

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1910.

VOLUME 39. NO. 35

NYAL'S

Hot Springs Blood Remedy
Purifies the Blood.

Bad blood was good blood once—can be made so again. Bad blood causes boils, pimples, ulcers, skin disease, rheumatism. Nyal's Hot Springs Blood Remedy makes bad blood GOOD, enriches it, destroys the disease producing impurities.

Take Nyal's Hot Springs Blood Remedy when your blood is bad. You will feel the good effect very soon—increased strength, better appetite; cheerful disposition, clear healthy skin. A bottle costs \$1.00.

OUR 25c COFFEE

will help to make your breakfast one of the pleasant memories of the day. Those who try THIS COFFEE cannot fail to appreciate it on account of its FINE FLAVOR and DELIGHTFUL AROMA.

FOR SALE BY

HENRY H. PENN COMPANY.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

GROCERY DEPT.

Just received, a large assortment of bulk Garden Seeds, also in packages.
Fruit of all kinds. Prices always the lowest.

SHOE DEPT.

We have just received a shipment of Elkskin Shoes for men. Come in and see us before you buy your shoes for spring.

We can save you money at the home of old Tavern Coffee.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

CHICKEN FEED

As this is the season of the year when Eggs are worth looking after and your Hens must be fed to produce the best results Don't overlook the fact that we are headquarters of all

EGG PRODUCING MATERIALS

Oyster Shells, Mica Grit, Ground Bone, Beef Scrap, Beef Meal Scratch Feed and Charcoal.

Gold Medal Flour at 85c per sack.

HUMMEL BROTHERS FEED STORE

HOLMES & WALKER

Have everything you want in HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS, FURNITURE, BUGGIES AND WAGONS. A nice new line to select from. In Plows we have the Oliver and the genuine new Bureh. In Cultivators we have the Iron Age, Ohio, John Deere and others.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

PAINTS AND OILS.

In Paints and oils we lead with Rogers Best Ready Mixed Paints and House Painters' Pure Lead. This Lead will spread more space than any other made. Varnish of all kinds.

BASEBALL AND SPORTING GOODS.

We are headquarters for A. G. Spaulding's Baseball and Sporting Goods. We are here to serve you.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

WRECK AT FRANCISCO.

Electric Car Jumped Track—Three Passengers Injured.

The D. J. & C. Ry. is keeping up its record for wrecks, and another occurred this morning when the limited car which is due here at 7:24 jumped the track at Francisco and bumped into a trolley pole.

There were twelve passengers on the car and fortunately but three of them were injured. Two of the injured were T. J. Sawyer and Wm. Smalley, of Grass Lake, and who occupied the same seat. The other injured man was a traveling man who would not give his name, and who came to Chelsea where Dr. J. T. Woods patched up his face. Mr. Sawyer received severe injuries to his back and it is stated that he is in a serious condition. Mr. Smalley's injuries were not so serious.

Charles Fisk was the motorman and Geo. Cullom was the conductor of the car.

It is stated that the wreck was caused by a defective rail on the curve where the road enters Francisco from the west.

Democrats Grab Nearly All.

The democrats captured nearly every office at the township election Monday. The vote was the smallest polled in the township in a number of years, 620 ballots being cast, which is about 100 short of the usual number. The following was the result:

Supervisor—
Geo. W. Beckwith, d. 365-121
Jacob Hummel, r. 244

Clerk—
C. W. Maroney, d. 257
Paul O. Bacon, r. 348-91

Treasurer—
J. E. McKune, d. 355-109
C. E. Foster, r. 246

Highway Commissioner—
John Geddes, d. 419-229
Chris. Kalmbach, r. 190

Overseer of Highways—
John Kilmer, d. 295
Philip Broesamle, r. 301-6

Justice (full term)—
Peter Merkel, d. 311-24
R. D. Walker, r. 287

Justice (fill vacancy)—
Frank Brooks, d. 311-48
Herman Kruse, r. 274

Member Board of Review—
Geo. A. Runciman, d. 304-9
Geo. A. BeGole, r. 295

Constables—
William Wheeler, d. 212
Harry Savage, d. 301

Jacob Alber, r. 295
Howard Brooks, r. 317
Charles Kaercher, d. 288

Adam Faist, d. 291
Geo. Knoll, r. 283
Floyd Schweinfurth, r. 294

The proposition to select circuit judges by the direct nomination plan judges 429 for and 132 against.

The proposition to bond for \$75,000 for the purpose of erecting a new infirmary received 218 for and 340 against.

In the county the first proposition carried by a large majority, while the bonding proposition was snowed under.

Pay Roll in \$1,000,000 Jump.

It looks as though the Michigan Central railroad will have a pay roll in January next that will be at the rate of \$1,000,000 a year above the pay roll of last January.

From the known fact that the Michigan Central pay roll is about \$1,500,000 a month or \$18,000,000 a year, and the other known fact that the New York Central increase was about seven per cent, the total annual additions made or to be made to the Michigan Central pay rolls this year may be fairly guessed. Seven per cent on \$18,000,000 would be \$1,260,000. If the increase averaged no more than five per cent the total would be \$900,000. It is therefore thought to be a safe estimate that the 1910 increase in the Michigan Central pay rolls will be in the aggregate at a rate somewhere between \$900,000 and \$1,250,000 a year.

Such increases in pay rolls suggest the talk of increased freight or passenger rates or both, that the railroads say must follow to meet higher wages and higher costs in other lines. Of course there could be no increase in local passenger rates in Michigan without legislative authority, but there is a way of grouping up an increased interstate rate.

The Michigan Central surplus at the end of 1909 was \$1,748,216, and the wages increases would make a big hole in a like amount for 1910. But the more optimistic observers say that there will be largely increased traffic yielding a per ton surplus income through economies incident to handling larger loads in a train, and that the railroads need fear no more than other lines of business any deficiency not due to extraordinary causes affecting all business.

Points Regarding The Census.

The census begins April 15 and must be completed in thirty days. The enumerators will wear a badge inscribed "United States Census, 1910."

The law requires every adult person to furnish the prescribed information, but also provides that it should be treated confidentially, so that no injury can come to any person from answering the questions.

The Census Bureau, prior to April 15, will distribute to every farm owner and tenant in this state a blank for schedule containing the Census questions relative to farm operations and equipment. This should be filled up, if possible, not later than the morning of April 15, but if anyone has been unable to fill it up by that time, he should do it as soon afterwards as he can.

People who do not speak English or who do not understand the schedule completely should get help from others, if possible in filling it up.

The President has issued a proclamation, calling on all citizens to cooperate with the Census and assuring them that it has nothing to do with taxation, army or jury service, compulsory school attendance, regulation of immigration, or enforcement of any law, and that no one can be injured by answering the inquiries.

It is of the utmost importance that the farm census of this state be complete and correct.

Therefore every farm owner and tenant should promptly, fully, and accurately fill up the "Advance Farm Schedule" and carefully preserve it for the enumerator when he calls.

Old People's Home Notes.

Mrs. Blinn has been cheered by visits of her daughters, Mrs. Servis of Detroit and Mrs. Gilchriese of Yale.

George Bryant of Northville has been visiting his sister, Mrs. C. A. Frisbee, during the past week and is much pleased with the general arrangements of the home. He says his sister has made wonderful improvement during her residence here.

We have all enjoyed the company of our friends and the tokens of kind remembrance received during Easter week. Mr. and Mrs. Vincent were both born on the 23 of March and Mrs. Frisbee on the 31 of the same month, so we have celebrated these birthdays in connection with our Easter services. Flowers and fruit still adorn our tables and halls. A vote of thanks was duly returned to C. H. Kempf and others for flowers and other kind gifts.

Mrs. Hester Waller is the latest addition to the Home, she is seventy-nine years of age; had a stroke of paralysis six years ago which left her helpless as to her left side, but her general health is good, and her right arm is strong. With the aid of a chair on castors she can move herself around her room and through the lower hall. Mrs. Keller, Mrs. Ewell and Mr. Brooker are on the same floor and none of them are able to go down to the dining room. Mrs. Vincent and Mrs. Steinhoff also have their meals served in their respective rooms; so the dumb waiter is in constant use three times every day.

Will Have to Pay.

Tidings readers will remember that after a hard contest a jury in probate court decided that a big proposed drain in Unadilla township in this county and Lyndon township in Washtenaw county, and was not a necessity, thus ending the project. In surveying, advertising and other necessary elements of such a procedure about \$1,000 had been expended before the proposition was shelved. The law provides that under such conditions the parties who signed the original petition for the drain are liable for these expenses. They have refused to pay them and the two drain commissioners had nothing else to do but commence suit.

The case is in circuit court and is entitled Frank E. Mowers and Wilber E. Jarvis vs. Geo. L. Richmond and others. Glenn S. Mack and E. C. Shields are attorneys for the commissioners, L. E. Howlett and R. D. Roche for the petitioners.

This drain was known as the Base Lake Drain. The petitioners who are now defendants in this suit, are: Geo. L. Richmond, Elenore Brook, Maggie Brook, Geo. Reade, John J. Donohue, Fitch C. Montague, James B. Livermore, John W. Heffernan, S. Placeway, Wm. Laverock, T. H. Howlett, and Roy T. Placeway.—Livingston Tidings.

TAFT IN JACKSON.

Will Dedicate Memorial There on Monday, June 4th.

June 4, 1910, will be a red-letter day in the annals of Jackson, for on that day the President of the United States, William Howard Taft, will dedicate a memorial marking for all time the spot of the greatest events in American history—the organization of the republican party. "Under the Oaks," the same oaks that sheltered the "radicals" on that sixth day of July, fifty-six years ago, when the train of events was set in motion which established for all time freedom of labor in America, the president of these United States, in a great measure the outgrowth of what those men did then, will deliver an appropriate address and dedicate a suitable monument.

Election in Lima.

The democrats carried everything in Lima. The result follows:

Supervisor—
Fred C. Haist, d. 146-92
M. L. Burkhardt, r. 54

Clerk—
D. E. Beach, d. 136-76
Geo. Whittington, r. 60

Treasurer—
R. W. Kaercher, d. 111-25
William Luick, r. 86

Highway Commissioner—
John Lucht, d. 132-64
Alvin Baldwin, r. 64

Overseer of Highways—
Geo. E. Haist, d. 135-70
Henry Pierce, r. 65

Justice (full term)—
E. J. Parker, d. 128-50
Frank Cooper, r. 69

Justice (fill vacancy)—
Fred Frey, d. 120-42
Harvey Heininger, r. 78

Member Board of Review—
Lewis Eschelbach, d. 123-49
Emery Chipman, r. 74

The following constables were elected: R. W. Kaercher, Albert Schneider, Jacob Streiter, Eugene B. Freer.

Normal College Summer Course.

The Normal college summer school announcement is out, the session to begin June 27 and to continue until August 6. Work will be offered in all departments and the library, laboratories and gymnasium will be accessible. There will be 70 teachers in the faculty, with a few instructors chosen from successful public school teachers out in the state.

The following heads of departments will be in the summer faculty: President Jones, Profs. D'Ooge, Hoyt, Lyman, Laird, Roberts, Ford, Lathers, Harvey, Alexander, three associate professors and six assistant professors, with many instructors and the entire training school critic faculty, including the kindergarten, eight grades, manual training and domestic science and art. Special courses will be offered for village and rural school teachers, and the county school commissioners of Washtenaw and the six surrounding counties will be present most of the time.

The Enumerators.

The following appointments of census enumerators have been made:

Chelsea—Frank Penn.
Sylvan—M. Lee Grant.
Lima—J. J. Wood.
Freedom—Henry Huehl.
Dexter—Henry Dieterle.
Lyndon—Ernest Rowe.
Sharon—Elmer Bowers.

The work of taking the census will begin Friday, April 15th, and must be completed within thirty days. Advance schedules of the farm statistics have been mailed to all farmers, and the blanks should be filled out, as it will assist materially in expediting the work of the enumerators, as there are many answers that will take considerable time to answer.

Farmers' Club.

The Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gentner, Friday, April 15th. The following is the program:

Music.
Roll call—Conundrums.
Shall the postoffice be run in the interest of the people, or for the benefit of express companies, railroads and the American news company? Discussion by Walter H. Dancer.

Music.
Resolved, that the life of the country housekeeper is not as strenuous as that of the housekeeper in town. Affirmative, Mrs. G. W. Palmer. Negative, Mrs. John F. Waltrous.
Reading, Mrs. Geo. Chapman.

Public opinion is strongly in favor of pure paint. If you share it buy Bradley & Vrooman Pure Paint. It's the best value at any price. Sold by F. H. Belser.

The New Wall Papers ARE HERE.

We are prepared to show you the BRIGHTEST, CLEANEST, NEWEST STOCK OF WALL PAPER EVER SHOWN IN CHELSEA. We have selected the best designs and colorings from the leading manufacturers of this country. Our stock comes from such firms as Robt. Graves & Co., Becker, Smith & Page, The Glenhill Wall Paper Co., S. A. Maxwell & Co., and other equally well known makers.

The Designs and Colorings

this year are more beautiful than ever before. There is nothing that will go so far toward refurnishing and beautifying the home (for the money expended) as artistic and harmonious wall hangings.

Perhaps the Home Looks Dingy

and smoky; try as you will you cannot make things look bright and cherry with the broom and dust cloth.

The Remedy is New Wall Paper.

Come in and let us show you what we have; how to treat the hanging of the different kinds and styles; ask to see our books of helpful hints about the decoration of the home.

PRICES THE LOWEST AT THE

Rexall Store.

L. T. FREEMAN COMPANY.

A Present Every Day

If You Have Money

In a savings account it is like getting a present every day, for every day interest money accrues to you. Hundreds are getting ahead through the opportunity of placing their savings in safety, offered by our savings department. We pay three per cent interest on savings deposits, compounded semi-annually.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

FRED H. BELSER'S ONE-PRICE STORE

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SELLING AGENTS FOR

Deering Mowers, Harvesters and Binders; Sterling Hay Loaders and Rakes; Gale Plows and Farming Tools; Burch Plows and Land Rollers; Walker & Co., and Flint Buggies; Birdsall Farm Wagons; American and Adrian Fences; Goshen, Myers and Lowden Hay Tools; Bradley Incubators; Boydel Paints and Berry Varnishes.

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General HARDWARE and FURNITURE

Implements, Wagons, Buggies and Harness

FRED. H. BELSER.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

STATUS OF THE SQUAW MAN

Term is No Longer Considered One of Reproach, Owing to the Changed Conditions.

The squaw man seeking only for the flesh pots—he who never marries—is generally as mean and low a voluptuary as any other carnal creature—white, black or red. He is an offense to society; and it is because of him that the term "squaw man" became one of opprobrium.

For in the early days in the west white men rarely married the Indian women with whom they lived. But now, save in Alaska, and in sporadic cases in the western states, conditions have changed to a wholesome respectability. Every little while on the reservation one hears of a wedding that might seem to the easterner highly romantic, or highly repulsive, according to his point of view, but to which local people and local practice give toleration, if not free sanction.

For westerners are agrarian in the broad sense of the term, and when a liberal-minded ranchman hears of James Tompkins marrying Mary Running Horse he thinks of the 100 acres of land that go with the matrimonial bargain and of the other like tracts that will go to each of their children; and so, on meeting the bridegroom, he shakes him heartily by the hand and says: "Good boy, Jim! May you be happy with your Indian wife and raise a big family!"—Everybody's.

New War Airship for Germany.

A new type of airship will be added to the German aerial fleet this spring. The new dirigible belongs to the non-rigid system and differs in several important points from other types. In shape it is similar to a torpedo. The envelope of the balloon is colored yellow to protect it as far as possible from the action of the sun's rays.

Its four cars are directly attached to the framework of the balloon. It will be driven by four Daimler motors, each of 125 horsepower. It is anticipated that the airship will be able to carry 40 persons. The estimated speed is 65 kilometers an hour.

A large hall is being built to shelter the vessel. The airship has been designed by Capt. von Krag of the aeronautic battalion, and is accordingly well adapted for military purposes.

The Suspect's Declaration.

Parson White's precautionary measure of protecting his chicken coop with chilled steel bars was futile, for that very night four more of his choice leghorns disappeared, leaving the severed and twisted bars as the only visible evidence of the theft. However, his suspicions pointed toward his next door neighbor, whom he had seen prowling around his yard that day, and, accordingly, he had this suspect up in police court the next morning.

