

Chelsea Hardware Company

The Old Firm with a New Name

To be sure of getting hardware that is standard in quality and price, get it from us and we will guarantee that you will have no cause to regret your purchase.

Seasonable hardware including: Lawn Mowers, Garden tools, Oil, Gasoline and Gas Ranges, Screen Doors and Window Screens.

Our stock of farm tools includes: Spring and Peg Tooth Harrows; Walking and Riding Cultivators; the J. I. Case Plows and Corn Planters; Hoosier Grain Drills; Sterling Hay Loaders and Side Delivery Rakes; Deering Mowers and Binders. Harness and Strap Work.

Furniture too! Let us show you some of the newest pieces just received. Also bicycles and baby buggies.

A. B. CLARK, Pres. H. R. Schoenhals, Vice Pres. J. B. COLE, Sec'y
—WE are here to serve YOU—

Administrator's Sale

As administrator of the estate of Ann Wheeler, I will sell at private sale four-ninths of her father's farm on the Plank road, west of Dexter village, known as the old John McGuinness farm.

J. S. GORMAN, Administrator

Hose, Pumps and Fittings

Guaranteed Hose—Garden Hose, Hose Nozzles and Couplings. I also handle all kinds of Pumps for hand and windmills. All kinds of Windmills, Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

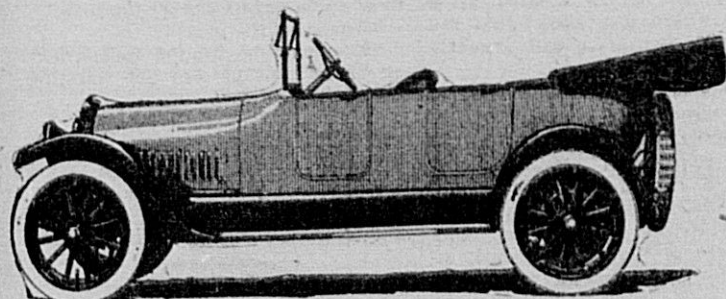
Plumbing and Heating

Neatly done. All work guaranteed.

Main and Middle Sts.
Chelsea, Mich.

J. F. ALBER

Studebaker
Established 1852



DURABILITY

One thing that adds excess value and life to the Series 18 FOUR and SIX is the special steels used in the manufacture, made to Studebaker's own specifications especially for Studebaker cars.

Another is the scientific heat treatment of vital parts, like gears, axles, axle shafts, etc., which makes them stronger, longer-wearing, and permits lighter weight with increased strength.

A third is the absolute accuracy of Studebaker manufacturing processes, and the resulting perfect fit and alignment of all parts, and perfect balance of motor parts and the entire car, reducing friction and wear to the very lowest point.

This is why Studebaker Cars "stand up," give continuous service month after month, year after year, with low up-keep cost. This is why a Studebaker in the end is one of the most economical cars in the world to buy.

Come in and let us give you a demonstration.

40-H. P., 7-Passenger FOUR \$ 985
50-H. P., 7-Passenger SIX 1250
Prices F. O. B. Detroit

LaVERNE E. READE, Agent

Service at New Crescent Garage, Chelsea
Agent for Mutual Automobile Insurance.

BACCALUREATE SERMON

Rev. Dierberger Gave Annual Address to Seniors.

The annual baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the Chelsea high school was delivered Sunday evening in the Congregational church by the pastor, Rev. P. W. Dierberger. Rev. Whitney read the Scripture lesson and Rev. Osborn offered prayer. The evening's collection was for the benefit of the Red Cross society.

Special music was furnished by a union choir, including the following: Blaine Bartch, Howard Boyd, Miss Grace Walz, Mrs. J. S. Cummings, Miss Hazel Speer, Mrs. L. T. Freeman, Wilbur Riemschneider and John Lautenschlager; with Miss Doris Schmidt at the organ.

Rev. Dierberger chose as his text the 14th verse of the fourth chapter of James, choosing as his theme, "For What is Your Life?" He said in part:

The launching of a ship, with all the gay ceremonies attendant upon such an occasion, is similar to the launching of a life. There is much waving of flags and God-speed, but the real test must come later. The first question to be answered is—What is your life as regards character? It must be well established and settled before one can do his best work. It is a most enduring quality and the supreme test of life. Society admires the scholarly intellect, but reveres the quality of goodness. Religion is the foundation for character-building and the Bible furnishes helpful suggestions. Jesus Christ is the standard character of the world. The second question is—What is your life in its aspirations? High aspirations beget great achievements. They are the hungerings of one's heart. Lives of all great men are the history of high aspirations achieved. They saw a vision of future possibilities and worked unceasingly for their achievement. The third question is—What is your life in its determination? Will power to overcome any and all obstacles in one's path is necessary to success. Obstacles are only the measure of one's ability. First failures are often followed by later successes, but one must have the will power to overcome the discouragement of first failures in order to attain to later successes. The future now lies before you like a block of marble in the rough or a lump of unformed clay. It is for you to transform them into useful objects. First find your place in life and then fill it to overflowing. The service closed with a prayer by Rev. Schoen, music by the choir and benediction by Rev. Nothdurft.

COMMENCEMENT PROGRAM

Class of Twenty-two Will Graduate From Chelsea High School.

The annual commencement exercises of the Chelsea high school will be held Wednesday evening, June 20th, at eight o'clock, at the Methodist church. The program follows: March—"Our Nation's Pride" Levy Fischer's Orchestra

Selections from "Katinka," Friml Orchestra

Invocation—Rev. G. H. Whitney

Salutatory—Isora Foster

Novellette—"Moonlight"—Hunter Orchestra

Class History—Marion Schmidt, Louise Ives

Violin Solo—"At Dawning"—Bond Raymond Huss

Class Prophecy—Laura Schoenhals, Katherine Hoffman

"Floral Suite"—Bendix Orchestra

Valedictory—Claire Rowe

"Auf Wiedersehen"—from "Blue Paradise"—Hart Orchestra

Address—Prof. F. S. Goodrich, Albion College

"National Emblem"—Pryor Orchestra

Presentation of Diplomas—Supt. W. L. Walling

Class Song—Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

Class of 1917

CLOSING EXERCISES ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

Excellent Program, Including An Address by Rev. P. J. Howard of Assumption College.

The annual commencement and closing exercises of St. Mary's academy will be held this evening, June 19th, in St. Mary's auditorium, beginning at eight o'clock. Diplomas will be granted to three young people; Mary E. Hummel, Loretta C. Weber and Raymond J. Steele. The evening's program follows:

Part One.

Overture—Orchestra

Salutatory—Raymond J. Steele

Chorus—"Tis Morn"—All High Club

Greeting to Our Pastor—Loretta C. Weber

Selection—Orchestra

Valedictory—Mary E. Hummel

Address—Rev. P. J. Howard

Conferring of honors—Rev. William P. Considine

Selection—Orchestra

Part Two.

A five act drama entitled Damon and Pythias, with the following cast of characters:

Damon—Raymond J. Steele

Pythias—Alvin Riedel

Dionysius—Alban Hoffman

Damocles—Frank Nordman

Phyllis—Margaret Farrell

Procles—Agnes McKune

Lucullus—Oswald Eisenman

Calanthe—Mary Hummel

Hermion—Wilamina Burg

Child of Damon—Robert Wheeler

Servant—Herbert Eder

Arria—Margaret Gieske

Servant—Norbert Merkle

Soldiers—Isabel Schanz, Loretta Weber, Marie Guinan, Gertrude Liebeck, Florence Penn, Sarah O'Connor.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

Soldiers—Clifford Gieske, John Eder, Leo Eisele, George Staphin, Herbert Eder, Norbert Merkle.

NEAR \$1,000,000 MARK

Assessed Valuation of Chelsea is \$992,800.

At a regular meeting of the village council last evening, Village Assessor H. H. Avery was authorized to spread a tax of 1 1/4 per cent on all real and personal property within the village corporation.

The assessor's report showed an assessed valuation of \$992,800.00. The valuation of real estate is \$738,550.00 and of personal property \$254,250.00. The amount which will be raised by a tax of 1 1/4 per cent is \$12,410.00.

JOHN M. STEELE.

John M. Steele died Sunday, June 17, 1917, at his home, 230 West Middle street, following a long illness of several months duration. He was 58 years, three months and 14 days of age.

Mr. Steele was born in Wuerttemberg, Germany, March 3, 1859, his parents being George and Christina Steele. He was left an orphan while still a young lad, and a few years later when only 14 years of age he came to America, landing at New York City and soon after coming to Ann Arbor.

