

Stop the Hair from Falling Out

Dandruff is not only disagreeable, but is dangerous—it means scalp disease and loss of hair. Nyal's Hirsutone will soon relieve this condition—loosen up the dandruff and prevent the bacterial action. It supplies proper nourishment to the scalp and hair—stimulates its growth, 50 cents and \$1.00.

Grocery Department

You like good things to eat, don't you? Here they are at prices at which you can afford to buy them.

- 3 Packages U. S. Macaroni for.....25c
- 4 Packages Monarch Corn Flakes for.....25c
- 3 Cans Pet Milk (10c size) for.....25c
- Olive Relish.....15c
- Olives in Quart Jars.....25c, 35c, 50c
- Best Rice in Town, 10c pound.....3 pounds for 25c
- Chase & Sanborn's Coffees, pound.....28c, 30c, 35c, 40c
- Quart Jar Sweet Sliced Pickles for.....25c
- Orange Peko (Black Tea) for icing, package.....30c
- Valencia Oranges (sweet) per dozen.....35c and 45c
- Melons, Cabbage, Bananas, Lemons, Wax Beans, Carrots and Cooking Apples at right prices.

YOURS FOR SATISFACTION

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

Everything For Your Kitchen

AS WELL AS FOR THE

Farm and Garden

Look Over Our Stock Compare Quality and Prices

Builders' Hardware.

Our stock of Builders' Hardware is the most complete line in Western Washtenaw, and the price is right. Our line of Carpenters' Tools is the best and largest in Chelsea.

Sash and Doors

We have in stock a full line of Sash, Doors, Window Screens and Screen Doors, Glass of all sizes and thickness. All of the best makes of Lead, Ready Mixed Paints and Oils on hand.

A FEW WASHING MACHINES AT SPECIAL PRICES

Dancer Hardware Co.

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU.

THE BEST BREAD YET

Butter Krust. Twin. Log Cabin.

Don't forget our Work Shoes—we have the best line.

Eggs and Butter for Cash, or Cash for Eggs and Butter.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

FURNITURE

Special Prices on Furniture during the month of August. We have new goods arriving every day. Call and see and be convinced.

HARDWARE

In Hardware we have the dandy line. See the Empire Cream Harvester—this is the one that gets all of the cream. We can sell you the best Corn Harvester that is made.

FURNACES

Now is the time to leave your order for a Furnace—Hot Air, Hot Water or Steam.

First-class Plumbing and Tin Shop.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Sheep Killed by Dogs.

Last week Wednesday H. W. Hayes, of Sylvan, discovered that a sheep killing dog or dogs, had been working in his flock of 150 sheep and that three spring lambs and one ewe had been killed.

The killing, judging from appearance, had averaged about one animal every other night and had been done a few days before the discovery. Justice of the Peace H. H. Avery was called to the Hayes home last Thursday afternoon to make an appraisal of the damage. The township of Sylvan will have to pay for the sheep as the owner of the dog is unknown.

Submit Annual School Reports.

D. E. Beach, of Lima, was the first township clerk in the county to submit the annual report of the school directors to County School Commissioner Essery. Mr. Beach arrived at the commissioner's office at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and a few minutes afterwards the township clerk of Bridgewater arrived with his report.

The annual reports of the school directors have to be in the hands of the township clerk before the first Monday in August. Each township clerk examines them and makes three copies, one of which he keeps, and two of which go to the county school commissioner.

Barn Burned.

The barn with its contents, on the corner of East and VanBuren street, owned by C. T. Conklin, was burned to the ground Monday night. The alarm was turned in about eleven o'clock by Dr. H. W. Schmidt, and the building was almost a solid mass of flames when the fire was discovered.

Just what caused the blaze is not known but is supposed to have been the work of some unknown person who had gained access to the barn. The building and shed adjoining were almost burned to the ground when the fire department arrived, but they turned on a stream of water which saved the high tension wires of the power company.

The barn was about 30x40, and was insured for \$100, but there was no insurance on the contents, which consisted of a cutter, single harness, stove, tools and other small articles. In the shed according to reports, a flock of chickens owned by Elmer Koebbe, who occupies a portion of the Conklin home, were burned.

Twenty-fifth Annual Reunion.

A very pleasant event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Waltrous in Lima, last Thursday. The occasion was the 25th annual reunion of Co. H, Tenth Michigan Cavalry. This is the only company of the regiment of twelve companies that has ever held a reunion and there has never been a regimental reunion. This is the first time that the company ever held a reunion in this vicinity.

The five visiting members of Co. H, and their families were met at the trains and conveyed to the Waltrous home in autos. About 40 guests were present, among whom were several veterans of the Civil War who reside here, and a number of the members of the W. R. C. were also present.

A bountiful dinner was served at noon, during which the guests were entertained with instrumental music by Messrs. Glenn Barbour and Roy Maier. The afternoon was spent in visiting, several musical selections were rendered, and a program of reading and recitations. At the business meeting the following officers were chosen: President, Gideon Whiting; secretary, Mrs. Gideon Whiting. It was not decided where the reunion will be held next year.

The members of the company and their relatives who attended were: Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Bailey, George Stone and daughter, of Detroit; Mrs. Hutchins and daughter, of Perry; Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Whiting, son and daughter, of Bennington; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bowen, Mrs. E. B. Hammond, daughter of the late U. S. Hinckley, of Chelsea; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Waltrous.

School Notes.

The fall term of the public schools will begin on Monday, August 30.

Carl M. Ratan, of Hillsdale, has been engaged to fill the commercial position in our high school. Mr. Ratan is a graduate of the combined course at the Michigan State Normal college and the Cleary business college and comes to us highly recommended.

The Board of Education are making some much needed repairs both in the old and new buildings. Varnishing and painting some badly worn work and desks, installing single seats in the second and fourth grade rooms, painting roofs and installing a telephone. Every effort is being made to keep the school up-to-date.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Happenings in Chelsea Forty Years Ago This Week.

Tuffie & Thomas' hall has been treated to a new outfit of seats.

Wheat has been selling in the Chelsea market the past week for \$1.50 per bushel.

Rev. D. E. Hathaway, pastor of the Congregational church, left the first of the week for a month's vacation.

Wednesday, August 4th, about 1,200 excursionists from Chelsea and Grass Lake made the trip to Detroit and Pot-in-Bay.

Gottlieb Kalmbach, of Lima, was run over by a mower and so seriously injured that he died after several days of suffering.

Auto Tipped Over.

Two men in a Ford auto met with an accident near the Old People's Home about four o'clock Sunday morning. The men were driving east and turned to the roadside when they met a car going west. The Ford machine went into the ditch and turned on its side. The driver was caught by the steering wheel and quite badly bruised, one of the rear wheels was broken and the auto otherwise damaged.

Cavanaugh Lake Grange Meeting.

The next regular meeting of Cavanaugh Lake Grange will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Zeeb on Tuesday evening, August 10.

The following program will be given: Music, Kathryn Notten.

Recitation, Ora Miller.

Helps for Ironing Days, Carrie Richards and Lina Whitaker.

Recitation, Gladys Richards.

Select Reading, Dorothy Glazier.

Drill, by five girls.

Question, Is the Auto a Necessity or a Luxury? R. M. Hoppe.

Declamation, Esther Zeeb.

Closing Song.

William J. Denman.

William J. Denman was born in Sylvan, December 16, 1851, and died at his home on west Middle street, Saturday evening, July 31, 1915.

Mr. Denman had been a life long resident of this community. He has been in failing health for sometime past, being confined to his home most of the time for the last two months, heart trouble being the cause of his death. He was a member of the local order of the Maccabees. He was united in marriage in Lima, with Miss Helen Adella Downer January 6, 1875, and the couple celebrated the 40th anniversary of their marriage at their home last January.

Mr. Denman is survived by his wife, two daughters, Mrs. E. J. Whipple and Mrs. Fred Aichele of this place, four grandsons, one granddaughter, one sister, Mrs. Adelbert Pixley, of Mt. Pleasant, and two half brothers, N. F. Prudden of this place and E. S. Prudden, of Merrill.

The funeral was held from the home at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. C. J. Dole officiating. Interment at Oak Grove cemetery.

Sylvan Schools Gets \$5,235.95.

The primary money as apportioned to the various townships and cities in ratio to the number of school children is as follows:

Ann Arbor city, \$29,048.00; Ann Arbor township, \$1,248.15; Augusta, \$3,454.00; Bridgewater, \$2,088.10; Dexter, \$1,334.50; Freedom, \$2,300.05; Lima, \$1,577.85; Lodi, \$1,703.45; Lyndon, \$1,001.15; Manchester, \$3,508.95; Northfield, \$2,174.45; Pittsfield, \$2,064.55; Salem, \$1,719.15; Saline, \$3,532.50; Scio, \$3,289.15; Sharon, \$1,870.15; Superior, \$2,307.90; Sylvan, \$5,235.95; Webster, \$1,170.50; York, \$5,526.40; Ypsilanti township, \$1,570.00; Ypsilanti city, \$12,928.85. Total for Washtenaw county \$91,177.75.

The library money as apportioned to the different townships and cities is as follows:

Ann Arbor city, \$488.02; Ann Arbor township, \$20.67; Augusta, \$57.20; Bridgewater, \$34.53; Dexter, \$9.23; Freedom, \$38.09; Lima, \$26.13; Lodi, \$28.21; Lyndon, \$13.00; Manchester, \$58.11; Northfield, \$36.01; Pittsfield, \$34.19; Salem, \$28.47; Saline, \$58.50; Scio, \$44.47; Sharon, \$30.29; Superior, \$34.71; Sylvan, \$86.71; Webster, \$18.33; York, \$91.52; Ypsilanti township, \$26.00; Ypsilanti city, \$214.11. Total for the county, \$1,486.55.

Cemetery Improvement.

Mount Calvary cemetery (Catholic) in Sylvan township, is being trimmed and otherwise adorned under the supervision of T. J. Quigley, who is meeting with generous responses throughout the parish for its upkeep.

John W. Gregg.

John W. Gregg was born in Watertown, Jefferson county, New York, July 22, 1841. His parents came to Michigan, settling in Lima township. His father, Enos Gregg, returning to New York, was taken suddenly ill, died and was buried there. His mother remained here, dying a few months later, leaving John and an older brother, Morris. Left an orphan at the tender age of four and one-half years he was buffeted about from place to place until he was old enough to care for himself.

When the Civil War broke out he early responded to Lincoln's call for volunteers. May 1, 1861, he enlisted at Manchester, Michigan, for a three months term. At the first battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861, he was taken prisoner and suffered confinement for a period of ten months and twenty days, the greater part of the time in Libby prison. He was exchanged and mustered out May 20, 1862. He re-enlisted at New York city, June 12, 1862, for three years, or until the close of the war, in Co. A, 2d battalion 17th Michigan Volunteers.

At the battle of Gettysburg, July 1, 1863, he was wounded, receiving a gun shot wound in the left thigh as he was rescuing the flag after the color bearer had been killed. He laid in the battle field in a drenching rain for hours before he could be attended to. The doctors were determined to amputate his limb, but at the point of his revolver he kept them away. They then covered him with a blanket, leaving him to die, but the undaunted courage and will power which was characteristic of his life saved him.

After the close of the war he returned to Lima. He was united in marriage with Miss Rose J. Shaver, of Chelsea, on December 5, 1867. His death occurred at his home on Thursday, July 29, 1915, after a long illness. He is survived by his wife, one son Ernest J., of Caro, one granddaughter Madalyn, of Detroit, three nieces, children of his brother, Morris, who died several years ago. The funeral was held from the residence Sunday afternoon, Rev. Chas. J. Dole officiating. The remains were laid to rest in the family lot at Oak Grove cemetery, wrapped in the flag he so loved and honored.

Those from out of town who attended the funeral were: Meryl Shaver, of Dayton, Ohio, LaRue Shaver, of Jackson, Leon Shaver, Mr. and Mrs. DeGraff and Mrs. Gilger, of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Goldsmith, of Wayne, Mr. and Mrs. Blythe, of Walkerville, Canada, and Miss Lou Taylor, of Jackson.

Left for San Francisco.

Mrs. R. A. Snyder of Ann Arbor left last Thursday for San Francisco, where she will make an extended visit at the home of her son, Lieut. B. M. Snyder, of the U. S. N. Lieut. Snyder is a former Chelsea boy and a graduate of the Chelsea high school and received his Annapolis appointment from this congressional district. After graduating at the naval academy, Lieut. Snyder was sent by the government to Rensselaer Polytechnic institute at Troy, N. Y., for some special engineering work. He is now stationed at San Francisco in command of a portion of navy coast affairs at that point.

Gleaner Picnic.

The Waterloo Arbor of Gleaners, No. 443, will hold its sixteenth annual basket picnic at Cavanaugh Lake in P. H. Riemenschneider's grove, on Saturday, August 14th. There will be amusements every hour of the day, consisting of an address by Hon. Thos. M. Poynton, of Jackson, reading, recitations, singing, baseball games and sports of all kinds. The Waterloo Cornet Band will furnish the music. P. H. Riemenschneider is the chairman of the day.

Electric Railway Service, Jr.

In the last issue of Electric Railway Service we find an article which the editor says was run to relieve the mind of the Chelsea Standard, and which contained the same statement that was given in last week's issue of the Standard in regard to the new depot for Chelsea. In closing it said "It is tough on the Standard to take away such a source of profligate space filling, but it's got to be done." Don't worry; we'll try to get along, and will be pleased to fill the space with reports of the progress of the work on the new building.

Notice.

The village taxes for the year, 1915, are now due and payable at my office, Boyd Hotel, Chelsea. Adv 2

J. H. Boyd, Village Treasurer.

There will be a regular meeting of the Maccabee on Friday evening of this week.

OUR SPECIAL SALE ENDS

On Saturday Night, August 7

WE WILL CLOSE OUR STORE FOR ONE WEEK

We will use the time to receive, mark and arrange a new stock of goods which we have purchased at lowest possible spot cash prices and which we propose to sell on a close margin of profit.

We believe that our fire sale prices have been appreciated by our customers and we truly appreciate the liberal and pleasant way customers have bought.

We Will Make It Pay for Buyers to Trade Here

L. T. Freeman Co.

Key to Success

If any young man desires to carry a key to success—a key that will unlock the door to any good position—if he will call at our bank he can secure one gratis. He has only to deposit one dollar which will be given back to him when called for. This only true key to success consists of one of our neat little bank books. A deposit of one dollar will get one. Every successful business man will tell you he opened the door to success with this key. We have one waiting for you.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

Every Day In The Week

MONDAY TUESDAY
WEDNESDAY THURSDAY
FRIDAY SATURDAY



You labor over the kitchen stove, tiring yourself out baking things for the family table. It would be wise economy to let us do your baking for you. We would not only save your time but your health also.

We are also in a position to deliver groceries to your door as well as bread. Give us a trial and see.

CHELSEA HOME BAKERY

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T. W. WATKINS, Prop.

HARDWARE---IMPLEMENTS

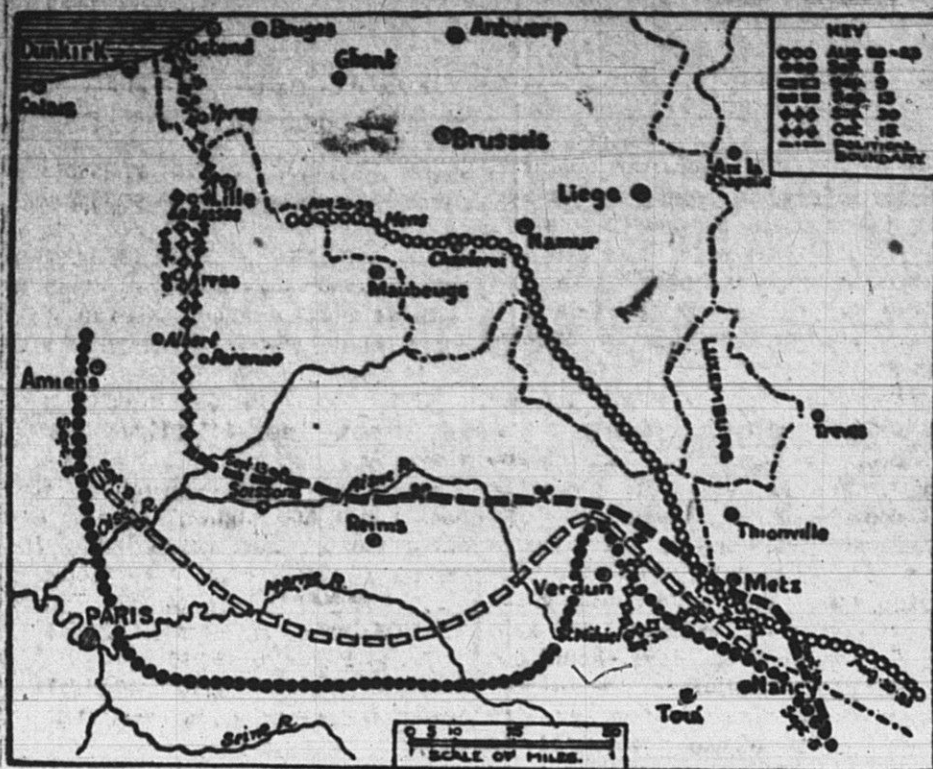
FOR GENERAL HARDWARE

Paints and Oils, Roofing and Roof Paint, Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors, Porch Columns and Glass. DeLaval Separators and supplies. Gale Plows and Harrows. Exclusive agents for genuine Gale Points.

HINDELANG & FAHRNER

PHONE 66

THE GREAT BATTLE LINES IN THE WEST



The first general engagement in the West, sometimes known as the battle of Mons-Charleroi, started August 20 and resulted in the defeat of the French and British. They retreated south of the Marne, where the second general engagement started September 5. The line of this date on the map shows the armies' positions just before the battle.

