

# The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1910.

VOLUME 39. NO. 47

## Celebrate the 4th Right

By Buying the A. L. Due  
Celebrated Fire Works...

You will be well pleased with your evening's display of FIREWORKS if you buy of us, for we sell the kind that gives best satisfaction, and our prices are low, too. A large assortment of Penny goods that are safe for the children to handle. Come to us for the best fireworks at the lowest cost.

## Grocery Department

Both you and your grocer agree that "Merry Widow" is a decided success. It's your idea of perfect bread—his idea of an easy seller.

Fresh Daily.

## HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

## SPECIALS For Saturday

WE OFFER:

Fancy White Southern New Potatoes,  
Home Grown Green Peas, Wax Beans,  
Texas Tomatoes, Southern Cucumbers,  
Fancy Southern Peaches,  
Watermelons on Ice,  
Oranges, Lemons and Bananas,  
Lombard's Soft Drinks, all flavors,  
Fresh Roasted Peanuts.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

## JOHN FARRELL & CO.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

We are headquarters for FARM AND GARDEN SEEDS, especially Northern Grown Field Peas. Chick food that gave such excellent satisfaction last season.

If you are thinking of rodding your buildings get our prices on either Copper or Steel before buying. We can save you money.

If you want a roof that will out-last your building, get the Carey roof. Fully guaranteed.

We are handling several lines that will interest you. When, in the city give us a call.

## HUMMEL BROTHERS FEED STORE

## HOLMES & WALKER

We think that there will be some hot weather. We have a full line of Warm Weather Goods such as the White Enamel Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors, Window Screens, Gasoline and Oil Stoves, Hammocks, Lawn Swings and Porch Furniture, Rubber Hose and the Fountain Sprayers.

Furniture of all Kinds.

Go-Carts and Carriages

Iron Age and John Deere Cultivators, Hardware, Buggies and Wagons, Haying and Harvesting Tools of all kinds. See us about these before you buy.

Roger's best ready-mixed Paints, Pure Lead and Oil. This is the very best lead and oil you can buy. Varnish of all kinds.

We have just received one more caseload of Woven Wire Fence and one ear of Plymouth Binder Twine. This is the best wire fence and twine on the market. See our farm Gates. We have them.

## HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

### Truman W. Baldwin.

Truman W. Baldwin, who has been a resident of Sylvan since 1833, and the last surviving member of the original Vermont settlement is dead. He was born in Vermont, June 2, 1832, and died at his home in Sylvan, Thursday afternoon, June 23, 1910.

Mr. Baldwin was an active member of the First Baptist church of this place and for many years has been a deacon of the church. He was also a member of the Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club and took considerable interest in the monthly meetings of the club.

He was twice married, the first time, August 16, 1846, to Mrs. Betsey Ann Fenn, mother of C. Fenn of this place, who died about fifteen years ago and the second time to a sister of his first wife, Miss Susan McIntyre, who died in 1898.

He is survived by his only son, Adelbert Baldwin, several nephews and nieces. The funeral was held from his late home Sunday afternoon, Rev. F. I. Blanchard officiating. Interment at Vermont cemetery.

### Plenty of Freight.

Tuesday was a lively day for Frank Adair, station agent of the Michigan Central at Chelsea, and the yards assumed quite a metropolitan appearance, there being 80 cars on the various side tracks.

Of this number twenty-five cars were loaded with outgoing freight as follows: Ten cars of stoves, three cars of scrap iron, two cars of live stock, four cars of hay, two cars of grain and four of merchandise.

The number of inbound were eighteen as follows: Four cars of machinery, three cars of lumber, two cars of cement, six cars of merchandise and three cars of hard coal.

The remaining cars were loaded with material and laborers which the company is using on the grade that they are making at the west end of the Chelsea yards. The company in their work at this place is using on the average three train loads of forty-five cars each on the grade, which is being brought here from the site of their new passenger depot in Detroit. They also have a steam shovel at work, commencing near the Hoppe crossing working east to the Sylvan crossing and will lower the hill from five to six feet, thus giving employment to about 300 laborers.

### "Jean Valjean" Skipped.

John Allison, noted as Michigan's "Jean Valjean," is missing. The Richland bank robber, who escaped from prison married and settled down at Moline, Ill., only to be brought back to Jackson prison to finish his sentence, has been in trouble frequently since his release on conditional pardon.

The offense at present charged against him is of having in his possession obscene pictures for display. He failed to appear in court at Jackson Monday and the case was adjourned. Again he failed to appear and the impression of the court and his attorney is that Allison has left for other parts. He is yet under the jurisdiction of the prison authorities.

When arraigned in court on the obscene picture charge several weeks ago he fell to the floor with heart disease and for days physicians would give no hope of his recovery.

### Will Close July 4th

We the undersigned agree to close our places of business all day on Monday, July 4, 1910.

L. P. Vogel.  
H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.  
John Farrell & Co.  
Holmes & Walker.  
A. E. Winans & Son.  
F. H. Belser.  
W. P. Scheek & Company.  
Kantlehner Bros.  
L. T. Freeman Co.  
J. Bacon Mercantile Co.  
H. H. Fenn Co.  
J. Geo. Webster.  
Dillon & Barbour.

### Annual Picnic.

The annual picnic of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart will be held in Taylor's grove, north of Chelsea, on Monday, July 4th. The committee in charge of the arrangements have spared no pains to make the day an enjoyable one. A first-class 25-cent dinner will be served in the grove by the ladies, and the Chelsea band will furnish music for the day.

Address will be delivered by Rev. Joseph Hallasey, of Hudson, Hon. Chase Osborn, of Sault Sainte Marie, Hon. H. C. Smith, of Adrian and Hon. W. W. Wedemeyer, of Ann Arbor.

There will be ice cream, lemonade, soft drinks and cigars on sale. The public is invited to be present.

### The Standard Will Follow You.

Subscribers of The Standard leaving for their summer vacation can have their favorite paper follow them on their journey, if a forwarding order is left at the Standard office. No matter how many changes of address are necessary, your request will receive particular attention.

### The Alumni Banquet.

The Alumni Association of the Chelsea high school held their fifteenth annual banquet in the Methodist church Monday evening.

At 8:30 o'clock Carlton H. Runciman, president of the association called the meeting to order and the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

President—Max Kelly.  
Vice President—Mable Guthrie.  
Secretary—Gertude Storms.  
Treasurer—Paul G. Schaible.

Following the business meeting the members of the association made their way to the dining room where the ladies of the church served a dainty three course dinner.

The following program was then carried out:

Austin Keenan, of Detroit, acted as toastmaster.  
Selection ..... Orchestra  
The Freshman ..... Dr. Fay Palmer  
Vocal Duet. E. E. Winans, J. H. Boyd  
Then and Now ..... Winifred Bacon  
Vocal Solo ..... Mary Spingale  
The Fifteenth Anniversary .....  
..... Karl Vogel  
Plano Solo ..... Mable Bacon  
The Alumni ..... Dorothy Bacon  
Vocal Solo ..... Floyd Ward  
Reminiscences ..... Hon. J. S. Gorman  
Selection ..... Orchestra

The only change in the program as printed was "The Fifteenth Anniversary," which was originally assigned to Nate. Bowen, and as he was not present Karl Vogel was selected to fill the vacancy. The dining room was appropriately decorated with the high school colors, red and white.

### Old People's Home Notes.

Last week Mrs. Dora Ames, of Grass Lake, kindly invited the members of the Methodist Home to spend the day at her residence. All who felt able to take a ride on the car and a short walk to the suburbs of the town gladly accepted the invitation and enjoyed a very pleasant trip, and found a hearty welcome and sumptuous repast awaiting them under the shade of the maple trees. Mrs. Ames has often visited the home and never failed to bring abundant evidences of her love and esteem for the family. At the close of the repast Mr. Saunders spoke the sentiments of the home and presented her with a flower vase as a token of the appreciation of her many acts of kindness by her friends. Some took a ride on the lake, others remained in the shade for a quiet nap until time for the return car and all reached home in the evening, well satisfied with the day's outing.

### Wrecked a Car.

The east bound way freight crew of the Michigan Central on Wednesday forenoon came near wrecking the wall between building No. 7 and the power plant of the Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. They were engaged switching cars on the siding between the two buildings when their train broke in two and one of the empty cars broke the bunting post off, struck the cement dock with force enough to break a large section of the face and came to a stop within about six inches of the wall. The track, and a number of ties were torn up, and the trucks under the car displaced. The railway company will probably have to send a wrecking crew here to remove the car before the track can be repaired. The wreck was undoubtedly due in a measure to the carelessness of the train crew.

### Hutchins Is President.

Dr. Harry Burns Hutchins was on Tuesday appointed president of the University of Michigan.

The board of regents met at 2 o'clock that afternoon, adjourned for dinner, and later held a night session. After the announcement of the appointment the session was continued.

It was expected that the appointment, if made, would be for a definite term of years, but the regents announcement is simply that Dr. Hutchins is made permanent president.

Dr. Hutchins has been acting president since the resignation of Dr. James Burrell Angell took effect.

Call on Chas. E. Paul for all kinds of Walter A. Wood harvesting machinery and repairs. 47

### Commencement Exercises.

Last Thursday evening occurred the annual commencement exercises of the Chelsea high school which were held in the town hall. The class was the largest one ever graduated from our public schools, being thirty-four in number.

The hall and stage were decorated with flowers, ferns and the school colors, red and white, presenting a very pretty and pleasing appearance.

The junior class acted as escorts for the graduating class and also as ushers. This was a feature of the exercises that was entirely new in Chelsea, and was fully appreciated by the audience.

The class program as published in The Standard recently was carried out, and Dr. Lancaster, president of Olivet college, delivered the address.

A number of those who graduated this year will attend college, and others will attend the summer school at Ypsilanti and teach school the coming year.

### Baseball Game.

The Chelsea Cardinals and Clinton ball teams will play a game at Abbe-miller's park next Monday afternoon. The game will be called at 4:00 o'clock and promises to be the best game of the season. The Cardinal manager has engaged Mr. Jackson as their pitcher and the local team is made up of the best ball players in Chelsea. The following will be the line up:

CARDINALS. CLINTON.  
Kratzmilller ..... c ..... Byrne  
Jackson ..... p ..... Mahrie  
Bacon ..... 1st ..... Steiner  
Prudden ..... 2d ..... Mealey  
McGuiness ..... s ..... Nagle  
Kelly ..... 3d ..... Bradley  
Dunn ..... l f ..... Dudley  
E. Steinbach ..... c f ..... Marker  
Holmes ..... r f ..... Paine

### Are You Naturalized?

Ann Arbor Times News: This is the time for persons contemplating making application for naturalization papers to begin looking ahead, according to Deputy County Clerk Eugene Frueauff.

"Persons in this county who have not yet been naturalized but wish to become citizens should make application before September 1st," declared Mr. Frueauff today. "Because that is the last day for the filing of applications for the December hearing. It is important that all who have not yet made their declaration should do so as soon as possible. Two years must elapse after the declaration has been filed before an alien can petition for full citizenship. By waiting longer than this summer to make their declaration aliens will lose their chance to vote at the next presidential election in 1912."

### Gave Custody of Child to Mother.

Judge Kinne has given the mother the custody of Thelma Scripser, the five year old girl which Mrs. Gertrude Simons, the mother, claims was kidnaped from her by her husband at Howell last month. The case occupied the attention of the court all day, more than 30 witnesses having been subpoenaed. The mother claimed that Scott Scripser when he obtained his decree of divorce in March failed to notify her that he would ask for the custody of the child, and the first intimation she had of it was when he arrived with a deputy sheriff and an automobile.

### Princess Theatre.

The Princess Theatre management will offer three of the strongest shows ever seen in that popular theatre, on Friday, Saturday and Monday nights.

On Friday night the theatre starts under the new management and a very strong bill will be offered, which includes 2000 feet of carefully selected films, Mr. Floyd Ward, baritone, in popular selections, and Miss Florence Heselshwerdt, soprano.

On Saturday night as usual a strong bill of 3000 feet of fine film and illustrated songs will be given.

Monday night, July 4th, the complete returns from the Jefferies-Johnson fight will be given, by a direct leased wire. The returns will be very complete and will doubtless attract a large crowd. In addition 2000 feet of appropriate films and illustrated songs will be given.

Remember the Princess Theatre is cooled by the fan system and is the coolest spot in town to spend an extra hour.

### Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank all those who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our father; also for the singing and the beautiful flowers.  
MR. AND MRS. A. L. BALDWIN  
AND CHILDREN.

## FREEMAN'S STORE



We Are Selling  
Good Things  
to Eat,

Pure Drugs  
and Medicines,  
Hammocks,

Popular  
Copyright Books,  
and

Fishing Tackle,  
at  
Very Low Prices

Try Us.