He learned the millers trade and was employed in that capacity for 24 years by the Deibel Bros. of Scio. He was also Michigan Central station agent at Scio for many years and was postmaster for 14 years up until the Scio office was discontinued following the inauguration of the rural free delivery routes in that vicinity. He had resided in Chelsea for the past ten years and was head miller at the Chelsea Roller Mills for a number of years. The deceased was a member of the C. M. B. A. and of the Macabees.

He was married to Miss Mary E. Shields in Dexter, February 6, 1884, who is left with five children, Frances C., Raymond and George of Chelsea, Mrs. William Welch of Ypsilanti and Sister M. Angeline of Adrian to mourn their loss. He is also survived by three sisters, all of whom reside in the east.

The funeral was held this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Rev. W. P. Considine conducting the service. Interment in Dexter.

WANTED, FOR SALE, TO RENT

Advertising under this heading, 5 cents per line for first insertion, 24 cents per line for each additional consecutive insertion. Minimum charge for first insertion, 15 cents. Special rate, 3 lines or less, 3 consecutive times, 25 cents.

WANTED—Young man who has had some experience in clothing and men's furnishing goods. References required. Glasgow Bros., Jackson. 8173

FOR SALE—Gentle horse, single harness and nearly new buggy. Mrs. Charles Fish, phone 150-F20. 8113

FLUFF RUGS—Have your old carpets made into new rugs. Highest prices paid for old carpet. Country work a specialty. Address C. L. Ream, Chelsea, Box 43. Phone 133. 8111

BOATS—Seven good boats for rent at North Lake. George Webb, phone 116-F23, Chelsea. 8111

FOR SALE—Nearly new two burner kerosene oil stove. Theresa Winters, Chelsea. 8111

AUTOMOBILE TIRES—30x3, 30x3 1/2 and 32x3 1/2, guaranteed for 5,000 miles, at 20 per cent off list price; also quantity new tubes. Lewis Ernst, Dexter, Mich. 7913

TORNADO INSURANCE—Agent for the old reliable Hastings Mutual Co. O. C. Burkhardt, Farmers & Merchants bank, Chelsea. 7913

FOR RENT—Tenant house with garden, 1 1/2 miles east of Cement plant. Phone Guy Huice, 214-F22. 7913

FOR SALE—Eight room modern residence, 519 McKinley St. Phone 42 for particulars. 6111

FOR SALE—House, lot and barn on East Middle St. Extensive repairs just completed. Howard S. Holmes, Chelsea. 5411

FOR SALE—Modern residence, South and Grant streets. William Fabner, Chelsea. 6411

AUTO LIVERY—Dodge car service at reasonable rates, any hour. Phone 107-W, or see Hazen Leach, Chelsea. 6711

WANTED—People in this vicinity who have any legal printing required in the settlement of estates, etc., to have it sent to the Chelsea Tribune. The rates are universal in such matters, and to have your notices appear in this paper it is only necessary to ask the probate judge to send them to the Chelsea Tribune. 6411

KEMP COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK

ESTABLISHED

1876

Capital, Surplus and Profits \$100,000.00

Industrious, Yet Poor

You may be industrious and yet have no money saved. Let us apply our system

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding skin. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from this wholesale drug house.—adv.

The Desired Effect.

"Massah! I sho is in a phudicky-munt, sah," whined Brother Slewfoot. "Muh child'ren has done got do mumps, and got 'em so pow'ful poms dat yo' kin her 'em cl'ar acrost de street. And I wint you'd please gimme 'bout haffer dollah, sa, to buy some medicine for 'em. When all dem eight child'en gets mumpin' at once, de sound—"

"Pshaw! You can't hear the mumps, Slewfoot, you are an abominable liar!"

"Yassah! And won't yo' please gimme dat haffer dollah for bein' de most 'bomtable liar yo' has met dis bright mavin', sah? Uh-yaw! Haw! haw!"—Judge.

Twenty-Five Years' Experience With This Kidney Medicine

It is a quarter of a century since I introduced Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to my trade and they all speak very favorably regarding it, and some friends said it is the best medicine they have ever used. The sale we have enjoyed on the preparation and the splendid reputation that it feels is a positive proof that it is one of the most meritorious remedies on the market. Very truly yours,

P. E. BRITTON, Druggist.
Nov. 28th, 1916. Jonesboro, Tenn.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Too Much.

George Ade said at a wedding breakfast at St. Joseph:
"Once, in putting on a new play of mine, the manager refused to have a young married couple in the cast."
"I'll take on one or the other, George," he said, "but not both."
"Why not both?" said I. "They're both clever."
"That may be," said he, "but the public, George, don't care to see a man making love to his own wife."
"Looks too much like acting, eh?" said I.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These
There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription outline—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of outline—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it at night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one outline is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength outline, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Long Enough and Cold Enough.
The winter that has just closed was the longest and coldest winter in 840 years, so it is announced by the "oldest inhabitant in England." Well, we can easily believe him, but isn't he an old fellow and hasn't he a wonderful memory?—Providence Bulletin.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

How Money Gets Into Circulation.
Money is sent from treasury to sub-treasuries and from these it is distributed to banks. It is drawn out of banks to be used in payment of wages, salaries or exchange and thus gets into circulation.

THE WORLD'S FIRST BILLIONAIRE

An opportunity to share in the business that made the world's first billionaire is offered to the small investor. Full particulars will be furnished absolutely free and without obligation to anyone who will send a postal card to The Security Finance and Investment Co., 329 Foster Bldg., Denver, Colo.—Adv.

Doesn't Like Lap Dogs.
"What is your husband's pet aversion?"
"An aversion to pets."

After the Marine is Tired Eyes.
Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Itching Eyes—Bleeding Eyes—All these troubles are cured by the use of the famous "Red Eye" ointment. It is the only ointment that will cure all these troubles. It is sold in every drug store. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by J. C. Williams, 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

"FORCED INTO WAR"— PRESIDENT WILSON

Chief Executive Lays Blame for
Conflict Upon Germany.

Declares American People Had No Choice But to Take Up Arms—Duplicity and Intrigues of the Kaiser's Government Forced the Conflict in Which the Nation Is Engaged.

Washington, June 15.—President Wilson, in his Flag day speech, set forth the aims of the United States in the present war, practically as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: We meet to celebrate Flag Day because this flag which we honor and under which we serve is the emblem of our unity, our power, our thought and purpose as a nation. It has no other character than that which we give it from generation to generation. The choices are ours. It floats in majestic silence above the hosts that execute those choices, whether in peace or in war. And yet, though silent, it speaks to us—speaks to us of the past, of the men and women who went before us and of the records they wrote upon it. We celebrate the day of its birth; and from its birth until now it has witnessed a great history, has floated on high the symbol of great events, of a great plan of life worked out by a great people. We are about to carry it into battle, to lift it where it will draw the fire of our enemies. We are about to bid thousands, hundreds of thousands, it may be millions of our men, the young, the strong, the capable men of the nation, to go forth and die beneath it on fields of blood far away—for what? For some unaccustomed thing? For something for which it has never sought the fire before? American armies were never before sent across the seas. Why are they sent now? For some new purpose, for which this great flag has never been carried before, or for some old, familiar, heroic purpose for which it has seen men, its own men, die on every battlefield upon which Americans have borne arms since the Revolution?

These are questions which must be answered. We are Americans. We in our turn serve America, and can serve her with no private purpose. We must use her flag as she has always used it. We are accountable at the bar of history and must plead in utter frankness what purpose it is we seek to serve.

No Choice But War's Arbitrament.

It is plain enough how we were forced into the war. The extraordinary insults and aggressions of the Imperial German government left us no self-respecting choice but to take up arms in defense of our rights as a free people and of our honor as a sovereign government. The military masters of Germany denied us the right to be neutral. They filled our unsuspecting communities with vicious spies and conspirators and sought to corrupt the opinion of our people in their own behalf. When they found that they could not do that, their agents diligently spread sedition amongst us and sought to draw our own citizens from their allegiance, and some of those agents were men connected with the official embassy of the German government itself here in our own capital. They sought by violence to destroy our industries and arrest our commerce. They tried to incite Mexico to take up arms against us and to draw Japan into a hostile alliance with her—and that, not by indirection, but by direct suggestion from the foreign office in Berlin. They impudently denied us the use of the high seas and repeatedly executed their threat that they would send to their death any of our people who ventured to approach the coasts of Europe. And many of our own people were corrupted. Men began to look upon their own neighbors with suspicion and to wonder in their hot resentment and surprise whether there was any community in which hostile intrigue did not lurk. What great nation in such circumstances would not have taken up arms? Much as we had desired peace, it was denied us, and not of our own choice. This flag under which we serve would have been dishonored had we withheld our hand.

