

The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1911.

VOLUME 41. NO. 1

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Nyal's Kidney Pills

and that ought to be recommendation enough for you. They are made from a special formula, every ingredient of which is best adapted to a specific purpose. They relieve the agony of backache, rheumatism, bladder and kidney disease, and retard the danger of Bright's disease, gall stones, etc. Guaranteed under the Pure Drug Law, and if it don't prove good we'll refund your money.

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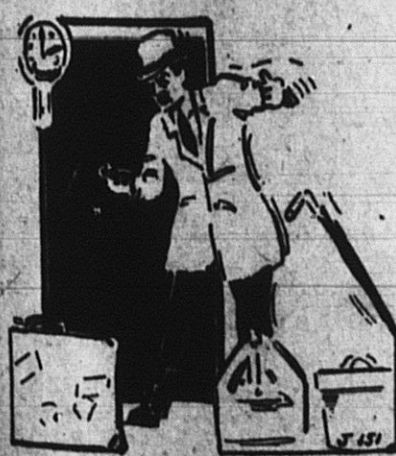
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The White Lily Electric Washing Machine is constructed to meet the demand for a washing machine that will do practically all the work of washing, and make wash-day a pleasure rather than a bugbear.

In short, the White Lily Electric Washing Machine combines every good feature that a electric washing machine should have, viz: simplicity, durability, convenience and safety.

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HARDWARE AND FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Two Burned in Barn.

One of the saddest tragedies in Jackson county in years happened Saturday morning, when Elmer Crispel, aged 6, and Floyd Crispel, aged 4, brothers, were burned when fire destroyed the barn of their uncle, Frank Lyons, a farmer residing three miles southwest of Munith in Waterloo township. The farm is known as the Peter Ravender place.

The fire broke out in the barn and before the family at the house were aware of the presence of the fire it had such a start that there was no chance to save anything contained in it. The flames spread from the barn to an oak stack nearby and was consumed. Mr. Lyons loses most of his farm tools besides his hay and oats.

The children were missed, and supposing they had been frightened and hidden in the woods, a search was made there, but in vain. Later when the ashes and ruins permitted an investigation their bodies were found charred and unrecognizable.

The theory is that they were playing with matches and the contents were set afire in such a way that they became confused and were unable to escape. The remains were placed in one coffin and the funeral was held Sunday, it being impossible to preserve them longer.

The mother of the two boys is a sister of Mr. Lyons and came from her home in Wisconsin to make a visit at his home. Mrs. Crispel is reported to be seriously ill as the result of the shock.

Confesses Nameless Crime.

Ann Arbor Times News: Viola Alford, the 14-year-old step-daughter of Daniel Alford, the Salem farmer, who is serving 30 days in jail for assaulting his wife because she objected to the relations between him and her daughter, appeared before Justice Doty Friday afternoon and swore out a warrant making a serious charge against her step-father. Alford waived examination and was bound over to the circuit court on \$5,000 bail which he could not give. He is now in jail, and will remain there until the October term of court.

In the meantime Sheriff Stark has made formal application to the probate court to have Viola sent to the girls' reformatory at Adrian. The girl is now in the detention room at the courthouse pending an investigation.

There seems to be no doubt of Alford's guilt. He confessed to Deputy Sheriff Mat Max Friday night and signed a written confession Saturday morning for Prosecutor Burke. The confession relates simply to his own relations with his step-daughter and says nothing about the allegation that he was implicated in white slave dealings with the girl.

To Form Local Company.

The Business Men's Association committee held a meeting Monday evening in the office of John Kalmbach, C. E. Hall manager of the Washtenaw Home Telephone Company met with the committee and informed them that it would cost about \$15,000 to build and equip an exchange large enough to handle the many lines of a first-class local plant. Mr. Hall made an offer to the committee under certain conditions, which for the present is being held for future consideration. At this meeting it was decided that the committee should continue the work of securing contracts and stock subscriptions. It was thought best to secure the services of an expert engineer to make an accurate estimate of the exact cost to build and equip a plant of sufficient size to handle the business. When the report of the engineer has been made to the committee, all who reside in Chelsea and farmers along the proposed lines will be solicited to subscribe for a portion of the capital stock of the new local telephone company.

Inspecting the Roads.

George W. Dickinson, member of the state railroad commission, with an inspector, began the annual inspection of the M. U. R. and D. U. R. electric lines Monday this week.

Commissioner Dickinson states that he has several improvements to recommend to the D. U. R. system relative to the installation of devices at curves, where the general view is obstructed. It may become necessary in some cases where there are bad curves to install a double track on the D. U. R. The M. U. R. lines have appliances at these switches and crossings which they claim are working well, but the D. U. R. have contended that signal lights which they have been experimenting with have not given satisfaction.

Commissioner Dickinson will make a detailed report after the inspection and it is thought likely that the D. U. R. especially will be asked to remedy some of the causes that make wrecks so frequent on their lines.

The New Boiler.

A new Sterling type safety water tube boiler is being installed in the boiler room of the Municipal Electric Light and Water Works plant.

The south wall of the rear portion of the boiler house has been removed in order to make the needed room for the construction work. The new boiler will be located in the southeast corner of the room opposite of the two large boilers in use at the present time.

The boiler is manufactured by the Babcock & Wilcox Co., of New York, and is of the same pattern as those in use in the power plant of the Flannery Mfg. Co. The capacity of the new boiler is estimated at about 200 horse power.

The work is being done under the supervision of George Gray and it will require about ten days to complete the job.

MYSTERY UNSOLVED.

Death of Daniel Corey Recalled by Arrest of Suspect.

Four years ago last January Daniel Corey of this place was found dead in the mill race near the Peninsular Paper Company plant, of Ypsilanti. An inquest was held at the time and although the officers felt sure they knew who was responsible for the death, they did not have sufficient evidence to make arrests.

Monday, Henry F. Miller, in a sworn statement, declared that Mrs. Oscar Lawrence, whose husband is in Jackson prison for larceny by conversion, told Miller that her husband, Oscar Lawrence, and Grant Kline divided \$180 of money that they got out of that deal. Kline is in the Ypsilanti city lockup awaiting further development.

The officers at the time thought Oscar Lawrence killed Mr. Corey, as he had been seen with him, and Mr. Corey had been seen with a large roll of money.

Mr. Miller is the man who recently told the officers where some money was concealed that Oscar Lawrence had stolen and which the authorities found secreted in a cement block at the home of Oscar Lawrence's father in Ypsilanti.

A. J. Sawyer, jr., of Ann Arbor, who was prosecuting attorney at that time, caused the body of Mr. Corey, which had been buried in Mt. Olivet cemetery, to be exhumed and a second post-mortem was held in the undertaking rooms of F. Staffan & Son, but no further action was taken at that time as it was impossible to secure sufficient evidence that would lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

The prosecuting attorney at that time was of the opinion that a murder had been committed. Coroner Burchfield, who was holding the inquest, at the time the second post-mortem was made by Dr. J. T. Woods, of Chelsea, and Dr. E. A. Clark, of Ann Arbor, held that the second post-mortem was illegal and testimony of the physicians was never taken.

Grant Kline, who was arrested Monday on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Mr. Corey, was released Tuesday by the order of Prosecuting Attorney George Burke.

Miller's statement being based on hearsay would be inadmissible as evidence and was not deemed sufficient to justify binding Kline over to the circuit court.

North Lake Sunday School Contest.

The North Lake Sunday school have had two contests to increase the attendance. Mrs. Susan Daniels was chosen superintendent in July, 1910, and at that time the average attendance was eight. On October 16 a contest began and captains were chosen. Miss Florence Noah of "reds" known by a red button; and Miss Edna Dixon of the "blues" known by a blue button, the losing side to give a banquet to the winners. January 1st, the first contest closed, with the "blues" the winners. The whole number attending Sunday school during contest was 482 an average of 40 each Sunday. The amount of collection during the contest was \$8.02. The banquet was held at Harrison Hadley's.

The contest for 1911 began April 23, with the same captains, and closed July 16, with the "reds" the winning side. The whole number attending during contest was 571, an average of 47 each Sunday. A gain of \$9. The amount of collection during the time was \$12.00.

The banquet was held July 27 at E. W. Daniels. Four long tables were set. Prayer was offered by Wm. Wood, of Mt. Pleasant, Miss Edith Johnson gave a selection on the piano, the beginning of a short program. Miss Mary Whalan sang a solo, "Irish Eyes of Blue"; Miss Laura Hudson thanked the "blues" for their entertainment; Miss Dorothy Daniels responded; Miss Edna Dixon gave a toast to the "reds," and Miss Florence Noah responded; Mrs. Susie Daniels gave a short talk, telling how much the contests had done for the school, both in interest and attendance. Samuel Schuch gave the results of both contests; Miss Irene Schultz sang a solo; her mother accompanying her on the piano, and the program closed with a solo by Stowell Wood, of Lima Center.

Some of the visitors attending the affair were Wm. Wood, wife and son, of Mt. Pleasant; and Walter Cooper of Flint.

That the contest has been a success was proven August 6, when 47 were present at Sunday school.

Coronation of King George.

King George was crowned in the presence of over 7,000 people, including the royalty, the peerage, the leading officials and dignitaries of England, as well as official representatives from nearly all the countries in the world. The coronation took place at Westminster Abbey, June 22, at 12:30 p. m. It was followed on June 23 by one of the most gorgeous spectacular parade and pageants ever witnessed. On June 24 the Naval Review of Spithead took place.

All London was in gala dress. Never before was there such a crowd upon the streets. Visitors from all over the world flocked in droves to witness the regal events. Hotels were crowded to the limit. Apartments and windows along the route rented for fabulous sums.

The photographers were particularly fortunate in obtaining splendid views of the principal events. The spectacular parade and the swarming picturesquely multitude is a sight seldom seen and never to be forgotten. The pictures are a triumph in photography art.

The Coronation of King George will be reproduced at the Princess, Thursday, August 17.

G. M. Welch on Telephone Situation.

In a recent interview, G. M. Welch commercial superintendent of the Michigan State Telephone Company said, with reference to the telephone situation at Chelsea:

"We have withdrawn our men from Chelsea because the sentiment in favor of a mutual telephone company has changed. A large number of the subscribers that were affected by the rate adjustment, and who at first were much opposed to paying the proper rate, have since come to the conclusion that if the regular rate was fair to a large number of their neighbors, it is fair to them."

"A great deal of the trouble in adjusting the rates was due to a misunderstanding on the part of the people of the actual conditions. Our subscribers who were affected by the rate adjustment did not know that for several years a large number of the Chelsea subscribers had been paying the schedule rate. Those who have been paying the low rate now appreciate the fact that for several years they made a considerable saving as compared with their neighbors. Since the true condition has been explained, we find that there is no desire on the part of the people for a mutual telephone system. Every subscriber in Chelsea affected by the rate adjustment, has been seen and the true conditions carefully explained."

"We also found, in calling upon our subscribers, that there had been some dissatisfaction with the service furnished in the past, and that, to some extent, the desire for a mutual system was on account of the service. The general offices of the telephone company cannot recall a service complaint from Chelsea until the rate adjustment began. Now that they have been informed of the true condition of affairs, steps have been taken that will make the service entirely satisfactory to every subscriber."

"A little thought will convince every telephone user that a mutual company, or a second telephone company of any kind, will not bring about an improvement in service. In the first place, the greatest difficulty with the service is in securing proper help. It would surely be harder to obtain the proper amount of help and the proper kind of help if there were two companies. Also a second company would be subject to just the same troubles on account of storms, and to the same operating troubles that our company is subject to. We know that the efforts we have already made to improve the service are noticable in the grade of service being furnished. Our subscribers have said that there is now no abnormal amount of trouble. Of course, there is a certain percentage of telephone troubles that cannot be eliminated, but we believe that today, in Chelsea, we are having the minimum amount of trouble."

Law Protects Existing Companies.

Attention is called by the state railroad commission to a provision of the Giles law making telephone companies common carriers, whereby no telephone company can secure franchises until it has been granted a certificate by the commission. This certificate can only be granted by the commission upon a showing that the proposed company is not seeking to establish a system to compete with another company in a territory which cannot support two systems.

"It is the evident intent of the law," said Commissioner Hemans Monday, "to protect telephone companies from ruinous competition. The state has assumed control of telephone rates for the purpose of protecting the public and in return assures the companies from competition which will make it impossible for them to exist. It is a long step in control and regulation of these public utility corporations and promises some interesting developments. One promoter has already brought a proposal for a company, before the commission."

Both Placed Under Arrest.

The arrest of Fred Dresselhouse and Forrest Woodin, the crew of the car which collided with a Detroit local near Dearborn, on July 30, killing one person and injuring fifty, was ordered by Assistant Prosecutor Aldrich of Wayne county after the finding of a coroner's jury in Dearborn Monday afternoon.

The charge against the two men is manslaughter. The verdict of the jury was that the dead motorman, Louis Hamilton, was killed through an error on the part of Woodin and Dresselhouse and also through the neglect of the Detroit, Jackson & Chicago railway in not placing a signaling device at the point where the wreck occurred.

Dresselhouse was placed under arrest in Dearborn directly after the inquest. Woodin was driving a car and was stopped at Ann Arbor.

Robbins' Circus Pleased.

Washington, N. J., Star of June 1, 1911, say: "Those who waited for the Robbins circus had the satisfaction of seeing the best tented show of the several that have appeared here this season. It was, in fact, about the neatest thing in the circus line that ever came this way. As a whole it was even a better show than Robbins brought here two years ago. The attendance at the afternoon performance was below expectations, but in the evening the tent was pretty well filled. All of the attractions were of a high-class order, the chief feature being the flying acrobats, the woman equestrienne and the fellow who balanced himself and walked upon his head. They will go as far west as Michigan before the summer closes."

The Robbins circus will exhibit at Chelsea Wednesday, August 23.

AT Freeman's

Vernor's Ginger Ale, freezing cold, bottles packed in cracked ice. Try it. 5c. No other place so cold.

Home-made, Teddy Bear, Mother's Shaker and Salt-raising Bread, fresh every day. None as good as these.

Heinz's Sweet Cucumber Pickles, just the right flavor, tender and crisp.

Heinz's Sweet Mixed Pickles, the best ever, and delivered to you in prime condition.

Teas, just right for icing, all kinds, English Breakfast, Ceylon, Japan and Oolong. The finest grades.

Red Band Coffee the best value in Chelsea, per pound 30c.

Large, smooth, waxy, Messina Lemons, the kind with the rich, ripe flavor.

The best brands of Flour here at the right price.

We cut the finest full cream Cheese.

Our Dairy Butter has that pure fresh butter flavor so much desired, free from all taint. It's the kind everybody likes.

Candy, we always have the most candy, the best candy, the freshest candy, and our prices are always the lowest.

Fruits and Vegetables always in season. The best we can buy.

OUR DRUG DEPARTMENT

Is in charge of Competent REGISTERED PHARMACISTS. We have all the good things usually kept in a first-class drug store. We sell the famous

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which are the best, and sold with the best guarantee of any remedies ever made. Ask us about the

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OF BUGGIES, HARNESES, WHIPS, CREAM SEPARATORS, MACHINE OILS, BINDER TWINE, CAREY ROOFING, FLOUR AND FEED OF ALL KINDS. PRICES RIGHT.

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We buy only the youngest and fattest cattle and let the meat hang long enough to be "right." We are helping the people of this town to better meat at prices as low as anybody's. Try us today.

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The Chelsea Standard

G. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHLSEA, MICHIGAN

SPORT ON ISLAND OF SULU

Uncle Sam Comes to Now—The Old Sultan Seems to Have Been Some Fancy in His Day.

The common sport of the old sultan of Sulu was bear hunting, carried on with a fine breed of native ponies. An English traveler at one of these hunts thus described the sultans, a typical Sulu woman: "She wore full Turkish trousers of blue silk richly embroidered, and a blue vest fitting very tight and ornamented with gold buttons, lace in front, using the universal among as a covering for her shoulders; around her head a clear buff kerchief was tied turban fashion, white cotton stockings and a pair of Chinese slippers completed her outward visibility. Nearly all the Sulu women wear a deal of yellow, which contrasts vividly with their luxuriant black hair, and like the men they ride well and also in the same style."

Capt. Edward L. King of Bridge-water, in whose arms the famous Gen. Henry Ware Lawton fell dying when picked off by sharpshooters at San Mateo, the Philippines, December 19, 1898, has recently been appointed governor of the Sulu archipelago, the most southern of Uncle Sam's territorial possessions.

Deer are plentiful on the islands. There is an enormous day flying bat which is said to present a most weird and supernatural appearance. These islands as on their near neighbors. The two highest mountain peaks on Sulu proper are still covered with the primeval forest. The highest is known as Bu'at Thimantang or "Hill of Tears."

As a reason for this name the natives assign the fact that it is the last bit of their native land which is visible when they go away on their trading excursions.

Men and women ride ponies, buffaloes and even cows to the markets. There are displayed for sale sweet potatoes, mangoes, bananas, yams and corn cobs, the universal receptacle is a neatly woven basket of coconut leaves. Nuts for the betel chews are on sale together with little packets of the leaves of the piper betel.

Birds of Montana.

"I can remember," said an old resident of Miles city, "when there were only a scattering few of song birds in this section of Montana. Today there are American birds of every description, the robin, the meadow lark, the yellow hammer, blackbird, the wren, the dove, catbird, kingfisher and in fact every kind except the English sparrow. There are more of these birds every year."