## L. T. FREEMAN CO.

## The Method of Success

We see a man—honest; capable; well dressed; self-respecting; earning the respect of others; hustling; willing to apply himself to his work; prudent; able to deny himself what he ought not to have—he's saving his money for future opportunities. Such men as this find in our Savings Department a convenient way of drawing 3 per cent interest on their spare funds.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

## FRED H. BELSER'S

ONE-PRICE STORE

STOVES  
RANGES  
SELLING AGENTS  
FOR  
Deering Mowers, Harvesters and Binders;  
Sterling Hay Loaders and Rakes; Gale Plows and Farming Tools; Burch Plows and Land Rollers; Walker & Co., and Flint Buggies; Birdsell Farm Wagons; American and Adrian Fences; Goshen, Myers and Lowden Hay Tools; Bradley Incubators; Boyddell Paints and Berry Varnishes.

General HARDWARE and FURNITURE

Implements, Wagons, Buggies and Harness

## FRED. H. BELSER.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

YOUTH NOT FLEETING.

Wonderful are the achievements of the so-called old men and women of today. But their cases are by no means exceptional, as some aver. There were mighty old people in Bible times, says Boston Globe. Their doings once seemed mythical to some critics, but in the light of what the aged are known to have done in historical times, statements that once were accepted only on faith can now be accepted without a strain. Pagan traditions also seem nearer the truth than they formerly did. The achievements of that noble Roman, Cato, who learned Greek at 80 and commanded an army when older than that, have been equaled, if not surpassed, by some modern venerables. Their names is legion, but the world knows only the conspicuous ones, such as Mrs. Eddy, Mrs. Howe and Weston, and remembers Pope Leo and Gladstone. Patriarchs and matriarchs like these need not say with Adam in "As You Like It," that age for them is like a luscious winter, frosty but kindly. Age for them is really an Indian summer. Youth is not fleeting. It may be prolonged much further than is imagined. Even now a French scientist is at work on a theory that life may be lengthened far beyond the years of Abraham, if not to the limit of Methuselah.

The remarkable exploit of Louis Paulhan, the French aviator who made a flight in an aeroplane from London to Manchester, England, in record time, has had the inevitable effect of stimulating interest in that class of flying machines. Wilbur Wright, the American inventor whose work has been directed to the perfection of the aeroplane, declares there is no longer any reason why an aeroplane cannot fly across the ocean. Without explaining the idea in detail, Mr. Wright expressed the belief that it would be practicable to construct an airship of this class with sufficient gasoline and other capacity to make the distance in question. Of course, despite this optimistic opinion, there will be skepticism on the subject. But every exploit like that by Paulhan will strengthen belief that mastery of aerial navigation is drawing steadily and rapidly nearer.

One of the weakest points in the Chinese imperial government has been its management of the finances. There has been a deplorable lack of enlightened system, and, according to confidential report, a still more deplorable excess of "squeezing" and other forms of dishonesty. It was therefore to be desired that fiscal reforms should occupy a large place in the reorganization of the government on a constitutional basis, and it is now gratifying and encouraging to observe that such is the case. Various imperial decrees have emphasized the necessity of fiscal reform and have indicated on general lines the manner in which it is to be effected, and there is ground for hoping that these will be obeyed as the other decrees relating to constitutional matters have been.

With lengthening days, and the approach of summer, approaches also the day of the "end seat hog." Already the excretion of him has begun. It will wax throughout the season and only begin to wane when the frost is on the pumpkin and the public begins to kick because the elevated doesn't put on the closed cars. The "end seat hog," let it be explained for the benefit of any strangers to America who may read this, is a person who, having secured the most attractive seat in an open car, keeps it. This makes him unpopular with his fellow-passengers, each of whom thinks the "hog" should have moved along and allowed him to have—and keep—the seat.

The mayor of New York has ordered the "keep off the grass" signs removed from 30 New York parks. He thinks the children should be allowed to romp on lawns and grassy hillsides. This is a sensible order. Grass is rendering the best service it can give a city when it is utilized as an outdoor carpet for children to play upon. It can stand a great deal of that without being seriously hurt. The light weight of children does not injure grass unless the ground is wet or the grass is so fresh from the seed as not to be fairly rooted. Playing on the grass should be regulated, but not prohibited.

The Connecticut man who has left a will giving \$10 to his son, and the rest of his estate, about \$5,000, to be expended for a monument, may not have thought much of his son, but he seems to have had a pretty good opinion of himself.

In the story books the ambitious country boy left the farm to make a fortune in the city. Under present conditions the city boy is likely to be tempted by the profits on live stock and produce.

URGES SENIORS TO READ BIBLE

PRES. HUTCHINS TELLS 950 GRADUATES TO LEAD LIVES OF PURITY.

HIS BACCALAUREATE ADDRESS DEALS WITH PASSION FOR HIGHER EDUCATION.

Romeo Man Slays 11-Year-Old Niece Over Trifling Matter; She Dead And He Will Die.

Seniors and graduate students of the university to the number of 950 heard President Harry B. Hutchins in University hall Sunday night. President Emeritus Angell followed Hutchins with a brief talk to the graduates. Dr. Hutchins said in part: "Hardly less striking than the passion for wealth in this country at the present time is the passion for education. Our schools and colleges and universities are crowded to overflowing. A desire for knowledge pervades our communities, both urban and rural, to an extent probably that is unequalled in any other country upon the face of the globe.

"Quite as remarkable as the general desire for education among the masses is the willingness of the people to provide the means. The vast sums that through private endowment are yearly devoted to education, purposes indicate an interest in the subject among the wealthy that challenges at once the attention of the student of American institutions. "Whether the present expenditure of money, time and energy upon education, and particularly upon higher education, can be justified, must depend, of course, upon the effectiveness of the product that our schools are sending into the world. And I venture to suggest that the effectiveness of that product must always depend quite as much upon the attitude of the young men and young women who have enjoyed educational advantages toward the practical problems of life, as upon the technical knowledge that they may have acquired. I would bring it home to you in such a way as to root it in your memories, that the mere possession of a university diploma will not of itself insure success. It is not a talisman that will open up at the bidding of the holder the way to honor and distinction.

Shoots Niece and Shoots Self. In a quarrel over family difficulties William Watson, of Romeo, aged 36, a teamster, shot and instantly killed 11-year-old Ruth Ferguson, his niece, yesterday afternoon. Watson then turned the gun on himself, inflicting a wound in the head which the doctors say will prove fatal. Watson met the girl in the alley back of his home and followed her into the house. Then he pulled a revolver from his pocket and shot her through the heart.

What the trouble was between the two is not known, but it is said Watson and the girl's mother, the teamster's sister, had long been at odds over some triviality.

Question on Nominations. How three circuit judges shall be nominated this fall to stand for the election required by law is a question that is perplexing the state legal department at Lansing. Judge Col. Linwood, of Lansing, Flannigan, of Marquette, and Withey of Ocolea, were all appointed to fill vacancies and the law provides that an election shall be held this fall in those circuits. The primary law provides, however, that circuit judges shall be nominated in March, 1911, and elected in April, and makes no provision for nominations this year for that office. It is presumed that the convention system will govern, but the point has not been determined.

Autos Crash; Two Hurt. Struck from the rear by a fast-driven automobile, the machine owned by A. T. Hagerman, of Lansing, containing his two young daughters, was hurled from the Okemos road, six miles from Lansing, and badly smashed. Mr. Hagerman was bruised and one of the children sustained the loss of a tooth, in addition to being cut about the face and chest. None of the injuries were serious.

Standard Reduces Oil Prices. The wholesale prices for refined oil have been reduced from one and one-half cents to one cent a gallon by the Standard Oil Co., making the prevailing price throughout the country now seven and one-half cents a gallon. The Standard controls more than 70 per cent of the refined output of the country and it can readily be seen what such a reduction in price means to the great corporation.

Gov. Haskell, Oklahoma, has issued a proclamation calling a special election for August 2 to vote on the "grandfather clause" constitutional amendment which, his opponents say, will disenfranchise the negro.

Thelma Willson, the 3-year-old granddaughter of Mrs. Sarah Willson, of Flint, died of ptomaine poisoning Monday. The girl had taken a small quantity of ice cream shortly before she was taken ill. This is the third grandchild of Mrs. Willson to die within the last six months.

Complaints relative to the assessment of general property in this state, particularly farming property, are coming to the state tax commission daily by the score. Township property owners who do not consider they received a fair deal from their supervisors are writing the commission, urging a review of property in the district.

MICHIGAN IN BRIEF.

Four deaths resulted from heat prostration in Detroit last week. Hillsdale college received a \$30,000 endowment for a professorship in memory of the late Ezra L. Koon. Swan Lynn, of Scottville, was frightfully burned when the fuel in a gasoline stove ignited. He will recover. The body of an unknown man, about 35 years old, was taken from the river at the foot of Walnut street in Wyandotte Wednesday morning.

Four cars of a north-bound Michigan Central freight train piled up at Lapeer when the rails spread, delaying traffic over the line several hours. Carl Smith, 58 years old, dropped dead in the road in Victor township while on his way to work. A widow and a large family of children survive him.

Suffering a sunstroke, John Lauer, 45 years old, a wealthy bachelor farmer who lived at Ida, fell dead as he was about to climb upon his wagon in Monroe. The sun shining on a stock of fireworks became so hot that the display windows of the W. S. Prosdore, at Charlotte, went up in smoke with a loss of \$5,000.

The Northville United States fish station has thus far distributed 160,000 small-mouth bass this season and has about 190,000 yet to put out between now and August 1. Robert Osborne, aged 84 years, the second earliest pioneer settler of the Lake Superior district, died of pneumonia Monday. He came to Calumet from the north of Ireland in 1847.

Nelson Daniels, 70, a farmer near Wacousta, was probably fatally injured by being struck by a Lansing street car. He was knocked down and dragged several feet by the fender. The first aeroplane company in Michigan has been organized in Flint and will begin construction of its air craft in a few days. It is to be known as the L. A. W. Aeroplane Co.

Black Lake claimed its second victim of the week Tuesday, when Walter Parker, 28, a Chicago electrician, employed at Zealand station, was seized with cramps while bathing and drowned. Five persons were injured when a Grand Rapids & Indiana passenger train ran into a string of freight cars which had been left on the main track at Grand Rapids. None was seriously hurt.

Rev. Charles S. Tubbs, pastor of the First Congregational church at Clinton, was drowned at Silver Lake, where he was visiting the Y. M. C. A. camp. He leaves a wife and two small children. Rose Kahr, demented, set fire to the big barn on the Kahr farm a mile and a half from Clayton village, and burned up with the building. The hopeless illness of a brother had weakened her mind.

Dependent over the death of his mother, three months ago, Harvey Coburn, of Kalamazoo, aged 55, stabbed himself to death with a jack-knife. He had been grieving for his mother for weeks. Arvilla Durfee, 14 years old, at an examination before Justice Bahdorf in Battle Creek, made serious accusations against her brothers, Clarence and George. The girl is the mother of one child.

Nine dump cars and an engine used in excavating for a lock pit at the "Soo" were precipitated into the river at the foot of the rapids. The engineer and fireman jumped to solid rock, narrowly escaping death. Working the old "Can you change a bill?" game, a stranger swindled the Canfield Coal Co., at Lansing, out of \$16.20. The coal was ordered and the stranger took the change for a \$20 bill until he could break it, but he didn't return.

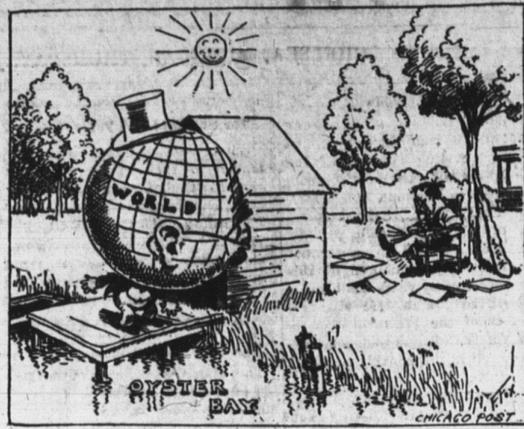
Dr. Ernest A. Bessey of the University of Louisiana has been named as successor to Dr. William J. Beal, who has retired from M. A. C. after a service of 40 years in the chair of botany. Bessey is the author of several botanical works. Milton F. Growe, who was elected worthy president of the Eagles, and the Owosso degree team were given a reception by their townspeople when they returned from the state convention at Alpena. Speeches were made by the mayor and others.

Capt. Olaf Mickelson, owner of the fishing tug which captured Deputy Fish Warden Pettit, has had the audacity to present a bill for a shirt which was torn in his struggle with Pettit on board his boat. Game Warden Pierce is aghast at his nerve. Game Warden Pierce will make an effort to secure requisition for Olaf Mickelson, the Wisconsin fish poacher who captured Deputy Warden Pettit, and prosecute him in Michigan courts. He has not accepted the \$100 license fee Mickelson sent him.

While playing with a toy cannon Anthony Nyneck, a 13-year-old Saginaw lad, blew off the end of the thumb on his right hand. A delayed explosion was the cause of the accident. The fuse was short and when it failed to go off an examination followed, with the usual result. At the Michigan Home for the Feeble Minded there are among some of the inmates those who have musical talent, which is being developed in the school by practical teachers, and the pupils are taking great interest in the work. A chorus of 100 voices is a feature of the Sunday school.