Relations With German People.

But that is only part of the story. We know now as clearly as we knew before we were ourselves engaged that we are not enemies of the German people and that they are not our enemies. They did not originate or desire this hideous war or wish that we should be drawn into it; and we are vaguely conscious that we are fighting their cause, as they will some day see it, as well as our own. They are themselves in the grip of the same sinister power that has now at last stretched its ugly talons out and drawn blood from us. The whole world is in the grip of that power and is trying out the great battle which shall determine whether it is to be brought under its mastery or fling itself free.

The war was begun by the military masters of Germany, who proved to be also the masters of Austria-Hungary.

IN HARMONY FROM NOW ON

Units of Allied Powers in the Field and on the Ocean to Be Placed Under One Control.

Washington, June 15.—An international army staff and international navy staff for co-ordination of military and naval operations, will be created by the allied powers.

The organization of such bodies is deemed absolutely essential if the allies are to win the war. The nations

fighting in league with Germany have practically surrendered their independence to Berlin.

It is at the German headquarters that the moves are planned, not only for the German fronts but for the Italian battlefields, the Balkans, Asia Minor and Persia. This unity of command has resulted in movements to hold vast bodies of enemy troops while a strenuous forward campaign was being conducted elsewhere. This scheme, it is felt, must now be put in force by the allies.

The action taken also means that the defense council's committee on coal production will be a body representing every element entering into the production of coal in the United States and will insure all the fuel necessary for this country and for exportation to our allies.

Kalamazoo—Forty members of the Nineteenth volunteer infantry held their annual reunion here. Washington Gardner, of Albion, former commander of the state G. A. R., was a guest.

London—All the way between the North sea and the Swiss border both the Allies and the Germans are preparing for an offensive.

The great battles of the year are still to come. But nobody knows where. This is the lesson the Germans learned on the Yser and at Verdun, the Allies in the Champagne, on the Aisne and at Arras—that no offensive can be pushed home to its ultimate purpose, unless it comes absolutely as a surprise—so much so that the opponent cannot find time to throw his reserves and guns into the sectors attacked.

Not the slightest inkling must be given the enemy precisely on what front the great breach is to be effected. Therefore, practically the whole front must be continuously bombarded with equal force until everything is ready for the blow.

ENGINEERS QUIT FT. SHERIDAN

First Departure From Training Camp Effected Without Frills.

Fort Sheridan, Ill.—Three Hundred Engineers, half from the Michigan-Wisconsin company and half from Illinois, have said farewell to Fort Sheridan.

The coast artillery contingent of 100 men also marched out of the post and entrained for a point on the Atlantic seaboard, while the engineers went in the opposite direction to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

This was the first departure from the training camp and was effected without fuss or frills. The seriousness of war was reflected in the stolid attitude of the departing soldiers.

LIMIT LOAN TO \$2,000,000,000

Over-subscription of Liberty Loan to Be Pruned Down.

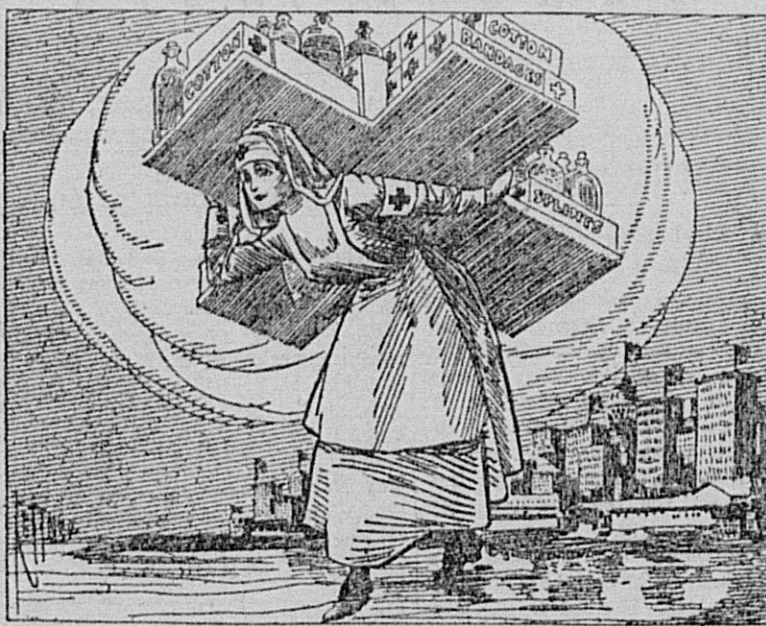
Washington—Secretary McAdoo announced that no part of the great over-subscription to the Liberty loan would be accepted, and that his statement of May 10 in which he declared would be limited to \$2,000,000,000 stood good now as then.

Mr. Adoo's announcement will result in paring down hundreds of the larger subscriptions until the total reaches the \$2,000,000,000 limit.

Ann Arbor.—The board of education has denied a diploma to a high school student under arrest for not registering.

Adrian.—Catherine Hood, 17, a member of the high school class, died of heart failure the day before graduating. The senior "send off," a dinner and dancing party, to have been held was abandoned. Miss Hood was society editor of the annual senior publication and had written an advance story of the party which was called off because of her death.

RED CROSS WEEK—HELP THE WOUNDED



U.S. TAKES OVER ALL SHIPS BEING BUILT

GOVERNMENT WILL RUSH WORK
ON VESSELS NOW UNDER
CONSTRUCTION.

TWO MILLION TONS ON WAYS

Standardized Steel Ships Will Be
Built By New Fleet Corporation
As Soon As Ways Are Clear.

Washington.—Steel shipping under construction in American yards, probably 2,000,000 tons, will be taken over immediately by the government under power granted in a provision of the \$3,000,000,000 war budget bill. The announcement was made at a conference of the country's steel shipbuilders with the shipping board and its emergency fleet corporation. Ships now building will be rushed by double and triple working shifts. When the ways are cleared the fleet corporation will begin building its great fleet of standardized steel vessels.

Only by taking over contracts for itself can the government speed construction. Contracts for future construction probably will be abrogated unless the fleet corporation decides the ships are specially fitted for the government.

3,000,000 Tons in 18 Months.

Major General Goethals, general manager of the fleet corporations told the shipbuilders he expects to build fully 3,000,000 tons of steel shipping in the next 18 months. Steel companies, he said, have agreed to furnish steel for \$60,000 tons a month. The only question, he said, is the capacity of the yards, working at topmost speed.

About 1,000,000 tons of the shipping building in American yards or contracted for are for England. This the British government has agreed to turn over to the United States voluntarily. As fast as built ships will be chartered to private operators and possibly to the allied governments.

Shipbuilders were told the government has no intention of taking over the ship yards if they do their utmost to speed construction.

GILLION TONS OF COAL IN 1918

United Mineworkers Pledge Record Production.

Washington.—One billion tons of coal is the promised production for the nation next year under an agreement reached between officials of the United Mineworkers of America and the council of national defense.

Equal recognition will be given by the government henceforth to the mine workers and mine operators and each will act as a check on the other, it was decided at the conference.

At the close of the conference John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, said:

"With this new understanding reached, free workers, organized as free men, can cover this country a foot deep with coal and in the next year raise its production from the former record of 600,000,000 tons to 1,000,000,000 tons."

Recognition by the council of national defense of the union workers in dealing with the coal situation is hailed by labor leaders as meaning that the government has come to a realization that the labor interests of the country have pledged themselves to the support of President Wilson in the war.

The action taken also means that the defense council's committee on coal production will be a body representing every element entering into the production of coal in the United States and will insure all the fuel necessary for this country and for exportation to our allies.

Kalamazoo—Forty members of the Nineteenth volunteer infantry held their annual reunion here. Washington Gardner, of Albion, former commander of the state G. A. R., was a guest.

London—All the way between the North sea and the Swiss border both the Allies and the Germans are preparing for an offensive.

The great battles of the year are still to come. But nobody knows where. This is the lesson the Germans learned on the Yser and at Verdun, the Allies in the Champagne, on the Aisne and at Arras—that no offensive can be pushed home to its ultimate purpose, unless it comes absolutely as a surprise—so much so that the opponent cannot find time to throw his reserves and guns into the sectors attacked.