"If the prisoner can file an alibi I'll let him off with a suspended sentence," announced the judge at the end of the evidence. "Can you file an alibi, Ham?"

"Ah guess 'I k'n," eagerly rejoined the suspect. "If it ain't my nahder den Pabson White's chicken coop bars!"—Brooklyn Life.

Expensive Politeness.

Politest people in New York are grafters, press agents, pinchers and grabbers. All know about grafters and press agents. The pinchers and grabbers, some of them with manners of Sir Roger de Coverly, get on crowded elevators where women are and take off hats to put in front of a man's eyes while they work. One of the "elegant gentlemen wearing a stove-pipe hat last year got my fine Alvin Kohnor scarfpin. 'Aman is a fool to wear a real high priced diamond where so many polite gentry are around. Look what New York politeness cost poor young Mr. Van Norden—picking up a fallen pocket-book for a falling young lady."—New York Press.

Dogs Devour Dead Tibetans.

According to the Chinese who have now entered Lassa, that city is famous for three productions—lamas, women and dogs. The demand for dogs arises from one of the grim kinds of sepulture to which the Tibetans are inclined. "The poor," says a writer, "have the dogs of the suburbs for their manseum; but for persons of distinction a little more ceremony is used. There are convents where they keep sacred dogs, and it is to them the bodies of the rich Tibetans are carried."

The Puzzling Program.

"This play seems based upon an unusual theme. What has the renovation of feathers to do with the plot?"

"You're reading the ads, my friend, not the plot."

His Architecture.

Sally Gay—What a cunning little fellow, Mr. Callipers is!

Dolly Swift—Cunning? Why, he's dreadfully bow-legged.

Sally Gay—Yes, but that gives him such an arch look, you know.

The Great Decider.

Mrs. Grammercy—What is your opinion about the right of women to vote?

Mrs. Parks—It's enough for me to know, my dear, that it is fashionable.—Judge.

20 COUNTIES GO "DRY" OUT OF 36 VOTING

KENT TURNS PROHIBITION DOWN BY MAJORITY OF 7,500

Of the 1,161 Saloons Whose Existence Depended on Yesterday's Vote, but 282 Will Be Put Out of Business.

Oakland, Which Two Years Ago Went Dry, Flops Back Into the Wet Column by 1,000—Drys Lose Wexford, Too.

Thirty-six counties in Michigan voted Monday on the local option proposition.

In twenty of these the drys won, in sixteen the wets won.

These figures would indicate that the drys had the better of the argument, but figuring on the number of saloons which will be put out of business as a result of the day's balloting, and the drys were very badly beaten.

In the twenty counties which were carried by the drys, but 282 saloons and six breweries are in operation, while in the sixteen which voted wet 879 saloons and nine breweries do business, and will probably continue to do so for two years more at least.

Lapeer, Ingham, Cass, Lapeer, Shiawassee and St. Joseph were the only populous counties not already dry which voted to abolish the licensed saloon, while in the wet list are the large counties of Kent, Oakland, Marquette and St. Clair.

Not a single bit of consolation do the drys gain in the upper peninsula, every one of the eight counties north of the straits which voted on the proposition deciding by comfortable majorities to remain in the wet column.

Ten counties which were already dry voted, and eight of these stayed dry. The two which flopped back, however, are large ones, Oakland and Wexford.

Twenty-six counties now wet voted, and fourteen of these stay wet.

In Kent county, where the drys had concentrated their forces the closing days of the campaign, they sustained a crushing defeat. In the city of Grand Rapids the wet majority will crowd the 7,000 mark, while the county districts increased this slightly.

St. Clair county was another place where the wets rubbed it into their opponents, winning by a majority of 2,500, the city of Port Huron piling up a majority that made it safe for the wets.

One interesting phase of the outcome is the flopping back into the wet column of Wexford county after two years' experience with prohibition. What makes it interesting is the fact that Cadillac, the county seat, is the home of Perry F. Powers, former auditor-general, and leader among the prohibition forces of the state, who has spent several weeks on the stump for the drys in his own and other counties.

Two years' experience with bootlegging and blind pigs was enough for Oakland also, and this, the biggest dry county in the state, will go back to the licensed saloon on May 1.

The result in Ingham county, wherein is situated Lansing, will give rise to a lot of gossip. The county went dry, which means that during the next session of the legislature there'll be no open bars. It has been freely predicted that if Ingham went dry one effect would be to shorten materially the legislative session. Now the state will have a chance to see whether a dry session will last as long as a wet one.

It will be interesting also to watch what effect a dry capital will have on liquor law legislation. The State Anti-Saloon league officials have been saying all through the campaign that they would go before the next legislature and ask for a statewide prohibition law. The bumping they received Monday may cause a change in their attitude on this point, but if it does not, the people of Michigan will watch with much interest the course of the legislators in a dry session on the proposition.

COUNTIES WHICH THE DRYS CARRIED WHERE THE WETS WERE VICTORIOUS

Counties	No. of Saloons	No. of Breweries	Majority
Alcona	18	450	Wet
Alcona	11	200	Wet
Barry	10	900	Wet
Cass	10	500	Wet
Clinton	10	100	Wet
Glenn	10	378	Wet
Ingham	10	695	Wet
Lapeer	23	1,475	Wet
Lapeer	61	2,079	Wet
Midland	10	250	Wet
Missaukee	10	45	Wet
Oakland	10	500	Wet
Ogemaw	10	1	Wet
Ontonagon	10	1	Wet
Oscoda	10	1	Wet
Ontonagon	10	1	Wet
Shiawassee	10	200	Wet
St. Joseph	10	1,000	Wet
Van Buren	10	800	Wet
Total	282	6	

St. Ignace, Mich., April 4.—Returns from all but two precincts of 17 in the county give the wets 400 majority.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 4.—Chippewa county remains in the wet column. While complete figures are not yet available, it is estimated that the wets have a majority of about 580. The vote cast broke all records, practically every precinct turning out. It was freely predicted for several weeks that the city would go wet and the outlying townships dry. This proved to be the case, but the city proved to be the stronger, turning in a majority of 907. Every ward was in the wet column. But one of two townships are in the wet column.

Shelby, Mich., April 4.—Shelby township gives 211 majority in favor of local option. Hart township goes dry by 125. The county of Oceana will certainly be in the dry column of two years more, and the indications are that the dry majority will be about 500.

Millersburg, Mich., April 4.—Indications are that Presque Isle county goes dry by 300. Ten precincts out of 17 give 233 dry majority. Under ideal weather conditions a record vote was polled. The greatest excitement was at Onaway, where the scene resembled a Fourth of July celebration. The women and school children paraded. Several arrests for illegal voting were made.

Manistiquie, Mich., April 4.—Returns up to 10 p. m. indicate a majority of 240 for the wets. A proposition to bond the county for \$50,000 for good roads will lose out by a large majority.

Standish, Mich., April 4.—Arenac county goes dry by 200 majority. Every township gave a dry majority.

St. Johns, Mich., April 4.—Clinton county stays dry by about 100, the wets making a gain of 220 over the vote of 1908. The city of St. Johns gave a wet majority of 41, while

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 4.—At 11 o'clock tonight Rev. Joseph A. O'Brien, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, conceded Kent county to the wets by 5,000 majority, and the more enthusiastic wets are claiming as high as 7,000 majority.

The drys failed to carry a single precinct in the city. The wets made certain their victory when they carried the city by about 400 majority. Holzapfel declared late tonight that he would repeat his attempt to put Kent county dry in 1912.

Traverse City, Mich., April 4.—Leelanau county went wet by 142 majority, every township in the county except two going wet. The result was a surprise to the dry forces, as they had expected to make a better showing. The fact that Leelanau adjoins wet Grand Traverse and that it was feared a dry county would affect the summer resort business were strong factors. Northport, which has been dry for years, returned the wets by a majority of 48. The village of Leland, with summer resorts as a principal industry, went wet by 48.

Munising, Mich., April 4.—With Burt township yet to be heard from, Alger county shows the wets to be 143 in the lead. In all probability the wets will win by about 200. Munising township, containing Munising, the county seat, went wet by 141 majority.

Lapeer, Mich., April 4.—Lapeer city gave 22 majority for the wets, but the county as a whole is dry by 475 majority. Elba and Oregon, which joined the wets by a majority of 9 and 55 respectively for the drys, Lapeer township gave 25 majority for the drys.

McBain, Mich., April 4.—Missaukee county goes dry by 26 majority, with three precincts to hear from.

Owosso, Mich., April 4.—Shiawassee county goes dry by 1,000 majority. The only wet spot is Owosso, which gave the wets a majority of 78.

Newberry, Mich., April 4.—Luce county remains wet by 31 majority.

Cassopolis, Mich., April 4.—Cass county goes dry by 500 majority, in the largest vote ever polled.

Bellaire, Mich., April 4.—Thirteen out of 15 townships in Antrim county give a majority of 440, dry. The other two townships will change the figure but little.

Midland, Mich., April 4.—Midland county stays dry 223 dry, with two townships yet unheard from. They will probably break even.

Adrian, Mich., April 4.—Local option carried in Lenawee today by 2079 majority.

Port Huron, Mich., April 4.—The wets carried in Ingham county today in one of the worst fights that has ever been pulled off in the state. The wets returned the county wet by 2,500. The city was made in the county seat. The night it was found that the wets had a majority of 2,525 over the drys.

All during the day the drys remained confident that they would win, believing that the city would hold down the majority of the wets, and that they would carry the county. But when it was learned that the city had given the wets a majority of 1,573 their hopes disappeared.

The victory of the wets is largely due to the work of the law and order league and the organized labor of 600 city men. The workingmen were all against local option, and in order to defeat the majority that the drys might receive, the farmers vote, they all turned out.

Lansing, Mich., April 4.—Local option carried in Ingham county today by a majority of 695. A few errors in the count of the Lansing city ward vote are expected to bring the county wet over 700. The city gave a wet majority of 1,130, but with the exception of Lansing township, every one of the 16 townships delivered a handsome dry majority.

Rosecommon, Mich., April 4.—Rosecommon county today voted to remain among the wet counties of the state. The wets returned the county wet by 700. The city gave a wet majority of 1,130, but with the exception of Lansing township, every one of the 16 townships delivered a handsome dry majority.

Hastings, Mich., April 4.—It is estimated that Barry county contains 800 or 900 less than two years ago. Hastings went wet by 96 majority, which is considered small. This is considered a very exciting, hard and bitterly fought election ever held in Barry county.

Hersey, Mich., April 4.—Complete returns for Oceola county show a majority of 265 for the drys.

Marquette Favors Primary.

Marquette, Mich., April 4.—The proposition of choosing the county officers and circuit court judge by the primary election method carried in Marquette county today by an overwhelming majority.

Taxpayers Win at Negaunee.

Negaunee, Mich., April 4.—J. W. Elliott, Taxpayers' ticket, was elected mayor by 38 majority over J. J. Savard, Republican ticket. Joseph Mercier, Taxpayers, was elected treasurer by 87 majority over Isaac Niemi, on the People's ticket.

Twenty-eight insane foreigners left Stockton, Cal., on special cars for New York, whence they will be deported to their native countries under a recent federal law. Eleven attendants are in charge of the patients.

By the terms of a treaty just concluded between the Mexican foreign relations department and the British foreign office, Great Britain and Mexico have equal rights in the navigation of the Rio Grande, the boundary between Yucatan and British Honduras.

One of the most highly prized scholarship honors at Columbia university has been awarded this year to a negro student. George W. Scott, 1911, a southern negro, is the winner of one of the two Curtis medals for oratory. His oration was on the subject, "Is the Negro Fitted for Full Citizenship?"

The United States Steel corporation is considering a voluntary increase in the wages of its employees. The proposed percentage of increase has not yet been decided on, but it is believed that it will equal the 6 per cent increase announced by the Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

IN HOSPITAL FOR NINE MONTHS.

Awful Tale of Suffering From Kidney Trouble.

Alfred J. O'Brien, Second St., Sterling, Colo., says: "I was in the Baltimore Marine Hospital for nine months. I had a dull pain in the small of my back that a completely worse me-out. The urine was in a terrible state, and some days I would pass half a gallon of blood. I left the hospital because they wanted to operate on me. I went to St. Joseph's Hospital at Omaha and put in three months there without any gain. I was pretty well discouraged when I was advised to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I did so and by the time I had taken one box, the pain in the back left me. I kept right on and a perfect cure was the result."



Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Look to Welfare of Workmen.

A significant phase of the campaign against tuberculosis in Sweden is the establishment, by various industrial concerns, of sanatoria for tuberculous workmen from their own factories. The Vulcan Match Company, the Ljusne-Voxne Timber Company, the Sandviken Hardware Company, the Eriksson Telephone Company and the Stora Kopparberg Company are among those who maintain such institutions, each accommodating from fifteen to thirty patients. At these sanatoria the workmen are received free, and their families may be admitted for a small charge.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it has a tendency to close, and the hearing is impaired. It is entirely cured, and the hearing is restored, and the inflammation is not, and the tube is restored to its normal condition. Deafness cannot be cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it has a tendency to close, and the hearing is impaired. It is entirely cured, and the hearing is restored, and the inflammation is not, and the tube is restored to its normal condition.

A Terrible Risk.

Typical had broken out in their neighborhood and the family resorted to travel as the best means of precaution until the trouble should subside.

They arrived at Quebec by the morning boat, intending to take it to Montreal in the evening, but the sight-seers got tired and returned early in the afternoon to find the top of the smokestack on a level with the dock, the tide having dropped 18 feet.

"Mamma," cried the little girl, "did God drink up all that water?"

"Yes, my child."

"Then hadn't we better tell him it wasn't boiled?"

Wrong View of Marriage.

"There would be less divorce," said ex-Gov. Pennypacker, "if there were fewer men like William Windle."

"William Windle embarked on an excursion steamer for Point Breeze, and a few miles out, as he paced the upper deck and drank in the bracing ozone, he spied his friend Jackson."

"Why, Jackson, how are ye?" he exclaimed. "Are ye out for pleasure, or is yer wife along?"

"Ugh!" spluttered Mr. Jones. "That nut had a worm in it."

"Here," urged a friend, offering him a glass of water, "drink this and wash it down."

"Wash it down!" growled Jones. "Everybody's."

So Different.

"Mrs. Uppertest takes such great interest in her baby."

"Yes; she says she was delightfully surprised when it came, as she had obtained her ideas about babies from the comic supplements, you know."

Puck.

ROSY COLOR

Produced by Postum.

"When a person rises from each meal with a ringing in the ears and a general sense of nervousness, it is a common habit to cause it to a degrading stomach."

"I found it was caused from drinking coffee, which I never suspected for a long time, but found by leaving off coffee that the disagreeable feelings went away."

"I was brought to think of the subject by getting some Postum and this brought me out of trouble."

"It is a most appetizing and invigorating beverage and has been of such great benefit to me that I naturally speak of it from time to time as opportunity offers."

"A lady friend, complained to me that she had tried Postum, but it did not taste good. In reply to my question she said she guessed she boiled it about ten minutes. I advised her to follow directions and know that she boiled it fifteen or twenty minutes, and she would have something worth talking about. A short time ago I heard one of her children say that they were drinking Postum now-a-days, so I judge she succeeded in making it good, which is by no means a difficult task."

"The son of one of my friends was formerly a pale lad, but since he has been drinking Postum, has a fine color. There is plenty of evidence that Postum actually does 'make red blood,' as the famous trademark says."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pks. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

BUCKET SHOP RAIDED BY U. S.

FIRST FEDERAL ATTACK TO END STOCK GAMBLING LAUNCHED.

DETECTIVES GET EVIDENCE BY TAPPING WIRES—TWENTY-NINE INDICTED.

Federal Department of Justice Closes Bucketshops in New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Baltimore and Other Places.

Launching a campaign which it is expected will close all the bucketshops in the United States, special agents of the department of justice simultaneously raided brokers' offices in New York, Philadelphia, Jersey City, Baltimore and St. Louis, and made many arrests.

Under the direction of Attorney General Wickham, preparations for the raid had been conducted with the greatest secrecy. Government detectives, determined to make a success of the first federal attack on stock gambling, had obtained evidence by tapping wires leading to the offices of the implicated brokers and largely upon this testimony were based the indictments preceding the raid.

Conspiracy indictments in which persons are named—five of them said to be millionaires, and all interested in brokers' offices in large cities of the United States—were returned late by the federal grand jury of the District of Columbia upon evidence which agents of the department of justice had been gathering for more than a year.