Two powder magazines, owned by Contractor McEwen, working on the N. T. R. north of Lake Nipigon, and containing \$15,000 worth of powder, were exploded by a forest fire. The magazines were located on an island and the fire jumped from the mainland. It is authoritatively stated that Hart is to have a new railroad, to be built by the Hart Cedar & Lumber Co., and W. R. Roach & Co., extending from this place into Elbridge township. The road is to be of standard gauge and will give the owners a chance to tap a large tract of timber land.

"I WONDER WHAT HE IS GOING TO DO NEXT?"



LANDIS QUASHES INDICTMENT

FREES NATIONAL PACKING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY FIRMS.

Sustains Demurrer on Technical Grounds—Orders Special Grand Jury for New Hearing.

Chicago.—The indictment against the National Packing company and its ten subsidiary concerns charging them with conspiracy to restrain trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, was knocked out Thursday when Judge Keneshaw M. Landis in the United States district court sustained the demurrer filed against the indictment by the so-called best trust.

A special venire of seventy-five men was ordered called for July 14. From this venire a grand jury will be drawn and a second investigation of the packing companies begun. In his decision sustaining the demurrer to the government indictment Judge Landis said:

"The most painstaking search of this indictment fails to disclose the presence of a charge that during the statutory period the defendants have engaged in, or had anything to do with interstate commerce, or that they done anything having any effect upon such commerce, and the court is not clothed with authority to supply, entirely by inference, the complete omission of such a fundamental element of the offense. "This fatal weakness might have been obviated by including the charge, had the evidence warranted it, that the defendants, or their respective officers or agents, did something, as, for instance, fixed prices, controlled output, divided territory, or the like, which effected a restraint of interstate commerce being carried on within the three years period. "The general averment that the defendants engaged in a combination in restraint of interstate trade is, of course, a mere conclusion, and therefore insufficient. The demurrer must be sustained."

The indictment, which was knocked out by the packers' demurrer, was drawn by Oliver E. Pugin, assistant attorney general, who was sent to Chicago from Washington. A. O. EBERHART FOR GOVERNOR Minnesota Republican Convention at St. Paul Nominates State Ticket Without Opposition. St. Paul Minn.—The following nominations were made by the Republican state convention, there being no opposition to the candidates: For governor, Adolph O. Eberhart. Attorney general, George T. Simpson. Secretary of state, Julius Schmah. Member of the board of railroad and warehouse commission, Charles F. Staples.

THREE RAILROADS INDICTED

Federal Grand Jury Return Bills Charging Violation of Elkins Act and Destroying Waybills.

Chicago.—The Illinois Central Railroad company, the Pennsylvania company and the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad company were indicted by the federal grand jury. The Illinois Central is charged with violating the Elkins act in failing to observe its tariffs. The other companies are charged with destroying waybills in violation of the interstate commerce law.

Standard Reduces Oil Prices. New York.—The wholesale prices for refined oil have been reduced from one and one-half cents to one cent a gallon by the Standard Oil company, making the prevailing price throughout the country now seven and one-half cents a gallon. The standard controls more than seventy per cent of the refined output of the country and it can readily be seen what a reduction in price means to the great corporation.

Steal \$5,000 From a Bank. Boston.—Police are searching for thieves who stole \$5,000 worth of Austrian and Italian paper currency from the private bank of Julius Rottenburg while the bank was crowded Friday. The money had been placed in a show window.

Public Building Bill Passed. Washington.—The house adopted the conference report on the public buildings bill, which disposes of that measure. The bill now goes to the president.

20,000 Cloakmakers Out. New York.—Between 18,000 and 20,000 men and women cloakmakers struck Thursday and Friday and union leaders declare that the number will be increased next week to 30,000. The regular strike order is expected before July 1.

Gambling, Mayor Indicted. Granite City, Ill.—Charles A. Uzzell, the mayor, was indicted Friday on the charge of malfeasance in office. It is alleged he permitted gambling house to operate.

TRUMP FOR AMERICANS

German Campaign of Slander Against the Deutsche Vacuum Oil Company Fails.

Berlin.—The long and venomous campaign waged by German newspapers and rival industrial interests against one of the German branches of the Standard Oil company—the Deutsche Vacuum Oil company—has just been brought to a victorious end for the Americans involved.

A well-known Hamburg newspaper for months printed such a series of attacks on the "American graft methods" alleged to have been practiced by the vacuum company in the conduct of its German business that the public prosecutor of Hamburg felt constrained to make an official investigation with a view to eventual indictments. The prosecutor has now concluded his investigation, especially of the work of E. L. Quarles, American manager of the German company's sales department, and announces that no necessity exists for pursuing the inquiry further.

No evidence of anything warranting prosecution was found against Mr. Quarles, and the costs of the entire inquiry will be borne by the state. The result of the investigation constitutes a notable triumph for American interests in Germany. It is not the first time that Germans, finding themselves unable to compete with Americans on ordinary terms, have resorted to slander.

AIRSHIP LINE IS OPENED

Zeppelin's Dirigible Deutschland Carries Twenty Passengers 300 Miles in Nine Hours.

Duesseldorf, Germany.—Regular airship passenger service was established Wednesday for the first time when Count Zeppelin's great craft, the Deutschland, carrying 20 passengers, made the first scheduled trip from Friedrichshafen to this city, a distance of 300 miles, in nine hours. The weather was perfect and the motors worked faultlessly. The average speed maintained was approximately 33 miles an hour, but between Friedrichshafen and Stuttgart 124 miles were covered at an average of 41 miles an hour. The best speed for one hour was 43 1/2 miles.

Count Zeppelin was at the helm when the Deutschland left at Friedrichshafen at 3 a. m. and sailed away on the trip that was to mark an epoch in aviation. The passengers were several directors of the Hamburg-American Steamship company and the German Airship Stock company, joint owners of the dirigible balloon, and guests. They occupied the mahogany-walled cabin between the gondolas, from the windows of which they viewed scenery as the aerial car swept along.

45,000,000 EGGS IN POOL

Speculators Form Corner in Product and Hope to Realize Big Profits Next Winter.

Newark, N. J.—Forty-five million eggs have been shipped into this city since April 1 and placed in cold storage by the warehousemen, to remain there until the high prices of last winter are duplicated. They were purchased at an average price of 23 1/2 cents a dozen, and the total cost is about twenty-six cents a dozen. If the eggs can be retailed in New York next winter at 45 cents a dozen—which they fetched last winter—there will be a profit of 19 cents a dozen, or a total of something over \$700,000.

Actress is Drowned.

New York.—An actress, known to the stage as Miss Marion Dell Taylor, was drowned in the Hudson river when a small skiff in which she and three other theatrical people were riding was smashed by a barg. Miss Taylor's true name is Marion Dell Snelder, and her parents live in Kankakee, Ill.

Bankers Gather for Convention.

Michigan bankers to the number of about 400 assembled in Fort Huron for the annual convention of the Michigan Bankers' association, which, after the more important business is disposed of, is to be continued on the steamer St. Ignace, on the way to Georgian bay and the Muskoka lakes, where two days are to be passed among the thousands of islands and inland lakes. It is looked upon as the prize outing trip of the bankers. There are many Detroit people in the party.

BILL OF LADING ORDER MODIFIED

To Be Eight and One-Half Inches Wide and Eleven Inches Long.

CAUSES MUCH EXCITEMENT

After a Consideration the Railroad Commission Decides to Let the Shipper Use Supply on Hand This Year.

LANSING.—No action of the state railroad commission in many months has caused so much excitement among the shippers and railroads in Michigan as the order emanating from the office of Chairman C. L. Glasgow that the statute requiring uniform bills of lading shall be rigidly enforced. The law requires that the bills of lading shall be eight and one-half inches wide and eleven inches long, but a recent investigation started by a Chicago printing house, which failed to land a contract for a large manufacturing firm, disclosed that the bills of lading were being printed on paper of various sizes and the penalty of the law for failure to observe this clause was called to the attention of the railroads.

As there is a provision in the statute that a circuit judge may upon conviction impose a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment for one year or both, the railroad officials ordered the shippers to secure bills of lading of uniform size. Many shippers, ignorant of the statute, have secured a large supply of bills which do not meet with the requirements of the law, and the railroad commission has received many requests from these men that they be permitted to use their present supply.

After a careful consideration the commission decided that it would be unfair to the manufacturers and shippers to compel them to destroy about \$10,000 worth of bills, so the original order was rescinded and the old bills may be used until January 1, 1911. All bills printed after June 21 must be of the required size.

Gives Forty Acres of Land to Birds.

Conveying to the Michigan Audubon society 40 acres of land, described as the north half of the northwest quarter of section 31, 53-3, a deed which carries with it a sentimental story has been filed for record in the archives of the Houghton county courthouse. The land is the gift of John Watkins, who lives on a farm between Calumet and Lake Linden and who is employed as a watchman by the Calumet & Hecla Copper Mining company. It is decided in consideration of one dollar "and through his love for nature and science."

The Audubon society is an organization formed for the purpose of preserving the wild birds of Michigan. This land is given it for the purpose of creating a game and bird preserve and it is stipulated in the deed what kind of birds and animals may be killed thereon. Mr. Watkins reserves the right to cut such timber as he may choose during a period of twenty years. But if he dies sooner than that the timber right goes to the society. If the society is dissolved at any time the land goes to the state of Michigan and for the same purpose.

Warden's Captor Pays State \$100.

The trouble between the Michigan state fishery department and Ole Mickelson of Marquette has been satisfactorily settled. Mickelson was caught fishing in Michigan waters without a license. His steam fishing craft was taken in tow by the government cutter, Chase S. Osborn, and Deputy Pettit was placed in charge. Mickelson, however, defied Pettit, cut the line binding him to the Osborn and escaped over the shoals where the Osborn could not follow and put the deputy off at Chambers island. Mickelson came over to Menominee of his own accord and paid the state license fee for his boat amounting to \$100.

U. S. to Have Quarters in Lansing.

Postmaster Foster announces that the plans for the addition to the post-office in this city will include quarters for a central United States district court, which it is expected the increasing legal business of the central section of the state will soon require. The sum of \$75,000 was appropriated for the addition to the post-office.

Union Depot for Owosso.

Members of the state railroad commission went to Owosso and, after a conference with the business men of that city and officials of the three railroads which form a junction there, ordered the roads to erect a union station at the junction.

New Corporations.

New corporations: Alpena Motor company, Alpena, \$450,000; Glove Motor Car company, Detroit, \$50,000; principal stockholder, Robert S. Millhollin, trustee; Kalamazoo Lumber company, Kalamazoo, increased from \$18,000 to \$25,000; Snyder's Furniture Manufacturing company, Grand Rapids, \$10,000; Hertzog construction company, Pontiac, \$10,000; Smith-Mathews Foundry, Detroit, \$10,000; stockholders, Harry A. and Robert Stathib, Edward Methews.

Do Not Agree on Medical Schools.

Following immediately upon the publication of the report of the Carnegie foundation on medical colleges of the United States, the American Medical association announces the results of its investigation of the same schools. This investigation has extended over six years, and included at least two personal inspections of each school.

In its report the council of investigation divides the institutions into three classes. Class A, which contains 78 schools, includes all with a rating of over 70 per cent. Those in Class B, which includes 29 schools, are rated at 50 to 70 per cent. They are unsatisfactory in certain particulars, but capable of improvement to a satisfactory basis. Class C comprises those falling below 50 per cent. Some of these are regarded as hopeless, while others, it is considered, can be made satisfactory only by a thorough reorganization along advanced lines. This class includes 27 schools.

In Class A are three Michigan schools, the University of Michigan medical department, the University of Michigan homeopathic college, and the Detroit College of Medicine, and Class C the association places the Detroit homeopathic college.

The Carnegie Foundation, in its report, said: "Sound policy would quickly close the Detroit homeopathic college and the homeopathic college of the University of Michigan, and in all probability the Detroit College of Medicine."

Fish Tugs in Fight on Lake.

State Fish and Game Warden Pierce received a message telling of the capture by the state fish tug Osborn in Green Bay of a Wisconsin fish tug and the escape of the latter by the captain slashing the tow line with an axe, the poachers carrying with them to Wisconsin waters Deputy C. E. Pettit, who was in charge of the captured boat. Warden Pierce is somewhat concerned regarding the safety of Deputy Pettit, as nothing has been heard from him, although the capture and escape took place last Saturday.

The message was filed in Menominee by Deputy J. B. Eddy and gave out few details regarding the exciting experience. Eddy asked the warden to come to Menominee at once and aid the deputies. Pierce is conferring with the attorney general regarding the case. Eddy wired that after the Osborn had been headed for shore with its captive in tow the Wisconsin captain took an axe to the tow line and forced Pettit to stand by and watch the Badger boat run away from the Wolverine craft in a race for Wisconsin waters.

Dr. Shumway May Fire His Deputy.