Not the slightest inkling must be given the enemy precisely on what front the great breach is to be effected. Therefore, practically the whole front must be continuously bombarded with equal force until everything is ready for the blow.

ENGINEERS QUIT FT. SHERIDAN

First Departure From Training Camp Effected Without Frills.

Fort Sheridan, Ill.—Three Hundred Engineers, half from the Michigan-Wisconsin company and half from Illinois, have said farewell to Fort Sheridan.

The coast artillery contingent of 100 men also marched out of the post and entrained for a point on the Atlantic seaboard, while the engineers went in the opposite direction to Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

This was the first departure from the training camp and was effected without fuss or frills. The seriousness of war was reflected in the stolid attitude of the departing soldiers.

LIMIT LOAN TO \$2,000,000,000

Over-subscription of Liberty Loan to Be Pruned Down.

Washington—Secretary McAdoo announced that no part of the great over-subscription to the Liberty loan would be accepted, and that his statement of May 10 in which he declared would be limited to \$2,000,000,000 stood good now as then.

Mr. Adoo's announcement will result in paring down hundreds of the larger subscriptions until the total reaches the \$2,000,000,000 limit.

Ann Arbor.—The board of education has denied a diploma to a high school student under arrest for not registering.

Adrian.—Catherine Hood, 17, a member of the high school class, died of heart failure the day before graduating. The senior "send off," a dinner and dancing party, to have been held was abandoned. Miss Hood was society editor of the annual senior publication and had written an advance story of the party which was called off because of her death.

SHORTAGE OF COAL THREATENS P.M.R.R.

PRESIDENT ALFRED PREDICTS
FAMINE UNLESS GOVERN-
MENT INTERVENES.

MAY TIE UP ENTIRE SYSTEM

Other Roads Affiliated With Coal Mines Said to be Storing Large Quantities for Winter.

Lansing.

Frank H. Alfred, president of the Pere Marquette system, declared, before the state railroad commission, that unless some action is taken by the government, Michigan will suffer a coal famine the coming winter, and that the Pere Marquette will not be able to operate.

This statement came during a hearing given shippers, who were claiming that the road had taken several trains off regular schedules.

President Alfred told the commission of efforts made by his road to have the situation relieved by frequent trips to Washington and when asked by Commissioner Glasgow why he did not unite with the other roads in a general protest, stated that all the larger roads are securing coal, but that the Pere Marquette is being discriminated against.

He stated that the Grand Trunk and Michigan Central were storing large quantities of coal for winter and that the roads affiliated with coal mines and interests could secure a supply, but that the Pere Marquette was not so fortunate.

"We have no contracts for coal for next year and it is not possible to make contracts," said Mr. Alfred. "We do not know where or how it will be possible to get coal and at what price. Coal confiscated and bought on the outside by the Pere Marquette since January has cost in excess of normal price over \$300,000."

The Michigan railroad commission will investigate the reported condition as regards the Pere Marquette, so far as their powers will allow, and will try to secure some redress for the road and Michigan coal users.

Older Men Sought As Army Officers.

State military officers say that the next officers' training camps, which are to begin July 26, are not only seeking older men, but will get them—482 of them from Michigan. That is the state quota.

Since war was declared there has been a stream of letters and telegrams to Adjutant-General Bersey from men, most of whom are past 35, who have seen some sort of service in the Spanish war, in Porto Rico, Cuba or the Philippines.

There has been nothing that such men could be recommended for to date, but now that the government wants older men for the second camps, it is thought here that those who have offered their services first will again come to the front.

The new order makes special provision and especial mention of those who have offered their services. Although 44 is the general age limit for citizens who have no military connections, the age limit rises to 50 in cases where men are on the officers' reserve corps list as created by a state, or where they show what the government chooses to call "remarkable adaptability."

All arms of the service are to be filled by these older officers, although it is particularly specified in the orders that the cavalrymen will be trained dismounted as infantry. Most of the same regulations apply to the second camps as to the ones now on. Pay at the rate of \$100 is promised, although the government insists it would be better if the applicant bought his own uniform.

Applications for this state must go to Fort Wayne at Detroit. They can not be filed after July 15.

New Guard Units Cannot Be Formed.

No new units for the Michigan National Guard will be recognized by the war department until the units now in the guard shall be placed on a war strength and made properly efficient.

That in substance was an order received here by Adjutant-General Bersey regarding the newly-organized third battery of artillery in Lansing. This means that extra units are to be accepted only when all others are literally "up to snuff."

The new regiment of infantry which has been unofficially reported from Washington several times, but has never been officially heard of in Lansing is considered now but a probability contingent upon the complete recruiting of the other infantry regiments.

Auto License Sales Boom.

Up to June 1 of this year there had been registered in Michigan 184,126 automobiles, 6,547 motorcycles, 11,339 chauffeurs and 819 manufacturers and dealers.

Last year the totals were: Automobiles, 160,652; motorcycles, 8,951; chauffeurs, 11,282; manufacturers and dealers, 652.

So far this year there has been collected in license fees the \$2,062,792.79. During the whole of last year but \$1,739,343.62 collected.

CLIMBED STAIRS ON HER HANDS

Too Ill to Walk Upright. Operation
Advised. Saved by Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This woman now raises chickens and does manual labor. Read her story: Richmond, Ind.—"For two years I was so sick and weak with troubles from my age that when going up stairs I had to go very slowly with my hands on the steps, then sit down at the top to rest. The doctor said he thought I should have an operation, and my friends thought I would not live to move into our new house. My daughter asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had taken it with good results. I did so, my weakness disappeared, I gained in strength, moved into our new home, did all kinds of garden work, shovelled dirt, did building and cement work, and raised hundreds of chickens and ducks. I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if these facts are useful you may publish them for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. M. O. JOHNSON, Route D, Box 190, Richmond, Ind.



to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had taken it with good results. I did so, my weakness disappeared, I gained in strength, moved into our new home, did all kinds of garden work, shovelled dirt, did building and cement work, and raised hundreds of chickens and ducks. I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if these facts are useful you may publish them for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. M. O. JOHNSON, Route D, Box 190, Richmond, Ind.

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-class references. Best results.

'TUFF'

Makes Tender Feet Tough. Footpad for the foot. The Little Co., Inc., 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

FARM HANDS

HIG PAY. Write WILLIAM SHANLEY, Rudyard, Mont.

WAR USES FOR FACTORIES

Manufacturers Surprised to Find What Can Be Made in Their Plants in Case of Emergency.

Here is a paragraph, snipped out of an article by George C. Fred in Everybody's Magazine, which shows the war uses to which various peaceful manufacturing plants can be adapted:

"A manufacturing jeweler was surprised to learn that his plant, with a few changes, could turn out periscopes; a sash-chain maker found that his machines were adapted to the production of cartridge clips for rifles and machine guns; a phonograph concern was discovered to be well fitted for the manufacture of certain delicate shell parts; makers of underwear may be relied on for bandages; a manufacturer of music-rolls for gauges; a cream-separator plant for shell-primers; a sewing machine company for gauges; a recording and computing machine plant for fuses; an infants' food concern for shell plugs; drug manufacturers and dye works for high explosives; finished shells may be expected from candle-makers, flour-millers, tobacco manufacturers, and siphon-makers; silversmiths can make cartridge-cases, bullet jackets, and caps; while shrapnel can be made in gas engine works, car factories, electric elevator works, locomotive works, stove foundries and machine shops."

Started Right in to Fight.

"They quarreled immediately after the wedding ceremony."

"That so? While the guests were there?"

"Yes, right in the presence of everybody. It seemed a disgraceful thing to do until I caught the idea."

"What was the idea?"

"It seemed he wanted to convince all of us that he was not marrying her to escape war."

Just the Thing.

"Where can I learn to be an expert on tea?" "I suppose a samovarist would be the idea for you."



PARENTS

who love to gratify children's desire for the same articles of food and drink that grown-ups use, find

INSTANT

POSTUM

just the thing.

"There's a Reason"

L. T. COOPER TO PROVE HIS FAMOUS THEORIES

Renowned Lecturer and Scientist Will Prove Famous Health Theories—Man Who Electrified Larger Cities to Give People of This Section Benefits of Study and Medicine—Many Thousands are Benefitted.