"No Such Man in Europe."

Col. Theodore Roosevelt talked briefly with newspaper correspondents shortly after his arrival in Naples. One of them afterwards said:

"Overlooking vitality seems to be his dominating characteristic. Europe contains no such type of statesman. After a year spent in the heart of Africa, Mr. Roosevelt returns to civilization with his mind so full of things that he does not even mention his hunting trip, which for a man in his position affords few parallels."

WIRE BULLETINS.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, who went to Mexico City recently from Santa Barbara, California, has recovered from her recent illness.

Switchmen of the northwest get an advance of three cents an hour beginning Friday, April 1, according to an announcement of the St. Paul railroad.

President Taft has accepted an invitation to attend the meeting of the Farmers' union in St. Louis, May 1, at which it is predicted there will be an attendance of 50,000 delegates.

Samuel A. Cook, of Neenah, Wis., former congressman of the sixth Wisconsin district, has announced himself a candidate for the United States senate to succeed Robert M. La Follette.

The government has filed suits in the United States court at Cheyenne, Wyo., to recover title to thousands of acres of valuable lands in the Elk Mountain district in Carbon county.

The sealing steamer Iceland, operating in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, was crushed in the ice and went to the bottom. The sealers' bodies rescued the 163 members of the crew.

A boom for Prosecutor Pierre P. Garven, of Hudson county, for the Republican nomination for governor of New Jersey, was launched at a dinner of the Bayonne, N. J., Republican general committee.

Twenty-eight insane foreigners left Stockton, Cal., on special cars for New York, whence they will be deported to their native countries under a recent federal law. Eleven attendants are in charge of the patients.

Two Japanese caught bribing a soldier to make photographs of Corregidor and Cavite fortifications are being held at Manila. They will probably be ordered to leave the country. The soldier, after being caught taking photographs, helped the authorities capture the two.

One of the most highly prized scholarship honors at Columbia university has been awarded this year to a negro student. George W. Scott, 1911, a southern negro, is the winner of one of the two Curtis medals for oratory. His oration was on the subject, "Is the Negro Fitted for Full Citizenship?"

In referring to the Aills-Conger bribery case, Governor Fort, of New Jersey, said at a banquet of the New York Real Estate exchange that "the man who handed over the envelope is just as bad as the man who received it. If there is any difference in the morals of the two it is in favor of the man who was poor and accepted the money."

On account of the increase in the cost of living, officers of the police and fire departments of New York city are to receive increases in pay which will cost the taxpayers about \$350,000 a year. Police sergeants are raised from \$1,500 to \$1,750 and foremen in the fire department will hereafter get \$2,500 instead of \$2,100. The increases are effective July 1.

Gov. C. N. Haskell, of Oklahoma, signed a legislative resolution submitting to the voters of the state an "initiative" petition for a constitutional amendment which, it is said, will disfranchise many Negroes, so far as voting on constitutional amendments is concerned. The disfranchisement is brought about under the "grandfather" clause.

A threatened strike of 800 carpenters in New Haven, Conn., and by the signing of a two years' agreement whereby the men get an increase in wages and a Saturday half holiday the year around.

NEWS TOLD IN BRIEF.

One thousand girls and women employed as stemmers in one of the Louisville, Ky., factories of the American Tobacco Co., have quit work because of a decrease in wages.

Major Robert E. Stewart, for many years prominently identified with the Republican party in Pittsburgh district and more recently district attorney of Allegheny county, died, aged 69 years, of pneumonia.

The Savannah line's new mammoth steamship the City of St. Louis was launched Wednesday from the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding Co. Miss Louise Nugent, daughter of Daniel C. Nugent, a well-known merchant of St. Louis, christened her.

Rose City Is Swept by Fire.

Fire which started in D. W. Benjamin's store practically wiped out the business section of Rose City, entailing a total loss placed at \$150,000. In all 27 store buildings were destroyed with their contents. It is not known how the flames originated, but the flames spread rapidly from the Benjamin store in both directions and, fanned by a brisk wind, got beyond the control of the bucket brigade and leaped across the street.

In order to stop the flames from spreading into the residence district, Mayor Karther authorized the use of dynamite with which two stores were blown up.

SERIAL STORY

THE LITTLE BROWN JUG

AT KILDARE

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON
Illustrations by RAY WALTERS

Copyright 1908 by The Robb-Merrill Company.

Thomas Ardmore, bored millionaire, and Henry Maine Griswold, professor in the University of Virginia, take trains out of Atlanta, Griswold to his college, Ardmore in pursuit of a girl who had winked at him. Mistaken for Gov. Osborne of South Carolina, Griswold's life is threatened. He goes to Columbia to see the governor and meets Barbara, who is his daughter. He learns that his wife is the daughter of Gov. Dangerfield of North Carolina. He follows her to Raleigh, and on the way is given a brown jug at Kildare.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

"Thank you, my lad. While I regret missing your worthy father, yet I beg to present my compliments to your kind and thoughtful mother."

He had transferred his money to his dressing-gown pocket on leaving his berth, and he now tossed a silver dollar to the boy, who caught it with a yell of delight and scampered off into the night.

Ardmore had dropped the jugs carelessly into the vestibule, and he was surveying them critically when the train started. The wheels were beginning to grind reluctantly when a cry down the track arrested his attention. A man was flying after the train, shouting at the top of his lungs. He ran, caught hold of the rail and howled:

"The gov'nor ain't on they! Gimme back, my jug!"

"Indian-giver!" yelled Ardmore. He stooped down, picked up the first jug that came to hand, and dropped it into the man's outstretched arms.

The porter, having heard voices, rushed out upon Ardmore, who held the remaining jug to the light, scrutinizing it carefully.

"Please put this away for me, porter. It's a little gift from an old army friend."

Then Mr. Ardmore returned to his berth, fully pleased with his adventures, and slept until the porter gave warning of Raleigh.

CHAPTER IV.

Duty and the Jug.

Mr. Thomas Ardmore, one trunk, two bags and a little brown jug reached the Guilford house, Raleigh, at eight o'clock in the morning. Ardmore had never felt better in his life, he assured himself, as he chose a room with care and intimating to the landlord his intention of remaining a week. But for ill luck of having his baggage marked he should have registered himself falsely on the books of the inn; but feeling that this was not quite respectable he assured the landlord, in response to the usual question, that he was not Ardmore of New York and Ardsley, but an entirely different person.

The Guilford house coffee was not just what he was used to, but he was in an amiable humor and enjoyed the conversation of the commercial travelers with whom he took his breakfast. He did not often escape from himself or the burden of his family reputation, and these strangers were profoundly entertaining. It had never occurred to Ardmore that man could be so amiable so early in the day and his own spirits rallied as he passed the sugar, abused the hot bread and nodded his approval of bitter flings at the inns of other southern towns of whose existence he only vaguely knew.

"I wonder if the governor's back yet?" asked one man.

"The morning paper says not, but he's expected to-day," replied the man with the newspaper.

"About the first thing he'll have to do will be to face the question of arresting Appleweight. I was in Columbia the other day and everybody was talking of the case. They say"—and the speaker waited for the fullest attention of his hearers—"they say Osborne ain't none too anxious to have Appleweight arrested on his side of the line."

"Why not?" demanded Ardmore.

"Well, you hear all kinds of things. It was only whispered down there, but they say Osborne was a little too thick with the Appleweight crowd before he was elected governor. He was their attorney, and they were a bad lot for any man to be attorney for. But they haven't caught Appleweight yet."

"Where's he hiding; don't the authorities know?"

"Oh, he's up there in the hills on the state line. His home is as much on one side as the other. He spends a good deal of time in Kildare."

"Kildare?" asked Ardmore, startled at the word.

"Yes, it's the county seat, what there is of it. I hope you never make that town!" and the inquirer bent a

commiserating glance upon Ardmore. "Well, they use jugs there, I know that!" declared Ardmore; whereat the table roared. The unanimity of their applause warmed his heart, though he did not know why they laughed.

"You handle crockery?" asked a man from the end of the table. "Well, I guess Dilwell county consumes a few gross of jugs all right. But you'd better be careful not to whisper jugs too loud here. There's usually a couple of revenue men around town."

They all went together to the office, where they picked up their sample cases and sallied forth for a descent upon the Raleigh merchants; and Ardmore, thus reminded that he was in the crockery business, and that he had a sample in his room, sat down under a tree on the sidewalk at the inn door to consider what he should do with his little brown jug.

As Mr. Ardmore pondered duty and the jug a tall man in shabby corduroy halted near by and inspected him carefully.

"Good morning," said Ardmore pleasantly.

The man nodded, but did not speak. He was examining Ardmore with a pair of small, shrewd, gray eyes. In his hands he held a crumpled bit of brown paper that looked like a telegram.

"I got a telegram hyeh say y'u got a jug that y'u ain't no right t' last night at Kildare. I want that jug, young fella."

"Now that's very unfortunate. Ordinarily I should be delighted, but I really couldn't give away my Kildare jug. Now if it was one my other jugs—even my Omaha jug, or my dear old Louisville jug—I shouldn't hesitate a minute, but that old Kildare jug? My dear man, you don't know what you ask!"

"I'll give me that jug or I'll be the worse for y'u. Y'u ain't in that game, young fella."

"Not in it! You don't know whom you are addressing. I'm not only in the game, but I'm in to the finish," declared Ardmore, sitting upright in his chair. "You've got the wrong idea, my friend, if you think you can intimidate me. That jug was given me by a friend, a very old and dear friend—"

"A friend of yours?"

The keen little gray eyes were blinking rapidly.

"One of the best friends I ever had in this world," and Ardmore's face showed feeling. "He and I charged side by side through the bloodiest battles of our civil war. I will cheerfully give you my watch, or money in any sum, but the jug—I will part with my life first! And now," concluded Ardmore, "while I should be glad to continue this conversation, my duties call me elsewhere."

As he rose, the man stood quickly at his side, menacingly.

"Give me that jug or I'll shoot y'u right hyeh in the street."

"No, you wouldn't do that; Old Corduroy. I can see that you are kind and good and you wouldn't shoot down an unarmed man. Besides it would muss up the street."

"Y'u took that jug from my brother by lyin' to 'im. He's telegraphed me to get it, and I'm a-goin' to do it."

"Your brother sent you? It was nice of him to ask you to call on me. Why, I've known your brother intimately for years."

"Known my brother?" and for the first time the man really seemed to doubt himself. "When did y'u know Bill?"

"We roomed together at Harvard, that's how I know him, if you force



"I Want That Jug, Young Fella."

me to it! We're both Hasty Pudding men. Now if you try to bulldoze me further, I'll slap your wrists. So there!"

Ardmore entered the hotel deliberately, climbed to his room and locked the door. Then he seized the little brown jug, drew the stopper and poured out a tumblerful of clear white fluid. He took a swallow and shuddered as the fiery liquid seemed instantly to cause every part of his being to tingle. He wiped the tears from his eyes and sat down. The corn-cob stopper had fallen to the floor, and he picked it up and examined it carefully. It had been fitted tightly into the mouth of the jug by the addition of a bit of calico, and he fingered it for a moment with a grin on his face.

He was about to replace it when, to his astonishment, it broke in his fingers, and out fell a carefully folded slip of paper. He carried it to the window and opened it, finding that it was an ordinary telegraph blank on which was written in clear round characters these words:

The Appleweight crowd never done you harm. If you have any of them arrested you will be shot down on your own doorstep.

When Mr. Thomas Ardmore had read this message half a dozen times with increasing satisfaction he folded it carefully and put it away in his pocket-book.

Taking half a sheet of note paper he wrote as follows:

Appleweight and his gang are cowards. Within ten days those that have not been hanged will be in jail at Kildare.

He studied the phraseology critically and then placed the paper in the cob stopper, whose halves he tied together with a bit of twine. As the jug stood on the table it was, to all appearances, exactly as it had been when delivered to Ardmore on the rear of the train at Kildare, and he was thoroughly well pleased with himself. He changed the blue scarf with which he had begun the day for one of purple with gold bars, and walked up the street toward the statehouse.

This venerable edifice, meekly reposing amid noble trees, struck agreeably upon Ardmore's fancy. Here was government enthroned in quiet dignity, as becomes a venerable commonwealth, wearing its years like a veteran who has known war and tumult, but finds at last tranquility and peace. He experienced a feeling of awe, without quite knowing it, as he strolled up the walk, climbed the steps to the portico and turned to look back from the shadow of the pillars. He had never but once before visited an American public building—the New York city hall—and he felt that now, indeed, he had turned a corner and entered upon a new and strange world. He ascended to the toylike legislative chambers, where flags of nation and state hung side by side, and where the very seats and desks of the lawmakers spoke of other times and manners.

Mr. Ardmore, feeling that he should now be about his business, sought the governor's office, where the secretary, who seemed harassed by the cares of his position, confirmed Ardmore's knowledge of the governor's absence.

"I didn't wish to see the governor on business," explained Ardmore pleasantly, leaning upon his stick with an air of leisure. "He and my father were old friends, and I always promised my father that I would never pass through Raleigh without calling on Gov. Dangerfield."

"That is too bad," remarked the young man sympathetically, though with a preoccupation that was eloquent of large affairs.

"Could you tell me whether any members of the governor's family are at home?"

"Oh, yes; Mrs. Dangerfield and Miss Jerry are at the mansion."

"Miss Jerry?"

"Miss Geraldine. We all call her Miss Jerry in North Carolina."

"Oh, yes; to be sure. Let me see; it's over this way to the mansion, isn't it?" inquired Ardmore.

"No; out the other end of the building—and turn to your right. You can't miss it."

The room was quiet, the secretary a young man of address and intelligence. Here, without question, was the place for Ardmore to discharge his business and be quit of it; but having at last snatched a commission from fleeting opportunity it was not for him to throw it to another man. As he opened the door to leave, the secretary arrested him.

"Oh, Mr.—pardon me, but did you come in from the south this morning?"

"Yes; I came up on the Tar Heel express from Atlanta."

"To be sure. Of course you didn't sit up all night? There's some trouble brewing around Kildare. I thought you might have heard something, but of course you couldn't have been awake at two o'clock in the morning?"

The secretary was so anxious to acquit him of any knowledge of the situation at Kildare that it seemed kindest to tell him nothing. The secretary's face lost its anxiety for a moment, and he smiled.

"The governor has an old friend and admirer up there who always puts a jug of fresh buttermilk on board when he passes through. The governor was expected home this morning, and I thought maybe—"

"You're positive it's always buttermilk, are you?" asked Ardmore with a grin.

"Certainly," replied the secretary with dignity. "Gov. Dangerfield's sentiments as to the liquor traffic are well known."

"Of course, all the world knows that. But I'm afraid all jugs look alike to me; but then, the fact is I'm in the jug business myself. Good morning."

The governor's mansion was easily found, and having walked about the neighborhood until his watch marked 11 Ardmore entered the grounds and rang the bell at the front door.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Well identified. A severe looking woman moved up to the window at the Citizen Savings & Trust Company with a small check to be cashed. The teller said she'd have to be identified and she suggested that he call up the man who had drawn the check and have him describe her.

The teller decided to take the chance, and called the man on the phone at his elbow.

"Oh, it's probably all right," came the word over the phone. "Wait, I'll describe her for you and you can see if it's the same woman. She had on a faded brown dress and pants just a little bit, has a sharp nose and spectacles, and is about as pretty as Kermit Roosevelt. Oh, yes, and she wore a big brooch with a shower of imitation stones in it."

The teller looked the woman over and cashed the check. She hadn't heard the other end of his telephone conversation and went her way smiling.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

To Heights Sublime. If making two blades of grass grow where but one grew before is a noble accomplishment, what proud word will fitly name the mantle heroism of reforesting a nation?

POTATO MARKET LOSES ITS BOTTOM

PREVAILING PRICE IN STATE RANGES FROM 8 TO 20 CENTS PER BUSHEL.

SHIPPERS ARE NOT ANXIOUS TO PURCHASE AND FARMERS ARE TOO BUSY TO COME TO TOWN.

Last Month Was the Hottest March in Forty Years, According to Observations Taken at Detroit.

Reports reaching Lansing say that the price paid for potatoes throughout the state at the present time is the lowest known in many years. The prevailing market price ranges from 8 to 20 cents and indications are that this will be reduced before the end of the season.