The German right wing was broken up and forced back, bringing about a retirement of the whole line. The German positions on September 9, in the midst of their retreat, are shown on the map by a series of light rectangles, while a row of darkened rectangles indicates the carefully prepared trench line of the Allies where they stopped and were attacked by the allies September 12.

Both sides now extended their lines toward the coast. Light squares show the approximate position assumed September 30. By October 15 the siege line was complete from the Alps to the sea.

The line of September 30 also shows the Germans' great drive into the French line across the Meuse at St. Mihiel.

Crossed swords mark the spots of the entrenched siege line where the greatest struggles have taken place since October 15.

FIRST YEAR OF THE WAR IN THE WEST

The first month and a half of the western campaign was made up of startling, swift moves. On September 12, after the defeat on the Marne, the Germans took up defensive positions along the Aisne river. The ten and a half months since then have seen a long deadlock.

The battle line of the Aisne and the Oise quickly extended northeast to the sea. Fighting has been continuous, with tremendous losses. The general situation has remained unchanged, gains of a few miles for one side at one point offset by minor gains for the enemy in other sectors.

At the beginning of August, the Kaiser took possession of the little state of Luxembourg and demanded passage through Belgium to the Franco-Belgian frontier.

Permission to pass denied, Von Einem attacked Liege (August 4), while other German armies passed around the city and swept over the level Belgian roads at a terrific rate. The little Belgian army yielded Brussels and fell back to Antwerp and Ghent.

First Big Engagement.

Not until the Germans had almost reached the French border did the first important engagement take place. This is generally known as the battle of Mons-Charleroi (about August 20-28), but at the same time there was severe fighting along the whole line through Thionville in Lorraine and along the Vosges in upper Alsace, which the French had invaded with temporary success.

This battle resulted in defeat for the French and English.

While obtaining some successes in counter-attacks on the advancing Germans at Peronne and at Guise, the French were obliged to fall back rapidly to the line of the River Marne.

On the left the French had withdrawn to below Paris and the westernmost German army, under Von Kluck, followed.

The garrison of Paris was put in thousands of motor cars and hurried on Von Kluck's flank. The latter was not taken entirely unawares and met the attack strongly, but at the same time the army of General Foch attacked the German army on Von Kluck's left and drove it back.

Driven Back From Paris.

The Germans had begun the battle with five armies in line. The withdrawal of the two farthest west now caused the retreat of the third, fourth and fifth in that order, each in turn finding its flank exposed by the withdrawal of the troops on its right. At the same time the movement on the east end of the German line was accelerated by a strong attack from the French fortified zone of Verdun.

The German retreat was as orderly as that of the French and English had been. The invaders took up an admirable defensive position. It ran just north of the Aisne river, on a series of bluffs, then just north of Chalons and through the wooded, rough regions of the Argonne and the Woerthe, joining hands here with the troops besieging Verdun. The allies have tried this line in vain ever since.

Both combatants now tried to turn the west flank. Enormous bodies of cavalry. On the part of the French.

On the part of the French there was largely the desire to link up with the Belgians, now being attacked in Antwerp. The mighty siege guns of the Germans made short work of the Belgian fortress, however, and it fell on October 8. The remnants of the Belgian army retreated along the sea coast and the Germans in a final rush reached Ostend (October 15).

Line Extended to the Sea.

The battle line of the Aisne was now extended to the sea, the Germans holding the important French city of Lille, while the allies kept Ypres in Belgium and, partly by flooding the lowlands, held the position of the Yser river and canal.

of Ypres, when the Germans suffered enormous losses in attempts to break through the line in Flanders and reach Calais. They succeeded in pushing back the allies only a little and the invasion of Silesia by the Cossacks finally induced them to desist and send reinforcements to Russia.

The Germans in September had performed the feat of pushing a salient into the French line south of Verdun, which terminated on the west bank of the Meuse river at St. Mihiel; while the French had taken the offensive with some success in Champagne at about the same time.

For the most part throughout the winter the fighting consisted of regular siege warfare, with heavy artillery combats and mine and counter-mine.

The flooding of the River Aisne from winter snows gave the Germans a chance to entrap the French troops on the north side of that river in the vicinity of Soissons for a considerable distance and kill or capture most of them (January 14).

Take Offensive in Spring.

With the spring, the French and English attempted to take the offensive at several points. Always preparing the way with tens or hundreds of thousands of shells, they tried joint after joint of the German armor.

In the Vosges the dominating height of Hartmannswillerkopf was taken and retaken several times in sanguinary charges and finally remained in the hands of the French.

The salient of St. Mihiel was also subjected to tremendous French pressure on both "legs." The French succeeded in gaining a little ground, but the Germans, despite the apparent weakness of the sharp wedge they had driven into the French line, could not be dislodged and later succeeded in regaining some of the territory they had lost.

The British also reported "victories" at Neuve Chapelle and Hill No. 60, in Flanders. Whether these should be accounted successes for the allies is doubtful. The British suffered enormous losses and at Neuve Chapelle bungled affairs to the extent of shelling their own men who had taken German trenches. In other cases they left gallant little parties lodged in enemy's trenches without supports to be annihilated.

The next development was the unexpected use of poisonous gas fumes by the Germans in attacks just north of Ypres. With this novel weapon they succeeded in taking several small villages and more than compensating for the British gains south of Ypres. The losses of the French, Canadians and British were severe, but they succeeded in stemming the German onslaught effectively a few miles back from their former position.

Begin Series of Attacks.

The German line makes a salient at Soissons, though not such a pronounced one as at St. Mihiel. The French now began a series of attacks on the upper side of this salient, to the north of Arras. Expending hundreds of thousands of shells, they time and again blasted away the barbed wire entanglements and concrete trenches, held by Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria's men, and then charged across the desolate ground for slight gains.

The fighting centered about the sugar refinery of Bouches and the great German work called the Labyrinth. Fighting went on in cellars and tunnels below the earth and the casualties were heavy. The French bent the German line and captured the Labyrinth, but whether the gains justified their sacrifice in human life is questionable.

In July, Crown Prince Frederick William's army attacked in the Argonne forest, west of Verdun, and succeeded in gaining several hundred yards of shattered woodland and capturing several thousand Frenchmen.

There were rumors that the Germans were re-arming for another great drive toward Calais or Paris, but the Teutonic campaign in the West continued to wait upon the crushing of the much weaker enemy in Poland.

FIRST YEAR OF THE WAR ON THE SEA

At the end of the first year of war not a German fighting craft, except submarines, is known to be at large outside the Baltic sea. The Austrian warships are confined to the upper Adriatic and the Turkish fleet to the Sea of Marmora and adjacent straits. The merchant marine of the central European powers has disappeared utterly from the ocean highways. Sixty million dollars' worth of German shipping lies idle in the docks of New York, while several times as much is bottled up elsewhere. At the same time the German submarines have inflicted enormous losses of allied shipping. While both sides have probably concealed many losses, the following is a fairly accurate summary of the number of craft which have been destroyed:

Entente Allies.		Rus-lish French sian	
Battleships	10	2	
Cruisers	12	1	2
Submarines	4	3	
Auxiliary cruisers	5	1	
Gunboats, destroyers, and torpedo boats	4	6	2
Total Japanese and Italian losses, seven vessels of all classes.			
Teutonic Allies.		Ger-Aus-many tria	
Battleships	1		
Cruisers	18	2	
Submarines	9	1	
Auxiliary cruisers	19		
Gunboats, destroyers, and torpedo boats	20	1	
Total Turkish losses of vessels of all classes, four.			
Total tonnage entente allies	376,770		
Total tonnage Teutonic allies	224,746		

BIG EVENTS IN FIRST YEAR OF THE WORLD WAR

June 28—Archduke and Archduchess Francis of Austria slain by Serbian assassins.

August 1—Germany declares war on Russia.

August 2—German forces enter Luxembourg. Germany demands passage through Belgium.

August 3—Austria announces state of war with Germany.

August 7—French invade southern Alsace.

August 8—British troops land in France and Belgium.

August 11—German pass Liege forts.

August 12—England and France declare war on Austria.

August 15—Austrians invade Serbia in force.

August 17—Beginning of five days' battle between Serbians and Austrians on the Sava, ending in Austrian rout.

August 20—Germans enter Brussels.

August 23—Germans enter Namur and attack Mons. Austria announces victory over Russians at Krasnik. Japan declares war.

August 24—British begin retreat from Mons.

August 25—French evacuate Muehlenhausen.

August 27—Louvain burned by Germans.

August 28—Battle of Heligoland, several German warships sunk.

August 29—Russians crushed in three days' battle near Tannenberg.

September 5—Russians occupy Lemberg.

September 5—Battle of the Marne begins. German right wing defeated and retreat begins.

September 7—Mauveburg falls.

September 15—German retreat halts on the Aisne.

September 20—Germans bombard Reims and injure the famous cathedral.

October 4—Antwerp occupied by the Germans.

October 12—Boer revolt starts.

October 14—Allies occupy Ypres. Battle begins on Ypres.

October 15—Antwerp occupied by the Germans.

October 18—First battle of Ypres begins.

October 24—Ten days' battle before Warsaw ends in German retreat.

October 27—Russians occupy Lodz and Radom.

October 29—Turkey begins war on Russia.

November 3—German squadron bombards British coast.

November 5—Dardanelles forts bombarded.

November 6—Tungstun surrenders.

November 12—Russians defeated at Lipno and Krasnik.

November 15—Russians defeated at Vlodavsk.

November 17—Austrian victory over Serbians at Valjevo announced.

December 2—Austrians occupy Belgrade.

December 5—Serbians defeat Austrians in three days' battle.

December 6—Germans occupy Lodz.

December 15—Austrians evacuate Belgrade.

December 16—German cruisers bombard Scarborough and Hartlepool, 150 civilians killed.

December 20—Severe fighting on line of the Sava river.

January 8, 1915—French advance across Aisne north of Soissons.

January 14—French driven back across Aisne river.

January 24—Naval battle in North sea. German armored cruiser Blücher sunk.

January 30—Russians occupy Tauris.

February 3—Failure of German attacks west of Warsaw.

February 6—Beginning of battle in East Prussia, ending in Russian defeat.

February 15—German formal submarine "blockade" on Great Britain begins.

February 24—Russians driven from Bukovina.

March 10—British make advance at Neuve Chapelle.

March 21—Zeppelins bombard Paris.

March 22—Surrender of Przemysl to Russians.

March 31—Russians penetrate Dukla pass and enter Hungary.

April 5—French begin violent attacks on Mihiel salient.

April 12—Russians at Sotropolis, 30 miles inside Hungary.

April 15—Russians evacuate Tarnopol.

April 22—Second battle of Ypres begins.

April 25—Allies leave Gallipoli peninsula, suffering fearful losses.

April 26—Allies announce recapture of Lianozero Hot Sea and Hartmannswiller.

May 15—Berlin reports capture of 20,000 Russian prisoners in west Galicia and seizure of three villages near Ypres.

May 25—Russians fall back from Dukla pass.

May 7—Berlin reports capture of Tur-

new with many Russian prisoners. May 9—German submarine sinks the Lusitania, more than 1,100 lost. Russians in full retreat from Carpathians.

May 9—Germans capture Liebau Baltic port.

May 12—French capture Ceramby, north of Arras, at great cost.

May 14—American first submarine note made public.

May 24—Italy declares war on Austria.

May 25—Italians invade Austria. Russians check Germans at Sienawa.

June 11—First German note on submarine reaches Washington. Zeppelins drop bombs in London.

June 2—Przemysl falls to Austro-Germans.

June 10—Germans capture Stanislaw.

June 11—Second U. S. submarine note to Germany made public. Italians take Monfalcone.

June 12—Italians take Gradiska.

June 13—Austro-Germans occupy Tarnopol.

June 22—French take Metzeral.

June 23—French announce occupation of the "Labyrinth," north of Arras.

June 24—Austro-Germans capture Lemberg.

June 25—Austrians cross the Danube at Hatten.

July 2—Italies falls.

July 2—Russians defeat German attempt to land at Windau.

July 12—German naval battle of Gotland.

July 4—Italians take Tolmino.

July 5—Berlin announces gains in the Argonne forest.

July 16—Germans take Prasnys, 50 miles north of Warsaw.

July 18—German advance at many points in Russia, taking Windau, Tukkum, Blende and Grobe.

July 20—Russians report sinking of 59 Turkish sailing vessels. German guns reach outer forts of Warsaw and damage the Lublin-Chelm railway.

July 21—Third U. S. submarine note landed in Tripoli.

July 22—Turkish-German expedition landed in Tripoli.

July 23—Germans take two forts near Warsaw.

July 25—Russians repulse Austrians in Galicia.

CAMPAIGNS OUTSIDE BIG WAR THEATERS

In a score of regions there has been fighting which would have held worldwide attention were it not for the mighty battle lines in France and Poland.

Serbia's own war was a greater trial to her than either of the two preceding Balkan struggles. Assisted by Montenegro, the little Slavic nation twice threw the hosts of Franz Josef beyond her borders and inflicted losses of about 330,000 men, but she suffered severely herself.

The Austrians invaded Serbia in great force about August 15 and penetrated to the Sava river, where a great five-day battle ended in the rout of the Teutons.

The Austrians returned soon in stronger force than ever. They reached Valjevo, where on November 17 the Serbians met a defeat.

With their supply of artillery ammunition exhausted, the Serbians now had to retreat. The Austrians, believing them crushed, withdrew six army corps for re-enforcements against the victorious Russians in Galicia.

Shells and English tars with naval guns reached the Serbians, and on December 5 they turned on the Austrians and cut them to pieces.

The entry of Turkey into the war was marked by a brave, but foolhardy attempt to invade Egypt. Great Britain's Indian and colonial troops threw the invaders back with heavy losses. British and Japanese troops invested the fortified German port of Tsingtau, China, and after a siege of a few weeks the defenders gave up the hopeless struggle.

A section of the Boer population of South Africa revolted. The revolt was put down by a Boer, Premier Botha. He then invaded German Southwest Africa, and after a long campaign in the waterless deserts captured the greatly outnumbered Germans (July 8).

After taking three-quarters of a year to arm herself to the teeth, Italy attacked Austria this spring. The effect of the entry of Italy upon the arena has not yet been marked.

FIRST YEAR COST OF WAR IN MEN AND MONEY

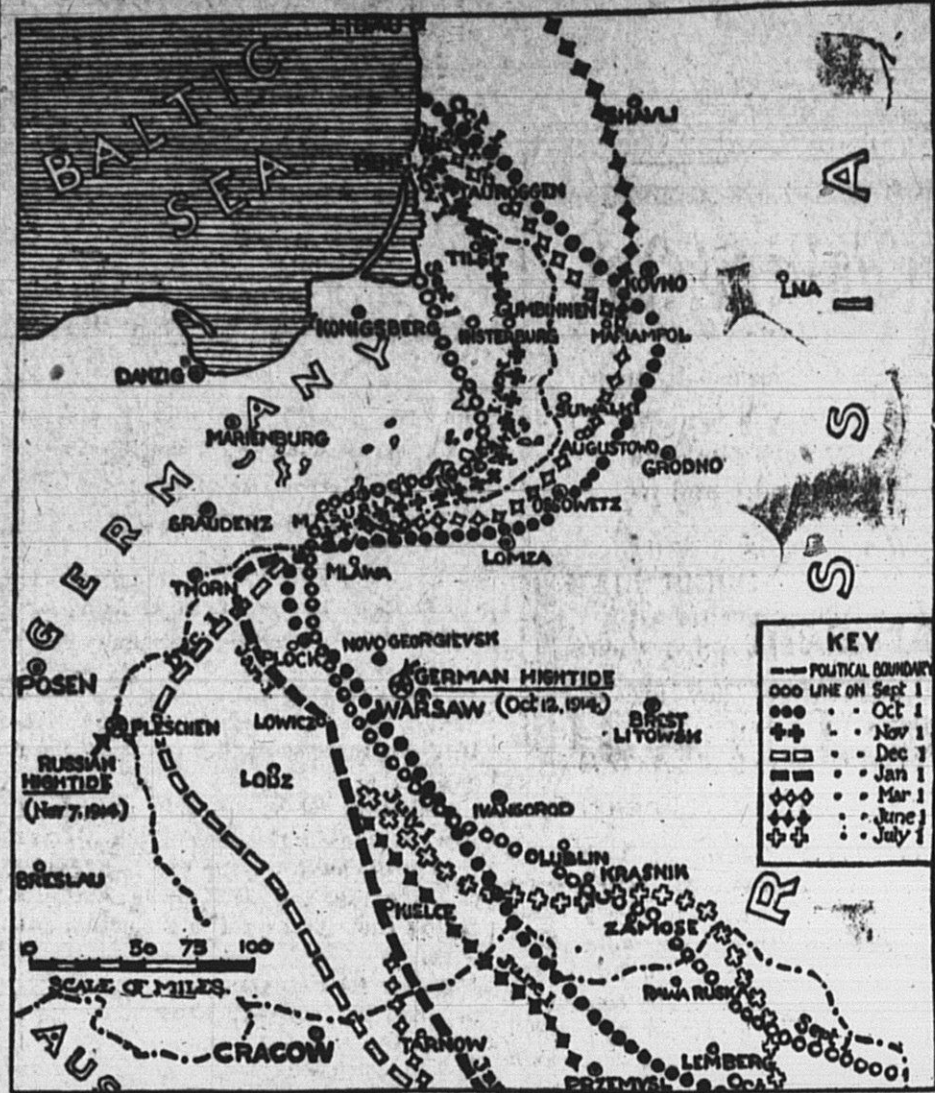
Only approximately accurate tables of the killed, wounded and missing in the first year of the war are possible, because France and Russia and Austria-Hungary do not give out their figures, while Germany has changed her policy recently to one of secrecy. Great Britain still tells her losses from month to month.

