps, undivided 1-3, Lillian Krepps, undivided 1-3, owners, N 42 deg. W 859 ft., thence N 83 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 365 ft. to station 301 plus 42 in the W line of said lands at a point 668 ft. S of the center of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 35. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1224 ft.

Thence over and across the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 36, Ira E. McClain and wife Altavena McClain, owners, N 83 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 125 ft., thence N 56 deg. W 99 ft., thence N 37 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 727 ft., thence N 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 675 ft. to station 317 plus 88 in the W line of said lands at a point 25 ft. S of the NW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1626 ft.

Thence over and across the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  and the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the NE  $\frac{1}{4}$ , except 4 acres in the NE corner, section 35, Town 1 North, Range 2 East, Stockbridge Township, Ingham County, Wirt McClain, owner, N 89 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 642 ft., thence N 14 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 1370 ft. to station 337 plus 80 in the N line of said lands at a point 304 ft. E of the NW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 2012 ft.

Thence over and across the E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  section 26, Town 1 North, Range 2 East, Stockbridge Township, Ingham County, William H. Collins, owner, N 14 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 68 ft., thence N 57 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 341 ft. to station 341 plus 89 in the W line of said lands at a point 220 ft. N of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 409 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of said section 26, William H. Collins, owner, and the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 26, Eleanor Munger and Sumner Bird, subject to the interests of Sumner Bird, widow of Fred Bird, owner, N 107 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. to station 352 plus 68, being at the NE corner of the last described lands. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 1079 ft.

Thence on the line between the following descriptions: E  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 26, William H. Collins, owner, and the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 26, Addison C. Collins, owner, N 52 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. to station 358, at a point 532 ft. N of the center of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Sec. 26. Total length of said drain on the line between said lands is 532 ft.

Thence over and across the NW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  said section 26, Addison C. Collins, owner, N 85 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 156 ft. to station 371 plus 4 at a point 607 ft. N of the SW corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 1326 ft.

Thence over and across the N  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the SW except parcels of W end said section 26, Mary Jane Brownell, owner, S 61 deg. W 549 ft., thence S 76 deg. W 433 ft., thence N 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 238 ft., thence N 15 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 462 ft., thence N 11 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 249 ft., thence N 32 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 341 ft. to station 393 plus 98 in the N line of said lands at a point 1470 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said lands is 2272 ft.

Thence over and across Rice St., Village of Stockbridge, said street under the control of the Common Council of the Village of Stockbridge, N 32 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 55 ft. to station 394 plus 53 in the N line of said street at a point 130 ft. W of the NW corner of Rice St., and William Ave. Total length of said drain in said St. is 55 ft.

Thence on a line across lot 14, Block 25, Village of Stockbridge, between that part of Lowe Lake Drain, Fred J. Knight and wife Edith Knight, owners, and that part of Lowe Lake Drain, Casper E. DePuy, owner, N 20 $\frac{1}{2}$  deg. W 28 ft., thence N 11 deg. W 90 ft. to station 395 plus 11 in the N line of said lot at a point 31 ft. W of the NE corner thereof. Total length of said drain on said line is 118 ft.

Thence on a line across lot 9, Block 25, Village of Stock







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Can you tell the difference between hand and machine tailoring?

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The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

Chelsea, - - - Michigan

### LOCAL ITEMS

F. C. Glenn, of Detroit, is spending this week in Chelsea.

Born, on Monday, November 26, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Collings, of Lyndon, a son.

Mercury in many thermometers in Chelsea registered seven above zero Friday morning.

Born, on Monday, November 26, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Zolt, of Freedom, a daughter.

Born, on Monday, November 26, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. LaRue Shaver, of Detroit, a daughter.

A marriage license has been issued to John Boyce and Miss Gladys May Buntin, both of Lyndon.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Artz have moved from the farm that they recently sold to their home on Park street.

The postoffice will close at 9 o'clock a. m., Thanksgiving Day, and remain closed the remainder of the day.

Fred Gentner, of Lima, is suffering from typhoid fever. His condition is somewhat improved at this time.

O. J. Klink, of Sharon, realized \$1,200 from ten acres of turnips, having sold them for 35 cents a bushel.

"Feather parties" were noticeable by their absence this week, and the call of "keno" was not heard in the land.

Wales Foster, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Foster, is at the hospital in Ann Arbor, suffering from a complication of diseases.

John B. Parker returned from his hunting trip last week. He was the only member of the party to bring home a deer.

Miss Mary Haab is very ill with appendicitis. She was taken to the home of her sister in Ann Arbor the first of the week.

Paul Ward, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Ward, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, is reported to be making a rapid recovery.

Washtenaw county subscribed \$29,004 to the Army Y. M. C. A. fund in the recent campaign. The allotment for the county was \$20,000.

Julius J. Gross, of Lima, who was among those who went to Camp Custer last week, was assigned to Co. 28, 7th Battalion, 160th Depot Brigade.

Lamont C. BeGole, a Chelsea boy, who has been at the officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan, has been appointed a first lieutenant of infantry.

E. W. Patterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Patterson, will go to Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, Friday. Mr. Patterson registered at Cleveland.

St. Paul's church has displayed a service flag which bears six stars, there being that many of the members of the society who are in the United States army.

H. W. Hayes, of Sylvan has purchased a shorthorn herd header, bred by the Hearts Delight Farm at Chazy, New York, conceded the most fashionable herd in America.

Married, on Sunday afternoon, November 25, 1917, at the Congregational parsonage, Miss Iva Head and Mr. Frank Kanitz, both of Milan, Rev. P. W. Dierberger officiating.

Just as we were having pleasant anticipations in regard to our Thanksgiving dinner, the bill-poster stuck up a bill on the board which read, "Food will win the war. Don't waste it." We immediately decided not to have turkey on Thanksgiving.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Fred L. Keeler is calling attention to the war savings campaign which will be conducted through the schools next month. The purposes of the campaign are to raise funds for the prosecution of the war, to inculcate principles of thrift, to eliminate waste and to increase production.

The Standard is pleased to acknowledge the receipt of a book of verse, "The Trench Lad," by Saxo Churchill Stimson, in which are alternated themes of war and patriotism with those of nature and the home-side of life. The book was issued by the Gorham Press, of Boston. Mr. Stimson was a former Chelsea boy, and a perusal of the book shows that some of the poems might have been inspired by events that occurred during his residence here.

### CHURCH CIRCLES

CONGREGATIONAL.  
Rev. P. W. Dierberger, Pastor.  
Morning worship at 10 o'clock with sermon by the pastor. Subject, "The Unspeakable Gift."

Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m. Class for men led by the pastor.

Junior Christian Endeavor 3 p. m.

Christian Endeavor at 6:15 p. m.

Popular Sunday evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Chelsea will have the opportunity of hearing a man who has been in the war zone. Dr. Arthur C. Ryan, of Constantinople, will be the speaker. You cannot afford to miss hearing him.

The public is invited.

CATHOLIC.

Rev. W. P. Considine, Rector.

Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Sunday services.

Holy communion 6:30 a. m.

Low mass 7:30 a. m.

High mass 10:00 a. m.

Catechism at 11:00 a. m.

Baptisms at 3 p. m.

Mass on week days at 7:00 a. m.

St. Joseph's Sodality and the Rosary Society will receive holy communion next Sunday.

The annual election of St. Joseph's Sodality will take place next Sunday.

Thanksgiving services on Thursday at 8 a. m. The prayer for the civil authorities will be recited.

The first Sunday of Advent will be next Sunday.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. G. H. Whitney, Pastor.

Morning service at 10 o'clock as usual Sunday.

Bible school at 11:15 a. m.

Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Evening service at 7 o'clock.

Thursday prayer meeting 7 p. m.

Thanksgiving service at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. The address will be given by Prof. S. B. Laird, of Ypsilanti. The offering will be taken for the Armenian sufferers.

