

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHLSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHLSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1911.

VOLUME 41. NO. 8

Hair Assurance

A clean scalp, freedom from dandruff, healthy hair follicles follows the use of

Nyal's Hirsutone

assuring a luxuriant growth of hair—soft and glossy. Not a hair wash—a hair food. Our highest endorsement. 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Grocery Dept.

Morning, Noon and Night Chase & Sanborn's Coffee always has the same light quality. To be had only at our store.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

WE WANT YOU TO SAY:

"I feel a personal interest in the bank where I do business." We are glad to note that many of our depositors feel as if they have a sort of proprietary interest in this institution. We like that and hope that all our customers will feel the same way. Realizing as we do that the interests of the bank and its customers are mutual, we want you to feel like saying:

"THIS IS MY BANK."

You are always welcome here, whether you come to pay or receive. We are here to serve you and are constantly planning new ways to please our customers and facilitate the work of the bank in serving the public.

Come in and learn how we are able and willing to help you.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

OFFICERS:

JOHN F. WALTRIOUS, Pres. PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres.
CHRIS. GRAU, 2d Vice Pres. P. G. SCHABLE, Cashier.

Sold By Good Grocers

and Used By Good Cooks

Phoenix Bread Flour

Exchange Your Wheat for Flour and Save Money

Seed Wheat Cleaned Any Time

Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Grain

Feed of all kinds for Sale

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS

PHONE 23, 3 RINGS

Ranges, base Burners and Heating Stoves

We have the largest line for you to select from that we have ever shown, and we can suit you in price and quality.

Stoves from \$1.25 up to \$65.00.

See our line and be convinced. Furnaces of all kinds installed in a first-class workmanlike manner. Hot Air, Hot Water and Steam.

IN FURNITURE we carry the dandy line. Everything new

RUILDERS' HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.

DeLavel Cream Separator—the best on the market.

Cut Glass, China, Crockery, Aluminum Ware and Nickel Ware

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Young-Bennett Wedding.

A very quiet home wedding took place at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening, September 25, 1911, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Young, on McKinley street, when their only daughter, Miss Myrtle Elizabeth, was united in marriage with Mr. Haze Garnet Bennett, of Ann Arbor. The impressive ring ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Tatlock, pastor of St. Andrew's Episcopal church, of Ann Arbor. The couple were unattended and the marriage vow was witnessed by about twenty-five of the relatives and friends of the contracting parties.

The bride was gowned in a white satin cassimere, and the groom in conventional black. The home was decorated very prettily in the class colors of the bride—white and red. Miss Young was the guest of honor at three social functions given to her the last of the past week, at each of which she was presented with numerous gifts suitable for the occasion. The groom is a resident of Ann Arbor and is a tool and die maker by occupation.

A dainty wedding supper was served to the guests following the ceremony. The young people left on an automobile trip for Saginaw and Bay City where they will visit relatives. Their many Chelsea friends extend their congratulations. They will be at home to their friends at 432 Second street, Ann Arbor, after November 1st.

Law Suit Settled.

A law suit which has outlived one principal and most of the witnesses, was settled in circuit court in Ann Arbor by Judge Kinne. The suit has been in the supreme court three different times since it was started thirteen years ago and was finally started all over in circuit court again. It was brought by George J. Feldkamp against Christian Ernst, to force him to remove a dam in a small creek. The judge ruled that the dam should be removed.

The dam was built thirteen years ago. At that time Charles Finkbeiner brought suit against Ernst to have the dam removed. The ruling was in favor of Finkbeiner and he was given a judgment for \$150. Ernst took the case to the supreme court where the decision of the lower court was sustained. Ernst lost the motion for a new trial. He asked for a rehearing of the motion and this was denied him. Then he paid the judgment. Later Finkbeiner died and Feldkamp came into possession of the property. He brought suit, but allowed it to lapse. Six years ago he started all over again. The attorneys thought they could fix the matter up out of court but never did so. Few of the original witnesses in the case are alive today.

Chelsea High Lost Game.

In the first football game of the season played at Ann Arbor Saturday afternoon Ann Arbor trimmed Chelsea to the tune of 11 to 3. Galt and Eberwine were the Ann Arbor stars and Dunn, of Chelsea, showing stellar qualities. Ann Arbor's first court came at the beginning of the second quarter, when Galt, the quarterback from Shanandoah, Iowa, got in a 75-yard run, and Ann Arbor made the first touchdown. The second touchdown was made in the last quarter, when a forward pass to Schmidt, who ran six yards and crossed the goal line. Chelsea made her three on a place kick by Dunn, also a crackerjack of a punter, whose punts made Ann Arbor sit up and take notice.

The Chelsea team and position were as follows: L. E. Runciman, Turnbull; L. T. Emmett; L. G. Schmidt; C. Kuhl; R. G. Wagner; R. T. Kaercher; R. E. G. Belser; Q. B. Paul Belser; L. H. Dunn; R. H. Wedemeyer; F. B. Bacon.

A Great Bean State.

Michigan's bean crop will be almost half that of the entire country this year and will be worth nearly \$25,000,000. Michigan will produce twelve of the twenty-five million bushels that will be grown in this country. Two million dollars are invested in the elevators and cleaning plants that prepare this immense crop for market and hundreds of thousands of dollars will be paid to women and children who pick and clean the beans.

Notice.

We the undersigned merchants of the village of Chelsea agree to close our stores at 7 o'clock standard time, every day except Saturday and pay days the 5th and 20th of each month from October 1st, 1911, to May 1st, 1912.

Kantlehner Bros. H. H. Fenn Co.
P. H. Belser A. E. Winans & Son
L. P. Vogel John Farrel & Co.
Hummel & Fahrner Holmes & Walker
J. Bacon Merc. Co. L. T. Freeman Co.
H. S. Holmes Merc. Co.

A HELLO FROM WATERLOO

What is the Matter With the Telephone?

Application has been made to the Railroad Commissioner by some of the renters and stockholders of the Rural Telephone Company of Waterloo asking him to investigate and make an examination of the lines of the company as to whether it is furnishing "reasonable adequate service for the public" as required by the new Mils law.

However it is so late in the season that probably nothing will be done this fall toward reconstruction of said lines of the company and Waterloo will be without proper telephone service this winter.

The company was organized about twelve years ago to furnish telephone connections for the people of Waterloo with each other and with adjoining towns. The idea spread. The company kept selling stock and building lines until the Waterloo people found themselves to be members of a company the controlling interest of which was held at or north of Stockbridge. Some of the telephones were rented at \$12.00 per year and others were used by stockholders. The telephones that were rented paid all the expenses and the stockholders got theirs free. As the stockholders had only \$50 invested and got a telephone free that others were paying \$12 for it practically made them a 24 per cent dividend. This lasted seven years. Meantime expenses increased and the company was somewhat in debt. The eighth year some one suggested that an assessment on the stockholders would help out. Most of the stockholders kicked but all paid but 56 out of 222. This little more than paid the extra expense of collection and the ninth year a \$5 assessment was levied. This about paid the indebtedness but didn't repair the line. The tenth and eleventh years there were \$3 assessments with more expenses and more debts and the lines getting worse all the time. The twelfth year there was a \$6 assessment but about this time the renters began to get wise to the fact that they didn't have to pay for service they didn't get and a lot of them wouldn't pay. Some of the stockholders also found out that paid up stock was non-assessable and so they didn't pay. What the stockholders did pay about made up for what the renters didn't pay so the company has scarcely enough income to pay running expenses without anything with which to repair its lines.

With a large debt, with its lines in the poorest kind of condition for service the board of directors take no measures to put their lines into shape to comply with the new law but virtually ignore it. Now this would not be so bad if it affected only the service of these directors. But it so happens that all these directors but one live a long distance from Waterloo and on lines that have been built long since the lines around Waterloo were built. On these lines, poles are down, instruments are old, wire is rusty and loose. On stormy and windy days rings do not reach central and operators are unable to ring subscribers. Chelsea people have occasion to use these lines a great many times a day. Of course, they get no kind of service over them, all of which is blamed to the poor operator.

Escaped From Officer.

A prisoner who Deputy Sheriff Neil Manning, of Hastings, arrested last Saturday in Ypsilanti and was taking home, directed the officer's attention to a herd of cattle in a field as the two were standing on the black platform of a D. J. & C. car.

At the Fletcher siding the west bound met an east bound car, and while the officer was looking at the herd of cattle the prisoner made a clean get away.

When the officer turned to his prisoner he was not there. Instead he was on the rear platform of a car bound in the opposite direction and waving his hand at the officer. That is the last the deputy has seen of his prisoner.

Washtenaw County Map.

C. W. Chadwick, of Ann Arbor, has just published a map of Washtenaw county, and it is now ready for delivery. It gives every farm in the county, with the land owners name, acreage, location of house, together with roads, rivers, streams, lakes, and all features common to the best in its class. The map also has a directory which make it but an instant's work to locate any farm and the address of the land owner.

The map is printed on cloth with first quality coloring and workmanship. Wm. F. Riemenschneider is the local agent.

Should Receive Attention.

A Letter to the Patrons of the Chelsea Public Schools:

The high school of our village places a good education within the reach of everyone. Its teachers are specialists in their respective branches, it possesses a fine library and well equipped laboratories. The superintendent and teachers backed up by public sentiment favor a high standard of work. With all of these advantages what should hinder our school from turning out students with a splendid equipment for their life's work.

What the fruit shall be depends to a large extent upon our pupils. If one expects to be a successful student he must make everything subservient to his school work. There are few pupils who are able of themselves to do this and it is the duty of the parents to co-operate with the teachers in the endeavor to help the students to form this habit and thus obtain the best possible results from attending high school.

This can be done by helping the pupils to systematize their time for study and by regulating wisely their social affairs so that the latter will not interfere with their school duties. The work of the high school is of such a nature that from one to three hours of hard study are required daily throughout the year. If your boy or girl is not doing this then you may rest assured that he or she is not doing satisfactory work at school and you need not wait until you see the monthly card to find it out. Boys and girls must have time for healthful recreation as well as time for study. All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy but all play and no work makes him a poor student.

The school is a place where life's great lessons are learned. He must learn to be truthful, obedient, and industrious. It is no place for idlers nor triflers but is a place where one should put forth his or her best efforts to obtain that for which our schools are designed, namely, a preparation for one's life work.

Supt. Hendry solicits the co-operation of every parent in Chelsea in order that the standard of our school may be as high as the best.

The Methodist Appointments.

Rev. J. W. Campbell has been returned to Chelsea for another year by the presiding Bishop at the Methodist Conference which has just closed at Flint.

The following are the assignments in this vicinity for the Ann Arbor district.

Superintendent—D. H. Ramsdell.
Ann Arbor—A. W. Stalker.
Azalia—G. W. Hoffman.
Chelsea—John W. Campbell.
Clinton—S. J. Pollock.
Dexter—T. H. Martin.
Dixboro—J. O. Lansing.
Grass Lake—Henry R. Beatty.
Manchester—Geo. G. Hill.
Milan—Edgar L. Moon.
Munith—M. J. Stevens.
Pinckney—Albert Balgovan.
Salem—Chas. D. Lee.
Saline—Geo. F. Tripp.
Stockbridge—Herbert J. Johnson.
Unadilla—Fred Coates.
Whitmore Lake—Donald Campbell.
Willis—Jas. W. Mitchell.
Ypsilanti—H. Addis Leeson.

Transferred to Flint.

Right Rev. John S. Foley, bishop of the diocese of Detroit, has transferred Rev. Fr. M. J. Comerford, of Pinckney, to Flint. Fr. Comerford will have charge of the new St. Matthew's church in Flint. The church will be built on property purchased some time ago, and it will make the third Catholic parish in that city. Fr. Comerford has had charge of St. Mary's parish, of Pinckney for 14 or 15 years.

Rev. Fr. Comerford is well known to many of the residents of this place and has frequently taken part in some of the religious and social gatherings of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.

Sylvan Theatre.

The management of the Sylvan announce the engagement extraordinary of E. C. Whitney's big "Show Girl" company. This company appears in Jackson, Saturday, October 7, and at the Sylvan, Monday, October 9. They carry a chorus of pretty girls, elegant costumes, all special scenery and a fine cast. The prices for this engagement will cause one of the biggest crowds to attend that has ever gone to the Sylvan, as the local managers have prevailed upon Mr. Whitney to play at 25, 35 and 50. Think of it, a musical comedy with a big cast at these prices.

Kills a Murderer.

A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate the stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills, etc. at L. P. Vogel, H. H. Fenn Co., L. T. Freeman Co.

For Genuine Grocery Satisfaction

Good Things

To Eat

and

Right Prices

THIS IS THE PLACE

Your

Drug Store

Wants

Are Nicely Attended to Here Also

We Have All the Good New Things at

FREEMAN'S

WE OFFER

Buggies, Harnesses, Cream Separators, McCormick Twine, Carey Roofing and Paint, McCormick Harrows, Ontario Grain Drills, Flour and Feed.

HUMMEL & FAHRNER

KATHRYN HOOKER

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY

NO FORMAL OPENING

UP-STAIRS OVER FENN'S STORE.



Emily sent it - It is just like hers.
It is my most valued wedding gift.

26 ROUND OAK CHIEF RANGE

SOLD IN CHELSEA BY

F. H. BELSER

The Chelsea Standard

G. Z. MOORE, Publisher.

WELLS, MICHIGAN

HIS DAY OF EMANCIPATION

Cashier Had Lost His Job, but He Was Free of Thralldom of Politeness.

"Roasting the Sox for wasting valuable time on these luncheon league downs will get you nothing," said a fan who always argues in anecdotes. "It reminds me of a certain day-and-night restaurant on Washington street. From midnight to dawn this place has a pretty tough run of customers—strays who have been out late and are willing to wind up the excitement with a fight on any subject.

"To meet this situation the restaurant employed a cashier, known to fame only as Mickey, who has a record of having thrown out three men at a time without breaking any glass. He always was ready for emergencies, and seemed to enjoy them.

"But along about 7 o'clock in the morning, when real human beings would begin to drift in for the eats, there would be a surprising change in Mickey. He would wash his face, brush his hair, put on a white coat, sit in state behind the cash register, and, most surprising of all, would hand back a polite 'Thank you' when a customer paid in.

"One morning when I presented my ticket Mickey received the money in silence, hit the cash register a vicious blow and slammed the change on the counter.

"Got a peeve on?" I inquired.

"Go to," he growled. "And I'll never have to say 'thank you' to anybody again," he added. "I've been freed."

—Chicago Post.

A Tip to Chicago Hotel.

Because the waiter at a certain Pittsburgh hotel would not allow Bob Bescher more than one glass of iced tea, the Reds had said place good night and moved to the Colonial. The tragedy is described thus in the Times-Star:

"The head waiter appeared and said that one iced tea was all that was coming to any individual athlete. Mr. Bescher redoubled his outcries till the high ceiling shook with his lamentations, and Frank Bancroft intervened.

"Does this poor, suffering, tealess athlete get his iced tea?" thundered Banny.

"It does not," the head waiter answered.

"Then," cried Banny, "you can shove your hotel down the back of your neck. Come, fellows—come where liberty still rules and R. Bescher can be teaed to a finale."

"And the whole club, bag and baggage, moved right out of that dining room, out of that hotel, and down-town to the Colonial. Before retiring for the night, Banny had the Colonial chef fix up a bath tub full of iced tea; a hose was connected with this, and Mr. R. Bescher was connected with the hose. At 3 a. m. the night watchman reported the tub as empty and Mr. Bescher as happily slumbering."

Helpful Son-in-Law.

"So you asked my wife for my daughter's hand, did you?" says the stern father.

"I did, and she began to give me a piece of her mind about my presumption, and I—"

"And you beat a retreat and came to see me. Well, sir—"

"Oh, no, I didn't retreat. I argued it out with her, and before I left she had given me her consent. So I—"

"You did! Butly for you! You can have the girl, and you can live right here with us. I want to study your system of defying my wife for a year or so, anyway."—Woman's World.

To Remove a Ring.

Sometimes a ring is so tight that it is most difficult to remove. If wetting the finger with soapy water will not result in the slipping off of the ring, try this expedient: Take a darning needle and thread it double with not too heavy white twine; slip under the ring and cut off the middle. Repeat until there are four strands of thread beneath the ring. Now soap the string as well as the finger. Place the strings about equidistant, and have some one hold them taut. This being done, the chances are that you will find that the ring will slip over the knuckles along the soaped string without any trouble.

Very Much Alive.

Returning to the club after a week or two in the country, the old member looked around the dining room for his own particular waiter.

"Where's James?" he asked the steward. "Not defunct, I hope."