J. E. McDonald, deputy to Dr. Shumway of the state department of health, is going around holding on to his official head at both ears to keep it from falling off. Shumway is after "Mac" with a meat axe. McDonald is from Allegan county, where politics oozes from the pores of every male citizen of voting age. He has rasped the feelings of Shumway before. It is his latest that is liable to cost him his job. Such is the current story, though Shumway will admit no more than that the deputy will be up on the carpet later. McDonald sought to get the Allegan Gazette to come off on its opposition to Kelley in his candidacy for governor. "If you knew Pat you would know he is all right," was the substance of a letter McDonald wrote to the Gazette, and which the Gazette promptly printed, with comments not complimentary to job holders who plug for candidates. "No politics" is the rule of the health department Shumway says, and adds that McDonald knew it very well.

One Blind Pupil Receives Diploma.

Commencement exercises at the School for the Blind were held. The chapel was crowded. Although but one student graduated there was great enthusiasm shown. F. A. Tiedgen of Mason was the speaker of the evening. His address created much favorable comment among the students, and his simplicity of style was one of the pleasing features. "The University of Life" was his subject. He compared life to a university. "There are many courses and departments in the university of life, and the course is compulsory," he said.

Mr. Tiedgen dwelt a great deal upon "making good." He stated, however, that making good did not mean the accumulation of wealth, but instead it meant that one who makes good is service to himself and the state. He gave Washington and Governor Hughes as examples of men who had made good for the state.

Will Prosecute Shippers.

Prosecutions are to be instituted by the state railway commission in the near future against shippers charged with having engaged freight cars for a low freight rate and then shipping in the cars freight on which the rate is higher.

# Hints For Hostess

## TIMELY SUGGESTIONS for Those Planning Seasonable Entertainments

### Spring Party for Children.

It all depends upon the weather how much of this party may be carried out in the open. It is all practical for the house though, should showers spill from a bright blue sky.

First, tell the children they are to go out after game and give each one a little denim hunting bag for the trophies, which are animal crackers hidden in every conceivable place, the crackers to be eaten or taken home, and to the one who bags the most animals a prize of a toy animal may be given.

Then give each guest a card with numbers from 1 to 15 on and place a blackboard where all can see it. The leader or the hostess selects a child to draw a picture, whispering to him the animal he is to draw; the guests write beside the number the name of the animal they think he is trying to portray. When 15 animals have been drawn and guessed collect the cards, and to the one who has correctly guessed the most a Noah's ark is given.

Next have this bird-guessing contest: I think it appeared in the department several years ago or one similar to it, but it goes so well with a party that I gladly repeat it, as our readers are continually beseeching me for seasonable contests. The answers are names of birds.

- 1-A jolly outdoor time.....Meadow lark
- 2-What hunters sometimes do...Killdeer
- 3-A quaint old-fashioned name...Phoebe
- 4-Used in decorations.....Bunting
- 5-From whom do you buy meat.....Butcher-bird
- 6-A color Quakers like.....Dove
- 7-An unsteady light.....Flicker
- 8-Material for summer trousers.....Duck
- 9-A stupid fellow.....Booby
- 10-A boy's name.....Bob White
- 11-What two friends do.....Chat
- 12-Never seen in summer.....Snowflake
- 13-An amusement for children.....Teeter
- 14-What farmers need in harvest time.....Thrasher
- 15-What does a dog do when pleased.....Wagtail

### Ideas for Kitchen Shower.

Ask each guest to bring an article usable in the kitchen. Then the hostess to make things interesting may serve salad on tin pie plates, have bonbons or salted nuts in individual fluted patty pans and pass Saratoga chips in an enamel kettle with a skimmer to lift the wiggly chips out. Use jolly tumblers for water or grape juice, and the meat course should be brought in in a new roasting pan. The dessert, preferably some frozen sweet, may appear in small earthenware bowls or individual ramekins. Can't you see just what a jolly time this will be. All extra parcels should be delivered to the bride elect during the repast. I think a party like this should be at night so as to include the much-neglected bridegroom and his friends.

### A Dutch Card Party.

The decorations were entirely Holland's national colors—blue and red—with yellow flowers, if procurable. Only bulb blossoms should be used, as Holland is famous for them. The score was kept by stringing tiny pretzels on a ribbon of Delft blue, at the end of which was a wee wooden shoe. A large shoe filled with flowers

was the table centerpiece, with smaller ones filled with bonbons at each plate.

The hostess had been in Holland, so had genuine Dutch postals, which she used as place cards. The prizes were all bits of Delft. For the supper, which was served at 11 o'clock, there was a strictly Dutch menu—not German. I am very glad to give it for the benefit of the many readers who have requested such things, and I have never been exactly sure, as people whom I have asked have differed in opinion.

These dishes come to me as being essentially "Dutch." Each hostess may select from the outfit what suits her need and not try to serve the entire menu unless she wishes. Of course oysters are out of season until September. Oh, yes; the cards used had backs representing Holland scenes.

- Oysters. Omelet.
- Smoked Herring.
- Creamed Codfish or Finnan Haddie in Chafing Dish.
- Cold Meat, in very thick slices.
- Pickled Eggs, Pickled Beets, Pickled Cucumbers.
- Lemons and Prawns.
- Cold Slaw.
- Fish or Potato Salad, Cheese Sandwiches.
- Rye Bread in very tiny slices.
- Honey Cakes.
- Oval Cinnamon Cakes.
- Pancakes, size of a silver quarter.
- Coffee and Chocolate.
- or
- Beer in Mugs.

### The Chief Attraction.

Clothing ceases to be attractive when it becomes mussed and dusty. Vests are not wearable after the rent appears. Gloves should be discarded when they cannot be cleaned and neatly mended. Shoes do not have to come to tatters before being honestly discharged from duty. As for hats, every woman knows that her head covering makes or mars her good looks. Every housekeeper knows that a neat home is appealing and an untidy one repelling. We know these things even when we disregard them.

### Blue Most Popular Color.

Blue is very prominent among the fashions, as it is everywhere throughout fashion's realm. Never has there been such a season of blue; and the list of modish blues is long, though, for that matter there seems to be no shade of blue which is not worn. Navy and kindred shades are much worn for tailored costumes of the more severe sort, but the blues most peculiar of this season are the brilliant glowing shades, such as bleriot, radium, king's blue, flag blue, etc.

### Useless.

It is no use to put cosmetics on the face and indigestible food into the stomach; no use to pin one's faith in eye-drops and to deprive the brain of intellectual food; no use to attend physical culture classes and to wear tight stays and shoes afterward; no use to try anti-obesity cures (many of them dangerous) and saunter around shop windows or the park in place of taking real exercise; needless often the hundred and one electro-massage treatments when the same effects could be produced by the more rational stimulus.

# Africa is Home of Snake and Scorpion



PYTHON AND GIANTIC REPAST

ON THE west coast of Africa scorpions and snakes are everywhere—in one's shoes, in one's bed. At Lambarene I was writing some letters to send by native canoe to the coast to catch the European steamer. I was seated on the veranda of the post. Overhead was a flowering frangipani tree, its blossoms beautiful and heavy with perfume. Before me stretched the Ogowe river. Natives passed in their dug-out canoes, their paddles hardly disturbing the surface of the water. Suddenly something snapped over my head. I was startled and pushed back my chair. On the ground crawling at my feet was a cobra, one of the most venomous snakes in the world! There is no antidote for its sting. My servant had seen the snake swing itself from the flowering tree and poised its body ready to spring. He quickly leaped for the branch of the tree on which the snake was poised and snapped it off. The snake was thrown violently to the ground and soon dispatched.

Another time one of my paddlers was pushing my canoe out from the bank. Suddenly he disappeared. When he reappeared he was minus his leg from his knee down. A crocodile had bitten it off.

It is an ordinary occurrence for a leopard to steal a native child from a camp fire around which many adults are smoking and talking.

Wild animals can be guaranteed against. But there is no escape from insects and vermin. They spell just plain hell for the white man. Roaches fly and are as ravenous as jackals. They eat one's clothing, and devour even corks of bottles.

White ants are also exceedingly voracious. What looks like a sturdy fallen tree proves to be only a mere shell. It has been eaten out by white ants.

The Driver ants are the scavengers of the jungle. Unlike the white ants, they eat only fatty matter. I had brood after brood of wild chickens eaten by these tiny insects. They have been known to sting to death both natives and white men, and to pick their bones as clean as any vulture or jackal. Woe to the man who awakens not at their first sting. He never awakens again.

These ants travel in colonies amounting to millions. It takes days for a colony to pass a given point. They travel very quickly and always have an objective point. They have generals, captains and guards, and their march is businesslike and intelligent. They dig ditches and build bridges and tunnels. They make straight for their goal—a dead animal, or sleeping human beings. Every time they entered my bungalow I had to move out, for they never leave until they devour every bit of fatty matter. Their sting is frightful, but after they have gone the house or parts of the house visited by them is thoroughly and sanitariously cleaned.

Dangerous as they are to men and animals, they have their uses. There is only one effective way to fight them and to turn them aside. That is, by fire. Their line of march is broken up by torches of flaming bamboo. The work is tedious. The little red-brown creatures turn away helter skelter, only to line up and resume their march as though nothing had happened. They return again and again, and unless the fire is there to check them they succeed in making their intended raid.

There is a chance of recovery from malaria, blackwater fever, smallpox and even leprosy, but in the districts infested with the tsetse fly, once inoculated with the germs of sleep sickness, there is no cure.

A horrid thing! I have seen natives blinking in the torrid sun, eaten almost alive with insects and hungry, but they haven't the energy to move out of the sun, to chase away the insects or to reach out or ask for food. With eyes sinking deeper day by day into their sockets, with flesh disappearing and bones appearing, they simply fade into eternity.

Although every government with possessions in Africa has sent out eminent bacteriologists to try to learn something of this dreadful malady, yet very little has been learned, except that it is absolutely fatal and that a white man is liable to infection.

# SNOUT BEETLE PEST DAMAGES YOUNG FRUIT

## Accidentally Discovered While Observations Were Being Made for Plum and Apple Curculios—To Eradicate.

In making observations on the extent of injury that was being done to apples by the plum and apple curculios, during the spring and summer of 1909, it was noticed that another small snout beetle was present on the trees and was doing considerable damage to the young fruit. The insect was not recognized at first and specimens were forwarded to the specialists in Washington who identified them as belonging to the species whose technical name is given above.

The species does not appear to have attracted attention previously as an enemy of apples but according to observations made by the writer the habit of breeding in this fruit seems so well fixed that the common name "apple weevil" is suggested as being suitable.

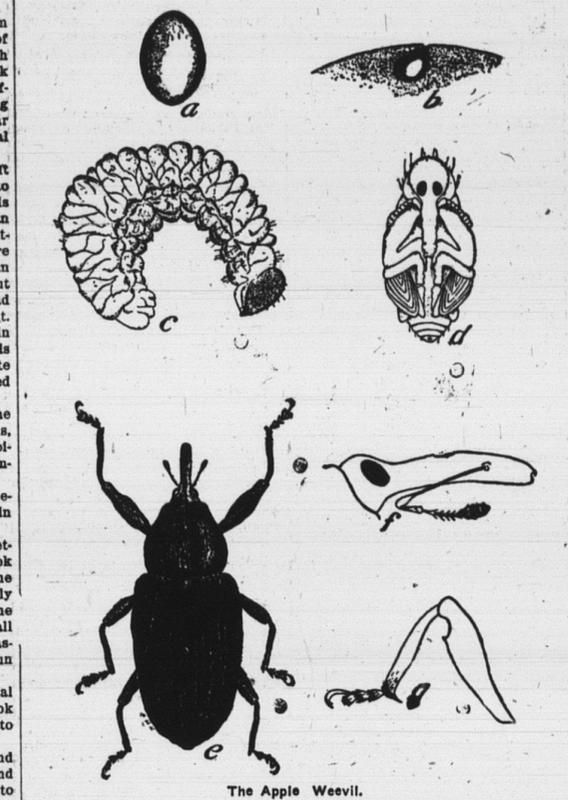
The first instance that came under our notice, in which apples were attacked by this insect, was in June, 1907, when Mr. W. E. Rumsey saw one of the beetles lay its egg in an apple growing on the Experiment Station farm at Morgantown. In the spring of 1909 Mr. Rumsey also saw numerous punctures in young apples in Berkeley county which he attributed to this species. At French Creek, in Upshur county, the beetles were abundant on apple trees during the past summer (1909), and in some cases almost every fruit on unsprayed trees showed the punctures of the insect.

The beetles make two kinds of

sealed. The feeding punctures are left open. The wounds are so small that in making a careful examination the aid of a magnifying lens is necessary.

The fruit may be attacked at any point on the surface but the punctures are found usually most numerous about the calyx and stem. So far as could be determined, nearly all the wounds that are made in sound fruit occur when the apples are quite small. The feeding punctures, in cases where decay does not set in, usually heal over so that they show only as minute scars in the ripe fruit. The same is true of the egg punctures where the eggs fall to hatch or where the larvae die soon after beginning to feed, as is often the case. The wounds made by the weevils are sometimes found and enlarged by plum curculios and possibly by other insects that feed on apples. The wounds also form centers for the spread of decay.