"The English sparrows, so common in eastern cities, have not as yet gained a place in Montana, and taking in consideration the trouble they cause, they are not to be encouraged. Of course there has always been the cowbird in this state, but the real blackbird has only been coming in recent years."

Indian Rule for Orators.

The untutored mind of the Indian or the savage often appears strange to us, but there is sometimes reason in what at first sight seems eccentric.

A South African tribe has an effective method of dealing with bores which might be adopted by western peoples. This simple tribe considers long speeches injurious both to the orator and his hearers, so to protect both there is an unwritten law that every public orator must stand on one leg only when he is addressing an audience. As soon as he has to place the other leg on the ground his oration is brought to a close.

Tons of Water.

A grass plant will, in the course of a hot day, exhale its own weight of water, and a young leaf of wheat or rye exposed to the sun may even exhale its own weight in an hour, is a surprising statement to be found in the Agricultural Year Book. Experiments summarized by Storer indicate that "more than 300 pounds of water pass through a plant, and are transpired from its leaves for every pound of dry matter fixed or assimilated by the plant." In Wisconsin, King found the mean amount of water used by barley, oats, corn, clover, peas and potatoes in producing a ton of dry matter ranged from 270 tons for corn to 576 tons for clover, "the average for the six crops being nearly 450 tons, or four acre-inches, for each ton of dry matter."

Consistent.

"Jaggs prides himself on his consistency, doesn't he?" "To such an extent that when he went on a spree while he was in mourning, he declares he saw only black snakes."

Where Property is Going Up.

Prospective Tenant—I like the house, but I don't like that huge building in front. It's such a dreary outlook.

Agent—Oh, but that's only a gunpowder factory. It might explode any day.

Oh, Be Suspicious.

"Very suspicious man, they say." "Very. Bought a dictionary last week and now he's counting the words to see if it contains as many as the publishers claim."

TO SET WAYS OF INSURANCE CO'S

ELEVEN "INDUSTRIAL" COMPANIES TO BE PROBED; FOUR ARE IN DETROIT.

NATION WIDE MOVE RESULT OF SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

State Insurance Commissioner Palmer Will Conduct Inquiry at the Hotel Tuller, Detroit, August 14.

Insurance Commissioner C. A. Palmer, of Michigan, chairman of the special committee appointed by the national convention of insurance commissioners to investigate certain industrial insurance companies, has called a meeting of the committee for Detroit, Monday, August 14, at the Hotel Tuller.

At that time representatives of 11 insurance companies will be given a hearing on the report the committee has prepared as a result of its investigation of their method of doing business. It is understood that the report contains sensational charges and the meeting promises to be an important one.

The companies involved are the Continental Casualty Co., Chicago; North American Accident Insurance Co., Chicago; National Casualty Co., Detroit; Phoenix Preferred Accident Co., Detroit; Standard Accident Insurance Co., Detroit; Federal Casualty Co., Detroit; United States Health and Accident Insurance Co., Saginaw; German Commercial Accident Co., Philadelphia; Massachusetts Accident Insurance Co., Boston; Ridgely Protective association, Boston.

This meeting has been called and according to inside information there will be sensational developments. It is known that representatives of the companies have been cited to appear before the committee at that time. The indicated action was determined on at a recent meeting of the committee in New York city.

Tear Down Buildings, Says Marshal.

In the report of Assistant State Fire Marshal Wolff for June and July some very interesting facts relative to the conditions of buildings and fire traps in the state are set forth. State Fire Marshal Palmer, who is also state insurance commissioner, makes the report public. Here are extracts taken from the report:

"I find in each city I have visited a great many dilapidated sheds, barns and buildings of different descriptions, which should be repaired and made fireproof, or removed. I also find great carelessness in the handling of gasoline and other explosive materials."

"I do not consider our appropriation large enough to investigate every unknown fire report to this office, and feel that we can do the citizens of the state more justice and give better satisfaction by helping to prevent fires than we can by spending our small appropriation by ferreting out fires."

The report goes on to state that the city of Manistee is in bad condition as to dilapidated buildings which are a menace to expensive and fine residences throughout that city. The report recommends that the city officials spend more time in cleaning up these old fire traps. The same thing is said of Cheboygan and other cities which the assistant fire marshal has visited.

Particular attention is called to the law relative to the handling of gasoline. This law is being violated to a great extent in all cities.

Largest Grape Crop in History of State.

Indications point toward the largest grape crop in the history of the Michigan fruit belt. The weather conditions have been ideal and this fact, together with the increased acreage, will result in a harvest nearly twice that of any previous year.

The establishment of basket factories at Paw Paw and Lawton effectively prevented the repetition of the basket famine of a few years ago. Already 4,000,000 eight-pound baskets have been placed in Paw Paw alone, many dealers taking 50,000 apiece.

Grape juice factories of Paw Paw, Lawton and Mattawan will use the largest tonnage in their history. They will consume 1,000 tons each at a probable price of \$20 per ton. The season has commenced about two weeks in advance of its usual inauguration. The early varieties are already being harvested and the staple crop of Concord will be ripened in two weeks. Harvesting wages have been advanced 50 cents per day, due to the shortage in labor. Prices this year are expected to range from nine to 20 cents per basket.

Rep. Chas. D. Symonds of Powers will be a candidate for state senator to succeed Otto Fowle of Saint Ste. Marie, who will not be a candidate.

Arthur Millette, a laborer who disappeared from Escanaba last April, was found dead in a swamp near the city. He had a revolver in his hand and it is believed to have ended his own life.

Officers for the Michigan Implement and Vehicle Dealers' association are being equipped in Lansing, the headquarters of the association having been moved from Jackson to Lansing. J. M. Whitbeck of Benton Harbor was appointed secretary. The annual convention is to be held there Nov. 7-9.

To organize a troop of boy scouts in Muskegon is the plan being laid by Merritt Lamb, a scout master who has previously formed similar organizations in Grand Rapids and several other western Michigan points. Already nearly 100 local boys have signed their intention of becoming members.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

Dimondale is to have a home-coming and carnival August 25 and 26.

D. E. Waters is to build a \$500,000 hotel for furniture buyers in Grand Rapids.

The express rates for a list of perishable produce have been boosted in Michigan.

The Master Builders' association of the state will meet in Lansing in February of 1912.

Harlan L. Smith, a former resident of Saginaw, has been made archaeologist of Canada by the governor-general.

Because buyers cut the price of \$2 per bushel, blueberry pickers in the Ishpeming district have declared a boycott.

President Taft has received an invitation to attend the cornerstone laying of the new Y. M. C. A. building at Kalamazoo.

The Y. M. C. A. of Kalamazoo has invited President Taft to attend the laying of the cornerstone for its new building, Sept. 20.

George D. Bostock, of Grand Rapids, last year candidate for national secretary, B. P. O. E., was thrown from his auto and seriously injured.

Because the commissioners have left unpaid the \$405 assessed for improvements, the \$400,000 Ryerson library at Grand Rapids has been advertised for sale.

The Michigan Central depot at Dowagiac was robbed of \$117. A hobo was arrested a short time later, and it is claimed the money was found on him.

The first annual home-coming, August 23 and 24, will be about the biggest event in the history of Reading up to date, with lots of big doings each day.

The first of a series of picnics scheduled to be held in Ludington started when the annual pioneer picnic of the Sauble Settlement association was held.

Nearly 20,000 people were at Riverside park, Eaton Rapids, to witness the closing of the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the State Holiness Camp Meeting association.

Jefferson street, Bay City, property owners sue the P. M. railway for \$40,000 because its trains rock their house chimneys over and shake the ceiling plaster loose.

Sealer of Weights and Measures Schaefer, who is investigating the scales in Lansing grocery stores and all places where goods are retailed, has found 20 per cent of the scales inaccurate.

J. R. Finlay, of New York, who has been employed by the state to make an appraisal of the mining property, has finished his work, and will file his report with the state tax commission Aug. 14.

The Newport mine at Ironwood has cut down the number of men employed to 500, and putting them on a five-day-a-week schedule. Stockpile shipments are continuing at a lively rate on the Gogebic range.

St. Anne's church at Yorkville was dedicated Sunday, the sermon for the occasion being preached by Rev. Dr. Morrissey, of Notre Dame. The church was built in about two weeks and has a seating capacity of 300.

New designs for the 1912 plates to be used on automobiles are being prepared in the secretary of state's office. Each year the department has a different style so as to prevent owners of machines from using last year's plates.

At a meeting of the Saginaw board of health at the request of the state board of health, it was decided to abolish drinking cups, and the common cook decided to equip deep wells with sanitary drinking fountains or bubbling cups.

The State Holiness Camp Meeting association has voted to expend \$1,200 in making improvements to the big hotel on the camp grounds at Eaton Rapids, and this amount was raised by voluntary subscriptions before the close of the ten days' meeting.

The corner-stone for the beautiful stone memorial chapel for Bishop and Mrs. Atwell, of Kansas City, former residents at Northport Point, was laid with a sermon by Rev. John Newton McCormick, D. D., bishop of western Michigan. The plot of land for the chapel was donated by Orlin A. Ward, of Grand Rapids.

The next postmaster of Niles, it is understood, will be Thomas C. Hance, who has held the position of private secretary to Congressman Hamilton ever since the latter was elected to congress in 1896. If Mr. Hance is appointed it will be without any contest, as no other aspirants have yet announced themselves.

The July report of State Game, Fish and Forestry Warden Oates shows that during the month there were a total of 97 complaints investigated for violations of the game and fish laws of the state. Of this number 36 cases were tried. Three were acquitted, two dismissed and two cases are now pending. The amount collected from the 29 convictions in fines and costs amounted to \$621.75. There were 12 arrests for violations of the game laws for the month and 24 arrests for violations of the fish laws. During the month 24 seizures were made by deputies of fish and game department and the proceeds of the sales of these seizures amounted to \$205.50.

When several rural counties organized in Grand Rapids to secure equal taxation for all the counties, none of those present would admit that any coalition had been formed with Wayne county, but several admitted they believe Wayne is taxed high enough. It seems that Kent county is one half-way selected for a cannonading, the point being made that Wayne has increased its equalization valuation the last five years by \$125,000,000. It is claimed that Grand Rapids is appraised far below its true cash.

An ordinance making it punishable by fine or imprisonment for minors or habitual drunkards to ask for liquor has been submitted to the city council by J. M. Roberts, leader of the socialist party in Flint.

The Michigan Hay Dealers' association selected Saginaw as the 1912 meeting place, and elected these officers: President, J. A. Heath, Lenox; first vice-president, F. E. Nowlin, Albion; second vice-president, John McAllister, secretary-treasurer, E. C. Forrest, Saginaw; G. F. Diamond, Mayville; H. J. Hankin, Elsie; and A. B. Cutler, Adrian, were chosen new directors.

NEWS FROM ALL OVER MICHIGAN

FARMERS HOLD SECRET MEETING TO PLAN FOR EQUAL TAXATION.

STATE HEALTH BOARD ALARMED OVER INFANTILE PARALYSIS.

Big Mine Merger Is Enjoined by Opinion Handed Down by Judge Weist—To Use Convicts to Build Roads.

Farmers Plan for Equal Taxes. At a secret meeting of representatives of 11 agricultural counties of the state, held in Lansing, it was decided to ask the state tax commission for the valuation statistics of the various counties, which have been prepared for the use of the state board of equalization.

The meeting was attended by Geo. B. Horton, ex-Senator; G. Bolt of Muskegon, and George Lord of Detroit. Edwin C. Robinson of Muskegon was elected president, while Bolt was made secretary and treasurer.

The committee to wait upon the commission and secure the figures, consists of Senator Bolt, C. W. McNeil, of Tuscola county, and L. K. Cleveland, of Grand Traverse. The committee wished to examine the findings of the commission in order to determine whether they are higher than the equalized valuation as established by the board of supervisors or can be held as a proper basis for determining what proportion of the state tax each county shall pay.

State Health Board Alarmed.

Members of the state board of health are alarmed over the number of cases of infantile paralysis being reported indirectly throughout the state. During the past few days three cases have been reported in Grand Rapids.

Reports up to July 1 received show that 20 cases have resulted since Jan. 1. Seventy-one cases were reported last year, of which 47 resulted fatally. A large number of the others were left with partial paralysis. The board believes that many physicians do not thoroughly understand the disease.

Mrs. Lillian Hollister Passes Away.

Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, past supreme commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees of the World, of Michigan, died at her summer home in Lily, after an illness of several months.

She was supreme commander of the Maccabees for 15 years but resigned in July owing to ill health. She was also president of the National Council of Women and actively engaged in club and philanthropic work; was a noted speaker and had wonderful power to hold audiences and to draw women to her.

Mrs. Hollister was the authoress of five books of national worth and noted as the best parliamentarian in the United States. She had traveled over the world.

Special Express Rates Boosted.

While the majority of express rates in this state are reduced under the new rate schedule, yet it develops that certain shippers who have been enjoying a special rate for fruit and certain other articles, will discover that their rate has been raised.

For many years express companies have granted rates, termed general special, under which certain commodities listed as perishable, have enjoyed this reduction, but the new tariff now on file with the state railroad commission shows that these specials have been eliminated, and this class of shipments enjoying the lower rates must now pay the general merchandise rates the same as general shippers.

Doubts Wisdom of Flying Flag Daily.

Prof. J. J. Findley, of the University of Manchester, addressed the summer school students at Ann Arbor on the subject of "School and Society." In speaking of the creation of love and reverence for one's country in the minds of pupils, he said: "I'm not sure that the flying of the American flag over our schools every day is a good practice." He argued that if it was done less frequently the effect on the children would be greater and more lasting.

Hold Two for D. U. R. Wreck.

Forrest Woodin and Frederick Dresselhouse, motorman and conductor on the Northville interurban car that crashed into an Ann Arbor local last Sunday, killing one and injuring 60 others, were arrested following the inquest in Dearborn, charged with manslaughter. Both men were found guilty of negligence, the jury agreeing they were guilty of "gross carelessness." The D. U. R. was also criticized for not placing proper safety devices at the crossing.

The Flint council has let the contract for the new filtration plant to a Pittsburgh company for \$126,895.

Because they were refused a raise of 50 cents per day in the wage scale all journeymen plumbers in Kalamazoo have gone out.

An ordinance making it punishable by fine or imprisonment for minors or habitual drunkards to ask for liquor has been submitted to the city council by J. M. Roberts, leader of the socialist party in Flint.

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MICH. LANDS SELL BETTER

Thousands of Acres Sold to Actual Settlers in Last Two Years.

The advance sheets of the annual report of the commissioner of the state land office, Huntley Russell, shows the receipts of the office during the year to have been \$259,871, as compared with \$237,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, and \$183,197 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, or an increase of \$76,674 over the receipts of last year and \$25,606 more than 1909.

The amount of money received on the sale of tax homesteaded lands is shown to be \$239,884.38, as compared with \$211,910.11 for 1909 and \$157,682.27 for 1910, or a gain of \$52,616.16 over the amount of money received from the sale of tax homesteaded lands in 1910 and \$27,872.27 more than was received during 1909 from the sale of tax homesteaded lands.

This increase in the receipts of the office over the two previous years would indicate that the land values of the northern part of the state are steadily increasing, and likewise the demand. In the reappraisal of state lands by the land department the tendency has been to raise the value wherever conditions warrant, but notwithstanding this fact, the demand has been steady and thousands of acres of lands have been sold to actual settlers.

Under authority of the public domain commission act authorizing the commissioner of the state land office to hold sales at the county seats of the various counties where the amount of land to be sold warrants, Commissioner Russell has arranged for sales in a great number of counties during the present summer and early fall, and his department is putting forth every effort to interest the local people of the county where sales are to be held and who, if they purchase lands, will not alone become actual settlers, but, having a knowledge of local conditions, will make good.

Admiral Togo Honored in Washington.

The United States government, through President Taft, Secretary of State Knox and Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop, officially honored Admiral Togo.

An almost continuous round of entertainment had been planned for the Japanese admiral. His program included calls upon and return calls by Secretary of State Knox and Acting Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop; and army and navy officers generally were to be received by Admiral Togo at his hotel. After an audience with President Taft and a sight-seeing tour of the city, the admiral's stay in the United States had compelled him to cancel the Chicago invitation.

Togo Will Not Visit Michigan.

Admiral Count Hachiro Togo will not visit Michigan during his present brief tour of the United States. Congressman Doremus found this out in an ineffectual attempt to induce the Japanese naval hero to make Detroit a port of call during his trip to Chicago, when he was informed that the brevity of the admiral's stay in the United States had compelled him to cancel the Chicago invitation.

Western Roads Face Big Strike.

Western railroads are facing a \$50,000,000 strike. Thousands of employees are ready to walk out in backing up their demand for better pay and better working conditions. While the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific-Harriman lines are chiefly affected, the trouble is general throughout the west.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Gov. Carroll has ordered an investigation of alleged improper conditions at the Iowa penitentiary at Fort Madison.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has designated 50 additional postal savings depositories in 15 states to begin operations September 4.

The new postal savings bank in New York took in over \$41,000 during the first week of its existence. This is an average of nearly \$7,000 a day, which the postal authorities think is doing pretty well.