"That's just what 'e 'as done, sir," replied the steward, "with every blessed thing 'e could lay 'is 'ands on."—Pink Un.

Repenting at Leisure.

Marie had been naughty at the dinner table and her mother had sent her into the next room to remain until she was sorry for her behavior.

Marie cheerfully complied. Making no expression of repentance after a suitable time had elapsed, her mother called from an adjoining room:

No answer. On a repetition of the question, however, Marie replied, with a sweet and patient dignity:

"Nanna, please don't ask me any more. I'll tell you when I'm sorry."—Chicago Magazine.

BEAN CROP KEPT FARMERS FROM FAIR

STATE FAIR OFFICIALS SAY RURAL MEN COULD NOT LEAVE FIELDS.

IN SPITE OF HANDICAPS RECEIPTS WILL EQUAL LAST YEAR.

Attendance This Year Was About 180,000—Street Car Strike and Rain Cost the Fair About \$80,000

The big bean crop in Michigan this year is directly responsible for the comparatively light attendance of farmers at the state fair, according to officials. This is just the time when farmers are caring for their bean crops and to leave the farms would have meant a big financial loss.

Fair officials, however, declare emphatically that the impression that this year's fair has been a failure is erroneous. Manager J. E. Hannon and Eugene Field, secretary and member of the board of directors, declare that, on the other hand, more money will be taken in by the society than last year, when the gate receipts were \$60,040 and the total attendance 150,000.

"The bad weather and the strike cost us about \$80,000," said Manager Hannon, "and we figure that the total attendance would have been a quarter of a million but for the drawbacks. We now figure that we will clear a little more than \$14,000, the amount that we cleared last year."

M. E. MINISTERS ASSIGNED

Appointments as Made at Flint Conference a Few Surprises.

Charles W. Baldwin, of Detroit, was by Bishop Anderson elevated at the Flint conference to the position of district superintendent of the Saginaw district, thus winning one of the big prizes of the 1911 Detroit conference, in a field in which many big men of the church were contesting for the place.

"Another vacancy is filled in the promotion of Dr. Dwight H. Ramsdell, of Adrian, to the superintendent of the Ann Arbor district.

Dr. Allen, much to the delight of Detroit Methodists, is reappointed superintendent there as forecaster. Two new men are sent to Detroit pulpits.

To Boost Upper Peninsula.

If the resources of the upper peninsula are not well known throughout the whole country within the next year, it will not be the fault of those 200 boosters who were the guests of the Board of Commerce, of Detroit. Word has just reached Detroit that they have raised a big sum of money to be expended in advertising the northern peninsula.

The boosters have had the soil of the upper peninsula thoroughly examined by the state geologist and by other authorities. As a result they have learned that there are over seven million acres of fertile land there. They are not going to let this matter remain a secret.

The Upper Peninsula Development Bureau, whose president is T. A. Green of Ontonagon, and whose manager is T. E. Quinby, is raising \$50,000 to exploit their country. Practically all this amount has been raised and plans have been perfected for a big display of the products of northern Michigan at the Chicago land show.

Saginaw's Industrial Show Is On.

When the doors of the Auditorium were thrown open to the public, Saginaw's fourth annual industrial exposition and land show given under the direction of the 'Wholesalers' and Manufacturers' association was on full blast.

The Armory will contain the Michigan land show, which is in charge of W. A. Benton, of Roscommon. The annex contains the machinery exhibit, which is larger than ever.

Heretofore exhibits were of manufactured goods, and people went more to hear the musical program. This year the exposition will depict the actual manufacture of the products, which it is believed will appeal to outsiders.

All decorations and exhibits are products of Saginaw, and upon the success of this year's exposition, which lasts for eight days, depends future shows.

Farmers Expert Milk Producers.

The Wayne county farmers are expert milk producers in the estimation of Ernest Kelley, of the dairy division, bureau of animal industry, department of agriculture, Washington. Mr. Kelley has been in Detroit as the representative of the department, to score the specimens of milk in the Y. M. C. A. milk show.

About 1,500 former residents of Michigan held their annual celebration by enjoying a picnic dinner and later holding a meeting in the auditorium at Long Branch, Cal., where numerous speeches were given.

The business meeting of the eleventh annual session of the state congress of the Tribe of Ben Hur was held in the Auditorium building, in Kalamazoo. Orion, Mich., was chosen as the next place of meeting. The following officers were elected: Chief, N. S. Scheffarth, Jackson; past chief, A. J. Benjamin, Battle Creek; F. E. Griswold, Muskegon; teacher, Mrs. Willworth, Grand Rapids; scribe, Maude McFarland, Battle Creek; keeper of tribute, I. C. Sherman, Marshall; captain, F. Ferguson, Saginaw; guide, A. Cross, Niles; inner guard, A. F. Oxley, Battle Creek; outer guard, H. J. Miller, Orion.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

A postal savings bank will be started in Bloomington October 17.

George Sweet, the head of the closed Munnith bank, has been unable to furnish bail in the sum of \$2,000 and is in jail in Jackson.

Mrs. Amelia Jones, charged with attempting to poison her husband, was arraigned in court in Ionia and demanded an examination.

The fourth annual industrial exposition and land show given by the 'Wholesalers' and Manufacturers' association is in full blast in Saginaw.

While running to catch a train that would bear him back to his family, Antoine Lucetall, a stranger, fell from a trestle at Hancock and broke his neck.

Arthur E. Gordon, secretary of the State Brewers' association, states that a campaign will be waged against the anti-saloon workers the coming spring.

Following the religious movement started in Grand Rapids, 3,000 employees in different factories, offered prayers during lunch hour for the success of the men.

It is expected that the Breitung interests will strike a vein of commercial ore in their diamond drill operations near the Baron mine in the vicinity of Humboldt.

A big hog broke through its pen at the Emmett County fair at Petoskey and inflicted serious injuries to the legs of Judge Clay E. Call, necessitating 42 stitches.

The state tax commission left Alpena for Charlevoix county, after increasing the valuation of nearly every piece of property in the city from 10 to 50 per cent.

Vice-President Sherman has accepted an invitation to be present at the municipal day celebration in Sturgis. Gov. Osborn and Senator Smith will also be present.

James Watkins, a graduate of the U. of M., has left for Oxford, England, where he will spend three years on a Cecil Rhodes scholarship, having successfully passed the examination.

Two horses belonging to farmers were stolen off the streets in Kalamazoo. About 20 horses have been stolen during the past year by a band of thieves believed to be operating in Indiana.

Patrick Harker, of Jackson, a former member of the state legislature, is dead. He was a well known Democrat and was once a candidate for the national congress. He was 60 years old.

Charles Bush, of Custer, who stabbed and killed Edward Johnson, a wealthy man, in a saloon brawl, will not serve much time for his deed even if convicted, for he is dying with consumption.

Miss Frances Remersma, 19, is in jail in Holland, following a confession that she had strangled her one-day-old infant to death. The body was found in a box near the Tannery creek by two boys.

Deputy Sheriff Neil Manning, of Hastings, attention was called to a herd of cattle by a prisoner he had arrested at Ypsilanti, and when he looked up again he found his prisoner on the rear of another car.

Although both young men claim the shooting was accidental, Gertrude Diophas has been arrested by the police following the shooting of Bernard Melers, 20, who lies in the hospital in Kalamazoo in a serious condition.

Members of the League of Michigan Municipalities are about evenly divided on the commission form of government. Joseph F. Cully, city attorney of Menominee, urged state legislation giving cities the control of water power.

"If it were not for the sugar beet factories in Michigan foreign countries would force the price up to 10 or 12 cents a pound, or maybe even more, instead of 8½ cents, retail, as it is today," says George L. Walt, manager of the Lansing factory of the Owsosso Sugar Co.

George Sweet, owner of the Munnith and Whitmore Lake banks, which closed their doors about two weeks ago, was adjudicated a bankrupt, the order being issued in federal court in Detroit by District Judge Angell. The order followed a petition of creditors whose deposits totaled \$1,300.

At the concluding session of the biennial convention of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Workers' of America at St. Joseph, Mo., W. D. Mahon of Detroit was re-elected president; J. J. Thorp, Pittsburg, first vice-president; William Welch, Wheeling, W. Va., second vice-president; A. H. Burk, Salt Lake City, third vice-president.

There recently was advanced the claim that throughout the upper peninsula of Michigan only one chestnut tree existed. This one is in the yard of William Bacon, at Sault Ste. Marie, and the fact that it has borne heavily this year was held to demonstrate that raising chestnuts in the Lake Superior region was altogether feasible. It has developed that John Parker, an old-time great lakes navigator, has in his yard at Ontonagon, five trees of the same kind and that each season for several years past they have been heavily laden with nuts. The trees were raised from sprouts brought from the east.

"All future reciprocal negotiations with Canada should comprehend complete free trade between the dominion and the United States. Anything short of this is not ideal reciprocity,"—Gov. Osborn.

Thomas Cartwright, aged 35, who disappeared from his home in the eastern part of Saginaw county three years ago, returned home to his wife and three children. He said he had gone to Nevada and taken a home-stand in the interior of the state where communication with the outside world was next to impossible. After making a modest competence he decided to return to his family.

RECIPROCITY MEETS DEFEAT IN CANADA

RETURNS FROM CANADIAN ELECTIONS SHOW 81 LIBERALS AND 31 CONSERVATIVE MEMBERS CHOSEN.

EIGHT CABINET MEMBERS OVERWHELMED IN LANDSLIDE.

Early Retirement of Laurier Is Expected and Reciprocity Is Not Likely to Come Up Again for Many Years.

The Laurier government and reciprocity are beaten decisively. The opposition has completely turned the tables on Laurier, whose majority in the house of commons at dissolution was 42. The combined opposition majority will be 50. The figures in the twelfth parliament will probably be 132 Conservatives and Nationalists and 89 Liberals.

The Nationalists cut a poor figure, electing only two. R. L. Borden, the next prime minister, will therefore have a big majority of his own kind of straight Conservatives back of him, and all speculation about the activities of the Nationalists in the next parliament goes for naught. The Liberals lost practically all along the line.

Ottawa went wild. The Conservatives won both Ottawa seats from the Liberals. After having been out in the cold for 15 years they are in a delirium of joy. Cabinet-making will be the favorite Canadian pastime for weeks to come.

No one is more surprised than the Tories themselves. The defeat ends Sir Wilfrid Laurier's career. The consensus of opinion is that he will not assume the leadership of the opposition, but will retire to private life. He has said that when the time came for him to retire from parliament he would like to have a place on the Ottawa improvement commission.

It is expected that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier, will tender to the governor-general, Earl Grey, his resignation from office within the next two weeks, although not required to do so until defeated by an adverse vote in the house.

The first business of the new government will be to put the supply bill through the house as the public services of the country require an immediate vote of money. It is not unlikely that the session will be short and may be terminated before the Christmas holidays, and that another session will be called early next year.

Taft Sorry, But Smiles. "For me," declared President Taft, just before he left Kalamazoo for Peoria, Ill., "the defeat of reciprocity in Canada is a great disappointment. I had hoped that it would be put through to prove the correctness of my judgment that it would be a good thing for both countries. It takes time to make a bargain and if Canada declines we can still go on doing business, at the old stand."

Canada Has Less Than 8,000,000 Fifth Census Shows Toronto and Montreal Made Largest Gains.

The completion of Canada's fifth census, begun in June, will show a total population considerably under 8,000,000, according to unofficial calculations. The official figures will be made public in a few days, as soon as returns are in from the northwest districts.

Toronto and Montreal have made the largest gains in population, the former the greatest percentage of gain and the latter the largest gain in numbers. The maritime provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia have not grown as have Quebec and the other provinces, and Prince Edward Island has stood still.

In Ontario the population of the rural districts has fallen off on account of a large migration to the west. In Nipissing, East and West Algoma, Rainy River and Thunder Bay the population has doubled. All the western provinces show great gains.

The new census will raise the basis of representation in the house of commons from 25,000 to 32,000. Refusing redistribution will probably be raised from 221 to 241 members.

Father Sherman Breaks Down. Rev. Fr. Thomas Sherman, son of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, who led the march "from Atlanta to the sea" during the civil war, is an inmate of the state hospital for the insane at Agnew, Cal., following an attempt at suicide at the Jesuit Novitiate at Los Gatos.

Fr. Sherman, accounted one of the most brilliant orators in the Jesuit order, left Chicago a few months ago in an endeavor to regain his health. His nervous system having suffered a severe breakdown.

The forty-fourth annual reunion of the Eighth Michigan cavalry was held in Jackson.

The St. Mark's Episcopal church, Grand Rapids, will celebrate its seventy-fifth anniversary the first week in October.

Kansas may properly be designated the Sunflower state, but it is believed that even it has been outdone this year by upper Michigan. If at least is questioned that the southwestern commonwealth has produced a sunflower plant three times the height of the grover. That is an upper Michigan record registered this season. Mrs. George Glosser has in blossom in her yard at Sault Ste. Marie a huge sunflower plant, the stalk of which towers 15 feet 3 inches.

DEFENDS TARIFF BOARD

Taft Stoutly Defends Board's Work in Speech at St. Louis.

That an expert board was essential to the proper framing of a tariff, that public opinion fully recognized that fact and demanded such a board, and that the present tariff board had fully vindicated its existence were the main points of President Taft's principal speech in St. Louis, Mo.

Incidentally the president stoutly defended his vetoes of tariff bills he considered hastily and incompletely drawn. This defense he based not only upon his judgment and conscience but upon solid legal ground, quoting the constitution to show that he acted fully within his rights.

Before a smaller audience President Taft again attacked the policy of recall for the judiciary urging that impeachment was a much more safe and certain method of discipline. He also severely criticized American methods of trial by jury and court procedure.

FRANCE HOPEFUL OVER MOROCCO Will Release Two-Year Soldiers, Since Germany Has Already Done So.

The general tone of the newspapers is favorable towards a satisfactory and peaceful solution of the Moroccan question. It is said that France and Germany have agreed in regard to the political and economic situation in Morocco. The only disputes remaining are in regard to minor questions, concerning Morocco and the German compensations in the French Congo. These, it is expected, will be settled without further trouble.

The cabinet will meet tomorrow under the presidency of M. Fallieres to consider the German proposals. The minister of war announced today that two-year soldiers whose term of service expires this month will be allowed to leave September 24. The notice issued by the war office says the German officials in Metz, Constance, Mulheim, Mulhouse and Fribourg, which are practically frontier garrisons, have already liberated such soldiers.

Work on Panama Canal Progressing Rapidly.

Less than one-fourth of all the earth and rock to be removed from the bed of the Panama was in place Sept. 1. The excavation in Culebra cut during August reached the great total of 1,442,402 cubic yards, the best record for a rainy season month in the history of the cut.

The concrete layers are keeping pace with the canal diggers and on Sept. 9 they had placed over 64 per cent of the concrete for all of the vast locks on the canal.

The earth continues to slide down the steep banks at several places in Culebra cut, but the conditions there are more satisfactory than at any time since 1907. It has been necessary again to increase the estimates of the amount of material yet to be removed, but the engineers declare that this will not increase the cost of the work nor affect the time of completion because improved methods have reduced the excavations charge as the work has advanced.

Get-Rich-Quick Offices Raided.

The raiding of the office of Jared Flagg, Jr., in New York, and the arrest and imprisonment of Flagg, ex-United States Treasurer Daniel N. Morgan, and six other men who are alleged to be connected with the Flagg, 52 per cent a year investment scheme, has caused a serious jolt to a number of Detroit men prominent in business and financial circles.

They were investors in the Flagg enterprises and now fear that their names will be connected with the get-rich-quick scheme in some way that will prove undesirable. It is estimated that the Detroit capital involved in the business totals over \$100,000.

FLASHES FROM WIRE.

R. T. Crane, of Chicago, roasts the Michigan University technical school as valueless.

The North German Lloyd line is placing orders for the construction of four double-screw steamers to be used in the Argentine service.

Mrs. Emma Poesche, who had taught German in the families of several presidents and among members of the diplomatic corps, is dead, aged 84.

Senator Benj. R. Tillman's announcement that he is a candidate to succeed himself was made public, repeating recent stories that he might refuse to run again because of failing health.

A practical result of an investigation by the civil service commission of gambling and other vices in Chicago was the closing by order of Chief of Police McWeeny of all saloons to women.

Women will be barred this year as teachers in night schools in Montclair, N. J. The authorities have deemed that the night work is too strenuous and endangers the health of the women teachers.

For the first time in its history the ashes of a cremated person were placed in Westminster abbey, in London. The ashes were those of Rev. Robinson Duckworth, canon and sub-dean of Westminster, and select preacher at Cambridge, and they were placed in St. Faith's chapel.