Farmers around Lansing are feeding their potatoes to their stock rather than haul them to the local market, at the prevailing figure. Thousands of bushels of Ingham county tubers will be sliced up for this purpose.

The present price there is 20 cents. Last fall many dealers in the county were offered as high as 75 cents a bushel, but they plied their product pending a rise in the market. Many bushels of these will be removed from the pits this spring at a great financial loss, by both shrinkage and decay.

Shippers are paying 12 cents a bushel for potatoes at Stanton. They are not anxious to buy even at that figure, as they declare that the stock is hard to get rid of. Either for a rise in the market or because they are busy with their spring work, the farmers in that section are withholding their product. The visible supply in the hands of the growers is far above the normal amount at this time of the year, and it is reported that marketable potatoes are being fed in large quantities to live stock.

Potatoes at Traverse City are still quoted at ten cents per bushel with buyers not anxious to take them and farmers not eager to sell. Thursday there was only one load brought to the local market, but the farmers are busy with their spring work and will not bother with the tubers at the low price. It is estimated that 50,000 bushels of potatoes are stored in local warehouses, the storage charge being five cents a bushel. There are probably 115,000 bushels in the hands of growers, and with but six weeks of the season remaining it is estimated that not over 40 per cent of the crop has been sold. At Grawn, ten miles away, the price is 8 cents.

Hackley Fortune Underestimated.

That the immense estate of the late Chas. H. Hackley, Muskegon's philanthropist, was far underestimated when its value was placed at about \$13,000,000, is shown by the fifth annual accounting just filed with Probate Judge Prescott. During the year the trustees handed over \$1,100,000 in legacies to various sources, while the estate's income during that time was nearly \$600,000.

If the earnings of the estate continue such as they were last year it will take nearly 20 years to dispose of the immense fortune as the Hackley will directed. Of this amount, about \$1,250,000 will go to the schools, nearly \$2,000,000 to the Erie L. Smith fund, over that sum to Thomas Hume and a like amount to Charles M. Hackley, Muskegon's blind millionaire, who, however, can only use the interest of the money, the principal going to his children. The southern state holdings of timber, the last purchases made by Mr. Hackley before his death, have already realized several hundred per cent upon the money invested, and the land is but half disposed of at the present time.

Warmest March in Forty Years. Last month was the warmest March that has been recorded in the last 40 years, according to the monthly summary of the Detroit weather bureau. The mean temperature was 44 degrees, a fraction less than 10 degrees warmer than the normal record. The mercury reached its highest point on March 24, when it soared to 81.

The lowest was 17, on the 15th. It also set a new record for warmth, 81 degrees being the warmest day the month has had in 40 years.

Unusual is the fact that in spite of the warm days the month brought one-tenth of an inch of snowfall was recorded. There was but 38-100ths of an inch of precipitation, which is also far below all previous records. The normal precipitation for the month for 40 years has been 2.38.

Flint's "White Slaver" Convicted. Word has been received from Chicago that Louis Fleming, Flint's "white slave trader," has been sentenced by a criminal court there to spend one year in prison and pay a fine of \$500. If he cannot pay the fine he must work it out at the rate of \$1.50 a day.

Within a few miles of his destination, Chicago, where his father awaited him following a trip of 4,000 miles from far off Austria, Jan Latas, 10 years old, died in Hurley hospital, Flint.

So alarming has the typhoid fever epidemic in St. Joseph become and so serious and rapid has the disease spread that the state analyst's department has been called to investigate. The belief is that the milk and water supply is responsible for some of the cases and the investigation is in charge of the state dairy and food department, which, as yet, has made no report.

For the first time in the history of Big Rapids women may vote at the next general election to be held on April 4. Their voting, however, is limited to the question of bonding the city for \$2,500 for an armory site.

NEWS OF MICHIGAN.

The hotel built by Robert Brown in Leland 40 years ago burned to the ground.

The state military board met in Saginaw Wednesday to dedicate the new armory recently finished in that city.

Mrs. Nelson J. Dunn, 54, of Saginaw, one of the best known charitable workers in that section of the state, died Monday.

The old Bond-Steel Post Co.'s factory in the heart of the manufacturing district of Adrian was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$11,000.

William Jennings Bryan will be one of the speakers at the national convention of farmers to be held in St. Louis May 2-7, according to announcement of officials.

Smallpox claimed its eighth victim at Bay City when the death of Michael Dwyer followed only a few days' illness. The cases now quarantined number 38.

According to the new city directory, just completed, Lansing has a bonafide population of 39,150. This number includes 1,200 residents of East Lansing, not including students.

Clarence Boyle, 25 years old and unmarried, and Edward Wetzel, a man of family, aged 45, were caught in the whirlpool below the dam at Berrien Springs and drowned while fishing.

Judge C. P. Black and Attorney O. L. Matthews, of Lansing, sustained injuries in automobile accidents Monday, and by a queer coincidence each is suffering from a broken right arm.

"Training in a good agricultural college is better for the country minister than a course in theology," said Rev. W. A. Bartlett, of the First Congregational church of Chicago, before the state missionary meeting in Benton Harbor.

Prof. A. Schultz, head of the high school in Chesaning, for the last four years, has been engaged by the board of education to fill a similar position in Caro. He is a graduate of the U. of M. and took a B. A. degree from Albion college.

Edward Irms, wheelman of the steamer Wilson, disappeared Nov. 31 last and a reward was offered for the recovery of his body. His remains were found at Menominee in the slip of the Republic Lumber Co. in the Menominee river.

When Undertaker Stebbins was called from the village of Sheridan to prepare for burial the body of Mrs. Thomas Wilson, who died west of town, he found that Mrs. Wilson's husband had expired an hour after her death occurred.

The M. U. R. has just let the contract for the erection of new plant and repair shops at Albion, to cost about \$15,000, exclusive of machinery or equipment. About 35 men will be added to the working forces after the most modern equipment has been installed.

Albert R. Willsey, 32, of Saginaw, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, died suddenly of heart trouble Tuesday afternoon. He was a quartermaster in the local militia company and worked until midnight Monday getting the new armory in shape for completion.

The accidental discharge of a revolver may cost the life of Byron Weatherby, night expressman at the Michigan Central station in Niles. Weatherby was shot by John Bachman, M. C. detective, while the two were chasing a stranger through the railroad yards early Sunday morning.

Before the Michigan Academy of Science meeting at Ann Arbor, Dr. J. G. Cumming, of the Pasture Institute, gave a paper on "Recent Observations of Rabbits." He told of a new method that he has been working on for five years that would, he believed, replace the Pasteur treatment eventually.

Arriving home from church Sunday and finding the dwelling in flames, Mrs. Post, of Hillsdale, rushed into the burning structure and awoke her aged mother, Mrs. Jane Osborne, who was taking a mid-day rest. The house and five barns belonging to Wellington Osborne, her father, were destroyed.

Dr. John H. Kellogg, head of the Battle Creek Sanitarium, went into conference with Judge Mills of Kalamazoo, his counsel, and A. W. Wentworth, steward of the sanitarium, and as a result it was announced Thursday that the doctor will no longer oppose a compromise with the State over the unpaid taxes of the institution.

The office of the state game warden has received word of the arrest of three men in Montcalm county, one of whom is being held on a charge of assault with intent to do great bodily harm. The report is that while C. E. Pettit, deputy game warden of Montcalm county, and a deputy sheriff were about to arrest three men who were alleged to have been fishing illegally in Whitefish lake, one of the men threw a spear, the line of which caused a painful wound in Pettit's leg.

Some of the Grand Rapids "dry" leaders allege that an effort has been made by the "wets" to colonize, and they declare that when election day arrives every one of the 5,000 new voters registered in the city at the primaries will be challenged. The "drys" declare that they have placed their detectives at work and sufficient evidence has been secured in this respect to warrant a number of arrests. The majority of the newly registered voters were placed on the polling lists in the downtown precincts.

The blowing of a whistle, caused by the falling of a roof in a burning sawmill, awakened residents of Eckford township at an early hour Tuesday morning and saved 200,000 feet of lumber from being destroyed. The mill, the property of William Hakes, was entirely destroyed. The blaze is supposed to have started from a spark from the engine.

Claiming that God had given him the power to perform miracles, John Rector, of Remus, thought to be religiously insane, went to his wife's grave in Barton township, Newago county, and dug up her body, believing that he could restore her to life.

GATHERED THEM IN

CONGREGATION PROVIDED FOR BISHOP'S VISIT.

Master of Flock Found Church Well Filled With Devout Worshipers, But the Future Has Also to Be Looked to.

T. P. O'Connor, during his recent visit to this country, was talking of the improved relations between the English and the Irish and was pointing out that after all the recent manifestations of bitterness between the two races does not date back much further than the great famine years.

"Before that trouble," he said, "the Catholic priest and the Protestant clergyman were often very good friends, and perhaps the priest was a little envious at the slight responsibilities that rested on the shoulders of his colleague in the midst of an entirely Catholic people."

"In Tipperary they tell of an English parson who had only the squire and his servants to look after and managed to put in the time he could spare from his spiritual duties very pleasantly in the hunting field. One day the village priest, however, saw gloom weighing on his friend, and asked the reason."

"Why, the bishop is coming next Sunday; isn't that enough to worry a man? I'll have 15 people in church to meet him, if I can get Donald McTavish, the squire's gardener from the Black North, to oblige me for once, and won't his lordship be raising a rumpus?"

"Is that all?" replied the priest. "Shure, if that's all your trouble I'll soon set your mind at ease."

"So the Sunday following, at early mass, the good man announced from the pulpit:

"Now, my children, I give you all a dispensation for one week. You may all go this morning to the Protestant chapel and hear what the heretical bishop's got to say. You'll keep your eyes fixed on the Montgomerys' pew and when they gets up you gets up, and when they sits down you sits down, and if the last one of you don't go to help my friend in his distress it's me you'll have to deal with."

"At 11 o'clock the parson led his lordship to the church. They found it packed to the doors and the only trouble was when old Mrs. Montgomery kept her seat through the psalms and the poor Catholics didn't know whether to sit with her or stand with her husband."

"The bishop went on his way and the parson hurried to the priest."

"It was fine," he said, "fine. His lordship declared that he had never seen so large and well-behaved a congregation in all his diocese, but what will he be saying if he ever comes this way again?"

Night-Blindness. Inability to see by day is matched by the commoner night-blindness, which most of us have known in friend or relative. This defect, which includes an inability to see even by artificial light, is congenital with some people and never overcome. It is often hereditary. It may also be caused, however, by long exposure to over-bright light, coupled with fatigue. A strange story is told concerning a ship's crew two centuries ago, which was overcome by night-blindness so extreme that their captain was obliged to force a fight with a Spanish privateer during the day, knowing that by night his men would be helpless. In order to obviate this difficulty for future occasions he ordered each sailor to keep one eye bound during the daytime, discovering, to his gratification, that this eye, having rested, was then free of the defect. The sailors were very amusing in their efforts to retain the bandage well over the eye that must be ready for night duty, and so a method of modifying this trouble was discovered.

An Artist's Criticism. Falgure, the sculptor, tells a capital story of Henner, the great artist, who, although he lived in Paris all his life, never lost his Alsatian peasant accent or his country manners. But Henner was a very keen critic and had a clever way of showing his dislike of wordy enthusiasm. Falgure, whose talent as a sculptor is known all the world over, was very fond of painting, but he did not paint particularly well. One day Henner was in his studio and Falgure showed him some of his pictures.

"What do you think of this one?" asked Falgure.

"Suber!" said Henner, with his Alsatian accent. "Marfelous!"

"And this one?"

"Broditchous!"

"And this one?"

"Suplime!"

Then the old man picked up a little bust which his friend had just finished. "Ah!" he said. "Now dat's good!"

"I never painted after that," Falgure used to say.

The Public Pulse.

The most popular part of the public is its pulse. The populace may pergrinate wheresoever it will so long as its pulse may be properly placed. Preachers pray for it. Politicians pug for it. Publishers probe for it. And promoters pry after it.

Solons sigh to seize the public pulse. Fictionists are frantic to finger it. Editors are eager to examine it. Harpies hurry to harmonize with it. Legislators like to locate it. Actors actually adore it.

Supreme success surrounds and supports the souls who solve the public pulse.—Life.

Red, Weak, Watery Eyes. Believed By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. It Cures. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Those who believe that man descended from the monkey should remember that it's a poor rule that won't work both ways.

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the building first door south of the Chelsea House, Main street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

WEDEMEYER FOR CONGRESS.

Hon. W. W. Wedemeyer on Saturday evening announced his candidacy for the nomination for representative in congress from the second district. It is conceded that it was Washtenaw's turn to furnish the representative and Mr. Wedemeyer's friends are pleased that he has decided to enter the race.

In this vicinity, which claims Mr. Wedemeyer as a native son, and which has always been pleased to note the advancement that he has made, the announcement is especially pleasing.

Mr. Wedemeyer has a large acquaintance all over the second district and there is no doubt that at the primaries in September he will be named for the office.

Each of the remaining whole counties in the district have furnished representatives, and it is now time that Washtenaw county was recognized. Mr. Wedemeyer is eminently qualified to fill the office to which he aspires, and would be a power in congress, and his announcement has brought forth many words of praise from all over the district.

PERSONALS.

Geo. Jacobs left for Germany this morning.

Miss Mabel Rowe visited Jackson friends Sunday.

Joseph Eisele, of Jackson, spent Sunday at home.

Miss Alice Chandler was a Jackson visitor Wednesday.

James Speer and family were Jackson visitors Sunday.

John Harris spent Sunday with his parents in Unadilla.

Miss Stella Weber was in Adrian the first of the week.

George Jacobs was a Detroit visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. Charles Martin was an Ann Arbor visitor Sunday.

Miss Rena Roedel was an Ann Arbor visitor Friday.

Miss Ella Slimmer visited relatives in Tecumseh Sunday.

Frank Lahey, of Detroit, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. Clara Hutzel visited Ann Arbor friends Sunday.

Harry Foster spent Sunday with his brother in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Heffer are visiting relatives in Lansing.

Adolph Roepcke, of Gregory, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss Lillian Hawley, of Leslie, is visiting Chelsea relatives.

Miss Jessie Benton, of Dexter, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Miss Mabel McGuinness was in Detroit Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Madge Leudington, of Ludington, is the guest of friends here.

Ed. Chandler and Tim Drislane spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Blanche Stephens was in Ann Arbor the first of the week.

Miss Tressa Orr, of Jackson, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Mrs. M. Brenner, of Ann Arbor, visited relatives here Sunday.

Dr. F. Kelly, of Claire, was the guest of his father here Sunday.

Mrs. C. J. Chandler, of Detroit, is visiting her father, U. H. Kempf.

Mr. and Mrs. Rha Alexander spent Sunday with Ann Arbor relatives.

Bert Reilly and Clyde Lee, of Jackson, were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Fred Belser, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents at this place.

Ellsworth Hoppe, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his parents in Sylvan.

Ernest Wagner and Richard Kanowski were in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mrs. Arthur Schlee, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Little Gretchen Speer, of Detroit, is visiting her grandparents this week.

Miss Lenore Curtis, of Plymouth, spent Sunday with her mother here.

Miss Lillian Hawley, of Jackson, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mesdames J. S. Cummings and O. T. Hoover spent Friday in Ann Arbor.

Misses Laura Welhoff and Ida Feldkamp were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Morton, of Detroit, visited their parents here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tomlinson, of Banister, were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Rose Gregg was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Sarah Shaver, Sunday.

Miss May Peters, of Scio, visited friend here several days of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur VanRiper and son spent Sunday with relatives in Francisco.

Willis Benton and family were the guests of Dexter relatives Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Congdon, of Ypsilanti visited relatives and friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Abraham, of Jackson, is spending this week with her daughter, Mrs. B. Steinbach.

Mrs. L. C. Bryan, of Harvey, Ill., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilson.

Payson Foster and family, of Ypsilanti, were guests at the home of R. M. Hoppe Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Ruth Kempf, of Hillsdale, visited relatives and friends here over Sunday.

Agnes Weber left Monday for Adrian, where she will attend St. Joseph's Academy.

Mrs. Ray McCormick, of Detroit, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Archie Alexander.

Mrs. Paulina Hutzel, of Muncie, Ind., was the guest of Mrs. Charles Steinbach Sunday.

Mrs. Carrie Seper Cushman, of Dexter, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster Friday.