Five persons were seriously hurt and 20 received lesser injuries when a train on the Southern railway was derailed six miles west of Salisbury, N. C. The engine and all of the coaches left the track and a chair car went down a 25-foot embankment.

Announcement is made of the birth of another daughter in Vienna to Countess Lario Szechenyi, who was Gladys Vanderbilt. The first daughter was born in October, 1908. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, mother of the countess, has been with her daughter for several weeks.

In the first five days of its existence the postal savings bank in Boston took in \$14,500 on 800 accounts. Business on the opening day amounted to \$2,200 and has increased steadily each day since. The authorities believe that the bank will soon be receiving more than \$5,000 a day.

Following a long debate, in which the British government forces held firm in their backing of Premier Asquith, the house of commons, by a vote of 365 to 246, defeated the vote of censure moved by Opposition Leader Balfour, because of the government's course in handling the lords veto bill. It is expected that this will be the last step of the opposition to the bill.

President Charles C. Moore of the Panama-Pacific exposition, San Francisco, telegraphed President Taft asking that the president turn the first bit of earth marking the commencement of actual construction of the exposition.

The peach crop of Connecticut will be so large this year that a special train will be added to the Hartford-New York schedule during the harvesting season to carry the daily output to the New York markets. Hitherto the peach crop of the state has been consumed entirely by the New England markets, but this year's crop will show a large overflow.

WILL BE 433 CONGRESSMEN

SENATE AGREES TO BILL PROVIDING A LARGER HOUSE.

NEW MEMBERS TO BE CHOSEN AT LARGE IN 1912

The Measure Will Take Effect On and After March 3, 1913—Michigan Gets One New Member.

After accepting an amendment by Senator Burton of Ohio providing that added representatives shall be nominated at large in the same manner as the governor until their states shall have been re-districted, the senate passed by viva voce vote the reapportionment bill increasing the number of representatives from 391 to 433, and giving Michigan 13 instead of 12 representatives.

The bill now goes to conference. Michigan congressmen declare the house will accept the senate amendment. Unlike the tariff bills, for which vetoes wait, the reapportionment bill will be signed and become law.

All of Michigan's representatives, says Rep. Doremus, have indicated more or less desire that redistricting be put off until after the 1912 election, preferring to have the thirteenth member chosen at large rather than to have their own bailiwicks carved up.

Prospective candidates for the Republican nomination at large are said to include: Edwin Denby, Patrick H. Kelley, W. Frank Knox, Harry Smith and Gerrit Diekmann.

The senate adopted the urton amendment to the bill by a vote of 39 to 28, after defeating an amendment by Senator Root to leave the house membership at 391, by a vote of 40 to 23.

The reapportionment bill is so drawn that no state will lose in representation, but in some cases there will be a decided increase. New York heads the list with an increase of six members; Pennsylvania gets four; California and Oklahoma each two; Illinois, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Texas and Washington, two each; and Alabama, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah and West Virginia, one each.

The measure will take effect on and after March 3, 1913. With the admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood with one representative each, the membership under the present bill would advance to 435.

SENATOR FRYE DEAD.

Maine's Senior Senator Is Dead After Forty Years' Public Service.

The state of Maine lost its senior United States senator and an almost lifelong faithful servant when William Pierce Frye died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Helen White, in Lewiston, Me. At his bedside were Mrs. White and his other daughter, Mrs. Alice Briggs, who also resides in Lewiston. Although he had been ill for a long time, death came suddenly.

Forced by the condition of his health to resign his position as president pro tempore of the senate at the beginning of the present special session of congress, although he retained his membership in the senate, Senator Frye soon afterward made his last journey to the city which always had been his home. For several weeks his condition was not considered nearly so serious. Up to last week he was in comparative comfort, spending much of his time in reading or in having some member of the family read to him.

Three World Powers Sign Peace Plan. Three of the world's greatest nations, with the United States as the central figure and moving spirit, joined hands in opening the way to the coveted goal of modern statesmen—universal peace. America and Great Britain and America and France have signed general arbitration treaties for the peaceful settlement of all disputes that may be locked in the mystery of the future, even though they concern the national honor or vital interests of the signatories, subjects invariably excepted in existing arbitration treaties.

To Jean Jules Jusserand came the signal honor of signing an arbitration treaty between the United States and France six hours ahead of the signing of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain. This distinction is possibly of more personal than of national importance, inasmuch as having been the first foreign diplomat to come forward with a tentative acceptance of President Taft's informal proposal to all nations for just such a treaty as has been concluded. Mr. Jusserand has been the French ambassador to the United States since 1902 and while Roosevelt was president was a member of the famous "tennis cabinet."

Two-cent rate in Michigan on all northwestern lines operated Aug. 1. There is no change yet on the "Soo" road.

Mrs. Albert Hall, 35, is dead in Utica of hookworm disease. This is the first death from this cause ever reported in central New York. Mrs. Hall contracted the disease in Manila, where she was a school teacher prior to her marriage.

The fortifying of the Panama canal will begin this week at the Pacific entrance of the waterway, Gen. Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, who returned from Panama, announced. The war department will endeavor to complete the fortifications simultaneously with the opening of the canal.

JOHN W. GATES DEAD.

John W. Gates, the American financier, died in Paris in the arms of his wife and his son, Charles G. Gates. The end was peaceful, and it seemed as though he was falling asleep. The usual restoratives failed in the last crisis.

Others present at the bedside besides the members of the family were Doctors Gros and Reeves.

THE MARKETS.

DETROIT.—Cattle.—Market. Good grades, steady; common, 15c to 16c lower than last week; trade active.

75¢ extra 1 dry-lb. steers and heifers, \$5.00 to \$5.75; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs. \$5.25; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.00 to \$4.75; grass steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$4.75; grass steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, \$3.75 to \$4.50; good fat cows, \$3.50 to \$4.25; stock cows, \$3.25 to \$3.75; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.75; choice heavy bulls, \$4; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$4.00; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.25 to \$4.75; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$3.50 to \$4.00; choice stockers, 500 to 700,

SERIAL
STORYThe Girl of
My DreamsA Novelization of the Play by
WILBUR D. NESBIT and Otto Hauerbach
Revised by WILBUR D. NESBIT

Copyright by W.D. Nesbitt

SYNOPSIS.

Harry Swift is expecting a visit from his fiancée, Lucy Medders, a Quakeress whom he met in the country. His auto crashes into another machine containing a beautiful woman and a German count. The woman's hat is ruined and Harry escapes. His sister, Caroline, arrives at his home to play hostess. Socrates Primmer, cousin of Lucy's, arrives with a hat intended as a present for Lucy. Harry is trailed to his home by the Count. Mrs. Gen. Blazes, who demands her hat, a duplicate of which she says has been delivered at Harry's house. She is a great fear lest her husband hear of her escape. Lucy Medders and her father arrive and the count is hidden in the room and Mrs. Blazes in another. Harry is forced to do some fancy lying to keep Lucy from discovering the presence of the woman. The milliner, Daphne Daffington, who proves to be an old flame of Harry's, arrives to trace the missing duplicate hat and more complications ensue. Daphne is hustled into the room occupied by the Count. The latter, with whom Daphne had flirted at one time, demands the return of a ring he had given her on that occasion. She tells him that she gave the ring to General Blazes as the Count had also given Mrs. Blazes a duplicate of the ring he becomes somewhat excited. Daphne leaves the room and seeks refuge in the one occupied by Mrs. Blazes. Mr. Medder discovers the Count, who is introduced as Harry's German tutor. General Blazes arrives and accuses Harry of concealing his wife. Daphne steps out and the general is dumfounded. Lucy gives way to tears. The Count takes the blame for the whole affair upon himself, but the verdict is reserved until Harry can vindicate himself.

CHAPTER X.—(Continued.)

"My boy," he was saying, "I couldn't help coming back to assure you that I am deeply sorry."

"Say no more about it, General," Harry begged.

"But, Harry," the General asked, "how did that little flirt happen to be in that room?"

"Well," Harry explained, "that was a little affair concerning her and Count von Fitz. I don't feel at liberty to go into details—but it's just a flirtation, you might say."

"She's a charmer, all right enough, Harry, my boy!" the General said. "Ah! if my wife only knew—if she ever found out how I have flirted with some of these dashing dames!"

Mrs. Blazes, from the safety of her window, listened intently.

"What?" Harry asked. "You flirt, General?"

"I'm deep, Harry, devilish deep! I say nothing, but I saw a lot of wood. Don't worry about any little flirtations of your own. Come to me for advice if you need it. Everybody must sow his wild oats, you know."

"Yes," Harry agreed, "but the wild oats you sow the night before don't make good breakfast food the morning after."

"Well, anyway," the General said, "we understand each other. No more hard feelings?"

"Not a bit. Not a bit," Harry reassured him. The General waved his hand cordially as he strode down the street. Mrs. Blazes watched him disappear in the dusk, nodding her head significantly.

"Wild oats, eh?" she said. "Flirtation, eh? Wait until I get home!"

She leaned out of the window and called to Harry. He glanced up at her and smiled wearily.

"How in the world am I to get out of here?" she asked, petulantly.

"I think I'll have that run as a puzzle in the Sunday papers," Harry answered, grimly. "I'll say this, though: When you get out you needn't be too punctilious about making your baby call."

"This is no time for joking—"

"It's the only time I've got. You've put me in a pretty mess."

"I'm just as sorry as I can be, Mr. Swift. But look at the muddle I am in."

"Oh, I've seen worse muddles than this," Harry answered, easily.

"And I'm simply starving to death," she said, hungrily.

"I'm going to slip some sandwiches in there for you, if the blockade doesn't lift pretty soon. Meantime, keep away from that window as much as possible. Some one may happen to see you—and I'm out of explanations."

Mrs. Blazes drew back a bit from the window, and asked:

"Have you heard anything of my hat?"

Harry sank down on a lawn bench with a weary air.

"Where have I heard of hats?" he said. "I've ordered a hat for you. Daphne, the daffodil, is making one for you. She'll have it here before long."

"That's dear of you!" Mrs. Blazes smiled, appreciatively.

"How do you know what it costs?" she asked, grimly.

Mrs. Blazes clasped her hands melodramatically and went on:

"And I'm so worried about my husband!"

"You are? You ought to be," Harry told her. "And he's worried about you—and I'm worried about both of you. Shut the window, and let me think."

She closed her window, and he resumed his meditation.

"Sometimes," he muttered, "it's against a fellow to be innocent. I could have straightened this out in two minutes if I had been guilty."

The front door opened, and Lucy appeared. She glanced down at Harry and smiled.

"May I come out with these awfully?" she asked. "It is so peaceful out here—everything seemeth so calm."

"This is the headquarters for peace and calm," Harry observed, pleasantly, rising. Lucy came down the steps and sat on the lawn seat while Harry leaned over the table beside her, looking down at her.

"Well," Lucy asked, "what can these say?"

"I can't say anything yet," he answered. "I can only ask you to trust me until I can explain everything."

"But surely these can explain everything now?"

"No. Not yet. I don't understand it myself yet."

Lucy's face changed, and Harry went on:

"Later, I'll tell you everything. I can't now, Lucy, because some one else is involved."

"I saw her," Lucy said, coldly. "I don't mean that way, Lucy," he protested. "What you saw may have a peculiar look—"

"Indeed, she had!" Lucy asserted. "But you must remember that often there is an unsuspected skeleton in the closet," Harry continued, manfully.

Lucy pursed her lips scornfully. "Skeleton, indeed!" she said. "That skeleton weigheth at least a hundred and thirty pounds!"

Harry laughed nervously, and pleaded:

"Now, listen, Lucy. Won't you take my word that everything is all right, so far as I am concerned?"

"I might take thy word, but these cannot explain so easily to Cousin Socrates nor to father."

"Cousin Socrates has been in the attic writing sonnets about you all evening, and I have talked with your father, bless his good old heart! He believes in me, and he is willing to trust me."

"So do I believe in thee, Harry—but these cannot know how sorry I am that this has happened. I regret it."

With an earnest effort to turn her mind to a lighter view of things, Harry asked:

"So you regret it?"

"I do—very, very much."

"Then, if you regret it very, very much, I'll forgive you this time," she laughed, seating herself and taking her hat.

She took her hand away quickly and jumped to her feet in indignation.

"How can these jest at such a moment?" she cried.

He rose and followed her.

"I shouldn't have teased," he said, humbly. "Lucy, you are not a city girl—and I'm glad of it—but you are apt to judge things too much on appearances."

Lucy turned and looked at him with a pathetic seriousness in her eyes.

"Until this morning, Harry," she said, "I wanted to be a city girl. I

thought the little town where I have lived was a pitiful place."

"But it had you in it," Harry reminded her, gently.

"Lucy said, 'that here appearances are everything—in the country, there is everything—and that takes the deceit from the appearances.'"

"Why, you're a genuine little philosopher," Harry said.

"We have the blue sky in the daytime back there," Lucy continued, "and here there have clouds and smoke. There we have the stars at night, here there have electric signs. There we get up at sunrise and the little birds sing us a welcome from the trees, but here—"

"Here the folks stay up until sunrise and eat the little birds before that," Harry finished for her. "You don't want a city home, then, Lucy?"

"I want a home where the heart does not have to be hidden," she told him.

"And so do I. I want a real home, with the best little girl in the world as my wife."

There was no mistaking his meaning. Lucy looked at him for half a minute, then said:

"When these have explained, Harry."

CHAPTER XI.

Fifteen minutes later Count von Fitz cautiously crept beneath the window and watched Mrs. Blazes did not answer. He waited longer. Still no answer.

"If you are gone, I'm glad," he said. "Cheer me by not replying."

But no such cheer was in store for him. Mrs. Blazes noiselessly opened the window and whispered:

"Sh! Be careful! Did you get my hat?"

"Not yet," the Count told her. "They had to make him. I wouldn't trust that Daffie woman. I went to another hat place. Der name is 'Terese.'"

"But they won't know the model," Mrs. Blazes feared.

"I explain him perfectly. I tell her a shape like a smashed balloon, yellow on der outside mit a garden of red puppies."

"Red puppies, you silly man!"

"Puppies or poppies—dey look chust as bad to me from now on."

"You'd best go right back and stay there until it is finished," Mrs. Blazes suggested.

"No. I told dem to sent it here, so I make sure I get it."

"That's good," she said, with a tone of relief.

"Now you come right out und vander hat comes I gift it to you, und away you go."

"Come out?" she asked sarcastically. "Am I an aeroplane?"

"Lissen. Make a rope yet, und I pull you out."

"An idea!" she exclaimed with delight. "I'll tear up the sheets and

things in here, tie them together in a rope, and let myself down."

"Splendid! I go und vatch for der messencher mit der hat."

The Count strode away, while she closed her window.

A young couple came walking slowly through the flower garden. It was Pigeon and Carolyn. The twilight spell had been cast upon them. Arm in arm, silently they strolled until they neared the bench.

Suddenly Pigeon said:

"Let's sit down here. I've got to see Harry through his racket, you know"—evidently continuing a conversation which had lapsed some moments before—"but after that—"

He looked down into Carolyn's eyes. "After that," she asked, softly. "For Carolyn had all a woman's intuition, in spite of her young years, and she diagnosed the symptoms of an approaching proposal. She did not intend to accept him, but no woman will allow a proposal to get away from her. Proposals to a woman are as the scalp the Indian brave ties to his war belt."

"After that," said Pigeon, beginning to sit down, "I can look after my own affairs. And I—"

An ominous, rippling sound came. Mrs. Blazes was beginning to make her rope, but the young couple, of course, knew nothing of that. Pigeon straightened up with a jerk and tried to look unconscious. He did not know what had given away. Carolyn tried to smooth over his embarrassment by saying:

"Taking a Big Risk."

It was well known in Mayville that when Cyrus Fanning lent anything from a hammer to a plow, he expected a good return for the favor. It was a matter for astonishment to Wilson Green, however, when, on inquiring of Mr. Fanning how much it would cost to rent his long ladder for an afternoon, Cyrus replied promptly:

"One dollar fifty."

"Now, look here, Cy," remonstrated his neighbor, "you know I've got to borrow it, for mine isn't long enough to reach where I'm obliged to climb to search out that chimney leak for the Widow Sears. Can't you make it

"No, I can't," and Mr. Fanning shook his small head and closed his obstinate mouth.

"Why can't you?" demanded Wilson Green.

"Because there's a weak place in it two-thirds the way up," snapped Mr. Fanning. "I'll bear my weight all right, but you're a good thumpy pounds heavier. If it gave way under you, 'twould cost me a dollar to get it mended. Considering the risk, I call a dollar 'n' half cheap."—Youth's Companion.

Something in Oil.

She had been married a week, but she wasn't going to show it. She had spent half the morning in scrubbing the newness off her shopping bag and the other half in practicing a supercilious droop of the eyelids before her mirror. And she was quite sure of herself as she sallied into the local department store.

"Yes, madam?" asked the floor walker, in a voice of milk and honey. "And what can I show you?"

"I want—something in oil," she demanded, "suitable for my dining room."

"Quite so, madam," quite so," said the floor walker, gazing meditatively at her wedding ring. "Would you prefer salad oil, oil cloth, oil paintings,

or sardines?"

CHAPTER XII.

CHAPTER XIII.

CHAPTER XIV.

CHAPTER XV.

CHAPTER XVI.

CHAPTER XVII.

CHAPTER XVIII.