Chaplain Lougher, of Jackson prison, says: "There are more moral men in this place than anyone would imagine; men of character and good clean ideals. Here they have found themselves and the right way to live and they are living just as earnestly."

Although there has been no material change in the condition of Mrs. Day, wife of Justice William R. Day, Mr. Day states he will not be at the opening of the United States supreme court, October 1, unless a decided change for the better is taken by Mrs. Day. Mrs. Day's condition is pronounced serious by physicians.

FRENCH BATTLESHIP IS BLOWN UP

FIRE DESTROYS SPLENDID BATTLESHIP WITHIN TWENTY MINUTES OF DISCOVERY.

MAGAZINES LET GO WHEN FIRE IN HOLD REACHES THEM.

Harbor Is Filled With Uniformed Bodies as Brave Men Die at Their Posts; Loss of Life Is Placed at 235

In the most terrible disaster in years, 235 French sailors perished in a series of explosions which sank the battleship *Liberte* in the harbor at Toulon. Forty others were badly wounded, half of them probably fatally.

Fire, originating from a short circuit, ignited the ammunition hold, causing three heavy and two lesser detonations, which broke the vessel in two. Many of the victims are sailors from other warships, who were helping fight the fire.

The dead perished at their posts, martyrs to discipline and duty. These figures were contained in official dispatches sent from Toulon to the marine office in Paris several hours after the disaster, and followed a preliminary investigation.

The bay was filled with uniformed sailors, dead and dying, some of whom were picked up by other ships, while many others sank to their death.

Torn asunder by three explosions, caused when a fire reached the ammunition magazine, the great man-of-war split in pieces and sank in the harbor. The force of the explosion was so great that huge fissures were opened in the steel armor and framework of the warship. A piece of armor plate was hurled against the cruiser *Republique* with great force, damaging her plates. Scores of bodies were hurled high into the air, with huge fragments of framework, armor, bursting shells and the suffocating smoke from the exploded magazines.

On the first explosion the men rushed from their quarters and a hundred or more sought safety in plunging overboard. But the great body of men, officers and crew remained on the ship and were hurled high in the air or into the water as the culminating explosion tore the ship into fragments.

An official statement of the casualties in the loss of the *Liberte* places the dead at 235 and the injured at 88, with one man missing.

Dies in Flames at His Biplane Burns.

Whirling about in midair, his body ablaze, Frank Miller, a Cleveland aviator, was burned to death and dropped to the ground in the sight of thousands of spectators at the Miami county fair at Troy, near Piqua, O.

Miller had just commenced a flight around the fair grounds about 200 feet from the ground in his biplane. As he made a final swoop toward the landing place there was a blinding flash and his gasoline tank exploded. A twist of the steering wheel sent the plane up in the air and then Miller lost control and the flaming machine enveloped him. Like a shot out of a cannon the aviator and machine dropped to the ground. Miller was dead, his machine consumed by flames.

"Dare Devil" Castellane, an aviator, fell to instant death at the Mansfield, Pa., fair. He had started in an exhibition flight and when three-quarters of a mile from the ground his machine careened, turned turtle and fell on a hillside. Castellane was found buried beneath the wreckage of his engine and plane. His wife witnessed the fatality.

Filipinos Kill Naval Officer.

Ensign Haller Belt, commanding the little gunboat *Tantanga*, was killed by hostile natives at the Yacans islands, which form part of the Philippine archipelago. Several sailors of Ensign Belt's party were severely wounded. The details of the affair have not reached the navy department.

All Big Copper Mines to Merge.

A number of influential copper magnates of England and America are making an inspection tour of the mines in Arizona, and it is stated on excellent authority that a merger is in progress of the various copper companies of the country.

Stolypin an Assassin Hanged.

Dimitry Bogroff, the assassin of Premier Stolypin, was hanged in the courtyard at Kiev. He was found guilty by court-martial and condemned to death. Only witnesses of the local government witnessed the hanging.

Plan to Divide Tobacco Trust.

Plans for the reorganization of the American Tobacco Co., which are to be submitted shortly to the United States circuit court, are said to provide for the formation of three new companies out of the disintegrated parts of the present company.

Almost ranking officer of his grade, Colonel George Ruhlen, assistant quartermaster general of the army, was placed on the retired list on account of age.

Viscount Uchida, the retiring Japanese ambassador, accompanied by his wife, left Washington Thursday afternoon for Seattle, where they will embark next Tuesday for Japan. Viscount Uchida will be home minister of foreign affairs in the new Japanese cabinet of Marquis Saionji.

There is no hope for the recovery of former Gov. Fletcher D. Proctor, who has been suffering from endocarditis since July. An official statement to that effect was issued by his physicians.

Bluejackets of the torpedo boat fleet have begun the publication of a queer little periodical, which they have dubbed "The Torpedo." It is printed aboard the cruiser *Dirigo* and abounds in jokes and comic cuts, one in the first issue representing a sailor astride a dirigible torpedo which is fitted with aeroplane wings and making a great flight over the ocean.

MAY WAR OVER TRIPOLI

Italy and Turkey on the Verge of a Conflict.

War between Italy and Turkey may be declared. Tripoli, a semi-barbaric nation of 2,000,000 people, situated just across the Mediterranean sea south of Italy, is the bone of contention.

Both Italy and Turkey are mobilizing their troops and rushing warships to the scene.

There are 50,000 Italians in Tripoli and the declaration of war may be the signal for their slaughter

SERIAL
STORYThe Courtship
of Miles
StandishWith Illustrations
by
Howard Chandler Christy

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John Alden

Into the open air John Alden, perplexed and bewildered, rushed like a man insane, and wandered alone by the sea-side; Paced up and down the sands, and bared his head to the east wind, Cooling his heated brow, and the fire and fever within him. Slowly as out of the heavens, with apocalyptic splendors, Sank the City of God, in the vision of John the Apostle, So, with its cloudy walls of chrysolite, Jasper, and sapphire, Sank the broad red sun, and over its turrets uplifted Glimmered the golden reed of the angel who measured the city.

"Welcome, O wind of the East!" he exclaimed in his wild exultation. "Welcome, O wind of the East, from the caves of the misty Atlantic! Blowing o'er fields of dulse, and measureless meadows of sea-grass, Blowing o'er rocky wastes, and the grottoes and gardens of ocean! Lay thy cold, moist hand on my burning forehead, and wrap me Close in thy garments of mist, to allay the fever within me!"

Like an awakened conscience, the sea was moaning and tossing, Beating remorseful and loud the mutable sands of the sea-shore. Fierce in his soul was the struggle and tumult of passions contending. Love triumphant and crowned, and friendship wounded and bleeding, Passionate cries of desire, and importunate pleadings of duty! "Is it my fault," he said, "that the maiden has chosen between us? Is it my fault that he failed,—my fault that I am the victor?" Then within him there thundered a voice, like the voice of the prophet: "It hath displeased the Lord!"—and he thought of David's transgression, Bathsheba's beautiful face, and his friend in the front of the battle! Shame and confusion of guilt, and abasement and self-condemnation, Overwhelmed him at once; and he cried in the deepest contrition: "It hath displeased the Lord! It is the temptation of Satan!"

Then uplifting his head, he looked at the sea, and beheld there Dimly the shadowy form of the Mayflower riding at anchor, Rocked on the rising tide, and ready to sail on the morrow; Heard the voices of men through the mist, the rattle of cordage Thrown on the deck, the shouts of the mate, and the sailors' "Aye, aye, sir!" Clear and distinct, but not loud, in the dripping air of the twilight. Still for a moment he stood, and listened, and stared at the vessel, Then went hurriedly on, as one who, seeing a phantom, Stops, then quickens his pace, and follows the beckoning shadow. "Yes, it is plain to me now," he murmured; "the hand of the Lord is leading me out of the land of darkness, the bondage of error, Through the sea, that shall lift the walls of its waters around me, Hiding me, cutting me off, from the cruel thoughts that pursue me. Back will I go o'er the ocean, this dreary land will abandon, Her whom I may not love, and him whom my heart has offended. Better to be in my grave in the green old churchyard in England, Close by my mother's side, and among the dust of my kindred; Better to be dead and forgotten, than living in shame and dishonor! Sacred and safe and unseen, in the dark of the narrow chamber With me my secret shall die, like a buried jewel that glimmers Bright on the hand that is dust, in the chambers of silence and darkness. Yes, as the marriage ring of the great espousal hereafter!"

Thus as he spoke, he turned, in the strength of his strong resolution, Leaving behind him the shore, and hurried along in the twilight, Through the congenial gloom of the forest silent and somber, Till he beheld the lights in the seven houses of Plymouth, Shining like seven stars in the dusk and mist of the evening. Soon he entered his door, and found the redoubtable Captain, sitting alone, and absorbed in the martial pages of Caesar.

Fighting some great campaign in Hainaut or Brabant or Flanders. "Long have you been on your errand," he said with a cheery demeanor. Even as one who is waiting an answer, and fears not the issue. "Not far off is the house, although the woods are between us; But you have lingered so long, that while you were going and coming I have fought ten battles and sacked and demolished a city. Come, sit down, and in order relate to me all that has happened."

Then John Alden spoke, and related the wondrous adventure, From beginning to end, minutely, just as it happened. How he had seen Priscilla, and how he had sped in his courtship, Only smoothing a little, and softening down her refusal. But when he came at length to the words Priscilla had spoken, Words so tender and cruel: "Why don't you speak for yourself, John?"

Up leaped the Captain of Plymouth, and stamped on the floor, till his armor Clanged on the wall, where it hung, with a sound of sinister omen. All his pent-up wrath burst forth in a sudden explosion, Even as a hand-grenade, that scatters destruction around it. Wildly he shouted, and loud: "John Alden! you have betrayed me! Me, Miles Standish, your friend! have supplanted, defrauded, betrayed me! One of my ancestors ran his sword through the heart of Wat Tyler; Who shall prevent me from running my own through the heart of a traitor? Yours is the greater treason, for yours is a treason to friendship!"



Winding His Sinuous Way.

You, who lived under my roof, whom I cherished and loved as a brother; You, who have fed at my board, and drunk at my cup, to whose keeping I have intrusted my honor, my thoughts the most sacred and secret,— You, too, Brutus! ah, woe to the name of friendship hereafter! Brutus was Caesar's friend, and you were mine, but henceforward Let there be nothing between us save war, and implacable hatred!"

So spoke the Captain of Plymouth, as he strode about in the chamber, Chafing and choking with rage; like cords were the veins on his temples. But in the midst of his anger a man appeared at the doorway, Bringing in uttermost haste a message of urgent importance, Rumors of danger and war and hostile incursions of Indians! Straightway the Captain paused, and, without further question or parley, Took from the nail on the wall his sword with its scabbard of iron, Buckled the belt round his waist, and, frowning fiercely, departed. Alden was left alone. He heard the clank of the scabbard Growing fainter and fainter, and dying away in the distance. Then he arose from his seat, and looked forth into the darkness, Felt the cool air blow on his cheek, that was hot with the insult, Lifted his eyes to the heavens, and, folding his hands as in childhood, Prayed in the silence of night to the Father who seeth in secret. Meanwhile the choleric Captain strode wrathful away to the council, Found it already assembled, impatiently waiting his coming; Men in the middle of life, austere and grave in deportment, Only one of them old, the hill that

Thereupon answered and said the excellent Elder of Plymouth, Somewhat amazed and alarmed at this irreverent language: "Not so thought Saint Paul, nor yet the other Apostles; Not from the cannon's mouth were the tongues of fire they spoke with!" But unheeded fell this mild rebuke on the Captain, Who had advanced to the table, and thus continued discoursing: "Leave this matter to me, for to me by right it pertaineth. War is a terrible trade; but in the cause that is righteous, Sweet is the smell of powder; and thus I answer the challenge!"

Then from the rattlesnake's skin, with a sudden, contemptuous gesture, Jerking the Indian arrows, he filled it with powder and bullets Full to the very jaws, and handed it back to the savage, Saying, in thundering tones: "Here, take it! this is your answer!" Silently out of the room then glided the glistening savage, Bearing the serpent's skin, and seeming himself like a serpent, Winding his sinuous way in the dark to the depths of the forest. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

Too Much Ceremony. A Cincinnati drummer happened to be put at a table at Columbus with a number of legislators, and the courtly way in which they addressed each other greatly bored the commercial traveler. It was: "Will the gentleman from Hardin do this?" and "The gentleman from Franklin do that?" They invariably spoke to each other as the gentleman from whatever county they happened to hail from. For 10 or 15 minutes the drummer bore it in silence. Then he suddenly crushed the statesmen by singing out in stentorian tones to the waiter: "Will the gentleman from Ethiopia please pass the butter!" That ended the "gentleman from business."—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

FIGHT FOR STATE
COAL RIGHTS ON

Saginaw Company and G. F. Whitney Are Bidders.

CONTEST IS A LIVELY ONE

Precedent for Future Policy of State Is Involved in Transaction Relating to Mineral Lands in Saginaw.

Lansing.—There is about to be a lively contest between the Consolidated Coal company of Saginaw and G. F. Whitney of the same city for mineral rights in state lands in Saginaw county underneath which there is said to be valuable deposits of coal. According to Secretary Carlton of the public domain commission, Whitney and the corporation have both entered application to purchase from the commission the mineral rights in some 750 city lots within the city of Saginaw, and other plots just outside the city which have come into the possession of the state by reason of the non-payment of taxes.

It has been suggested that the state sell these rights at public auction. Whatever action is taken will be more important than the disposal of these lands, by reason of the fact that this is the first time there has been application made for the purchase of this right, and the decision of the commission will establish a precedent for the future policy of the state.

Secretary Carlton says Whitney alleges the coal company is mining coal at present under some state lands, and further asserts that the company is endeavoring to secure a monopoly on the fuel supply in that section, and declares these lands are worth \$3,000 an acre because of the coal deposits.

To Name State Recruiter.

Instructions were received at the state military department from the war department for the establishment in the state militia of a system of recruiting to be put in force if the troops are called into active service. It requires the state to designate a recruiting officer who is to secure recruits for each organization when the federal government calls for the troops, companies and batteries. The officer is directed to secure the necessary blanks and inform himself relative to methods of recruiting in order that he may take up his duties promptly in case of active duty.

Notice is also given that Ludington has been designated as the place of mobilization for Michigan troops if they are called out, this plan to be subject to approval by the state military board. Speaking of the order, Col. J. N. Cox, adjutant general, said: "It is simply part of the plan of the war department to perfect the organization in every possible way. Other details of a similar nature have been worked out, and the necessary orders issued and this is but another step, as I understand it, in the completion of a scheme for placing all available troops in the field promptly if need arises."

Money in Catalpa Trees.

A number of years ago J. B. Colestock set out a grove of catalpa trees on his farm in Hamlin township, and they have now reached a point in growth where they are going to be a source of considerable profit to him. He has already contracted a carload of fence posts for shipment to parties in Indiana and all of these are to be cut from his catalpa grove. Mr. Colestock has made a very good success from a rather small beginning, and others are thinking seriously of taking a hand at raising catalpa trees on a more extensive scale.

Apples Rot on Ground.

Never before were the farmers of Grant and vicinity at such disadvantage in the apple line as at the present time. Local buyers are only taking first-class stock for shipment, and the late winds have covered the ground beneath the trees, with a grade of fruit that will not permit of shipment for market purposes, and yet the fruit is superior to that taken in here in previous years at the canning factories. It is a lamentable fact that the lying idle of the local cannery this season has taken thousands of dollars from the farmers.

Accepts Kent Judgeship.

Attorney Roger I. Wykes of Grand Rapids announces that he will accept the newly-created circuit judgeship, having received the appointment from Governor Osborn.

Will Force Good Roads.

Backed by the Jackson Chamber of Commerce, an extensive campaign looking toward the adoption of the good roads system is on in that county. The entire county has been organized and petitions are being circulated in every township and incorporated village. The petitions will be placed before the board of supervisors at the meeting in October, thus forcing that body to submit the question to the people at the spring election.

Asks Pay for Injured.

That the accident insurance companies and the lawyers who hunt up personal injury damage suits are both leeches on the body politic, and that the state ought to be in a hurry to establish an employers' liability and workmen's compensation act was the gist of an address delivered by R. L. Drake, Detroit, before the state convention of the Federation of Labor at Battle Creek.

Mr. Drake is secretary of the commission appointed by the governor to investigate industrial accidents in the state and report to the next legislature its recommendations for a new law. It was plain to see what kind of a law Drake thinks ought to be passed—one that will compel settlement with all injured workmen without having any law suits—settlements that will compensate for injuries received. It is plain to see he wants the state to go into the accident insurance business and run it at cost for both employer and employee.