AS WAS announced in last week's paper, Mr. L. T. Cooper, the Millionaire Philanthropist who electrified the larger cities of the country with his demonstration of practical philanthropy, health theories and celebrated medicine, Tanlac, has been invited to visit Detroit and other Michigan cities.

Thousands of the most prominent people in St. Louis, Cincinnati, Dallas, Memphis, Atlanta, Birmingham, Louisville, Nashville and even the larger cities of the North and East, where his celebrated medicine has been accomplishing such remarkable results, are even more enthusiastic over Tanlac than Mr. Cooper himself.

It is Mr. Cooper's theory that nine-tenths of the diseases and ill-health of the average person is due to a catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membrane which produces faulty digestion and improper assimilation of the food.

In a recent interview, Mr. Cooper was asked if Tanlac would relieve Kidney trouble, Liver complaint and a dozen other ailments and in this connection, said:

"As I have repeatedly said, my medicine acts directly on the mucous membrane, stomach and blood, expelling from them the impurities and toxic poisons, and rendering to them a strong, healthy condition.

"I am convinced that the stomach regulates the condition of the blood, and is the fountainhead of health or disease, as the case may be. My medicine is intended primarily for the regulation of the stomach and catarrhal inflammation, but it is no uncommon thing for persons who have used it to come to me and explain that it has relieved them of rheumatism and many other ailments not generally recognized as having their origin in stomach trouble.

"Most of the so-called stomach, liver and kidney troubles," continued Mr. Cooper, "are due almost entirely to a catarrhal inflammation of these organs and it is believed that Tanlac is the first actually direct specific therefor.

"Catarrh of the stomach, liver and kidneys is the most frequent cause of dyspepsia and kidney disorders and a catarrhal condition of the nose and throat often leads to deafness. Frequently the lungs become diseased by the extension of the catarrhal inflammation by way of the bronchial tubes to the lung substance. The mental and physical state of the chronic catarrh sufferers is indeed very unfortunate.

"Tanlac has overcome this condition in its most obstinate stages, and the preparation, therefore, must be, as I have always contended, the one great

Temple of Solomon. The Temple of Solomon was begun in the fourth year of his reign (B. C. 1012), and completed seven years later. The whole area was inclosed by the outer walls and formed a square of about 600 feet. The front of the porch was supported by two great brazen pillars. One of these was called Joachin and the other Boaz.

DON'T WORRY ABOUT PIMPLES

Because Cuticura Quickly Removes Them—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with plenty of Soap. Keep your skin clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere—Adv.

It must be tough to be tied for life to a man who insists on wearing off his grousches at home.

Canadian Farmers Profit From Wheat

The war's devastation of European crops has caused an unusual demand for grain from the American Continent. The people of the world must be fed and wheat near \$2 a bushel offers great profits to the farmer. Canada's invitation is therefore especially attractive. She wants settlers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops.

There is an extra demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. The Government is urging farmers to put extra acreage into grain. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

M. V. MacINNIS
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

METZ
CARS \$685

Le Veque-Boston Motor Sales Co.
86 Jeff Ave. STATE DISTRIBUTORS Detroit
WRITE FOR CATALOG D.

STATE NEWS

St. Clemens—A young unidentified man was killed by a bolt of lightning at the Joy aviation field. He sought shelter from the storm under a tree, which was splintered by lightning.

Detroit—A jury in the United States district court declared Nathan P. Lowe, 49 years old, Whitmore lake, a rural mail carrier, guilty of rifling a registered letter of \$130. Judge Arthur J. Tuttle sentenced him to six months in the Detroit house of correction.

Pontiac—Employees and officials of the Detroit Weather-Proof Body company of this city have completed the organization of a welfare association which will operate a restaurant, conduct reading rooms and provide garden plots for the employees, as well as giving an opportunity to purchase food and supplies at wholesale prices.

Monroe—The 34 surviving members of the Seventh Michigan Volunteer Infantry held their thirty-first reunion here.

Roscommon—Several reindeer have been placed on the state forest reserve near here. The reserve is carefully guarded by patrolmen.

Lansing—Two hundred unarmored Germans will have to obtain permits to continue work in local factories. A round-up of alien enemies is under way.

Standish—Arenac County Road Commissioners have found, after a visit to Lansing, that no money will be available for making roads in this county this summer.

Lawton—Lester Mohney, 22 years old, was crushed to death by a concrete fence post he attempted to hold in position when it was being dug up preparatory to being moved.

Muskegon—The Brunswick-Balke-Collider Co. will centralize all its plants here and will employ 10,000 men, officials announce. The company already employs 3,000 men here.

Flint—An engineer's reserve corps, which will be an auxiliary to the Flint Constabulary, and which may later supply needed material for new army divisions, is being formed in Flint.

Adrian—Semi-official advice received here by Postmaster Gillen indicates that the postal department is considering a plan to eliminate certain rural free delivery routes as an economy measure. Federal inspectors are soon to determine which routes might be most easily disposed of.

Petoskey—Three were drowned, and three rescued through the timely heroism of two young men when an overloaded rowboat capsized on Intermediate river. The dead are: Dr. J. H. Dobson, formerly Petoskey surgeon, and graduate of Albion college and the University of Michigan. Miss Leone Wallace Turner, 19, Bellaire. Miss Stella Coines, 17, Sturgis.

Lowell—A score or more of passengers narrowly escaped injury when a Belding-Freepont local and a freight on the Pere Marquette collided head on four miles south of here, several cars of each train being derailed. Fireman William Lewis, of Grand Rapids, was injured internally and Conductor John Oberlin, of Saginaw, sustained a fractured leg. Both will recover.

Detroit—George Sager, 14 years old, lost his life in River Rouge in an unsuccessful attempt to rescue his father, David Sager, 40 years old. The pair were fishing from the railroad bridge which spans the river at the end of Dix avenue in the Oakwood section. The elder Sager's line caught in driftwood and as he attempted to loosen it he lost his foothold and fell.

Flint—While attending a school picnic, east of the city, John Hogan, 10 years old, son of Edward M. Hogan, was drowned while bathing in Kearsley creek. Pupils and teachers of the third and fourth grades of the Fairview school made up the picnic party. After they had eaten lunch the teachers called to the children to start for home, but several of the boys remained behind to go swimming.

Pontiac—George Bowen, 39 years old, was killed to death by a team of horses he was driving. Bowen was seated on a load of tile for use in a street improvement job, when the wagon went over a rut in the road and the tile slipped forward, shoving him off at the horses' heels. They became frightened and bolted, kicking and trampling him to death. A widow survives.

Muskegon—More than 500 Boy Scouts here were engaged in the sale of \$50,000 worth of Liberty bonds.

Traverse City—G. W. Anness, 80 years old, who was wounded 13 times in the civil war, is recruiting here.

Grand Rapids—July 6 is the trial date set for Rev. Danie Roy Freeman, Rev. Klass Osterhuus and the 11 socialists indicted with them on charges of conspiracy to defeat the aims of the conscription act.

Battle Creek—Announcement was made here that a Chicago hospital unit, presumably that formed at Northwestern university, has reached Paris. Several Battle Creek young men are in the company.

Fremont—Joseph Gerber, 73, former director in the Old State bank here, president of the board of trade for several years, founder of the tannery here, a large stockholder in the Fremont Canning company and former director in the Western Michigan Development bureau, is dead. His wife died a few weeks ago.

RAGUSA IS PLEASING TO EYE

Dalmatia's Chief City, Picture in Whites and Grays, Has Appearance of Being Finished.

Ragusa illustrates, in striking fashion, that sometimes elusive difference in the looks of American and European cities. Usually the differences can be felt, when you look at a European town from a nearby vantage point and think of American towns that you have looked down on from some similar eminence; but often one cannot put his finger on just what this difference is. As you look at Ragusa from the slopes of the hills inland, it comes to you that the elusive distinction consists in the fact that the American city is growing, youthful, in the process of becoming, while the European city is finished, grown, mature—it has taken on its final form. You look at it and you can say, "This is Ragusa, as it is and was and will be." When you get a birdseye view of an American town you wonder what it will look like in 20 years.

More strongly than any other city that comes to mind, Ragusa makes this effect of being finished and complete, says a writer in the Kansas City Journal.

It may endure, but it will not change. It lies on a narrow peninsula, so narrow at the neck that it is almost an island, and it fills its peninsula close to the uttermost edge. A wall and a ring of towers close it in like the frame of a picture. Within the towers lies the city, a picture in whites and grays, in graceful lines and close, irregular checkerwork of roofs and spires. It cannot grow, and there seems no need for growth. It is sufficient and satisfactory.