A cordial invitation to all.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoon, Pastor.

English service Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

Sunday school at 10:30 a. m.

Young People's meeting at 7 p. m.

The S. P. I. will furnish the music.

Thanksgiving service on Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Rev. Krueger, pastor of St. John's church, Rogers Corners, will deliver the address.

The public is cordially invited.

BAPTIST.

Regular church services at 10 a. m.

Prof. S. B. Laird, of Ypsilanti, will preach at the morning service.

Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m.

Everybody welcome.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANKLIN.

Rev. G. C. Nothdurft, Pastor.

Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

German service at 10:30 a. m.

Communion service conducted by Rev. George Mitter, of Detroit.

Epworth League 7:00 p. m.

English service 7:30 p. m.

Everybody most cordially invited.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet Wednesday afternoon, December 5, at the home of Mrs. Chris Weber.

Princess Theatre.

THURSDAY, NOV. 29.

Thanksgiving Day Special.

"Bringing Home Father," presenting Franklyn Farroum and "Brownie" Vernon and skillful supporters in H. O. Davis' delightful comedy drama. The best fun ever shown upon a moving picture screen. Ridiculous situations, laughable episodes, clean fun and frolic.

SATURDAY, DEC. 1.

"Madam Bo-Peep," featuring Scenea Owen. The adventures of a much courted society favorite in the world of luxury and the out-door realities of the frontier.

SUNDAY, DEC. 2.

Montagu Love in "The Brand of Satan." Here is a drama that is absolutely different from the ordinary kind of drama. It tells the story of a man with a dual personality—when normal he is kind-hearted and lovable, when abnormal he is brutal and bestial. The story is tremendously entertaining.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 4.

Dorothy Dalton, an Alaskan Carman, known in dance halls as "The Flame of the Yukon." A drama of the gold-mad days of '98 in the lawless land of the Arctic. This picture is recognized as one of Triangle's greatest productions. It is in seven reels.—Adv.

Manchester—About eighty farmers responded to the call sent out for an initial meeting at the Methodist church Wednesday evening for the purpose of considering the forming of a co-operative association here. After considerable discussion a temporary organization was effected, signed by forty-one.

## New Coats For The Women

Come and See Them

If You Want a Smart Right-up-to-the-Minute Garment, Come Here.

Not freakish, but beautifully designed Coats, made from high-class materials, and surely the latest in this season's styles.

**\$15.00**

Coats made from heavy wool Velour, Beaver and Kersey Cloth. Some Satin lined to the waist. Several styles to select from at \$15.00.

**\$18.00**

Coats made from highest grade materials, more elaborate trimming, Plush or Fur Collars, special values at \$18.00.

There are still higher grade Coats in this lot just received, made from all wool Broadcloth, and lined throughout with guaranteed Satin, and others made from heavier materials with lining to waist, at \$20.00, \$22.00 and \$25.00. Colors. Black, Navy, Dark Green, Brown and Burgandy

Fur Collars and Muffs - - - \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$15.00

New Silk Waists at - - - \$3.75, \$4.50 and \$6.00

Ladies' Skirts at Bargain Prices. Ask to see them.

**W. P. Schenk & Company**

## Here! You Particular Men!

You Who Want the Best Thanksgiving Apparel Your Money Will Buy.

Come and see the variety and great values in Suits and Overcoats at \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25.

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, some with two pair of Trousers, Blue Serges and Fancy Mixtures, \$5.00 up.

Largest stock of Boys' Overcoats and Mackinaws.

YOUR HAT—You'll find more style, finer quality, and better finish in our \$3.00 Hats.

MEN'S SHIRTS—Neat fancy stripes, fast colors, in Madras, Silk Finish Cloth and Tub Silks, at \$1.25 to \$4.50.

All the New Shapes in Arrow Collars.

THIS STORE CLOSED ALL DAY THANKSGIVING DAY, NOV. 29.

**VOGEL & WURSTER**

## Take Mr. Edison's Word Or Make Your Own Test



When Mr. Edison says: "Real Music at Last" you can take his word for it.

THOMAS A. EDISON says that the New Edison is his greatest achievement. It re-creates music. ACTUALLY. Of this he has given proof in nearly every big city in the United States.

He knows what he is talking about—he never mis-states facts.

But he doesn't ask you to merely take his word.

He wants YOU to make your OWN test.

The New Edison is NOT a "talking machine"—it is distinctly different, and the results obtained are just as distinctly different.

If you want "REAL MUSIC," you want the New Edison.

**The NEW EDISON**

No Needles to Change—Plays All Records Just as they Should be Played.

COME IN—WE'LL BE GLAD TO PLAY FOR YOU.

**PALMER'S GARAGE.**



## TEN PER CENT OF NEW DRAFT UNFIT

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS SHOW LARGE NUMBER OF MEN WILL BE REJECTED.

### HEART TROUBLE CHIEF CAUSE

Many Also Being Rejected Because of Bad Teeth, But If They Can Be Repaired Men Will Stay.

Camp Custer, Battle Creek.—Medical examinations of the recently arriving selected men indicate that at least 10 per cent will be rejected because of physical disability, heart afflictions being the most prevalent cause. Perhaps the explanation of this rather large percentage is found in the improved system of examining whereby the suspicious cases go before the general medical board within 24 hours after being examined by the regimental physicians.

When the first selected men were examined five percent were rejected at once and subsequent examinations sent another five per cent home.

The present method combines the two examinations so the totals will remain unchanged and the large rejection list does not indicate that the last men to arrive are physically inferior to the first increments.

Wherever there is a fair amount of doubt existing over a select's physical condition, the probabilities are that he will be rejected. The medical authorities are gradually raising physical standards until they are far above the average point adopted by the great majority of local boards.

Dental surgeons work side by side with their brother medics in the examination rooms and bad teeth are causing the rejection of a large number of men. Those whose teeth can be repaired, no matter what their present condition, are retained in the service if they pass other tests.

### GOUGING GROCERS CUT OFF

Wholesalers Will Refuse to Sell to Dealers Who "Hog" Prices.

Lansing.—Retail grocers who insist on "hogging" prices for foodstuffs obtained through Michigan jobbing houses will be deprived of future purchases.

This is the gist of what occurred at Lansing when George A. Prescott, federal food administrator, met with Michigan wholesalers, who came to ascertain what action was necessary to assist the plan of food conservation and price making.

It is also proposed to start through-out Michigan a cash-and-carry system of purchases. Mr. Prescott has statistics compiled by the national food administration showing the increased cost of food commodities when credit and delivery charges are added.

This plan is working out well in other states and has forced the price of groceries to a level that gives a reasonable profit to the wholesaler and retailer and allows the customer to make purchases at a decided saving.

### NEW GYM AT CUSTER UNDERWAY

Soldiers Erecting \$25,000 Athletic Building at Cantonment.

Camp Custer, Battle Creek.—Troop labor, under supervision of officers who in civil life were architectural and structural engineers, will erect the \$25,000 camp gymnasium.

The building will be located on the main esplanade, near division headquarters, known as the civic center of the cantonment. It will be the third of a group of buildings to be centered around the camp flagpole. The camp library and theatre now are nearing completion.

Work on the building will commence immediately. The total sum, \$25,000, has been raised or pledged by responsible parties.

Every man in camp will be compelled to learn how to swim, box and wrestle under the most competent instructors available.

The gymnasium will be ready for use within 30 days after building operations begin. F. A. Rowe, civilian athletic director, sent to Custer by the war department, will be in charge.

The building will be the largest structure in the cantonment. It will be two and a half stories in height, with ground dimensions of 112x250 feet.

In the basement will be a concrete swimming pool, 33x75 feet, 75 shower baths and a locker room. The first floor will be the gymnasium proper, arranged especially for basketball and indoor baseball games. Circling it will be a 15-foot running track, floor also to allow for roller skating.