CHAPTER XIX.

CHAPTER XX.

CHAPTER XXI.

CHAPTER XXII.

CHAPTER XXIII.

CHAPTER XXIV.

CHAPTER XXV.

CHAPTER XXVI.

CHAPTER XXVII.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

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CHAPTER XXX.

CHAPTER XXXI.

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CHAPTER XXXVII.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

CHAPTER XL.

CHAPTER XLI.

CHAPTER XLII.

CHAPTER XLIII.

CHAPTER XLIV.

CHAPTER XLV.

CHAPTER XLVI.

CHAPTER XLVII.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

CHAPTER XLIX.

PUBLIC CUP
STILL AT DETROITOrder of State Board of Health
Not Being Observed.

TRAVELERS FAVOR NEW RULE

Railroad Considering the Proposition
of Installing Penny Vending
Machine—Fear Unsanitary Con-
ditions.

Lansing.—Although the state board of health recently made public an order to abolish the public drinking cup, the common little disease promoter is still very much in evidence about Detroit. It is a case of a new broom which is not sweeping scrupulously clean.

Nearly every hotel in the city has a glass or porcelain cup under its ice water tank and in no cases have they been replaced with sanitary "bubblers." Most lunch counters provide enough glasses, so that each one need be used but once before being washed.

At the Michigan Central depot four cups still remain in the waiting rooms, while at the Union depot they have been supplanted by a vending machine, which sells an individual paper cup for one cent.

The cup is seldom seen now on cars of railroads operating in the state, but the roads have not yet solved the drinking problem to their satisfaction. The Pere Marquette and the Michigan Central are considering the proposition of installing penny vending machines; however, it is feared that the paper cups, after being used once, would be thrown about the cars and create very unsanitary conditions.

According to railroad officials sentiment of the traveling public is strongly in favor of the new order. The majority of travelers carry metal folding cups with them. Few complaints are heard by the conductors, for the anti-cup campaign has been in progress in many states for some time and people are becoming accustomed to providing themselves with drinking receptacles or else going thirsty.

"We will endeavor to arrange so that our agents can sell paper cups at all stations," said Leonard S. Tankabury, chief clerk of the D. U. R. "Like other railroads, we are providing water on all our interurban cars, but the passenger must furnish his own cup. There does not seem to be any sanitary fountain that is practical for railway service. We have the cup vending machine in many of our stations and that seems to be as near the solution of the problem as we can get for the present."

Prepare to Fight Increase in Tax.

Unusual efforts are being made by certain counties this year to thwart any increase in their percentage of state taxes by the state board of equalization. About twenty agricultural counties have banded together to demand an increase in the equalized value of other counties, and to prevent any increase in their own equalization. There are indications that these counties are preparing to enter a coalition with Wayne, the big county of the state, for offensive and defensive purposes. The clan of counties has formulated a demand on the state tax commission for the valuation figures of the several counties of the state which the commission has prepared for the information of the state board of equalization.

Eleven of these counties sent representatives to a secret session in Lansing to discuss matters, form an organization and make plans to carry the equalization battle hard against certain other counties. G. B. Horton of the state tax commission was present at the conference.

None of those present would admit that any coalition had been formed with Wayne county, but several admitted they believed Wayne pretty well up to the standard alongside other counties. It seems that Kent county is one halfhearted selected for a cannonading, the point being made that it is assessed for \$110,000,000 while Wayne has increased its equalized valuation the last five years by \$112,000,000.

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State Health Board Alarmed.

Members of the state board of health are alarmed over the number of cases of infantile paralysis being reported indirectly throughout the state. During the past few days three cases have been reported in Grand Rapids. Reports up to July I received here show that twenty cases have resulted since January 1. Seventy-one cases were reported last year, of which forty-seven resulted fatally. A large number of the others were left with partial paralysis.

Harugari Elects Officers.

William Noemman of Marshall was re-elected president of the Deutsche order of Harugari of Michigan at the annual state convention at Kalamazoo. Charles Bauer of Detroit was elected secretary, and Charles Hausher of the same city was made treasurer. Oscar Ehrmann, Herman Kramer and John Lawrence are the executive board. The membership of the society in Michigan was shown by reports to be 4,743, an increase of 743 members in the last year.

Big Fruit Year for Michigan.

Peaches, plums, apples and pears are to be offered in Michigan markets in large quantities before fall say Lansing grocers. Already the vanguard of the early yield of all these fruits has arrived in Lansing, except the pears, which are offered in the Grand Rapids market, however.

Early Michigan peaches came to Lansing. The little white clingstones could be bought at wholesale for \$2.50 a bushel, while one grocer sold at retail for 30 cents, a few baskets of small freestones. Those which attracted the most attention, however, were the big Arkansas peaches, actually as large as a man's fist, which could be bought for 40 cents a basket. Last year, these sold at 30 cents. But even if the early fruit is high, owners of peach orchards declare that the crop is big, and that by the middle of September great quantities will be on sale.

Sweet apples are also purchasable now, and red Astrakhan are large and of a delicious flavor. Not only has the spraying helped, but the state of Michigan, through the agricultural college, is causing many trees afflicted with the white scale to be cut down. One farmer living near this city says that he lost half of his orchard in this way last fall, that surrounding orchards might be protected.

All plum trees are said to be loaded with the fruit which is now worth about \$1.50 a bushel, wholesale. Grand Rapids wholesalers offer pears at \$1.75 a bushel, and it is probable that Lansing grocers will soon invest. Beets are now bringing 40 cents a bushel and home grown tomatoes have withstood the last two or three days been offered at seven cents to Lansing grocers by truck gardeners. Cauliflowers are now being shipped in, and are retailed at from 15 to 25 cents, according to size.

But the man of the house has discovered that potatoes are a luxury. The plants have grown well, but the yield is very small.

Private Banks Change to State.

Five private banks in the state were authorized by the state banking department to operate in the future as state banks. The present indicates point to the fact that in the very near future there will be a large number of private banks which will be authorized to do business under the state banking law.

It is said that at the present time there are at least a dozen applications on file in the banking commissioner's office from private banks which desire to become state banks under the state law.

There has been considerable discussion about the state house as to the reasons for these changes, but no one seems to be in possession of any information, or if they are they are not saying a word. At the present time there are 269 private banks doing business in the state as compared to 413 state and 102 national banks and five trust companies.

Detroit bankers explain this action as the beginning of a process which practically means the elimination of the private banks, in spite of the fact that there are many first-class private banks in the state.

"The present banking law which limits the state bank to a minimum capital of \$20,000, prevents small towns where there are less than 500 population from having state banks, because the business does not warrant a capitalization of \$20,000, but if the state banking act was amended to permit of a \$10,000 capitalization, it would lead to the formation of state banks in the smaller towns, do away with many private banks and bring most of the financial institutions under state supervision."

Corporation Tax Being Considered.

According to information from Washington the commission of tax inquiry named by Governor Osborn to determine if the state's taxing system can be improved upon, is giving attention to the matter of establishing a corporation tax in this state as a means of providing funds for maintaining the state government. Former Lieut. Gov. P. H. Kelley of the commission and Prof. David Friday of the department of economics at the university are in Washington securing certain information to aid the commission in its investigation, and according to dispatches from there, they hit the capital at just the right time.

The department has been gathering statistics as to taxation of corporations in the states and already has published reports covering New England and Atlantic states and today announces its report on the eastern central states, Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Commissioner Herbert Knox Smith of the bureau of corporations, writing Secretary Nagel, thus sums up his findings as to Michigan: "Michigan and Wisconsin make elaborate physical valuation of steam and street railway property, which with earnings capacity, forms the basis of state-estimated ad valorem taxes."

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The KITCHEN
CABINET

It is a noble and beautiful thing to find ourselves growing out of our contempt.

—Phillips Brooks.

Success trends on the heels of every right effort.

CARE OF THE SICK.

It is hard under the best conditions and care to be confined to a bed in hot weather, but often much of real suffering could be relieved if people only knew how.

Heat must often be applied to patients, even in hot weather, and when hot water bottles are not obtainable, glass bottles or fruit cans answer very well.

To relieve a patient in hot weather from the heat, hang a wet sheet before an open window or door; the evaporation will reduce the temperature quite noticeably.

Common sense and a quick brain and hand has saved many lives. Fill hot water bottles with cold water or pieces of ice. An old, leaky bottle may be mended with surgeon's plaster and hold cold water without leaking. Put these bottles around the patient's bed.

An electric fan is a wonderful help in the sick room when it is obtainable. Fresh pure air in a sick room is an absolute necessity. Sunshine is a great germicide.

Sun the bedding each day. Keep the room free from all dust and odors. A good screen to be used in a sick room to keep off draughts is a pair of clothes bars, baste or pin sheets on them with safety pins.

Rest in the morning is more important than having the room in order early. When possible remove the patient to another bed and room while airing the room. It will rest and divert her to see something besides her own four walls.

A sick bed should be high enough to care for a patient without stooping and straining the back. A woven wire spring and a hair mattress made in three pieces so that it may be reversed often and thus wear longer, are considered the best.

Cover the mattress with a cotton pad made of white cloth, and a roll or two of batting stitched with a long stitch on the machine.

Have the sheets plenty long to tuck in well at the bottom and fold over the blanket at the top.

A FEW NICE CAKES.

Cake is an article of food that seems to be indispensable, as no housekeeper considers her menu complete for a day without some form of cake. Those that keep well are the kind one likes to have ready, as stale cake is never palatable.

The following cake is good as long as it lasts; but doesn't last long in most families.

Boston Favorite.—Cream two-thirds of a cup of butter, add two cups of sugar gradually, four eggs beaten until light, a cup of milk and three and a half cups of flour; three is sufficient if bread flour is used, sifted with five teaspoonsful of baking powder. Flavor and bake in two loaves.

Whipped Cream Cake.—This is a cake to be eaten the same day it is made. It is a delicious dessert and may be served for a luncheon or supper cake. Bake any good cake mixture in two layer tins, not too thick. When cold add the filling of sweetened and flavored whipped cream and cover the top and sides with a generous layer of the cream. Garnish with a row of candied cherries or make roses of the cream by pressing it through a paper cornucopia.

Velvet Cake.—Cream half a cup of butter, add one and a half cups of sugar, the yolks of four eggs well beaten and a half cup of cold water. Mix and sift together a cup and a half of flour, a cup of cornstarch and four teaspoonsful of baking powder, and add to the first mixture; then add the whites of four eggs beaten stiff and turn into a large shallow pan. Sprinkle with shredded almonds and powdered sugar just before putting into the oven. Bake 40 minutes in a moderate oven.

Nellie Maxwell.

Sufficient.

Fat Boarder—This room seems very small.

Landlady's Daughter—Going to be here long?

Fat Boarder—Yes.

Landlady's Daughter—Then it'll be plenty large enough for you by the end of the week.—Judge.

He Was Lucky.

"Doctor, my wife has lost her voice!"

"I congratulate you on your good judgment in coming to me. I had a case like that just last week."

"And you can cure her?"

"No, I can't do a thing for her."

Nothing But an Amateur.

The Chelsea Standard

Published by the Chelsea Standard Publishing Co., 1111 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

O. T. HOOVER.

Form: \$2.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$2.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

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PERSONAL MENTION.

W. S. Lowry was in Detroit Monday.

Wm. Fisher, of Dexter, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Lewis Emmers spent last Thursday in Jackson.

Roland Kalmbach spent Sunday at Vandercreek Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Lake spent last week in Pinckney.

J. E. Weber and daughter spent Sunday in Detroit.

Wm. Kelly, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Ray Lake, of Alma, is the guest of relatives here this week.

Miss Alice Chandler is spending this week at Cavanagh Lake.

Miss Winifred Eder was a Jackson visitor one day last week.

Mrs. B. Steinbach was the guest of Jackson relatives Sunday.

Roy Brooks, of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Earl Chase, of Detroit, is visiting relatives here this week.

Wirt S. McLaren spent several days of this week in Jackson.

Mrs. Colver, of Lansing, is a guest at the home of L. Eisenman.

Mrs. James Johnson, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Miss Mabel Bacon is visiting her sister in Coldwater this week.

John Spiegelburg and children were Detroit visitors Sunday.

Dr. James Ackerson, of Manchester, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Mrs. Margaret Conway, of Jackson, visited Chelsea friends Tuesday.

Mrs. L. Staley, of Chesaning, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. Babcock.

Misses Julia and Lizzie Wagner spent last week in Columbus, Ohio.

Miss Violet Wallace, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of friends here this week.

K. Otto Steinbach, of Flint, is the guest of his parents here this week.

R. D. Walker and daughter Jennie spent Sunday and Monday in Toledo.

Miss Helene Steinbach was the guest of relatives in Flint last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Bennett, of Plymouth, are guests at the home of R. D. Walker.

Miss Gertrude Redding, of Flat Rock, is the guest of Miss Nellie Hall.

Miss Beatrice Fales, of Midland, is the guest of Chelsea friends this week.

Miss Bertha Yearance, of Detroit, visited friends here the first of the week.

Frances Steinbach, of Dexter, is visiting her grandparents at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Carney and son, of Decatur, were guests of friends here Friday.

Mrs. deKam and daughter Cynthia, of Kalamazoo, are guests of Thomas deKam.

Mrs. M. E. Maroney, of Ann Arbor, is visiting friends in Chelsea and vicinity.

Mrs. L. Burg spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Etienne, in Jackson.

Mrs. Thayer Kent, of Toronto, is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McKernan, of Harvey, Ill., are guests of Chelsea relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Foster, of Jackson, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dehoff, of Cleveland, are guests at the home of John Schmidt, Jr.

Miss Margaret Hoey, of Dexter, spent several days of this week with friends here.

Rudolph Kantelehner, of Jackson, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Tressa Winters is spending some time in Detroit, Owosso and Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schultz, of Ann Arbor, are spending a few days with Chelsea friends.

Messdames H. G. Spiegelberg and H. E. Defendorf were Ann Arbor visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Taylor, of Detroit, were visitors here several days of the past week.

Miss Tressa Hempel, of Rochester, N. Y., is spending this week with Miss Mary Helm.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barlow, of Lansing, are guests of Chelsea friends this week.

Mrs. B. D. Walker and daughter Josephine are spending a few days in Scio and Webster.

Mrs. C. Sprinkle and her guest Mrs. Costello visited Hillsdale friends the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Thompson and children, of Lapeer, are guests at the home of Wm. Bacon.

Mrs. Thomas Shaw, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Mrs. L. Babcock Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. BeGole were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Stanton of Pontiac Sunday.

Geo. Millsap and wife and Edward Keuch and wife attended a dance at Wolf Lake Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ward, of St. Louis, Mo., visited at the home of Rev. and Mrs. F. I. Blanchard last week.

Mrs. Ed. Sullivan and son and Miss Ruth Brown, of Union City, are guests at the home of John McKernan in Lyndon.

Misses Josephine and Mary Greening, of Chicago, were guests of friends and relatives here the first of the week.

Miss Helene Steinbach will leave Monday for Port Huron where she will meet a party of friends and on Tuesday they will take a freighter to Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Bailey, of Manchester, and their son Arthur, of Detroit, spent several days of this week with Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman at Cavanagh Lake.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Steger and children and Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Spiegelberg and daughter were Detroit visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Wight, of Detroit, spent several days of the past week with Chelsea relatives and friends. They returned to their home Tuesday.

Rush Green is visiting relatives at Walcott, N. Y., and will attend the G. A. R. National Encampment at Rochester, N. Y., the last week of this month. He will return about the first of September.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL ROOMS,

Chelsea, Mich., August 7, 1911. Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by Geo. P. Staffan, president. Roll called by the clerk.

Present—Trustees Hummel, McKune, Lowry, Brooks.

Absent—Dancer, Palmer.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Enters Palmer.

The following bills were presented and read by the clerk as follows:

LIGHT AND WATER.

Sunday Creek Co., 1 car coal, \$ 28 25

M. C. R. R. Co., frt. on 3 cars coal, boiler and fire brick, 235 35

M. C. R. R. car service, 9 00

Chas. Merker, unloading 3 cars coal, 12 01

Fred Kahl, grates, 15 60

Allis Chalmers Co., repair for engine, 78 00

American Elect. Supply Co., 1 and iron, 9 00

Beardslee Chandler Mfg. Co., fixtures, 1 12

Hutzel & Co., 1 boring machine, 4 25

Jno. C. Fisher Co., 1 bit, 50

The W. G. Nagle Co., fixtures and lamps, 117 63

Wesley Goodlin, 4 hours at Power Plant at 25c, 1 00

Hazen Leach 2 hrs. helping raise poles, 50

Gil. Martin, 58 hrs. at power plant at 20c, 11 60

E. G. McCarter, 50 hrs. at power plant at 20c, 10 00

Theo. Bahnmiller, draying, 1 20

A. E. Winans, express, 12 55

N. F. Prudden, labor and supplies at power plant, 5 43

Jas. Dann, drawing dirt and cartage power plant, 14 40

J. Jones, 1 mo. salary, 37 50

M. A. Lowry, 1 mo. salary, 40 00

Ed. Fisk, 1 mo. salary, 30 00

Ed. Chandler, 1 mo. salary, 30 00

A. M. Beck, 13 days salary, 30 34

Joe Hittle, 34 days, 4 65

Anna Hoag, 1 mo. salary, 10 00

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Lumber Co., for power house, 12 62

Chas. Hepburn, 1 mo. salary, 22 50

The Chelsea Standard printing, 5 50

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co., coal council rooms, 6 00

STREET FUND

Geo. Simmons, drawing gravel, 12 10

Gil. Martin, 75 hrs. at 20c, 15 00

Jas. Dann, cleaning streets, 12 30

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co., tile, 61 90

SIDEWALK FUND

Jas. Dann, drawing cinders, 3 00

Theo. Bahnmiller, drawing cinders, 3 40

John Liebeck, drawing cinders, 3 40

Frank Davidson, to apply on building sidewalks, 150 00

BOND AND INTEREST FUND

A. W. Wilkinson, interest on bonds, 100 00

The Kempf Com. & Savings Bank, interest on bonds, and coupons, 3,950 00

Moved and supported that the bills as read and corrected be allowed and orders drawn on the treasurer for their amounts. Carried. Enter Dancer.