Ragusa is the chief city of Dalmatia, that peculiar Austrian province which is neither Austrian nor Italian nor oriental nor Levantine, but has about it a little of them all, strongly flavored by its own original character.

Historic Comb.

A tortoise shell comb, worn by the wife of Marshal Napoleon, who accompanied Napoleon to St. Helena, was donated to the New York Committee of the Fatherless Children of France. The proceeds from its sale will be used in the pledge this organization has made in honor of Marshal Joffre's recent visit to find foster parents for 5,000 French orphans. These are the boys and girls of soldiers in Marshal Joffre's own command.

Miss Luisito Leland, chairman of the New York committee, received the old-fashioned high backcomb by express. It came from the collection of Napoleonic souvenirs made by Major S. Taylor, who brought it several years ago from St. Helena. Accompanying the gift was a letter suggesting that it be sold for the Joffre tribute.

Origin of Loving Cup.

The loving cup found the inspiration of its origin in the wild times when every man's hand was raised against his neighbor. Margaret Atheling, wife of Malcolm of Canmore, king of Scotland, in order to induce Scots to remain for the closing game, caused a cup of the choicest wine to be passed around immediately after it had been said. The ceremony, common at all banquets, of rising and bowing to the guest on your right, he holding the cover of the loving cup with his right hand while you drank, is a survival of the days when he who drank was glad to have the assurance that the right hand of his neighbor did not hold a dagger.

Living Cheap in Burma.

Burma must be an inexpensive country in which to keep house. The homes of the people are arranged in a very "simple life" style. Beds are unknown; mats are used to sleep on, with a rug perhaps. Chairs are unknown, for the easterner prefers to sit on his haunches. They cook their food in a box-shaped article, with fuel underneath and on the top. The utensils are earthen pots, and they eat from little bowls, sometimes with chopsticks, with a spoon, or with the primitive knife and fork, I. e., fingers.

DETROIT MARKETS.

CATTLE—Best Steers	\$12.00	
Mixed Steers	10.25	@ 11.50
Light Butchers	9.50	@ 10.00
Best Cows	9.00	@ 9.75
Common Cows	7.00	@ 7.25
Best Heavy Bulls	9.50	@ 9.75
Stock Bulls	7.00	@ 8.50
CALVES—Best	15.00	@ 15.50
Common	8.00	@ 13.00
HOGS—Best	15.00	@ 15.75
Pigs	14.00	@ 14.25
SHEEP—Common	6.00	@ 8.50
Fair to good	9.50	@ 10.00
LAMBS—Best	14.75	@ 15.00
Light to Common	8.50	@ 12.50
DRESSED HOGS	.18	@ .19
DRESSED CALVES	.17	@ .18
Fancy	.20	@ .21
LIVE POULTRY—(Lb.)		
Broilers	.36	@ .37
No. 1 Hens	.23	
Small Hens	.21	@ .22
Ducks	.22	@ .23
Geese	.15	@ .16
Turkeys	.24	@ .25
CLOVER SEED	10.90	
WHEAT	3.60	
CORN	2.85	@ 2.90
OATS	1.74	@ 1.76
RYE	.69	@ .71
BEANS	2.30	
HAY—No. 1 Tim.	17.50	@ 18.00
Light Mixed	16.50	@ 17.00
No. 1 Clover	13.50	@ 14.00
POTATOES—(New)	4.00	
BUTTER—Dairy	.33	
Creamery (extra)	.37	
EGGS	.31	

SEPARATE PEACE OPPOSED BY DUMA

DELEGATES OF SOLDIERS AND WORKERS UPHOLD PROGRAM OF RUSS GOVERNMENT.

WANT ARMY TO LAUNCH DRIVE

Pro-German Socialist, Attempting Peace Treaty, Ordered Expelled From Russian Soil.

Petrograd, via London—The Duma in secret session has passed a resolution for an immediate offensive by the Russian troops. The resolution declares a separate peace with Germany or prolonged inactivity on the battle front to be ignominious treason toward Russia's allies, for which future generations never would pardon the Russia of the present day.

"The Duma therefore considers," the resolution adds, "that the safety of Russia and the maintenance of the liberties which have been obtained lie in an immediate offensive in close co-operation with Russia's allies."

The first act of the Pan-Russian congress of all councils of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, upon which depends the immediate destiny of Russia, inside and out, was to ratify the expulsion by the provisional government of the Swiss Socialist, Robert Grimm, who is reported to have been the medium through which the Germans attempted to arrange a separate peace with Russia.

Grimm's case was taken up when the congress assembled, immediately after the delegates had elected as their president N. C. Tchekide, president of the Petrograd council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates. Grimm's expulsion was approved by a vote of 640 to 121.

HOOVER TOLD TO BEGIN WORK

Congress' Delay On Food Bills Causes President to Order Action.

Washington—Congress' delay in passing food bills has drawn from President Wilson an order directing Herbert C. Hoover, designated by the president as food administrator, to proceed immediately with organization of the new food administration insofar as it contemplates food conservation and elimination of waste through the co-operation of volunteer forces.

"While it would in many ways be desirable to await complete legislation establishing the food administration," the president wrote, "it appears to me that, so far as volunteer effort can be assembled, we should wait no longer."

Arrangements for enlisting every housewife in the country as a volunteer member of the food administration have been announced by Mr. Hoover, who intends to reach the women through state defense councils and through various women's organizations. Every woman will be taught to save food in the kitchen and how to purchase for her family.

President Wilson's insistence that the food bills be speeded up caused the senate to put the food control bill first on the calendar for this week and the measure was taken up Monday, when the house also began debate on the bill.

CAMP SITE BEING SURVEYED

Army Officials Inspect Cantonment Grounds at Battle Creek.

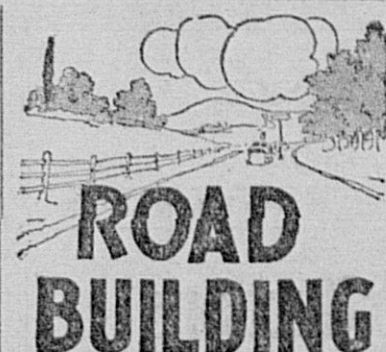
Battle Creek—Engineers began work Saturday surveying a site for the army cantonment near Battle Creek. War department agents are in the city for this purpose, assisted by a corps of about a dozen surveyors from the state geological department at Lansing and the Whitney Engineering company, of Battle Creek. Sanitary Engineer S. E. Greeley, of Chicago, is in charge. Several army officials are in the city to look over the situation. With a detailed map, such as the engineers are preparing, the army officials can select the land wanted and place the various buildings and departments.

The senate has passed a bill authorizing the president to start condemnation proceedings to take over land needed for cantonments or any other military purposes, but it is not thought that the president will have to resort to this procedure in the case of Battle Creek, as plenty of land is being secured by lease.

Grant—Fire caused by lightning destroyed the large dairy barn on the farm of Percy Manning, three miles east of here, causing a loss of \$4,000. Seven milch cows and four fine horses and a milking machine were destroyed.

East Lansing—With relief in the food situation promised by gardening, a "keep a hen" campaign may be begun to increase the meat supply. Prof. C. H. Burgess, of the M. A. C., said that poultry offers the quickest means for increasing the meat supply.

Standish—John Bachelor, 11, and Phillip Gilliland, 15, were pulled unconscious from the mill pond here by Howard Churchill, manager of the Heinz Pickle Co. Bachelor was on the back of Gilliland when the latter stepped into a hole. Both boys have recovered.



GOOD ROADS NOW IMPORTANT

Transportation of Raw Materials and Finished Products of Far-reaching Importance.

Highway authorities are facing a new public demand which must receive at once the most careful study. Every resource of the country must be utilized to the utmost and all unproductive expenditures of money and energy must be stopped. The efficiency of the American army and navy will be fostered by greater efficiency among those called upon to bear the financial strain on our resources and to furnish the labor and material needed to supply our armed forces.

The products of the forest, mine, farm and factory must be supplied to both nation and private consumer at the lowest reasonable cost in order that all may contribute their utmost,



Good Road Near Chicago.

whether it be small or large, to the national defense. The transportation of raw materials and finished products becomes far more important than ever before, for transportation charges form a large part of the cost of many essentials.