"The employer invariably thinks that if he could take the money that now goes to the liability insurance companies and give it to the injured, a great wrong would be righted," averred the speaker.

"When a workman receives an injury, owing to the fact that if he elects to sue he invariably sacrifices his position and jeopardizes his chances for a livelihood when he recovers. If he takes without contest what the insurance company elects to give him, he must take such a small amount that, aside probably from his doctor's bills, all the burden of his accident is borne by himself and family."

"The time is not far distant when the workman will no longer produce all of the world's wealth and bear all of its burden unaided."

"There is a great economic waste, as evidenced by the enormous profits yearly accruing to the accident insurance companies, which burden is borne by the employer, and the profits acquired by the lawyer who makes a specialty of personal injury cases. There is not much to choose between the two. They are both leeches on the industrial world and get the cream, while the contending parties must be satisfied with skim milk."

"If it is necessary for the employers of the state to devote annually large sums of money to protect themselves against their liability because of industrial accidents, let us at least see that a just proportion of it is turned into the channels of justice, so that in the end it will reach the deserving, those men who are injured in the performance of their daily labor."

Convicts' Store Proves Success.

The convicts of Jackson prison will own their own store beginning October 1. The idea of a co-operative store within the prison walls was created by Warden Simpson shortly after he assumed charge of affairs at Jackson prison. It had always been customary for inmates to make their purchases down town, which necessitated a great deal of trouble, besides the payment of a large price for their goods. Mr. Simpson advanced \$1,000 and a co-operative store was started. All kinds of goods that would be found in any first-class grocery store were placed in stock and sold to the inmates at practically cost, there being added but a small margin of profit to make good the money borrowed. The new store proved immensely popular with the inmates, and it has enjoyed a thrifty trade.

The bills payable but not yet matured amount to \$616.55, according to the statement compiled by Clerk Neesley, and there is \$805.50 in the bank, leaving a balance of \$188.50, besides paying the borrowed capital and paying all other expenses. The stock of the store is worth about \$2,000 and the store has made over \$3,000 in the seven months it has been in existence. Following the inventory which will take place October 1, a further reduction in the price of goods will be made, so that they will be sold at practically wholesale prices.

May Adopt New System.

Information is in the hands of the special commission studying the taxation problem in this state, which shows that the corporations of Michigan are not paying their proportion of taxes, if their valuation is determined by using the income they earn on the stocks and bonds issued. Statistics are said to be in the hands of the commission which will show that only a small percentage of the tangible and intangible value of these companies is placed on the tax rolls when compared with the valuation placed on real estate for taxation purposes. This information will furnish an important feature of the recommendation by the commission that the state abandon the present taxation system and divide state and local taxes, general property bearing the local tax and corporations paying the state tax, added by an excise tax on liquor and an increased inheritance tax.

East Indians at U. of M.

Ann Arbor and the university seem to be getting their full share of East Indians this year, the latest recruit being Dr. J. N. Najumdar of Calcutta, formerly the secretary of the Calcutta Homeopathic society.

Other East Indians to enter the homeopathic department are: N. M. E. Amen, Calcutta; Sallendra N. Nath Kumar, Doctor Damahally, A. Mushtak and Styendra M. Sen, all graduates from the University of Calcutta.

The National Grange

Conducted by Charles M. Gardner, Editor of the National Grange, Westfield, Mass.

FARMERS BECOMING AROUSED

Recent Significant Movement in Pennsylvania Closely Identified With the Grange Institution.

A significant movement in Pennsylvania showed the temper of the farmers in that state and is also closely identified with the Grange institution of the state as well. Realizing that distribution of farm products is forming a larger part of the cost to the consumer than the producer himself receives, these farmers have organized war on the middlemen and propose to devise some plan that shall put their products into the consumers' homes direct.

A delegation of these Pennsylvania farmers waited on Mayor Gaynor of New York city and invited his co-operation in their plans, while further denouncing the middleman and his exorbitant profits. Mayor Gaynor could of course promise no definite assistance, but the farmers went away still firm in the belief that their scheme for the elimination of the middleman is wholly practical and worth the trying.

This movement reflects the Grange position, long maintained, that exorbitant profits on distribution should not be tolerated and are a burden alike upon producer and consumer. The Grange attitude, however, does not go so far as to wipe out the middleman altogether, realizing some well-administered system of distribution as essential to the welfare of all concerned. It is a question, therefore, how far the Grange endorsement of the Pennsylvania movement will be forthcoming; although the principle involved is distinctly along Grange lines, if not pressed to excess.

This Pennsylvania undertaking is traceable largely to a recent address by B. F. Yoakum, the well-known railroad man, in which he declared that while the consumers of the United States pay \$13,000,000,000 a year for the farm products they use, the farmer gets only \$6,000,000,000, leaving it strikingly revealed that the American middleman was receiving even more than the producer. Farmers all over the country have been greatly aroused by Mr. Yoakum's figures and are giving the subject of co-operative selling more attention than they ever did before; even more than co-operative buying, which has long been one of the fundamental principles of the Grange movement.

In view of the fact that this farmers' uprising is likely to extend to other states and may involve the Grange as well, it is proper to state the exact Grange position, as relating to middlemen, in the language of the Declaration of Purposes, which constitutes the foundation of the order, as established nearly a half-century ago. It is this:

"We desire to bring producers and consumers, farmers and manufacturers into the most direct and friendly relations possible. Hence we must dispense with a surplus of middlemen, not that we are unfriendly to them, but we do not need them." Their surplus and their exactions diminish our profits. We wage no aggressive warfare against any other interests whatever. On the contrary all our acts and all our efforts, so far as business is concerned, are not only for the benefit of the producer and the consumer, but also for all other interests that tend to bring these two parties into speedy and economical contact. Hence we hold that transportation companies of every kind are necessary to our success, that their interests are intimately connected with our interests and that harmonious action is mutually advantageous, keeping in view the first sentence in our declaration of purposes of action that 'individual happiness depends upon general prosperity.' We desire only self-protection and the protection of every true interest of our land, by legitimate transactions, legitimate trade and legitimate profits."

Interesting the Young People.

One of the other various state granges are adopting plans to interest their young people in attending the state agricultural colleges and universities. Scholarship offers and contests, local plans of similar nature—all these are turning the attention more and more of the rural young people toward getting a higher education for themselves. First an ambition to secure such educational advantages, and then a reasonable chance for doing it. By these activities the Grange is living well up to its claim of being a real and vital educational institution.

Successful Field Meetings.

One of the most successful field meetings held in Connecticut was just off the shore of the city of New Haven, at Lighthouse point. Notwithstanding the urban environment, the attendance was large and enthusiastic and the tone of the day was distinctly agricultural, dealing with rural problems, needs and possibilities.

Blemishes
On the Face

Don't go about with a face full of blotches or other skin eruptions. Clear off these disfigurements in a short time at little expense. These unsightly blemishes come from impure blood and a disordered system but will all disappear after a few doses of

Beecham's
Pills

which do the work quickly and thoroughly. Salves, ointments and washes never cure a pimply face. You must get the poison out of the system. This is what Beecham's Pills do. They move the bowels, start the bile, carry off the impurities, cleanse and vitalize the blood and

Beautify the
Complexion

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c and 25c.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Folly of Vain Regrets.

The late John W. Gates, an incurable optimist, harped continually on the futility of pessimism. One of Mr. Gates' epigrams, still quoted on the Chicago Stock Exchange, ran:

"He who nurses foolish hopes may be an ass, but he is not such an ass as he who nurses vain regrets."

A Great Grace.

It is no great matter to associate with the good and gentle, for this is naturally pleasing to all and every one willingly enjoyeth peace and loveth those best that agree with him. But to be able to live peaceably with hard and perverse persons, or with the disorderly, or with such as go contrary to us, is a great grace, and a most commendable and manly thing.—Thomas a Kempis.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletch*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Suburban Sobriquets.

Everybody else had lived in the summer colony long enough to name his home for whatever tree or shrub grew most abundantly in the front or back yards. Up and down the road were cottages labeled the Elms, the Wistaria, the Lilacs, and so on through the horticultural guide book. The newcomer had no name for her house, but after studying the tactics for a week she took a survey of the premises and thereupon dated her correspondence the Rhubarbs.

SILENCE IS GOLDEN.



Mrs. Roley—Poor dear, he hasn't said a word for three weeks.

Dr. Bull-Frog—Well, you don't want him to croak, do you?—Exchange.

FOOD AGAIN

A Mighty Important Subject to Every One.

A Boston lady talks entertainingly of food and the changes that can be made in health by some knowledge on that line. She says:

"An injury to my spine in early womanhood left me subject to severe sick headaches which would last three or four days at a time, and a violent course of drugging brought on constipation with all the ills that follow."

"My appetite was always light and uncertain and many kinds of food distressed me."

"I began to eat Grape-Nuts two or three years ago, because I liked the taste of it, and I kept on because I soon found it was doing me good."

"I eat it regularly at breakfast, frequently at luncheon, and again before going to bed—and have no trouble in sleeping on it. It has relieved my constipation, my headaches have practically ceased, and I am in better physical condition at the age of 63 than I was at 40."

"I give Grape-Nuts credit for restoring my health, if not saving my life, and you can make no claim for it too strong for me to endorse." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pgs. "There's a reason. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest."

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms: \$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL MENTION.

R. D. Walker was in Jackson Monday.

Ed. Gorman spent Sunday in Detroit.

Dr. A. L. Steger spent Sunday in Jackson.

Miss Anna Miller was a Detroit visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hepburn were in Jackson Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reilly spent Saturday in Detroit.

Loren Babcock was an Ypsilanti visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Benton were Jackson visitors Sunday.

Miss Anna Hoag spent several days of this week in Lansing.

Winifred Benton spent Sunday with relatives in Dexter.

Miss Kathryn Hooker, was in Detroit on business Monday.

Miss Pauline Schoen is a guest at the home of her brother.

Mrs. W. S. McLaren is the guest of her parents in Jackson.

Harry Lyons, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his mother here.

Miss Lena Eisele, of Ann Arbor, visited Chelsea friends Sunday.

Miss Tressa Winters was the guest of her sister in Jackson Sunday.

Misses Mabel Rafferty and Edna Fryer were in Ann Arbor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Lehman visited relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Messdames C. W. Maroney and L. P. Vogel were Jackson visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Geddes visited their daughters in Tecumseh Sunday.

Oren Thacher and family, of Jackson, visited his mother here Sunday.

Miss Mayme McKernan was the guest of friends in Ypsilanti Sunday.

G. R. Schaffer, of Detroit, was a guest at the home of G. Hutzl Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Copley, of Detroit, visited Mrs. Sarah Shaver last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hendry were in Detroit Saturday the guest of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Alexander spent Sunday with relatives in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Ella Toumey, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mrs. C. E. Whitaker Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Lighthall spent Saturday and Sunday with Detroit relatives.

Herman Galbraith, of Canada, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Woods this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Wallace and son, Balfour, were Detroit visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Anderson left Saturday for their new home in Cleveland.

Henry Steinbach, of Cleveland, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Tressa Conlin, of Detroit, was the guest of relatives here several days of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Wedemeyer and daughter were guests of Ann Arbor relatives Sunday.

John Wise and family, Miss Erma Hunter and Marshal Hepburn were Detroit visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur VanRiper and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rancman were Detroit visitors Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. Geo. Palmer and son Algenon and Mr. and Mrs. L. Palmer were Detroit visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Carpenter were called to Albion last week by the illness of Mrs. Carpenter's brother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Messner spent Tuesday in Marshall the guest of Mrs. Chas. Numeman, who is a sister of Mrs. Messner.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman and son Hollis and Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McLaren left this morning on an auto trip to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Anna Baries and son, of St. Louis, Mo., who have been the guests of relatives here for several weeks, returned home last Thursday.

Frances and Henry Burr Steinbach, of Dexter, were the guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Steinbach last Friday and Saturday.

Attacks School Principal.

A severe attack on school principal, Chas. E. Allen, of Ypsilanti, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered insupportable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed till I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, biliousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50 cents at L. P. Vogel, H. H. Penn Co. L. T. Freeman.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SHARON NEWS.

Mrs. C. C. Dorr and daughter Susie visited relatives at Norvell Sunday.

Wm. Troitz and family attended the mission festival at Manchester Sunday.

Mrs. Clyde Lockwood and son, of Leoni, spent a part of this week with her father, Henry Wolfe.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Merriman and daughter Mabel, of Manchester, were guests at the home of L. B. Lawrence Friday.

Adam Oberschmidt attended the state fair Monday and Tuesday. His mother visited relatives in Manchester in the meantime.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruestle and daughter Edith and Ethel visited Mrs. J. Bruestle, sr., of Manchester, Monday, who is ill with appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam. Smith, of Manchester, and Mr. and Mrs. Willis Green, of Clinton, were guests at the home of L. B. Lawrence Sunday.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

Several from here attended the fair in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rommel spent Sunday in Jackson.

Miss Isabelle Gorton started for school in Ypsilanti Monday.

Mrs. David Collins is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Freeman.

Wm. Barber and Ezra Moeckel were Jackson visitors Monday.

Miss Edna Barber and Mrs. Wm. Barber spent Monday in Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Moeckel spent Sunday at the home of H. Moeckel.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moeckel and son spent Sunday with relatives in Sylvan.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Groshans entertained Mr. and Mrs. C. Honnewald Sunday.

Clarence and Truman Lehman, of Francisco, spent Sunday with their sister here.

J. Katz and wife moved their household goods to Jackson Monday where they expect to make their future home.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

H. Phelps and wife spent Friday in Detroit.

Anna Peterson spent part of last week in Detroit.

John Monks, of Sharon, spent Sunday in this vicinity.

E. J. Notten and Patrick Daly were Detroit visitors Sunday.

Lizzie Morris, of Jackson, is spending a few weeks at home.

Scott Hawkin and Mrs. Moore spent a few days at the state fair.

Carl Straub spent Sunday with Ottman Archenbraun at Waterloo.

Edward Bohne, of Clear Lake, entertained his parents Tuesday afternoon.

Fred Richards and wife, of Chelsea, spent Sunday with their son James and family.

Ina Harvey, of Jackson, is spending a week with her uncle, H. Harvey and family.

H. J. Musbach and wife spent Sunday with Joseph Walz and family of Root's Station.

The German M. E. Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. James Richards the first Wednesday in October.

F. W. Notten and wife spent part of last week in Dearborn and Detroit visiting relatives and attending the fair.

H. J. Lehmann and family spent Saturday night with E. J. Musbach and family, of Munich, and M. Lehmann and family, of Stockbridge, Sunday.

NORTH LAKE NEWS.

J. J. Parker has returned to his home in Pinckney.

H. M. Willaston is helping Arthur Allyn for a few days.

Mrs. John Yascensky and son, Albert, are visiting in Detroit.

Robert Heatley is attending the Jesuit college in Detroit.

Miss Pauline Swarthout spent Sunday with Miss Madeline Bowman.

Mrs. S. L. Leach and sons spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Noah.

Claude Burkhardt has gone to Ann Arbor where he will study law the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Johnson and Ruby Watts attended the state fair in Detroit Saturday.

Misses Mildred Daniels and Mary Whalian are attending the Normal college in Ypsilanti.

Willis N. Johnson has returned from Ann Arbor. He has been in the hospital there for some time.

Mrs. Byron Kinnie and daughter, Mabel, spent several days of last week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Hadley.

Mr. and Mrs. Alk. Gilbert and son, of Detroit, spent several days of last week with Mrs. Mary Gilbert.

Walter Mack and a party of friends from Ann Arbor spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Thomas.

Thomas Leonard had the misfortune to injure his thumb while binding corn for Emory Reade one day last week. It was found necessary to amputate it at the first joint.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Carl Kautlehner, of Lansing, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Born, Sunday, September 24, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. William Appleton, a son.

W. P. Schenk & Company have had the front of their store building repaired.

Ed. Stapish, of Dexter township, is having a tool and wagon house erected on his farm.

Florenz and George Eisele have broken ground for a new residence on Lincoln street.

Regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., Wednesday evening, October 4, at 7 o'clock.

The farmers in this vicinity who grow sugar beets began harvesting their crop this week.

Two horses belonging to E. Marsh and one to Grant Kime, of Webster, were killed by lightning during the severe electric storm early Wednesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kahrs, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Messner for the past month, left Monday for Topeka, Kansas, where they will spend a month with relatives.