The larvae that hatch from the eggs feed on the fruit, forming tortuous tunnels through the flesh, or, more often, make large and irregularly shaped feeding chambers about the core. The excavations are filled with dark-colored, granular excrement scarcely any of which is cast to the surface of the fruit. The larvae are not able to reach full growth within apples that hang to the branch and continue to grow vigorously. They will live for a few days in such fruit, feeding about the chamber in which they hatched, but die after a brief



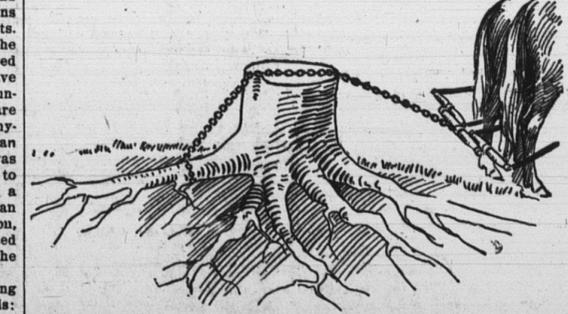
The Apple Weevil.

rounds in the fruit. One of these is made by the female to receive the egg and the other is made by both sexes in feeding. Both forms of wounds are in the shape of minute punctures through the skin which extend to a depth of about .04 of an inch into the flesh of the apple. On the surface of the fruit the average sized opening is slightly less than .01 of an inch across but beneath the skin it is enlarged considerably. Externally the egg punctures may be distinguished from the others by the small mass of glue-like excrement with which the opening through the skin is

fort to subsist on the juicy, growing fruit. In apples that cease to grow, whether they fall to the ground or remain as mummies hanging to the branches, the larvae live, reach full growth and then pupate within the fruit.

It was not determined whether the wounds of the apple weevil alone are sufficient to cause the apple to drop or whether the species is dependent upon assistance from fungous diseases and other insects in causing the apples to come to a condition which suits their requirements in reaching full development.

# METHOD OF REMOVING STUMP



By fastening the chain to one of the large roots and bringing it across the top of the stump, a leverage can be secured to take full advantage of the strength of the horses.

Flowers in the Garden. A few flowers should be planted in the garden, even if it is out of sight from the road. It will be a more attractive place to work in and many a fine bouquet can be cut for table decorations and as gifts to friends. There are numberless floral beauties from

which to choose, but some of the old-fashioned ones should not be neglected. They serve to keep fresh old-time memories and hence no doubt assist in making our lives purer and better.

Skim-Milk for Hogs. One farmer who feeds his hogs the skim-milk from the separator, mixed with cornmeal in the ratio of one to three, figures that he secures what amounts to 40 cents a hundred pounds for his skim-milk.

# CORN PLANTING IS OVER

## THAT CANADIAN TRIP SHOULD NOW BE TAKEN.

If you had intended going to Canada for the purpose of purchasing land on which to establish a home and accompanying some land company, whose holdings you proposed to look over or to go up on your own account to select one hundred and sixty acres of land free, you should delay no longer. Corn-planting is over, your wheat crop is well ahead, and you have a few weeks' time before you are required in the fields again. Now make your intended trip. Reports at hand show that the crop prospects in Canada were never better than they are today. The cool weather has not affected the crop, but if anything, it has been a benefit. There has been plenty of moisture and those who have had their land properly prepared look upon this year as likely to be one of the best they have had. A great many are going up this season who expect to pay two or three dollars an acre more than they were asked to pay last year. Others who wish to homestead are prepared to go farther from the line of railway than would have been necessary last year. Still it is worth it. So it will be with you. Next year lands will be higher-priced and homesteads less accessible. There is a wonderful tide of immigration to Central Canada now. It is expected that one hundred and fifty thousand new settlers from the United States will be numbered by the end of the present year, an increase of fifty per cent over last year. In addition to this there will be upwards of one hundred thousand from the old country, which does not include those who may come from the northern countries of the Continent. These all intend to settle upon the land. The reader does not require an answer to the questions, "Why do they do it?" "Why are they going there in such large numbers?" Western Canada is no longer an experiment. The fact that one hundred and fifty million bushels of wheat were raised there last year as against ninety-five millions the year previous, shows that the tiller of the soil in Central Canada is making money and it is safe to say that he is making more money than can be made anywhere else on the Continent in the growing of grains. He gets good prices, he has a sure and a heavy crop, he enjoys splendid-railway privileges, and he has also the advantages of schools and churches and such other social life as may be found anywhere. It is difficult to say what district is the best. Some are preferred to others because there are friends already established. The Grand Trunk Pacific, on its way across the Continent, is opening up a splendid tract of land, which is being taken up rapidly. The other railway—the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern are extending branch lines into parts inaccessible a couple of years ago. With a perfect network of railways covering a large area of the agricultural lands it is not difficult to secure a location. Any agent of the Canadian Government will be pleased to render you assistance by advice and suggestion, and a good plan is to write or call upon him. The Government has located these agents at convenient points throughout the States, and their offices are well equipped with a full supply of maps and literature.

Applause is only the clacking of tongues. Self-respect is better than fame.—Antonius.

# THIRD OPERATION PREVENTED

## By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chicago, Ill.—"I want to tell you what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. I was so sick that two of the best doctors in Chicago said I would die if I did not have an operation. I had already had two operations, and they wanted me to go through a third one. I suffered day and night from inflammation and a small tumor, and never thought of seeing a well day again. A friend told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her, and I tried it, and after the third bottle was cured."—Mrs. ALYENA SPERLING, 1468 Clybourne Ave., Chicago, Ill.

If you are ill do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until an operation is necessary, but build up the feminine system, and remove the cause of those distressing aches and pains by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

# Summer Costumes



The attractive suit for a little boy shown on the left is of white pique. The tunic is made with a double box plait in back and front and is ornamented with groups of buttons.

The collar and cuffs are trimmed with fine braiding and finished with plaits of muslin. The shield of the pique is also trimmed with the braid. The belt is of the pique or of white patent leather.

The smart little tunic suit in the middle is of white pique made in the prevailing Russian style. It, of course, fastens over on one side where it is trimmed with a band of white embroidery.

The sleeves are tucked at the bottom and finished with bands of the embroidery. The belt is of the pique stitched at the edges. The plain pique trousers just show below the tunic.

White pique seems to be a favorite fabric for children's frocks this season, and it is used for the dainty little girl's dress.

The high waisted skirt is plaited. The blouse has a deep yoke of fine tucked muslin and real Irish lace. The lower parts of the sleeves are of the same tucked muslin and lace. The belt is of the pique braided at the edges.

IDA VERA SIMONTON.

**The Chelsea Standard**

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the building first door south of the Chelsea House, Main street, Chelsea, Michigan.

**O. T. HOOVER.**

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1898, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

**PERSONAL MENTION.**

Geo. BeGole was in Detroit Monday.

Paul Bacon was a Jackson visitor Sunday.

Mrs. T. E. Wilcox was in Detroit Monday.

Miss Elsa Koch spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Julia Clark, of Detroit, spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. David Alber were in Jackson Sunday.

B. B. TurnBull was an Ann Arbor visitor Tuesday.

J. H. Hollis has returned from visiting in Cleveland.

Austin Keenan, of Detroit, spent Monday in Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Ward are guests of his parents here.

Mrs. John McKernan is visiting her daughter in Chicago.

Geo. Walz, of Sandu-ky, O., visited relatives here Sunday.

E. G. Hoag, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

R. P. Copeland, of Dexter, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

James Cassidy, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Miss Sue Powell, of Detroit, visited Chelsea friends Sunday.

Jlene and Leo McQuillen are spending this week in Dexter.

Mrs. D. Hoey, of Dexter, is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Young spent Sunday with Scio friends.

Alva Steger, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Will Burkhardt, of Fowlerville, is the guest of Chelsea relatives.

Dr. S. B. Snyder, of Fulton, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Julia Crowell was a Detroit visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. E. Taylor and children are visiting relatives at Parma.

Cleon Wolf left Tuesday morning for his home in White Oak.

Mrs. Carl Bagge and daughter were in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Henry Schumacher and daughters spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. T. I. Iddings, of Lansing, is the guest of Mrs. L. T. Freeman.

Mrs. P. Beasley, of Detroit, is visiting at the home of Jacob Hummel.

Carl Vogel, of Detroit, is spending his vacation with Chelsea relatives.

Miss Mabel Zellof, of Dundee, is the guest of John Wise and family.

Fred Potts, of Dowagiac, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Geo. BeGole.

Miss Laura Hieber spent the first of the week with her sister in Detroit.

Miss Vesta Welch, of Pontiac, is visiting Chelsea relatives and friends.

Mrs. E. E. Gallup, of Adrian, was a Chelsea visitor the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Faber, of Grass Lake, visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Clara Enos, of Willsville, N. Y., is the guest of Mrs. Helen Cushman.

Mrs. Guy Brooks and son, of Tucson, Arizona, are the guests of W. J. Knapp.

Mrs. Sage, of Whitmore Lake, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Thos. McQuillen.

Miss Edith Beeler and brother Paul spent several days of last week in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. George Davis, of Bronson, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Cole.

Mrs. Samuel Guerin is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. C. Bauer, in Albion.

Miss Edith Tuomey, of Ann Arbor, spent several days of the past week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Blizzard, of Detroit, were guests at the home of D. N. Rogers Sunday.

Frank Etinne and family, of Jackson, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Burg.

Dr. H. L. Wood, of Detroit, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Rhodes and son, of Fremont, Neb., are visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. Frank Guerin and daughter are spending this week at the home of Claude Guerin in Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mohrlock, of Chicago, spent the past week with Chelsea relatives and friends.

Miss Louise Haarer, of Lima, spent Sunday with her sisters, Misses Maria and Bertha Haarer, of Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Winaas, of Lansing, spent the first of the week at the home of Mrs. Mary Winaas.

Rev. D. S. Shaw and family, of Tecumseh, have been the guests of Rev. and Mrs. D. Idle this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hendrick and Mrs. W. L. Webster, of Chicago, are visiting at the home of J. G. Webster.

Mrs. E. W. Crafts, of Grass Lake, visited at the home of Mrs. Julia Crowell several days of last week.

Herman Geisel and Miss Amanda Heining, of Saline, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Lighthall Sunday.

Misses Jennie Winslow and Mildred Daniels left this morning for a visit to Boston and other eastern cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mellecamp and children, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McLaren and Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McLaren were the guests of Plymouth relatives Sunday.

Mrs. Ella Tuomey and Miss Alice Whitaker, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at the home of Chauncey Stephens.

Mr. and Mrs. Coe Bowen were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Kempf, of Detroit, several days of the past week.

Mrs. James Gilbert attended a family reunion at the home of her sister, Mrs. Becker, in Leslie, Wednesday.

Mrs. John Schieferstein and daughter Flora are spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. A. Taylor, of Dexter.

Ethel and Everete Tucker, of River Rouge, are spending their vacation with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tucker, of Lima.

Miss Marguerite Skinner leaves this week for a two week's visit with her sisters, Mrs. G. L. Barnes and Mrs. W. A. Meacham, of Norwalk, Ohio.

Rev. and Mrs. O. Laubengayer, of Francisco, Rev. H. Pister, of San Marcos, Texas, Miss Bertha Stelling, of Peotone, Ill., Louis Grossman, of Manchester, and Miss Telitha Pister, of Cincinnati, O., were guests at St. Paul's parsonage Monday.

**Closed Out Stoves.**

The Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. last Saturday sold to W. D. Sager of Chicago all the oil cooks and heaters they had on hand, making a complete clean up of the stove business which they recently purchased of the Chelsea Stove & Mfg. Co. The company has also sold all of the scrap iron from the old plant, thus leaving every thing in fine shape for the new branch of business which they will carry on.

**Mills-Miller Wedding.**

Cards announcing the marriage of Miss Lynna Florence Mills and Mr. Charles J. Martin, on Thursday, June 16, at Klamath Falls, Oregon, were received by the Chelsea friends of the bride the first of this week. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Fred Roedel of this place, and is a member of the organization known as the "Dear Dozen." Her marriage makes the eleventh one of the club, leaving one lone spinster to keep up the name of Chelsea's famous club. The former associates of the bride congratulate her upon her marriage. The couple will make their home in Klamath Falls.

**FRANCISCO NOTES.**

F. Mensing and family now ride through the country in an auto.

R. Kruse was able to go for a short drive Sunday evening.

H. Phelps entertained relatives from Detroit several days recently.

H. Harvey and family spent Saturday and Sunday with Jackson relatives.

H. P. Phelps and family attended the Hawley reunion in Sharon Saturday.

Several from here attended the exercises in the U. B. church in Waterloo Sunday.

Misses Ricka and Linda Kalmbach spent Sunday in Ann Arbor the guests of Rev. Wurfel and family.

Wm. Locher and wife entertained last week Mrs. W. Richards of Ypsilanti and son Austin, of Albion.

Mesdames Geo. and John Hauer, of Woodland, Barry county, have been visiting relatives here the past week.

The next meeting of the Cavanaugh Lake Grange will be held with P. Riemschneider and wife July 12, in the evening.

**Banks On Sure Thing Now.**

"I'll never be without Dr. King's New Life Pills again," writes A. Schingeeck, 647 Elm St., Buffalo, N. Y. "They cured me of chronic constipation when all others failed." Unequaled for biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, headache, chills, malaria, and debility. 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

**CORRESPONDENCE.**

**SHARON NEWS.**

Miss Mae Cash spent Sunday at Clinton.