### WITH THE BOYS AT CAMP CUSTER

More than \$10,000,000 in insurance have now been subscribed by Camp Custer soldiers.

Posting of news bulletins on the board at division headquarters, is the nearest thing the camp has to an actual newspaper.

## MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Greenville now has a coal yard where coal is sold at cost, which promises to be a permanent institution.

Isabella county farmers are having their seed corn dried by the Central State Normal college. A shortage is expected in Michigan.

The rattle of machine guns is becoming a familiar sound at Selfridge field, Mt. Clemens. Part of the flying field has been turned into machine gun range and every man will be taught the operation and care of the guns.

Frank Peterson, a cook in a Houghton county lumber camp, took out a deer license and hired a trapper to kill a deer for him. A deputy game warden found the trapper hunting on Peterson's license and the cook paid a fine of \$55.

Major-General Haan, commanding Camp MacArthur, Texas, has recommended the promotion of Major Chester B. McCormick, of Lansing, to be Colonel of the One Hundred and Nineteenth light field artillery. Major McCormick is an authority on handling of artillery.

A. B. Cook, of Owosso, president of the Michigan Beet Growers' association, has made a trip to Washington to confer with Food Administrator Hoover on the price to be paid growers next year. Growers say that they cannot raise beets again for the price paid this year.

Loyalty to his country proved stronger than blood ties with Jacob Skaug, Grand Forks, N. D., who furnished information to Superintendent of Police Marquardt upon which his brother, Theodore Skaug, 26 years old, a member of Detroit police department, was arrested charged with being a deserter from the navy. Following his arrest, it was learned that Skaug has two wives.

Governor Sleeper has wired sheriffs in all counties that raffles cannot be held in Michigan.

Fire destroyed a barn containing 2,000 bushels of oats and 75 tons of hay belonging to S. T. Hyne, of Brighton.

Daniel A. Reed, managing director of the Flint board of commerce, has left for France where he is being sent on a special government war mission.

John Anthus, driver of a milk wagon, was held up and robbed by two men two miles east of Perry. The thieves got \$16. Anthus saved \$27 by throwing it in the grass.

Dr. I. B. Malcomb, Lowell, 80 years old, who began practicing at that city when Kent county was inhabited largely by Indians, is dead. He was one of Lowell's wealthiest citizens.

What will virtually be a training school to show young farmers how to obtain a record production of crops will be opened by the Michigan Agricultural college January 7, in connection with the annual winter short courses.

Banks and chambers of commerce in Michigan have been asked by W. K. Prudden, state federal fuel administrator, to suggest a man in their various places to serve as chairman of local committees to supervise the coal business.

Lance Corporal Herman D. Firby, 20 years old, a former resident of Detroit, who has been fighting in France for more than a year and a half, was killed in action. His brother, Harry, who is 19 years old, is now fighting in France.

Tony Picardi, of Saginaw, a drafted man, who was to have left for Camp Custer in a few days, was shot and slightly wounded by officers when he attempted to escape after being arrested charged with stealing brass from the Pere Marquette.

Dr. William Law, Jr., and his wife and daughter have reached Copenhagen from Berlin and will be granted emergency passports, according to word received from Secretary Lansing by William Law, Sr., of Flint. Dr. Law was a dentist in Berlin when war broke out, and had done considerable work for the German royal family. He was ill when Americans left the German capital, and his family remained with him.

Mrs. Elizabeth Vroman, of Marshall, aged 94, while picking up coal in the Michigan Central yards, had a narrow escape from being killed. She got under some cars, believing them to be stationary, when a freight train which backed in on a siding started to pull out. Mrs. Vroman was dragged about 15 feet before the train was stopped. She attempted to crawl out and placed her right hand on the rail and had four fingers severed at the knuckles.

Fifty northern Michigan and Wisconsin cities have formed a municipal coal buying club. The organization, which already has the backing of the federal coal administrator, will attempt to obtain coal in large lots, apportioning it among the cities represented in the club. Menominee, Sault Ste. Marie, Hancock, Newberry, Crystal Falls, Escanaba, Green Bay, Shawano and Ashland are among the larger cities represented at the organization meeting.

Henry Kinselman of Mendon, was seriously wounded in the right shoulder while hunting near Munising. He was struck by a bullet which was fired by an unidentified person.

Workmen have begun construction work on a new hospital for Detroit, for which Henry Ford will pay close to \$2,000,000. The new institution will be the largest of its kind in the world. It is planned, if the war continues, to make of it a hospital for wounded soldiers returned from the front. It is hoped to have it ready within 18 months.

## ALLIED SOLDIERS GO TO ITALY'S AID

PIAVE LINE IS STRENGTHENED BY BRITISH AND FRENCH REINFORCEMENTS.

### BYNG'S TROOPS HOLD GAINS

Territory Wrested From Teutons On Western Front Held in Spite of Fierce Counter Attacks.

Rome.—Apparently the peril of Italian troops guarding the Piave line and the hill country in northern Italy against the Teutonic allies is at an end.

Large numbers of British and French reinforcements—infantry and artillery—at last have arrived on the scene.

Although faced everywhere by superior numbers of men and gunpower, the Italians have taken the offensive against the invaders and pushed them back from strategic points of vantage they had gained under terrific sacrifices in lives.

For eight days, Allied reinforcements marched to the rescue, bringing with them large numbers of guns and huge supply trains.

### Byng's Forces Hold Gains.

London.—At last accounts, General Byng's British troops before Cambrai were holding in their entirety the Bourlon positions west of Cambrai, in spite of several fierce attacks by the Teutons.

In six days General Byng and the third army have broken the Hindenburg line, taken a score of villages, secured the dominating position west of Cambrai and overrun territory equal in area to that gained in the first three months of the drive in the Ypres salient.

Nearly 10,000 prisoners, 100 guns and much war material have been captured. More important still, probably, is the "further exploitation" to which Field Marshal Haig refers in his congratulatory message.

### Cambrai Hard to Take.

Cambrai may become a hard nut to crack because the central part is walled and many suburbs radiate from it, forming barriers against an advance from the west.

It seems possible that Cambrai might ultimately become a sort of no man's land, dominated by big guns of both sides, and that this ancient town with its fine old cathedral and picturesque walls would go the way of so many other places which come under artillery fire.

### U. S. NOT TO SEIZE STATE MINES

Prudden Says Action Is Not Likely if Operators Continue Work.

Lansing.—Although the government stands ready to take over the Michigan coal mines, if necessary, there is no likelihood of such action at this time.

One or two of the mines have been inclined lately to dispute some of the arrangements made for them by State Fuel Administrator Prudden, and the Washington order is the result. The federal authorities have simply told Mr. Prudden that if he says the word they will take over control of the mines.

The state administrator says that most of the Michigan operators are playing fair and if they continue to do so, action on his part will be withheld.

### STONE FOR WAR ON ALLIANCE

Favors Declaration of Hostilities On Nations Aiding Kaiser.

Washington.—Declarations of war against Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, Chairman Stone, of the senate foreign relations committee declared in an interview, seem "exceedingly advisable to simplify a situation now anomalous."

"We are, in fact," said he, "now at war with Germany's allies." Senator Stone's only reservation was that action by congress should be in harmony with the policy of the executive branch of the government.

Although he voted against the declaration of war on Germany, Senator Stone has reiterated that the war once begun has his whole support.

### DETROIT'S "WHITE WAY" DIMMED

Over 5,000 Electric Signs in Heart of City Discontinued.

Detroit.—Detroit presents a war zone aspect, with no electric illumination other than street and shop lighting in the downtown streets.