The following estimates are believed to give a fairly correct idea of the casualties:

Teutonic Allies.	
Germany	2,300,000
Austria-Hungary	1,900,000
Turkey	230,000
Total	4,430,000
Entente Allies.	
France	1,700,000
Russia (including prisoners, 1,175,000)	3,500,000
Great Britain	480,000
Belgium	280,000
Serbia	240,000
Japan	1,210
Italy (no reports of losses)	75,000
Portugal (fighting in colonies)	(minor)
Montenegro	30,000
San Marino	(7)
Total	6,236,210

The first year of the war has cost the belligerent governments about \$16,500,000,000 in direct expenditures for military purposes. The war is now costing about \$45,000,000 a day, \$3,000,000 an hour and \$50,000 a minute.

THE CHANGING BATTLE LINE IN THE EAST



The Germans again have penetrated as close to Warsaw as the star which marks the "high tide" of last autumn.

FIRST YEAR OF THE WAR IN THE EAST

The first twelvemonth of fighting between the Russians on one side and the Austrians and Germans on the other is a story of great changes of fortune, both combatants being repeatedly driven back only to show the greatest resiliency in defeat and soon to resume the offensive in a most surprising manner.

The end of the year, however, finds the pendulum swinging strongly against the czar. He may recover and take again the roads to Cracow, Vienna and Berlin, but just at present he is on the whole in worse plight than in any hour since the war started.

Russia's losses in the first year of the war are not approached by those of any nation in any war of history. According to reliable estimates, she has had between 2,500,000 and 4,000,000 men killed, injured and captured. Despite these horrible gains made in her ranks, she still has millions in the field, and her great reservoir of personnel does not show signs of exhaustion. It is not men she lacks, but guns, shells and brains.

Slow to Mobilize.

On August 1, 1914, Germany declared war on Russia. Almost immediately the Germans crossed the frontier at Thorn and the Austrians south of Lublin. They were practically unopposed because of the slowness of mobilization in Russia. The Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch was forced to gather his main armies well to the rear of the line of great fortresses running through Kovno, Grodno, Ostrowo, Novo Georgievsk, Warsaw and Ivangorod.

On account of his desire to do all he could to relieve the French, who were being driven from northern France by the amazing German rush through Belgium, Nicholas attacked sooner than he otherwise would have done. As a result, he met two disasters.

He sent General Samsonoff into East Prussia from the south and General Rennenkampf into East Prussia from the east, the latter winning the first large engagement of the war in the East at Gumbinnen.

At this moment the Germans, believing that the French were well in hand and about to be surrounded on their eastern frontier, quickly withdrew 250,000 men from France and hurried them by rail into East Prussia, where they fell upon Samsonoff with crushing force in the great German victory of Tannenberg (Aug. 28).

Meanwhile, the Austrians, leaving only a few troops in Galicia to hold back the Russians advancing from Tarnopol on the line of the Gnila-Lipa, struck the Russians en masse at Krasnik and routed them to Lublin.

Most Bloody Drive of War.

With two armies in difficulty, the grand duke decided to abandon one to its fate and save the other. He threw re-enforcements into Lublin and ordered the line of the Gnila-Lipa river to be forced at any cost. In one of the most bloody drives of the war the Russians advanced into eastern Galicia and occupied Lemberg.

The Russians then advanced to Rawa Ruska and took the Austrian armies in Poland in the rear, cutting them up fruitfully.

Meanwhile Von Hindenburg had completed his victory over Samsonoff by turning on Rennenkampf and clearing East Prussia of Muscovites. But though Rennenkampf had been defeated and Samsonoff almost annihilated, the Germans.

The Russians were now as far west as Tarnow in Galicia, while their Cossacks were able to make raids into Hungary farther south. Hindenburg concentrated a great force suddenly in Silesia and began a drive from the west against Warsaw and Ivangorod. The Siberian corps arrived in the nick of time to save Warsaw from the enemy.

High Tide of Russian Invasion.

ing Russians in flank with the southern section. But the Austrians were too slow to carry out the field marshal's plans and the Russians, slipping into a gap in the lines between the Germans and their allies, slaughtered the latter. The result was the high tide of Russian invasion.

The Austrians withdrew over the Carpathians again, leaving Przemysl to be besieged a second time. The Germans withdrew to Silesia and the Russians following closely, were able for a brief moment to raid this rich province at Pleschen. At the same time they entered East Prussia again.

But again the German strategic railways proved their undoing. Hindenburg concentrated at Thorn and drove into the right flank of the Russian main forces, throwing them back on Lodz.

He advanced too far, however, and when he had the Russian forces nearly surrounded, he suddenly found Russians in his own rear. In this extremity, the Russians say, he telegraphed for re-enforcements.

But before the re-enforcements sent from Flanders arrived the Germans had managed at frightful cost to hack their way to safety. This was the bloody battle of Lodz.

Wins Second Victory.

With stronger German forces opposing them the Russians withdrew to the line of Bzura, Rawa and Nida rivers. At the same time the Austrians, attempting to debouch from the Carpathian passes, were driven back everywhere, leaving 50,000 prisoners.

With January Hindenburg made a third desperate attack on Warsaw. For ten days, both night and day, the Germans came on. Then, having lost probably 50,000 men and the Russians nearly as many, they gave it up.

Unable to reach Warsaw, Hindenburg concentrated twice Sleser's force in East Prussia, and won his second overwhelming victory there. Enormous captures of Russians were made and the fortress of Gradno was attacked farther west, from Ostrowo to Pultusk. The Germans retreated to Miawa and then tried to flank the Russians at Prasnys, which city they took. But the Russians again flanked the flanking party, as they had done at Lodz and won an important success (February 22-23).

In March and April, the Russians pressed through the western Carpathian passes and entered Hungary. Just when their future seemed bright, the Germans broke the Russian line in West Galicia and let through enormous forces.

Pressing westward irresistibly, they took the Russian Carpathian armies in the rear. The latter tried to retreat, but vast numbers were captured. Przemysl, which had succumbed to the Russian besiegers March 22, fell again into the hands of the Austro-Germans.

Great German Maneuver.

From Przemysl Von Mackensen drove east through Mosciska and Grodek and captured Lemberg, the Galician capital. Then he turned north and marched upon the Warsaw-Ivangorod-Brest-Litovsk triangle from the south.

At the same time the Russians in southern Galicia, putting up a desperate resistance, were driven by Von Linington first to the line of the Danube and then across the Gnila-Lipa to the line of the Zlota-Lipa.

Reaching the vicinity of Krasnik in their drive to Warsaw from the south, the Austrians sustained a severe check in the scene of their triumph of the previous summer. Held on this line the Germans attacked hotly from the north and took the town of Prasnys (July 14).

The Germans now began the grandest maneuver ever seen in the history of human warfare.

From the Windau river in the Baltic provinces all the way along the border of East Prussia and in a gigantic sweep through the vicinity of Radom, west of the Vistula, and a line they delivered smashing blows and saw.

BRITAIN TO HOLD TO BLOCKADE PLAN

NOTE TO UNITED STATES MADE PUBLIC ON TUESDAY NIGHT.

CLAIM TO BE WITHIN LAW

Sir Edward Grey Rejects American Contention On Ground That New Conditions Require New Procedure.

Washington—Great Britain's replies to the latest American representations against interference with neutral commerce reject entirely the contention that the orders-in-council are illegal, and justify the British course as being wholly within international law.

"Unsustainable either in point of law or upon principles of international equity," is the British reply to the American protest against the blockade of neutral ports, with an invitation to submit to international arbitration any cases in which the United States is dissatisfied with the action of British prize courts.

Great Britain's reply, embodied in two notes, one supplemental, was made public here Tuesday night and in London simultaneously, by agreement between the two governments. With the notes was made public also the correspondence over the American steamer *Noches*, seized by the British while en route from Rotterdam to the United States with goods of German origin. All the correspondence aggregates 7,000 words.

Changed conditions of warfare, the British note contends, require a new application of the principles of international law. The advent of the submarine, the airship and the alleged atrocities by German troops in Belgium are cited as justification for the exercise of extreme measures.

The blockade is justified on the contention that the universally-recognized fundamental principle of a blockade is that a belligerent is entitled to cut off "by effective means the seaborne commerce of his enemy."

The note reiterates that Great Britain will continue to apply the orders complained of, although not without every effort to avoid embarrassment to neutrals, and observes that the American statistics show that any losses in trade with Germany and Austria has been more than overbalanced by the increase of other industrial activities due to the war.

In the general reply to the American representations against the orders-in-council, Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, addressing Ambassador Page, begins by expressing the hope that he may be able to convince the administration in Washington "that the measures we have announced are not only reasonable and necessary in themselves, but constitute no more than an adaptation of the principles of blockade to the peculiar circumstances with which we are confronted."

GRAND RAPIDS MAN KILLED

Dr. Vandenberg Loses Life In Auto Accident Monday Night.

Grand Rapids—Dr. John Vandenberg was almost instantly killed beneath his automobile and Deputy Sheriff Bert Hayes (painfully injured in a collision on Robinson road near Reed's lake Monday night).

Dr. Vandenberg, with Hayes as a passenger, was driving his car at a fair rate of speed when suddenly a machine driven by Roy Denton bore down upon them. Before either driver was able to swerve from the road, the machines crashed together and Dr. Vandenberg's car was lifted into the air and turned over. Both occupants were caught beneath the machine and the doctor was dead when found. Hayes, although seriously bruised and cut, is expected to recover.

Denton and three young women who were with him in his auto were uninjured. They were driving to the aristocratic A-Wash Ta-Wong club when the accident occurred.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Tokio—The Japanese cabinet, headed by Count Okuma as premier, has tendered its resignation to Emperor Yoshihito. This action following the resignation of Viscount Kanetake Oura, minister of the interior, following an investigation by the ministry of justice into bribery charges resulting from the parliamentary elections last March.

Washington—One hundred and fifty foreign built vessels of 523,408 gross tons had been admitted to American registry under the act of congress of August 15, 1914, up to July 24, according to a statement Friday by the department of commerce.

Washington—Quiet has been restored in Santo Domingo since the recent rebellious outbreak which caused the gunboat *Wilmington* to be sent there. American Consul Johnson reported Friday that the government is in complete control, only roving bands of brigands remaining to be dealt with.

LANSING ASKS AID OF PAN AMERICANS

WOULD HAVE OTHER REPUBLICS HELP SETTLE MEXICAN MUDDLE.

CONFERENCE IS ARRANGED

Action is in Line With President's Policy of Closer Relationship With South American Governments.

Washington—The United States has decided to ask the co-operation of South and Central America in the next step to restore peace to Mexico. The ambassadors from Argentina, Brazil and Chile and the ministers from Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala have been asked to confer with Secretary Lansing.

This announcement was made at the state department Monday night.

"On Thursday afternoon there will be an informal conference at the state department to consider the Mexican situation. Those taking part in the conference will be the ambassadors from Brazil, Argentina and Chile, and the three ranking ministers of the American republics, namely, those of Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala.

While the state department characterized the coming conference as an informal one, the sentiment has been growing among American officials that the next step in the Mexican situation should be one which would meet the approval of the world and should be taken in concert with the nations of Central and South America, even if in the last event the trend should be toward military action.

The three ambassadors were mediators in the Niagara conference in the summer of 1914. The three ministers are in point of seniority at the head of the Central American legation corps.

Action in concert with the Central and South Americans would be in line with President Wilson's plan for a closer relationship between the United States and those countries, and planned to show that the United States considers the Mexican question the common cause of the Pan-American group, and that this government entertains no idea of territorial acquisition, but is acting solely as Mexico's nearest powerful friend and neighbor.

U. S. PLANS SIX CRUISERS

First of Kind to Be Approved Due to European War.

Washington—Plans for six big cruiser destroyers, authorized by the last congress, have been approved. They will be the first vessels the design of which will have been influenced by the war in Europe and the department's statement says that naval information from abroad was closely scrutinized by the constructors before the plans were drawn.

The vessels will have a maximum sustained sea speed of 30 knots; they will displace 1,125 tons, measure 310 feet over all, have a width of 30 feet 7 inches and a mean draft of 8 feet. Provision has been made in the design to decrease rolling and pitching at sea, making the boats more comfortable for their crews.

Young Coldwater Man is Drowned.
Coldwater—Edward Denamore, married, aged 28, was drowned Saturday evening at Houdon, seven miles from here. He dived from a bridge into a deep pool. He did not come up. A comrade who dived and got hold of Denamore was himself nearly drowned before he could free himself. An minutes later the body was recovered but strenuous efforts to revive him failed. Physicians say that bursting of a blood vessel caused his death. He leaves a young widow and two small children.

ITEMS OF STATE INTEREST

While going about 30 miles an hour, a gasoline motor car on the Pere Marquette at Alma was wrecked when it jumped the track. Ten section hands were on the car at the time and all were injured, none of them seriously.

Two thousand Grangers from Washington, Monroe, Lenawee, Hillsdale, Jackson and Wayne counties united in a monster picnic at Recreation park, at Ypsilanti, Saturday. Mayor Lee N. Brown, Joseph Glasson, Ypsilanti, and State Master John C. Ketcham, Hastings; Mrs. Dora L. Stockman, Lansing, and Miss Jennie Buell, Ann Arbor, delivered addresses on co-operation by the farmers.

The business men's association of Inlay City are planning a big celebration for August 17, the date on which service on the new interurban line which will give this place electric service to Detroit and other points will be inaugurated.

The Michigan Agricultural college annual report shows that it cost \$626,840 to run the institution for the fiscal year, ending June 30. The tenth mill tax netted the college an income of \$289,000. Student fees were \$44,478; federal appropriation, \$90,000; other sources, \$115,572.

IN CHARGE OF SITUATION AT CAPITAL OF HAITI



REAR ADMIRAL CAPERTON.

Washington—Danger of further uprisings and disorders in Haiti are believed past, at least for the present, by state department officials. Additional armed forces which have been sent to aid Admiral Caperton in restoring order have reached the island. The American commander has taken decisive steps to disarm the combatants.

BANKERS AT GRAND RAPIDS

Governor Ferris Tells Members That Bonus System of Loans As Practiced by Some is Robbery.

Grand Rapids—The twenty-ninth annual convention of the Michigan Bankers' association came to a close in this city Thursday with the election of Arthur G. Bishop, of Flint, to the presidency, succeeding Charles H. Bender of this city.

Invitations were received from Flint and Menominee for the 1916 convention. The choice was left to members of the executive committee who will meet in December.

William J. Gray, of Detroit, was elected to the first vice-presidency, succeeding Mr. Bishop. Other officers were elected as follows: Second vice-president, Frank W. Blair; secretary, Mrs. H. M. Brown, of Detroit; treasurer, R. H. Packard, of Menominee; members of the executive committee for two years, W. J. Rachow, of Charlevoix, H. T. Robinson, Saginaw; William Savidge, of Grand Haven; A. T. Straight, of Grand Rapids; G. L. Taylor, of Owosso; W. L. Walz, of Ann Arbor, and H. H. Sanger, of Detroit.

The convention was the most successful in the history of the organization, attendance breaking all records and the program setting a new high standard.

United States Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, addressed the bankers Wednesday and the keynote of his speech was that there are too many laws being made in the United States too much tinkering with laws by congress and the state legislatures.

Gov. Ferris took a rap at bankers who compel mortgagors to pay the mortgage tax and at those bankers who charge a bonus for loans.

"I don't know how many banks employ the bonus system of loans, but I know what I think of it. I consider it highway robbery, and it is mighty hard in Michigan to get legislation to regulate it."

He also said that he favored a law to allow country bankers a better rate of interest on short time loans, and advised the association to take more interest in the settlement of Michigan's undeveloped lands by the right kind of men.

NEWS BRIEFS.

Washington—Charles Moore, of Detroit, was Friday elected chairman of the National Fine Arts commission to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Daniel C. French, of New York.

Several thousand dollars subscribed for extension of foreign mission work was paid in when the thirtieth annual meeting of the Michigan State Holiness Camp Meeting association closed at Eaton Rapids, Sunday evening. Improvements in buildings and grounds have been planned for next year.

The supervisors of Calhoun county must elect a new county school commissioner to succeed Mrs. Emma Williams, who claimed her right to the office for four years because E. L. McPherson, who was elected to succeed her, could not qualify. The prosecutor, however, held that her claim was wrong, and the attorney-general has sustained him.

Three daughters of Thomas Quain, of Emmet, Mich., were lost in the Eastland disaster in Chicago, Saturday. They were Mrs. Max Cooney, Miss Anna Quain and Miss Elizabeth Quain. Mrs. Cooney's son also was a victim.

Bion J. Arnold, a graduate of Hillsdale college, has been elected to Secretary Daniels, of the navy, as one of a committee of five to form a national reserve corps of civilian engineers. He was recommended to Secretary Daniels by the American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

TO START WORK ON ELECTION LAWS

LETTERS TO BE SENT TO CITY AND COUNTY CLERKS ASKING SUGGESTIONS.

WILL SIMPLIFY OLD LAWS

Messrs. Alward and Pierce Prepare for Work Assigned Them By Last Legislature When Positions Were Made Permanent.

Lansing—The work of revising and simplifying the election laws of Michigan, for which the positions of secretary of the senate and clerk of the house were made permanent by the 1915 legislature, will be begun about September.

Secretary of the Senate Dennis E. Alward and Clerk of the House Chas. S. Pierce have completed their work of indexing the 1915 laws and are laying their plans for the election law work.

As far as changes in the laws, such as reducing the expenses of the municipalities and cutting out cumbersome sections, go, the advice of the city and county clerks will be in the main, be taken. Letters in which they will be asked to make suggestions will be sent out shortly after September 1.