Miss Sadie Walker, of Dexter, was the guest of Miss Frances Steele the latter part of last week.

Victor Hindelang and daughter Esther, of Albion, spent Tuesday with Miss Frances Hindelang.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Woods, of Lansing, visited at the home of Mrs. Geo. Barthel the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Blanchard, of Detroit, were guests at the home of D. H. Wurster several days of the past week.

Miss Emilie Steinbach returned to Saginaw Monday morning after spending her week's vacation with her parents here.

Mrs. H. Kelsey Faye and niece Charlotte Kelsey, of Ann Arbor, were guests at the home of Chas. Steinbach Saturday.

Mrs. John Wallace, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Alber, sr., will return to her home at Marshalltown, Iowa, today.

For United States Senator Only.

Congressman Townsend, in conferring with some of his friends at Detroit, Saturday, announced that he would not again be a candidate for reelection in the Second District. While, as a matter of fact, he has never declared himself a candidate for the House, many of his friends have assumed that he would stand for reelection for the reason that in the past Congressmen in Senatorial ambitions have not thought their congressional candidacies inconsistent, and first received their election to the House and then pressed their claims for the Senate. He has not until now given the question much consideration for the reason that he has been entrusted with important legislation recommended by the administration and his influence and prestige would have been considerably weakened in the House if it had been understood that there was any question about his return as one of its members. This important work has nearly been finished. The bill which was introduced by Mr. Townsend and which, if passed by the House, will be known as the Townsend law creating a Commerce Court and making other important changes in the Interstate Commerce Act, is ready for consideration by the House, and Mr. Mann, chairman of the committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, of which Mr. Townsend is a member, having withdrawn his opposition to the bill, will give every assistance in securing a passage. Furthermore, as has been said, it has been customary in Michigan for congressmen who have aspired to the Senate to run for both offices at one and the same time. The only difference in the situation now is that the nomination for Senator will be made by the people at the September primaries and in the Second District Mr. Townsend's name, should he be a candidate for both the House and Senate, would appear twice upon the ballot, in other parts of the state it would, of course, appear but once, namely, as candidate for United States Senator.

In view of the completion of his important work in this Congress, and notwithstanding the fact that precedent would warrant Mr. Townsend's being a candidate for both the House and Senate, he evidently feels that his chances for election to the Senate are good, so far as he is personally concerned, he is running but little risk in announcing that he will not be a candidate for reelection in this Congressional District. He will moreover be able to devote his entire time to the senatorial campaign. In speaking of the campaign at the conference, Mr. Townsend said: "I believe the rank and file of the republicans of Michigan are ready to make a change in the senatorship. Supporting Senator Burrows are the large interests such as the iron, lumber and sugar interests. Their support is not based upon genuine enthusiasm for Senator Burrows, and they have said as much to me. Their support is rather a matter of duty with them. They feel that they owe their support to Senator Burrows in return for services rendered them in Congress. These and kindred interests will raise a large amount of money to retain Senator Burrows at Washington. I would rather have, however, a good force of real friends working in my behalf than an army of hired workers."

Mr. Townsend's ability and experience certainly enable him to give Michigan splendid service in the Senate of the United States, and his decision not to allow the question of his reelection to the House in any way to embarrass him in his fight for the Senate is certainly a very commendable one. Mr. Townsend is widely known as a progressive of the conservative type. He believes in making progress, but in using judgment and common sense in making it. His consistent and dignified course at Washington has commended itself to many thousands of voters in the state and there is no question that when he takes the field in person, he will win in his support a great majority of the electors of the state.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

Mrs. M. Kalmbach is on the sick list.

Rev. Beal is entertaining his brother from Bucyrus, Ohio.

Henry Kalmbach moved his family to the farm last week.

Mrs. J. Kilmer, of Chelsea, was a guest in this vicinity Friday.

Geo. and Adelbert Main spent Sunday with Wm. Marsh and family near Munith.

Miss Ione Lehman was a guest of Susie Larkins in Lyndon a few days last week.

Mrs. Bert Guthrie, of Chelsea, was a guest of her sister, Mrs. James Richards.

Mrs. Chase, of Jackson, was the guest of her brother, Wm. Wahl and family Friday.

Mrs. E. Nordman, of Jackson, was a guest of her brother Henry Lehman and family Friday.

Perry Palmer and wife, of Jackson, are spending a few weeks at their cottage near Clear Lake.

Geo. Beeman, wife and daughter Mae, of Waterloo, were guests of P. Youngs and family Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Main, of Roots, was a guest of her brother, H. Harvey and family a few days last week.

E. J. Notten and wife attended a reunion of the latter's family in Norval Saturday and Sunday.

Joseph Goodrich and wife, of Sylvan, were guests of their daughter, Mrs. H. J. Mushbach, Tuesday.

Miss Martha Riemschneider entertained Miss Sheele of Jackson and Leta Alber of Chelsea last week.

Herbert Harvey and family accompanied by Ashley Holden and wife of Chelsea spent Sunday with Joseph Walz and family near Roots station.

SHARON NEWS.

John Boyle's family are moving to Jackson.

Willie Mayer is quite seriously ill with pneumonia.

Fred J. Brustle spent Tuesday at J. Schaible's in Freedom.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wahr, Wednesday, March 30, a son.

J. W. Dresselhouse's children are recovering from the measles.

M. Hawley and Elmer Lehman are shearing sheep in this vicinity.

H. P. O'Neil left Wednesday for a trip to the northern part of the state.

John and Henry Heischwerdt made a business trip to Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Burch are the proud parents of a baby girl born April 4, 1910.

Miss Mary Wacker and Theodore Uphaus were united in marriage by Rev. O. Laubengayer at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Wm. Esch, Wednesday, March 30.

The last of the five spelling contests was held at Rowe's Corner's Friday, April 1. There are two pupils who have attended all the contests and been perfect each time. They are Waldo Kusterer and Josephine Smyth.

The following officers were elected at the town meeting: Supervisor, J. W. Dresselhouse; clerk, Ashley Parks; treasurer, Clayton Gieske; highway commissioner, Wm. Myers; highway overseer, John Lemm; justice of the peace, Bert Gillhouse; board of review, Jacob Leman; constables, Clayton Gieske; Fred Kuhl; John Uphaus, Henry Kemmer.

Church Circles.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor. Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning. The Young People's Society will meet at 7:30 p. m.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANCISCO. Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.

Quarterly communion services will be held next Sunday. Rev. Elias Rosen of Detroit will be present. The monthly meeting of the Epworth League will be held Wednesday evening, April 13th.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor. Combined service Sunday 10 a. m. Sermon subject, "The Holy Spirit." C. E. meeting at 6:15 p. m. Evening worship 7 p. m. Subject, "Religious Liberty." The topic will be considered in the light of Col. Roosevelt's recent actions at Rome.

BAPTIST.

Rev. F. J. Blanchard, Pastor. Preaching service at 10 a. m. Subject, "Paul, the Gospel Preacher." Sunday school at 11 a. m. Young people's meeting at 6 p. m. Subject, "God is Here," Ps. 139:1-12. Leader, Miss Pelton. Preaching service at 7 p. m. Subject, "Paul, the Ready Man." Prayer meeting at 7:15 p. m. Thursday.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. Dunnington, Jr., Pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Combination service at 10 a. m. Subject, "An Entertaining Church." Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 6:15 p. m. Leader, Ruth Lewick. Preaching service at 7 p. m. Subject, "The Writing on the Sky." Prayer service Thursday evening at 7:15 o'clock. You are cordially invited to all the services of the church.

For Saturday Only

Large Cake, Ambersole Glycerine 5c | Don't buy any Carpets or Rugs until you see ours.

Three Dozen Black Genuine Heatherbloom Skirts, always sell at \$2.00 and \$2.50, Saturday only. **\$1.50**

Another Lot Women's New Coats and Suits For Spring Wear

The manufacturer has just sent us some special values in new Coats and Suits for Misses and Women. Some especially good Coats in newest styles At \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$13.50.

Wash Dress and House Dress SPECIALS

Regular \$3.50 value House Dresses, all sizes, made of best 15c Fancy Gingham, now \$2.00.

Ask to see our \$1.25 House Dresses

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

You Get Style Plus Quality

A SERIOUS condition of the Clothing trade today is a continuous sacrifice of style for quality, or quality for style, to maintain a sensible cost. A few makers do combine style and quality, but you know it results in an exorbitant price.



Let us tell you the problem to combine style and quality, yet keep the cost within the limits of the average man, is solved in Clothcraft Clothes. Clothcraft makers have blazed the trail in their scientific tailoring methods.

We investigated the clothing market thoroughly and were independent, because we wanted to offer you the very best the country afforded. And we are proud to be known as the Clothcraft Store.

CLOTHCRAFT All-Wool Clothes \$10 to \$25

Clothcraft are the only clothes that guarantee you both style and quality at popular prices. We and the makers take all the risk; you take none.

Dancer Bros.

Coming Attractions.

The following attractions have been booked for the New Whitney theatre at Ann Arbor:

Richard Carle in a new musical play, "The Echo," Thursday, April 14.

David Belasco presents David Warfield in "The Music Master," Saturday, April 16.

Daniel V. Arthur presents DeWolf Hopper in the big musical treat, "The Matinee Idol," Monday, April 18.

Mrs. Leslie Carter in "Vesta Herne," Tuesday, April 19.

Al. G. Field's Greater Minstrels, Thursday, April 21.

Forced To Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. Its surely the king of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives and health to it. Its positively guaranteed for coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup—all throat and lung troubles. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

Notice.

The first annual meeting of the Chelsea Business Men's Association will be held in Firemen's Hall on Tuesday, April 12th, at 7:30 p. m., for the election of four directors and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

If all the houses in this town were painted with Bradley & Vrooman Pure there would be no more painting for at least 5 years. F. H. Beiser is the agent.

SAVE 1/2 ROOFING EXPENSE



Veribest Rubber Roofing

Quickly laid, durable almost everlasting, spark and fire-brand proof, insurance companies make the same rate on it as on metal or slate, always pliable like rubber, sold under guarantee and if not satisfactory, goods can be returned and money refunded.

Chelsea Elevator Co. AGENTS Chelsea, Michigan

Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS POTTED PLANTS FUNERAL DESIGNS

ELVIRA CLARK, Phone 180-2-1-8. FLORIST

Sale of State Tax Lands.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, Auditor General's Department, Lansing, April 1, 1910. Notice is hereby given that certain lands situated in the County of Washtenaw, bid off to the State for taxes of 1909 and previous years, and described in statements which will be forwarded to the office of the Treasurer of said County, and may be seen at said office previous to the day of sale, will be sold at public auction by said Treasurer at the County Seat, on the first Tuesday of May next, at the time and place designated for the Annual Tax Sale, if not previously redeemed or cancelled according to law. Said statements contain a full description of each parcel of said lands.

ORAMEL B. FULLER, Auditor General.

The "Bell" brings Distant Cities To your Door

A telephone service that is the standard telephone service of the world.

The Michigan State Telephone Company and connecting companies form the only system giving a complete and universal service. Standardization of equipment and construction and an unequalled organization safeguard this great system.

EVERY BELL TELEPHONE IS A LONG DISTANCE STATION

Michigan State Telephone Company

AUCTION!

The Frank Baldwin Farm, situated 1 1/2 miles east of Chelsea, will be sold at public auction on the premises

Tuesday, April 12 at 1:30 P. M.

The farm contains 74 acres, 55 acres of which is under cultivation and 19 acres marsh. Good six-room dwelling; 36x54 basement barn; and other out-buildings; young orchard; good fences.

The farm will be sold altogether or in parcels to suit purchaser. Terms made known on day of sale.

This property will positively be sold to the highest bidder on the day named.

E. W. DANIELS, Auctioneer

Try Standard Want Column. You get results

Young Men Grasp This Chance

to get clothes that are "just your style." You can get them here, any time, any pattern, any price.

Do you like pobby clothes? Do you like clothes quite a bit different from the average, ordinary, every-day sort? These Dancer Brother garments are for you, if you do.

Do you want swaggar clothes? We mean "swaggar" in the refined, well bred, accepted-by-good society sense. Then these Dancer Brothers clothes are for you sure.

Here they are with form fitting effect, full chested, two and three button styles, peg top trousers, patterns that you never before knew existed.

When you get into one of these suits you feel right, you know you look right. You can go anywhere and be a prince among good dressers.

These clothes are tailored as you would have them if your income was a hundred thousand and you could pick out the swellest tailor in the land.

Just try one of our suits this spring. Come in and look them over. Learn how the leading Young Men's houses make clothes especially for you.

In footwear we are showing the latest styles in OXFORDS AND SHOES, in all the popular leathers and from the leading manufacturers. Come in and examine them.

DANCER BROTHERS.



LOCAL ITEMS.

Geo. Seitz is moving into Mrs. Ellen Hamilton's residence on Park street.

Born, on Sunday, April 3, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Conway, a daughter.

Born, on Thursday, March 31, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Clark, a daughter.

The Royal Entertainers meet with Mrs. J. G. Stiegelmaier this afternoon.

Charles E. Whitaker has purchased a four family flat in Detroit paying \$11,500 for the same.

The rains of this week have raised the hopes of the farmers for a good crop of wheat and hay.

Levi Palmer has sold his farm north of Francisco to C. E. Mount of Sharon. Consideration \$2,450.

Mr. and Mrs. John Newton moved into the Faber residence on Washington street Monday of this week.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church will give a supper at the town hall Saturday, April 23.

Howard Canfield will move into the residence on South street recently vacated by Mrs. M. B. Millsapugh.

The L. O. T. M. M. will give their dance on Wednesday, April 13, instead of April 8 as announced last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Foster entertained the High Five at their home on Park street Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Kempf and daughter Mildred, of Detroit, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bowen Sunday.

Miss Hattie Dunn has gone to Ann Arbor where she has accepted a position with the Michigan State Telephone Co.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church gave Mrs. C. F. Laubengayer a farewell reception at her home Tuesday evening.

Rev. Thomas Holmes attended the golden wedding anniversary of his brother A. H. Holmes and wife at Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Misses Lillian Andrew and Bessie Potts and Russell T. Potts, of Detroit, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. F. K. McElowney.

George, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Belser, sustained a sprained ankle and some torn ligaments Monday when a heavy motor cycle fell on him.

Miss Frances Steinbach returned to her home in Dexter Saturday after spending the week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Steinbach.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Belser entertained a number of their Ann Arbor and Chelsea friends at their home on South street last Thursday evening.

The Junior class will repeat the Merchant of Venice Up-to-date at the Sylvan theatre Saturday, April 16, for the benefit of the Athletic Association.

Married, Tuesday, April 5, 1910, in Toledo, Miss Edith Slater and Mr. Claude P. Guerin both of that city. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Guerin of this place.

W. H. Barry, sr., attended the funeral of his father, H. Barry, at Millington, Sunday. Mr. Barry was 88 years of age and had been married 66 years. He leaves a widow and six children, and his death was the first in the family.

Daniel F. Zimmerman, Frank Ayer, Sid W. Millard, H. A. Williams, Wm. L. Walz, Geo. Wagner, G. Reiser and J. W. Bennett, officers of Ann Arbor Commandry, No. 13, K. T., were in Chelsea Monday evening, visiting members of the order.

Great Counselor Frank E. Jones, of Ann Arbor, will deliver the annual memorial address for Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M. M., which will be held on Sunday, June 12th. The committee in charge is making arrangements which will be announced in the future.

The concert given by the Apollo Quintette of Albion College at the Methodist church Friday evening was well attended and was a pleasing entertainment. Mr. and Mrs. F. McElowney entertained a number of young people after the concert in honor of the members of the quintette.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Eminger and children, who have been spending the past month with Mr. and Mrs. Matt Alber, left this morning for Buchanan, where they will visit Mr. Eminger's sister for a short time, and then will return to their home in Minneapolis.

The German Workingmen's Society are preparing for a good time next Monday evening. At that time they will hold a banquet in the Young Men's Social Club rooms. Wm. B. Gentsch, corresponding secretary of the State Bund, and Chas. Kaersten, financial secretary of the same, will be present and address the gathering.