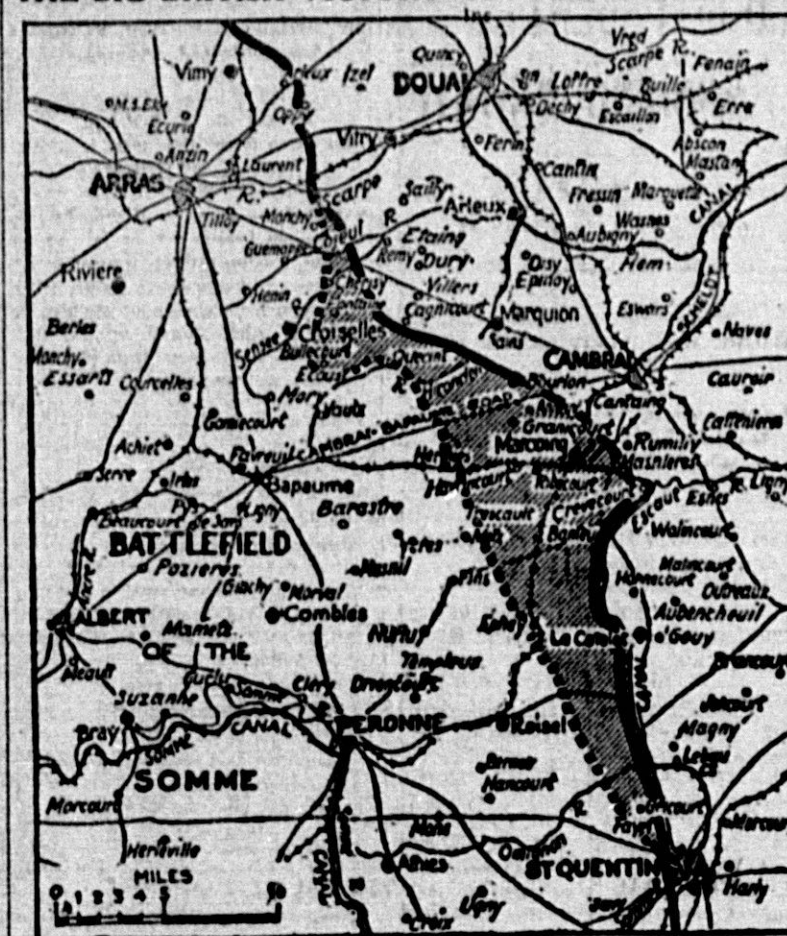
All display sign illumination was ordered off Monday evening. This order, enforced by the Detroit Edison Co., means the discontinuance of 5,500 signs in the downtown district.

The order means a saving of 3,000 tons of coal annually for the Edison Co., equal to one day's supply.

### Widow Has Four Sons in Army.

Menominee.—Mrs. Charles Lundberg, a widow, saw the last of her four sons enter federal service when August and Arthur Lundberg left with the third contingent of drafted men last week. Walter and Elmer Lundberg had already enlisted.

## THE BIG BRITISH VICTORY ON WESTERN FRONT



By a masterful stroke, the British forces under General Byng, on Tuesday of last week smashed a part of the famous Hindenburg line to bits. Advancing behind hundreds of tanks, which crushed the German barbed wire entanglements, the infantry made a clean sweep on a 32-mile front. Later cavalry was utilized to annihilate the enemy driven to the open fields behind the first line.

The dark part of the map shows the ground gained by Byng's strategy.

## BOMB KILLS 11 IN POLICE STATION

FOUND IN CHURCH BASEMENT MISSILE EXPLODES WHILE BEING EXAMINED.

### BROT TO STATION BY ITALIAN

In Addition to Those Killed, Five Are Injured By Blast—Lower Floor of Building Wrecked.

Milwaukee.—Eleven persons were killed and 5 injured Saturday night when a bomb, designed to destroy the Madonna del Pompili church, in the heart of third ward, an Italian settlement, exploded in central police station, where it had been carried for examination.

Seven detectives, three policemen and one woman were killed.

Three detectives, the station keeper and the desk lieutenant were injured. The bomb, evidently with a time fuse attached, was found in the basement of the church by an Italian, who took it to the police station.

While the Italian was being taken into the office of Lieutenant Flood for questioning, Desk Sergeant Henry Decker took the bomb into the patrolmen's room.

Meanwhile detectives were answering roll call on the second floor and just before dismissal they were informed that the bomb had been found. On going down stairs they grouped about the missile. It was then that the bomb exploded, killing seven of the number instantly.

The lower floor of the building was shattered and every window throughout the structure was broken by the shock.

The bomb was intended for the Rev. August Giuliani, who several months ago caused the arrest of anarchist leaders. Since then the Rev. Giuliani has been threatened several times and was in seclusion at Madison.

### SOLDIERS WILL GUARD DOCKS

Waterways to Be Protected—Michigan Ports Included in Order.

Washington.—Following Saturday's order by which the port of New York was declared a military district of the United States, all other ports in the country will be put under federal law as soon as possible.

Men of the regular army, fully armed, with strict orders to act if necessary, will patrol municipal waterfronts to exclude all persons having no real business there, principally alien enemies.

Several Michigan lake ports will come under this order.

### CAUCASUS FORMS NEW NATION

Breaks Away From Russia—Parliament of 40 Deputies Formed.

London.—The Caucasus has declared its separation from Russia, according to dispatches from Petrograd. A parliament of 40 deputies—members of the socialist parties and one bolshevik adherent—has been formed. The news was carried by Petrograd by Mr. Tsereteli, former minister in the Kerensky cabinet.

### Thieves Kill Cow in Farm Yard.

Stockbridge.—Thieves slaughtered and partly dressed a cow on the Hugh Sween farm, three miles south of here and escaped with most of the beef. Officers have failed to discover the identity of the "butchers."

### CUT USE OF ELECTRIC SIGNS

No Advertising Sign in State Must Burn After 11 P. M.

Lansing.—State Fuel Administrator W. K. Prudden has notified the managers of the power companies and municipal lighting plants that from now on the use of electricity for any signs used entirely for advertising purposes is prohibited except under the following conditions:

Electric signs over business places from one-half hour after sunset until the closing time of said business, but in no case later than 11 p. m.; theatres or places of amusement, there the signs must be darkened one-half hour after the performance begins, and the size of the sign may be regulated by the fuel administrator; porch lights on houses or hotels, railroad yards, location of fire escapes, or lights for similar purposes, when authorized by the fuel administrator.

### U. S. DESTROYER SINKS U-BOAT

Officers and Crew Prisoners—Craft Disabled, Sunk by Treachery.

Washington.—The United States navy has strated a submarine for all the world to see. This time there is no shadow of a doubt. Forty-five Germans, officers and crew, are prisoners aboard a destroyer or landed at an allied port under guard.

The news came first in an official bulletin from the secretary of the navy, Mr. Daniels. It told how a destroyer sighted a periscope and charged on the flash. An American depth bomb struck the sea viper. Viciously stricken she came to the surface.

While the crew was being rescued, one of them slipped back into the hold and opened the submerging valves, sending the craft to the bottom, thus depriving the Americans of their prize after a line had been fastened to tow her into port.

Another dispatch on the sinking of the U-boat says that all of the crew went down and were lost, but the first one seems to be authentic.

### MEAT PACKERS PROFITS CUT

Government Regulation of Industry Aims to Reduce Retail Price.

Chicago.—Regulation of the packing industry, so that the price of meat to the retailer and consumer may be both stable and cheaper, was announced Saturday by Joseph P. Cotton, chief of the meat division of the United States food administration.

The annual earnings of the five big packing houses cannot exceed 9 per cent on the average capital used in the business. This applies to the sale of meats.

On the side lines developed by the packers, such as the making of soaps, leather, glue and fertilizers, they are to be allowed a profit not to exceed 15 per cent on their investment.

