

# The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871  
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1908.

VOLUME 38. NO. 21

## Farmers & Merchants Bank

A saving account is a Solace.  
It puts you in a way to meet opportunity.  
A Little at a time is enough—it will grow.

A small deposit made with us today will inaugurate a savings account for you which will give you added respect for the initial moment. Besides it is a feeling of security to know that when opportunity offers, you have the money it calls for. Commence with us at once. Come in and leave a small amount to start a savings account with. You will be anxious to increase it as you can. It will be a pleasure to you to see it expand. It will draw interest, and this added to your deposit, will soon increase your account materially. We will add to it by paying compound interest every six months.

We Wish You a Happy and Prosperous New Year

### OFFICERS

JOHN F. WALTROUS, Pres. CHRISTIAN GRAU, 2nd Vice Pres.  
PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres. PAUL G. SCHABLE, Cashier.

### DIRECTORS

John F. Waltrous James Guthrie John Farrell  
Christian Grau John Kalmbach Lewis Geyer  
Christian Kalmbach Peter Merkel O. C. Burkhardt

## Wanted---Red Wheat

The White Milling Co. is in the market at all times for Wheat, and will pay the highest market price.

See Us Before You Sell Your  
RED WHEAT.

We have on hand a good stock of bran and middlings, which we are selling at \$1.25 per hundred.

Flour and Feed Grinding done on short notice. Give us a trial. We can please you.

WHITE MILLING CO.

## CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

We are in the market for all kinds of  
Grain and Produce.

### WE ARE OFFERING:

Gluten Feed,.....\$31.00 per ton  
Oil Meal,.....\$34.00 per ton  
Calf Meal,.....\$35.50 per hundred  
Shelled Corn,.....70c per bushel

Will pay you 10c per pound for your Chickens next week.

Have just received a car of green Posts, which we will sell at 15 and 17 cents.

If you intend to build a house or barn, or repair your old ones, let us figure on your bills.

We will always meet the market in a fair and businesslike way.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

## HOLMES & WALKER

Thanking you all for the many favors of the past year, and wishing each and every one a

MERRY CHRISTMAS  
and  
HAPPY NEW YEAR.

We wish to advise you that we are in better shape than ever to take care of your wants for the year 1909.

The Clock will not be Unveiled until January 9th, 1909.

HOLMES & WALKER  
WE TREAT YOU RIGHT.

### Goodwin-Clark.

Jackson Citizen-Press: The home of W. J. Lane, 2110 east Main street, Jackson, was the scene of a charming wedding last Friday evening, when his niece, Miss Nina Muriel Clark, and Doll W. Goodwin, were united in marriage by Rev. J. F. Orwick. The ceremony, for which the ring service was used, took place at 6 o'clock, the bride party standing under a beautiful arch formed of greenery. Other decorations consisted of carnations and roses, the general color scheme being carried out in green and white. The bride, wearing a handsome gown of white net over white silk, was attended by Miss Pearl Gregg, of Detroit, who also wore net over silk and carried white roses. Frank W. Lane, of Detroit, was best man. The wedding march, the bridal chorus from Lohengrin, was played by Bernard G. Lane. The Misses Hazel Scott and Elsie Jora assisted in the serving of a delectable wedding repast, after which Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin left for the east. Upon their return they will reside at 2110 east Main street, where they will receive their friends after January 1.

Among the out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. George Goodwin and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Howlett, of Lyndon, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Howlett, Mr. and Mrs. James Bachman, of Chelsea, and Miss Euphemia Lane, of Quincy.

### Sunday School Officers.

The following officers for the coming year were elected by the Congregational Sunday school last Sunday:  
Superintendent—Mrs. J. Bacon.  
Secretary and Treasurer—Miss Elsa Maroney.  
Assistant Secretary and Treasurer—Reynolds Bacon.  
Organist—Miss Ruth Barthel.  
Assistant Organist—Elsa Maroney.  
Librarian—Miss Lou Wilson.  
Assistant Librarian—Miss Mildred Cook.  
Executive Committee—Mrs. Frank H. Sweetland, Mrs. D. H. Wurster and Miss Mary Smith.

The officers of the Baptist Sunday school for the coming year will be as follows:

Superintendent—Geo. W. Millspaugh.  
Assistant superintendent—N. W. Laird.  
Secretary—Miss Minnie Kilmer.  
Treasurer—Miss Jessie Everett.  
Chorister—Mrs. Lewis Kellogg.  
Organist—Miss Jessie Everett.

### Celebrated Their Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira S. Stiles, well-known residents of Wyandotte, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at their home in that city, Christmas day, with all of their children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren present to make the occasion a notable one. During the day Mr. and Mrs. Stiles were presented with a purse of \$50 in gold. The house was prettily decorated with carnations.

Mr. Stiles is 71 years old and Mrs. Stiles is three years his junior. They were married at Townsend, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Stiles were former residents of Chelsea, and Rev. P. A. Stiles, a former pastor of the Baptist church, is their son.