A horse, belonging to George Gage which was standing in front of Holmes & Walker's store, became frightened at a passing automobile Saturday forenoon and started out alone. The run was a fast one but was soon over, as the animal went up on a bank and in jumping off the ledge fell and was soon captured. The damage was slight. Several small boys had narrow escapes from being struck by the flying rig.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE—Dry rails cut in stove length, good sound wood. Call on Frank Leach. Phone 144 21-1s. 39

ORPINGTONS—White and Buff. Eggs for hatching. The biggest fowls and the best layers. Come and see for yourself. Wirt S. McLaren, Chelsea. 35tf

NOTICE—For choice artistic memorials, marble stone and granite call on A. Kaercher, Salesman for Zachman & Arnet, Ann Arbor. 37

FOR SALE—Hindelang property, corner of Middle and East streets. Inquire of Dr. S. G. Bush.

WANTED—500 men and boys to buy Spalding Base Ball Goods of Holmes & Walker.

NOTICE—I still have the lease of the Stapish gravel and sand pit. Orders promptly filled. B. Steinbach. Phone 233. 34tf

FOR SALE—The C. E. Depew residence on west Middle street. For particulars inquire of TurnBull & Witherell, attorneys, Chelsea. 20tf

HAVING purchased a Suffolk Punch Stallion, I offer him for service at my barn on north Main street every Saturday. Terms \$10. W. J. Beutler. 48

BOATS FOR SALE—I have ten fine, new pleasure row boats for sale. Inquire of L. Tichenor, Chelsea.

WANTED—Able bodied men to work at laboring, also to learn moulding, good wages and assistance while learning, steady employment, an elegant opportunity to locate in a good live town. Address, Ideal Furnace Co., Milan, Mich. 38

FOR SALE—Black Minorca eggs. One dollar per setting. Inquire of J. G. Stiegelmaier. 36

WANTED—Lathe, milling machine, and drill press men. Assemblers rough-stuff and varnish rubbers and painters. Good wages and steady work. Apply immediately, Reo Motor Car Company, Lansing, Michigan. 38

FOR SALE—R. C. Rhode Island Red Eggs per 13, \$1.00. From excellent pen of thoroughbreds. Rolland E. Kalmbach. 35

OLD PAPERS—To put on shelves or under carpets. Big bundle for five cents at the Standard office.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Greatest display of Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums, Lace Curtains, Shades, Fixtures, Borders for Rugs, etc., we have ever shown.

In this department we feel we are entitled to your patronage because of the qualities we are offering, and the close prices we are making.

We have Rugs in size 9x12 at \$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$14.50, \$17.50, \$19.00, \$22.00, \$24.00, \$28.00, \$32.00 and \$35.00.

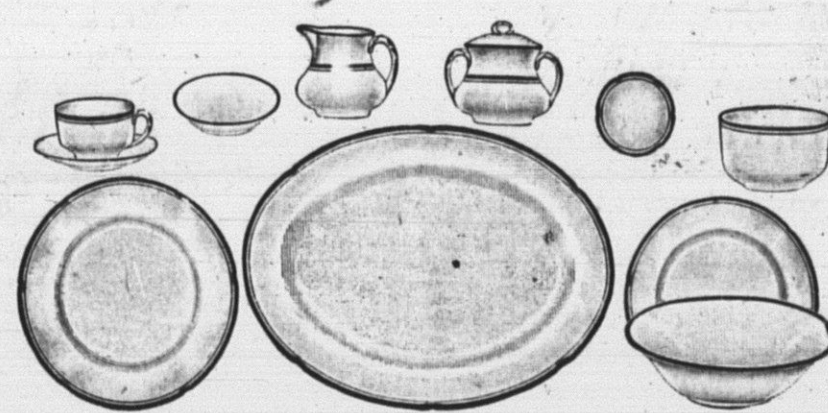
All Wool Ingrain Carpets, 50c to 65c per yard.

Great values in Linoleum, in widths 6 feet, 7 1-2 feet and 12 feet. Prices from 45c to 60c.

Lace Curtains at from 50c to \$10 per pair.

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100-Piece Set \$10

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W.P. SCHENK & COMPANY

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

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If you contemplate building let us figure on your lumber bill.

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We will do your Feed Grinding on short notice.

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Business success contains no black art—there is nothing mysterious about it. Men do not make fortunes by what is called luck.

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The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank



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Made by DETROIT WHITE LEAD WORKS, Detroit, Mich.

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Of Course You Have.

We have taken the agency for the well known Clough & Warren Piano and would like to have you see what we have. Our prices are right and our terms are the easiest.

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Call and examine. We keep engines in stock.

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We are agents for Dodd & Struthers' Copper Cable Lightning Rods, the heaviest cable made. This is the most practical method of guarding against lightning. Let us rod your buildings. Dodd & Struthers guarantee to pay all damages done by lightning to buildings protected by their rods.

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Practical Auctioneer.
For information call at The Standard office, or address, Dexter, Mich., R. F. D. No. 2. Arrangements made for sales by phone at my expense. Webster Rural Phone. Auction bills free. 38

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In all its latest shades and effects are ready for your approval. We are in a position to look after your wants in a creditable and satisfactory manner.

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MILLER SISTERS

To Eat or Not to Eat

IS A QUESTION EASILY SETTLED
WHEN YOU BUY YOUR MEAT OF US

Our meats are justly famous for their freshness and tender and juicy qualities. All kinds of sausage, also smoked meats.

OUR STEAM KETTLE RENDERED LARD
HAS NO EQUAL. TRY A PAIL OR CAN.

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From Our Tempting
Array of the
Latest Spring Styles!



Each suit is new and correct in every detail. Our selections were made in a most painstaking manner so that we might offer our customers better values than ever before.

We wish to call your attention particularly to the splendid suits at

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Preserving the Declaration of Independence

WALDON FAWCETT

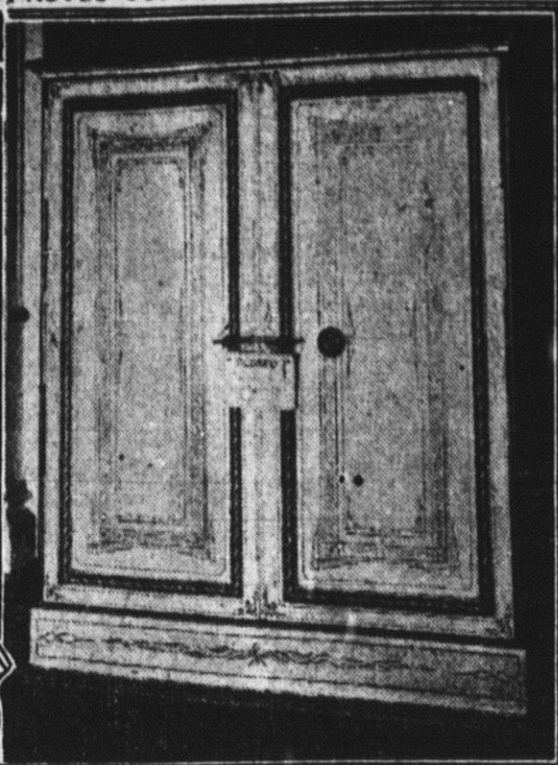
HEN, a few weeks ago, the newspaper dispatches from Washington made mention of the fact that a descendant of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence had applied to the president for permission to look at that famous document the public received.

Its first hint of the extraordinary care exercised by Uncle Sam for the safe keeping of what is, in a way, the nation's most prized possession. Probably no relic in the world is more carefully guarded than this self-same piece of parchment with its roster of significant autograph signatures.

Every time an exposition is held anywhere in the United States the projectors conceive the idea of borrowing the Declaration of Independence as their chief drawing card in the way of an historical exhibit, but

JOHN A. TONNER
CUSTODIAN
OF THE
DECLARATION
OF INDEPENDENCE

PHOTOS COPYRIGHT BY WALDON FAWCETT

SAFE IN WHICH THE
DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE
IS KEPTSTATE DEPARTMENT
BUILDING AT WASHINGTON

all hopes of this kind are doomed to disappointment. The Declaration was transferred to Philadelphia for the Centennial in 1876, but never before nor since has it been out of its depository at the national capital and it is pretty safe to predict that it will never in future be disturbed.

During the past decade there has been a redoubling of protective measures looking to the safeguarding and preservation of the invaluable document. Some years ago the secretary of state issued an order that the Declaration should be hermetically sealed in a light-tight, fire-proof, burglar-proof safe, and that this safe should not be opened except upon his written order. How resolute is the determination of the officials to keep the document in that seclusion that is believed to be essential for its preservation may be surmised from the fact that never in the seven years since the "retirement order" was issued has any person been able to induce the secretary of state to issue the necessary order to obtain a peep at the important document.

The Declaration of Independence has had a most interesting history since it came into existence on that memorable fourth of July in Philadelphia one and one-third centuries ago. The parchment document that now reposes in the library of the state department at Washington is the one and only official instrument. So far as known, there was no duplicate or extra copy of the declaration made for "printers' copy," as would now be done in the case of any important document the contents of which were to be perpetuated. It is believed that the copy in the hands of Secretary Thomson at the close of the session on that first Independence day went to the official printer, John Dunlap, and was used by him as copy. The next day, in making up the journal of the continental congress, the secretary waded in a blank space left for this purpose a copy of the broadside print.

Copies of the printed broadside were also sent out in compliance with the resolution of congress to "assemble, conventions, councils of safety," etc. Other editions differing somewhat in style were printed by Dunlap to meet the demand for the Declaration and a few copies were printed on vellum. Meanwhile the original document was most carefully preserved. Under an act of congress approved July 27, 1789, the Declaration was deposited in what was then known as the department of foreign affairs. A few months later the name of this branch of the government was changed to department of state and the secretary of state was declared to have charge and custody of the Declaration.

The Declaration has virtually been in the custody of the state department continuously from that date to the present time. To be sure it reposed in the patent office at Washington from 1841 to 1877, but the patent office, it may be recalled, was for many years a part of the department of state and occupied what was believed to be a fireproof building, whereas that which then housed the department of state was not regarded as affording any surety against damage by fire. After the Centennial, however, the Declaration was transferred to the state department proper, that branch of the government having in the meantime acquired an up-to-date building. Here it

has remained ever since in the library, which has spacious quarters on the fourth floor of the great granite building occupied by the state, war and navy departments.

The present solicitude for the preservation of the Declaration with all possible care dates from a period somewhat prior to the World's Columbian exposition in Chicago in 1893. It was proposed to transfer the Declaration to Chicago for exhibition and a steel safe or "packing case," as it was then termed, was specially constructed to serve as a repository for the document en route and during the period of the fair. While these preparations were in progress the officials of the state department turned the matter over in their minds and eventually came to the conclusion that it was risky business to have the nation's most honored relic carted about the country, even if the moving was done with all possible care. The president took this view of the matter also and so it was decided not to allow the Declaration to be transferred to Chicago.

About this time John Hay, who was then acting as secretary of state, asked the National Academy of Sciences to carefully investigate the condition of the document and to make suggestions as to ways and means for its preservation. Accordingly President Agassiz of the National Academy appointed a special committee, consisting of John S. Billings, Ira Remsen and Charles F. Chandler, to confer with Secretary Hay on the subject. Eventually this special committee was given an opportunity to make a careful examination of the precious instrument with the assistance of Mr. A. H. Allen, then serving as the chief of the bureau of rolls and library of the state department and also with the aid of Dr. Wilbur M. Gray, of the Army Medical Museum.

It was found that the document had suffered very seriously from the very harsh treatment to which it was exposed during the earlier years of the republic. Folding and rolling had creased and broken the parchment. The wet press-copying operation to which it was subjected about 1820 for the purpose of producing a fac-simile copy, removed a large portion of the ink. Subsequent exposure to the action of light for more than 30 years while the instrument was placed on exhibition has resulted in the fading of the ink, particularly in the signatures. The committee was pleased, however, to find that no evidence of mold or other disintegrating agents could be discovered upon the parchment by careful microscopic examination. They also reported against the proposition which had been advanced to apply chemicals with a view to restoring the original color of the ink. It was the opinion of the experts that such application could be but partially successful, inasmuch as a considerable portion of the original ink was removed in making the copy of 1820 and also because such application might result in serious discoloration of the parchment.

Finally the committee reported adversely upon the suggestion that any solution, such as

collodion, paraffin, etc., be applied with a view to strengthening the parchment or making it moisture proof. But the committee did urge that the document be kept in the dark and as dry as possible, and never placed on exhibition. Accordingly, in 1894, it was hermetically sealed in a frame and placed in the steel case above mentioned, together with the original copy of the constitution of the United States. Then, in 1902, Secretary Hay issued the order in accordance with which the huge square steel box that holds the Declaration was locked and sealed. It has been opened once since that time in order that the officials might ascertain the condition of the document. It appeared to be in exactly the same state of preservation as when placed in the case half a dozen years ago and indeed Mr. John A. Tonner, chief of the division of rolls and library of the state department, the present custodian of the Declaration, is of the opinion that the deterioration or at least the fading of the Declaration has been almost completely arrested.

The interior of the steel safe which comprises the final resting place of the Declaration contains four drawers. In one of these reposes the Declaration—kept perfectly flat between two pieces of heavy plate glass. The other four drawers are given over to the original copy of the constitution, similarly protected. The constitution, it may be added, is in an excellent state of preservation and really does not need the extreme protective measures to which it is subjected because of being in company with the Declaration.

Present-day visitors to the state department, although they may not see the original Declaration of Independence, can inspect something almost as interesting—namely, the original draft of the Declaration in Jefferson's handwriting, with a few interlineations made by Franklin and Adams. This is displayed in a steel cabinet that stands adjacent to the safe containing the original Declaration. The steel exhibition cabinet also holds one of the fac-similes of the engrossed copy of the Declaration—one of those reproductions made by order of President Monroe in order to secure 200 copies for the signers of the Declaration and their heirs.

In a glass case in this same treasure house of historic mementoes is the small, plain, unpolished mahogany desk on which Jefferson wrote the Declaration of Independence. This interesting relic came into possession of the government in 1880. The desk had been given by Thomas Jefferson to Joseph Coolidge, Jr., upon the occasion of the latter's marriage to Jefferson's granddaughter, Miss Randolph. On the death of Mr. Coolidge, whose wife had died a year or two previously, the desk became the property of their four children and was by them presented to the nation. It was the ex-

pressed wish of the donors "to offer it to the United States that it may have a place in the department of state with the immortal instrument which was written upon it in 1776."

The desk bears an inscription in Jefferson's handwriting as follows: "Thomas Jefferson gives this writing desk to Joseph Coolidge, Jr., as a memorial of his affection. It was made from a drawing of his own by Ben Randall, cabinet maker, of Philadelphia, with whom he first lodged on his arrival in that city in May, 1776, and is the identical one on which he wrote the Declaration of Independence. Politics as well as religion has its superstitions. These gaining strength with time, may one day give imaginary value to this relic for its association with the birth of the great charter of our independence. Monticello, Nov. 18, 1825."

Although Jefferson was nearly 83 years of age when he presented the desk, his donation inscription, above given, is written in the same bold, clear and strong handwriting in which he penned the Declaration of Independence almost half a century before, when a young man little more than 30.

The circumstances under which Jefferson was selected for the honorable task of writing the Declaration of Independence were at one time the subject of considerable controversy. The evidence on the subject is derived chiefly from the writings of John Adams and of Jefferson himself. These two distinguished statesmen disagree as to some important details.

Mr. Jefferson in his memoir written in 1821 states simply that the committee for drawing the Declaration desired him to do it; that he accordingly wrote it, and that, being approved by the committee, he reported it to congress on Friday, the twenty-eighth of June, when, after three days of debate, it was adopted on July 4.

In Mr. Adams' autobiography he says: "The committee of independence were Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman, Robert R. Livingston. There were more reasons than one for the selection of Jefferson for such important work. He had the reputation of a masterly pen; he was a delegate from Virginia. Another reason was Richard Henry Lee was not beloved by most of his colleagues from Virginia, and Jefferson was set up to rival and supplant him. The committee had several meetings in which were proposed the articles of which the Declaration was to consist, and minutes made of them. The work of making the draft was left to Jefferson and me, but on my insistence Jefferson alone did the work."

Summed up, the substantial points of difference in the accounts of these two men regarding the same transaction relates to the action of the committee in designating the person or persons who were to prepare the draft of a Declaration. Mr. Adams states that Jefferson and himself were appointed a subcommittee to prepare it; Mr. Jefferson states that he alone was directed by the committee to write the Declaration. This question is not important, since Mr. Adams' version does not in the least impair Mr. Jefferson's claim to the authorship of the instrument.