### Detroit Quota 2,000 Short.

Camp Custer.—Detroit stands charged with being nearly 2,000 men short of the number she was expected to send to camp last week. So far as the Eighty-fifth division is concerned no action can be taken toward apprehending the absent men, and nothing can be done in their cases here until they are brought in, when each case will be considered on its merits. If it can be proved the men remained absent deliberately, they can be tried as deserters.

### President Reverses Draft Board.

Lansing.—President Wilson has reversed the decision of the draft board, and Joseph J. Rogkey, of Clinton county, will be released from immediate service.

## RELIEF FROM COAL SHORTAGE NEAR

FEDERAL FUEL ADMINISTRATION PROMISES TO HAVE COAL SENT HERE AT ONCE.

### PENNSY MINES TO FILL NEEDS

According to Dr. Garfield, Michigan's Desperate Plight Will Be Relieved Shortly.

Lansing.—Michigan's coal famine will be ended within a few days.

The promise was made by Dr. Garfield in person to John C. Hicks, president of the St. Johns National bank, of St. Johns, Mich., and a special assistant to W. K. Prudden, of Lansing, federal fuel administrator for Michigan.

Administrator Garfield's promise, which relates entirely to anthracite, or hard coal, means, according to Mr. Hicks, that a supply of coal entirely adequate to meet all of the state's needs will be sent here direct from the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, which furnishes practically all of the anthracite coal used in the country.

### No Strings on Pledge.

According to Mr. Hicks, Fuel Administrator Garfield in his promise made no stipulation or condition of any sort, save as to the method coal dealers are to employ in bringing about distribution of the coal, and this is simple.

Under details worked out by Mr. Hicks and the national fuel administrator's anthracite division, Michigan's coal dealers, to obtain what coal they need, must apply to State Fuel Administrator Prudden, at Lansing, giving first the amount of coal needed, and then the name of their source of supply in 1916.

With this information in hand, Mr. Prudden, acting under authority from National Fuel Administrator Garfield, will see to it that the dealer is supplied through the same source from which he obtained his supply last year.

### Railroads Will Co-operate.

When asked if the railroad companies and other distributors and sources of supply would comply with the national fuel administrator's directions, Mr. Hicks said:

"Yes, that phase of the matter is covered fully under Dr. Garfield's authority. Coal companies must obey his instructions. If they do not, Dr. Garfield is empowered to find a way to make them."

Mr. Hicks said that, following his conference with Dr. Garfield, he talked with many of the larger coal operators in the east, and found them, without exception, entirely willing to co-operate with the government.

### RAILROADS MERGE FACILITIES

Equipment of All Lines Pooled to Get Maximum Efficiency.

Washington.—Face to face with a threat of complete government operation and the cutting of their profits to a minimum, the railroads of the country have taken drastic steps to avert these contingencies.

At the conference here the roads representatives were told that their services must be improved or the job turned over to the government.

The following plan is to be put into effect at once:

Engines, rolling stock, machine tools and employees from railroads west of Chicago are to be transferred to the service of railroads east of Chicago.

The shops of the western roads are to be used for repair work on eastern road equipment. Train service west of Chicago is to be cut to the bone.

The government is to take full control of all the railway systems with the management of the roads executing the governmental orders.

### SUBWAY PROPOSED FOR DETROIT

Project, Costing \$75,000,000, Recommended by Traffic Experts.

Detroit.—Detroit must be ready when the war ends to build a joint subway and elevated rapid transit system, Barclay, Parsons & Klapp, New York traffic experts, have reported to Mayor Marx.

A complete unified surface, overhead and subway system, which they recommend, would cost \$75,000,000. A subway out Woodward avenue to the boulevard is the first advocated. This would mean a \$51,000,000 investment, including the car company cost. With an east and west system added it would be \$75,000,000.

### Scaffold Breaks, Three Men Hurt.

Detroit.—Three men were injured, one fatally, when a scaffold upon which they were piling cement blocks gave way, carrying the men to the basement four stories below, where they were buried beneath hundreds of pounds of building material. They had loaded the contents of three wheelbarrows containing the cement blocks on the scaffold when it broke under the strain, pulling out nearly 10 feet of the wall. The building is an apartment house under construction.

### Corn Dried in Council Chamber.

St. Louis.—The city council has turned its chamber into a dryer for seed corn in an effort to relieve the shortage.

## DAIRY FACTS

### GIVING MILK TO DAIRY CALF

Guesswork in Apportionment Is Expensive in More Ways Than One—Good Rule Is Given.

"Guesswork in apportioning milk to the dairy calf is expensive both from the fact that irregular amounts often cause digestive troubles and because more milk than necessary is frequently fed." This statement is quoted from Circular No. 202, published by the Illinois Experiment station, Urbana, Ill.

A general rule is to feed one pound of whole or skimmed milk to each eight pounds of live weight, rarely feeding in excess of 12 pounds of either. The schedule of feeding used by the Illinois station calls for four



Splendid Dairy Type.

pounds of whole milk to a Jersey calf the first two days; six to eight pounds from third to twenty-eighth day; three to four pounds of both skim milk and whole milk from twenty-eighth to thirty-fifth day; eight to ten pounds skim milk from thirty-fifth to fifty-sixth day, and ten to twelve pounds from fifty-sixth to ninety-first day. A holstein calf is given somewhat more milk at a younger age, though rarely does the total fed go above 12 pounds.

### PROPER GROWTH OF CALVES

Puzzling Question to Gray Heads in Calf Business—Much Depends on Ration Furnished.

How fast should my calves grow? is a puzzling question even to gray heads in the calf-raising business. This will depend to a large extent on the kind of ration fed, but in order for any ration to be considered a definite success the calves should show a gain of at least a pound a day each day for the first six months. Many ordinary dairymen are getting a pound and a half gain daily.

In height these same calves should increase from one and one-half to two inches per month for the first half year. The height and weight have a definite relation for average sized calves during this first period. After six months this relation gradually changes and the weight outstrips the height. At one month of age a normal calf of any breed weighs, approximately three pounds for each inch in height, but at the end of the six months' period the weight has increased to six and one-half pounds for each inch in height. From that time on there is a continued widening in the relation of weight to height until maturity.

### BUTTER MAKER SHOULD KNOW

Must Handle Cream and Churn in Such Manner That He Will Make Best Quality of Butter.

The farm butter maker should know how to handle his cream and churn in such a manner that he will make the best quality of butter from it. The cream must be ripened evenly and then churned at the proper temperature. If too warm the butter will come quickly, but will not be firm and granular. If too cold it will take longer to churn. Generally churning will require from 30 to 35 minutes when cream is at the proper temperature.

### BARREL CHURN IS EXCELLENT

Permits Concussion of Cream Against Sides Separating Fat Globules—It Is Best Way.

It has been found that the type of churn that permits concussion of the cream against the sides of the churn is best, because that is the easiest and best way to separate the fat globules of cream, so they may be collected. A good example of this type is the barrel churn which is commonly used in some modified form.





The younger school children are proving themselves immensely helpful in work for the Red Cross. They are enthusiastic and surprisingly persistent. They soon learn how to make all the small, simple knitted articles of wool or cotton, including squares of wool yarn for quilts or comforters, and the simplest of baby bonnets and mufflers. From knitting cotton they make wipes or sponges for hospital use, and of cutting flannel or eiderdown the girls of twelve or more are making booties, and caps for infant wear. Their efforts have been directed toward doing things that will help keep the shivering throngs of Europe warm during the coming winter. They have turned out thousands upon thousands of ration heaters, and cannot get too many of these.

For the little squares of knitted yarn that are afterward sewed together into quilts odds and ends of wool are used, as the color makes no difference. They should be six inches square when finished, and for yarn of the average size 36 stitches are cast on, coarse yarn requires a few less, and finer a few more. In the city schools the younger boys and girls knit the squares, and the older girls join them, and line the quilt with flannel, or some such material. The plain garter stitch is used for all these articles.