### Hades On Earth.

That's the way the world looks to the leper who is dodging the fruits of his disease. He nourishes his awful secret in fear of being tossed into a pest house for the rest of his life. In the next issue of this paper Herbert F. Jackson tells the leper's story in a feature entitled: "Leper Life an Earthly Inferno." Read it. Every phase of the terrible existence of victims of this pestilence is told. Yet some lepers are not dangerous to the safety of society. This feature story is beautifully illustrated with actual photographs of leper life and scenes. Subscribe now if you are not on our list. You can't afford to miss this splendid feature. Do it now.

### Grange Officers.

The following officers were elected at a meeting of the Cavanaugh Lake Grange, held December 29th at the home of R. M. Hoppe:  
Master—R. M. Hoppe.  
Overseer—Jacob Kern.  
Lecturer—H. J. Kruse.  
Steward—P. H. Riemschneider.  
Asst. Steward—John Killmer.  
Chaplain—Kate Gieske.  
Treasurer—Fred Mensing.  
Secretary—Mrs. P. Riemschneider.  
Gate Keeper—Floyd Schweinfurth.  
Ceres—Jennie Miller.  
Pomona—Lucy Hoppe.  
Flora—Helen Killmer.  
Lady Asst.—Hulda Kruse.  
Organist—Helen Killmer.  
Chorister—Theo. Riemschneider.  
The installation will take place Tuesday, January 12, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Killmer, beginning at 10:30 a. m.

Itching, bleeding, protruding or blind piles yield to Doan's Ointment. Chronic cases soon relieve, finally cured. Druggists all sell it.

### A Study of the Attorneys.

Lansing Journal: The attorneys engaged in the Glazier trial present an interesting study. A. J. Sawyer, L. B. McArthur and James Gorman, appear for the respondent and Charles W. Nichols is assisting Prosecuting Attorney Walter S. Foster.

Sawyer comes from Ann Arbor, is one of the old war horses of the Michigan bar and long since gained a reputation of being one of the best trial lawyers in the state. He sits at the end of the table, which is allotted to the counsel for the defense in a position which is almost a crouch.

Sawyer is clever in laying snares for the unwary witness or prosecution. He is quick to see an opening and take advantage of it, is sarcastic and bitter of tongue, yet filled with genuine wit. Sawyer likes to fight. A lawsuit is nothing but war for Sawyer until he has trampled the other fellow under foot.

McArthur never rests a minute sitting in a half reclining position in his chair yet with his brain alert, every moment he is ever watching for a chance to fire a legal shot. McArthur is great on evidence and can put many a stone in the path of the opposition in the form of objections. He is soft of voice and smooth and suave of manner, yet keen, adroit and vitrolric at times.

James Gorman is content to load the guns of the defense and let his two fellow workers fire the shots and he often hits the bull's eye. Sitting with the empty sleeve of one of his arms dangling over the back of the chair he is a study in industry and he works to advantage.

Gorman believes if you wish to accomplish anything it can be done and works on this theory. There is no surer in his make up. He is keen of intellect and one of the closest students of the law in the state.

Foster is young. Considerably younger than either his assistant, Mr. Nichols, or any of his opponents, but he is developing rapidly. He is nervous under restraint and can be goaded into wrath by opposition. He loves a victory, both because it is a victory and because he is anxious to serve the people well. He is a tireless worker and good gatherer of facts to make up a case, although not possessed of the smoothness in presenting such facts to a jury which is gained by practice.

Nichols is calm, cool, calculating, at all times. He is seldom ruffled out of his politeness or calmness and keeps digging away at a witness in his quiet manner until he usually gets the answer he wants. He is a close student of the law and well versed in all its phases.

### Christmas Entertainment.

The Christmas entertainment, given Monday evening by the pupils of St. Mary's school, under the direction of the Sisters of St. Dominic, was a brilliant success, and was appreciated by a delighted audience of 500 people.

The Rev. Father Considine was presented with a purse of gold and a beautiful bouquet of flowers by the children. Miss Josephine Miller making the presentation speech in an admirable manner. J. Edward Weber made a most acceptable and amusing Santa Claus, and distributed presents to all the children.

The festive occasion was graced by the presence of Rt. Rev. Monsignor DeBever, of Dexter, Rev. E. A. Fisher, of Manchester, and Rev. Frederick Heidenreich, of Carlton, who were the guests of the Rev. Father Considine. The Sisters are to be congratulated on the creditable exhibition given by the children.

### Special Return Engagement.

The "Three Twins" will be the offering at the new Whitney theatre, matinee and night, Tuesday, January 5th, a special return engagement, and is said to be one of the smartest musical comedies that has been produced in many years.

The "Three Twins" is one of the largest musical companies on the road, requiring two baggage cars and three coaches for the transportation of the company. One of the many novelties is an electrical ariel swing weighing over 4000 pounds and illuminated with over 2000 incandescent lights. The company carries three machinists, something that has never been done before, for the handling of this one effect, and during its long run in New York the "Three Twins" was endorsed by the entire New York Press.