While these letters are coming in, the two "commissioners" intend to go over the laws for the last 25 or 50 years and pick out amendments which are superfluous and, at the same time, select sections which, by reason of amendments passed later, have become obsolete. By the middle of winter, they figure, they will have heard from nearly all of the city and county clerks and can then get their suggestion down to a working basis.

SILENT ON REASON FOR ACT

Farmer Accused of Shooting Two Boys Refuses to Discuss Affair.

Lapeer—George Nowlin is in the county jail awaiting examination for his part in a shooting affray of most peculiar circumstances. Nowlin is a farmer near Hadley, and late Thursday night is alleged to have entered the house of Cris Joens, a neighbor and shot the latter's two sons, Herman and William, 12 and 15 years old, respectively. Herman was shot through the abdomen and was thought to be fatally wounded, but is better now, and William was shot through the arm and one finger.

After the shooting Nowlin returned to his home and went to bed, where the sheriff found him. No cause for the shooting is known, and Nowlin absolutely refuses to say anything concerning it. He is 25 years old and appears rational.

Flint Youth is Drowned.
Flint—One youth lost his life and a triple tragedy was narrowly averted in the Flint river north of Flint late Saturday afternoon.

Raymond Hunter, 19, and two young women were in bathing near the waterworks filtration plant when they waded beyond their depth.

None of the three could swim. Their cries attracted some boys who were in the vicinity. The two women were rescued and a 15-year-old boy had reached Hunter and towed him from the middle of the stream to within about 10 feet from shore when the older boy began to struggle and his rescuer had to abandon him to save himself from drowning.

The police recovered Hunter's body an hour later.

May Reach High Court.

Lansing—The recent decision of the state supreme court to the effect that tank cars of refining companies passing through the state were taxable under the specific tax law will likely go to the United States supreme court.

Attorneys representing the Germania Refining company have applied to Chief Justice Brook for a writ of error. The chief justice announced the matter would have to go before the full court in September.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

James L. Lowing, a Michigan Central section hand, was struck by a train east of Comstock and instantly killed. Lowing stepped from in front of one train directly in front of another.

The three-year-old son of Charley Mars, three miles east of Mt. Pleasant was instantly killed Friday afternoon by a cow. With some playmates he went to drive the cows out of the barn and in passing him, one knocked him down and stepped on him.

Rome, via Paris—An official statement issued Monday night says the island of Pelagos, in the Adriatic, important on account of its strategic situation, has been occupied by the Italian forces.

While trying to cross the Michigan Central tracks at Kalamazoo, in front of a freight train that was backing up, T. A. Areshart, an insurance agent, was so badly injured that he died in a few minutes. The train knocked him from a bicycle he was riding and cut his body almost in two.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The Ypsilanti Record, a weekly newspaper, is soon to be started in Ypsilanti. It will be published by Jesse K. Coates and Ford Hicks.

While swimming below the dam in the Kalamazoo river at Allegan, Daune Edgerton, 19 years old, was drowned. He got a mouthful of water and strangled before help could be called.

Daniel Burch, an employee of the Lewis Electric Co., of Grand Rapids, was fatally burned by the explosion of a ball of gasoline which he was carrying. He ventured too close to a lighted forge.

State Grange Master John C. Ketcham has gone to Colorado, to deliver a series of lectures in the interests of the Colorado State Grange. He will deliver lectures in Nebraska during the latter part of August.

T. Schrader, 35, was drowned while attempting to swim across Cedar river at Potter's park, Lansing, Sunday. Other bathers thought Schrader was joking when he called for help from the middle of the river.

Intending to step from the canoe in which she was riding on Thread lake, near Flint, which is only two feet, into a canoe occupied by her sister, Miss Opal Schramlin, aged 18, stepped instead into the water and was drowned.

The end of a broken high tension wire struck Motorman Walter Byce, of Kalamazoo, in the face Saturday night and instantly killed him. The motorman was on a work car at Montie alding in the repairing of the line.

Mayor Bean, of Albion, has named August 12 and 13 as special city "clean-up days" on which property owners are to tidy up their premises and the city is to cart away the rubbish free, to give the city the best possible appearance for the first annual home-coming celebration, August 19 to 22.

A hundred families of Belgian farmers will be colonized on 10,200 acres of land in Delta county in the near future. C. R. Hutcheson, of Iowa has an option on a large tract of land at Beaver and will start the work of colonization additional tract of 20,100 acres will be utilized in the colonization scheme.

At the annual meeting of the trustees of Epworth assembly, held at Ludington Saturday afternoon, William Rath, director Ludington State bank, was named to succeed W. L. Hammond, treasurer of assembly. Other trustees elected: J. W. O'Leary, Chicago; F. C. Sherman, Akron, Ohio; Lee Clark, Kansas City.

The balance in the general fund of the state treasury, which is the fund which practically runs the state's business August 2, was \$2,200,908.20. The balance, with but very few additions, will have to run the state institutions until the taxes begin to come in again after January 1. The balance in all state funds was \$2,412,960.

The transportation department of the Grand Rapids Association of Commerce will file with the state railroad commission a complaint asking it to order the Grand Trunk to put on a local train from Detroit, arriving at Grand Rapids before noon, as a matter of importance to commercial interests and conventions.

The Wolverine and Mohawk mining companies Saturday made a present to all at Calumet classes of employees of five per cent of their earnings during June. The present prosperity of the mining companies is ascribed as the reason. About 1,200 men are affected. These properties are controlled by the Stantons, of New York and Boston.

The condensed milk factory at Clio, which was destroyed by fire July 16, will be rebuilt at once by the Detroit Creamery Co., which has bought out the Clio Condensed Milk Co. It is expected that the plant will be ready for operation within two months, and in the interval routes will be established to take care of the milk from farmers who formerly supplied the factory.

The committee of five to investigate housing conditions in Michigan, which the last legislature empowered the governor to name, in order that data may be at hand for the next legislature on the subject of housing conditions has been appointed as follows: Fred H. Begole, Marquette; Lewis T. Wilmarth, Grand Rapids; Robert E. Todd, Detroit; Charles E. Koib, Battle Creek, and J. Dallas Dorr, Flint.

John Sprague, appointed a rural carrier out of the Owosso postoffice, on November 1, 1898, being the first rural carrier in the county and the third in the state, has resigned because of ill health. Mr. Sprague has been unable to carry mail for several months but his job was held open for him in hopes that he would be able to resume work. He is past 70 years old and is the father of ex-Mayor O. L. Sprague.

Harvey Lester Barts, 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barts, of 1091 Parker avenue, Detroit, fell off a dock at New Baltimore late Friday afternoon and was drowned.

Reorganization of the Battle Creek postoffice on the two-division plan has been ordered by the postoffice department, the change to become effective August 1. Divisions of finances and mails are created. The present assistant postmaster, J. Ronald Ferguson, will act as superintendent of finances, and Charles S. Jones retains his place as superintendent of mails.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES SHOW GOOD GAIN SINCE MAY REPORT.

GOOD SHOWING FOR YEAR

Railroad Statistician Makes Report Showing Number of Persons Killed and Injured on Lines Last Year.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—Since the last report made by the state banking commission May 1915, Michigan state banks and trust companies show a gain of \$16,812,927.28 in aggregate business, according to statistics compiled by State Banking Commissioner Merrick.

The total amount of the loans and discounts of the savings and commercial departments amounted to \$160,490,955.37, while the bonds, mortgages and securities of the savings and commercial departments totaled \$195,675,730.51.

Compared to the report of May 1, 1915, the following changes are shown: Commercial loans and discounts increased \$5,768,018; savings loans and discounts decreased \$1,336,555.73; commercial bonds and mortgages increased \$2,917,778.65; savings bonds and mortgages increased \$3,164,377.18.

During the last three months commercial deposits have increased \$10,574,080.22, while savings deposits have increased \$5,227,657.01, making a total increase in deposits of \$15,801,737.23.

A comparison of the report submitted by the banking department a year ago shows an increase in commercial loans and discounts of \$444,298.94; increase in commercial bonds and mortgages of \$5,653,670.97 and an increase in savings bonds and mortgages of \$26,914,316.44.

During the past year commercial deposits have increased \$20,328,882.41, and savings deposits have increased \$13,828,061.67, making a total increase in deposits of \$34,156,944.08.

The total reserve maintained by Michigan state banks and trust companies was \$86,917,114.44 or 6.75 per cent. These reserves are divided as follows: commercial legal \$48,645,796.77 or 28.14 per cent; commercial cash \$12,990,280.33 or 8.37 per cent; savings legal \$43,271,317.67 or 18.08 per cent; savings cash \$13,637,026.56 or 5.61 per cent. Commissioner Merrick says the reserve carried by the state banks is \$23,556,030.27 over the requirements of the state banking law.

Based on savings deposits of \$239,326,244.39, the law requires mortgage and bond investments of at least \$117,632,956.03. Commissioner Merrick's report shows that the mortgage and bond investments exceed the requirements of the state banking law by \$48,066,577.33. The savings investments together with the savings reserve, exceed the savings deposits by \$8,747,837.52.

Figures just compiled by the statistician of the state railroad commission show that 59 persons were killed and 751 were injured by the electric railroads operating in Michigan last year.

Accidents at crossings and fatal injury to persons caused as trespassers resulted in 43 deaths. Nine passengers were killed in accidents and seven employees of the electric lines were killed. However 474 passengers were injured and 98 employees classed as trespassers resulted in 179 additional cases being reported to the state railroad commission.

The steam roads exacted a rather heavy toll last year as 74 employees were killed and 1216 sustained injuries. Eight passengers were killed while traveling on the steam roads and 281 were injured. The report also shows that 147 trespassers were killed and 161 sustained injuries. In the reports made by the steam roads accidents at crossings are not incorporated and the report of crossing accidents etc., shows 43 killed and 134 injured.

Four passengers were killed on Michigan Central trains, while the Ann Arbor, Grand Trunk, Pere Marquette and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie each report one passenger killed.

The Michigan Central reported 29 employees killed and 259 injured last year, while the figures submitted by the other principal roads are as follows: Pere Marquette 17 employees killed and 178 injured; Washburn 3 employees killed and 49 injured; Lake Shore three employees killed and 56 injured; Grand Trunk four killed and 98 injured; Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee one employee killed and 161 injured; Chicago and Northwest four employees killed and 83 injured; Ann Arbor one killed and 24 injured Grand Rapids and Indiana one employee killed and 64 injured; Detroit and Mackinaw none killed and 7 injured.

State Labor Commissioner Cunningham says that he has received a number of inquiries from manufacturers

throughout the state relating to the amendments to the labor laws incorporated in the Culver bill, as to whether or certain machines in factories may be operated by boys between the ages of 16 and 18 years.

Cunningham says that power punch presses, automatically operated, and properly guarded, where the operator is not required to come in contact with the die, are considered safe for boys between the ages of 16 and 18. Under no circumstances, however, should the boy be permitted to adjust or set the die, says the labor commissioner.

"Time checking, assembling, operating a machinist lathe, properly guarded, ordinary bench work and sheet metal work in automobile plants is not considered dangerous," said Commissioner Cunningham. "Automatic screw machines with belt shifter provided, with belts, pulleys and gears properly guarded, are considered safe for boys to operate. Boys should not be allowed to adjust or repair machines. Power punch presses, operated by foot or hand trip, are considered dangerous. Wood working or wood turning lathes are dangerous on account of speed and edged tools. Gang drill presses are also considered dangerous."

According to a ruling by the attorney general's department it is neither illegal nor unethical for a prosecuting attorney of a county to represent a railroad during his tenure of office.

However, this ruling is qualified by the assertion that "relations with corporations must stand on the same basis as any private client and the fact that a prosecutor represents a railroad company in civil matters cannot permit him to avoid the obligation of instituting a prosecution against such company if his duties require such action."

It is also the opinion of the attorney general that a prosecuting attorney who uses a railroad pass to travel on official business for the county cannot charge mileage to the county. The attorney general says also that a prosecuting attorney should not, acting as an agent for a surety company, write bonds for any other county officer.

"There is a strong question in my mind as to the guilt of Dr. Robert MacGregor," said Governor Ferris when asked where there was any possibility that he would pardon the former Uby physician who is now serving a life sentence in Jackson prison for the alleged murder of Cyril Sparling a few years ago.

Ever since the supreme court affirmed MacGregor's conviction his wife has been untiring in her efforts to produce new evidence that would tend to establish her husband's innocence and has induced Governor Ferris to make a thorough investigation of the case.

The governor has placed all the information available in the hands of an attorney and has asked for the opinion of one who will delve into all the legal questions involved in the case.

"I have never been able to find out why the case against Mrs. Sparling was nolle prossed," said the governor. "I have asked the prosecuting attorney to write me the facts and he has replied that he would come to Lansing and talk it over, but he has never put in an appearance. I want the prosecuting attorney to put himself on record."

Governor Ferris is of the opinion that Dr. Robert MacGregor was convicted by the other physicians who appeared in the case at the time of the trial which was held in Huron county and attracted considerable attention throughout the state.

The board of control of the state public school at Coldwater had a stormy session with Governor Ferris Friday afternoon.

Two members, Dr. D. L. Treat, of Adrian, and Ira W. Jayne, of Detroit, resigned at the governor's request, after the executive found they absolutely refused to obey the instructions of the 1913 and 1915 legislatures and build a home for crippled children on the Coldwater grounds.

Both resignations were cheerfully given and the men parted with the governor as good friends. Dr. Treat said early in the conference that he would rather resign than vote to build the home.

The trouble lay in the fact that Treat and Jayne were of the opinion that the legislature was absolutely foolish and did not know what it was doing when it voted an appropriation of \$36,000 for the cripples' home. They insisted that Coldwater was no place to build such a home and Dr. Treat characterized it as a "moral wrong," he said he, "refused to participate in."

The dissenters argued that there were too few crippled children who would voluntarily be sent to Coldwater to necessitate another building. They wanted the home for the cripples put at Ann Arbor as a sort of an adjunct to the state hospital.

While Governor Ferris agreed somewhat with the theories of Treat and Jayne, he could not agree that the board should defy the legislature. After Mr. Carr, assistant attorney general, had decided that the building must go up at Coldwater, under the legislative appropriation, he said there was nothing else to do but to build it.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle—Receipts, 945; market active, 15¢25¢ higher; best heavy steers, \$8.50; best handy weight butchers, \$7.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.25; light butchers, \$6.50; best cows, \$5.75; 6.25; butcher cows, \$5.50; common cows, \$4.25; canners, \$3.40; best heavy bulls, \$6.50; bologna bulls, \$5.25; 5.75.

Veal Calves—Receipts, 350; market steady; best, \$11.15; others, \$7.10 to \$10.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 893; best lambs 50¢ higher, others and sheep steady; best lambs, \$8.50; fair lambs, \$7.50; light to common lambs, \$6.50; fair to good sheep, \$4.50; culls and common, \$3.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,976; pigs and yorkers, \$7.75; heavy, \$7.50; light and rough grades very dull.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle receipts, 3,500; best dry-fed grades 10¢ higher; common and medium steady; choice to prime shipping steers, \$9.50 to \$10.25; fair to good, \$8.50 to \$9.25; plain and coarse, \$8.25; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,450 lb., \$8.75 to \$9.25; do, 1,100 to 1,200 lb., \$8.25; choice to prime handy native steers, \$8.25 to \$8.50; fair to good grassers, \$7.25 to \$7.50; light common grassers, \$6.50 to \$6.75; yearlings, dry-fed, \$9.25 to \$9.75; prime fat heavy heifers, \$7.75 to \$8.25; good butchering heifers, \$7.50 to \$8; light dry-fed, \$8.50 to \$9.75; light grassy heifers, \$6.75; best heavy fat cows, \$7.25; good butchering cows, \$6.25; cutters, \$4.25 to \$4.75; canners, \$3.40; fancy bulls, \$7.75; best butchering bulls, \$6.25 to \$6.50; light bulls, \$5.25 to \$5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,600; light grades strong, others steady; heavy, \$7.25 to \$7.50; mediums, \$7.60 to \$7.80; mixed, \$7.90 to \$8.10; yorkers, \$7.90 to \$8.15; pigs, \$8.25 to \$8.35.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,200; market 50¢ higher; top lambs, \$9.75 to \$10; yearlings, \$7.50 to \$8.25; wethers, \$7.75 to \$8.25; ewes, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Calves—Receipts, 1,100; strong; tops, \$11.75 to \$12; fair to good, \$10.15 to \$11.50; grassers, \$4.06.

Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, \$1.12; July opened without change at \$1.12 1-4, advanced to \$1.13 3-4 and declined to \$1.12; September opened at \$1.10, advanced to \$1.11, declined to \$1.10 and closed at \$1.04 1-4, declined to \$1.13 and closed at \$1.13 1-4; No. 1 white, \$1.10.

Corn—Cash No. 3, \$2 1-2; No. 2 yellow, \$3 3-4; No. 3 yellow, \$3 1-2; Oats—Standard, \$3 1-2 to \$3.00; No. 3 white, \$3 1-2; No. 1 white, \$7.00 to \$7.12.

Rye—Cash No. 2, \$1; August, 96¢; Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$2.70; August, \$2.75. Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$7.90; October, \$8.20; prime alaska, \$8.50. Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.75.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$20.21; standard timothy, \$20.20; No. 2 timothy, \$18.50 to \$19; light mixed, \$20.20; No. 1 mixed, \$18.50 to \$19; No. 1 clover, \$14.15; No. 2 clover, \$12.50 to \$13.50; dry straw, \$9.50; wheat and oat straw, \$7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs., jobbing lots: Best patent, \$6.50; second patent, \$6.20; straight, \$6; spring patent, \$7.10; rye flour, \$6.50 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-bb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$25; standard middlings, \$29; fine middlings, \$32; coarse cornmeal, \$33; cracked corn, \$28; corn and oat chop, \$30 per ton.

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

PROPRIETOR.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1905, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Forty-Four Years Old.