Moved by Palmer, supported by Brooks, that the recommendations of the Light and Water Works Committee be accepted and adopted. Carried.

All past due light, water and fixture bills must be paid in full on or before September 1st, 1911. Failure to do this will result in lights or water being turned off. This date has been given in order that you will have ample time to meet past due bills. Take care of past due bills and you will have no chance to kick at your lights or water being turned off. This rule will be absolutely enforced, so take warning. Beginning September 1st, 1911, all bills will be 10 per cent higher than at present, which amount will be deducted, if bill is paid at office of collection on or before the 15th of each, in no case will the amount be deducted in case bill is not paid by the 15th.

There being no further business it was moved and supported to adjourn. Carried.

H. E. COOPER, Clerk.

Tortured For 15 Years.

By a cure-defying stomach trouble that baffled doctors, and resisted all remedies he tried, John W. Modders, of Modderville, Mich., seemed doomed. He had to sell his farm and give up work. His neighbors said, "he can't live much longer." "Whatever I ate distressed me" he wrote, "till I tried Electric Bitters, which worked such wonders for me that I can now eat things I could not take for years. It's surely a grand remedy for stomach trouble." Just as good for the liver and kidneys. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c at L. P. Vogel, H. H. Penn Co. and L. T. Freeman Co.

HOWELL—The Rochester Cement Culvert Co. have decided to establish a branch of their business in this place.

Warning.

Having leased the Wilkinson orchard out south Main street, I shall prosecute all trespassers to the full extent of the law. JAMES H. WADE.

Dated, August 7, 1911.

2

CORRESPONDENCE.

SHARON NEWS.

C. C. Dorr went to Bronson Monday.

Henry Gillhouse has gone to Elkhart, Ind., for a visit.

Henry Trolz, of Bridgewater, spent Friday with Wm. Trolz.

Nellie Kendall, of Grass Lake, is visiting friends and relatives here.

John Leeman, of Kansas, is here spending some time with relatives and friends.

Mrs. S. Breitenwisher, of Bridgewater, spent last Friday at the home of H. J. Reno.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Each are the proud parents of a baby girl born Monday, August 7.

Lambert Uphaus visited at the homes of J. W. Dresselhouse and H. J. Reno last Thursday.

Mrs. Agnes Oberschmidt and son Adam visited at the home of L. C. Hayes in Sylvan Sunday.

Elmer Gieske, of Barrington, Ill., visited at the home of J. W. Dresselhouse the latter part of last week.

A number from here are attending the show given by the Ginnivan Dramatic Company in Manchester this week.

Linn Glover, of Ann Arbor, has been traveling through this community gathering material for the new county map.

Geo. Kirkwood was called to Jackson the first of this week by the serious illness of his mother, who had gone there for a visit.

Miss Mattie Leeman has returned from a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. N. P. Brown, of Shepherd. Her niece Winifred Brown accompanied her home for a visit.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

Miss Wade, of Chelsea, is visiting at the home of L. Gulian.

Reuben Moeckel and John Lehman were in Francisco Sunday.

Bernice Prudden, of Chelsea, is the guest of her cousin, Vivian Gorton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Moeckel and sons spent Sunday with Mrs. F. Moeckel.

Miss Alta Leach, of Francisco, is spending this week with her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Vicory.

The proceeds of the Ladies' Aid social held at Orville Gorton's last Thursday were \$8.10.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Slight and daughter, of Dexter, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moeckel.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Durkee and Battie Bush, of Jackson, spent Sunday at the home of J. Rommel.

Mrs. John Moeckel and son Reuben also Mrs. V. F. Moeckel called on Henry Moeckel who is ill Thursday.

Alice Armstrong, who has been spending sometime with her grandparents here, returned to her home in Jackson Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Ann Allen, who has been with her sister, Mrs. J. Reithmiller, for sometime, returned to her home in Fowlerville Sunday.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

Ella Benter was a guest of Nina Kalmbach a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Musbach were guests of relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawley, of Sharon, spent Sunday with H. Phelps and wife.

Mrs. Aaron Moeckel and daughter have been spending a few days with her cousins here.

Fern Klinger, of south Chelsea, is spending a few days with her aunt, Mrs. Henry Musbach.

Ilev. Beal and the little girls chorus and the boys glee club entertained the people at the Old People's Home Sunday afternoon.

Jacob Paul and wife, of Battle Creek, were guests of Mrs. A. Kalmbach, sr., she also entertained her sons John and Adam with their wives of Chelsea and C. B. Mennschneider and family and F. W. Notten and wife Sunday.

LYNDON CENTER.

Vincent Young visited friends in Ypsilanti on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Howlett visited friends in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Roepecke Bros. of Unadilla, are in this vicinity with a brand new threshing rig.

Dr. T. I. Clark and Frank Cunningham, of Jackson, spent Sunday last at the home of John Clark and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Harker and Mrs. Thos. Stanfield spent Wednesday of last week with friends in Bunkerhill and Henrietta.

Miss Irene Goodfellow, of Detroit, returned to her home in that city on Friday last after spending a couple of weeks with Irene Clark.

Mrs. Nettie Blake and daughter, Ruth, of Ann Arbor, returned to their home last week after spending some time with the Howlett families here.

Warning.

Having leased the Wilkinson orchard out south Main street, I shall prosecute all trespassers to the full extent of the law. JAMES H. WADE.

Dated, August 7, 1911.

2

Princess Theatre.

The story of Faust which will be shown in motion pictures at the Princess on Tuesday, August 15, is given below.

It opens with a scene in Faust's study. He is an old man, and shows that he is in despair, for he has searched science in vain for truth. Mephistopheles appears just in time to keep him from drinking the poison he has prepared. The appearance and the disappearance of this Demon, who comes and goes in a wink, always takes place in a flash of fiery smoke. It is cleverly accomplished and gives, as far as possible, an uncanny touch to his work. It explains his evil influence over Marguerite.

In the second scene, Mephistopheles, in such a flash, changes himself into a dog, which follows the old philosopher out to the town and seems to be an evil influence presiding over his meeting with Marguerite. In this act, when he returns to his study, the fall of Faust is accomplished. He redden a quill in his wrist and signs the pact that in the last scene cost him his soul, while the angel Michael saves that of Marguerite.

One of the most notable scenes in the picture is where the Demon takes the old Faust to the witch's cavern. The mysterious caldron is boiling at one side. The old hag adds something to it and the smoke rises up in volume. Then she ladies out a cup of the beverage for the old philosopher and let drink. The Demon waves his cloak before the graybeard, and when it falls we see a very handsome youth. This new Faust then begins his pursuit of Marguerite, which ends in the death of her brother, her madness and the tragic scene in the prison which ends the story. These pictures are accompanied by 38 pages of music, which add greatly to the attractiveness of the production.

Coming to Chelsea Soon.

The Frank A. Robbins' circus that showed here Saturday, was the best circus that ever exhibited in St. Charles. The man who walked on his head and did head balancing on the trapeze, and also the excellent trained horses were interesting features of the circus. In fact, the show was all good from start to finish. Mr. Robbins is deserving of a crowded tent wherever he goes, either cities or towns. We believe it to be the best one-ring circus on the road.—St. Charles Union.

The circus will give an afternoon and evening performance in Chelsea, Wednesday, August 23.

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FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

They work directly on the KIDNEYS, BLADDER and URINARY PASSAGES, and their beneficial effect is felt from the start. For BACKACHE, KIDNEY and BLADDER TROUBLE, RHEUMATISM, CONGESTION of the KIDNEYS, INFLAMMATION of the BLADDER and annoying URINARY IRREGULARITIES they exercise a permanent benefit. TONIC IN ACTION - QUICK IN RESULTS.

For Sale By All Druggists

Price 25 Cents
TRAVELERS' GUIDE
315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

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HELP WANTED AT THE BATTLE

CREEK SANITARIUM—Trayroom,

dining room, and table waiting.

Age 18-35 years. Pleasant surroundings and good wages. Address Employment Dept., Battle Creek Sanitarium, Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR SALE—Several Shropshire Rams

and Ram Lambs. Inquire of Geo. T. English.

WANTED—Metal pattern makers,

steady work. Apply at once: Albion Malleable Iron Co., Albion, Mich.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—40

stockers and 10 milch cows. Inquire of W. M. Long.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD by day or

week, rates reasonable. Bert Thomas, North Lake.

WANTED—Housekeeper, only one

in family. Henry Wolf, Grass Lake, Mich., Route No. 1.

FOR RENT—Several fields of pasture.

Water in every field. Inquire of John Lingane.

FOR SALE—Barn, 10x24, in good condition. Inquire of Geo. Clark.

WANTED—Two dining room girls at

the Ideal Restaurant.

GIRL WANTED—Light housework.

J. F. Shaver.

FOR RENT—By day or week, furnished

cottage at Blind Lake, also two boats. Inquire of Charles T. Doody. Phone Lyndilla.



The FAN and the UMPIRE

by BILLY EVANS
AMERICAN LEAGUE UMPIRE

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PEARSON PUB. CO.



Joyce's Narrow Escape

"Louie," called Mrs. Joyce from her dressing room, "will you button my back?"

"In a minute," answered Joyce, as he tugged with a refractory collar.

Mrs. Joyce stood before him with her hands hanging limply at her sides while Joyce struggled and pulled, buttoned one button and unbuttoned half a dozen. At last he finished his task. But Mrs. Joyce still stood before him, waiting expectantly. He smiled at her and then turned to the work of getting his collar adjusted.

In a few minutes he was deep in the problem of choosing a tie, and so Mrs. Joyce turned slowly away. She was hurt and disappointed. She had devoted two whole days to shopping that she might get the exact shade of lavender for the new gown which she was wearing, because her husband had admired a costume like it on a model in a window of one of the shops. Now he didn't even notice that she had off a new gown.

She waited all evening for him to say something about it. But they went to the theater and returned and then had a little lunch, and she had gone into kimono and slippers, and still he did not mention the new gown.

"Louie," she said when she could stand it no longer, "you never even noticed that I had on a new gown to-night."

Joyce looked at her for a moment and on his face was a tolerant, forbearing smile, such as one uses when one humors a child.

"So you thought I didn't notice it, eh?" he replied. Then he chuckled as though it were a good joke. "Well, I am a better bluffer than I thought."

"It's funny you did not say a word about it," Mrs. Joyce was plainly skeptical.

"No, and I didn't say that I thought you the handsomest woman in the theater, but that's exactly what I thought," Joyce was congratulating himself.

Mrs. Joyce smiled, but persisted. "I'll bet you don't even know what color my new dress is."

"Oh, I don't," exclaimed Joyce. "Well, I'll just bet you a five-pound box of candy that I do. I will prove how much I know about it by telling you the next time you wear the gown." Surely, he thought, something would happen in the meantime to get him out of his dilemma.

"All right," said Mrs. Joyce, "but I know a better way than that. You may stop at Getem's tomorrow and have sent out three yards of satin to match it." Mrs. Joyce winked at herself in the mirror.

"Great Scott!" groaned Joyce to himself. Then about he said, "Right!" Then he fell to wondering how he could ever identify that dress. Then he suddenly remembered that it had some kind of bead work over the upper part of it. Then he smiled to himself.

Several hours later Mrs. Joyce was awakened from a sound sleep by the thought that burglars had broken in and were trying to steal her new lavender gown. She felt for her husband, but could not find him.

"Louie!" she called. "Where are you?"

"Here," Joyce answered, his voice coming from the next room.

"Did you hear anything? What are you doing?" asked his wife.

"I thought I heard something and I got up to see what it was, but I believe it was only the cat. Let's go to sleep and forget it," said Joyce.

"Miss Hawkins," called Joyce to his stenographer the next morning, "will you go to Getem's and have them send to Mrs. Joyce three yards of satin to match this sample? And he took from a pocket a tiny parcel and, unfolding it, disclosed to view a piece of lavender silk about a half inch long.

Miss Hawkins' eyes twinkled as she touched a piece of paper with the faintest suspicion of mullage and softly dropped the tiny bit of fluff upon it.

"That's so it will not blow away," she explained.

"It is kind of small," admitted Joyce, "but a fellow can't get much of anything from the inside edge of a seam."

Real Life and Romance.

There is no use talking—this old world isn't at all like a novel. In novels, when a girl is ill she gets pale and big-eyed, and looks like an angel in a white cashmere loose thing that might be a wrapper, and might not be. In real life she has a red nose, swelled eyes, her hair is out of curl, she has a red flannel rag around her neck, and a faded dress on, so that the turpentine and oil and goose-grease won't hurt if they soak through, and if you kiss her you can taste quinine and all sorts of things all day.

Road of Leather Waste.

Birmingham, England, has a road made of leather waste, which is judged to be a complete success. There had been no use for the waste leather until somebody conceived the idea of roadmaking with it. It was first shredded into fine bits, and then treated with bitumen and tar. The road has been in existence for a year and shows but few signs of wear. Moreover, it makes a comfortable footing for horses.

J. PIERPONT, NO DOUBT.



Smith—My boy thinks he'll be a pirate when he grows up.

Jones—Thinks there is more money in piracy than anything else, eh?

Smith—Yes; but I think he's got Morgan, the buccaner, mixed up with Morgan, the financier.

PIMPLES COVERED HIS BACK

"My troubles began along in the summer in the hottest weather and took the form of small eruptions and itching and a kind of smarting pain. It took me mostly all over my back and kept getting worse until finally my back was covered with a mass of pimples which would burn and itch at night so that I could hardly stand it. This condition kept getting worse and worse until my back was a solid mass of big sores which would break open and run. My underclothing would be a clot of blood.

"I tried various remedies and salves for nearly three years and I was not getting any benefit. It seemed I was in eternal misery and could not sleep on my back or lean on a chair. I was finally given a set of the Cuticura Remedies and inside of two weeks I could see and feel a great relief. I kept on using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and also the Resolvent, and in about three or four months' time my back was nearly cured and I felt like a new being. Now I am in good health and no sign of any skin diseases and I am fully satisfied that Cuticura Remedies are the best ever made for skin diseases. I would not be without them." (Signed) W. A. Armstrong, Corbin, Kan., May 26, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 27 K, Boston.

An Intangible Legacy.

"I run head, Liza, dat yo' Aunt Jerusha dun meck yo' her heir by de law. What yo' dun get?"

"Des 'actly what I dun et up an' wore out."—Success Magazine.

Cole's Carbolsalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns, cuts, scalds, etc., and is sold by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The worst thing about having money is the way everybody worries for fear he won't be able to prevent you from keeping it.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-PALE

the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoe for tired, aching feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere. See Regus substitute. For FREE trial package, address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Happiness, at least, is not solitary; it joys to communicate; it loves others, for it depends on them for its existence.—Stevenson.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle can always get an audience.

Nobody admires a knocker, yet he can always get an audience.

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound has done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctors said I had to have an operation, and the only remedy was the Compound. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation and your Sanative Wash relieved me. Your Liver Pills have been equal as a cathartic. Any one wishing proof of what your medicine has done for me can get it from any druggist or by writing to me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mount St., Peoria, Ill.

Another Operation Avoided.

New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation."—Mrs. LULY PERRYMAN, 1111 Kerlereau St., New Orleans, La.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing female ailments from which so many women suffer.

ET your glasses on." "You better consult an optician." "Don't we ever get a close decision?" "Who ever told you that you could umpire?" "Back to the ribbon counter for you very shortly, Percy." "Say, honest, how much are you getting for throwing the game?" "Don't you know enough to retire when you have gone totally blind?" "You certainly must have something on your boss to hold your job."

The only thing about you that looks like an umpire is your mask and protector.

"You better start to run for the back fence as soon as the game is over, for we are going to get you."

These, and a few million more "complimentary" expressions of a like nature are hurled at the umpire during the course of a closely contested game.

It is really strange and wonderful into what a frenzy the average baseball fan can work himself during the progress of an exciting game. It is almost incredible to think what he will do or say when he imagines the umpire has made a wrong decision that has apparently put his club out of the running.

Prominent attorneys, distinguished doctors, well-known actors, staid business men, in fact men of all classes, will invariably jump to their feet at what they consider a "punch decision," and shake their fists violently, utter all kinds of incoherent remarks, and insist that nothing will satisfy their thirst for revenge but the life blood of the poor, defenseless umpire. The next day, when some one meets one of the frenzied rooters, and in a joking way explains to him how he acted and tells him some of the things he said about the umpire, Mr. Loyal Rooter takes a vow then and there that he will never again open his mouth at a ball game, no matter how thrilling the situation. Perhaps the very next afternoon, if the proper occasion arises, he will unknowingly commit the very act of the previous day.