For baby bonnets of wool yarn, 30 stitches are cast on and a strip 15 inches long is knitted. This is folded crosswise at the center and the edges on one side sewed together, forming the cap. A facing is knitted for the front of the cap, usually in a contrasting color. For this 12 stitches are cast on and the strip knitted 15

inches long. This is sewed to the front of the cap and turned back to form the facing. Narrow ribbon may be threaded through the edge of the cap at the bottom, to draw it in close about the neck, and to tie under the chin, or a cord made of the yarn, finished with little tassels of yarn, may be used instead.

The wipes, or sponges, are nine inches square and knitted loosely. When binding off every alternate stitch is dropped; this makes the square soft and spongy. There are different ways of knitting them to get this same effect, but they are less simple. The work for the Red Cross benefits the children in many ways, so that they are helping themselves as well as others. They are much more keenly interested in the war than they otherwise would be, and their patriotism is stimulated by all that they do and learn.

#### Button Bag From Old Purse.

Do not throw away your old pocket-book which has become too worn to carry. It makes an excellent button bag. Hooks and eyes and very small buttons may be kept in the compartment which was used for small change, thus proving a great convenience when one is in a hurry.

#### Bracelet Slipper a Pretty Fad.

The newest kind of shoes for evening wear are of metallic brocade cut with a fairly long vamp and a high heel. The particularly novel feature is the extension of the top of the slipper to form a strap which is continued into a bracelet suggestion just above the ankle.



#### Inexpensive Table Decorations.

Wherever we drop in for afternoon tea we just naturally gravitate toward a table that glows with a candle under a pretty shade. Small vases or baskets of flowers have almost as strong a lure and every hostess knows that nothing else adds so much to her table as lights and flowers. So every year those who make a business of manufacturing table decorations bring out new variations in the use of silk or paper for shades and something new in receptacles for flowers.

The pretty flower basket shown above requires only deft fingers and paper rope to make it. The rope is woven over a wire foundation and the small basket carries an ordinary water glass. When the basket is woven of gray or brown or ivory color or green rope, according to the preference of its maker, it is varnished with shellac. Either real or artificial flowers, with fresh or preserved ferns, make up the bouquets that adorn living rooms and dining tables these days. Bouquets of artificial flowers are fashionable and serve to help brighten the house, with the approval of fastidious people. There is a great vogue for them in fact, especially for those that copy closely old-fashioned garden flowers like the aster and marigold, the daisy and chrysanthemum—and, of course, always the rose.

The candle shades and roses shown in the picture are made of fine crepe paper and much like the candle shades of last year or any other year, except that the candle light filters through two thicknesses of paper in two shades of the same color, with the lighter shade on the inside. At the left a candle shade is made of large rose petals in rose pink and each petal is lined with paper in a lighter pink. There are small roses and rose leaves set about the shade near its top. Soft shades of purple and lavender together make lovely shades of this kind. The shade at the right is even simpler. It is made of light and dark rose color and is as pretty in deep and pale yellow in orchid or the lighter greens. Of course nothing can ever equal

natural flowers in charm, but imitations of the rose are so good that they might be displayed in a florist's window. The paper candle shades, when they are well made will vie with those of silk or any other sort in effectiveness, so no one need be without them.

*Julia Bortoluzzi*

#### Suits to Suit All Figures.

The suit styles shown this season are so widely varied that no woman, whatever her figure, should have the slightest difficulty in making a selection. Little boxlike coats, sometimes loosely belted, with wide sleeves and high severe collars, are worn with narrow skirts, the silhouette arrived at suggesting the Mandarin coat and wide trousers of the Chinese. Russian blouse suits are also popular, and one of the styles featured for young girls has been dubbed the "tube" suit, inasmuch as the coat is straight and narrow and at a little distance appears to be cut with the skirt.

#### Belt Line Diversified.

The best line of the new frocks is as diversified as one can imagine. There are belts of all degrees of width. There is still the beltless frock that has a girle drawn loosely about the hips, and there are occasional high-waisted belts. The tendency in the new frocks is to emphasize the normal waistline, however, and this probably means the persistence of the separate belt of leather or embroidered silk.

#### Blouse With High Collar.

The new tailored blouse is developed with front and back yokes, from which box plaits are laid, or there may be a cluster of plaits in the center back and on either side of the front. The high collar is not figuring largely in the tailored models, the flat collar that reaches far down the front being favored. Narrow fluting is a feature of these waists.

## COUNTY AGENT PLAN WINNING IN STATE

Agriculturists Now Are Employed in 51 Counties—Only Few Districts Disapprove.

WORK WAS STARTED IN 1912

Alpena County First in Retaining Trained Worker to Cooperate With Farmers in Building Up Agriculture.

From Office of Publications, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A little more than five years ago the county of Alpena, in northwestern Michigan, drew ridicule and a horse-laugh from the old guard and standpats in the farming game by announcing to a complacent and unspectating world that it had made a place on its pay roll for an agricultural "specialist" whose business it would be to advise and work with farmers in Alpena county and their neighbors in Presque Isle and Montmorency. The experiment was undertaken at the suggestion of and in co-operation with the Michigan Agricultural college and the United States department of agriculture.

"More nonsense," fumed some of the skeptics.

But Alpena's supervisors were of pioneer stock and they could not be laughed out of their determination to give the county-agent plan a trial. A few weeks later they were joined in their experiment by Iron, Kent and Kalamazoo counties—and with them now are a half-hundred others.

The public, however, has thus far heard as a rule only criticism of the county agent, criticism that oftentimes has emanated from more or less disappointed persons who in attempting to fleece the farmer may have been misled in their designs by a wide-awake agricultural leader. Contrasting with these derogatory complaints stands the report issued a few days ago from the college by the director of extension and the state leader of county agents.

What the report showed was this: Michigan now has 51 county agents in the service of as many counties, while in the remaining 32 counties a majority have indicated that they will employ agents by the first of the coming year. Only a half-dozen have refused to take on men. The counties have discovered (as with beer before Michigan took the pledge) that as a rule there are no bad agents; some are merely better than others.

Of these 51 counties which since 1912 have joined with the college and the United States department of agriculture in the employment of co-operating agriculturists, 32 were provided with men before the war broke out. The others have "come in" as a result largely of what they saw during the summer of the work of the temporary field men employed to help cope with problems arising in the food campaign. The terms of these temporary agents ended on November 1, whereupon 19 counties voted at once in favor of keeping someone on the job permanently. This has left 32 counties still without agents, though assurance has been received by the leaders at M. A. C. that most of these will make the necessary appropriations before the present year ends.

That such a cordial reception of the county agent plan would be encountered was hardly looked for even in quarters most confident of its ultimate success.

As it has really turned out, not more than six or eight counties have flatly rejected county agents, and where this has occurred it has been found that the fault can be laid not to the county agent idea but to either the man who acted as agent, or to the dampening efforts of certain influential reactionaries.

Considering, however, that most of the men who acted as emergency agents appointed in a hurry, without opportunity being given the state to thoroughly try them out, the misfits among them were few. One turned out to be more of a real estate broker than an agricultural agent; another devoted so much energy to keeping his political fences mended that he couldn't find time to give farmers assistance in mending theirs, and in a third instance just plain incompatibility of temperament in the agent was the thorn which stuck in the ribs of the supervisors and kept them from voting an appropriation for continuation of the office.

Gradually, where such untoward conduct is detected, the responsible individuals are being dismissed.

But that such difficulties are rare has been well borne out by the report showing 51 counties definitely committed this year to the county agent plan, where five years ago Alpena stood alone.