The Chelsea Standard has a birthday today, and starts on its forty-fifth year. Although getting along in years, it is not showing the ravages of time, but is more spry than ever, and will keep on the jump to get and serve the news to its large army of readers the same as in the past.

We wish to thank our correspondents, who so ably present the news of their various localities, for the interest shown and the wide-awake manner in which they go after the news, thus making our neighborhood notes one of the most interesting portions of the paper.

We also wish to thank our advertisers and subscribers for their patronage during the past year.

PERSONALS.

John Hummel was in Jackson Friday.

J. N. Dancer was a Detroit visitor Monday.

Elsa Schiller is spending this week in Detroit.

Miss Hazel Speer was a Grass Lake visitor Sunday.

A. G. Faist was in Detroit Wednesday on business.

Leigh Palmer was in Detroit on business Monday.

R. B. Gates, of Ann Arbor, was in Chelsea Tuesday.

Rev. W. P. Consideine spent Wednesday in Detroit.

Miss Margaret and Louis Burg were Detroit visitors Sunday.

Miss Minnie and Henry Schumacher spent Friday in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman were Detroit visitors Monday.

Miss Ina Barth, of Ann Arbor, visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Hilda Mohrlock spent the first of the week in Ann Arbor.

Fred R. Glenn, of Highland Park, spent Saturday in Chelsea.

D. A. Hammond, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

W. E. Ward, of Milan, spent Sunday with his son, L. H. Ward.

Karl Neuman, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Miss Florence Penn spent several days of last week in Detroit.

Misses Mary and Margaret Miller were Detroit visitors Monday.

Miss Leona Belser returned Sunday from a trip through the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hummel and family spent Sunday in Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnold spent the first of the week in Kalamazoo.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Steger and sons were at Wampers Lake Sunday.

Mrs. John Quirk, of Detroit, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Snyder spent Sunday with friends in Ypsilanti.

Miss Dora Hart, of Elso, Montana, is a guest of Miss Lizzie Barthel.

Miss Nen Wilkinson is visiting friends in Lansing for a few days.

Joseph Remnant and two sons, of Detroit, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Jabez Bacon is visiting her son Reynolds and family in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kantielner, of Detroit, visited relatives here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Conlin and children were in Ann Arbor Saturday.

Mrs. George Weeks, of Detroit, was a guest of Mrs. L. G. Palmer Monday.

Mrs. Lena Owen, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. Benton.

Mrs. P. Madden and daughter Eileen spent Saturday and Sunday in Dexter.

Geo. Lewis, of Hesperia, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Martin Wackenhut.

Mr. and Mrs. John Riley, of Detroit, called on Chelsea friends Sunday.

Tobias and W. E. Stipe, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sweetland spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Ann Arbor.

Joseph Ryan, of Chicago, is the guest of his cousin, Rev. W. P. Consideine.

Miss Tressa Kratzmiller, of Dexter, was the guest of Miss Mabel Hummel Sunday.

Allen Crawford, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Hoover.

J. B. Cole is spending this week at his boyhood home in Tonawanda, New York.

Homer Niengarth, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Weiss.

Otto Steinbach, of Flint, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steinbach.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Heller of Detroit are visiting Mrs. Heller's father, W. J. Ross.

Mrs. Laura Webster, of Reading, spent Sunday with Mrs. Martin Wackenhut.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Glenn and daughter, of Pinckney, were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. George Ackerson, of Manchester, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Hieber Tuesday and attended the funeral of Wm. J. Denman.

Miss Myrtle Kempf, of Hillsdale, has been visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Rev. A. A. Schoen returned home Saturday after spending several days at Elmhurst, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cole.

Mrs. W. J. Smith, of Detroit, was the guest of Mrs. J. C. Taylor the first of the week.

Rev. E. Piepenbrock, of Albion, spent Tuesday and Wednesday at St. Paul's parsonage.

Mrs. Sarah Webster, of Florence, Ont., is a guest of her son, J. Geo. Webster and wife.

Mrs. Verne Harvey, of Jackson, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Alber Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cooke are spending some time at Glennbrook farm near Pinckney.

T. J. Quigley, of Waterloo, was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Albert Lacour, over Sunday.

George Wetterlich and family, of Detroit, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Schiller last week.

Edward A. Schmidt, of West Park, Ohio, is visiting his mother, Mrs. John Schmidt, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Jewett and daughter, of Highland Park, are guests of relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Allen and son, of Detroit, were guests of Mrs. Chas. Fish Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. M. G. Brown, of Ann Arbor, was a guest of Mrs. Homer Ives several days of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rheinfrank and Mr. and Mrs. Roy French visited relatives in Tecumseh Sunday.

Mrs. Margaret Hindelang and daughter Bertilla, of Mishawaka, Ind., are visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ignatius Howe and children, of Jackson, were guests at the home of C. Klein Sunday.

Wm. Hawley, of Birmingham, was the guest of relatives in this vicinity several days of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Clark and children, of Chicago, are visiting relatives in Chelsea and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McTaggart, of Appin, Ont., were guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Woods Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Robinson and family, of Detroit, were guests at the home of L. H. Ward Sunday.

Mrs. Alva Dexter, of Milan, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. H. Ward, several days of this week.

Miss Mabel Canfield and William McKnee, of Detroit, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Canfield.

Mrs. Mabel Dealy and nephews, Gerald Dealy and Gerald Madden spent Sunday and Monday in Detroit.

Mrs. J. C. Taylor and Mrs. Thomas Taylor attended the Dexter Home Coming as the guests of Mrs. Florence Miller.

Mrs. Thomas McNamara and daughter Beryl and Mrs. G. P. Staffan and son Frank made an auto trip to Detroit Monday.

Hazel Coutrell, of Detroit, who has been spending the past two months at the home of Roy Ives, returned home Saturday.

Miss Leotta Canfield and Harvey Johnson, of Detroit, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Canfield Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Webster, who have been spending some time at Crooked Lake, returned to their home in Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. H. G. Chandler, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and Mrs. Frank Chandler, of Richville, N. Y., are visiting the family of C. J. Chandler.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Brown went to Mosherville Saturday. Mr. Brown returned Tuesday, but Mrs. Brown will remain for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. George Keenan, of Washington, D. C., have been guests at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Saunders, for the past week.

Rev. F. I. Walker and wife, Mesdames C. S. Goodison, C. McCreedy and Cass Flumertelt, of Rochester, Mich., visited Mrs. S. M. B. Fox at the home Monday, and meeting other friends also.

Church Circles.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. G. H. Whitney, Pastor.

Preaching at 10 a. m.

Sunday school following preaching.

Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Thursday prayer meeting 7:00 p. m.

BAPTIST.

C. R. Osborn, Pastor.

Preaching service 10 a. m.

Sunday school 11 a. m.

Regular prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

Our newly organized Bible study class welcomes you, if you are not in regular attendance elsewhere.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. Charles J. Dole, Pastor.

This church will remain closed during the month of August.

The pastor's address, for the month, will be Castalia, Ohio.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

Services at 9:30 a. m.

Sunday school 10:30 a. m.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Charles Mohrlock Friday afternoon of this week.

ST. JOHN'S, FRANCISCO.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

Service at 7:45 a. m.

Sunday school at 8:45 a. m.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANCISCO.

Rev. G. C. Rothbart, Pastor.

Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

German worship 10:30 a. m.

Epworth League 7:30 p. m.

English worship 8:00 p. m.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FRANCISCO VILLAGE.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Katz and children spent the first of the week in Detroit.

John O'Donnell, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his wife at the home of Mrs. Nora Notten.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kilmer, of Sharon, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Plowe.

Claud Snarey, of Jackson, spent Sunday and Monday with his uncle, Stuart Daft and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Hammond are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. John Hammond and daughter of Lansing.

Louis Kalmbach, of Detroit, is spending part of his vacation with his mother, Mrs. Emma Kalmbach.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wulfert, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday and Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Plowe.

Mrs. Irving Kalmbach, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Kalmbach, of South Lyons, returned Sunday.

Mrs. A. Marcus and daughter, of Buffalo, N. Y., who have been visiting her sister, Mrs. Lyman Katz, returned home Sunday.

(Too late for last week)

Miss Selma Benter is spending some time with friends in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Daft and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lambert spent Sunday at Clear Lake.

John Riemenschneider and wife spent the week-end with their son Ernest, of Detroit, returning Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seid and children, of Three Oaks, spent the first of the week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Seid.

Mrs. Fred Mensing and Mrs. Benj. Frey called on Mrs. Wm. Bartig Monday afternoon. Mrs. Bartig is in a critical condition, suffering from cancer in its advanced stages.

Edward Bohne has sold his farm near Clear Lake to Carl Straub, and Lyman Katz has sold his farm one mile north of town to Wm. Wahl whose land joins Mr. Katz's.

Algernon Richards spent the first of the week in Ypsilanti. He was accompanied back by his mother and Mr. and Mrs. Austin Richards and son, who will visit Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Locher.

The pictures and lectures given under the International Bible Students Association Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Monday evenings at the hall were well attended and very much enjoyed. They were both entertaining and instructive.

John O'Donnell, of Detroit came Saturday evening to spend Sunday with his wife, who is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Nora Notten. Mrs. O'Donnell has been in poor health for more than two years, and she is here hoping to build up in health.

SHARON NEWS.

Miss Florence Reno visited relatives in Williamston and Shaftsbury last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gieske visited relatives in Chelsea and North Lake last week.

Mrs. E. Beutler and daughter Anna were week-end guests of G. A. Lehman and family of Saline.

Mrs. W. D. Alber will have charge of the Epworth League devotional meeting next Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lockhart, of Bridgewater, spent Sunday at the home of Samuel Breitenwischer.

Marie and Genevieve Furgason, of Clinton, are spending some time with their grandmother, Mrs. Mary Reno.

Mrs. N. P. Brown and daughter Latona, of Montague, were guests of her father, G. C. Leeman, and other relatives here last week.

Misses Carrie Washburne and Lena Ordway attended a picnic of their class in Grass Lake high school held at Goose Lake last Friday.

Mrs. Frank Holmes, of Norvell, was quite seriously ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. B. P. O'Neill, last week. She is now convalescent and has returned to her home.

(Too late for last week)

Miss Berla VanArman spent Sunday at her home in Grass Lake.

Wm. Troitz and family entertained friends from Toledo last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. O'Neill went to Leslie Saturday to visit Mrs. O'Neill's parents.

Miss Dorothy Schumacher, of Chelsea, spent the past week with Miss Clara Holden.

Miss Ruth Cliff and friend, Miss Leonard, of Jackson were week-end guests at the home of Miss Mabel Lemm.

CAVANAUGH, LAKE.

Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Armstrong spent Saturday and Sunday in Chelsea.

Mrs. Angie West is spending some time in Detroit visiting relatives.

Miss Eleanor Dancer is spending several days with Miss Helen Shaw.

Miss Leona Belser returned here Sunday evening from a trip to California.

H. Smith and family, of Ann Arbor, are spending some time in the Storms cottage.

The Schaffer family, of Ypsilanti, are spending some time in the Winans cottage.

Rev. Jenkins, of Freemont, Ohio, gave a lecture on Alaska Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. and Mrs. V. Riemenschneider, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Wm. Riemenschneider.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Martin and son are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hoag and family, of Ann Arbor, are spending some time in the Glazier cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis, of Ann Arbor, are spending several days with their daughter, Mrs. L. Vogel.

Mrs. Karl Kern, Miss Esther Kern, Paul Kern, Ernest Lutz, George Lutz and son spent Sunday afternoon here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Grimshaw and children, of Detroit, are spending the month of August in the Witherell cottage.

Five auto loads of the Tax-em-all club of Grass Lake drove to Cavanaugh Lake Monday evening and ate the first course of a three course dinner.

SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

Earl Lowry was a Jackson visitor Monday.

Joseph Liebeck has the foundation built for his new house.

Frank Riggs, of Detroit, was in Sylvan last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hayes visited relatives in Manchester Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Boyd called on Dr. and Mrs. Gulde at Cavanaugh Lake Sunday.

Colt Wines, of Delray, was a guest Saturday and Sunday at the home of Arthur W. Chapman.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Martin and son, of Howell, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Smith for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Lamatra, of Detroit, visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. West, Sunday.

Mrs. Eleanor Riggs returned to her home in Detroit last Thursday after spending several weeks at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Furgason and family, of Clinton, spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hayes.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Page and daughter, made an auto trip to Pontiac Saturday and visited at the home of his brother.

Adelbert Schenk and H. W. Hayes were in Ann Arbor one night the past week, making the trip in the former's new Buick auto.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Hughes and family, of Highland Park, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Whitaker Sunday.

SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

Mr. and Mrs. James Howlett spent Sunday with E. E. Rowe and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Artz are entertaining company from Chicago this week.

Fred Fuller and family, of Detroit, are spending this week at the Leach cottage.

Harry Foster and family spent the first of the week at the home of C. A. Rowe.

Myron Grant, sr., and Myron Grant, jr., and family, of Detroit, spent last week at the lake here.

STOCKBRIDGE.—The Odd Fellows will hold their annual picnic at the Odd Fellows home in Jackson on Wednesday, August 11.

Announcements.

The Young Ladies' Chapter of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Otto Hinderer next Tuesday afternoon, August 10.

The ladies of the Baptist church will hold an all day bake sale at Klingler's meat market, Saturday, August 7th.

There will be a social dance in St. Mary's hall on Thursday evening, August 12. Schneider's Orchestra of Ann Arbor will furnish the music.

YOUR RAILROAD ROUTING CHANGED AND A WATER TRIP ARRANGED.

D. & C. Lake Line Accepts Railway Tickets.

All classes of tickets reading via the Michigan Central, Wabash and Grand Trunk Railways between Detroit and Buffalo in either direction are available for transportation on D. & C. Daily Line Steamers. This arrangement enables the traveler between eastern and western states to forsake the hot, dusty cars and enjoy the delights of a cool night's rest en route. Send two-cent stamp for booklet and Great Lakes. Address Dept. R, Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Co., Detroit, Mich.—adv.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The following prices f. o. b. Detroit, effective August 2, 1915.

Ford Runabout.....\$390.00

Ford Touring Car.....\$440.00

Ford Town Car.....\$640.00

No speedometer included in this year's equipment, otherwise cars fully equipped

There can be no assurance given against an advance in these prices at any time. We guarantee, however, that there will be no reduction in these prices prior to August 1, 1916.

Palmer Motor Sales Co.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

Our Meats Will

come up to your expectations in every particular. All we ask is an opportunity to prove our claim. Let us supply your wants in this line. At all times we carry a complete stock of Fresh and Smoked Meats. No better quality could be found anywhere.

Phone 59

Fred Klingler



Women's Coats

Women's New Style Coats in stock. These have been priced at \$15.00 to \$20.

Some Unusual Reductions Are Offered

It is a bit early to talk of cutting prices, but, we'd rather be early than late. You need the suits now, so we come to the front and make it worth your while to act instantly.

There are just one hundred and twenty-five suits in the lot and everyone of them are right up to the minute in style.

We've been selling them all season at \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00 and we sold a lot of them. You can take your choice of the lot, starting tomorrow, at the tempting price of

\$12, \$15 and \$18

They include the new red browns, metal greys, wine blues and dark mixtures in models for both men and young men.

FURNISHING GOODS

Men's Shirts in the freshest new patterns and colorings—many exclusive designs.

Elegant new line of Neckwear in rich patterns and new ideas.

New Hats that are right—latest styles and best qualities.

MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHES

We have a very fine line of Sample Patterns of the latest weaves and colors for spring. Absolute fit, the best of tailoring and linings. Satisfaction guaranteed.

\$15.00 to \$35.00

DANCER BROTHERS.

OPEN EVERY EVENING

Grand Annual Picnic

Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart

Wilkinson's Grove, Chelsea

Thursday, August 12, 1915

DINNER at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

Hon. John Kalmbach Will Preside

Music by the Chelsea Band.

Athletic Games. Wheel of Fortune.
Soft Drinks. Lemonade.

Base Ball Contest—Chelsea vs. Dexter

Tug-of-War—Chelsea Challenges World

Citizens of Chelsea and vicinity are all cordially invited.

OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Are interested in the up-building of this town and community. They are men of integrity—conservative and successful in their own business. They take an active interest in our affairs, keep in close touch with our workings, and will appreciate your account.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

WEATHER FORECAST.

Weather forecast for the week beginning Wednesday, August 4, 1915, issued by the U. S. Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C. For the region of the Great Lakes: Showers Wednesday will be followed by generally fair weather the remainder of the week, except in the northern upper Lake region where showers are again probable about Friday or Saturday. Temperatures will be low, followed by a raise by Friday in the upper Lake region.

LOCAL ITEMS.

J. E. Weber is having a garage built at his home on east Middle street.

Born, Thursday, July 29, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Ortbring, of Sharon, a son.

Frank Lusty, of Lyndon, had the misfortune to lose a horse last Saturday.

The Cythereans were entertained at the home of Miss Nina Crowell last Friday afternoon.

L. P. Klein has purchased a 35-horse power Overland roadster, which he received this morning.

E. S. Prudden, of Merrill, was called to Chelsea this week by the death of his half brother, Wm. J. Denman.

Miss Cecelia Kolb, who is employed as stenographer in the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank, is taking a vacation this week.

Miss Ella Freer left the last of the past week for Marshalltown, Iowa, and other western points where she will make an extended visit.

Fred C. Klingler has rented the residence of B. H. Glenn on Harrison street. Mr. and Mrs. Klingler expect to move to their new home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hughes have moved into the C. W. Maroney residence on McKinley street. Mr. Hughes is the Chelsea agent of the Michigan Central.

Miss Mary Howe entertained eight of her friends Tuesday afternoon at the home of her grandfather, C. Klein. The occasion was the 15th anniversary of her birth.

It is up to the farmers to combine against professional game butchers and preserve the game from extinction. Post "No Hunting" notices on your farm and let the wild birds and animals live.