J. T. Mingay, father of Tom W. Mingay, died Friday September 22, 1911, at his home in Stratford, Ontario, aged 96 years, 1 month and 22 days. During the residence of Mr. Mingay in Chelsea his father was a frequent visitor here.

The officers of the Michigan State Pioneer and Historical society have recovered the original state seal of Michigan. The first seal was adopted by the constitutional convention of 1835 but has been changed by various engravers until the one in use in latter days differs materially from the original. Few documents bear the correct official stamp of the state. A new die is being made which will hereafter stamp all documents.

Taxes on Unrecorded Mortgages.

Owners of unrecorded mortgages on which a portion of the principal has been paid, will save money by bringing them out for record and paying the tax prior to January 1, 1912, according to an opinion the attorney-general has handed down. It is held by Attorney-General Kuhn that unless such mortgages are recorded and the tax paid as provided by the new specific tax law, these documents may be taxed, after January 1, for the full amount of the principal, regardless of the amount which has been paid.

Princess Theatre.

For Saturday night the Princess will have as its attraction two big feature pictures. A mistake in booking, throwing two pictures on their hands for Saturday night. The first picture is "The Star Spangled Banner" by the Edison company, a photo play that will thrill the heart of every American. Second on the program will be that great western reel "Montana, Montana" produced by J. A. Golden of the Selig Co., Chicago. It's a play with thrilling situations, a swell Pathe hand colored drama and "Miss Blum," a picture of a pretty young woman who does some remarkably clever stunts on a bicycle, complete the bill. Miss Mary Spinnaker will sing "The Star Spangled Banner" and one other song.

The Battle Hymn of the Republic, the grandest and most patriotic film ever made is the feature attraction at the Princess tonight. The picture is from the song of that name by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe and is highly interesting and patriotic from start to finish. The G. A. R. and W. R. C. are especially invited as guests of the managers, Messrs. Geddes & McLaren, to attend the first performance at 7 o'clock.

Opening of Season at the Whitney.

Don McIntyre, who manages the New Whitney theatre at Ann Arbor this season, has booked the strongest line of attractions that has ever played a one night stand and announces the opening of the season Monday evening, October 2nd by Walker Whiteside, in the already well-known success, "The Magic Melody." According to advance reports Mr. Whiteside has surrounded himself with an intelligent company of players, and aided by a scenic environment natural to the play's locale, it is only fair to predict a great measure of success for Mr. Whiteside in his appearance at Ann Arbor.

Mr. Whiteside's superb executive ability impresses all who meet him. He influences and controls men and women, not so much because of native gifts of leadership, as because of elevation of character, strong convictions and high purposes. In person and manner he is gentle, yet manly. He is a law to his company and his business staff. He has always been devoted to the highest objects, and has given time and money to the betterment of his life's work. Theatre patrons will owe themselves a debt if they fail to witness "The Magic Melody" for it gives something worth taking home and worth thinking about.

BLACKSMITHING.

Having rented the old Van Tyne barn on Park Street, I am now prepared to do HORSE-SHOEING and all kinds of REPAIR WORK on short notice. Popular Prices. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

GEO. E. HAMP.

Formerly with A. H. Schmacher.

NOTICE

Mrs. L. T. Freeman will open her Studio Tuesday, October 10, 1911, for Pupils in China Painting.

"FUZ" KILLS BUGS. Ask your Grocer. Price 10 cents.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—Roomers. Inquire of Mrs. Jas. L. Gilbert, east Middle street. 8tf

FOR SALE—New and second-hand barrels, cheap. Chas. Meinhold, Jerusalem Mills. 9

WANTED about November 1st, girl for general housework in Detroit. Small family, small house. Please write, stating experience and wages expected. Mrs. J. K. Livingston, 69 Philadelphia Ave., E., Detroit, Michigan. 8

WANTED—Woman to demonstrate and sell the Baldwin "All-Round" Four-in-one Housedress. Shirtwaist suit, "Princess," Kimono, Housedress, all in one. No buttons, hooks or eyes, simply snap, and it's on. Sells at \$2.00 and \$2.15. Easy work; good pay. Baldwin Garment Co., Inc., Holyoke, Mass. 9

WANTED—At the Chelsea House: a woman to do washing twice a week; one girl for dining room, and one for kitchen work. 9

FOR SALE—Two second hand automobiles; engines good to supply power for farm work when auto is not in use. Lynn L. Gorton, Waterloo, Mich. 9

AUTO LIVERY—Autos for hire. Auto and buggies washed, cleaned and repaired; work called for and delivered. Phone 225-3. John Wise Chelsea. 8tf

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; family of two. Apply or write to Mrs. G. L. Streeter, 1025 Martin street, Ann Arbor. Bell phone 1681-1. 8

FOR SALE—Three seated platform spring wagon, in good condition. Will carry a ton; also 40 Black Top breeding ewes. Fred Hutzl, phone 158 1-13-3 Chelsea. 8

FOR SALE—Steel Range. Inquire of Roy Dillon. 6tf

WANTED—A good competent girl. Mrs. H. S. Holmes. 7tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—28 acre farm; fair buildings; price \$1,300; one-half down. W. B. Collins, Gregory, Mich. 8

FOR SALE—Red Poland brood sow, with nine pigs by her side eligible to registry; two Chester White brood sows, each with eight pigs by her side; and seven coming two-year old steers. Phone 92 1-1-3 S. John Doll, route 3, Chelsea. 8

FOR SALE—Shropshire Rams, good thoroughbred stock. F. H. Sweetland, phone 150 1-1-3 S. 6tf

WANTED—Apples of all kinds. Highest market price paid. T. Drislaine, H. S. Holmes' warehouse, Chelsea. 6tf

H. L. ISHAM will be in Chelsea Saturday of each week to teach violin. Those wishing to make inquiry call at Steinbach's store. 8

CIDER made every Tuesday and Friday, starting September 5. New and second hand barrels for sale. Glenn & Schanz. 3tf

CIDER made every Tuesday and Friday until further notice. One cent per gallon for making. Feed grinding on short notice. Chas. W. Meinhold, Jerusalem Mills. 3tf

PARTY would like to store piano with responsible family for the use of it. Would prefer family who may purchase it if price and terms were satisfactory. Box H. Chelsea Standard. 8

The Standard "Want" advs. give results. Try them.

PIANO SALE

Having rented the east store in the Steinbach Block we will offer Pianos for sale at very

Low Prices

FOR THE

Next 30 Days

We will offer all the well known makes, such as Steinway, Sohmer, Vose, Grinnell Bros., (our own make) Sterling and several others. Call and hear our Player Piano.

Grinnell Bros.

STEINBACH BLOCK, CHELSEA.



You've Never Had a Chance

To View a Finer Display of

Men's and Boys' Clothing

Furnishing Goods and Shoes.

Never in the history of this store have we offered more attractive merchandise than we are showing for fall and winter; the styles are absolutely correct—all personally selected from the best makers of clothing. The weaves, patterns and colorings are beautiful. Come in and look them over.

A SPECIAL SHOWING OF SUITS AND OVERCOATS FOR MEN AT \$15.00, \$18.00 AND \$20.00

Our Boys' Clothes for fall wear are all of the XTRA GOOD make, which means every suit is guaranteed for satisfactory wear. Special values in Norfolk, and Double Breasted Suits in the new greys, browns and blue Serges. Full Peg Bloomer Pants. Price, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.50.

YOUR HAT IS HERE—It's sure to be included in a showing so large. We have all the new shapes and materials to select from. Specials at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

MEN'S SHIRTS—New shipment of Cluett's just received, in both negligee and plaited. Remember, we guarantee the color in all Cluett's. The patterns are the best yet. Always \$1.50.

MONARCH SHIRTS in large assortment of patterns, and at the price is the best shirt made. Always \$1.00.

FRENCH FLANNEL SHIRTS—Just received today a large assortment in plain shades and fancies, attached collars, or soft collars detached, and soft cuffs. Special values, \$1.00 to \$2.50.

OUR FALL NECKWEAR "is in a class by itself" in variety, beauty and values. All the new things at 50c. Splendid assortment at 25c.

MEN'S AND BOYS' Underwear and Hosiery is here in all kinds, shapes and weights, and the price is right, whether you want cotton or worsted.

MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES—Step into our new shoe department and try a pair of the Packard or Pingree Shoes in gun meral velours or vici, in all the noblest new styles for fall and winter. At \$3.50 to \$4.50.

WE GUARANTEE all shoes we sell to give satisfactory service. See our new Winter Tan Shoes.

H. S. Holmes. Mercantile Co.

Drying Apples Wanted

Will pay the highest market price for drying apples delivered any day of the week.

WE WANT THEM.

H. S. HOLMES EVAPORATOR CO.

CHAS. HIEBER, Manager

Use the TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE PRICE 25 CENTS 431 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO

NOTICE to HUNTERS

No Hunting, Trapping or Trespassing will be allowed on my farm.

GEO. T. ENGLISH

ELMER WEINBERG

Fall and Winter MILLINERY

My stock of Fall and Winter Hats, both large and small, for Ladies and Children was never more complete. Your inspection is solicited.

Over Postoffice MARY H. HAAB

REPAIRING PRESSING DRY CLEANING

Both Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments. All work promptly done. Over Brooks' Billiard Room. PHONE 115

EDWARD A. KRUG, - TAILOR



We're very busy at times but just come right in and tell us what you want and we'll see that you get the best the market affords. We know that our success depends on our being able to supply the people with "what they want when they want it."

Phone 59.

FRED KLINGLER

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.

For Detroit 7:40 a. m. and every two hours to 7:40 p. m.

For Ypsilanti 8:07 a. m. and every two hours to 8:07 p. m. For Lansing 8:37 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.

East bound—8:30 a. m. and every two hours to 10:30 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 11:30 p. m.

West bound—8:00 a. m. and 7:40 a. m. and every two hours to 11:30 p. m.

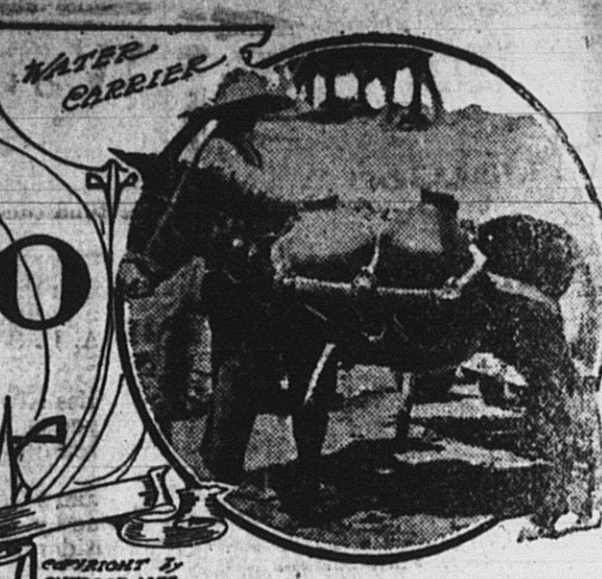
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

Chelsea Greenhouses

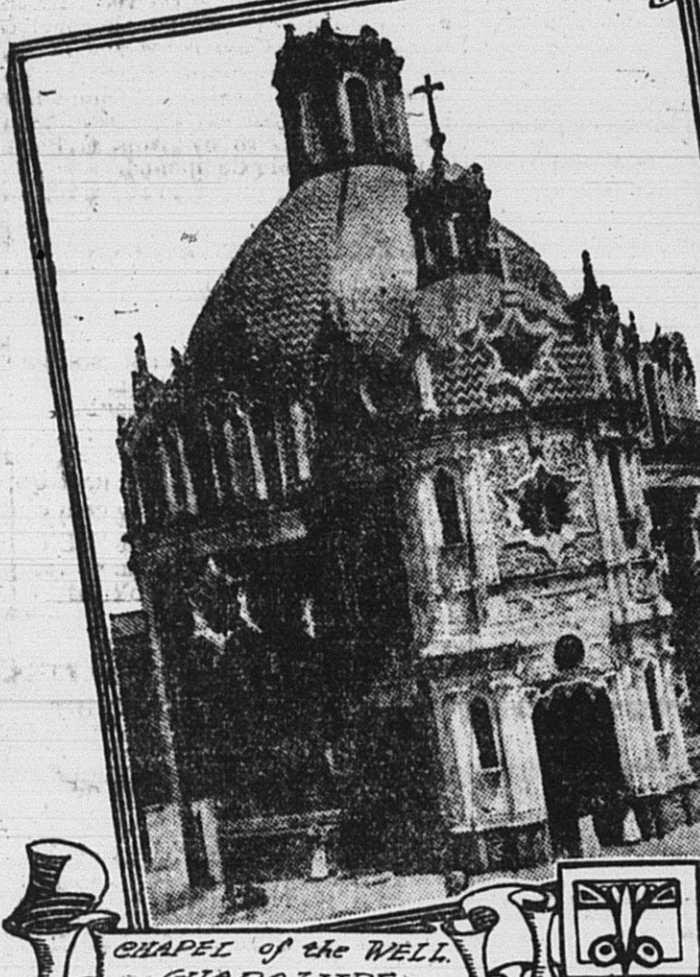
CUT FLOWERS POTTED PLANTS FUNERAL DESIGNS

In the Valley of Mexico

by EARLE R. FORREST



MEXICO is a land of enchantment, romance and mystery for most Americans. We, of the northern climates, are likely to look upon it as a country of bull fights, bandits and wild Indians, where the lives of foreigners are not safe, and the principal amusement is stabbing Americans in the back with long-bladed knives. During the last year or two certain magazine articles have caused these ideas to take a firm hold upon our minds, especially since the recent revolution broke out. These pieces are based upon facts, but the truth has been greatly enlarged upon in order to create a demand for such literature and make the production of the authors more salable. However, the traveler in Mexico will find that he is just as safe there as in any other part of the world, providing that he attends to his own affairs; but, on



the other hand, if he is looking for trouble he will be accommodated there just as quickly as at home, for the Mexicans are a courteous race and nothing pleases them better than to be obliging to strangers.

One morning in June several years ago, I arrived in Vera Cruz. This is one of the most ancient cities of the New World, as it was founded by Cortez in 1519. It is historic to the last degree; and it was there that Maximilian first set foot on Mexican soil, while the flags of four great nations—Spain, Mexico, France and the United States—have floated over its ramparts.

Mexico City is full of interesting places. Relics of the conquistadores and of the days of Spanish rule may be seen on every side. History says that about 1325 a band of Aztecs was traveling through the Valley of Mexico. For nearly six hundred years these people had been wanderers on the face of the earth, and during all those centuries they had been searching for the promised land—a place to build a new home. Their priests had taught them that when they saw a royal eagle with a snake in its talons alight upon a prickly pear cactus, that would be a sign that there was the place for them to build a city. And as they were wandering through this valley they beheld a royal eagle, perched upon a cactus, holding a serpent. This is the origin of the Mexican national emblem of today. Accordingly they stopped, for they firmly believed that their long journey was ended. On an island in Lake Texcoco they built a city which they called Tenochtitlan, and this is where the City of Mexico now stands.

Considering the centuries that they had been homeless, the reign of the Aztecs over this fair land was short, for in 1519 Cortez landed in Mexico. Then began one of the most remarkable campaigns in all history. The great conqueror commenced his famous march to the Aztec capital, fighting battle after battle, and defeating hordes of savages. On November 8, 1519, Cortez entered Tenochtitlan with his little army and was welcomed by Montezuma II. The Spaniards collected a great amount of gold and other valuables which they were compelled to leave, for on July 1, 1520, they were driven from the city. However, in August, 1521, they returned, besieged the place, and on the 13th they were again victorious; and the reign of the Aztecs came to an end forever. But the great treasures that had been left behind by the conquerors had disappeared. Cuauhtemoc, the last of the Montezumas, was tortured with fire in an effort to make him disclose the hiding place of the gold; but in this Cortez failed, for the lips of the Aztec remained sealed, and the location of the treasure is a mystery unto this day.

One of the principal points of interest is the Isthmian hotel, located on First San Francisco street, and not far from the Plaza Mayor. This building was erected by the Marquesa de San Mateo Valparaiso, in the eighteenth century, and later became famous as the palace of

modern Mexico's first emperor, Augustine de Iturbide. This man was the commander of the viceroys' forces; but he was ambitious, and so he joined the revolutionists, helping them to throw off the yoke of Spain. For this he was crowned emperor of Mexico on July 25, 1822. His reign was short, for he soon became unpopular, and on March 20, 1823, he abdicated and sailed for Europe.

Mexico is a land of churches; and over the ruins of one of the greatest pagan temples of the New World stands a magnificent place of worship of the Christian religion. There, where the great Aztec temple that was destroyed by Cortez once stood, is now the beautiful Cathedral of Mexico. The cost of its construction was about \$2,000,000.