Utility must be given more weight than heretofore in reaching decisions as to road improvements and mere employment, ordinarily a legitimate object for some expenditure of public funds, must be relegated to the background for a time. Our roads have acquired an importance as agencies in national preparedness which calls for a mobilization of our road builders for the greatest efficiency in the broad transportation problems of the country.

TO REBUILD COUNTRY ROADS

Present Rural System Laid Out Hundred Years Ago—Vast Change in Traffic Conditions.

The nation's rural road system needs replanning. Prof. Frank A. Waugh of the Massachusetts Agricultural college, Amherst, Mass., today told the delegates to the convention of the American Civic association.

"Our present rural road system was planned years ago and in some sections they were laid out a hundred years ago," he said. "Traffic conditions were vastly different then, the automobile had not been invented and a large portion of the crops produced on each farm were consumed or manufactured at home."

"Up to the present time major improvements have been confined to direct trunk lines connecting large centers of population. Such roads, therefore, are especially valuable for the movement of heavy freight and are now being used extensively by automobile trucks."

DRAW IS FUNDAMENTAL TOOL

It Is Simplest and Cheapest of All Implements—Not Difficult of Operation.

Economy in road building calls for consideration of tools, consideration of operation, and comparison of results. On all these points the split-log draw scores a bull's-eye. It is the simplest and cheapest of all road tools. And it is the cheapest and easiest to operate. And, when assisted by farm implements, it can be made to do anything that needs to be done in building the average earth road; with results that it is difficult to obtain with any other tool, no matter how expensive it may be.

Conducive to Happiness.

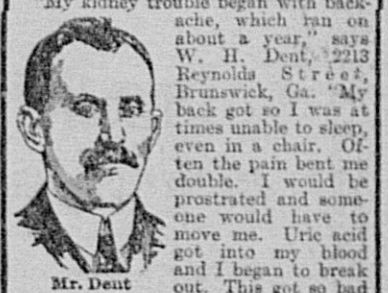
Good roads are more conducive to human happiness than good digestion. You can coddle your digestion with malted milk, but there is nothing more certain to convert a cowpath into a hard-surfaced highway than brains, plus money, plus concrete.

Patiently Rewarded.

Patient work with the draw whenever necessary during the season will mean more for our roads than will trying for bond issues.

"Doans Saved My Life"

"I Had Given Up Hope" Says Mr. Dent, "But Doan's Kidney Pills Cured Me Permanently."



"My kidney trouble began with back-ache, which ran on about a year," says W. H. Dent, 2213 W. Reynolds St., Brunswick, Ga. "My back got so I was at times unable to sleep, even in a chair. Often the pain bent me double. I would be prostrated and someone would have to move me. Urine acid got into my blood and I began to break out. This got so bad I went to a hospital for treatment. I stayed there three months, but got but little better. Dropsy set in and I thought until nearly half again my size. My knees were so swollen the flesh burst in strips. I lay there panting, and just about able to catch my breath. I had five doctors, each one said it was impossible for me to live."

"I hadn't taken Doan's Kidney Pills long before I began to feel better. I kept on and was soon able to get up. The swelling gradually went away and when I had used eleven boxes I was completely cured. I have never had a bit of trouble since. I owe my life and my health to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Not clean, does not stain, does not harm. Kills all annoying house flies, can't kill or injure anything. Unsurpassed without equal. Write for details, or a sent by express prepaid for \$1.00.

HAROLD SOMMER, 250 E. 84th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Appearances Are Deceiving.

Wife—Don't you think a great, big, tall, married man ought to be taken into the army just the same as anybody else?

Hub—My dear, he only looks tall; as a matter of fact, he is probably short—Judge.

The High Cost of Living and How to Reduce It—see ad on this page—Adv.

Many a man's wit is sharpened on the grindstone of poverty.

Countless Women find—

that when suffering from nervousness, sick headache, dizzy spells and ailments peculiar to their sex—nothing affords such prompt and welcome relief, as will follow a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

A proven women's remedy, which assists in regulating the organs, and re-establishing healthy conditions. Beecham's Pills contain no habit-forming drug—leave no disagreeable after-effects. They are—

Nature's aid to better Health

Directions of Special Value to Women are with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.



ABSORBINE
WILL REDUCE INFLAMED, SWOLLEN JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, SOFT BUNCHES; HEALS BOILS, POPL, ETC., QUITOR, FISTULA AND INFECTED SORES QUICKLY as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use, does not blister or irritate the skin, and restores the skin to its normal condition. \$2.00 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the ointment salve for marbled, redness, itching, swollen veins, hemorrhoids, hemorrhoids, hemorrhoids, hemorrhoids. Price \$1.00 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in advance.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNT'S OINTMENT fails to cure treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from A. R. Richards Medicine Co., Sherman, Tex.

DEVELOPING BLACKS

ANY SIZE ROLL 10 INCHES WIDE 156 WOODMAN AVE DETROIT

The High Cost of Living and How to Reduce It

A practical way, easily open to every consumer, JUST WHAT YOU WANT, PARTICULARS FREE. Address, WM. T. LOVE, LOMAX, ILLINOIS

Old False Teeth Bought

Broken or in any condition. We pay up to \$5.00 a set, according to value. Mail at once and get our offer. If unsatisfactory, will return teeth.

Domestic Supply Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 25-1917.

MacK & Co
ANN ARBOR.

1857 Dry Goods, Furniture and Women's Fashions 1917

Drastic Reductions Are Sweeping Out The Spring Apparel

Here are some examples of the final Clearaway prices marked this week on certain large groups of seasonable garments for women, misses and children.

SUITS

Serges, poplins, tweeds and wool jerseys in black, navy and all the brilliant colors.
\$15.00 Values at \$ 5.95
\$25.00 Values at \$10.75
\$30.00 Values at \$12.75
\$35.00 Values at \$14.75

COATS

Serges, poplins, checks and velours in the season's leading shades.
\$ 8.50 Values at \$ 3.98
\$15.00 Values at \$ 5.00
\$25.00 Values at \$10.75
Higher Values in proportion

(Second Floor)

Better Value

Less Money

USE



PHOENIX

"BEST BY TEST"

Patent
\$1.75
Per Sack

Bread Flour
\$1.80
Per Sack

Hope.
Hope is anticipation. It is an inherent feeling in mankind and a divine provision for the sustentation of interest in life. Hope is a chord which strikes pleasant desires for the future; it is every one's sunshine, the rainbow in the storm, the silver lining to the present cloud, a star set in the firmament of our lives to brighten, lighten and cheer the way and differs in magnitude and brightness according to occasion. Hope is an antidote of misery, a cordial for the desponding and a chain with many links.—Nellie E. Mate

INSURANCE

In some cases insurance is better than money in the bank. Think your case over then see
F. H. BELSER
South and Garfield Streets
FIRE, ACCIDENT AND AUTOMOBILE

When You Leave Your Car With Us It Is TURNED OUT RIGHT



None but SKILLED MECHANICS
In Our Repair Department.

We KNOW EVERY PART
of Every Car

We Are ALWAYS READY TO
EQUIP YOUR MACHINE With
the Latest Appliances.

Crescent Garage

A. R. Grant

E. A. Tisch

LOCAL BREVITIES

Our Phone No. 190-W

W. H. Benton spent Sunday in Dexter.

Miss Margaret Ryan is clerking in Farrell's grocery.

Verne Fordyce visited relatives in Howell, Sunday.

Miss Tressa Conlan is spending some time in Detroit.

Mrs. E. Donahue of Ypsilanti visited Mrs. Charles Fish, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hicks of Dexter visited Chelsea friends, Sunday.

L. P. Klein went to Chicago yesterday afternoon for a ten days' visit.

Miss Myrtle Allen visited friends in Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Horton are the parents of a son, born Friday, June 15, 1917.

The Hollier band will give a concert in Manchester, Thursday evening, June 28th.

Mr. and Mrs. George Turck of Detroit spent the week-end with Chelsea relatives.

Mrs. George Nordman reports home grown strawberries for supper Saturday evening.

LaVerne Reade and J. F. Alber were in Detroit yesterday after a new Studebaker car.

Mrs. S. P. King of Munda, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Shepherd, for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Knickerbocker visited relatives in Linden and Flint, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole of Ann Arbor visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cote, Friday.

Miss Sylvia Runciman returned Friday from Ypsilanti, where she has been a student during the past year.

Paul Axtell is spending several weeks with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Benjamin, near Perry.

Little Misses Evelyn Bohnet and Dorothy Haab spent the week-end in Ann Arbor with their aunt, Mrs. Charles Malasky.