Joseph T. Baldwin, of Waterloo, died at his home Sunday, August 1, 1915. Mr. Baldwin was supervisor of the township for several years. The funeral was held from the home Wednesday afternoon. Interment at Mt. Hope cemetery, Waterloo.

Chas. Schmid fell Wednesday morning and injured his back quite badly. Mr. Schmid boards at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Burg and at the time of the accident he was in the yard where he stepped on a wet board which caused him to slip and fall.

The Motor Products Co. of this place on Tuesday of this week shipped twelve twin cylinder "Flanders" 1916 model motorcycles to their Detroit agency. The Motor Products Co. have a number of men at work making and assembling new motorcycles.

About twenty of the friends of Miss Margaret Ryan met at the home of her parents in Lima last Friday evening and gave her a surprise. The occasion was in honor of the anniversary of her birth. A lunch was served and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

A number of the young men of St. Mary's parish have issued a challenge for a tug-of-war contest to be held at the picnic at Wilkinson's grove, Thursday, August 12th. They are willing to match their strength against all comers, but more particularly with Gallagher's "Stalwarts" of Dexter.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Schmid celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary at the home of their son-in-law, August Lesser of Dexter township Friday, July 23, 1915. Some of their friends came to help them celebrate the day. They received some valuable presents.—Dexter Leader.

The almost daily fall of rain for the last two weeks has caused many of the farmers in this vicinity considerable trouble and retarded their work. Many of them have been unable to get their wheat cured enough to draw it from the fields to the barn and some of them report that the grain has commenced to grow in the shock. Rye and oats are ready to cut but the rain has so far prevented the work from being done.

Dr. J. T. Woods is having his residence on Congdon street painted.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Foster and family are spending this week at Cavanaugh Lake.

L. T. Freeman received on Tuesday a 1916 model, six-fifty Studebaker touring car.

Mrs. A. L. Steger entertained a number of friends at her home Monday evening.

Geo. T. English made his first shipment of apples for this season on Thursday of last week.

W. B. Ewing & Son have teams drawing pile timber to the Michigan Central yards in this place.

Albert Wale returned to his home in Chicago Sunday after spending a week with his mother here.

M. A. Shaver was in Dexter Wednesday where he played in the Dexter band at the homecoming celebration.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull and family have been occupying the Beasley cottage at Cavanaugh Lake for the past week.

The W. C. T. U. met at the Methodist Old People's Home last Thursday afternoon. A very entertaining program was rendered.

Miss Ida Potts, who is an instructor in one of the principal United States schools in Panama, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Nellie BeGole.

Mission services will be held in St. Paul's church Sunday, August 15. There will be services in the forenoon, afternoon and evening.

A goodly number of the residents of this place were in Dexter yesterday and today where they attended the home coming celebration.

Misses Ella Barber and Minnie Schumacher, who are employed by the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co., are taking their annual vacation.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Zion church, Rogers Corners, will give a social at Mrs. Wm. Grieb's, Tuesday afternoon and evening, August 10th. Everybody invited.

Married, at Ann Arbor on Wednesday, August 4, 1915, Miss Laura Wellhoff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wellhoff, of Chelsea, and Mr. Norman Terry, of Ann Arbor.

Miss Lizzie Heselenschwerdt, who is clerking in Watkins bakery, is taking a two weeks' vacation. Miss Mary Nordman of Lima is filling the position during the absence of Miss Heselenschwerdt.

John H. Nichols, of Detroit, deputy commander of the Maccabees, will be in Chelsea on Friday evening of this week and will be present at the meeting of the Tent. A good attendance is requested.

R. Irving Latimer, the matricide, is preparing to ask for a pardon. Latimer has been in Jackson prison for twenty-six years, and has succeeded in killing a man since his incarceration. His nerve must be pretty good to ask for his release.

T. W. Watkins will start his bakery wagon on the route next Monday in charge of a competent man. The route will cover every street in this place on week days and the wagon will be stocked with fresh baked bread, cakes, pies and all kinds of baked goods.

The Washed Clean Sand and Gravel Co., about four miles east of Chelsea, on the Michigan Central, have installed another steel mast and will operate a second drag line, which will double the capacity of the plant, which has been from twenty to thirty carloads a day.

Many of the farmers of this vicinity worked all day Sunday drawing their wheat from the fields to the barn and stacking it. Some of the wheat growers reported that their wheat had commenced to grow in the shock, the rain of almost every day of last week being the cause.

The oldest inhabitant has been busy this week scratching his head and trying to recall a summer when the rainfall was as heavy as we have been treated to this season. Up to the time of going to press he has been unsuccessful, and is really becoming careworn and weary in his attempt to uphold the superiority of the "good, old days."

The Ann Arbor police department has recovered the gold watch, the loss of which which was reported to headquarters by Mrs. Samuel Schultz a few days ago. The watch was found by Mrs. Henderlong of that city on the streets. The watch had been thrown by Mrs. Schultz's child out of the baby cab. Mr. and Mrs. Schultz were former well known residents of North Lake.

TRY OUR GROCERIES



WE ARE WHAT WE EAT. IS A WELL KNOWN OLD SAYING. IF THIS IS TRUE. THEN SHOULDN'T WE EAT ONLY THE FINEST. BEST THINGS? TO HAVE EVERYTHING THERE IS GOOD TO EAT AND THESE OF THE BEST QUALITY. IS THE FIRST RULE OF OUR BUSINESS. THE SECOND RULE IS TO MAKE THE PRICES AS RIGHT AS OUR GOODS. WE SELL THE BEST GRADES OF GROCERIES: THAT IS THE ONLY KIND YOU CAN BUY IN OUR STORE.

Groceries Now On First Floor

NEW FIXTURES. MODERN AND SANITARY. EVERYTHING NEW

SPECIAL

10 Bars White Floating Soap for.....25c
Saturday Only, and but one lot to a family.

Here You Can Buy:

A good blended Roast Coffee at 19c.	Big extra choice California Lemons 19c doz.
A choice blended Roast Coffee at 25c.	Stuffed Olives 10c bottle.
An extra high grade Mocha and Java Blended Roast Coffee 30c.	Boneless Cod Fish 15c one pound package.
These Coffees are the finest in the land and priced twenty-five per cent below regular prices.	Cocoa 20c per pound in bulk.
Choice Bananas 10c dozen for medium size and 15c for extra large size.	Clean Whole Rice 7c per pound.
The best Teas in the town at 40c and 50c.	Alaska Red Salmon 13c to 18c.
	Sweet Corn 10c and 13c.
	Smoked Boneless Herring 18c per pound.
	Full Cream Cheese 18c per pound.

SPECIAL

25 Pound Bag Granulated Sugar for.....\$1.60
Saturday Only, and but one bag to a family

W. P. Schenk & Company

Annual Late-Season Under-Pricing Sale

Not the usual left-over lot of summer goods, but a stock that's been kept wonderfully complete right up to the eve of the present sale.

Men's Suits

Here's the chance to buy a good Suit at Rock-Bottom Prices.

COME IN AND SEE

\$12.50 Suits at.....	\$8.34
\$15.00 Suits at.....	\$10.00
\$18.00 Suits at.....	\$12.00
\$20.00 Suits at.....	\$13.34

Special Prices on Men's Blue Serge Suits

Boys' Suits

Boys' Colored Suits, all of the "Woolwear" make. It will soon be school time—why not take advantage of this sale?

\$5.00 Colored Suits at.....	\$3.75
\$6.00 Colored Suits at.....	\$4.50

Men's Straw Hats

The assortment is still complete (except Panamas) and the price is again made smaller.

Any Straw Hat up to \$2.00 now.....	75c
Any Straw Hat \$2.00 and up now.....	\$1.00
Any 50c Silk Hat.....	33c
All Children's Summer Hats.....	1-2 PRICE

Men's Felt Hats

All Men's Felt Hats must be sold to make room for new Fall stock.

Any \$1.50 Hat.....	\$1.00
Any \$2.00 Hat.....	\$1.50
Any \$2.50 Hat.....	\$1.88
Any \$3.00 Hat.....	\$2.25

Read This List of Items to Be Closed Out Quick

Boys' Wash Suits.....	1-4 OFF Regular Price	Men's Rain Coats.....	1-4 OFF Regular Price
Men's 50c Silk Hose.....	35c	Men's 50c Caps.....	35c
Men's 50c Neckwear.....	35c	Men's \$1.00 Caps.....	69c
All Bathing Suits.....	1-4 OFF Regular Price		

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

The BLACK BOX

E. PHILIPS OPPENHEIM

Novelized from the Photo Play of the Same Name. Produced by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company.

SYNOPSIS.

Sanford Quest, master criminologist of the world, finds that in bringing to justice MacDougal, the murderer of Lord Ashleigh's daughter, he has but just begun a life-and-death struggle with a mysterious master criminal. In a hidden hut in Professor Ashleigh's garden he has seen an anthropoid ape skeleton and a living inhuman creature, half monkey, half man, destroyed by fire. In his rooms have appeared from nowhere black boxes, one containing diamonds torn from a lovely throat by a pair of armless, threatening hands, both with sarcastic, threatening notes, signed by the inscrutable hands. His valet, Ross Brown, and a caller, Miss Quigley, are murdered in his rooms. Laura and Lenora, his assistants, suspect Craig, the professor's valet. Lenora, abducted by the threatening hands, rescued. Quest traps Craig, loses him, traps him again in the house where Lenora was imprisoned, and loses him yet again after a thrilling chase. The black boxes continue to appear in uncanny fashion with their notes of sarcasm, warning and suggestions of clues, all signed by the inhuman, armless hands.

EIGHTH INSTALLMENT

CHAPTER XVII.

THE INHERITED SIN.

"Getting kind of used to these court-house shows, aren't you, Lenora?" Quest remarked, as they stepped from the automobile and entered the house in Georgia square.

"Could anyone feel much sympathy," she asked, "with those men? Red Gallagher, as they all called him, is more like a great brutal animal than a human being. I think that even if they had sentenced him to death I should have felt that it was quite the proper thing to have done."

"Too much sentiment about those things," Quest agreed, clipping the end off a cigar. "Men like that are better off the face of the earth. They did their best to send me there."

"Here's a cablegram for you," Lenora exclaimed, bringing it over to him. "Mr. Quest, I wonder if it's from Scotland Yard?"

Quest tore it open. They read it together, Lenora standing on tiptoe to peer over his shoulder.

"Stowaway answering in every respect your description of Craig found on Durham. Has been arrested, as desired, and will be taken to Hamblin house for identification by Lord Ashleigh. Reply whether you are coming over, and full details as to charge."

"Good for Scotland Yard!" Quest declared. "So they've got him, eh? All the same, that fellow's as slippery as an eel. Lenora, how should you like a trip across the ocean, eh?"

"I should love it," Lenora replied. "Do you mean it, really?"

Quest nodded.

"That fellow fooled me pretty well," he continued, "but somehow I feel that if I get my hands on him this time, they'll stay there till he stands where Red Gallagher did today. I don't feel content to let anyone else finish off the job. Got any relatives over there?"

"I have an aunt in London," Lenora told him, "the dearest old lady you ever saw. She'd give anything to have me make her a visit."

Quest moved across to his desk and took up a sailing list. He studied it for a few moments and turned back to Lenora.

"Send a cable off at once to Scotland Yard," he directed. "Say—'Am sailing on Lusitania tomorrow. Hold prisoner. Charge very serious. Have full warrants.'"

Lenora wrote down the message and went to the telephone to send it off. As soon as she had finished Quest took up his hat again.

"Come on," he invited. "The machine's outside. We'll just go and look in on the professor and tell him the news. Poor old chap, I'm afraid he'll never be the same man again."

They found the professor on his hands and knees upon a dusty floor. Carefully arranged before him were the bones of a skeleton, each laid in some appointed place.

"What about that unhappy man, Craig?" the professor asked, gloomily. "Isn't the Durham almost due now?"

Quest took out the cablegram from his pocket and passed it over. The professor's fingers trembled a little as he read it. He passed it back, however, without immediate comment.

"You see, they have been cleverer over there than we were," Quest remarked.

"Perhaps," the professor assented. "They seem, at least, to have arrested the man. Even now, I can scarcely believe that it is Craig—my servant Craig—who is lying in an English prison. Do you know that his people have been servants in the Ashleigh family for some hundreds of years?"

Quest was clearly interested. "Say, I'd like to hear about that!" he exclaimed. "You know I'm rather great on heredity, professor. What class did he come from then? Were his people just domestic servants always?"

The professor's face was for a moment troubled. He moved to his desk, rummaged about for a time, and finally produced an ancient volume.

"This really belongs to my brother, Lord Ashleigh," he explained. "He brought it over with him to show me

brother and Lady Ashleigh have recovered from the shock of poor Lena's death in a marvelous manner, I believe, but the sight of the girl might have brought it back to them. You have left her with friends, I hope, Mr. Quest."

"She has an aunt in Hampstead," the latter explained. "I should have liked to see her safely there myself, but we should have been an hour or two later down here, and I tell you, he went on, his voice gathering a note almost of ferocity, "I'm wanting to get my hands on that fellow Craig! I wonder where they're holding him."

"At the local police station, I expect," the professor replied. "My brother is a magistrate, of course, and he would see that proper arrangements were made. There he is at the hall door."

The carriage drew up before the great front a moment or two later. Lord Ashleigh came forward with outstretched hands, the genial smile of the welcoming host upon his lips. In his manner, however, there was a distinct note of anxiety.

"Edgar, my dear fellow," he exclaimed, "I am delighted! Welcome back to your home! Mr. Quest, I am very happy to see you here. You have heard the news, of course?"

"We have heard nothing!" the professor replied.

"You didn't go to Scotland Yard?" Lord Ashleigh asked.

"We haven't been to London at all," Quest explained. "We got on the boat train at Plymouth, and your brother managed to induce one of the directors whom he saw on the platform to stop the train for us at Hamblin road. We only left the boat two hours ago. There's nothing wrong with Craig, is there?"

Lord Ashleigh motioned them to follow him.

"Please come this way," he invited. He led them across the hall—which, dimly lit and with its stained-glass windows, was almost like the nave of a cathedral—into the library beyond. He closed the door and turned around. "I have had news for you both," he announced. "Craig has escaped."

Neither the professor nor Quest betrayed any unusual surprise. So far as the latter was concerned, his first glimpse at Lord Ashleigh's face had warned him of what was coming.

"Dear me!" the professor murmured, sinking into an easy chair. "This is most unexpected!"

"We'll get him again," Quest declared quickly. "Can you let us have

ing. The horse shied, the wheel caught a great stone by the side of the road, and all four men were thrown out. The man to whom Craig himself appears to have been unhurt. He stumbled up, took the key of the handcuffs from the pocket of the officer, undid them and slipped off into the undergrowth before either the groom or the other Scotland Yard man had recovered their senses. To cut a long story short, this was last Thursday, and up till now not a single trace of the fellow has been discovered."

Quest rose abruptly to his feet.

"Say, I'd like to take this matter up right on the spot where Craig disappeared," he suggested. "Couldn't we do that?"

"By all means," Lord Ashleigh agreed, touching a bell. "We have several hours before we change for dinner. I will have a car round and take you to the spot."

The professor acquiesced readily, and very soon they stepped out of the automobile on to the side of a narrow road, looking very much as it had been described. Farther on, beyond a stretch of open common, they could see the smoke from the gypsy encampment. On their left-hand side was a stretch of absolutely wild country, bounded in the far distance by the gray stone wall of the park. Lord Ashleigh led the way through the thicket, talking as he went.

"Craig came along through here," he explained. "The groom and the Scotland Yard man who had been sitting by his side, followed him. They searched for an hour, but found no trace of him at all. Then they returned to the house to make a report and get help. I will now show you how Craig first eluded them."

He led the way along a tangled path, doubled back, plunged into a little spinney and came suddenly to a small shed.

"This is an ancient gamekeeper's shelter," he explained; "built a long time ago and almost forgotten now. What Craig did, without doubt, was to hide in this. The Scotland Yard man who took the affair in hand found distinct traces here of recent occupation. That is how he made his first escape."

Quest nodded.

"Sure!" he murmured. "Well, now, what about your more extended search?"

"I am coming to that," Lord Ashleigh replied. "As Edgar will remember, no doubt, I have always kept a few bloodhounds in my kennels, and



"Craig Disappeared About Here, Sir."

the particulars of his escape, Lord Ashleigh? The sooner we get the hang of things the better."

"You know, of course," he began, "that Craig was arrested at Liverpool in consequence of communications from the New York police. I understand that it was with great difficulty he was discovered, and it is quite clear that someone on the ship had been heavily bribed. However, he was arrested, brought to London, and then down here for purposes of identification. I would have gone to London myself, and, in fact, offered to do so, but on the other hand, as there are many others on the estate to whom he was well known, I thought that it would be better to have more evidence than mine alone. Accordingly, they left London one afternoon, and I sent a dogcart to the station to meet them. They arrived quite safely and started for here, Craig handcuffed to one of the Scotland Yard men on the back seat, and the other in front with the driver. About half a mile from the south entrance to the park the road runs across a rather desolate strip of country with a lot of low undergrowth on one side. We have had a little trouble with poachers there, as there is a sort of gypsy camp on some common land a little way away. My head keeper, to whom the very idea of a poacher is intolerable, was patrolling the ground himself that afternoon and caught sight of one of these gypsies setting a trap. He chased him, and more, I am sure, to frighten him than anything else, when he saw that the fellow was getting away, he fired his gun, just as the dogcart was pass-

We tried them for four or five hours before we took them home. The next morning, while the place was being thoroughly searched, we came upon the spot where these burruses had been cut down, and we found them caught in the low boughs of a tree, drifting down the river."

Quest had lit a fresh cigar and was smoking vigorously.