With Alpena now are Iron, Kent, Kalamazoo, Allegan, St. Clair, Branch, Saginaw, Houghton, Newaygo, Gogebic, St. Joseph, Marquette, Dickinson, Lenawee, Ontonagon, Cheboygan, Otsego, Mason, Muskegon, Van Buren, Berrien, Manistee, Menominee, Schoolcraft, Missaukee, Presque Isle, Delta, Wayne, Chippewa, Tuscola, Alger, Lapeer, Emmet, Charlevoix, Antrim, Grand Traverse, Kalamazoo, Oshtemo, Clare, Oceana, Bay, Clinton, Shiawassee, Genesee, Oakland, Calhoun, Jackson, Washtenaw, Wexford and Cass.

## MICHIGAN WHEAT SMUTTY

Grain Arriving in Detroit Market Is Heavily Infected, Inspectors Show.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Specialist in Plant Diseases, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A few weeks ago one of the greatest of the nation's grain buyers branded Michigan wheat as about the smuttiest appearing on the market. Whereupon there were many staunch defenders of Michigan's fair name who ruffled up in high dudgeon at what they deemed a slur upon Michigan agriculture. Nevertheless the fact remains that Michigan wheat is not merely smutty—it is very smutty. Confirmation of this has recently come from Detroit.

Dr. N. Kopeloff, who has been assisting in the smut eradication work in Michigan—detailed to this state by the United States department of agriculture—reports that during September 30.2 per cent of the 41 cars of wheat received at the Detroit market were infected with stinking smut, while out of ten cars received in the first days in October, four had stinking smut.

George Miller, who has been doing similar work, quotes Mr. Rucker, chief inspector for the Detroit Board of Trade, as stating also that 80 per cent of Michigan rye carried ergot this year. The rulling of the board is to reduce the grade of rye one point if it is found to contain more than 1 per cent of ergot. This means a reduction in price of 1½ to 2 cents.

There might perhaps be little room for criticism if stinking smut was like the weather—something that cannot be controlled. But it can be gotten rid of. The new treatment of wheat for this disease has been tried everywhere in the state and where directions have been followed, excellent results have come.

County Agent Smith of Kent tells of a case of where the grain was badly injured by doubling the time it was left covered, the dilute formaldehyde method being used. The man upon being shown the new method treated the rest of his grain successfully, and as the advertisements say, "He will now use no other."

Certain county men have found that the directions carry the idea that 50 bushels are to be treated and give no specific pointers for handling two, five or ten bushels. The department acknowledges the validity of this criticism and is now working to standardize the method. Reports of poor results from the method in Allegan county have also been investigated. A farmer there stated that his grain had germinated, grew a few inches, and remained yellow. Examination showed that the trouble present was due to deep planting in a rather poor seed bed. Wherever the drill had planted at the proper depth, as in the harder, better packed portions of the field, the stand was perfect and the color and growth normal.

#### Plan Many Schools.

More than 100 of the two-day schools which in many sections of the state will replace the old farmers' institutes have been arranged for by the Michigan Agricultural college. Some of these, in a few of the northern counties such as Cheboygan, will be conducted in December, but most of them will not be put on before January 1. A few of the towns which will have these schools follow: New Richmond, Ganges, Gilead, Quincy, California, Munroe, Riggsville, Wolverine, Sparta, Cadmus, Arcadia, Onokama, Manistee, Chief, Dublin, Ludington, Victory township, Morey, Pioneer, Lucas, Moddersville, Fremont, Garfield, Grand Haven, Coopersville, Berlin, Jamestown, Zealand, Holland, Fair Haven, China, Burchville, Colon, Lawton, Decatur, Hartford, Gobberville, Lacota, South Haven, Covert, Reese, Carrs, Petoskey, East Jordan, Bangham, West Branch, Sandusky, Marlette, Arcadia, Birmingham, Cedar Springs, Dryden, Grant, Ironton, Lawrence, St. Johns, Schoolcraft, Sturgis, Ludington, Athens, China, Fair Haven, Lowell, Allenton, Three Rivers, Greenville, Ithaca, Wolverine, Freesoll, Mt. Tabor, Eau Claire, Buchanan, Millburg, Union City, Spring Port, Onaway and Millburg.

#### Talk to Buttermakers.

F. W. Bouska, reputed to be the nation's best posted authority on the subject of buttermaking and creamery management, will address Michigan buttermakers and creamery managers at the Michigan Agricultural college during the six days from December 17 to 22. The week will be given over at the college to a special one week's school for experienced creamery men. In addition to Mr. Bouska, it has been announced, members of the dairy faculty of the college, and representatives of the pure food and dairy department of the state will also meet with and work with the assembled buttermakers.

#### M. A. C. Feels High Cost of War.

More than any other educational institution in the state, the Michigan Agricultural college is feeling the "high cost of war." "The increase in the cost of laboratory materials and other items incident to the conduct of classes alone is costing the college \$80,000 a year more than was the case of 1916," said President Kedzie the other day. Greater than this, however, has been the drain upon the funds of M. A. C. which has resulted from the part the college has been called upon to play in war work. This has amounted to so much that it has already practically eaten up the increased appropriation allowed the college three years ago.

## PRUNE SMALL ORCHARD ON AVERAGE FARM

The purpose of this article is not to consider the needs of a large commercial orchard, but rather those of the small orchard on the average farm.

Young limbs may be taken off at any time. The loss of vitality and moisture is insignificant. But a large limb should never be taken off until the tree is dormant. The best time for this is late in the winter or very early in the spring before growth begins, as there is less danger of the wound drying out and cracking. Also so that no stubs extend out, because the wound will not heal over, and in time the stub will decay and ruin the tree.

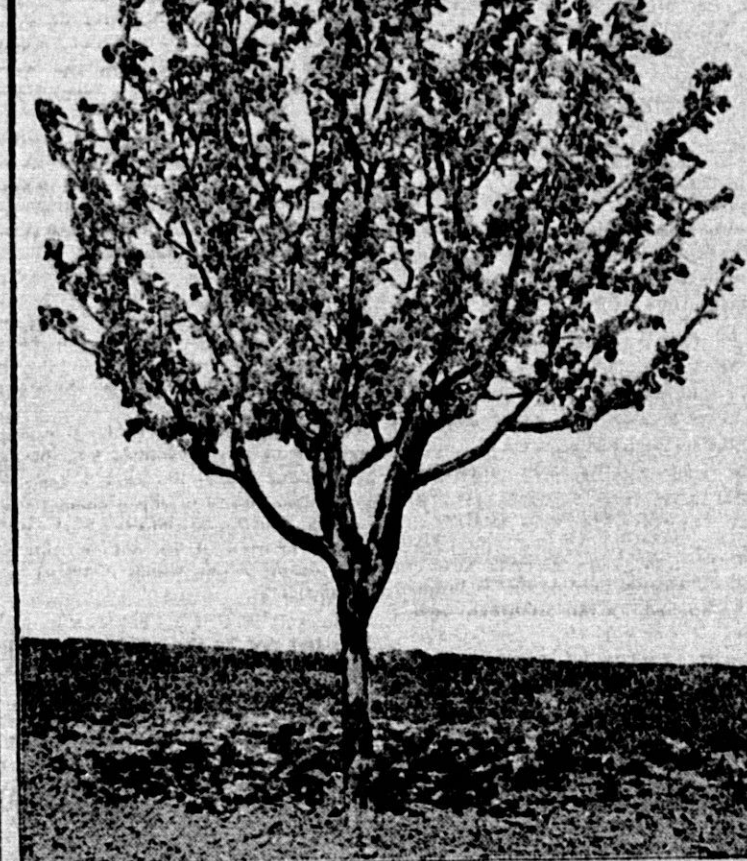
Make Cut Upward. Never make the first cut in a large limb on the top, but with the saw limb on the underside to prevent the limb from breaking off and peeling away a portion of the bark. Always leave the wound smooth, and if it is one and a half inches or more in diameter it should be painted with white lead.