Civic pride is to be admired in all things. A baseball fan who doesn't want to see the home team triumph is surely a peculiar sort of man. Perhaps it might be well for him to have his sanity investigated. Desires to win at any cost however often makes intelligent persons absolutely unfair in their views and opinions.

The extent to which the fan will allow his civic pride to dominate his opinion was well illustrated to me one day last year. While on my way to the hotel after a particularly brilliant game, which the home team had lost by a score of 1 to 0, after a desperate struggle, I was much amused at the conversation of a number of dyed-in-the-wool fans who happened to be in the same car.

It was the unanimous opinion of every one that the home team needed good-sized boards instead of regulation bats, if they were ever to win a game. They cited a half dozen instances where a hit, or even a fly to the outfield, would have won the contest. All of them were sore over the loss of the game, principally because of the weak hitting of their favorites. They proclaimed the visitors stronger in every respect. That one run was the big event of the day. The fans seemed to forget that for 11 innings the hitting of the visitors was just as feeble as that of the home team. That the hit that sent the only run of the game across the plate was due to a lucky bound which sent it over the second baseman's head. To me it was one of the best games of the year.

The following day the home team won by a very one-sided score of 12 to 1. As fate would have it, I bumped into several fans of the previous day on the car down town. The contest was a decidedly poor one, I thought, the one and only redeeming feature being the hard hitting of the home club. The fans were satisfied, however, for it was unanimously agreed that the home boys had recovered their batting eyes, and that from now on they would make the best of them step the limit to win.

I shall never forget a little incident that happened to "Silk" O'Loughlin during a game at Washington, one day, which illustrates what some fans will do when the home team is getting trimmed.

I happened to be working back of the plate that afternoon, while "Silk" was performing on the bases. All the close plays seemed to come up on the bases. "Silk" had at least a dozen plays that could have been given one way or the other, because of the extreme closeness. Practically all of the plays went against the home team, and while "Silk" had little or no trouble from the players, a fan, who was sitting in the third base section of the grandstand chose to disagree with the arbitrator on practically all of his rulings. He kept up a volley of remarks throughout the game, and before the close had emitted quite a few voluntes.

Because of the actions of this one, lone fan, "Silk" was subjected to a rather strenuous afternoon, although his work was well nigh perfect. "Silk" discovered that his enemy was sitting in the front row of the grandstand, also that he wore glasses. He made up his mind long before the close of the game that he would express himself to the gentleman in question.

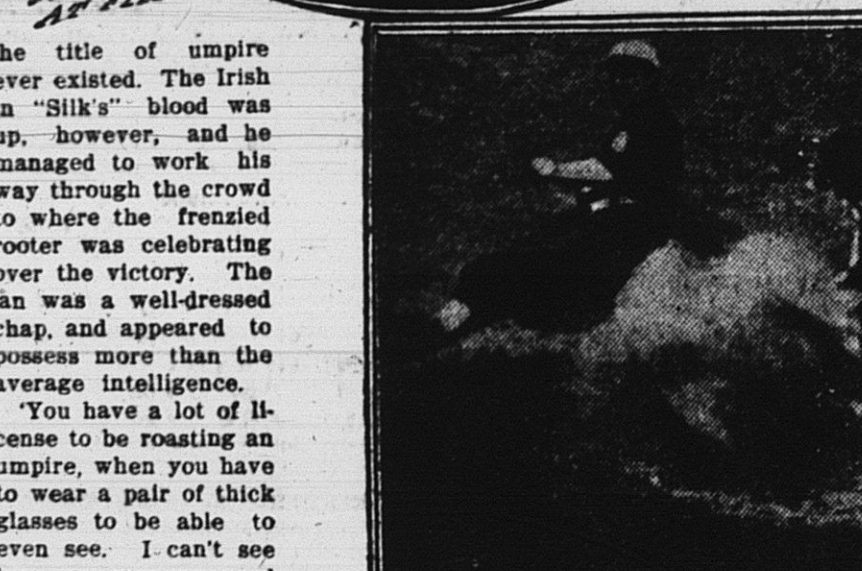
The home team managed to win out by a brilliant ninth inning rally. In his jubilation over the winning of the game, the fan had forgotten entirely that person bearing



DIFFICULT PLAY FOR THE UMPIRE TO DECIDE



CLOSE DECISION AT FIRST



AN ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE PLAY TO SEE

the title of umpire ever existed. The Irish in "Silk's" blood was up, however, and he managed to work his way through the crowd to where the frenzied rooter was celebrating over the victory. The fan was a well-dressed chap, and appeared to possess more than the average intelligence.

You have a lot of license to be roasting an umpire, when you have to wear a pair of thick glasses to be able to even see. I can't see how you ever managed to break into the grandstand. Your place is on the outside, looking through a spot hole." The fan said nary a word in reply, and "Silk" having gotten all the venom out of his system, was content to drop the matter. It was evident from the look of embarrassment that came over the rooter's face that he was thoroughly disgusted with himself. He just began to realize what he had been doing throughout the afternoon.

Shortly after we had reached our dressing room there was a knock at the door. We bade our visitor enter. He introduced himself as Dr. "So and So," a very prominent eye specialist. We both began to wonder if he had come to examine our optics.

"I just overheard your conversation with that excited fan, Mr. O'Loughlin," said the specialist. "I really can't blame you for saying what you did to him, but I would advise you to ignore him in the future. I've been treating that chap for a year for eye trouble. His sight is decidedly defective. He really can't see 90 feet with any kind of accuracy. He wouldn't have known whether it was you or Jack Sheridan umpiring the bases if some one hadn't told him."

"Silk" almost keeled over when he heard the news. It simply goes to show what baseball will do to a man, especially if the home team happens to be losing. This chap with the defective eyesight was getting an excellent umpire into trouble because most of the decisions were going against the home team, and he was so partisan in spirit that he could see only one side of the argument.

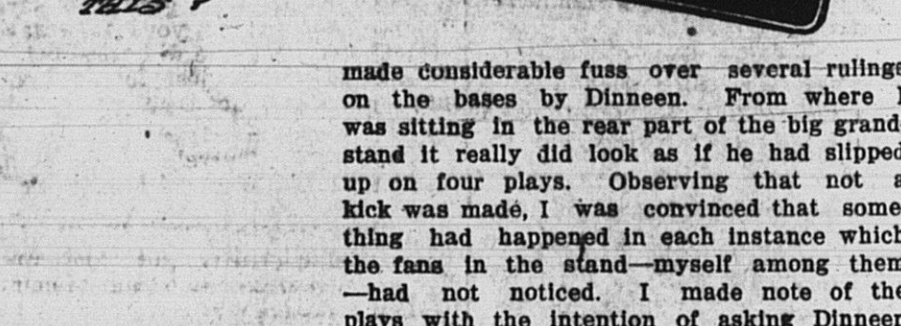
When you come to think it over, and weigh carefully the cold facts, it is really remarkable the work that devolves upon an umpire during a ball game. In the course of a regular nine inning contest he is called upon to render between 375 and 400 decisions. Rather remarkable figures. Considering his arduous duties, it is not to be wondered at if he errs. Indeed it is remarkable that the judges of play do not slip up more frequently. Here is a little data that is mighty interesting. Possibly a perusal of it may cause the umpire to receive more favorable consideration.

In a nine inning game on an average of 35 men on each team will face the pitcher, making 70 men in all who step to the plate in an attempt to outguess the twirler. Thus the umpire is called upon to pass judgment on three score and ten batters.

It has been estimated that the umpire makes four decisions on each man. In these modern days of baseball "groove" pitchers are mighty scarce. The pitcher is constantly trying to make the batter hit at bad balls on the outside and inside, while the batter is trying to make the twirler get them over. Consequently the game resolves itself into a continual battle of wits between the pitcher and batter.

Should the batter strike out on three balls, it would require three decisions. If the batter works the pitcher for a pass to first on four balls, it requires that many decisions. Often the count before the batter is finally retired or reaches first is one strike and three balls, two balls and two strikes, two strikes and three balls, three balls and three strikes, four balls and two strikes or any of the many other combinations that may arise. Thus it would

WHAT WOULD YOU SAY TO THIS?



made considerable fuss over several rulings on the bases by Dinneen. From where I was sitting in the rear part of the big grandstand it really did look as if he had slipped up on four plays. Observing that not a kick was made, I was convinced that something had happened in each instance which the fans in the stand—myself among them—had not noticed. I made note of the plays with the intention of asking Dinneen about them, just to satisfy my own curiosity, and after the game I went to his dressing room.

"Why did you call Collins safe at first, Bill, on that throw from Turner?" I asked.

"Why, there wasn't anything to that play," said he. "The throw you'll remember was a trifle wild. It pulled Stoval some distance off the bag, and when he lunged back his foot was about three inches shy of touching first."

"Why did you call Baker safe at second?" was my second inquiry. "From the stand it looked as if the ball beat him to the bag by a yard."

"The ball beat him all right," said Bill, "but the force of the collision in touching Baker caused that young shortstop Knaupp



to drop the ball. Had he held the throw, Baker would have been an easy out."

"Why did you call Birmingham out at second when Combs threw to catch him napping? Looked as if Joe got back to the bag before the ball reached Barry's hands."

"He got back, but not to the bag," replied Bill. "Barry had him blocked off, and 'Brimy' slid against Barry's shoe, not the bag. He hasn't touched the base yet."

"Just one more, Bill. Why was Jackson out at third? It looked as if he easily beat Catcher Lapp's throw in an attempt to keep him from stealing."

"No question about his beating the throw," answered Bill. "He was safe a mile, if he hadn't overstepped the bag three or four inches and allowed himself to be touched out before he was able to regain it."

On the four plays in which Dinneen was absolutely correct he was forced to submit to all kinds of abuse, because the fans did not know what had really happened.

There are any number of points that the fans should take into consideration when they see the umpire declare a man out who seems to them to be safe beyond a reasonable doubt. Four of them I have already referred to; failure to touch the bag, due to being drawn off by a high, low or wild throw; dropping of the ball after having touched the base runner, due to the force of the collision; sliding of the base runner into the foot of the infielder, instead of the bag and the oversliding of the bag after having reached it in safety.

The fallaway slide is another point that causes all kinds of trouble for the umpires. This slide is used by most of the leading base runners, and consists of going straight for the bag until within a short distance of it, then falling away, so to speak, by throwing the body either towards the infield or outfield as best suits the occasion, and hooking one foot under the bag. This slide makes it very hard for an infielder to put the ball on the runner, as it gives him only the sole of the shoe, or as the players express it, only the spikes to touch.

The baseball fans, however, may be considered pretty fair creatures, and each year they are getting more fair-minded. I have noticed a great improvement in each of the five years I have umpired in the major leagues. I attribute the improvement to the fact that the umpires are being backed up in their decisions, and the attitude of the sporting writers.

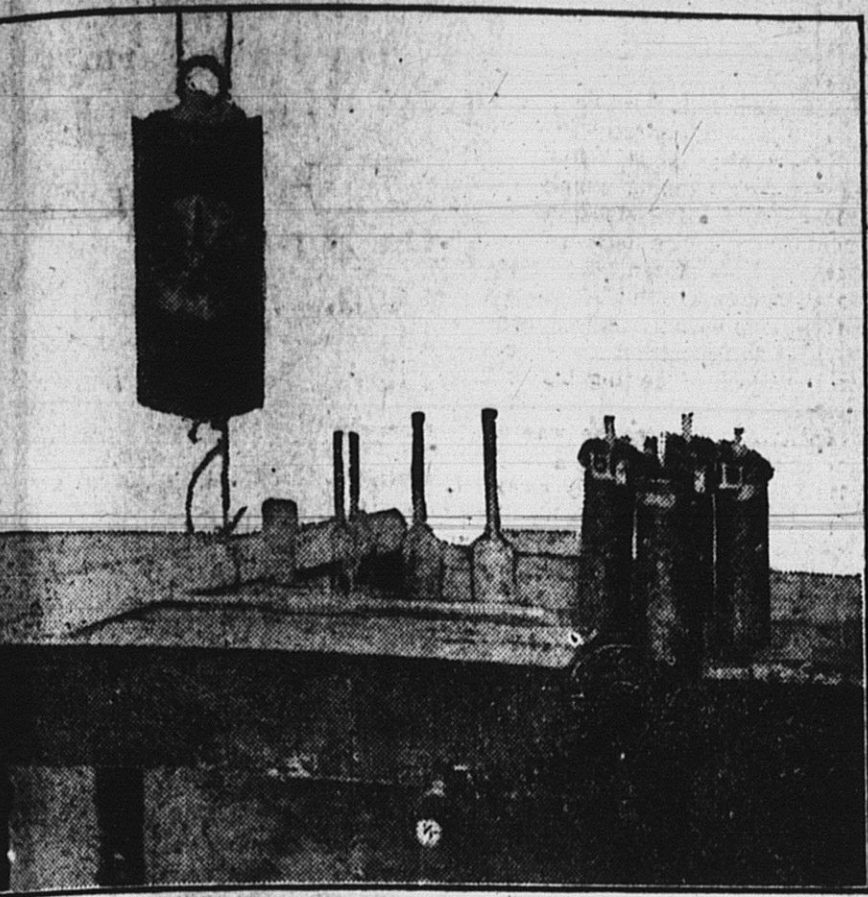
Bill Dinneen, the former star pitcher, worked the bases, and it seemed as if every decision was close. Philadelphia was the opposing team that afternoon, and despite the closeness of many of the plays, there was scarcely a kick from any of the players. Cleveland was losing, however, and the fans

seem that four decisions on each batter in connection with balls and strikes would be a fair estimate. With 70 men coming to the plate in a nine-inning game, and each batter averaging four decisions, the umpire is called upon to render in the neighborhood of 280 ball and strike decisions.

That there are 20 decisions to render on balls in the immediate neighborhood of the foul line during the ordinary game is a conservative estimate. The decisions are often a matter of inches, and many times change the entire complexion of the game.

A SIMPLE BUSINESS METHOD IN DAIRYING

By W. B. LIVERANCE, Instructor in Dairying, Michigan Agricultural College



Babcock Milk Testing Outfit.

Dairying is supposedly carried on for the purpose of securing a profit. The fundamental element acting as the incentive for any business is the return for the money invested. Too many farmers do not look on their occupation as a business. They consider it only as a means to earn a livelihood and many are too content with this state of affairs.

Any phase of agriculture is a business and should be considered so by the man entering into it. The man occupied in the sale of wares considers very carefully, if he be a successful merchant, each factor which will influence his profits or his losses. He sees that every article sold nets him a profit. If some particular line is losing him money or fails to make as high a rate of profit as he feels he should have, he disposes of that line.

The farmer owning dairy cows should and must, if he is successful, conduct his business in a way similar to the merchant. He should see that each individual makes him a very profitable return for the money invested. Too many Michigan farmers are actually losing money in the animals not producing enough milk to pay for the feed given them. Is this good business?

The dairy farmer should know exactly the returns in dollars and cents of each cow in his herd. He should know the production of milk and fat from each animal. It requires no

great expenditure and the equipment is not at all complex. The above illustrations show in detail everything that is necessary. One must have a set of spring balances and a milk sheet to record the milk produced at the morning's and night's milking throughout the month. A Babcock testing outfit is also necessary in order that the milk from each cow may be tested for butterfat. Then knowing the milk production and the richness, the amount of fat for the month and ultimately for the year can be computed. Then by an estimation of the feed given the cow, her net profit or loss can be easily determined.

The estimated production of cows are very deceiving. A cow may have produced very heavily for a part of the year. She may have produced a large quantity of very poor milk or a smaller quantity of rich milk. These and many more factors tend to deceive the owners. The only accurate and sure method is to keep a record as described, then if animals are found to be making good returns they should be kept and bred to produce dairy sires and the resulting female progeny should be kept when mature as milk cows. The unprofitable or low profit-paying animals should be sold as soon as they could be placed upon the market. This means good business-dairying and in the course of a very few years will result in the production of a very profitable herd.

Preparing for the Seeding of Wheat

By V. M. Shoemaker, Professor of Farm Crops, Michigan Agricultural College

The usual practice in growing wheat in Michigan is for the wheat to follow oats, barley or other crops which are removed from the field in mid-summer. The previous crop takes most of the moisture; then after harvest the field, with little vegetation to act as a cover, is exposed to the hot summer sun and winds. As a result the evaporation is excessive and the field soon becomes too dry to plow in good condition if, indeed, it can be plowed at all. It is frequently late in August or early in September before a good rain is secured, and much of this rain is lost because of the hard condition of the soil. It is practically impossible to prepare a good seed bed for wheat by this method of plowing late when the soil is in poor condition, and the effect is invariably seen in the crop.

If the oat field had been examined just previous to harvest a sufficient amount of moisture would have been found to enable the field to have been plowed in fairly good condition. The disk or plowing of the soil would have made a soil much which would have preserved most of the moisture and left the soil in ideal condition to receive the rainfall. The important thing in connection with the preparation of a seed bed when the moisture is limited or when the time is short, as in the case of wheat following spring grain, is to get on the field early; only a day or two delay may mean the loss of so much moisture that all operations must stop until the next rain.