The front is surmounted by two beautiful towers, about two hundred feet high, from which an excellent view of the city, with its picturesque domes and great buildings, may be had; while the Valley of Mexico, famed the world over for its beauty, stretches out like a great panorama. The famous Lake Texcoco, the great castle of Chapultepec and the sacred town of Guadalupe seem just beneath your feet. Far away on the rim of the valley the great Popocatepetl and Ixtaccihuatl ("the Woman in White"), on the summits of which is the land of eternal snow, rise up above the surrounding country.

The cathedral is never closed. Night and day, summer and winter, its doors are always open, and every one, from the poorest beggar in the land to the richest man, is welcome. There, within the walls of this beautiful place of religion, they all gather, rich and poor, aristocrat and peon, to receive the bishop's blessing.

On the east side of the Plaza Mayor is the National palace, which was started in 1692. This is the seat of the national government, and within its walls the laws which govern the people of Mexico are made. It is on the grounds where once stood the palace of Axayacatl, an emperor of the Aztecs.

Just beyond the palace, on the Calle de Monea, is the National museum. This place is a wonderful treasure house of Aztec relics, and nowhere else in the world will such a collection of implements and other remains of this extinct race be found.

Within a few minutes' ride of the Plaza Mayor is the castle of Chapultepec, the White House of Mexico. This building stands upon a

huge rock that rises up out of the plain, and it has been the site of the residences of the rulers of Mexico ever since the days of the Aztecs.

The Mexico City of former times was surrounded by Lake Texcoco, the waters of which were alkaline and unfit for use. Therefore the inhabitants were compelled to obtain their water from springs, and it was carried to the city by means of aqueducts. One of these ran along the road to Chapultepec and terminated at the fountain of El Salto del Agu, near Bellem prison.

Portions of this famous old waterway are still standing and may be seen from the street cars. It was constructed of bricks, laid in cement and plastered with the same material. It was very substantial and would have stood a thousand years as well as one.

The region of this ancient waterway is one of the most picturesque parts of the city. Out on the Chapultepec highway, which was built by Maximilian, scores of wood carriers may be seen with enormous loads of firewood, that they have cut in the hills, fastened on their backs. They can carry almost as much as a horse, and they peddle this fuel in the city, where it is used for cooking. Quite frequently burros are seen loaded down, carrying a burden larger than themselves. I have also seen this in towns in New Mexico and Arizona.

One of the most picturesque sights to be seen in Mexico are the queer-looking ox carts.

There are great, two-wheeled affairs, drawn by two oxen, sometimes four, and are used in all parts of the republic. Generally the wheels are made out of a solid piece of wood, but sometimes they have spokes. In these vehicles the peons bring their produce to the city, and peddle it along the streets, much the same as do the American truck gardeners.

Many of the plows used in Mexico, and very commonly on the haciendas about the capital, are, indeed, a revelation to Americans.

The tongue is about ten feet long and is simply the limb of a tree, generally with a fork at the end. The latter part is about four feet in length and pointed with iron. The whole thing has but one handle and is drawn by a yoke of oxen. With it the natives manage to scrape out a furrow in the ground. The method is exceedingly primitive and picturesque, and is used throughout all parts of the country, modern American plows being a great rarity. In fact, I did not see one in all my travels in the republic.

All of the cities and towns have a public fountain from which any one who desires may obtain water; and every hour of the day one may see the aguadores (water carriers) obtaining their daily supply from these places. Both sexes come; the women generally carry a large earthen jar upon their heads, while many of the men bring burros upon which the pack-saddles holding six or eight vessels. Others bring rudely fashioned wheelbarrows with which to haul away the precious fluid.

At Popotla, a suburb of Mexico City, is La Noche Triste (the Mournful Night Tree), one of the most historic trees in North America, for it is said that the great conqueror, Hernan Cortez, sat under it and wept on the night of July 1, 1520, following the defeat of the Spaniards by the Aztecs and their retreat from the City of Mexico. This ancient tree is well cared for, and is surrounded by an iron fence. It is gnarled and crooked and partly dead, and it is doubtful if it can live many years longer.

A visit to the little town of Guadalupe, about two miles north of the City of Mexico, is one of the most interesting and, probably, the saddest journey in all Mexico. This picturesque village, nestled at the foot of the hill of Tepeyacac, is the shrine of Mexico. There is an interesting legend concerning it, which is as follows: On December 12, 1531, an Indian named Juan Diego was on his way to the church of Santiago to attend mass, when the Virgin Mother descended from the clouds and appeared before the poor peon on the hill of Tepeyacac. She told Juan that she intended to become the Patron Saint of Mexico, and that she wished him to go to the bishop at the Cathedral of Mexico and tell him that she desired to have a church built at the foot of the hill and dedicated to her.

Naturally the bishop did not believe the Indian's story, but when Juan went to him

for the third time the prelate told him that he must bring some sign. When he repeated this to the Virgin she told him to go to the top of the hill, which was always barren, and that he would find the ground covered with roses. He was to fill his sarape with the flowers and hasten to the bishop with them. Juan did as he was bidden, and when he spread out the roses before the bishop there, on the inside of his coarse sarape was painted a beautiful picture, another miracle, of the Virgin Mary. This was enough; and one of the finest churches in all Mexico was built at the foot of the hill of Tepeyacac.

This remarkable portrait was placed in a prominent part of the edifice, where it may be seen to this day, enclosed by a beautiful frame, said to be solid gold; and it is known throughout Mexico as "Our Lady of Guadalupe."

On December 12 the festival of "Our Lady of Guadalupe" occurs, and thousands make the long pilgrimage to her shrine. This has taken place since 1752, in which year the Virgin of Guadalupe was officially recognized.

On the hill of Tepeyacac is a little chapel which marks the spot where Juan Diego cut the roses that he took to the bishop. Just back of it is the Guadalupe cemetery, in which some of Mexico's most famous men, among them are Santa Ana, Viceroy Bascarril and Colonel Obergon, are buried.

This edifice is reached by two series of long, winding stairways, which go up the steep hill from opposite sides. About half way up one of these flights are the mast and sails of a ship, made of stone and plastered with cement. How long they have been there no man can say. There is a legend concerning their origin which is as follows: Many, many long years ago, centuries, perhaps, a ship was in a great storm on the Gulf of Mexico. The vessel was in danger of sinking, and so the sailors prayed to the Virgin, and promised her that if she would save them they would take the mast of their ship to her shrine at Guadalupe, and there set it up so that it would remain forever as a monument to her power. The vessel was saved, and true to their vow, the sailors removed the heavy mast and carried it upon their shoulders over the long, weary miles from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, and thence to Guadalupe, where they erected it, the sails set. It was covered with stone and cement in order that it might be preserved for the benefit of future generations; and there it remains to this day, high up on the hill where all may see.

On the spot where the Virgin is supposed to have stood when she appeared to Juan Diego a spring, the waters of which are supposed to cure any ill, gushes forth. Over this fountain a little chapel, one of the most beautiful that I have ever seen, stands. Over the altar is a painting of "Our Lady of Guadalupe" and every day many go to her shrine to worship.

One of the most pathetic scenes that can be imagined takes place in front of the cathedral. Among the passengers of every street car that arrives are the lame, the halt and the blind. Some have to be carried, others are led, while many who are friendless, hobble and drag themselves to this sacred spring to obtain a drink of its magic waters.

No description of this interesting land would be complete without some mention of the picturesque city of Guanajuato. This famous old place was founded by the Spaniards in 1554, and the attraction which brought them there was the rich vein of silver known as Veta Madre (mother vein), which has been worked steadily for over three and a half centuries. The great Valenciana mine, located near the city, has produced about \$800,000,000. Mining is carried on in the same primitive manner as in the days of the early Spaniards.

The cemetery and the catacombs are, probably, of more interest to the stranger than any other point in the city. Armed with a permit which the hotel proprietor gave me I climbed the steep hillside streets to the city of the dead, situated upon the summit of one of the mountains.

This cemetery is rather small, and I wondered that there were so few graves in it, but the mystery was soon explained to me. In the walls that enclosed the place are thousands of vaults, just large enough for a coffin. These may be rented for stated periods, but when this time has expired, if the relatives of the deceased do not renew the lease, the remains are taken out and thrown on the bone pile beneath. The crypt is then ready for occupation again. The ground where the graves are located is sold outright.

However, the greatest surprise of all was before me. My guide opened a small door built in some masonry on top of the ground, and a flight of narrow, winding stairs was exposed. These we descended, and they brought us into a long, underground passage, where is one of the most remarkable and gruesome sights in all Mexico. About half of this chamber is occupied by a number of corpses. In that dry climate, flesh will not decay when protected from the weather, and these bodies were so withered and dried up that they looked like leather. The expressions on the faces were horrible in the extreme.

The other end of this chamber is piled full of bones. They are the remains of the poor wretches who had once been laid to rest in the vaults above, and who, after the term for which their friends had paid rent had elapsed, had been removed to this place.

These catacombs are indeed horrible, and a poor place for any one inclined to nervous troubles, for if your nerves are not pretty strong you will see this terrifying place, with its grinning skulls and shriveled mummies, for many a night afterwards.

Fay Brown's Decision

By Rosalie G. Mendel

"Don't let's talk about it any more, John," pleaded Fay Brown. "It's just like going around in a circle without reaching any conclusion."

"I like you tremendously. I am even fond of you; but I don't know and never can love you in the way I must love the man I marry. Consider this final, John—there's no more to be said on the subject."

"It's easy enough to say 'consider this final.' I'll do no such thing; I'll continue asking until you accept from sheer weariness of listening to my proposals. May be you love me and don't know it yourself—such things have happened before."

After a short silence, John said: "Tell me, is there someone else?" "No; how could there be when you monopolize about eight of my evenings a week?"

"Well, I'm glad to know I have a clean field," said John. "A lot of good it will do you," laughed Fay.

"Let's be serious, dear heart," said John. "In a month I return to Panama to be gone for three years. When I left there to come home for my vacation two months ago, I hoped and prayed that you would go back with me. Our congenial correspondence, your inspiring letters, our beautiful friendship of four years' duration, made me feel that we were made for each other. Just as if it were written in the book—and now you say nothing but 'No, no, no.'"

"Is it the distance that frightens you, girl?"

"No; decidedly not," promptly answered Fay. "Love knows no dis-



"Is it the distance that frightens you?"

tance—with the right man I would go to the equator."

"Well, why under the sun am I not the right man?"

"I simply don't understand it myself," answered the girl. "But I can't work up any sentiment regarding you, try as I will."

"In this city you have neither kith nor kin," went on John. "There isn't a soul here who needs you. You are existing in a two-by-four hall bedroom, teaching each day a lot of unappreciative kids. Oh, Fay, come with me! I could give you so much love and life. I want you. By George! how I want you!"

"Good night, John Bruce; I can't stand any more tonight. You make me unhappy—miserable. I can never do as you wish; it's absolutely impossible. Don't try to persuade me. In a weak, lonesome moment I might accept—then maybe you and I would regret it for always."

"I have never loved you—I don't love you now, and I never will love you. That's all."

"Good night, good night, little girl; good night and good bye. I am a brute and a beast to worry you. A week from today a steamer leaves for Panama with me on board. I won't see you again. It hurts too much. Write often. I need your letters."

"Good bye—and God bless you, Johnny," said Fay as he wrung her hand.

Six weeks later Fay received a cablegram from Panama stating, "John Bruce's leg amputated; dangerously ill; wish you to be notified. Signed, Chas. Garthier."

Fay quickly answered: "Inform John Bruce I can't stay away, because—because I love him."

An Englishman's Retort.

He had just arrived from old England and his friend, a prominent clubman, was showing him the city. In their suburbs they noticed a neatly fixed-up candy store, which greatly surprised the stranger, and he inquired how that could be made to pay. The clubman remarked in answer:

"Why, I don't believe he can make his salt there."

The Englishman seemed bewildered, and adjusting his monocle, said: "How strange! Do you expect a man in this country to make salt in a sweet shop?"

Haw! Haw!

Reversed.

Tourist (to Indian standing beside a pile of arrow heads, etc.)—Hesp wrap?

Indian—Nope! Scrap heap. I'm just waiting to sell the lot to the first eastern junk curio dealer that comes along this way.—Puck

ALUMET

BAKING POWDER

SEE how much better makes the baking

SEE how much more uniform in quality

SEE how pure—how good

SEE how economical—

SEE that you get Calumet

At your Grocer's

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

CALUMET

BAKING POWDER

CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

NATURAL HISTORY.

"Do giraffes catch cold when they wet their feet, papa?"

"Of course, my son—but not until the next month!"—Helter Skelter.

HANDS BURNED LIKE FIRE

"I can truthfully say Cuticura Remedies have cured me of four long years of eczema. About four years ago I noticed some little pimples coming on my little finger, and not giving it any attention, it soon became worse and spread all over my hands. If I would have them in water for a long time, they would burn like fire and large cracks would come. I could lay a pin in them. After using all the salves I could think of, I went to three different doctors, but all did me no good. The only relief I got was scratching."

"So after hearing so much about the wonderful Cuticura Remedies, I purchased one complete set, and after using them three days my hands were much better. Today my hands are entirely well, one set being all I used." (Signed) Miss Etta Narber, R. F. D. 3, Spring Lake, Mich., Sept. 26, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 2, L. Boston.

Roman Goslop.

Munny (the village banker)—What do you suppose the young fellows in ancient Rome did to pass the time?"

Phunny (the village philosopher)—Oh, I don't know. I suppose they used to hang around and talk about what a punk town Rome was.—Puck.

Ready for it.

"Young man, have you made any preparations for the rainy day?"

"Oh, yes," replied the son of the prominent millionaire. "In addition to my roadster, I have a corking limousine that will easily hold six girls."

Perhaps Both.

Milly—I put away my last year's bathing suit in camphor, but it was rotted.

Billy—The bathing suit!

The Pure Food Law stopped the sale of hundreds of fraudulent medicines. Food could not stand investigation. Food Wizard Oil has stood the test of investigation for nearly sixty years.

Few of us can do more than one thing well. Many a man who has difficulty in making money is a great failure as a spender.

For the Hostess

Choosing Partners.

To choose partners for a card party or a cotillion have small cakes baked in what are called "patty" cake tins and ice with pink for the unmarried girls, with yellow for the married women, with white for the single blessedness; with green for the married women and green for the married men. In these cakes put such tiny favors as thimbles, duplicate mottoes, books and eyes, keys, rings, etc. Then the man who gets a key finds the person having a ring and they are mated, the girl with a book finds the man with an eye, etc. This is great fun and is adaptable to any game where a choice of partners is necessary.

Another pretty way to find one's mate is to provide a Japanese cap and mask of paper for each one. Divide the company until all are disguised, giving each a sheet or covering of some kind, then as two persons recognize each other they remove the masks.

A Good Musical Contest.

There seems to be no end to musical games. Perhaps our young readers do not remember this one as it was printed many years ago. On cards write the following questions:

1. Where is the earth?
2. An old man's friend?
3. What do the weary need?
4. A useful article to a cook?
5. Found plentifully in most rivers?
6. Part of a fish?
7. An important part of a letter?
8. What title is coveted by military men?
9. What do all public speakers do sometimes?
10. Not served in barrooms?
11. The most popular style of music with debutantes?
12. What locks the stable when the horse is gone?
13. The one who guesses the most answers?

ANSWERS.

1. In space.
2. Staff.
3. Rest.
4. Measure.
5. Bars.
6. Scale.
7. Signature.
8. Major.
9. Repeat.
10. Minors.
11. Hymns.
12. Key.
13. Beats.

A Knickerbocker Party.

A mother who was about to put her small son into his first trousers conceived the clever idea of holding a party in his honor on the eventful day. On her card she wrote: "Come to meet our little man Jack at three on Saturday, September 10."

The first game is for the amusement of the children and is called "menagerie." A picture of an animal is pinned on the coat or dress of each as they pass in line. The leader should be a ten-year-old boy, who will be able to manage better than a

younger child. He says he wishes to catch a menagerie to go with a circus, and then the children scatter over the house and grounds, making the noise of the animal they are supposed to represent. All the animals must be caught, and if they are especially wary the hunter may employ those already caught to help get the others. When all are caged (placed in a corner designated) he forms them in line, two by two, and they march around to the owner of the circus, who removes the animals.

This is a lively game, keenly enjoyed by all children. For favors have little clowns and serve pink lemonade, ice cream in shape of animals and animal cookies; of course have the snapping motto caps which all children love.

A Novel Shower.