"What astonishes me more than anything," he pronounced, as he stood looking over the desolate expanse of country, "is that when one comes face to face with the fellow he presents all the appearance of a nervous and broken-down coward. Then all of a sudden there springs up these evidences of the most amazing, the most diabolical resource. . . . Who's this, Lord Ashleigh?"

The latter turned his head. An elderly man in a brown velvet suit, with gaiters and thick boots, raised his hat respectfully.

"This is my head keeper, Middleton," his master explained. "He was with us on the chase."

The professor shook hands heartily with the newcomer.

"Not a day older, Middleton!" he exclaimed. "So you are the man who has given us all this trouble, eh? This gentleman and I have come over from New York on purpose to lay hands on Craig."

"I am very sorry, sir," the man replied. "I wouldn't have fired my gun if I had known what the consequences were going to be, but them poaching devils that come round here rabbiting fairly send me furious, and that's a fact. It ain't that one grudge them a few rabbits, but my tame pheasants all run out here from the home wood, and I've seen feathers at the side of the road there that no fox nor stoat had nothing to do with. All the same, sir, I'm very sorry," he added, "to have been the cause of any inconvenience."

"It is rather worse than inconvenience, Middleton," the professor said, gravely. "The man who has escaped is one of the worst criminals of these days."

"He won't get far, sir," the gamekeeper remarked, with a little smile. "It's a wild bit of country, this, and I admit that men might search it for weeks without finding anything, but those gentlemen from Scotland Yard, sir, if you'll excuse my making the remark, and hoping that this gentleman, he added, looking at Quest, "is in no way connected with them—well, they don't know everything, and that's a fact."

"This gentleman is from the United States," Lord Ashleigh reminded him. "So your criticism doesn't affect him. By the bye, Middleton, I heard this morning that you'd been airing your opinion down in the village. You seem to rather fancy yourself as a thief-catcher."

"I wouldn't go so far as that, my lord," the man replied, respectfully, "but still, I hope I may say that I've as much common sense as most people. You see, sir, he went on, turning to Quest, "the spots where he could emerge from the tract of country are pretty well guarded, and he'll be in a fine mess, when he does put in an appearance, to show himself upon a public road. Yet by this time I should say he must be nigh starved. Sooner or later he'll have to come out for food. I've a little scheme of my own, sir, I don't mind admitting," the man concluded, with a twinkle in his keen brown eyes. "I'm not giving it away. If I catch him for you, that's all that's wanted, I imagine, and we shan't be any the nearer to it for letting anyone into my little secret."

His master nodded.

"You shall have your rise out of the police, if you can, Middleton," he observed. "It seems queer, though, to believe that the fellow's still in hiding round here."

They made their way, single file, to the road and up to the house. Lord Ashleigh did his best to dispel a queer little sensation of uneasiness which seemed to have arisen in the minds of all of them.

"Come," he said, "we must put aside our disappointment for the present, and remember that after all the chances are that Craig will never make his escape alive. Let us forget him for a little while. . . . Mr. Quest," he added, a few minutes later, as they reached the hall, "Moreton here will show you your room and look after you. Please let me know if you will take an apéritif. I can recommend my sherry. We dine at eight o'clock. Edgar, you know your way. The blue room, of course. I am coming up with you myself. Her ladyship back yet, Moreton?"

"Not yet, my lord."

"Lady Ashleigh," her husband explained, "has gone to the other side of the county to open a bazaar. She is looking forward to the pleasure of welcoming you at dinner time."

Dinner, served out of compliment to their transatlantic visitor, in the great banquet hall, was to Quest, especially, a most impressive meal. They sat at a small round table lit by shaded lights, in the center of an apartment which was large in reality, and which seemed vast by reason of the shadows which hovered around the unit spaces. From the walls frowned down a long succession of family portraits—Ashleighs in the queer Tudor costume of Henry VII; Ashleighs in chain armor, sword in hand, a charger waiting, regardless of perspective, in the near distance; Ashleighs befrilled and bewigged; Ashleighs in the court dress of the Georges—Judges, sailors, statesmen and soldiers. A collection of armor which would have gladdened the eye of many an antiquarian, was ranged along the black-paneled walls.

Everything was in harmony, even the grave precision of the solemn-faced butler and the powdered hair of the footmen. Quest, perhaps for the first time in his life, felt almost lost, hopelessly out of touch with his surroundings, and a struggling figure. Nevertheless, he entertained the little party with many stories. He struggled all the time against that queer sense of anachronism which now and then became almost oppressive.

The professor's pleasure at finding himself once more amongst these familiar surroundings was obvious and intense. The conversation between him and his brother never flagged. There were tenants and neighbors to be asked after, matters concerning the estate on which he demanded information. Even the very servants' names he remembered.

"It was a queer turn of fate, George," he declared, as he held out before him a wonderfully chased glass filled with amber wine, "which sent you into the world a few seconds before me and made you Lord of Ashleigh and me a struggling scientific man."

"The world has benefited by it," Lord Ashleigh remarked, with more than fraternal courtesy. "We hear



Showing the Quest Through Hamblin House.

great things of you over here, Edgar. We hear that you have been on the point of proving most unpleasant things with regard to our origin."

"Oh! there is no doubt about that," the professor observed. "Where we came from and where we are going to are questions which no longer afford room for the slightest doubt to the really scientific mind. What sometimes does elude us is the nature of our tendencies while we are here on earth."

There was a brief silence. The port had been placed upon the table and coffee served. The servants, according to the custom of the house, had departed. The great apartment was empty. Even Quest was impressed by some peculiar significance in the long-drawn-out silence. He looked around him uneasily. The growing regard of that long line of painted warriors seemed somehow to be full of menace. There was something grim, too, in the sight of those empty suits of armor.

"I may be superstitious," Lord Ashleigh said, "but there are times, especially just lately, when I seem to find a new and hateful quality in silence. What is it, I wonder? I ask you, but I think I know. It is the conviction that there is some alien presence, something disturbing, lurking close at hand."

He suddenly rose to his feet, pushed his chair back and walked to the window, which opened level with the ground. He threw it up and listened. The others came over and joined him. There was nothing to be heard but the distant hooting of an owl, and farther away the barking of some farmhouse dog. Lord Ashleigh stood there with straining eyes, gazing out across the park.

"There was something here," he muttered; "something which has gone. What's that? Quest, your eyes are younger than mine. Can you see anything underneath that tree?"

Quest peered out into the gray darkness.

"I fancied I saw something moving in the shadow of that oak," he muttered. "Wait."

He crossed the terrace, swung down on to the path, across the lawn, over a wire fence and into the park itself. All the time he kept his eyes fixed on a certain spot. When at last he reached the tree there was nothing there. He looked all around him. He stood and listened for several moments. A more utterly peaceful night or more utter peace it would be hard to imagine. Slowly he made his way back to the house.

"I imagine we are all a little nervous tonight," he remarked. There's nothing doing out there."

They strolled about for a hour or more, looking into different rooms, showing their guest the finest pictures, even taking him down into the wonderful cellars. They parted early, but Quest stood for a few moments before retiring, gazing about him with an air almost of awe. His great room, as large as an Italian palace, was lit by a dozen wax candles in silver candlesticks. His four-poster was supported by pillars of black oak, carved into strange forms, and surmounted by the Ashleigh coronet and coat-of-arms. He threw his windows open wide and stood for a moment looking out across the park, more clearly visible now by the light of the slowly rising moon. There was scarcely a breeze stirring, scarcely a sound even from the animal world. Nevertheless, Quest, too, as reluctantly he made his preparations for retiring for the night, was conscious of that queer sensation of unimagined and impalpable danger.

DAIRY FACTS

COW TESTING HELPS FARMER

Members of Associations Enabled to Hire Tester to Keep Records—Expense Is Not Great.

(By PROF. OSCAR ERF, Ohio State University.)

Year after year many farmers milk cows that do not pay for the feed that they eat. Cow testing associations assist the farmer in finding out those cows that cost him money to keep and those that are making money for him. Some cows start their lactation period with a heavy milk flow, but soon drop to an ordinary flow. Other cows give a more regular flow throughout the year. At the end of the year the latter cows will have probably produced the most milk, but the farmer very often will consider the cows that started well the most profitable. The main purpose of cow testing associations is to enable the members to hire a tester to keep records which, in practice, it is almost impossible for farmers to keep for themselves. Another feature of the tester's work is to work out for the farmers the most economical rations for their herds. The expense to the members of the association will be \$1.50 per year for each cow in their herds.

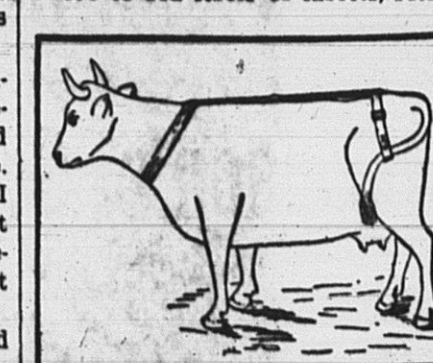
To many farmers it may seem unnecessary to hire a man to do work which they are perfectly capable of doing. Many farmers are unquestionably able to do this work, but it is unlikely that, during the pressure of farm work, they will do it. Experience has made the tester rapid and accurate. He has at his finger ends the strength of the acid he uses, the amount to charge for roughage and concentrated feeds, and the analysis of the common feeds. It will take the average farmer some time to become familiar enough with the things to do the work as well as the tester. Not only do the tester's records show which cows make or lose money for their owners, but they show to what extent each cow is profitable and what kind of feed at the prevailing price produces the most economic returns.

ATTACHMENT ON COW'S TAIL

Prevents Introduction of Dirt, Dust and the Like into Pail During Milking Operation.

The Scientific American in describing a cow's tail holder, invented by E. Quick of Trinidad, Colo., says:

The main object of the invention is to so secure the tail of a cow that the animal may not switch its tail in an effort to rid itself of insects, such as



Cow's Tail Holder.

flies, mosquitoes, gnats, etc. It is well known that cows switch their tails continually, either to brush off insects, or from a nervous habit, and this tends to brush foreign matter, such as dirt, dust, and the like into the pail during milking, particularly when the tail is filled with the filth of the yard or pasture. The invention prevents such milk contamination.

Foundation for Separator.

A good, solid foundation is very essential to the smooth running of a separator, to be sure, but the separator must not be bolted down solid to the foundation. Just simply screw it down tight and level, care being taken not to have it down too tight.

Feeding the Dairy Cow.

When feeding the dairy cow remember that she cannot do two things with the same feed—that is, she cannot make beef and milk at the same time.

DAIRY NOTES

A good cow can be raised cheaper than she can be purchased.

If the mother is worth keeping the calf should be worth raising.

Use the Babcock test and know the good cows from the poor ones.

Keep the cream as near 60 degrees as possible while waiting for the churn.

If a patron will not dairy in a business way, it is surprising he finds no money in it.

Every heifer should have a chance to prove her worth in the dairy before being slaughtered.

Every purebred cow does not make money. Keep records and see if every one of your cows pays for its keep.

Libby's Hot Weather Meats

Veal Loaf, to serve cold; Cooked Corned Beef, select and appetizing. Chicken Loaf, Ham Loaf and Veal Loaf, delicately seasoned. Vienna Sausage, Genuine Deviled Ham and Wafer Sliced Dried Beef for sandwiches and dainty luncheons.

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's



Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

NOT A MATTER OF FIGURES

Number of Churches or Synagogues Seem to be of Relatively Little Moment.

"Is it progress to go to church or not to go to church?" asks Dr. Ernest C. Richardson of Princeton University. Thereupon he answers the question in this wise: "What is almost the last word that can be spoken on universal progress at the present stage of affairs was once spoken by that most gracious and polished author of the most scholarly 'Life of Our Lord,' Dr. Samuel J. Andrews, apropos of this very matter.

"An enthusiastic apostle of Christ, then endeavor in a quiet library reading room was holding forth in noisy conversation on the wonderful progress of the church in these latter times.

"Why, just think of it," he cried, "there are twelve hundred churches (if there are twelve hundred) in the city of Philadelphia alone today; twelve hundred churches, just think of it!"

"Doctor Andrews looked up from his book at the strenuous declaimer and remarked quietly: 'And there were eight hundred synagogues (if it were eight hundred) in Jerusalem at the time when Jesus Christ was crucified.'"

Its Yearnings.

"I see they are going to establish a jitney line in Manila."

"Ah! Then I suppose the jitney service is that for which the Philippines."

TAKE PLEASURE IN HAGGLING

Tibetans Will Not Be Denied the Joy That Accrues From the Sense of Bargaining.

"Mornin' time, bargain time!" calls out one of the peddlers by the wayside in Tibet cheerfully as he sees you returning from a glimpse of the snows at sunrise. You bid him come to you, and from one of the innumerable pockets concealed in his voluminous robe he will produce a perfect little jade cup, or a Tibetan coffee pot, or gold copper, and precious stones, or perhaps a huge lump of rough turquoise hewn to look like a couch with a tiny gold Buddha reclining on it.

Then comes the bargaining, in which he and all his friends take part against your single self.

It can all be done by signs and smiles and patience and in the long run you will get some things well worth having at a very reasonable price.

But you must have no false pride about bargaining. It is an elementary part of these people's nature, and the joy of selling will leave them forever when the day of haggling is done.

Sight Came Too Late.

She—When you married me you said you were well off.

He—So I was, but I didn't know it.

Her Identity.

"Yonder girl's a daisy."

"She isn't, for I know her, and she's a black-eyed Susan."

BULGARIA'S STURDY WOMEN



IN A VILLAGE STREET

HOW much of the strength of Bulgaria, whose steady progress during the last forty years of troubled existence has compelled the admiration of on-looking nations, is owing to its sturdy womanhood is explained by the National Geographic society by Hester Donaldson Jenkins, an American educator in the Balkans, in a monograph upon "Bulgaria and Its Women." Contrasting the Bulgarian girls with the other girls of the Balkans, Miss Jenkins says:

"Among the oriental girls with whom I lived in my nine years' residence in the near East, none interested me more than the Bulgarians. They are, perhaps, the least oriental of the eight or more nationalities to be found in the Constantinople college, of which I was a professor. They are fairer and brighter in coloring than the Armenians, Greeks or Persians, rather taller and larger on an average, and have far more energy and less languor than the Turk."

The Bulgarian girls, the writer continues, distinguished themselves from the others by a certain wholesome, out-of-door quality, a sanity which marked them sharply from the fanciful, sentimental and weaker-nerved girls of some of the other nationalities.

Beautiful Bulgarian Girls.

Of the Bulgarian girl's physical loveliness, she says:

"Bulgarian girls incline to roundness of contour and figure, many of them having round, full faces, ripe, rosy mouths, and dimples. This effect is heightened by the fashion of wearing the hair in braids wound about the head. One sees plenty of dark hair in Bulgaria, but one also looks with pleasure on warm brown tints, chestnut tresses, and occasionally auburn heads. One of the most beautiful girls I ever saw was a Bulgarian, with a glorious mass of copper-colored waves, a clear, pale skin, handsomely set gray eyes, a delicate mouth, and small, white teeth, and the height and carriage of a princess."

"The bright cheeks that so many of the Bulgarians have are a pleasant change from the dark or pale skins of the Armenians and Greeks. Their eyes are generally less large and languorous than oriental eyes, looking you squarely in the face, with more frankness and less seduction."

Miss Jenkins gives the following melodious samples of the names of her Bulgarian pupils: Nadezda, Nadezda, Xarafinka, Blagoya, Vessellina, Goonka, Zdravka. The last names all end in "on" for the men and "ova" for

threads or ribbons, with often a flower in her ear, her bright color heightened by the gay embroideries, and her slender figure, which the straightness of her dress cannot spoil, make her an attractive vision.

Have Plenty of Amusement. The pleasures of the girls Miss Jenkins describes:

"A girl in a Bulgarian village is not without her amusements. As in the Bible times, all the water for a village must be drawn from one or two wells or springs, and these watering places or fountains are the scene of much sociability. Hither come all the youths and maidens of the village to loiter. There is coquetting and courting about the fountain and home gatherings in the evenings. Marriages spring from mutual attraction and choice, rather than the arrangement of family.



BULGARIAN PEASANT WOMAN

lies, as do the Armenian and Turkish alliances.

"There are husking bees and quilting bees where the young people meet, but the most popular form of social entertainment is the sedanka. Here assemble the young men and women of the village and adjoining farms, grouped about an open fire, singing solos and choruses. The Bulgarian folk dances are danced in a row or circle, the leader generally waving a bright handkerchief and turning and twisting about his line of followers, like a mild game of 'snap the whip.' It suggests health and abounding spirits and good fellowship, without the sensuality that so often marks the oriental dance."

"Occasionally the sedanka ends in a dramatic fashion. Some brawny fellow who has been courting his Darka assiduously will seize her in his arms and carry her to his home.