Arthur Forner spent Sunday with Clinton friends.

Henry Minus had the misfortune to lose a horse last week.

Mrs. E. Congdon is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. Forner.

Miss Mildred Walsh, of Dexter, spent the first of the week at Adolph Alber's.

Miss Augusta Bahnmiller is spending some time at the home of her parents here.

Mesdames Michael Merkel and D. Heim spent Wednesday at the home of Albert Forner.

Charles Hasley had a bee Tuesday to draw lumber for the house he is to erect this summer.

C. C. Dorr spent Sunday in Mason, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Jas. Hathaway, who is ill.

Ed. Renau and Albert Niehaus, of Freedom, are papering at the home of J. W. Dresselhouse.

Miss Mayme Reno is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. S. Breitenwischer, of Bridgewater.

Mrs. C. C. Dorr is caring for her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Gage, of Grass Lake, who has the measles.

Albert Lemm and little twin daughters, of Highgrove, Cal., arrived here Monday, where they will spend some time with relatives and friends.

Mrs. John Heselchwerdt and daughters have been spending some time in Avoca visiting her parents. While there they attended the wedding of Otto Pohly of Manchester to Miss Reed of that place.

A miscellaneous shower was tendered Florence Cooper of Grass Lake by Mrs. H. B. Ordway at the latter's home Monday. About twelve guests were present. The afternoon was pleasantly spent and a dainty lunch was served by the hostess.

**LIMA CENTER NEWS.**

Miss Clara Winters is visiting Miss Iva Wood.

Miss Iva Wood has been spending a week in Ann Arbor.

William Kellogg, of Howell, spent Sunday with Arl Guerin.

The Gleaners have organized a lodge here with over sixty charter members.

Mrs. G. Hafner and children, of Detroit, are spending a few days with Mrs. A. Schenk.

Dr. and Mrs. O. G. Wood and son, of Hart, are spending some time with their parents here.

Mrs. Myra Lea, of Grass Lake, has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. B. Keyes.

Arl and Estella Guerin attended the Pythian Sisters annual banquet in Ypsilanti Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Mason Whipple spent Sunday at Northville with Jay Clark and wife.

**SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.**

Miss Mabel Riggs spent Sunday in Jackson.

Wm. Gage was the guest of his father, Clarence Gage, Sunday.

Miss Eva and Oscar Widmayer were guests of relatives in Dexter Sunday.

Miss Esther Widmayer is entertaining Miss Hauser of Chelsea this week.

Miss Stella Webber, of Chelsea, is the guest of Miss Celia Webber this week.

Miss Dingman, of Detroit, is spending this week with P. Phelps and family.

Mrs. Bert Bright and children have been the guests of relatives at Clinton.

John Monks is spending the latter part of this week with relatives in Saginaw and Bridgeport.

Miss Lizzie Heselchwerdt, who has been very ill with bronchial pneumonia, is slowly recovering.

**SUGAR LOAF LAKE.**

George Greagle spent Tuesday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Agnes Breitenbach is spending this week in Detroit.

Mrs. E. E. Rowe visited last Sunday at the home of Will'am Howlett.

Thomas Riley and wife, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Gerald Dealy.

The Rowe family held their annual picnic at Clear Lake last Saturday. Covers were spread for fifty-three.

Buy a bottle of Miller's Corn Remover of your druggist today. Price 15c.

**Ganderbone's Forecast for July.**

When the Hallinger trial is ended, And the jury has said what it thinks When the case has been made and defended With the wonted political winks— We shall smile—and gads, we shall need to That feel it as well has been dropped And the Guggenheim crowd will proceed to Resume where it was when it stopped.

The signs shall come down in the timber, And the patents shall tie up the coal The law will get flabby and limber, And the trusts will do as well on the whole.

It always turns out in that manner, Although we may blush to confess it And we do not regard it a banner Achievement, exactly, to guess it.

July is a tribute to Caesar. One day, with some other insurgents, he talked by the Pillar of Pompey on things of political urgency. He was just on the point of explaining the key to some government riddle when a party of regulars jumped him and cut him in two in the middle.

There were Decius Brutus, the speaker, and Cassius, boss of the Senate, together with others insistent upon some political tenet. "The party forever!" they shouted, and what with that terrible slasher Servilius Casca great Caesar as well had been run through a hasber.

At any rate, Antony found him cut up into fodder for fishes, and begged this request of the Romans, who granted the least of his wishes. And thus it has happened and shall be so long as the Tiber runs by the Pillar of Pompey that Caesar shall live in the name of July.

The Fourth shall return to discover Us waiting in battle array, And what with one thing and another Regretting we won, anyway. The cannon shall boom, and the scramble For things on the medicine shelves Shall warn inexperienced countries Aspiring to freedom themselves.

The dynamite cap and the rocket shall remind us of tyranny thwarted, and the valiant forefather shall turn in his coffin to see what he started. The eagle shall mount on his pinions and circle the North and the South, and the rapidiere orator stand on the platform and shoot off his mouth.

This latter, however, is harmless in a strict pathological way, but remains notwithstanding an evil we must in due season ally. Alas, how deficient in nature that might lay this pest on the shelf with ruling that shooting his mouth off he gave the lockjaw to himself!

This tetanus, we are quite certain, has good and defensible uses, and all of its manifestations thus far have been only abuses. The idea, as we regard it, is not that it should be the cause of any more serious matter than locking the orator's jaws.

You know that we never hear of it except on the Fourth of July, and whenever some innocent gets it we forever are wondering why. Well, this is the fact of the matter, and by Jove, we are willing to bet it turns out in the long run that no one but a lot of old wind-jammers get it.

However, be that as it may be, And get whom the tetanus will. The jubilant youth of the nation Will resume with its shooting to kill. The safe and the sane celebration Will suit us who are not so skittish, But the youngsters have got to do something To show what we did to the British.

There never was anything safe in the way the forefathers attacked them, and as for the snar attendants, the old fellows seem to have lacked them. They simply cast fear to the bow wows and waded into the affray, and a boy does not think himself worthy if he can't shoot himself, anyway.

At any rate, Jeffries and Johnson will growl like a couple of poodles and observe independence with beating the hair off their mutual noodles. They'll alternate making the other leviathan howl for his mother, and if the country at random is lucky they'll manage to kill one another.

It's only a plan to make money, deservng the strictest of strictures, for what they will have is a race war dividing what's made on the pictures. We've been pretty mad in this country for dollars, and power, and places, but this is the first time we've tracked upon the abyss races.

The fat occupant of the White House Will lie on his back in the grass Beneath the green Beverly maples Observing the aeroplanes pass. The chauffeurs will keep right on chaffing, With seeing it's no one but Bill, And they'll sigh just to think what had happened Had they flown over Sagamore Hill.

But not every man can be Caesar, as someone has stated, alas! and in the due course of the matter someone will be pedaling August.

It's a hard body must lie in the grass. It's hard on a strenuous nation, afflicting us all in a way, but we'll look on the brighter side of it, and conclude it is good for the hay.

However, Time flies is a proverb. And one day, his foot on his gong And his engine back pedaling August Will come aeroplane along. Copyright 1910, by G. H. Rieth.

# July Clearance Sales

## Bargain Time of the Summer Season

The July Clearing Sales are the most comprehensive bargain events of the year, embracing every department and all lines of merchandise. They are the vehicles for the final disposition of all the broken assortments, odd lots, remnants, soiled, mussed, discontinued lines and surplus stocks, together with the balances remaining from many special purchases.

For weeks preparations have been under way—collecting, arranging, comparing and deciding on the new prices that now take the place of former quotations. If you recall the sales of other years, you can form an idea of how radical these reductions are in this clearing sale.

The display in our windows are of special interest, and show the extraordinary scope of these clearing sales.

### Shirt Waists

Both Lingerie and Tailored

98c for \$1.25 and \$1.50 Tailored Waists.

\$1.50 for \$2.00 and \$2.50 Tailored Waists.

98c for \$1.50 and \$2.00 Lingerie Waists.

\$1.50 for \$2.50 Lingerie Waists.

\$2.00 for \$3.00 and \$2.75 Lingerie Waists.

**KABO AND R. & G. CORSETS**

We have taken from our regular stock about 60 Kabo and R. & G. Corsets that we shall place on sale at

**75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.**

Some are worth double this price and all are worth 1-3 to 1-2 more than we are asking now to close them out quickly. Not all sizes of any one kind but a corset for every woman in this lot

**WOMEN'S LOW SHOES**

Very Special Prices on Women's Low Shoes and Pumps to clean up.

### Druggists' Sundries

Prices For One Week Only

Colgate's or Mennen's 25c Talcum Powder, borated or scented, 13c.

Pears' Soap, unscented, 10c.

La Parisienne Glycerin Soap, large 10c Cake, 7c.

Cosmo Buttermilk Soap, 6c.

Three Cakes Queen Ann Soap (one lot to each customer only) 10c

Large Double 10c cake of Armourita Soap, very fine, 6c.

Large Double 10c Cake of Berlin Glycerine Soap, 7c.

Premo Glycerine Soap, very fine quality and lasting, 4c.

Pumex Mechanics Soap, 4c.

**VERY SPECIAL**

98c for \$1.25 Print House Dresses.

\$2.00 for \$2.50 Amoskeag A. F. C. Gingham House Dresses

\$2.75 for \$3.50 Fancy Gingham House Dresses.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

15c
51c

### MILLER'S CORN REMOVER

A Speedy, Painless Remedy for Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions, Warts, Moles and Callouses.

That grinding, penetrating, continually growing pain passes through your whole body. It makes it impossible to walk with comfort and to wear decent looking shoes. Possibly you neglected the corn because you did not want to use a greasy salve or a sticky liniment or because you was not acquainted with MILLER'S CORN REMOVER.

It looked like a big undertaking to remove a corn fifteen or twenty years of age, but all you have to do is apply the liquid Corn Remover (do not bandage) and it will do the rest. Don't put it off. Don't suffer another day or another hour with that ugly corn.

Buy a bottle of Miller's Corn Remover at once. Apply the Corn Remover with the enclosed brush night and morning for four days. Do not bandage. Soak the feet in hot water the fifth day and the corn can be readily removed. (Keep the bottle corked.)

For sale by L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

MANUFACTURED BY

**DWIGHT R. MILLER, Pharmacist**

**UNION CITY, MICH.**

15c
15c

Price 25 Cents

### TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE

315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

**SUMMER TERM**

Detroit Business University, from July 5 merges into autumn session from August 29th. Catalogue explains. Correspondence invited. E. S. Shaw, secretary, 15 Grand River east, Detroit, Mich.

**It won't leak \$2.50 AND UP**

**MOORE'S NON-LEAKABLE**

Moore's Non-Leakable has many advantages over the ordinary fountain pen. You can carry it anywhere and in any position with the absolute assurance that it will not leak. When the pen point is pulled down into the barrel and the cap properly adjusted, the ink becomes incased in an air-tight and ink-tight chamber, thus making leakage utterly impossible. By this simple operation the pen point rests in ink, and is all ready for instant use without requiring the preliminary shaking so common with fountain pens.

Moore's is the easiest of pens to take off. Scribes and times to suit all tastes and powers. \$2.50, \$3.50 and up. **INSIST ON MOORE'S.** MOORE'S NON-LEAKABLE MIDGET—2 1/2" long. Just the pen for Doctors. Can be carried conveniently in your lower vest pocket. Price \$2.50.

**A. E. WINANS & SON, Chelsea**

## CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS

**WE ARE SELLING:**

Flour, per hundred	\$2.80
Winter Middlings, per hundred	1.40
Winter Bran, per hundred	1.35
Oats, per bushel	.45
Shelled Corn, per bushel	.70
Try our Prepared Hog and Cattle Feed, per hundred	1.40
Beach and Maple Wood, per cord, delivered	\$2.75

**Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.**

# YOUNG MAN! BE A LIVING PICTURE.



You can do it all right. You're young, athletic and healthy. You have broad shoulders, erect poise and a quick springy step.

Make the most of your physique. See to it that your clothes add to your good looks. Wear garments that please the eye and make your appearance count for something with other people.

For we've got clothes you can wear to best advantage.

They're made especially for you, cut and draped according to the lines of your youthful figure, and even the plainest of our models is designed to appear artistic. While the more attractive styles with exaggerated lines and fancy fashion features are decidedly picturesque.

## MEN'S NEW STRAW HATS.

The new Straws are ready in a splendid variety. Complete presentation of all the very latest braids and shapes. The celebrated Schobler hand-made Hats, in yacht shapes or soft braid straws; very newest blocks—\$1 to \$3. Real Panamas, in telescope, crease or square crowns—a very large assortment—\$5 to \$7.50.