A girl who was to marry and go to Maine to live was the recipient of this pretty and novel shower. She was invited to luncheon at the home of her best girl friend and found a most exquisite table ornamented by a circle of small pine trees, each in a white jardiniere. Alternating with the trees were glass candlesticks holding green candles capped by white shades. Inside this circle was a huge wedding cake, on top of which were a miniature bride and bridegroom. All went merry as the proverbial marriage bell, tongues flew and the bride-to-be told of her new home. When the feast was served the honored guest was asked to cut the cake—and behold, her knife went right through into white tissue paper and she found a shower of dainty and useful articles concealed within the fake cake, which in reality was a cheese box topped with tissue paper and thin card board, which had been cleverly iced over.

MADAME MERRI.



Much pink linen in coarse weave is seen.

Uncurled feathers of every description appear on hats.

Wool embroidery is used in either long stitches or in simply crocheted flowers on velvet girdles or on summer fabrics.

Broderie anglaise or English eyelet embroidery has returned to fashion after a short rest and is a greater favorite than ever.

Simple Dresses



THE costume at the left has the bodice made of broderie anglaise, cut Magyar, and with a wide right front that is taken over to the left and slopes to basque, which has rounded corners; tucked lawn forms the yoke and under-sleeves. The skirt has the upper part made in aegyptian with a band of broderie anglaise at the foot. A ribbon to match zephyr is taken round the waist.

Materials required: Three yards broderie 28 inches wide, three yards zephyr 28 inches wide. For the second there are any number of pretty striped cottons that might be used; in the panel front and back the stripes run perpendicular, and the sides extending to meet panels at lower part, but are separated from them by a narrow piece in which

stripes run horizontally; buttons form trimming on lower part of sides. The sides and sleeves of the bodice are cut together, the front and back being panels to match skirt; the horizontal stripes are carried up between panels and side.

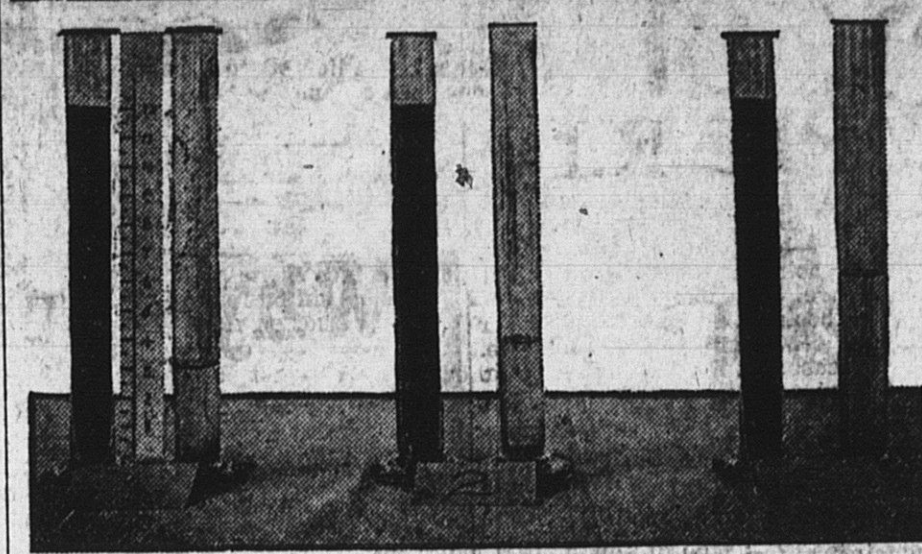
The yoke is of tucked spotted net; lace falls over shoulder like a collar. The sleeves are trimmed with bands of horizontal stripes, the under-sleeves being of lace.

Hat of black and white crinoline, trimmed with ostrich feathers. The ribbon waist-band is passed through rings each side, both back and front.

Materials required: Six yards 40 inches wide, 32 buttons, five-eighths yard net 18 inches wide, one yard piece lace 18 inches wide.

Water and Soil Fertility

By C. H. SPURWAY, Assistant Department of Soils, Michigan Agricultural College



Showing Comparative Water Holding Capacity of Sandy Loam and Muck Soil. (After King.)

The fertility of any soil depends in a large measure upon the amount of water which that soil will hold under field conditions, and which will flow away through the drainage system. Our ordinary field crops require enormous amounts of water in order to give a good growth and profitable returns. If the crop can not obtain water when it needs it, then there will be a cessation of growth which will result in low yields.

The illustration shows approximately the amount of water which each of three ordinary kinds of soil will hold under field conditions. Each group of two jars shows 12 inches of soil and the amount of water held by the soil. The jar to the left in each case contains the 12 inches of soil, and the one at the right, the water held by that kind of soil. Group No. 1 contains a sandy loam soil, and the amount of water held by this soil under field conditions a few days after heavy rains is three inches. This means that the soil over a sandy loam field to the depth of 12 inches will hold in the spaces between the soil grains an amount of water which would cover the field to the depth of three inches. Group No. 2 contains a clay loam soil and the amount of water held in this case is three and one-half inches. A muck soil is shown in the third group and the water held by a foot of this soil is six inches. The important thing for the farmer

to consider is the reason why one soil holds more water than another. If the capacity of a soil for water can be increased by any means, it would be of great importance to the tillers of the soil. There are two principal things which cause soils to hold more water. One is fineness of the soil particles or grains, and the other is the amount of organic matter or humus which the soil contains. The fine grains of the clay loam soil, together with the humus which it contains, and the amount of organic matter and humus in the muck soils, puts them in a condition to hold more water than the sandy loam soil. The finer the grains of any soil the more water it will hold. The addition of organic matter to a soil will cause it to hold more water.

It would be a hard matter to make the grains of a soil finer than they are in any case, but a great deal can be done to make the particles or soil crumbs finer by cultivating soils properly, and only when they are in the proper condition to be worked. Organic matter or humus can be added to the soil cheaply and in many different ways. Plowing under clover or clover sod, adding barnyard manure, sowing rye or vetch in the fall and plowing it under in the spring are some of the methods by which organic matter can be added to the soil. This will put the soil in condition to hold more water for the growing crop, and will be helpful in many other ways.

GREEN MANURING

The business of the soil is to produce crops. In order to accomplish this business most successfully, it is necessary that the soil possess certain qualities:

A proper temperature. Proper ventilation. The ability to gather and hold for the use of the crop goodly quantities of capillary water.

In order that any soil shall possess these qualities it must be first of all properly drained. It must also be in the best possible condition of tilth, or as we frequently express it, it must have a proper condition of mellowness. This tilth will depend upon three things, namely:

The proper selection and use of tools. The practice of a rational system of rotation in which a legume, preferably clover, shall occupy the soil at least one year in the rotation.

The return to the soil of the largest possible amount of organic matter. Upon the selection and use of tools and upon the rotation will depend in no small degree the ability of the soil to gather and hold moisture, and also to permit the ready movement of air through the soil. It is also true that the presence of organic matter referred to helps in no small degree the ventilation and also the water gathering and water holding capacity of the soil. The presence of the organic matter is helpful also in the fact that it renders the soil darker in color and therefore increases the capacity of the soil to gather the best from the sunshine, and therefore renders the temperature condition of the soil better for the germination of seeds and the growing of the crop.

The system of farming which returns naturally to the soil the largest amount of organic matter is live stock farming in some of its phases; for in live stock farming the products of the farm are fed largely to the live stock and nothing but finished products in the form of meats, wood, dairy products, poultry products, etc., are sold away from the farm, everything being reserved in the way of roughage and manures. It frequently happens also that in live stock farming, not only are the products of the farm fed, but concentrates in the form of grains, and meals, etc., are purchased for feed and the manures are thus enhanced and enriched.

Where little live stock is kept and much or most of the products are sold from the farm, special means must be employed to keep up the supply of organic matter.

Where worn out or run down lands are purchased, and especially where large quantities of manure are available, special means must be employed to introduce into these soils organic

matter that they may be rendered normally productive.

In intensive farming, orcharding and trucking, and where abundant quantities of barn yard manure cannot be had, special means must be employed to increase the amount of organic matter in the soil.

In the case of the run down soils and in case of the intensive farming, orcharding and trucking, mentioned above, it becomes necessary to adopt a special method of increasing the amount of organic matter in the soil. This method is usually spoken of as green manuring. It consists of the planting and growing of a crop to plow under before it has reached maturity. The crops most commonly used for the purpose are:

Rye. Oats. Corn sown broadcast or drilled with ordinary drill at the rate of a bushel per acre, and sometimes a combination of oats and peas.

In some sections of the country cow peas or soy beans are grown for this purpose. These are used much in the south and also on the heavy clay soils of the central states.

The hairy or winter vetch is sometimes used. At the present time the hairy vetch is being used with marked success on some of the lighter lands of western Michigan.

Rye and vetches are usually sown in the fall or late summer. The others are sown in the spring as early as conditions for the several crops will permit.

The rate of sowing is usually a little heavier than that employed in growing crops for grain or seed.

Some difficulties are sometimes met with in the plowing under of the crop. Where it is dense, it is sometimes necessary to use a roller upon it before attempting to plow, care being taken to roll it in the same direction as the plowing is to be done. It is also time-consuming necessary to place upon the plow a chain or some other means to insure the complete covering of the tops of the crop.

Two dangers are to be guarded against. It is not always that the green manure crop is allowed to approach maturity, but however this may be, if the succeeding crop is to be planted immediately after the green manure crop is plowed under, unless care is observed, the material which is plowed under will cut off the capillary rise of water from the lower soil, with the result that the upper soil remains too dry to support germination or growth. A heavier roller should be employed immediately after the plowing, and this should be closely followed by a thorough working with packing or stirring tools. The other danger is that of the souring or fermenting of the green material plowed under. The more rank the growth and the heavier the soil the greater is the danger of this souring. If therefore the soil is inclined to be heavy and if the crop is to be sown shortly, the green manure crop should not be allowed to make too large growth before this plowing under.

BUY SHEEP AND LAMBS NOW

But Don't Be a Sheep.

A COMMON EXPERIENCE.

Don't Follow the Crowd.

In chasing the market for profit, the fellows who blindly follow the crowd are generally the ones who get left. The successful man buys when he has the least competition, at the lowest prices and with the greatest margin for profit, which usually brings his selling time during a period of comparative scarcity at market, and he therefore gets higher prices and most always makes a good profit in his dealings.

Here's a Chance for Gain.

The present very low market values of feeding sheep and lambs, being less than the cost of production, offers such an opportunity to those who are prepared to properly care for them.

Feeders Are Selling Cheap.

Well-bred, thin but thrifty lambs of the growing kind can now be bought on the Chicago market for \$5.25 to \$5.50 per 100 pounds; wethers of similar description, \$3.40 to \$3.75; yearling wethers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; yearling breeding ewes, \$4.00 to \$4.60, and good feeding ewes at \$2.50 to \$2.85. These prices are about \$1.75 lower than a year ago for feeder lambs, and the lowest since 1904. Feeder sheep prices also are unusually low.

Now is the Time to Buy.

In view of the fact that prices of feeder sheep and lambs are now below the cost of production, and that present prices of lamb and mutton are out of line with all other meats and must therefore soon rise because of the increased consumption invited thereby, the conclusion is inevitable that now is the best time to buy feeder sheep and lambs for all those who are ready to prepare them for market during the early part of next year.

A leading sheep owner and dealer says: "Fat is made pretty cheap on the Fall feed that otherwise would be wasted, and the sheep and lamb feeding proposition from the standpoint of fertility is worthy of most careful consideration."

Buying Legislators in Jobs.

One day, writes Sienne Gordon in Success Magazine, a former member of the Ohio house displayed, inadvertently, a large roll of bills in the Neil house lobby. A fellow member gazed in awe at the show of wealth.

"I just sold a drove of hogs," explained the former member rather hastily and confusedly.

The observing one was thoughtful. He did not reply for the half-minute usually essential to the full-measured beat of his mental processes. And then—

"Yass," he drawled, "and I'll bet I'm one o' them haws."

TOMMY MURPHY,

The great horseman who is winning most of the big races for fast trotters with that farm horse, "R. T. C." record 2:08 1/4 says: "SPOON'S DISTEMPER CURE is the best remedy for all forms of Distemper and cough I have ever known. I have used it a number of years." All druggists or send to manufacturers, 50c and \$1 a bottle, Spoon Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Needed at Home.

Brown—That is the worst behaved kid I ever saw. Do you know his parents?

Jones—His father is one of those scientific management experts.—Puck.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Sunshine is worth more than gold, when it is real sunshine and not fox-fire.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It's one kind of tough luck to strike oil when boring for water.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking shoes, because they give long wear, same as W.L. Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom.

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' \$3, \$3.50 or \$4.00 SHOES with positive grip sole. TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

NOTE—Henkel's Velvet Pastry Flour makes wonderfully nice cakes.

BUY SHEEP AND SHE GOT WHAT SHE WANTED

This Woman Had to Insist Strongly, but It Paid

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a female weakness and stomach trouble, and I went to the store to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but the clerk did not want to let me have it—he said it was no good and wanted me to try something else, but knowing all about it I insisted and finally got it, and I am so glad I did, for it has cured me."

"I know of so many cases where women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I can say to every suffering woman that this medicine does not help her, there is nothing that will."—Mrs. JANEZEE, 2068 Arch St., Chicago, Ill.

This is the age of substitution, and women who want a cure should insist upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound just as this woman did, and not accept something else on which the druggist can make a little more profit.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

USE ABSORBINE, JR. FOR THE Swollen Varicose Veins & Sore Throat, Ulcers, Eruptions, and Leg, Wrist, Neck, Throat, etc. It takes the inflammation, soothes the pain and reduces the swelling, gradually restoring part to normal strength and appearance. ABSORBINE, JR., is a mild, safe, pleasant antiseptic liniment, healing and soothing. Severe cases where veins have become hardened and broken have been completely and permanently cured. First few applications of ABSORBINE, JR. will give relief and cure is merit. \$1.00 and 50c per bottle as druggists or delivered. Detailed directions, reports on recent cases and Book & 45 free on request. W. F. YOCUM, F. D. Y., 310 Temple Street, Springfield, Mass.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and soothes the scalp. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Prevents itching and dandruff. Hair to the Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & itching. 25c and 50c per bottle.

BASE BALL PLAYERS ANY BRIGHT can become a professional ball player; demand exceeds supply. Write today giving age and experience. National Pastime Club, Dearborn, Mich.

CAREY AGT land and water rights. Open to entry on all Wood River Forest in Southern Idaho. \$50.00 an acre in 1/4 and 1/2 acre lots. Ample water supply guaranteed. 12400 IRRIGATION CO., Richfield, Idaho.

Petits Eye Salve SOOTHES LIPS ACTS AS OINTMENT

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 39-1911.

Easy Breakfast!

A bowl of crisp

Post Toasties

and cream—the thing's done!

Appetizing

Nourishing

Convenient

Ready to serve right out of the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., INC.

Battle Creek, Mich.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

BREVITIES

MANCHESTER—Chicken thieves are making their usual fall calls. Why is it that the farmers will stand for this sort of thing year after year and not make it a point to catch the miserable thieves and have them put where they belong?

MANCHESTER—Earl Kelly is serving a thirty-day sentence at the Ann Arbor jail in consequence of being drunk and disorderly on our streets on sports day. Some have asked who was to blame, he or the saloon keeper who sold him the liquor?

ADRIAN—The west side schools were closed by an order of Health Officer Andrews on account of an epidemic which has been spreading among the pupils for the past two weeks. The malady is some kind of a throat disease, and has caused one death up to the present.

JACKSON—On the return of Banker George Sweet from Detroit last Saturday night, he was arrested and is now in jail charged with embezzlement. He recently closed banks at Whitmore Lake and Munith, containing \$13,000. Sweet was arraigned on a charge of larceny by conversion and his examination set for September 29th. He was jailed in default of \$1,000 bail.

JACKSON—Three starving Chinese were found Sunday in a Lake Shore freight car by the Michigan Central yardmaster here. After being given food and water it was found they were from Suspension Bridge, N. Y. The Chinese had been in the car 10 days and had long ago consumed what food they had taken with them. Torn paper on the floor told of their attempt to eat even paper.

WHITMORE LAKE—Kohler, the giant from Lansing, will probably report to Yost soon, as he is now in Ann Arbor. Wenner, former Ohio star, joined the squad Thursday. Lameness kept him out of the game last year, but he looks fit now. Gates, a member of the all-Fresh team, also reported. Fullback Thomson is expected in a few days, and there is still hope that Quarterback McMillan will also show up.