If a field can be plowed at once after the removal of the previous crop, this may answer very well, but it is better, especially if the plowing cannot be entirely finished within a very few days, to use the disk harrow to form a mulch to hold the moisture until the ground can be plowed and harrowed. If sufficient teams and help are available the disk may follow immediately behind the blader before the grain is shocked or it may be operated between the rows of shocks, either of which means are better than to delay disk until the crop of grain has been removed from the field.

It is a more or less common practice to plow under manure in the late summer for fall seeding of wheat. This practice gives good results in case the manure is applied in a thin coat and is fine and well rotted. The plowing under of a thick coat of coarse

manure is objectionable as it tends to hold up the furrow slice and allow the soil to dry out. On this account it is usually better to use the manure as a top dressing after the wheat is seeded.

In sections where the Hessian fly has done little or no damage to previous crops it is best to seed fairly early so that the young wheat plants will make a vigorous growth and become quite hardy before the winter sets in. A good time to seed is from the 10th to the 20th of September. If the "fly" is bad somewhat later seeding (the first two weeks in October) is preferable, as the adult insects will lay most of their eggs on the early seeded wheat. In some sections the "fly" has done considerable damage to the crop just harvested and is liable to be worse next year. This insect should be carefully watched by wheat growers during the next few years.

Wheat growers should by all means get the best seed wheat obtainable. There is much difference in varieties. Usually the red or harder wheats will weigh more per bushel, make a better flour and bring a little more on the market than the white or softer wheats. The white wheats, however, frequently yield better, especially on low lands and during moist seasons. The Shepherd's Perfection, Buda Pest, Century and Nigger are good wheats of the first class, while the Early Windsor, American Banner and Plymouth Rock are some of the better white wheats.

A careful application of the above suggestions; the preparation of a fine, fairly firm and moist seed bed, which will insure a quick even germination of the seed; the fairly early seeding, which will favor a vigorous growth in the fall and an abundant stouling in the spring; and the seeding of wheat of some of the better adapted varieties will do much to increase the yield and profit of the Michigan wheat crop.

Special Feed for Molting Season.

The molting season with old hens is now on and a little extra attention at this time will aid greatly in carrying the hens through this period. The growing of feathers requires nitrogenous food. Linseed meal as one-twentieth of the ration will greatly improve the ration and sunflower seed are especially desirable as a seed for the same reason. An abundance of shade and plenty of fresh water for the hen sparsely covered with feathers will not only be appreciated, but will prove an economical factor in her care during the hot summer season.

ALL WOMEN ALIKE HERE

In the Long-Distance Telephone Booth They Get Flighly and Squander the Time.

The reason he wouldn't call up the Connecticut town that night to learn how Aunt Lucinda was, the man said, was because Bill's wife was pretty sure to come to the telephone, and he couldn't stand it to talk to Bill's wife. Wait till morning and he would call Bill up at the office and find out. "What is the matter with Bill's wife," asked Aunt Lucinda's New York niece.

"She's a fool," said the man, "especially over the long-distance telephone. I telephoned up there once. Bill's wife answered. I cost me four dollars for the three-minute conversation, and the only thing I could get out of Bill's wife was: 'Hello, hello. Who is this, please?'"

"At the very last second she understood and said: 'Oh, it is you, is it?' I call that pretty expensive identification. But I will say this for Bill's wife. She is no worse than other women. The most level-headed of them get flighly when suddenly confronted with a long-distance telephone message."

The woman's defense of her sex was cut short by a call to the telephone. She stepped into the hall and closed the door.

"Hello," she said. "Hello. Who is this, please? What's that? Yes, that is the right number. Who are you, please? What's that? I can't make it out."

Seconds ticked away and still she reiterated: "Hello, hello. Who are you, please?" Finally, in desperation the man took the receiver from her hand. He talked for five or ten seconds and then said: "Good-by."

"That was Bill," he said. "He wanted to tell me something about Aunt Lucinda, but time was up and he didn't get a chance."

Fat—A Body Requisite.

The popular view of the close connection between fat and good nature and weight and balance is not wholly without rational foundation. Fat, unpleasant and stodgy as it is, is one of the most valuable tissues in the human body, and any man who reduces his share of it below a certain reasonable level, not only takes the smooth edge off his temper and balance of his powers of judgment, but exposes all of his higher tissues, notably the muscular, nervous and secretory, to danger of both starvation and disease. A moderate cushion of fat is one of the best buffers and bucklers against the "slings and arrows of outrageous fortune," whether in the form of disease or in strains upon endurance. The man who makes himself into a lean and hungry Cassius, even with the best of intentions, is very apt to get himself into a state of both mind and body where he is more fit for treason, stratagem and spoils than for comfort, wholesomeness and a happy life.—Outing.

Thicker Than Water.

Rather significant was the celebration of the Fourth of July in Honolulu, with two British cruisers to participate in the exercises and with British officers in attendance upon an official public reception of Independence day.

This is strongly indicative of the brotherly feeling existing between the two countries, of the oft-quoted sentiment that "blood is thicker than water," and of the kinship of the English-speaking people.

The mingling of the British army and navy officials with the Americans in celebration of the anniversary of this country's independence is a gesture of the old soldiers' reunions in which veterans of the Union and Confederate armies fraternize and march together in procession and are greeted under the skies who have forgotten any past differences that estranged them for a time.—San Antonio Express.

Strauss Has New Orchestral.

Richard Strauss is writing a new orchestral work to be called "An Alpine Symphony." The development of the motives parallels the journeys of an Alpine climber, who hies to the mountains to be away from the cares of the world.

Musical description is to be given of the characteristics of the ascent, a waterfall, a deep gorge and a mountain thunder storm. At the summit the climber raises his voice in praise of the splendors of Alpine scenery.

The descent is occupied with the struggle in the wanderer's heart between the feeling of Nature alone and the higher feeling for the divine, each feeling being represented by its own melody.

Finally the melody of faith dominates the other, and the symphony concludes with a hymn praise to God.

Altered His Plans.

"Papa is going to give me an automobile for my birthday," said the fair young thing.

"Is he?" said the caller, surprised. "I was thinking of that myself, but now I shall bring you a box of sweets."

Same Girl.

"Dad, I want to marry Totie Twinkletons. I hope you won't blame me for wanting to marry a chorus girl."

"Not at all, my boy, I wanted to marry her myself when I was about your age."

OUR GROSBEAKS AND THEIR GREAT VALUE TO AGRICULTURE

Majority of the Little Finches Are Good Friends of the Farmer and Deserve to Be Widely Known in Order That Their Services May Be Fully Appreciated — Destroy Many Insects.



Black-headed and rose-breasted grosbeaks. (Upper figure, black-headed grosbeaks, male and female; lower figure, rose-breasted grosbeaks, male and female.)

(By W. T. M'ATEE, Assistant, Biological Survey, United States Department of Agriculture.)

Seven kinds of finches, commonly known as grosbeaks, summer within our boundaries. The majority of these are good friends of the farmer, and deserve to be widely known in order that their services may be appreciated. The grosbeaks are easily distinguished from other finches by their stout form, bright plumage, massive bills, and melodious voices. Two of them live mainly in cold mountainous areas, and having little to do with farms or with the insects that prey on crops, may be dismissed without further notice. The other five live largely in agricultural regions and secure most of their food about cultivated lands. All of them feed to some extent upon crops, but only one does appreciable harm. On the other hand, all perform invaluable service in destroying certain of our worst insect pests.

The rosebreast has an extensive range, breeding in Kansas and the mountains of Tennessee north to Newfoundland and the Great Slave lake region. It eats some green peas, and is charged with injuring orchards, both by budding and by eating the fruit. Our investigations tend to support the latter accusation, and although the birds eat peas, they invariably consume enough injurious insects to more than offset the damage.

The rosebreast has long been held in high esteem because of its habit of preying upon the Colorado potato beetle, and the name potato-bug bird suggests its important services in this direction. Larvae, as well as adult beetles, are consumed, and a great many are fed to nestlings. No less than a tenth of the total food of the rosebreast examined consists of potato beetles—evidence that the bird is one of the most important enemies of the pest. Its services in devouring other exceedingly harmful insects are scarcely less valuable. It vigorously attacks cucumber beetles and many of the scale insects.

It proved an active enemy of the Rocky Mountain locust during that insect's ruinous invasion, and among the other pests it consumes are the spring and fall cankerworms, orchard and forest tent caterpillars, tussock gipsy, and brown-tail moth, plum curculion, army worm, and chinch bug. In fact, not one of our birds has a better record.

The rosebreast attacks the worst enemies of agriculture, making them its favorite prey, and time after time it has rendered valuable aid in checking their destructive infestations.

The black-headed grosbeak ranges from Southern Mexico to British Columbia, North Dakota, and Nebraska. It fills the same place in the west that the rosebreast does in the east, and economically is fully as important. In parts of its range it is destructive to early fruit and attacks also green peas and beans. However, since by proper precautions such losses may be minimized or altogether prevented, they should not be given too much weight in estimating the value of the bird. Instead of being regarded as an enemy by western orchardists, the blackhead should be esteemed as a friend, since it is a foe to the worst pests of horticulture—the scale insects—which compose a fourth of its food. The black olive scale alone constitutes a fifth of the bird's subsistence, and the frosted scale and apricot scale, or European fruit Lecanum, also are destroyed. In May considerable numbers of cankerworms and codling moths are eaten, and almost a sixth of the bird's seasonal food consists of flower beetles, which do incalculable damage to cultivated flowers

and to ripe fruit. For each quart of fruit consumed by the black-headed grosbeak it destroys in actual bulk more than one and a half quarts of black olive scales, one quart of flower beetles, besides a generous quantity of codling moth pupae and cankerworms. So effectively does it fight these pests that the necessity for its preservation is obvious, while most of its injury to fruit is preventable.

A permanent drinking and bathing place on the farm and in the garden is to be numbered among the most potent attractions for birds, and with a little ingenuity one can be prepared in almost any locality. Winter feeding serves to attract the cardinal, which relishes corn, sunflower, and other seed, and takes kindly even to table scraps. If particular premises prove congenial as a winter home, the bird is likely to prefer them in summer.

No effort to attract the grosbeaks will succeed, however, unless protection is assured. Grosbeaks are already protected by law in practically every state, but, since the machinery for the enforcement of the law is often ineffective, statutory protection must be supplemented by individual action, particularly under the trespass laws. Such action has long been taken in behalf of game birds, and the wise landholder will take equal precautions to preserve the smaller insectivorous species which he is so fortunate as to have as tenants. Shooting and nest robbing must, of course, be barred. Squirrels, when allowed to become too numerous, destroy many eggs and young, but in the settled districts the worst enemy of birds is the prowling cat.

Present investigations prove that the services of grosbeaks in destroying insect pests are invaluable. Each kind pays special attention to certain pests which if unchecked would cause enormous losses. Few of our birds are to be credited with more good and with fewer evil deeds than the grosbeaks, and none more clearly deserve protection by the practical farmer.

ALFALFA LAYS ON MOST FAT

What Kind of Forage Will Produce Largest Amount of Weight in Hogs Is Difficult Problem.

(By J. R. WAGGONER.)

A Kentucky farmer who keeps about 100 hogs on his farm every year asks: "What kind of forage will produce the most fat?"

This is rather a difficult question and will depend upon the time of year and quality of forage, but when considered from a fat producing standpoint, we would feel safe in making the assertion that cow peas would give the best results for producing fat, but if we were asked what was the best forage we would say alfalfa.

The whole question depends upon the locality, but with any kind of hog pasture it will pay to feed some grain feed to harden the meat and give it a more desirable flavor. There is nothing that will produce as rapid gain in hogs as alfalfa and corn.

Castrate the Grade Bucks.

The grade buck lambs should be castrated early in the season. Only lambs of pure blood and superior quality should be saved for breeding purposes. New blood should be added to the flock by buying stock rams of pure blood from reputable breeders.

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure

Come—follow the arrow "if you join the merry throng of palpitating men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—"

Coca-Cola

Real satisfaction in every glass—map and sparkle—vibrant and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome

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THE COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga.

IN THE COURTROOM.



She—Who are those young men with books under their arms?

He—Students. They are taking up the law.

She—What's that old man in the big chair back of the desk doing?

He—He's laying it down.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Sufficient Evidence.

Having vouched for the honesty of the woman who wished a situation as scrub-woman the good-natured man was subjected to a severe examination by the superintendent of the building.

"There are degrees of honesty," said the superintendent. "How honest is she?"

The good-natured man reflected. "Well," said he, "I'll tell you. She is so honest that if you throw anything that looks to be worth a copper into the waste basket you have to tag it 'Destroy this,' or she will fish it out and put it back on your desk night after night, no matter how badly you want to get rid of it. I don't know that I can say anything more."

"No more is necessary," said the superintendent, and he proceeded to hire the woman.

An Undefinable Definition.

A few days after school opened in the spring a teacher in a Brooklyn school was testing the members of one of her old classes on what they had remembered of the definition she had taught them during the preceding term. Finally she asked the bright boy of the class this question: "Now, Robert, tell me what a hypocrite is?"

"A hypocrite," replied Robert without hesitation, "is a kid w'at comes to school wit' a smile on his mug."

The Ground of Their Love.

"Let us have peace," said the English invader. "Can you not see that the white strangers love the redmen?"

"Ah, yes," replied the intelligent Indian, "they love the very ground we walk upon."—Sacred Heart Review.

STRONGER THAN MEAT

A Judge's Opinion of Grape-Nuts.

A gentleman who has acquired a judicial turn of mind from experience on the bench out in the Sunflower State writes a carefully considered opinion as to the value of Grape-Nuts as food. He says:

"For the past 5 years Grape-Nuts has been a prominent feature in our bill of fare.

"The crisp food with the delicious, nutty flavor has become an indispensable necessity in my family's everyday life.

"It has proved to be most healthful and beneficial, and has enabled us to practically abolish pastry and pies from our table, for the children prefer Grape-Nuts, and do not crave rich and unwholesome food.

"Grape-Nuts keeps us all in perfect physical condition—as a preventive of disease it is beyond value. I have been particularly impressed by the beneficial effects of Grape-Nuts when used by ladies who are troubled with face blemishes, skin eruptions, etc. It clears up the complexion wonderfully.

"As to its nutritive qualities, my experience is that one small dish of Grape-Nuts is superior to a pound of meat for breakfast, which is an important consideration for anyone. It satisfies the appetite and strengthens the power of resisting fatigue, while its use involves none of the disagreeable consequences that sometimes follow a meat breakfast." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in page "There's a reason." See the above letter. A new and improved Grape-Nuts is now being made, true, and full of human interest.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 32-1011.

30 Years of Good Deeds

Is the Proved and Proud Record of the

Knights of the Modern Maccabees

Organized 1881

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PROMPT PAYMENT OF ALL CLAIMS

Term Protection, Whole Life Protection, Old Age and Total Disability Protection are granted all members. Health and Accident Protection is a Special Feature. In fact, the K.O.M.M. affords all kinds of protection needed by the average man, as well as extending to members the enjoyments of social life.

Protect Your Wife and Children From Want and Misery by Becoming a Knight of the Modern Maccabees

For further information, inquire of any member of the order or write to

GEORGE S. LOVELACE A. M. SLAY
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CONSERVATIVE AND PROGRESSIVE MANAGEMENT

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

are responsible—they not only give relief, they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. D. Wood

50,000 Men Wanted

in Western Canada

200 Million Bushels of Wheat to be Harvested

Harvest Help in Great Demand

Reports from the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Western Canada) indicate one of the best crops ever raised on the continent. To harvest this crop will require at least 50,000 harvesters.

Low Rates Will be Given on All Canadian Roads

Excursions are run daily and full particulars will be given on application to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent. The rates are made to apply to all who wish to take advantage of them for the purpose of inspecting the grain fields of Western Canada, and the wonderful opportunities there offered for those who wish to invest, and also those who wish to take up actual farm life.

Apply at once to

M. V. Holmes, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, or C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Michigan

Nervous Women

will find that Nature responds promptly to the gentle laxative effects, and the helpful tonic action of

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25c. and 50c.

DAISY FLY KILLER

For the purpose of killing flies, this is a most effective and reliable preparation. It is sold in small bottles, and is used by simply placing a few drops on the surface of the food.

LIFE SPOON AND ELECTROTYPES

For the purpose of making a perfect copy of a book, this is a most effective and reliable preparation. It is sold in small bottles, and is used by simply placing a few drops on the surface of the food.

DEFIANCE STATION

BREVITIES

ARBOR—A bakery is to be located on the University hospital grounds, where all the baking for the hospitals will be done. The contract for the new building has just been let.

ALBION—The city is now about to make the Black Ditch running through the western part of the city, into a sewer. The work with lateral will connect it with it will cost about \$22,000. Leader.

ARBOR—Sheriff William Stark and Deputy Sheriff Eldert Monday took Mrs. Augusta Albert, who recently was adjudged insane for trying to shoot Probate Judge Leland, to the insane asylum at Traverse City.

MANCHESTER—Our townsman, Douglas Baldwin, has lived in this township 75 years and is perhaps the oldest resident. If there is anyone who has resided here more years than he we would like to know it. Enterprise.

MANCHESTER—Masonic Grand Lecturer Gilbert has called a lodge of instruction here, Monday evening, September 11th, and Tecumseh, Clinton and Napoleon lodges are to be represented and assist in exemplifying degree work.