## Furnishings Men Want.

Eclipse Shirts—New styles, all colors guaranteed—\$1 to \$3.  
 Outing Shirts—Flannel and Soisette, collars—attached or detached—\$1 to \$3.  
 Underwear—Union Suits at \$1, \$1.50 and \$2. Two-piece Suits, regular and athletic, per garments, 50c to \$1.  
 New Leather Belts—All colors, 25c, 50c and \$1.  
 Pure Thread Silk Hose—plain shades, 50c.  
 Silk Lisle Half Hose—Special quality for service, 25c.  
 Wash Ties—A large selection—Four-in-Hands, all new patterns, 25c and 50c.  
 Soft Collars—In tan and white, special values, 25c.  
 Auto Apparel of all kinds at lowest prices!

# DANCER BROTHERS.

## CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

Try our Little Chick Feed, per hundred, \$2.25  
 Bran, per hundred, \$1.40  
 Middlings, per hundred, \$1.50  
 Corn and Oats, ground, per hundred, \$1.40  
 Oats, per bushel, 45c  
 Shelled Corn, per bushel, 70c

USE  
Pennant Flour.

## CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

## The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

### WORKING UP RAW MATERIAL

Cotton, Wool, etc., as raw materials go through many intricate processes before the finished article is produced.

It might be said that banks receive "raw material" which goes through the machinery of the bank and is increased in value.

Deposits are raw material in the banking business—these must be wisely and skillfully cared for and invested in order to become productive.

Skilled labor is necessary; men of ability and experience turn idle money into producing more money.

When this bank, by its system and service, makes each dollar in the community more productive, the people are benefited.

## The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Burnett Steinbach lost a good work horse last Thursday.

Clara and Mary Koch are attending the summer school at Ypsilanti.

Born, Thursday, June 25, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Wirt Ives, of Unadilla, a son.

Elmer Smith has had a new roof placed on the horse barn on his farm in Lima.

Charles Stephenson has accepted a position with Frank Shaver in his barber shop.

There will be a regular meeting of the K. O. T. M. on Friday evening of this week.

The Sisters in charge of St. Mary's school entertained a number of their pupils at Cavanaugh Lake Wednesday.

The increase of students at the University of Michigan is so great that no new building has been large enough when completed.

Mrs. Eva Fisk was called to McHenry, Illinois, on account of the serious illness of her brother, Charles Guerin, last week Wednesday.

Misses Clara and Mary Koch, who graduated from the Chelsea public schools last week, have received schools in Lodi to teach the coming fall.

The material for the large barn which Mrs. Geo. Boynton will have built on her farm is being delivered. Chris. Koch has the contract for the work.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Alta Lemm and Gordon D. Cliff, to take place on Thursday evening, June 30th, at the home of the bride in Sharon.

Paul Edgar Erickson, who advertised a lecture in the Sylvan theatre last Saturday evening, did not seem to be a very good drawing card, as not one single person put in an appearance.

Hummel Bros. last Thursday delivered to Stevenson brothers of North Lake an eight foot cut, with tongue truck attachment McCormick binder. This is the largest self binder ever sold in Chelsea.

Geo. S. Davis and family entertained his father and brother, Geo. Davis, of Hastings and Wm F. Davis, of Battle Creek, Sunday. Miss Ella L. Davis returned with her grandfather to Hastings where she will spend some time.

The fire department was called to the home of George Nordman on south Main street Tuesday noon by a small fire in a shed and pig pen. The property is owned by Mrs. Simon Weber, sr., and the damage proved to be very slight.

The Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. have a force of men at work putting up shafting, placing machinery and whitewashing the ceilings and side-walls of their buildings. Monday the company received two very large iron planers.

Married, Wednesday evening, June 29, 1910, at St. Paul's parsonage Chelsea, Miss Eliza Zincke, of Freedom and Mr. Walter F. Kantlebner, of this place, Rev. A. A. Schoen officiating. The couple were attended by Mr. Edward Zincke, brother of the bride and her sister-in-law, Mrs. William Zincke.

James Kern of Wayne, who is backed by a number of Chelsea men, has started a factory for the manufacture of an improved carburetor for use on gasoline engines, in the building occupied by the Thos. Hughes' garage. A quantity of new machinery is being installed, and the business gives evidence of working into something good.

Word was received here this afternoon of the death of Mrs. Rice A. Howell at Wenatchee, Washington. Mrs. Howell was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier, and was united in marriage to Mr. Howell about a year ago. She leaves an infant daughter, husband, parents, two brothers, two sisters, and a host of friends to mourn her untimely death.

For some time past the residents of west Middle street have been annoyed by a "Peeping Tom." Monday evening Albert Winans caught one of the men as he was looking in the windows of his residence. The fellow was taken to the lock-up and proved to be one of the Italians who is employed by the Michigan Central on the grade west of this village. The man was taken before Justice Witherell Wednesday evening, and paid \$10.00 as a fine and costs.

Dr. S. G. Bush has purchased a Buick roadster.

Born, Monday, June 27, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Manfred Hoppe, of Sylvan, a son.

Born, Thursday, June 25, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buss, of Freedom, a son.

The O. E. S. will give a birthday party at their hall on Friday evening of this week.

Miss Anna Miller has purchased from Christian Koch the residence on Lincoln street.

Misses Margaret Eder and Edna Raffrey are attending the summer school at Ypsilanti.

W. W. Wadhams, of Ann Arbor, placed a handsome launch on Cavanaugh Lake Tuesday.

Rev. W. P. Considine gave the altar boys of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart a day's outing at Long Lake Wednesday.

The Chelsea Elevator Co. placed a new delivery wagon in commission the first of the week. The wagon was built by A. G. Faist.

The Sunday school class taught by Mrs. F. H. Sweetland in the Congregational church, held a picnic at her Cavanaugh Lake home Wednesday.

Mrs. John J. Raffrey sold to the Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. Wednesday about two acres of land lying south of D. B. Taylor's addition to Chelsea.

Miss Nellie Congdon, who has been teaching in the public schools at Stafford, Kansas, is spending her summer vacation at the home of her sister in Saline.

There will be a meeting of all the members of the Business Men's Association at the office of George Staffan tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

James VanOrden and family have shipped their household goods from Ann Arbor to Chelsea and are again residents of this place, having moved into the Geddes house on North street.

Lewis W. Heatley, of Lyndon, who has been attending school in Big Rapids for the past nine months, left Wednesday for Saltillo, Mexico, where he has accepted a position with a railway company.

Geo. H. Foster & Son have rented the store on the corner of Main and Middle streets known as the Hatch-Durand block. They will use the main floor for a show room and the basement for a work shop.

Mrs. Thomas Jackson has been granted a widow's pension of \$12 per month, and also awarded the back pension due to her late husband, by the pension department at Washington. The claim was handled by B. B. TurnBull.

The Grant & Wood Mfg. Co. let the contract, and are immediately to erect a building two hundred feet long by fifty feet in width, directly north of factory No. 12. This building will be used for the manufacture of steel balls for ball bearings.

Wirt S. McLaren on Monday purchased the interest of L. L. Westerland in the Princess theatre, and will take possession on Friday of this week. Warren Geddes will retain his interest and the new management will be known by the firm name of Geddes & McLaren.

J. D. McLaren was taken last Friday night with a severe hemorrhage of the nose that was very stubborn to check, and he lost considerable blood, producing great weakness which has compelled him to remain at home ever since. His condition is improving but slowly, another slight attack coming on Tuesday night.—Plymouth Mail.

H. S. Holmes, accompanied by A. F. Freeman and Geo. B. Rhead of Ann Arbor, left on Wednesday for a month's business trip into the Canadian northwest where they have several thousand acres of land. The trip will take them into the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta, and may even extend to the coast. They went by boat from Detroit to Port Arthur and from there take the Canadian Pacific.

The foremen and some of the men are beginning to arrive at the factory and are looking for houses. If anyone having idle money would put up a few tasty houses they could certainly dispose of them between now and fall at a fair advance. If anyone having vacant houses or desiring boarders will leave a memorandum of the location of their property with description of same at the office of the company, renters and buyers will be referred to them. It would be well to make a memorandum describing location of property, number of rooms in house and general condition together with price or monthly rent desired.

# July Clearance Sale

## Values No Buyer Will Overlook

### Some Summer Specials That Will Clean Us Up On Summer Goods. Everything Goes.

No reservation, no ifs or ands. If price is any object we will have nothing left in Summer Goods to carry over. First here first served. In order to make this July Sale doubly attractive we are going to price many staple goods ordinarily not included in summer clearance sales at prices much below real value. We ask you to carefully compare our prices with anyone's, look them up, and we will get your business.

### Summer Wash Fabrics

This season's most popular weaves and patterns, and now you can buy them at less than half their value.

### Dry Goods Department

Lonsdale and Fruit Bleached Cotton, 10c  
 Good quality, fast color, Gingham, 5c  
 Regular 10c Gingham, 7c  
 Odds and ends in Summer Underwear 5c to 10c, were in the 15c to 25c grades.

Carpets and Rugs Reduced for this sale.

### Oxfords and Pumps

Cheaper than you have ever been able to buy them. All broken lots reduced to half regular prices.

### Men's and Boys' Suits

Tremendous Values in Men's and Boys' Suits. We are going to close them out at from Fourth Off to Half Off. Greatest opportunity ever offered in Chelsea on Men's and Boys' high class ready-to-wear suits.

Men's and Boys' Dress Shirts 39c  
 Worth 50c to 75c.

### Straw Hats at Closing Out Prices

Men's Good Cotton Socks, pair, 5c.  
 Bargains in China Glassware.  
 In fact every department will offer bargains during this July Clearance Sale.

# W.P. SCHENK & COMPANY

COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN	PRINCESS THEATRE Geddés & McLaren, Manager	COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN
Friday Night	Saturday Night	Monday Night
Grand Opening Under the New Management.	3000 Feet of Carefully Selected Film.	Oh, You Jefferies-Johnson Fight Returns
2000—Feet of Film—2000	Illustrated Songs by Miss Heselschwerdt.	The Complete Returns Will be Announced From the Stage
Mr. Floyd Ward, Baritone.	Mr. Harold Pierce with Trap Drums.	Plenty of Good Pictures
Miss F. Heselschwerdt, Soprano.	ADMISSION	Illustrated Songs and Good Music
The Biggest Show for the Price—5c and 10c—Ever Given in Chelsea.	5 Cents 10 Cents	

## WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

LOST—A bundle containing clothing, shoes and razor. Finder please notify John Boyer. 47

FOR SALE CHEAP—If taken at once a 4 h. p. new Columbus Gasoline Engine. Call on A. G. Faist. 42ft

HAVING purchased a Suffolk Punch Stallion, I offer him for service at my barn on north Main street every Saturday. Terms \$10. W. J. Beutler. 48

OLD PAPERS—To put on shelves or under carpets. Big bundle for five cents at the Standard office.

GIRL WANTED—For dining room at Chelsea House. Wanted immediately. 48

### Notice.

There will be a meeting of all the members of the Business Men's Association Friday evening, July 1st, at 8 o'clock, at office of Geo. P. Staffan. A full attendance is requested. Dated, Chelsea, June 30, 1910. F. H. BELSER, President.

Miller's Corn Remover is sold in Chelsea by L. P. Vogel, H. H. Fenn Co., and L. T. Freeman Co. 50

## Saturday Specials

THIS LOT FOR \$1.00.

Half pound 50 cent Tea . . . . .25c  
 One pound Steel Cut Coffee . . . . .25c  
 One can Baking Powder . . . . .25c  
 Half pound Black Pepper . . . . .15c  
 Half pound Cinnamon . . . . .20c  
 One cake Chocolate . . . . .10c  
 One cake Sweet Chocolate . . . . .07c  
 One package Yeast Foam . . . . .05c  
 Two Boxes Egg-O-See . . . . .20c

We are making some special prices on Lawn Mowers, Buggies, Harnesses, Hay Cars and Slings to close out.

Headquarters for Hay Forks, Rope, Door and Window Screens, Paris Green and Sprayers. Try our "Rex" spraying mixture. Now is a good time to buy a U. S. Cream Separator. Furniture and Groceries.