Orchard renewing is rapidly coming into popularity in all parts of the fruit belt. Mature trees that have been neglected for many years are headed in and made to grow new wood, and in many cases the entire top is worked over and reshaped. The results of these experiments show that the methods are practical and beneficial. The orchardist works the top down to the low, well-balanced head that is so popular and with proper spraying the crops are large and well matured.

When to Begin Pruning. Pruning should begin when the tree is set out. The top and the roots are pruned so that they bear an equal ratio to each other. The top is started low. Some orchardists recommend as low as 18 to 24 inches above ground as the proper distance for starting the top. This is desirable, since it produces a tree with a low, well-branched top, which makes spraying

and picking more economically done, and also there is less danger of damage by storms.

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WELL-PRUNED APPLE TREE IN BLOSSOM.

## GIVING RASPBERRIES WINTER PROTECTION

Canes Must Be Bent Over to Ground and Covered With Earth or Straw.

(By E. P. SANDSTEN, Colorado Agricultural College.)

With few exceptions, winter protection is necessary to insure a crop of raspberries. In some cases the mere laying down or bending over of the canes to protect them against the cold and drying winds is all that is necessary, though the safest and most efficient way is to bury the canes, that is, cover them with soil to a depth of three or four inches. The covering should be done as late as possible, but before the ground is frozen. Select days during which there is no freezing temperature; otherwise the canes are apt to break when bent to the ground for covering. With some varieties having strong and brittle canes it is often necessary to remove a spadeful of soil from the side of the cane towards the ground, so that the canes are bent and in extreme cases the soil is removed on both sides. Generally, only enough earth is used to completely cover the canes, and success is dependent not upon the thickness of the covering, but upon the completeness of the cover. Straw manure will serve the same purpose as earth, if obtainable in sufficient quantity to make a complete covering.

The canes should be uncovered as late as possible in the spring to avoid early spring frosts, yet the covering should not be permitted to remain too long as it is apt to injure the young growth. Ordinarily when the buds have well started the covering should be removed. Care should be taken in uncovering so as not to break or otherwise injure the canes and the soil should be leveled off completely; otherwise in a few years the bushes will stand on a ridge and the feeding area of the plants is greatly decreased.

#### Best Feed for Pigs.

Skim milk is one of the best feeds for young pigs. With grain and green pasture it will make economical gains on pigs.

## EXPERIMENTS MADE AT WOBURN STATION

Tests to Ascertain Whether Apple Trees Suffered Less From Canker in High Soil.

The department of agriculture has received a report from the Woburn experimental fruit farm of tests made to ascertain whether apple trees in a heavy soil suffered less from canker if they were planted higher than usual. Certain varieties subject to this disease were planted at the usual depth and also with their roots flush with the surface of the ground. Observations over a period of ten years show that the high-planted trees have not flourished quite so well as the others. No relation between their behavior in successive years and the rainfall was observed. The high-planted trees have suffered somewhat less from the attack of canker.

Experiments dealing with the cutting back of the branches of trees at the time of transplanting have shown that such cutting back may be delayed up to any time before active growth begins without any injury to the trees. If delayed until the summer the effect is very deleterious and remains in evidence for many years afterwards. If the operation cannot be done before summer, it is recommended that it be deferred to the end of the first year. This is followed by excessive root growth and very strong branch growth subsequently occurs, at least during one season. The tree often continues this growth and does not come into proper bearing until several years later than similar trees which have been cut back at the time of transplanting.

#### Ship Only Best Eggs.

Use the poorly shaped and cracked eggs at home and ship only the best ones if you want to improve your market.

#### Crowding Is Expensive.

Crowding 200 hens into a space that will accommodate but 100 will crowd out all the health, comfort, vigor, flesh, temper and eggs of the entire flock.

## THE KITCHEN CABINET

More dangerous than a little knowledge is much knowledge of things that aren't so.

#### FOR THE WHEATLESS DAY.

For breakfast we will have any kind of cereals except those containing wheat, for example, the old-fashioned oat meal will go well for this meal, provided it is well cooked, then for luncheon and dinner hot corn bread, rice muffins, steamed



brown bread, bran bread, rye, and barley will give us a variety from which to choose. When preparing the breakfast oatmeal a larger quantity will cook nearly as soon, and the left-over amount may be put into a well-greased pan, and when cold cut in neat slices. This if fried nicely in sweet fat makes a most wholesome hot dish which will take the place of meat. We all know the value of cornmeal mush, both as a cereal and as a breakfast dish sliced and fried. Nuts, fruit, or bits of meat added to the hot mush make it more palatable and more nourishing.

In most of the breads a little wheat flour is essential to keep the materials together and when yeast is used to provide the gluten to hold in the gases so that the bread will rise.

Rice Muffins.—Sift together half a cupful of cornmeal, a cupful of pastry, a half teaspoonful of salt, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Beat one egg and one egg yolk, add a half cupful of milk, and when well mixed with the dry ingredients, add three tablespoonfuls of melted shortening with a cupful of boiled rice. Bake in well buttered muffin pans 25 minutes. The rice should be boiled tender and be quite moist.

When serving rice in various ways care should be taken to see that it is well done, as it is unwholesome under done.

Bran Bread.—Sift a cupful of milk, add two tablespoonfuls of shortening, a half teaspoonful of salt and three tablespoonfuls of molasses. When lukewarm add a cake of yeast softened in a quarter of a cupful of water, add one cupful of entire wheat flour and bran to make a soft dough. Do not knead. Let stand well covered until light, cut down and turn into a breadpan. When doubled in bulk, bake one hour.

Ice is a large item in many households; care in quickly opening and closing the chest will make a great saving in ice. Some housekeepers wrap the ice in newspapers and keep a few folded and laid over the ice, which saves wasting.

He who has conferred a kindness should be silent, he who has received one should speak of it.

#### GOOD THINGS FOR STATE OCCASIONS.

Celery to be used for the table, should be thoroughly chilled. By adding a slice of lemon or a dash of vinegar to the water, the celery is kept white and made crisp.

Apple and Cheese Salad.—Wipe and pare apples and scoop out 24 balls, using a French vegetable cutter. Marinate with French dressing and chill thoroughly. Mash a cream cheese, and add a tablespoonful of chopped pimentos, and three-fourths of a teaspoonful of salt. Shape into 12 balls the same size as the apple balls and roll in finely chopped parsley. Arrange a bed of crisp heart leaves of lettuce, sprinkle over it the celery cut in fine strips an inch and a half in length. Arrange the balls on the lettuce and serve with French dressing.

Turnip Cones.—Wash and pare turnips and cut in cone or cube shape, using a vegetable cutter; there should be three cupfuls. Put them into a casserole, add a half teaspoonful of salt, one and a half teaspoonfuls of sugar, one-fourth of a cupful of sweet fat, a dash of pepper, and a half cupful of boiling water. Cover and boil until the turnips are tender, about an hour and a half.

Brown Gilet Gravy.—Pour off all the liquid in the pan in which the turkey has been roasted. From the liquid skim off six tablespoonfuls of fat and return it to the roasting pan, add six tablespoonfuls of flour and stir until well blended, then cook until well browned. Pour on gradually, while stirring constantly, three cupfuls of stock. If you have none, use any vegetable water that vegetables have been cooked in, such as potato water, stir and cook until smooth, season and strain. To obtain stock cover the giblets, neck and wing tips with five cupfuls of cold water and let simmer until reduced to three cupfuls. The giblets are finely chopped and added to the gravy.

Lemon Filling.—One large or two small lemons, rind of juice, one cupful of sugar, a half cupful of water, one egg, a tablespoonful of butter and three tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with the sugar. Cook all together until smooth and thick. The cake may be frosted with chocolate or simply sprinkled with powdered sugar.

*Nellie Maxwell*