BRIGHTON—Charles Woolenhaupt has been looking for his sister from Germany on every train, for several days. She arrived in New York over a week ago and was held by emigration authorities until she could prove that her brother was able to support her. Argus.

ARBOR—Another Democrat was added to the board of supervisors Monday night. The council confirmed Mayor Wain's appointment of James Finnell as supervisor from the seventh ward. Mr. Finnell will succeed Supervisor Henry Bliton, who has moved out of the ward.

TECUMSEH—The Lilley State Bank has received a notification from the post office department that it has been appointed a depository bank for the care of postal savings bank funds. The Tecumseh post office is soon to be made a postal savings office, presumably about September 1. News.

JACKSON—It is probable that the charge of murder confronts Joseph Yelinski, 11-year-old boy, who probably fatally stabbed Frank Borkowski, 13 years of age, Sunday night. The boys met on the street, and an old grudge between them resulted in trouble. Yelinski has been placed under arrest, pending developments.

YPSILANTI—Edward Sacks was arrested Monday morning upon complaint of Fannie Alford, a boarding house keeper, for defrauding her out of a board bill amounting to \$13.75. He paid part of the bill when arrested and agreed to pay the balance in three weeks, so the presiding justice gave him a chance to go out and earn the money.

DEXTER—Abolam Pidd, aged 92 years and 7 months, died Friday night at 10 o'clock at the home of his son John on Baker street. He is survived by two daughters and one son. Funeral services were held Monday at 12 o'clock at St. James' Episcopal church, Rev. I. H. Eichbaum officiating. Interment at Northfield cemetery.

MANCHESTER—Extensive preparations are being made to celebrate Homecoming's day, August 24, when many old residents of Manchester will return to renew former acquaintances. The celebration is an annual affair and the one who attend it last year were delighted with the time they spent, saying they never were present at a more pleasant occasion.

PINCKNEY—The annual picnic of St. Mary's parish, Pinckney, will be held at Jackson's grove, Tuesday, August 15th. Addresses will be delivered by Senator Jas. H. Lee and Chas. Jasnowski, of Detroit, and James Green, of Howell. The North Lake Band will furnish the music. Baseball game Pinckney vs. Stockbridge. Sprout's orchestra will furnish the music in the evening.

MANCHESTER—Local people were awakened at midnight Friday night by the call of fire. The fire alarm refused to arouse a suitable number for the bucket brigade and the church bells were pressed into service. Flames started in the Manchester hotel, better known as the Freeman house, from a gasoline stove in the kitchen. The blaze had eaten its way to the third floor and it required some hustling on the part of volunteers to get the flames under control. By 1:30 the blaze was extinguished. For a time it looked as if the Jackson fire department would have to be called. Mr. Lewis is the new landlord and his loss is quite heavy.

JACKSON—A string of forty or more automobile trucks will arrive in Jackson Monday, August 14, on a commercial vehicle reliability run from Chicago to Detroit and return. The machines will reach this city on the way back to Chicago, leaving here the morning of the 15th for Kalamazoo. The distance to be covered is approximately 720 miles, and it is figured that the average run in order to finish within the time specified will be about seventy-two miles per day. They leave Chicago on the 7th and return on the 15th. The purpose of this contest is to ascertain the cost per mile to run the auto trucks entered therein. It will demonstrate the reliability and practicality as well as economy of the motor vehicle, as compared with the horse drawn wagon. A sterling silver cup will be awarded to the winner.

Falls Victim to Thieves.

S. W. Bends, of Coal City, Ala., has a justifiable grievance. Two thieves stole his health for twelve years. They were a liver and kidney trouble. Then Dr. King's New Life Pills throtled them. He's well now. Untried for constipation, malaria, headache, dyspepsia, etc. at L. P. Vogel, H. H. Fenn Co. and L. T. Freeman Co.

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an Special Election will be held in the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on Monday the 14th day of August, A. D. 1911.

Council Rooms,
Chelsea, Mich., July 27, 1911.

Pursuant to regular adjourned meeting of July 24, Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by George P. Staffan, president.

Roll call by the clerk. Present, trustees Palmer, Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Absent, Hummel.

The following resolution was offered by trustee N. J. Dancer and supported by trustee F. Brooks.

Whereas, The Common Council of the Village of Chelsea have declared their intention to pave certain portions of Main, Middle and Park streets in said Village, and that portion of Main street to be paved, being all that part which lies between the south line of the Michigan Central railroad tracks and the south line of land owned by Merkel Brothers; and that part of Middle street to be paved being all that part which lies between the west line of land owned by Simon Hirth and the west line of land owned by the Congregational church society; and all that part of Park street to be paved being all that part which lies between the west line of land owned by Charles Martin and the east line of Main street; such parts of streets being within the paving district, said Council having determined that it is necessary to pave such parts of said streets as above described, and having decided that the said Village shall pay one third of the cost of said paving, as the Village's proportion of constructing said pavement, and

Whereas, The Common Council of said Village has caused to be prepared a diagram and plat of the whole paving district, showing length, grade and dimension thereof, and all streets, public grounds, lands and lots in said district, together with an estimate of the cost of paving such parts of said Main, Middle and Park streets as are within said district, all of which are now on file in the office of the Village Clerk of the Village of Chelsea, and due notice has been given by publication, setting forth the place where said plat, diagrams, plans and specifications, and the estimated cost of the paving aforesaid, could be found, and the time and place when and where the Common Council of the Village of Chelsea would meet to consider any suggestions and objections which might be made by parties interested with respect to said pavement, and at the time and place fixed in said notice, said Council met and considered all objections and suggestions which were offered by parties interested in said proposed pavement; now therefore, be it

Resolved, That the plat and diagram of the Main, Middle and Park streets Paving District, and the plans and specifications of the said proposed pavement, filed in the office of the Village Clerk on the 10th day of July 1911, be and the same is, hereby adopted as a part of the paving record of the Village of Chelsea, to be recorded in the office of said Clerk in the book of paving records; and it is further

Resolved, That said pavement on said Main, Middle and Park streets shall be, and the same is, hereby designated as Main, Middle and Park streets Paving District of the Village of Chelsea; and it is further

Resolved, That one third of the cost of such paving shall be paid by said village, and two thirds shall be paid by the owners of lands abutting on said portion of the said streets to be paved.

Moved by McKune and supported by Lowery that said resolution be accepted and adopted. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Nays—None. Carried.

Moved by Lowery, supported by Dancer, and

Resolved, That a special election of the village of Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, be called, and the same is hereby called to be held at the Town Hall in said Village, on the 14th day of August, 1911, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of bonding the Village of Chelsea for the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars for the purpose of paying one-third of the estimated cost of paving certain portions of Main, Middle and Park streets, Chelsea, Michigan, the other two-thirds cost of such paving to be paid by the owners of property abutting on the portions of the streets hereinafter mentioned, to wit:

That portion of Main street to be paved is all that part which lies between the south line of the Michigan Central railroad tracks and the south line of land owned by Merkel Brothers.

That portion of Middle street to be paved is all that part which lies between the west line of land owned by Simon Hirth and the west line of land owned by the Congregational church society.

All that portion of Park street to be paved is that part which lies between the west line of land owned by Charles Martin and the east line of Main street. All the lots, premises and parcels of land abutting upon the portions of the streets above designated, as shown by the maps and diagrams of the proposed district to be paved, now on file with the Village Clerk, will be assessed under a special assessment for the purpose of defraying two-thirds of the expense of such paving, to be paid by bonding the Village of Chelsea for the sum of three thousand and five hundred dollars, said bonds to be paid out of the general fund of the Village.

Resolved, That at said special election the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock in the morning, or as soon thereafter as may be, and shall be kept open until five o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour they shall be finally closed; that the notice of the time and place of holding such election and the question to be voted upon be given by the Clerk of the Village at least eight days before such election by posting the same in three public places in the Village and by publishing a copy thereof for the same length of time in a newspaper published in the Village; that the notice may be in the following form:

"To the Electors and Women taxpayers having the qualifications of male electors of the Village of Chelsea.

Notice is hereby given that a special election has been called and will be held for the purpose, at the time and in the manner stated in the preamble and resolutions adopted by the Village of Chelsea at its meeting held on the 27th day of July, 1911.

Resolved Further, That the Board of Election Commissioners, consisting of Jacob Hummel, J. N. Dancer and J. E. McKune, who are hereby appointed such Commissioners, and not more than two of whom belong to the same political party, be and they are hereby directed to prepare, print and supply the necessary ballots for said election, and said ballots may be in the following form, to wit:

Ballot for the use of special village election, held in the Village of Chelsea, on the 14th day of August, 1911, for the purpose of voting upon the question of bonding the Village of Chelsea for the sum of three thousand and five hundred dollars, to pay one-third of the estimated cost of paving certain portions of Main, Middle and Park streets, as shown by plans and diagrams now on file with the Village Clerk, in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, according to a resolution adopted by the Village Council on the 27th day of July, 1911, and of said ordinance. Yes [] No []

Instructions—If you wish to vote in the affirmative place a cross in the square after the word yes, thus [x]. If you wish to vote in the negative place a cross in the square after the word no, thus [x]. Any other mark renders ballot void.

Resolved, Further, That the inspectors of election immediately after closing the polls and without adjournment canvass the votes cast and declare the result, and on the same day or the next day make a statement in writing setting forth in words at full length the whole number of votes given on the above question and the number of votes for and against the same and certify the same to be correct and deposit such certificate, together with the poll list and registers of electors and the boxes containing the ballots in the office of the Village Clerk.

Resolved, Further, That the President and Trustees of the Village constituting the Board of Registration comply with the provisions of Act No. 206 of the Public Acts 1909 relative to registration of electors and women taxpayers having the qualifications of electors; that a meeting of said Board be held at the Town Hall, in the Village of Chelsea, on Saturday, the 12th day of August, 1911, that being the last Saturday before the special election, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose of completing the register of the qualified electors of said Village and registering women possessed of the qualifications of male electors and who own property and paying taxes thereon and make personal application of the Board of Registration to be registered.

Resolved, Further, That the Clerk give ten days notice of such registration and provide a separate register for women entitled to register.

Moved by Lowry and supported by Brooks that said resolution be accepted and adopted. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Nays—None.

Moved by Dancer and supported by McKune that the president appoint three election commissioners. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowry, Brooks. Nays—None.

The president then appointed as election commissioners, Hummel, Dancer, McKune.

Special assessors, W. J. Van Riper, George Beckwith, O. C. Burkhardt.

Moved by Dancer and supported by Brooks that the appointment made by the president be confirmed. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Nays—None.

The president then appointed the following election inspectors: McKune, Dancer, Cooper and Staffan.

Moved by Dancer and supported by Lowery that the appointment be confirmed. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Nays—None.

Moved by McKune and supported by Brooks that the appointment be confirmed. Yeas—Dancer, McKune, Lowery, Brooks. Nays—None.

Enter Palmer

H. E. COOPER, Village Clerk.

Registration Notice.
Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Registration of the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, will meet for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of said village and of registering the names of all persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors, and who may apply for that purpose, on Saturday, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1911, at the place designated below: Town hall, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place above mentioned, from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose above specified.

By Order of the Board of Registration of the Village of Chelsea.
H. E. COOPER, Village Clerk.

Dated at Chelsea, Mich., August 2, A. D. 1911.

IT'S ALWAYS BAD.

The Best of Backs Are Bad When They Ache, and Chelsea People Know It.

A bad back is always bad. Bad at night when bedtime comes. Just as bad in the morning.

Ever try Doan's Kidney Pills for it? Know they cure backache—cure every kidney ill?

If you don't some Chelsea people do. Read a case of it:

F. A. Hammond, Madison St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills with the best of results. My back was very lame and every cold I caught made my trouble worse. When Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention, I commenced their use and they quickly gave relief from the pains and regulated the passages of the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills certainly deserve my endorsement in return for their good work."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Chelsea Roller Mills

Don't pay 90c for a sack of Flour when you can buy just as good or better for

70 CENTS.

We guarantee our Flour to be as good a Flour as any on the market and a good deal healthier than a great many. It will go just as far as any Flour.

Patronize home industry and save money. Ask your grocer for Phoenix Flour.

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS

Phone No. 84

HARNESS.

Mr C. Steinbach has just received a consignment of Single and Light Double Harness from one of the largest and best Harness Factories in the country. All interested in a fine up-to-date Harness are invited to call and inspect them. Interesting points of merit will be shown that will convince the most sceptical of their utility, and that it pays to look around and post yourself before purchasing. You will find the Harness very attractive in price as well as in looks. Call and see them.

C. STEINBACH.



Central Meat Market.

Get in line with a fine
ROAST BEEF, PORK OR CHICKEN
for your Sunday dinner.

Sausages of all kinds.

Fresh Lake Fish Fridays.

Lard.....11c

EPPLER & VANRIPER

Free Delivery. Phone 41

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Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.

For Detroit 7:49 a. m. and every two hours to 7:49 p. m.

For Kalamazoo 8:07 a. m. and every two hours to 6:07 p. m. For Lansing 8:07 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.

East bound—6:09 a. m. and every two hours to 10:09 p. m. To Ypsilanti only 11:55 p. m.

West bound—4:10 a. m. and every two hours to 11:49 p. m.

Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

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CHAS. SCHMIDT

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of principal and interest due and payable under the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Henry P. Dodge of Willmore Lake, Washtenaw County, Michigan, of the first part to Herbert W. Wheeler then of Saline in said County and State of the second part; which said mortgage is dated May 31st, A. D. 1906, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1906, in Liber 112 of Mortgages at Page 322.

And which said mortgage was duly assigned by the said Herbert W. Wheeler to The State Savings Bank of Unionville in the State of Michigan, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1909, the deed of assignment thereof having been duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1910, in Liber 3 of Assignments of Mortgages at Page 42.

By reason of which default in the payment of the amount due upon the said mortgage the power of sale contained therein has become operative and no suit or proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof, and there is now claimed to be due and owing upon the said mortgage debt to the said State Savings Bank the sum of Seven Hundred and Forty-seven dollars and Six cents (\$747.46) and the further sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) as an attorney fee as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and in pursuance of the statute in such cases made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at Public Auction to the highest bidder at the East front door of the Court House at the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw is held) on Monday the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in the Township of Northfield, in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

That certain piece of land containing about 0.4 acres, off from the north-east corner of the east half of the north-east quarter of Section Number 6, in Town One, south of Range Six east, in the County of Washtenaw aforesaid, and being north-east of the ditch running from Horse-Shoe Lake to Hamburg; excepting and reserving about one-fifth of an acre of land heretofore deeded to Frank Roper, and also, one-fifth of an acre of land heretofore deeded to Frederick Roper; and, also, excepting and reserving about two acres of land lying south-west of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Rail Road tracks, deeded to Albert Stevens by Maria Stevens on July 6th, 1899.

Dated, July 18th, 1911.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK, of Unionville, Michigan, Assignee of said Mortgage.

FRANK E. JONES, Attorney for Assignee.

Business Address, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. As a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 18th day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Daniel McLaughlin, deceased.

Lena McLaughlin, executrix of said estate, having filed in this court her final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 11th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

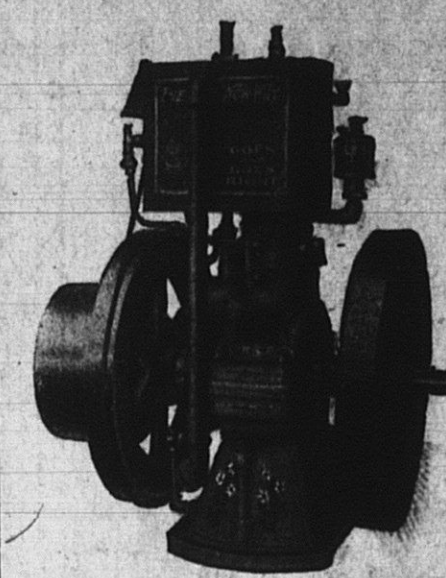
EMORY E. LEELAND, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.) DORCAS C. DONNAGAN, Register.

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AIR COOLED ENGINES



The Only Farm Engines That Give the Power Without the Trouble

Guaranteed to cool better than the Water Way.

Guaranteed to do hard, continuous work in any climate or altitude.

Pumps water, saws wood, runs feed grinder, corn sheller, cob crusher, cuts fodder, fills silo, drills wells. Runs washing machine, churn, cream separator, etc., while the wife gets breakfast.

When engine power is wanted, it should be ready at once. Delays cost money and waste time. The "NEW WAY" is always ready anywhere, any time, in any weather, because there is no water tank to fill, no frozen pump or pipes to thaw out.

The best farm engine on the market. Just the one you want. Call at our store and see the engine run.

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Agents for Washtenaw County.

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August 17, 1911

Tickets good to reach original starting point not later than August 28, 1911.

Low Round Trip Tickets to Clayton and Alexandria Bay, (Thousand Islands).

Also Side Trip Excursion Tickets, Niagara Falls to Toronto, Montreal and Quebec.

Returning Tickets will be honored by Boat Line from Buffalo to Detroit on payment of 50 cents.

For particulars consult Ticket Agent Ask for Niagara Falls Excursion Folder.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. As a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 23rd day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

In the matter of the estate of Glenister Whitaker, incompetent.

D. Edward Bensch, guardian of said incompetent, having filed in this court his annual account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 30th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.