Mr. and Mrs. Ford Axtell attended the annual meeting of the Howell high school alumni association Friday evening.

Miss Marie Riedel has resigned her position in Farrell's grocery and began work yesterday in a grocery store in Jackson.

Miss Maurine Wood is spending this week with Miss Henrietta Farrow of Sturgis, who is giving a house party.

Peter Boehm, superintendent of the village light and water plant, has moved into the T. E. Wood residence, 122 East Summit street.

William Stipe and family and his father, Tobias Stipe, of Ann Arbor, visited at the home of George Alber, in Sharon, Sunday.

Miss Mildred Daniels of North Lake will graduate from Albion college this week. She will teach in the River Rouge high school next year.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Fletcher of Lima and Mr. and Mrs. C. Steinbach of Chelsea visited at the home of the latter's son, Henry, in Dexter, Sunday.

The steel work on the new building for the Chelsea Steel Ball Co., is now all erected and the roof beams are being bolted in place. Work was started yesterday on the cement side-walls.

Mrs. Frank Bott of Lansing is spending some time at the home of her sister, Mrs. George Runciman, near Cavanaugh lake, assisting in the care of their mother, Mrs. Sylvia Collins, who is dangerously ill.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.—Adv.

Mrs. R. A. Sanborn was in Jackson, Monday.

C. J. Heselschwerdt spent the week-end in Rochester at the home of his son, Milton, returning last evening.

W. W. Hendrick reports strawberries from his patch for supper Friday. He also had potatoes in blossom on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Corwin and son Willis Evans, of Toledo, spent Sunday with Mrs. Mary Winans, Mrs. Winans accompanying them home for a two weeks' visit.

Mrs. Gladys Wright of Alfred, New York, arrived in Chelsea this morning for an extended visit with her brothers, S. A. and F. C. Mapes, and at the home of her parents in Plainfield.

Walter Runciman was home from Grand Rapids over the week-end, returning this morning. He has enlisted in the hospital corps of the naval militia as pharmacist and expects to leave Grand Rapids for Chicago, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Bauer and two daughters, Misses Irene and Gladys, and son Walter, of Albion, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Guerin, Sunday, returning home Monday. Miss Gladys remained for a two weeks' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Koons, Mrs. W. H. Benton, Mrs. William Wolff, Mrs. Warren Guerin, Mr. and Mrs. John Frymuth, Mrs. Frank Leach, Mrs. F. R. Shepherd and Mrs. L. Bagge attended a convention of Pythian sisters in Dundee, Friday.

Union church service at the Chautauqua tent next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, with special music by Chautauqua talent. There will be no evening service at either the Congregational or the Baptist church on account of the Chautauqua.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Salmon moved to Milan from Chelsea the latter part of last week and are occupying the east half of the residence of Mrs. Eva Clark, on First street. Mr. Salmon has accepted a position in the Goodall tonorial parlor, having sold out his business in Chelsea. We are surely glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Salmon to Milan again as permanent residents.—Milan Leader.

MISS WILLIS.



Miss Willis possesses the most charming personality of any interpreter of plays on the chautauqua and lyceum platform. Because of this valuable asset and her dramatic skill, it matters but little which of the powerful plays she will present, as her work is always the acme of dramatic art. She will be here the third night of the Chautauqua.

Still we suspect that the nearest that the average congressman will come to khaki will be the Palm Beach suit.

Driving the brain starts the pain

Over-work, worry and the constant strain of a business life are often a cause of much trouble.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is highly recommended for all Nervous disorders. It is particularly invaluable to business women. Regulate your bowels by using

DR. MILES' LIVER PILLS

IF FIRST BOTTLE, OR BOX, FAILS TO BENEFIT YOU, YOUR MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED.



NERVOUS ATTACKS.
"I suffered with nervous attacks and headaches. Then my liver got out of order and it seemed as though my whole system was upset. I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and also took Dr. Miles' Liver Pills and now I feel perfectly well in every way. My bowels also are in good shape now."

MRS. AUGUSTA KEISER.
1149 Portland Ave.,
Rochester, N. Y.

THE CHELSEA TRIBUNE

Ford Axtell, Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, as second-class matter.

Published Every
TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
Office, 102 Jackson street

The Chelsea Tribune is mailed to any address in the United States at \$1 the year, 50 cents for six months and 25 cents for three months.

Address all communications to the Tribune, Chelsea, Michigan.

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor Ypsilanti and Detroit.

Eastern Standard Time

Limited Cars

For Detroit 8:45 a. m. and every two hours to 8:45 p. m.

For Kalamazoo 9:11 a. m. and every two hours to 7:11 p. m.

For Lansing 9:11 a. m.

Express Cars

Eastbound—7:34 a. m. and every two hours to 5:34 p. m.

Westbound—10:20 a. m. and every two hours to 8:20 p. m. Express cars make local stops west of Ann Arbor.

Local Cars

Eastbound—6:30 p. m., 8:30 p. m. and 10:16 p. m. For Ypsilanti only, 12:51 a. m.

Westbound—6:30 a. m., 8:20 a. m., 10:51 p. m. and 12:51 a. m.

Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

F. STAFFAN & SON UNDERTAKERS

Established over fifty years
Phone 201 CHELSEA, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DR. H. H. AVERY

Graduate of U. of M.
Member of 2d District Dental Society and Michigan State Dental Society. IN PRACTICE TWENTY YEARS

DR. H. M. ARMOUR

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Succeeding Dr. L. A. Maze. Also general auctioneering. Phone No. 84, Chelsea, Mich. Residence, 119 West Middle street.

GEO. W. BECKWITH

Fire Insurance
Real Estate Dealer, Money to Loan Office, Hatch-Durand Block, upstairs, Chelsea, Michigan.

S. A. MAPES

Funeral Director
Calls answered promptly day or night Telephone No. 6.

C. C. LANE

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Office at Martin's Livery Barn, Chelsea, Michigan.

CHELSEA CAMP No. 7335 M. W. A. Meets 2d and 4th Tuesday evenings of each month. Insurance best by test. Herman J. Dancer, Clerk.

Chautauqua--Starts Thursday — June 21st —

THE PROGRAM IN A NUTSHELL

Lecturers

RUFUS E. KING
DR. ROBERT PERRY SHEPHERD
MR. AND MRS. C. RUCKER ADAMS
MAUDE WILLIS
DR. JAMES R. HOWERTON
RENO B. WELBOURN
HELEN B. PAULSEN
JUDGE GEO. D. ALDEN

Entertainers

ALPINE YODLERS
MAUDE WILLIS
BEVERLY QUINTET
RENO B. WELBOURN
LINDQUEST - ALLEN - VAN
VLJET COMPANY

Musical Numbers

CRAVEN FAMILY ORCHESTRA
ORIGINAL ALPINE YODLERS AND SINGERS
CHICAGO CONCERT ARTISTS
ELLIS BROOK'S FAMOUS CHICAGO BAND
BEVERLY QUINTET

This is about half of the offerings of Chautauqua in addition to which is the Youth's Chautauqua for Boys and Girls, which is another story.

The price of the adult season ticket is \$2.00 (12 sessions, not including morning hour, to which all are invited.) If you are under your 16th birthday and are 8 years of age your ticket will cost you \$1.00. No charge under 8. Get your ticket today. Now hurry!!

GLASGOW BROTHERS

Noted for Selling

Good Goods Cheap

JACKSON, MICHIGAN

An Incomparable Sale of High Grade Dresses

Any \$27.50 to 30.00 Dress, **\$22.50**

This extraordinary offering affords an opportunity for procuring the necessary silk dress at a fine saving.

Dresses in this group include georgette crepes, taffetas and crepe de chine in a fine variety of this season's latest models—for street wear, for evening and for afternoon wear. Draped overskirts, enormous pockets and novel trimming.

So many have charming touches of gold or colored embroidery.

Any \$22.50 to \$25.00 Dress, **\$18.50**

These dresses come from the best materials—crepe de chine, sport georgette crepe, soft taffetas and silk, etc. Many are lavishly trimmed with embroidery designs, with fancy collars, etc. Others are designed in sport styles. There is an abundance of the most desired colors of the season. Every dress represents the extreme of value at the price offered.

Any \$18.50 to \$20.00 Dress

\$15.00

Including crepe de chine and taffeta—all new models in new colors.

Any \$15.00 to \$16.50 Dress

\$12.50

There are taffetas and crepe de chine—are new spring models—all desirable colors.