ANN ARBOR—Probate Judge Leland Tuesday morning ordered John Haywood, 18, and John Hassner, 12, committed to the state industrial school at Lansing until they are 18, and Ira Bell, 7, sent to the state public school at Coldwater. Young Haywood is accused of stealing 15 cents and two worthless rings from Theodore DeForest of Ann Arbor township. The Hassner boy was arrested with the little Bell youngster for loading on the streets at night.

JACKSON—A man about sixty years old was found dead in his room at the Arlington house. The landlady states that she heard a noise like a person falling upon the floor and on investigation found the roomer upon the floor lifeless. The coroner found a letter in the dead man's coat pocket addressed to "Fred A. Lyons, Leoni, Mich." and signed "Persons." The letter is thought to have been written by a son living in Lansing. An inquest will be held.

MANCHESTER—The council proceedings to compel Fred Widmayer to remove the old building on the corner of Exchange Place and Clinton street, known as the Gwinner block is still in court. A portion of the building was one of the first buildings erected in the village and it served as a hotel or boarding house, a store and shop respectively for many years. It was remodeled and enlarged some 40 years ago and has been put to various uses, of late years as a store house.—Enterprise.

SALINE—At about the hour of 5:30 Tuesday afternoon, the barn on the Andrew Schroen farm was discovered to be in flames. Several rushed to the scene of the trouble, but were powerless to do anything, and the building with its contents was consumed. It is generally believed that a cigarette stub is responsible for the fire as the owners of the place have often been seen to throw them down regardless of place or danger. Mr. Schroen moved off the farm last spring.—Observer.

YPSILANTI—Mrs. Henry Staley and her daughter, Bertha, were injured last Thursday afternoon when the horse they were driving ran away and threw them out of the buggy. Mrs. Staley's right leg was broken in two places, and her daughter was severely bruised. They were taken to the home of William Collins, one mile east of here, and an ambulance and physicians were called. After treatment they were removed to their homes. A bolt in the thills became loosened, allowing it to drop upon the horse's heels, and a passing train completed the scare given the animal, and it ran away.

Has Millions of Friends.

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? It's astounding cure in the past forty years made them. It's the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swelling, bruises, cold sores. Use no equal for piles. 25c at L. F. Vogel, E. H. Penn Co., L. T. Freeman Co.

CHURCH CIRCLES

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Service at the usual hour next Sunday morning.
The Young People's Society will hold their quarterly business meeting Friday evening, September 28, at the home of John Koch.

BAPTIST.

Rev. F. L. Blanchard, Pastor.
Rally Day service at 10 a. m. A combined service of the church and Sunday school.
Young People's meeting at 6 p. m. Subject: "Lessons from Great Lives." Leader, R. D. Gates.
A special service at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 7 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.
Preaching next Sunday at 10 a. m. Class at 9:30 a. m.
Bible study at 11 a. m.
Meeting of Epworth League at 6 p. m.
Evening service at 7 o'clock.
Prayer service on Thursday at 7:15 p. m.
Everybody welcome at these services.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL.
Morning service 10 a. m. Subject, "A Call to American Parents."
Sunday school at 11 a. m.
Young People's meeting at 6:15 p. m.
Evening service at 7 o'clock. Subject, "The Hands of the Living God."
Thanksgiving supper Thursday, September 28.
Brotherhood dinner Thursday, October 5, at 7 p. m.

North Sylvan Grange.

The next regular meeting of the north Sylvan Grange will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Leach Wednesday, October 4.
The following is the program:
Song—Grange.
Roll Call—Tell of something of interest read in the last paper or magazine.
Reading—Mrs. J. Knapp.
Question for discussion—How can we make our home more convenient and attractive?
Select Reading—Joseph Sibley.

Walker Whiteside.

At the New Whitney Theatre, Ann Arbor, next Monday evening, one of the foremost of American actors, Walker Whiteside, will introduce Gordon Kean's play, "The Magic Melody," a play that is rich in genuine humor, refined and irresistibly appealing. It is rich in dramatic situations that offer opportunities for finesse in acting, and that those opportunities are taken full advantage of by Mr. Whiteside in his supporting company is manifested by the criticisms from other cities that have been received here in advance of Mr. Whiteside's appearance. One critic says: "The chief charm of it all is the spirit of romance and climatic passion; which rises and swells in the loveliness of the denouement." Mr. Whiteside is the hero, Helmar, of course, and it is said of him that unassuming and modest in his struggle for recognition as a young musician, he is aroused to steely determination when injustice threatens him. Every theatregoer in this section should take advantage of the engagement of Mr. Whiteside in "The Magic Melody," for it will prove without exception one of the biggest dramatic surprises of the current theatrical season.

THOSE SUDDEN TWINGES

Bring Suffering to Many a Chelsea Reader.

Pain is nature's signal of distress. A warning that must not be ignored. Those sharp twinges in the back—Those sudden, stab-like pains when stooping

Are signs of kidney trouble—Signs that must not be neglected. To cure the pains, you must cure the kidneys.

Use a tested and proven kidney remedy. None endorsed like Doan's Kidney Pills.

Endorsed abroad—endorsed at home. Proof in a Chelsea citizen's statement.

Glenn Barbour, north Main street, Chelsea, Mich., says: "I suffered intensely from dull, nagging backaches which were no doubt brought on by standing so long at my work. The kidney secretions passed irregularly and caused me annoyance. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box and soon after I commenced their use, my aches and pains disappeared, together with the kidney difficulty, I now have no trouble from my kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Rally Day.

Rally Day will be held at the Baptist church of Chelsea next Sunday at 10 a. m. including both the preaching service and Sunday school. The service will comprise a short program by the Sunday school, five minute addresses by representatives of the different departments of the church, and a few remarks by the pastor. The violin will be one of the special features of the music. Some of the plans for the fall and winter work will be given at this service. The public is cordially invited.

Auction Sales.

Friday, September 29, at one o'clock p. m. corner east Middle and East streets, Chelsea, household goods, consisting of bedsteads, chairs, tables, couch, cook stove, gasoline stove, coal stove, commodes, writing desk, dishes, book case, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Terms cash. J. S. Hathaway, Geo. H. Foster, auctioneer.

Having sold my residence on East street I will sell all my household goods at public auction on the premises Saturday, September 30th, commencing at one o'clock p. m., standard time. Mrs. Rebecca Burkhardt.

The household goods belonging to the late Maggie E. Sumner estate will be sold at public sale on Saturday, September 30, at 2 p. m., on the premises of Mrs. Joseph Schatz on West Summit street. The goods to be sold consist of Combination Bookcase, White sewing machine, kitchen cabinet, refrigerator, carpet sweeper, chairs, curtains, stands, carpets, rug, tables, lamps, hat rack, dresser, beds complete, fruit jars, stove pipe and other articles too numerous to mention. Those goods must be sold. Terms, cash. C. C. Burkhardt, Geo. H. Foster, auctioneer.

Hay Fever and Summer Colds

MUST BE RELIEVED QUICKLY AND WE RECOMMEND

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound

For quick and definite results. For MEASLES COUGH, for the COUGH that follows SCARLET FEVER, for CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, for ASTHMATIC CONDITIONS, or a cough of whatever origin, including CHRONIC COUGHS OF ELDERLY PEOPLE, use **Foley's Honey and Tar Compound**

For Sale By All Druggists

Remove the Cause

THE ONLY

Logical Thing to Do

CHIROPRACTIC is founded upon an accurate knowledge of the brain, spine, spinal cord and nerves.

The brain is the "Dynamo" that generates life. The nerves are the wires that transmit life. The "organs" are motors that do the work of the body.

Every organ and tissue cell is connected to the brain by nerves and receive their power to functionate thro' the nerves.

A slightly dislocated vertebrae causes pressure upon the nerves and diminishes the current. Lack of current produces lack of function. Lack of function ill health.

We remove the pressure by adjusting the spine, re-establish the currents and health results. Call at our office and let us explain this more fully, show you a spine and demonstrate how easily it gets out of "kilter" and how easily corrected.

Special Analysis FREE.

Lady always in attendance.

F. S. MOON, D. C.

Office Hours:—10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Over Farmer and Merchant Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of principal and interest due and payable under the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Henry P. Dodge of Whitmore Lake, Washtenaw County, Michigan, of the first part to Herbert W. Wheeler then of Saline in said County and State of the second part; which said mortgage is dated May 31st, A. D. 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1906, in Liber 112 of Mortgages at Page 22.

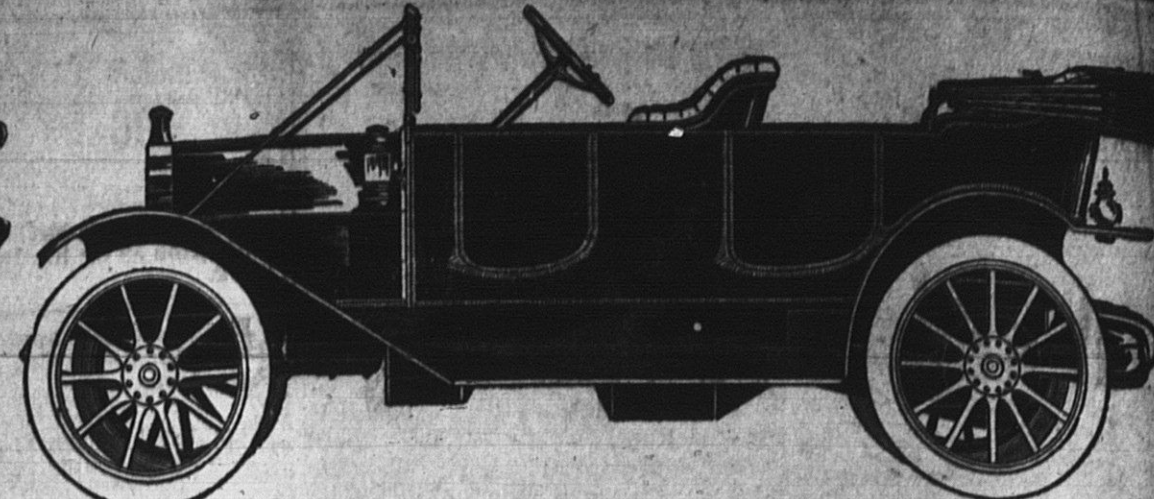
And which said mortgage was duly assigned by the said Herbert W. Wheeler to The State Savings Bank of Unionville in the State of Michigan, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1909, the deed of assignment thereof having been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County of Washtenaw on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1910, in Liber 3 of Assignments of Mortgages at Page 4.

By reason of which default in the payment of the amount due upon the said mortgage the power of sale contained therein has become operative; and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof, and there is now claimed to be due and owing upon the said mortgage debt for principal and interest the sum of Seven Hundred and Forty-seven dollars and six cents (\$747.60) and the further sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) as an attorney fee as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be sold by a sale of the premises therein described at Public Auction to the highest bidder at the East front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw holds its term) on Monday the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the Township of Northfield in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:—The south-east quarter of Section Number 6, in Township 36 North of Range 16 East of the County of Washtenaw aforesaid, and being north-east of the ditch running from Horse-Shoe Lake Hamlet, excepting and reserving about one-fifth of an acre of land heretofore deeded to Frank Roper, and also, one-fourth of an acre of land heretofore deeded to Frederick Roper and, also, excepting and reserving about two acres of land lying south-west of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Railroad tracks, deeded to Albert Stevens by Maria Stevens on July 9th, 1895.

Dated, July 19th, 1911.
THE STATE SAVINGS BANK,
of Unionville, Michigan,
Assignee of said Mortgage.
FRANK E. JONES,
Attorney for Assignee.
Business Address,
Ann Arbor, Michigan.



Why So Many Farmers Are Buying The Cartercar

There are many good reasons why the Cartercar is being universally accepted by farmers as the ideal car for their purposes.

It is simplicity itself—even a boy can operate and care for the Cartercar without injuring it in the least.

This wonderful simplicity combined with extra strong working parts insure absolute reliability. The Cartercar is ready all the time—day or night—for the signal to go.

The Cartercar is powerful—by that is meant that it will climb almost any hill, even a 50 per cent grade, and will go through very bad, muddy or sandy roads. The farmer can drive his Cartercar out in stubble fields or pastures, across brooks, and he knows that his car will always go right along.

The remarkable pulling power of the Cartercar is because of the efficient friction transmission. This is merely a friction disc which runs against a fibre-faced wheel—the relative position regulating the speed of the car. There is no crashing of gears—the speed being changed easily and noiselessly. The Cartercar driver has any number of speeds and THEY ARE ALL CONTROLLED BY ONE LEVER.

The Cartercar will speed along brushing everything on the road—or will creep along behind a flock of sheep or drove of cattle, never crowding or rushing them.

This wonderfully easy control makes the Cartercar ideal for the ladies to drive. The few parts make it very easy for them to learn to operate it—and prevents them getting frightened.

The easy control is supplemented by very strong brakes. In addition to these regular brakes the driver also has the friction reverse, which makes it the safest car on the market today. The friction reverse is only available on friction driven cars.

Another excellent feature of the Cartercar is the Chain-In-Oil Drive. The chain runs continually in a heavy oil—and the chain case being grit and sand tight, practically all wear on the chain is prevented.

The elegance and remarkably attractive appearance of the Cartercar also makes a very strong appeal to the farmer. A glance at the above cut will convince you of its beauty. The extra heavy upholstery on the seats makes it almost an impossibility for a person to tire while riding in the Cartercar.

Think over these facts we have given and see if they answer the requirements you would make of an automobile. We know that when you understand the Cartercar you will be as enthusiastic as we are.

Let us send you complete information regarding this ideal car for the country man.

A Personal Invitation to You, Mr. Farmer

I want to personally invite every reader of this advertisement to visit me here at the Detroit Branch of the Cartercar Company, and I will be very glad to explain carefully every detail of the Cartercar construction.

I met thousands of farmers at the State Fair and after I had shown them the Cartercar an astonishingly large number of them went home with cars.

Write me when you will arrive and I will meet you at the Interurban or railway station with a Cartercar, and show you over the city, giving you an opportunity to study the qualities of the car in the most practical manner.

When you write tell me the style of car you are interested in and I will try to have that car at the station for you.

GEORGE REASON, Manager
DETROIT BRANCH
1244-6-8 WOODWARD AVENUE

Cartercar Company

Factory at Pontiac, Mich.

Branch, 1244-6-8 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.



If it's a surface to be painted, enameled, stained, varnished, or finished in any way, there's an ACME Quality Kind to fit the purpose.

5 Strong Reasons for Fall Painting

1. The wood is thoroughly dry.
Summer's sun has removed all moisture.
2. Paint penetrates deeper into dry wood.
The deeper it goes the better it holds.
3. Fall weather is warm, dry and dependable.
Little danger of cold, damp, rainy days, which endanger the durability of the paint.
4. Wet weather decays and destroys unprotected surfaces.
Lack of paint means unsightly and less valuable property.
5. Fall painting keeps out winter moisture.
The greatest enemy to the life and beauty of all structures.

Ask us about **ACME QUALITY HOUSE PAINT**. It insures the greatest protection and beauty at the least cost per year of service. Questions cheerfully answered.

Vogel's Drug Store

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN



Missed the Train?

Well not if you bought your watch at Winans & Son's. One might better go without a time-piece than carry a poor one. It is not gold that glitters and the poorest watch movement is often hidden beneath an attractive case. We recommend the South Bend Watch and give our guarantee with every one sold. Can't we show them to you.

A. E. WINANS & SON.

Jeweler and Optician.

Try The Standard Want Column IT GIVES RESULTS

STOCK MICHELIN TIRES

Look for this Sign on Leading Garages

You cannot know what a good tire is until you try a Michelin properly inflated

IN STOCK BY

PALMER MOTOR SALES CO., - CHELSEA, MICH.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.: The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of heretofore deceased late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the 15th day of November, and on the 15th day of January, next, at ten o'clock a. m., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, September 12th, 1911.

H. G. FREYTMAN
JOHN J. WOOD
Commissioners.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.: At a session of the probate court of said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 26th day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John H. Raftery, deceased.

Mary H. Raftery, administratrix of said estate having filed in this court her final account, praying that the same may be heard and allowed, it is ordered, that the 26th day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said account, and it is further ordered, that a copy of said order be published three successive weeks prior to said time of hearing, in the Standard newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LEELAND, Judge of Probate.
[A true copy]
DORCAS C. DONAGAN, Register.

SHOE REPAIRING

Quickly and Neatly Done.
Work Guaranteed Satisfactory. Prices Reasonable

CHAS. SCHMIDT

92 CALLS

Were received for office help last week. Several had to go unfulfilled. Write for our big catalogue and learn how to get more calls.

DETROIT BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
41-43 Grand River Ave., W., Detroit.