## J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

Try Standard Want Column. You get results

# OUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

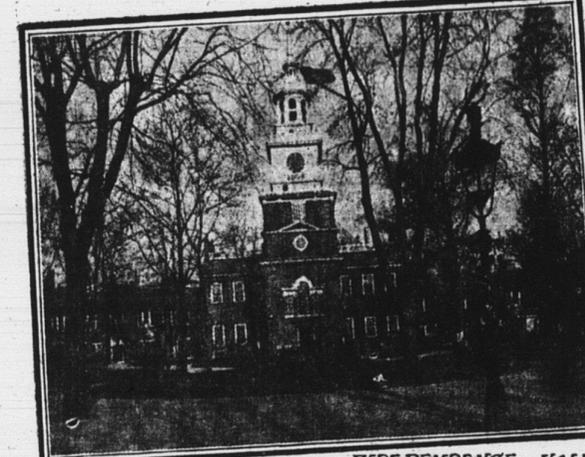
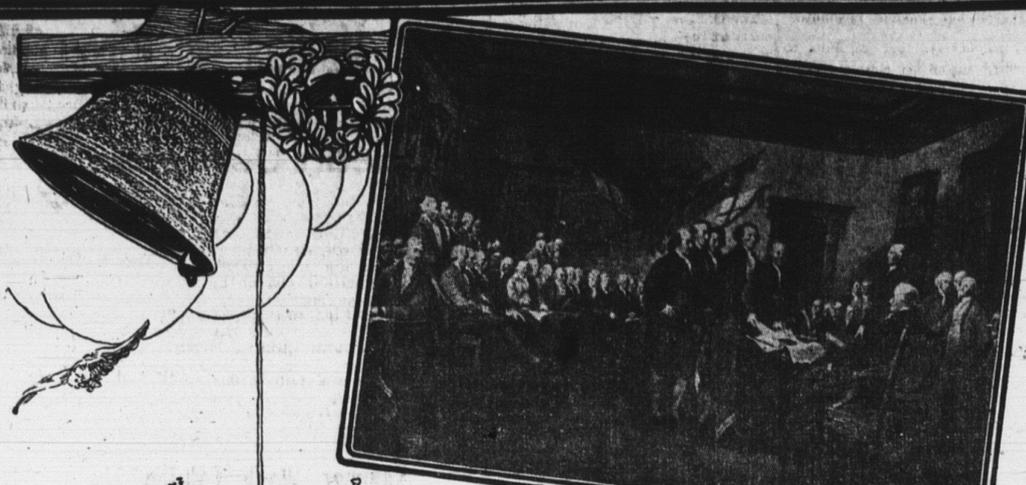
**T**HE IMMORTAL instrument which was signed by John Hancock on July 4, 1776, has meant more than the growth and development of an independent nation on this side of the Atlantic. It was in itself the re-enactment of the greatest bill of human rights ever penned, which received the signet of an unwilling king at Runnymede, and the birth of constitutional liberty.

In these days of peace and plenty the Fourth of July is given to salutes of cannon and the ringing of bells and to the feu de joie, with variations, as John Adams predicted that it would be, yet the observance of the Fourth is an occasion for recalling memories past and giving thanks for the deeds of the patriot forefathers is sporadic rather than general in the United States. The Declaration of Independence is not read from the rostrum, as it once was in every community and the orators to the links have gone.

So much has been taken here as a matter of course that it seems hard to realize that this anniversary is celebrated in the very England from which liberty was wrested and that observances of it are officially ordered in many lands beyond the seas. The Fourth of July has become international in scope, for it has changed the governments of nations whose capitals are far from Independence hall. So widespread have its effects become as studied in the light of the present day that in order to get the true value of all that the declaration signifies to the world in 1910 it is necessary to go back to the very beginning of American liberty.

Had not the ideas of government held by the colonists been essentially British there would probably never have been any Declaration of Independence. It is as natural for the Briton to demand his rights as it is for him to live. The War of the Revolution was largely due to the fact that the two thousand miles of water between London and the colonies caused parliament to lose sight of the ties of consanguinity and of race.

Although the original thirteen colonies were so essentially English in thought and feeling they had never actually been established by England as a national enterprise. The only one which had ever received any official aid whatever was Georgia, and that was not sufficient to carry any such feeling of dependence as is essential for the preservation of intimate colonial relations. The right to colonize the North American continent had been granted by charters from a British king. According to the feudal system, which was



INDEPENDENCE HALL PHILADELPHIA.

then rapidly becoming effaced, the king owned all the land and distributed it among various favored vassals.

The sovereign in the same way regarded the new world as if it had been won by the sword. The most extravagant ideas prevailed with regard to the wealth of the American lands. It was at one time soberly believed in England that gold and silver and precious stones could be had for the taking and that the natives were the possessors of fabulous wealth. The king gave the charters in most cases with the idea that he would profit greatly from mines which would yield enormous returns to the royal exchequer.

When the colonists came here they found it necessary to make good their titles either by peaceful bargains with the Indians or by force of arms. From the very first the spirit of independence was fostered, for fleets which had to be maintained by constant vigilance and negotiations and by show of force did not carry with them a deep sense of obligation. Indeed, even at that early day, although for the throne the colonists entertained feelings of loyalty and devotion, a shrewd idea was abroad that the king did not really own the land which he had bestowed by his charter. The conquest of nature and of the savages brought a rugged independence which as the years went by became more and more distasteful to the authorities in England.

Yet the idea of separation from the crown was of slow growth. The forefathers maintained that they were British subjects, although not living within the realm, as indeed was specified in some of the royal charters. The Massachusetts charter, for instance, sets forth that the colonists shall be considered "as if they and every one of them were born within the realm of England." As British subjects, then, they maintained that they should be entitled to representation, and therefore each colony had its assembly, which determined upon all matters of the common weal and established rates of taxation. It was one of the principles expressed in the Magna Charta that the common council of the kingdom "was to assess an aid or to assess a scutage,"

and again, in 1688, it was declared by the British people, then well on their way to constitutional liberty, that "no money was to be levied for the crown without grant of parliament."

The Declaration of Rights was a forerunner of the Declaration of Independence. There is nothing more essentially British than the dictum that there shall be no taxation without representation. Of the early American statesmen only Franklin and Otis wished to have representation in the British parliament. The others considered that their own assemblies should be the legislative bodies entirely and that if any taxes were to be imposed they should be collected only with the consent of the colonial assemblies.

The question of taxation, however, did not enter into any controversies, for it was not until the middle of the eighteenth century that Great Britain, exhausted by many wars and seeking to replenish the national treasury, sought extraordinary means for raising revenue and her ministers proposed that the colonies, which had been growing in wealth and importance, should be made to contribute to the impoverished exchequer. The French and Indian war had shown the power of the colonies and their force and had given a very definite idea of their growing wealth and importance.

Having reached the decision to tax the colonies, the ministry did not spend any time in preliminaries. It was decided that parliament had the right to levy the taxes and the fact that the colonies had no representation in that body was not taken into account. Such a matter would ordinarily have been considered a subject for delicate negotiation, but the decision to tax having once been made, no time was lost in levying it.

England had in effect been a constitutional monarchy since the signing of the Magna Charta in 1215 and in taxing the colonies not represented in the common council of the kingdom she had violated one of the oldest of the rights which every Briton claims.

By the mother country, which provided for the stamping of various legal instruments and papers and contracts of all kinds, as well as dice and playing cards.

The news of the passage of this act roused the colonists to fury. A gallows was erected in what is now City Hall park, New York, and the British governor was hanged in effigy, and the house of Major Jones, in command of the British regiment, was sacked. Then came the rising of the "Sons of Liberty" and the raising of the liberty poles. Boston and Philadelphia were voracious of the storm. So emphatic was the protest that much of the act was repealed and duties were established on tea, which accounted for the sudden rain of tea in Boston harbor. Then came the burning words of Patrick Henry, "Give me liberty or give me death!" before the Virginia in 1773. The year later brought the promulgation of the "Declaration of Rights and Privileges," in which it was declared that every man had "the right to life, liberty and property and that most ancient right granted at Runnymede, trial by his 'peers of the vicinage.'"

Throughout all this time of storm and strain the protests were made as British subjects, and that congress which met in Carpenter's hall in 1774 was still loyal to the crown. It petitioned the king, remonstrated with parliament and appealed to their brethren in England. Then came Lexington and Concord. The congress of 1775 made provisions for an army, with Washington as commander, and still petitioned. Its petition was refused and mercenaries were hired from petty German princes—to quote the words of Lossing—"butcher British subjects for asserting the rights of British subjects."

Richard Henry Lee of Virginia offered the independence resolution in June, 1776, and a committee was appointed to draft the declaration, consisting of Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman and Robert Livingston. Jefferson wrote the document and alterations were made principally at the suggestion of Franklin and Adams. The paper was submitted to congress on June 28. It was laid on the table until July 1, when nine colonies voted in favor of it.

The independence resolution was actually adopted on July 2 and promulgated to the world on July 4, when John Hancock of Massachusetts affixed to it his bold signature.

The other members of the congress did not sign it until August 2, and the impressive scene connected with the signing was not witnessed until nearly a month later, although it is popularly associated with the Fourth of July.

Centuries of the progress of the rights of man bear witness in the Declaration. That "all men are created equal and are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," was not new, for it was recognized at Sinai. That governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed had been stated and restated in many

ways since the beginning of the colonies. Thomas Jefferson was criticized at the time for lack of originality in the declaration. The document gained all the greater force from its statement of self-evident truths. Never was there a more masterly presentation of a bill of grievances than is contained in the Declaration, which "submits the facts to a candid world."

Arraigning the British king for acts of tyranny, it sets forth that he refused "his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good," meaning that George III. had prevented the issue of colonial currency and had refused representation to his American subjects.

It was desired on the part of the New York assembly to enter into a treaty with the Six Nations, but the governor prevented the negotiation of the treaty until he could obtain the consent of the king.

He did not proceed further because he feared that such an act would lead to independence. Hence the expression, "He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance."

Grievances of the Massachusetts colony, which was deprived of representation and suffered interference in popular elections because of its wish to trade with Nova Scotia, suggested the paragraph:

"He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless those people should relinquish the right of representation in the legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only."

To further humble the Massachusetts colony and to punish the participants in the tea party of 1773 the assembly was called in Salem, and not in Boston. Hence the words of the document, "He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable and distant from the depository of their public records."

Massachusetts colony and others had adopted resolutions in their assemblies that there should be no taxation without the consent of the governed. The Massachusetts assembly was asked to rescind its resolution in 1768 and on its refusal to do so was dissolved. The assemblies of Virginia and North Carolina met the same fate. This state of affairs is summed up in the Declaration in the words, "He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing with much firmness his invasion on the rights of the people."

The Declaration protests against the judges being dependent on the will of the king for their salaries, and, indeed, in some of the colonies many of the judges had been impeached for declaring that they would receive their salaries from the royal treasury.

Grappically the authors of the document tell how the erection of a multitude of new offices had impoverished the country, referring to the collectors appointed to carry out the provisions of the stamp act. The quartering of troops in times of peace was a substantial grievance complained of, for the king insisted on retaining British regiments here after the French and Indian war at the expense of the colonists, ostensibly for defense but in reality to suppress a growing democracy.

The words, "He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power," refer to the position taken by General Gage, who, with several regiments of British troops, was in Boston. By order of the king he had been made superior to the civil government.

Here and there through the colonies Americans had been killed in altercations with British soldiers, who were subsequently put on trial and acquitted. The Declaration accuses the king of quartering large bodies of armed troops and of "protecting them by mock trial from punishment for any murders which they may commit."

Such were the principles enunciated in the Declaration, and how well they were sustained by the arbitrament of war the world knows. The nation began celebrating the glorious Fourth from the very beginning. Salutes of 13 cannon were fired by the army in 1777, and the new republic was pledged in wine.

West Point saw a significant celebration in 1779, when General Washington issued a pardon for all prisoners in the army under sentence of death. The last celebration of the army of the Revolution as such took place on both shores of the Hudson river and a grand salute was fired.

More of the nature of a festival dominated the Fourth after 1783, for then came parades, free dinners, toasts, the reading of the Declaration in public by citizens and more and more the participation of the younger generation. Dignity and solemnity marked these early celebrations and eloquent speeches were made.

The Fourth is a statutory holiday in every state and its fame has gone beyond the seas.

**DANGER SIGNALS.**  
Sick kidneys give unmistakable signals of distress. Too frequent or scanty urinary passages, backache, headache and dizzy spells tell of disordered kidneys. Neglect of these warnings may prove fatal. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills. They cure sick kidneys.

Mrs. M. A. Gambrell, Russellville, Ark. says: "I was in such bad shape from kidney disease that I gave up hope of my recovery. I could rest neither night or day, the pains in my back nearly driving me frantic. There were decided dropsical symptoms such as swelling of my feet and ankles and my heart palpitated violently. After doctoring without benefit, I began with Doan's Kidney Pills and when I had used two boxes I was as well as ever."

Remember the name—Doan's.  
For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**KEEP FIT**  
Your brain, muscles and nerves depend upon good physical condition. Secure it by using **BEECHAM'S PILLS**

**FREE** IRRIGATOR'S HAND-BOOK  
Very valuable work for patients. 100 pages, 60,000 words. Actual experience in Twin Falls, Colorado. Book worth \$1.00. Send name and address to: Dr. J. C. Beecham, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

**KEEP FIT**  
Your brain, muscles and nerves depend upon good physical condition. Secure it by using **BEECHAM'S PILLS**

**FREE** IRRIGATOR'S HAND-BOOK  
Very valuable work for patients. 100 pages, 60,000 words. Actual experience in Twin Falls, Colorado. Book worth \$1.00. Send name and address to: Dr. J. C. Beecham, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Beecham* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**  
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT  
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN  
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.  
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER  
Pumpkin Seed -  
Aloes -  
Sulphate of Soda -  
Sulphate of Magnesia -  
Sulphate of Potash -  
Sulphate of Iron -  
Sulphate of Zinc -  
Sulphate of Copper -  
Sulphate of Lead -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -  
Sulphate of Cesium -  
Sulphate of Barium -  
Sulphate of Strontium -  
Sulphate of Calcium -  
Sulphate of Magnesium -  
Sulphate of Potassium -  
Sulphate of Sodium -  
Sulphate of Ammonium -  
Sulphate of Lithium -  
Sulphate of Rubidium -