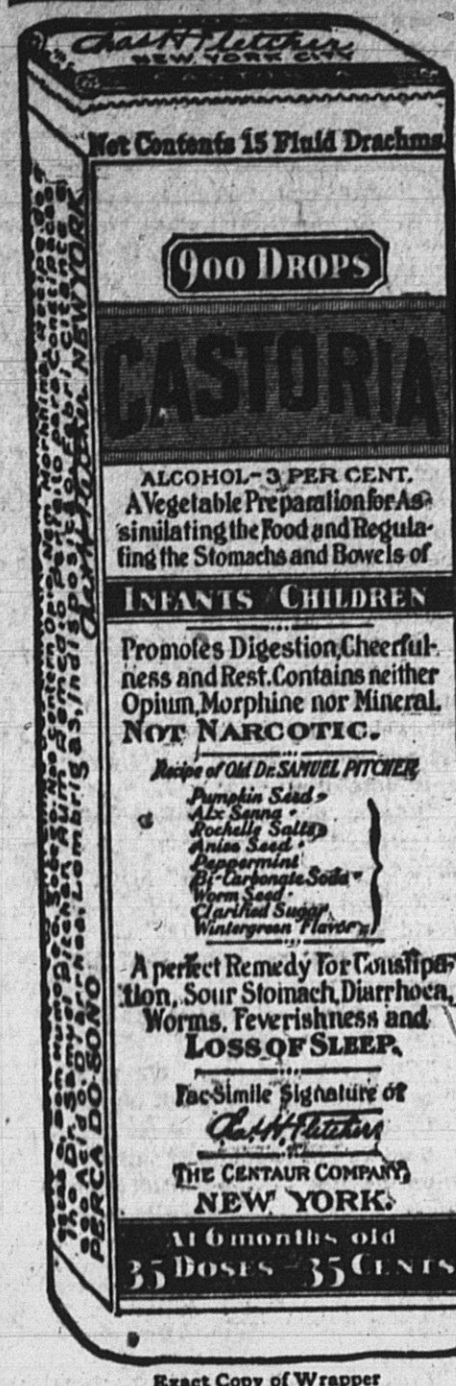
CORNER IN SOFIA

the women, meaning son of or daughter of. Thus Magdalena Petrova is Magdalene, daughter of Peter; while Stolk Petroff is Stolk, son of Peter. However, last names are now coming to remain permanent in a family.

Bulgarian girls are bright dressers. The village holiday brings out a wonderful array of gaudy costumes, straight and awkward in line, but brilliant in color and decoration, the writer tells. The women's big waists are usually emphasized by huge silver buckles. When, however, a girl is young and pretty, her abundant, curly hair into which are braided bright

The next day this marriage by capture is given legal and religious sanction by the blessing of the Orthodox priest. I once asked Xarafinka what would happen if two men wanted the same girl. She replied simply 'The stronger would get her.'

The Bulgarian girls are bright and make eager use of educational advantages, Miss Jenkins says. The college-trained Bulgarian maidens become veritable centers of progress in the towns and villages throughout their country, instilling a hunger for knowledge that, in turn, is to lead Bulgaria to a great future.



Children Cry For

Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Modern Incubus. "Poor Dobbie! He was the victim of an unfortunate automobile accident yesterday."

"Goodness! What happened?" "He fell into casual conversation with a smooth-tongued person who turned out to be an automobile salesman and sold him one."

HAIR OR NO HAIR?

It is Certainly Up to You and Cuticura. Trial Free.

Hot shampoos with Cuticura Soap, followed by light dressings of Cuticura Ointment rubbed into the scalp skin tend to clear the scalp of dandruff, soothe itching and irritation and promote healthy hair-growing conditions. Nothing better, cleaner, purer. Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

No Doubt.

Teacher—Mary, can you tell me how Noah's ark was lighted?

Mary—Yessum, with ark lights.

Every woman's pride, beautiful, clear white clothes. Use Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers. Adv.

Girls are employed as messengers in the British war office.

When a man is down and out he is about all in.

Always proud to show white clothes. Red Cross Ball Blue does make them white. All grocers. Adv.

Sympathy.

Mamie—I see, operated by two men, a machine invented by a Chicago hotel steward will wash and dry more than 18,000 dishes an hour.

Julie—That's the way of the men. Trying to knock poor mother out of work!

Too Late.

Bill—It has been estimated that the heat received in a year by the earth from the sun is sufficient to melt a layer of ice 100 feet in thickness covering the globe.

Jill—And yet we have to go hacking at it on the sidewalk with an old hatchet, just the same.

A Ghastly Fear.

Mrs. Strongmind—Henry, I want you to come straight home as soon as you leave the office, every day! You were twenty minutes late yesterday, and it gave me quite a shock.

Henry—Yes, Henrietta. But you didn't think I'd been run over by a car, did you?

Mrs. Strongmind—No; but how was I to know that somebody wasn't holding you for ransom?—Puck.

Business Opportunities



Do you know that one of the most profitable lines of trade is a Billiard Room and Bowling Alley in combination with a Cigar Store, Quick Lunch Room or Barber Shop? We have a large list of good locations. They are yours for the asking. Write at once; stating where you desire to locate. Ask for catalogue of Billiard Tables, Bowling Alleys and Furniture. We sell on easy payments.

The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., Dept. XY, 623 Wabash Ave., Chicago



Canada is Calling You to her Rich Wheat Lands



She extends to Americans a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.



This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help to feed the world by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain growing.



The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. Military service is not compulsory in Canada. There is no conscription and no war tax on lands. The climate is healthful and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. MacINNIS

176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Canadian Government Agent.

The Woman Who Takes

the proper help to keep her digestion right and her system free from poisonous accumulations, is not troubled with headaches, backache, languid feelings, unnatural sufferings. All women who have tried

BEECHAM'S PILLS

know this famous remedy to be the proper help for them. A few doses will make immediate difference and occasional use will cause a permanent improvement in health and strength. They cleanse the system and purify the blood and every woman who relies on Beecham's Pills, not only enjoys better physical condition, with quieter nerves and brighter spirits, but she

Enjoys A Clear Complexion

Directions of Special Value to Women with Every Box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Bilelessness, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. D. Wood

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed

For Douches

In the local treatment of woman's ailments, such as leucorrhoea and inflammation, hot douches of Paxtine are very efficacious. No woman who has ever used medicated douches will fail to appreciate the clean and healthy condition Paxtine produces and the prompt relief from soreness and discomfort which follows its use. This is because Paxtine possesses superior cleansing, disinfecting and healing properties.

For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been relieved say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 25c. large box or by mail. Sample free. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

that make a horse Wheeze. Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with

ABSORBINE

also any Bunch or Swelling. No blister, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. \$2 per bottle delivered.

Book 3 K free.

ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for man, kind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Knotted Varicose Veins, Ulcers. \$1 and \$2 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Heat, clean, odorless, non-toxic, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, not paper, so it will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers ordered express paid for. H. H. HAROLD SOMMER, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

DEVELOPING ANY ROLL 10¢

BLACK'S DEVELOPING

AGRICULTURAL LIME STONE

PUREST AND BEST ON THE MARKET

Chesbrough Co. Lime Stone Co., Boston, U.S.A.

PATENTS

W. N. U. DETROIT, NO. 32-1915.

The Judge Says—

Put a package of these real corn flakes—these

New Post Toasties

on trial beside a package of any other corn flakes on the market. The jury will bring in a verdict of "guilty"—guilty of being the finest corn flakes ever made.

The New Post Toasties are crisp and appetizing, with a true corn flavour, and they don't mush down when milk or cream is added.

But here's the real test. Take a handful, fresh from the package, and eat them without cream or milk. Mighty good, aren't they?

Notice the little "puffs" on each flake—a distinguishing characteristic—resulting from the new method of cooking and toasting, which also brings out and enhances the wonderful, true corn flavour.

Your Grocer has the New Post Toasties. Try them and bring in your verdict—

"Delicious"

To Cleanse and Heal Deep Cuts

Money Back If Fails

Have it on hand

HANFORD'S
Balsam of Myrrh
ALINMENT

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Strains, Stiff Neck, Chills, Lame Back, Old Sores, Open Wounds, and all External Injuries.

Made Since 1846. Ask Anybody About It.
Price, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00
OR WRITE
All Dealers or C. C. Hanford & Co.,
SYRACUSE, N. Y.

A. L. STEGER,

Dentist.

Office, Kempf Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan
Phone, Office, 12, 13; Residence, 62, 17.

HARLIE J. FULFORD, D. O.

Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate of Kirksville, Mo. Offices 7, 8 (and 9, second floor, Wilkinson Building, Chelsea, Phone 34).

S. A. MAPES,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

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Real Estate Dealers.

Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Mich. gas.

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Harness and Horse Goods

Repairing of all kinds a specialty. Also dealer in Musical Instruments of all kinds and Sheet Music. Steinbach Block, Chelsea.

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General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 62.

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Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, r. f. d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

SHOE REPAIRING

Neatly done at reasonable prices. Agents for the WEAR-IT-WELL Factory Price Shoes.

SCHMID & SON, 171 Middle St.

"Finest Cathartic I Ever Used"

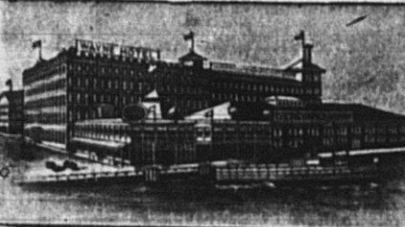
"They do not gripe and their effect is quick and sure," says L. L. Levey.

"For a long time I suffered from constipation and liver trouble," says Mr. L. L. Levey of Green Bay, Wis. "Nothing seemed to help me. I finally secured a package of Foley Cathartic Tablets and am pleased to state that they have cured me. They are the finest cathartic I have ever used, as they do not gripe at all and their effect is quick and sure."

If you are at all troubled with constipation, Foley Cathartic Tablets will be a blessing to you—they not only induce natural, comfortable movement, but they have a strengthening and beneficial effect upon the intestinal tract.

Foley Cathartic Tablets can safely be taken by any and every member of your family. Like all Foley remedies they are sold in yellow packages, accept nothing but the genuine.

SOLD EVERYWHERE



THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE

DETROIT (Third and Jefferson Aves.) MICH.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydrotherapeutic treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water is not excelled in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS in connection. Delightfully located on river front, adjacent to D. & C. Nav. Co.'s Wharf. Coolest spot in Detroit. Summer plan, \$1.00 per day and up.

J. K. Hayes, Prop. E. H. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

Do Not Gripe

We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do.

Jexall Orderlies

We sell thousands of them and have never received a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

L. T. Freeman Co.

BREVITIES

WHITE OAK—Rev. Cheney was extended an unanimous call Saturday to remain another year.

ALBION—The citizens of Albion will hold their home-coming celebration on August 19 and 20.

BLISSFIELD—Wednesday, August 11 has been decided upon as the date for Blissfield's annual Sport Day.

STOCKBRIDGE—The Stockbridge union Sunday school picnic will be held at Portage lake Wednesday, August 18.—Brief-Sun.

YPSILANTI—The Ypsilanti Record, a weekly newspaper, is soon to be started in Ypsilanti. It will be published by Jesse K. Coates and Ford Hicks.

JACKSON—With every cell in the county jail occupied and inmates sleeping on the floor, the "drunk" situation in Jackson is one which is becoming a serious problem.

BRIGHTON—James Seger was bitten on the foot by a rattlesnake Monday while out on the farm of George Welle in Green Oak. He cut the wound open with his knife and sucked out the poison and has felt no bad effects from it at all.—Argus.

BRIDGEWATER—John Finkbeiner took the job of digging the Bridge-water and Saline drain Monday when it was let at Sherman Arnold's, bidding it off at \$400. Jacob Hartman will do the work with his ditching machine. The total expense of the drain will be about \$1200.—Cor. Clinton Local.

MILAN—O. W. Haner threshed for Horace Lewis 220 bushels of wheat from four acres and fourteen acres for Bert Heath that went forty-seven and one-half bushels to the acre. Wheat yields are good on the average this year and there is a fairly good acreage.—Leader.

BROOKLYN—Two hundred boy scouts from Toledo will go into camp at Cramb's landing, Vineyard lake during August. The head scoutmaster and his assistants have been in Brooklyn this week buying supplies and making arrangements for the camp.—Exponent.

ANN ARBOR—Claude Titus, who not so very long ago finished a sentence of 30 days at the county jail, was given employment by Sheriff H. C. Lindenschmitt on his farm in Saline. He rewarded the sheriff for his kindness by leading away one of the best horses on the farm. Titus disposed of the stolen animal to a man named Martin, who gave him \$20 in cash and an old nag to boot. Circulars asking the police departments and sheriffs to be on the lookout for Titus, who is known as "Shorty," were sent out Monday.

YPSILANTI—Mrs. Lulu Raymond, of Chicago, detective, and Mrs. Sharpeley, of Indianapolis, Ind., engaged in a fight Friday evening east of the city limits. Mrs. Raymond is looking for an automobile thief. She stopped Mrs. Sharpeley and asked the privilege of looking at her auto license number and this precipitated a fight. The spectators included several small boys and one farmer. Both women pulled hair and each lost a hair switch. The fight was declared a draw by the spectators.

JACKSON—Whether or not a snake is a household pet and as such may be handled as freely and publicly as Tabby or Towser is a question which people living in the vicinity of 410 West Trail street have put up to Prosecuting Attorney N. E. Bailey. Neighbors have made complaint to the prosecutor that a woman named Maxson, who was formerly with a carnival company, has a den of snakes in the yard of her home and that the reptiles are frequently handled by her, much to the aversion of the more squeamish women of the vicinity. Mrs. Maxson has promised to keep the reptiles in a box from now on.

PLYMOUTH—Postmaster Ladd informs the Mail that the postal receipts for the fiscal year, ending July 1st, of the Plymouth postoffice were \$10,138.00, exclusive of money order fees, which totaled over \$600 more. Under the postoffice regulations all postoffices doing a business of \$10,000 or over per year are entitled to free mail delivery. This brings Plymouth in line for such delivery and it is now up to the postoffice department to grant the same. Under this ruling this village is entitled to three carriers, who will make two deliveries daily in the residence district and three in the business districts.—Mail.

Notice to the Public. It is important that all complaints needing the attention of the officers be reported to the officers at once, whether in the village or surrounding country. If you will co-operate with the officers your complaints will be attended to at once. The officers are at your service, day and night, and you should co-operate with them if you expect the best of service. Do not wait and tell us about it the next day.

VILLAGE AND COUNTY OFFICERS.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL ROOMS,

Chelsea, August 2, 1915.

Council met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President Bacon. Roll call by the clerk.

Present—Trustees Lehman, Schaible, Lighthall, Hirth. Absent—Cole, Palmer.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read.

Moved by Schaible, supported by Lighthall, that the minutes be approved as read.

Yeas—Lehman, Lighthall, Schaible, Hirth. Nays—None.

The following bills were read by the clerk:

GENERAL FUND.
H. E. Cooper, 1 month's salary... \$27.50
Chelsea Tribune, printing... 2.25
Standard Accident Ins. Co... 2.87

STREET FUND.
Wm. Wolff, 108 hours... 51.60
Gilbert Martin, 118 hours... 23.60
Hugh McKune, 111 hours... 22.20
G. Bockres, two weeks... 20.00

LIGHT AND WATER FUND.
Electric Light and Water Works Commission... 500.00

BOND AND INTEREST FUND.
Farmers & Merchants Bank, electric light bond No. 29... 500.00

Farmers & Merchants Bank, interest elec. light bond No. 29... 25.00
Otto D. Luick, water works bond coupon No. 45... 25.00

S. G. Bush, electric light bond coupon No. 38... 25.00
S. G. Bush, water works bond coupon No. 41... 25.00

Kempf C. & S. Bank, electric light bond No. 33... 500.00
Kempf C. & S. Bank, 4 electric light bond coupons Nos. 39, 37, 35, 33... 100.00

Kempf C. & S. Bank, electric light bonds Nos. 23, 26, 28... 75.00
Enter Palmer.

Moved by Lighthall, supported by Lehman, that the bills be allowed as read.

Yeas—Lehman, Lighthall, Schaible, Hirth, Palmer. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Lighthall, supported by Lehman, that some competent person be employed to trim the trees in the streets of the village. Carried.

Moved and supported that council adjourn to Monday evening, August 9, 1915. Carried.

GEORGE M. SEITZ, Clerk.

UNCEASING MISERY

Some Chelsea Kidney Sufferers Get Little Rest or Comfort.

There is little sleep, little rest, little peace for many a sufferer from kidney trouble. Life is one continual round of pain. You can't rest at night when there's kidney backache. You suffer twinges and "stabs" of pain, annoying urinary disorders, lameness and nervousness. You can't be comfortable at work with darting pains and blinding dizzy spells. Neglect these ailments and serious troubles may follow. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at the first sign of disorder. Thousands have testified to their merit.

Proof in Chelsea testimony: Glenn H. Barbour, barber, S. Main St., Chelsea, says: "I suffered from dull pains across my back and kidneys brought on by constant standing. The kidney secretions were irregular in passage and caused me annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills regulated the kidney action and put a stop to the pains in my back."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Barbour had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

MILAN—The annual Milan Day date has been set for Thursday, September 2, on which occasion the merchants will entertain the residents of that vicinity.

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DETROIT FREE PRESS—I have taken the agency of the Free Press for Chelsea and the same will be on sale every day at Faber's Barber Shop where orders for daily delivery can be left, or with myself. 2

FOR SALE—Cow with calf by her side. Inquire of Brenner Bros. Lima. 1

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for farm property. Half interest in the seed dryer at Waterloo. Inquire of G. J. Daly, Waterloo, Mich. 2H

FOR RENT—The east half of the Mrs. Fred Vogel house on Orchard street. 42H

"FOR SALE" and "For Rent" window signs for sale at this office.

Yes—Many People have told us the same story—distress after eating, gases, heartburn. A **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal will relieve you. Sold only by us—25c.

L. T. Freeman Co.

Fighting the New Law.

Among the important laws pertaining to fraternal beneficiary societies, which will become effective in Michigan after August 24, 1915, unless prevented by referendum petitions, is that which defines fraternal benefit societies as those having lodges and using a ritual. This legislation, known as Senate bill No. 11, is being vigorously fought by one organization in Michigan which claims to be a fraternal benefit society, but which operates without a lodge or ritual.

Petitions are now being circulated throughout the state by this society, asking that the proposed law be referred to a vote of the people at the election in November, 1916. Upon the prayer of the voters equal to 10 per cent of the number who cast their votes for governor at the last election (22,000), the law must be referred to the people for a vote and will remain inoperative until that time.

These petitions must be filed with the secretary of state by August 25. Otherwise the law become operative on that date. This same proposition was defeated at the November election in 1914.

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