It is proper to add that Mr. Jefferson's account is confirmed by the original manuscript draft of the Declaration, exhibiting the corrections and interlineations made by Dr. Franklin and Mr. Adams in their respective handwritings. These amendments were not important. The reasons assigned by Mr. Adams for the selection of Mr. Jefferson as the writer of the Declaration are so numerous that it is difficult to determine which of them he intended should be regarded as the principal or decisive one. In the autobiography he states that there were more reasons than one why Mr. Jefferson was appointed on a committee of such importance. He assigns two reasons: one, Mr. Jefferson's reputation as a writer, and the other the desire of his Virginia colleagues to have Mr. Jefferson supplant Mr. Richard Henry Lee. In a letter to Mr. Pickens Mr. Adams gives as the reason why Mr. Jefferson was placed at the head of the committee that it was "the Frankfort advice to place Virginia at the head of everything," but he also adds that Mr. Jefferson brought him to congress "a reputation for literature, science and a happy talent of composition," and that this reputation had been sustained by writings "remarkable for their peculiar felicity of expression." As in the case of Washington, therefore, it would seem that there were reasons of eminent fitness and qualification for the duty assigned; and certainly the Declaration of Independence itself fully justifies the selection. Few state papers have ever been written with more skill, or greater adaptation to the purposes in view. Whether its sentiments were purely original with its author, or were gathered from the political philosophy which had become familiar to the American mind, through the great discussions of the time, it must forever remain an imperishable monument of his power of expression and his ability to touch the passions, as well as to address the reason of mankind.

With regard to the passage concerning slavery, which was stricken out of Jefferson's draft, we may well conceive that both northern and southern men might have felt the injustice of the terrible denunciation with which he charged upon the king all the horrors, crimes and consequences of the African slave trade, and in which he accused him of exciting the slaves to insurrection, and "to purchase the liberty of which he had deprived them by murdering the people upon whom he had obtruded them." Mr. Jefferson, in drawing up the list of our national accusations against the king, obviously intended to refer to him as the representative of the public policy and acts of the mother country; and it is true that the imperial government was, and must always remain, responsible for the existence of slavery in the colonies. But this was not one of the grievances to be redressed by the Revolution; it did not constitute one of the reasons for aiming at independence, and there was not sufficient ground for the accusation that the government of Great Britain had knowingly sought to excite general insurrections among the slaves.

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The National has nothing to get out of order. Runs light, is clean easily, and gives all the cream. Furthermore, it will last a lifetime. Your dealer will demonstrate a National free if you insist. Let us send you our illustrated catalogue.
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ROASTS beef, poultry and game with a steady heat, which preserves the rich natural flavor.
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No drudgery of coal and ashes; no stooping to get at the oven; no smoke, no dust, no odor—just good cooking with greater fuel economy. Irons and water in wash-boiler always hot. The

New Perfection WICK BLUE FLAME Oil Cook-stove

has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nicked towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

CAUTIONARY NOTE: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION."

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The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

CONGRESS MUST WORK RAPIDLY

Little Progress Has Been Made with Any Measure But Budget Bills.

ATTITUDE OF THE DEMOCRATS

They Probably Will Support Legislation Sanctioned by the People—Republicans Suspicious Because Opponents Urge Nomination of Roosevelt.

Washington.—If congress wishes to go before the country with a record of full accomplishment for the session it will be necessary for it to do a good deal of work within the next six or eight weeks. The house and senate have been in session since the first Monday in December and if the appropriation bills be eliminated, the number of measures which are well forward on the road to passage are comparatively few.

It has been shown by the history of nearly all congresses that when the senators and the representatives make up their minds to go to work, and do it, they manage to get through with a good deal of legislation in short order. The postal savings bank bill has passed the senate, but the house has not yet given it consideration except in committee. The interstate commerce bill was introduced into the senate and into the house at virtually the same moment, and the two bills were identical. The house has made many changes in the measure. The senate also has made changes, but they are not in many respects like those which were made in the house.

No Conservation Bills Passed.

No conservation measures have yet passed congress. President Taft has been urging that at least two comprehensive bills shall be passed to save the country's natural resources. Nearly every day President Taft impresses upon members of congress who call on him personally the necessity for legislation along conservation lines, and it is apparent that he hopes his desires will be heeded. It will take some time, however, to pass the conservation bill, for it appears that there is to be considerable debate upon them before they can be enacted into law.

No one yet knows definitely what fate awaits the administration's desires with reference to what is called anti-injunction legislation. Statehood and Alaska matters are still in abeyance, and while to a considerable extent all these matters have been fully considered in committee and to some extent considered in debate, there is no telling just how long it will take either to pass them or to deny them passage.

It is getting late in the season and a great many of the members of congress, both Democrats and Republicans, are anxious to get back into their districts to fix up their fences for the coming congressional campaign. Of course it will be to the advantage of the Republicans if they can go before the country and say, "As a party we have passed much of the progressive legislation which the platform sanctioned and which the president asked for."

Attitude of Democrats.

It can be said without any partisan spirit at all that it seems likely the Democrats will be willing to aid the Republicans in the passage of some of the legislation now before congress, although the Democrats may offer amendments to some of the pending bills.

It is apparent from what the Democrats say that they realize the country has demanded some of the legislation which the president has asked congress to pass. The Democrats contend, however, that the Republicans will not put it through in the form that the people wish, and therefore the minority party will go on record as in favor of amending the present bills to some marked degree. The Democrats, however, apparently do not care to go before the country in the light of having blocked such of the Republican legislation as apparently has been sanctioned by the country. So it is that the members of both parties may get together and put through considerable legislation between now and the date of adjournment, and it is evident that it must be put through quickly or that congress will be obliged to sit until Washington swelters in its usual summer heat.

Roosevelt Still Silent.

It seems to be certain that the silence of Theodore Roosevelt is not to be broken until he reaches this country, and the fact that the colonel seems to prefer to keep his own counsel is affecting Republicans and Democrats in Washington in different ways. The Democrats see in it a strong possibility that the former president eventually may make up his mind that at the "call of the country" he will feel it imperative to answer "here" in the year 1912.

The so-called regular Republicans in congress still pin their faith to the belief that when Mr. Roosevelt finally speaks it will be to voice an endorsement of the Taft administration as far as it has gone, and to voice as well an intimation that if things go on as they are going the colonel may decide to become an editorial prop

or Mr. Taft's further presidential ambitions.

The insurgent Republicans do not know exactly how to take the colonel's silence. Mr. Roosevelt was met by a number of men who had with them the insurgent's tale to tell, while there were present only one or two at the meeting with the colonel to enlighten him as to the administration's side of legislative progress in the United States. Of course, Mr. Roosevelt found a letter from Senator Root at the Khartoum postoffice, and this probably gave him the most elaborate account of American doings from the administration's point of view.

Some Conflicting Sentiments.

A good many members of the insurgent faction in the lower house of congress are members of what has been called the "Back from Elba club," although it is hardly necessary to say that this club has really no actual existence as an organization.

One of the curious things that have come out of the Roosevelt silence is the recent outpouring of some of the Democrats who for reasons of their own seem to want to impress it upon the Republicans that Mr. Roosevelt is the only man with whom the latter can hope to win the election in 1912. It is entirely probable that, inasmuch as this is advice from their "friend the enemy," the Republicans will be a little shy of accepting it at its face value.

In a speech delivered in the house recently Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania spoke of Theodore Roosevelt as "the first insurgent of them all." This was intended by the Democratic member to let the insurgents understand that he and presumably others of his party believed that Mr. Roosevelt was the chief apostle of the movement which had resulted in the taking away of some of the power from Speaker Cannon, and in other movements in which the insurgents are or were engaged.

Suspicious of the Democrats.

A Democratic member of the house committee on agriculture recently told a group of Republicans that if Mr. Roosevelt should run again for the presidency he could carry Georgia and North Carolina and would come pretty close to carrying South Carolina.

Other Democrats have been telling the Republicans in cloakroom and in corridor, and occasionally on the floor of the house, that the majority party's one man in whom their hope for success can be placed is Theodore Roosevelt. In fact, the Republicans have had this dinned into their ears by the Democrats so long that even those who were inclined at the first to believe that their Democratic advisers were telling the truth are now asking themselves what motive the Democrats have in view.

If the Democrats Control?

Republicans in congress are speculating a good while in advance. It is true, as to what the Democrats will do if they secure control of the lower house in the Sixty-second congress. The Democrats themselves are consulting privately as to what will be best for them to do if they come into a partial possession of the legislative fat of the land.

There is practically no chance that the senate of the United States can become Democratic before the year 1913, when a new administration also will take hold of the reins of power. Therefore if the present minority party should become the majority in the house in 1911 it could not hope to secure the passage of much legislation that would receive the sanction of the senate and the president.

Some of the Democrats say that the best thing that their party can do if it succeeds in getting control of the house is to start straight at the work of formulating and passing an out-and-out downward revision tariff measure, then to send it over to the senate to be killed. The militant Democrats say enthusiastically that this is the only way to impress on the country that they are true to their old standards and that they believe the way to decrease the price of living is to attack high prices through the high tariff. Some of the prominent minority members believe that if on coming into power in the house the Democrats pass a tariff bill that the country, seeing that they have the courage of their convictions, and having come to the belief that the tariff is too high, will see to it that a Democratic senate is returned and that a Democratic president is elected to succeed William H. Taft.

Ideas of the Leaders.

There are other Democrats, however, who contend that if a tariff bill is introduced into the house in the day of party success, that of course it cannot become the law of the land because of a Republican senate, and that it will be something worse than wasted effort.

Moreover, there are some of the leading Democrats who say it was shown during the Payne-Aldrich bill discussed that many of the minority party members were not in full sympathy with the Democratic low-tariff position, and that if the Democrats in the Sixty-second congress try to put a customs measure of their own through, dissensions in their ranks are bound to be shown and that the effect will be bad.

The Republicans in the house are sure that if the Democrats follow the advice of their party and actually undertake to pass a tariff bill in the Sixty-second congress on succeeding to the control of the house, they will frighten the business interests of the country and the working men to such an extent that the Sixty-third congress will be certain to be Republican, and that the chances of the election of a Republican president will be increased largely.

GEORGE CLINTON.

Farmers should eat more oatmeal.

Although the farmer of today is able to buy almost anything he wants to wear or eat he isn't paying enough attention to food values when it comes to his own table.

He feeds his stock carefully, avoids overfeeding and selects the stock food that he believes will give the best returns in strength and general efficiency.

If he has been watching the extensive researches and experiments on the question of the best human food for muscle and brain he will heed the advice from all sides to "eat more Quaker Oats."

Quaker Oats is mentioned because it is recognized in this country and Europe as the best of all oatmeals. Feeding farm hands on Quaker Oats means getting more work out of them than if you feed them on anything else.

A HOT ONE ON HER.



Mrs. Wauneta Coyne—The parrot talks all the time.

Mr. Coyne—Yes, but he never asks for money.

BABY'S SKIN TORTURE

"When our baby was seven weeks old he broke out with what we thought was heat, but which gradually grew worse. We called in a doctor. He said it was eczema and from that time we doctored six months with three of the best doctors in Atchison but he only got worse. His face, head and hands were a solid sore. There was no end to the suffering for him. We had to tie his little hands to keep him from scratching. He never knew what it was to sleep well from the time he took the disease until he was cured. He kept us awake all hours of the night and his health wasn't what you would call good. We tried everything but the right thing."

"Finally I got a set of the Cuticura Remedies and I am pleased to say we did not use all of them until he was cured. We have waited a year and a half to see if it would return but it never has and to-day his skin is clear and fair as it possibly could be. I hope Cuticura may save some one else's little ones suffering and also their pocket-books. John Leason, 1403 Atchison St., Atchison, Kan., Oct. 19, 1909."

Sickness Insurance in Germany.

The compulsory state system of sickness insurance instituted in 1884 in Germany has proved a powerful factor in combating tuberculosis. No less powerful have been the public sanatoria, the number of beds in which have increased during the past 15 years from 243 to 8,422. Of the 200 tuberculosis sanatoria and hospitals in Germany, 35 are supported by the carriers of sickness insurance. The statistics of the Imperial insurance department show that as many as 42 per cent. of the number of persons treated in these institutions remained in good working health five years after being dismissed from the sanatorium.

Money and expense are not essential to artistic home and attractive rooms. One dollar and fifty cents' worth of material will completely transform a crude, inert room into a graceful, dainty apartment.

Really it is good taste and skill that makes the home homelike. That dainty touch is worth twice as much as money. Wall paper is expensive—it costs money to buy it, to hang it and again to remove it. With the use of the alabastine wall there is only the slight cost of the material—any one can brush it on—and it is not necessary to wash it off the wall when a fresh coat is required.

It is very easy to mix, very simple to apply, but the results are simply beautiful. A whole house can be done at just a little more than the cost of a single room when ordinary materials are used. And this is true, that now that we have so much better materials for use in the decoration of our homes, that wall paper, common kalsomine and paint are now as much out of date as the old time whitewash, lime candles and rough brown floors. Mere money is no longer an essential in good housefurnishing in artistic home making.

The new materials and labor-saving machines are most welcome to us all—and every thoughtful woman, every woman who cares for her home, is quick to utilize them.

There's No Place Like, Etc.

Wife—What sort of a play would you like to see?

Husband—Something lively, that keeps you awake, and has plenty of music in it.

Um. You'd better stay at home and take care of the baby.—Life.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Of course, women are a trifle vain, but did you ever see a man pass up an opportunity to look in a mirror?

FOR DEEP-SEATED COLDS and coughs, Allen's Lung Balsam cures when all other remedies fail. This old reliable medicine has been sold for over 40 years. 25c, 50c, \$1.00 bottles. All dealers.

Every man thinks he's a superior judge of human nature.

EXCELLENT TRADE IN WESTERN CANADA

SPLENDID CROPS, BIG PRICES, AND PROSPEROUS OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE.

Throughout all of Canada, and especially in the Western Provinces of Canada, there is a buoyancy in every line of business that is fully warranted by every condition. The crops of the past year were what was expected, and the prices for grain of all kinds, put the farmers in a class by themselves. Many of them are independent, and many others have got well started on the road. The latest reports are that seeding is well under way in almost every district, and the prospects are that a vastly larger area than that under crop last year will be seeded early this spring. In the Lethbridge district, in Southern Alberta, steam and gasoline outfits, hundreds of them, are breaking up the prairie at a tremendous pace, but they work night and day. As soon as it becomes dark, gangs are changed, a head light attached, and on, on through the night until the first streak of dawn, these giant monsters with their seven or eight gangs of breaking plows, keep up the work. Then the more modest farmer is putting in the longest hours possible with his teams of horses or oxen. And what will the Country be like in August, when these fields have become yellowed with the literally golden grain. There will be one vast expanse of wheat field. And there will be a market for it, because it is the best grain grown, and the demand will be everywhere. As previously intimated business throughout Western Canada is sound and good. The grain production of 1909 has been the great factor in establishing the reputation of Western Canada, and it is worth talking about. It surpassed all previous records, both in regard to quality and quantity, and such an achievement was by no means easy. The limit has not been reached, and a large average increase may be expected during the next ten years. There will be odd seasons when a falling-off will occur, and it is the falling-off that causes alarms and panics in the commercial world. The plains have done their duty so far in the output of grain and it would be reasonable to make occasional allowances for slowing-up. The faster the rate of increase is now, the sharper will be the check when the production diminishes. But there are some unreasonable people who wonder why the growth of one year is not continued during the next, and at an even faster rate. These same unreasonable people are the ones who see flaws in the situation as soon as an indication is given that the startling advances have not been maintained.

THOUGHT SO LITTLE.

Cholly Chumpleigh—I'm not afraid, don't know, to say what I think.

Miss Cutting Hintz—You may not be afraid—but you ought to be ashamed.

"ELECTRIC" COUGH AND COLD PRESCRIPTION

It gets its unusual name from its rapid and effective action on coughs and colds, frequently curing the worst cold in a day's time and will cure any cough that is curable. It is given out by a prominent doctor. "Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle well each time." But be sure to get only the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes up in a tin screw-top case. Any druggist has this on hand or will quickly get it from his wholesale house. Don't use any of the weaker pine preparations.

The average woman can bluff almost any man, but when it comes to bluffing some other woman—well that's another story.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

One woman can stir up more trouble than a dozen mere men.

GLADNESS COMES~



With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of illness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is, therefore, all-important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to purchase and note that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

It is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and assists in overcoming habitual constipation permanently, also biliousness and the many ills resulting therefrom. The great trouble with all other purgatives and aperients is not that they fail to act when a single dose is taken, but that they act too violently and invariably tend to produce a habit of body requiring constantly augmented doses. Children enjoy the pleasant taste and gentle action of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the ladies find it delightful and beneficial whenever a laxative remedy is needed, and business men pronounce it invaluable, as it may be taken without interfering with business and does not gripe nor nauseate. When buying note the name, California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of every package. Price, 50 cents a bottle.

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Home
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Fresh, Tasteful, Health-
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Royal is the only baking powder made
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TURNBULL & WITHERELL,

Attorneys at Law.

B. B. TURNBULL. H. D. WITHERELL.
Offices, Freeman-Cummings block. Chelsea, Michigan.

JAMES S. GORMAN,

Attorney at Law.

Office, Middle street east. Chelsea, Michigan.

STIVERS & KALMBACH,

Attorneys at Law.

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S. A. MAPES,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. A session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 5th day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas F. Morse, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Charles M. Morse, son, praying that a certain paper in writing and now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said Thomas F. Morse, be admitted to probate, and that May E. Morse, the executor named in said will, or some other suitable person be appointed executor thereof, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 30th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
DORCAS C. DONOGAN, Register.

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.
East bound, 7:24 am 1:24 pm 4:24 pm 7:24 pm
West bound, 9:45 am 2:45 pm 5:45 pm 8:45 pm

LOCAL CARS.
East bound, 6:10 am, and every two hours to 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55 pm.

West bound, 6:20 am and every two hours to 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55 pm.

Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

BREVITIES

MONROE—Monroe people are much elated over the assurance from Washington that President Taft will attend the unveiling of the Custer monument, the date of which has been fixed for June 9.

ANN ARBOR—In the suit of George Mead, conductor on the limited car on the D. U. R. lines that was wrecked in a head-on collision, April 28, 1908, in which he sued the road for \$5,000, the jury awarded a verdict of \$1,500 after being out some little time.

ANN ARBOR—The case started some time ago by Mrs. Mary Cosgrove, administratrix, of this city against Policeman Walter Pierce of Ypsilanti, to recover property alleged to belong to the Charles Bell estate, was amicably settled Monday. It is understood that Pierce will pay to the estate \$350.

JACKSON—The body of the man killed in the D. U. R. wreck just east of this city last week Wednesday morning, has been identified as that of Stanley Pawlack of Hopkins, Mich. The father, Michael Pawlack, took the remains back to Hopkins Saturday morning. He said his son left home several days ago in search of work.

YPSILANTI—The First Baptist church at its meeting Sunday extended a call to Rev. C. S. Lester of South Haven, Mich. The church has been without a pastor since October 1, when Rev. Almon S. Hutchins went to Mansfield, Mass., and Rev. C. E. Conley of Detroit has preached for them most of this time. Mr. Lester has been six years of South Haven.

NORTHVILLE—The members of the graduating class of the Northville high school have introduced what is an innovation here for the closing of their senior year. The girls are all to attend commencement exercises in an attire made of calico and the boys are to wear ordinary business suits. The money thus saved and together with what they can earn as a class in the meantime is to be used for the expenses of a three-day sight-seeing trip to Niagara Falls at the end of the school term, to be participated in by the senior class and the entire corps of teacher of the high school.—Northville Record

BROOKLYN—When John Wordin, who sleeps at the Brooklyn hotel, heard a terrific roar at 2 o'clock Monday morning, he opened his eyes, turned over in bed and thought it was thunder. He turned over again and went to sleep. Five hours later when Postmaster George L. Worthington came down town he found the front door of the postoffice pried from the hinges and the interior of the office in disorder. "Burglars," said Worthington. Once inside the store his fears were realized when he discovered that the safe had been blown to smithereens by nitro-glycerin. The burglars secured four registered packages, contents unknown.

STICKBRIDGE—Ebb Smith, father of Purdy Smith, who was accidentally shot March 20 while hunting and died from the wound the same night, while cleaning the gun the son carried. He was found in the shop where the accident occurred, about 6 o'clock last Thursday night. Dr. Brown was called and all was done that could be for the suffering man, but all in vain. He died about 9 o'clock, thus making

an almost double tragedy for his wife and daughter to bear. The community is thoroughly shocked by the two accidents so close together, taking first the son, then the father.

JACKSON—Clara Vero, 23, daughter of John Vero, 1209 Mitchell street was the victim of a brutal assault Sunday evening, attacked by a man in a deserted part of the city near the junction. Miss Vero had been visiting at the home of a friend on Page avenue, and was on her way home. She noticed a man following her, but did not pay much attention at the time. As she started across the railroad the fellow rushed up behind her, grabbing her by the throat. She started to scream, and the man threw her to the ground striking her several times. Rudolph Kapf and Joseph Macpink, who happened to be passing by, rushed to the girl's aid, and the man jumped to his feet and ran. Kapf took after the fellow and captured him after a short chase. The girl was taken to a nearby house and cared for. A crowd quickly gathered about the man and for a time it looked as though he might be mobbed. The police were notified and the man was taken to the station and locked up. He gave his name as Benjamin Beeloo.

FOR CATARRH

Medicine Free in Every Case Where It Fails to Relieve.

Neglect or pessimism, we believe, is the greatest enemy the public has to contend with when applied to the loss or recovery of health. Practically every case of consumption might have been cured if hope had been maintained and proper treatment had been resorted to at the first symptom of the disease. Until the advanced stage is reached consumption is curable. Catarrh is responsible, we believe, for many cases of consumption. It is about catarrh we want to talk to you today; incidentally consumption, since the two are so closely allied.

We have a medicine made from a prescription of one of the most successful catarrh specialists known. We believe it is positively without an equal. We are so satisfied that we are right, that we will supply the medicine free in every instance where it is used according to directions for a reasonable length of time, should it fail to give satisfaction in every particular. We want every one to try this medicine at our risk. There are no conditions attached to our offer. We put the user under no obligation to us whatever.

The medicine we want you to try is Rexall Mucu-Tone. It is a catarrh remedy that goes direct to the seat of trouble. It is carried by the blood to every part of the system. It purifies and enriches the blood, tones up the mucous cells, and brings about a condition of health and strength that tends to prevent the germs of consumption from getting a start. Besides this, Rexall Mucu-Tone is a wonderful appetizer, digestive aid and flesh builder. Its good effects are often felt from the very first dose. It is one of the largest and most satisfactory selling medicines that we have ever had any to do with.

We know so much of the great good that it has done that we personally back it up with our reputation and money, which fact should be ample guarantee to satisfy anybody. Rexall Mucu-Tone comes in two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. We urge you to try it. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies in Chelsea only at our store, The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co.

Richard Carle in New Play.

The most important musical comedy engagement of the season, so far, perhaps will be that of "The Echo" which Mr. Charles Dillingham will present at the new Whitney for one performance, Thursday, April 14, and marking the first week of the manager's direction of future tours of Comedian Richard Carle. The production, with Comedian Carle at its head, is Mr. Dillingham's selection this year for the new musical piece he annually presents during spring and summer at his Studebaker Theatre, Chicago, whither the company is now heading. Local playgoers have been privileged in the past to enjoy before or after their Chicago run one or another of the similarly important Dillingham productions, notably Fritz Scheff in "The Prima Donna," Elsie Janis in "The Fair Co-Ed," Rock & Fulton and Frank Lalor in "The Candy Shop" and Montgomery & Stone in "The Old Town." The engagement is important because of the first public performances of the new piece and the first appearance here of Comedian Carle under the Dillingham standard. It is further raised above the level of passing interest in the distinction and length of its cast. The usual care peculiar to the productions of the Dillingham management is promised in the mounting of "The Echo," the libretto of which has been written by Wm. LeBaron and the score by Deems Taylor. The piece has been staged by Fred G. Latham, and the dances specially directed by William Rock of the well-known team of Rock & Fulton. Comedian Carle's role is said to offer him the best opportunity of all the parts in which he has thus far amused. Of course songs, dances and whimsies, peculiar to the play and the Carle manner besides girly groupings, girly spectacular effects and girly dances peculiar to the Dillingham productions are pledged adjuncts, also. The company goes direct from here to Chicago.

Kills a Murderer.

A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims. But Dr. King's New Life Pills kills it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills. 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

Buy a genuine Syracuse Harrow of J. Bacon Mercantile Co. If it don't do the work don't keep it.

WORK WEAKENS THE KIDNEYS.

Doan's Kidney Pills Have Done Great Service for People Who Work in Chelsea.

Most Chelsea people work every day in some strained, unnatural position—bending constantly over a desk—riding on jolting wagons or cars—doing laborious housework; lifting, reaching or pulling, or trying the back in a hundred and one other ways. All these strains tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they fall behind in their work of filtering the poisons from the blood. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys; put new strength in bad backs. Chelsea cures prove it.

Glenn Barbour, No. Main St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I suffered intensely from dull, nagging backaches which were no doubt brought on by standing so long at my work. The kidney secretions passed irregularly and caused me annoyance. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box and soon after I commenced their use my aches and pains disappeared, together with the kidney difficulty. I now have no trouble from my kidneys whatever."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Auction Sale.

I will sell the following articles at auction, at 2 o'clock sharp, at my residence on Park street, on Saturday, April 9th, as follows: Fifty feet of garden hose, two gasoline stoves, mahogany bookcase nearly new, refrigerator, Smyrna rug nearly new, chairs, dishes and other articles. Mrs. Ellen Hamilton.

It's The World's Best.

No one has ever made a salve, ointment or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the one perfect healer of cuts, corns, burns, bruises, sores, scalds, boils, ulcers, eczema, salt rheum. For sore eyes, cold sores, chapped hands, or sprains, it's supreme. Infallible for piles. Only 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

New Spring Suits

Topcoats, Raincoats

of United Clothes

\$10, \$15, \$18 and \$20

These clothes will please your taste as well as your purse. The shoulders are broad and shapely; the trousers hang just right; they are perfect fitting and thoroughly dependable. They are made by the Richman Bros. Co., of Cleveland, and sold here exclusively by us.

Let us show you now, while our assortment is complete.

H. S. Holmes

Mercantile Co.

CHELSEA MICHIGAN

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS	
WE ARE SELLING:	
Shelled Corn, per bushel.....	\$.70
Clear Oats and Corn ground, per ton.....	28.00
Spring Wheat Bran, per ton.....	25.00
Winter Wheat Bran, per ton.....	27.00
Middlings, per ton.....	30.00
Oats, per bushel.....	.50

Don't forget we make the Good Flour.
Grinding of all kinds and Corn Cob Crushing.

All kinds of Clover Seed for sale.

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, March 29, 1910, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts, viz:—		\$ 80,351 32—\$ 80,351 32
Commercial Department.....		
Savings Department.....		
Bonds, mortgages and securities, viz:—		49,000 00
Commercial Department.....		\$40,777 99—388,777 99
Savings Department.....		1,768 00
Premium account.....		1,840 00
Overdrafts.....		15,000 00
Banking house.....		6,000 00
Furniture and fixtures.....		400 00
Other real estate.....		400 00
Due from other banks and bankers.....		347 11
Reserve.....		
United States bonds.....		\$18,750 00—42,038 98
Due from banks in reserve cities.....		25 00
Exchanges for clearing house.....		5,000 00
U. S. and National bank currency.....		2,702 80—14,015 00
Gold coin.....		1,228 95
Silver coin.....		25 45
Nickels and cents.....		9 57
		\$24,744 00—\$4,040 33—91,340 33
Checks, and other cash items.....		41 85
Total.....		\$67,714 85

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in.....		\$ 40,000 00
Surplus fund.....		25,000 00
Undivided profits, net.....		10,084 71
Dividends unpaid.....		
Commercial deposits subject to check.....		72,127 38
Commercial certificates of deposit.....		33,300 00
Certified checks.....		750 00
Cashier's checks outstanding.....		
Savings monies on deposit.....		
Due to banks and bankers.....		\$16,863 91
Savings deposits (book accounts).....		18,553 81—512,839 41
Savings certificates of deposit.....		
Total.....		\$67,714 85

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, Geo. A. BeGole, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.
Geo. A. BeGole, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of April, 1910.
Herbert D. Witherell, Notary Public.
My commission expires February 5, 1911.

CORRECT—Attest:
H. S. HOLMES.
C. KLEIN.
OTTO D. LUTKE, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Farmers & Merchants Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, March 29th, 1910, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts, viz:—		\$ 44,510 64
Commercial Department.....		13,500 00—\$ 58,010 64
Savings Department.....		
Bonds, mortgages and securities, viz:—		
Commercial Department.....		\$5,615 78—85,615 78
Savings Department.....		175 50
Premium account.....		388 00
Overdrafts.....		250 00
Banking house.....		2,000 00
Furniture and fixtures.....		1,273 17
Items in transit.....		
Reserve.....		
Due from banks in reserve cities.....		\$29,915 11—\$84,431 04
Exchanges for clearing house.....		228 86
U. S. and National bank currency.....		2,038 00—4,000 00
Gold coin.....		2,500 00
Silver coin.....		614 00—400 00
Nickels and cents.....		207 98—186 93
		\$14,218 45—\$11,517 97—75,706 42
Checks, and other cash items.....		
Total.....		\$22,979 65

LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in.....		\$25,000 00
Surplus.....		1,000 00
Undivided profits, net.....		1,000 00
Dividends unpaid.....		
Commercial deposits subject to check.....		\$14,910 13
Cashier's checks outstanding.....		190 00
Savings monies on deposit.....		105,726 67
Savings deposits (book accounts).....		35,282 63—195,728 00
Savings certificates of deposit.....		
Total.....		\$22,979 65

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, P. G. Schaeble, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.
P. G. Schaeble, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of April 1910.
A. W. WILKINSON, Notary Public.
My commission expires March 30, 1911.

CORRECT—Attest:
JOHN FARRELL.
JOHN KALMBACH.
J. F. WALTROUS, } Directors.

NOTICE.

The firm of VanRiper & Chandler has been dissolved, and the undersigned will continue the business at the present location. All book accounts are due me, and I will also settle all accounts contracted by the old firm. Thanking you for past favors, and hoping for a continuance of the same.

I remain, yours truly,

FLOYD VAN RIPER.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a mortgage bearing date January 24, 1903, made and executed by James N. Wallace and Ellen L. Wallace to Martha S. Beal recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw county, State of Michigan, on the 30th day of January, 1903, in Liber 31 of mortgages on page 39. Which mortgage was duly assigned by Martha S. Beal to Mary B. Norton on the 10th day of May, 1902, and said assignment recorded in said Register's office on the 6th day of January, 1909 in Liber 16 of assignment of mortgages on page 33. Upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorneys fee as provided in said mortgage the sum of Twenty-one Hundred and Sixty-five Dollars.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on the 27th day of May, next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the southerly front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, and all legal costs, to-wit: Those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in the city of Ypsilanti, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, described as lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4) in D. E. addition to the city of Ypsilanti, Michigan.

Dated February 24, 1910.

MARY B. NORTON,
Assignee of said Mortgage.

D. C. GRAYSON,
Attorney for Assignee.
Ypsilanti, Michigan.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of and against said county, deceased, Samuel H. Kuhl late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date of assignment of said Probate Court, for the creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of said Probate Court, in the Village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 25th day of May, and on the 25th day of July, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., March 4, 1910.
GEORGE B. BAKER,
ALBERT E. WILKINS,
Commissioners.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. As a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 21st day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Charles P. Buss, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Ed. H. Buss, executor, praying that a certain paper in writing and now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of Charles P. Buss, be admitted to probate, and that Ed. H. Buss, the executor named in said will, or some other suitable person be appointed executor thereof, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 18th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
DORCAS C. DONOGAN, Register.

Business Education

such as is obtainable at The Detroit Business University is one of the surest passports to success. Free catalogue by return mail. Write E. B. Shaw, Sec'y., 75 Grand River Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. As a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 14th day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Richard Wheeler, deceased.

William Wheeler, executor of the will of said deceased, having filed in this court his final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 9th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
DORCAS C. DONOGAN, Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of and against said county, deceased, Amilda Benham late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date of assignment of said Probate Court, for the creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of said Probate Court, in the Village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 11th day of May, and on the 11th day of July, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., March 11th, 1910.
G. W. BROWN,
JACOB HUNTER,
Commissioners.