There are a great many song hits including "The Yama Yama Man," "Cuddle Up A Little Closer," "Boo Hoo, Tee Hee," "Good Night," "They Are All My Girls," and "The Girl Up There," and the company includes Victor Morley, Richard Bartlett, Geo. S. Trimble, Eva Fallon, Maud Demarest, Della Niven, Florence Kolb, W. H. Woodside, Frank Smith, E. P. Bower, Ada Bateman, Marie Naskow Bessie Clifford and a large chorus.

Matinee prices 25, 50, 75, \$1.00. Night prices 35, 50, 75, \$1.00, \$1.50, boxes \$2.00. Seat sale Saturday morning, January 2.

### A Bogus Inspector.

A smooth-faced young man of medium size and fair complexion has been terrorizing farmers in the vicinity of Ypsilanti for the past week by buttonholing them and indignantly informing them that their cattle had the hoof and mouth disease.

The bold-eyed youth wore natty clothes, drove a smart rig and claimed to be a United States inspector looking for traces of the cattle plague. If his victim seemed to squirm under his glassy stare he would immediately add: "Well, if you take your measly old bovine out in the field and pump her full of lead I'll not say anything, as I see you are a hard-working man."

Then it was that the gullible farmer would dig up his roll and slip a few dollars into the sharper's hand. This trick was repeated five times during seven days of the past week.

Now it turns out that the smart rig driven by the man was the property of a lively stable owner. The swindler, evidently finding the farmers were up to his game at last, sold the horse and wagon he had hired in Milan to John Thumm, of Ypsilanti, and skipped to parts unknown. The lively rig has been returned to the owner in Milan.

### Cut Postage Rates.

Pursuant to a special agreement between the United States postal department and the postal administration of Germany, it is ordered by Postmaster General Von L. Meyer, that, commencing on January 1, 1909, the postage rate applicable to letters mailed in the United States for Germany and dispatched by sea direct, and not via England or France, shall be two cents an ounce or fraction of an ounce. When such letters are unpaid or short-paid the deficient postage shall be collected on delivery at double the above rate.

Letters for Germany shall not be dispatched via England or France at the above rate, even though specially addressed to be so dispatched.

This order applies only to letters mailed in the states and territories of the United States, including Alaska, on the mainland of North America, and does not extend to letters mailed in Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippines, or other possessions of the United States.

### Old Peoples' Home Notes.

Miss E. Depew, teacher in the public schools, gave us a pleasant surprise on Wednesday morning of last week by marching up with about forty of her pupils and invading our home with their bright facts and cheery voices. The program consisted of Christmas songs, declamations, violin solos and duets, rendered in an interesting style and highly enjoyed by every member of the family. At the close of the performance, our worthy superintendent, C. W. Saunders, bespeaking the sentiments of all, thanked them for their thoughtful regard of the old people at the Home and wished them a merry Christmas. The greeting was returned with great ardor and as they filed out of the building they left a bright spot in the memory of all.

Christmas was a day of good cheer to all the family. Many friends contributed to our enjoyment. Adam Eppler, proprietor of the Central Market, donated two turkeys; Mrs. Wm. Bacon furnished an abundance of oranges, figs, grapes and nuts; Rev. J. E. Jacklin, of Detroit, a plum pudding; Mrs. L. E. Higgins, of Rushville, Ill., a fruit cake; Mrs. Beamer, of Detroit, a barrel of apples; Mrs. David Livingood, case of honey; Mrs. Anna Smale, a number of boxes of candy. We all partook of these generous contributions with thankful hearts and kind thoughts of the donors.

### Christian Endeavor Officers.

At the recent election of the Christian Endeavor Society the following officers were chosen for the coming year:

President—Miss Gertrude Storms.  
Secretary—Miss Myrta Young.  
Treasurer—Miss Mildred Cook.  
Pianist—Miss Edith Bates.  
Assistant Pianist—Miss Phoebe Turnbull.

Chorister—Miss Esther Schenk.  
Chairman Prayer Meeting Committee—Miss Neva Galatian.  
Chairman of Missionary Committee—Miss Phila Winslow.  
Chairman of Social Committee—Miss Elsa Maroney.

### A Work of Art.

A work of art in the form of a calendar has just been issued by the Michigan Agricultural College, showing many views of the buildings and campus.

This institution has enjoyed a wonderful growth and development in the last decade. From a total enrollment in 1899 of 528 students, with a faculty numbering 52 and a fixed income of less than \$100,000, the present records show an increase in student enrollment of 150 per cent, with 90 professors and assistants and a permanent income of \$325,000, while during this period \$700,000 has been spent in permanent improvements.

## The Holiday Rush

Of 1908 Is Past.

Santa Claus has secured, from this store, hundreds of useful and beautiful gifts for his many requirements. The jolly old fellow has learned where the real bargains are, and rarely ever makes a purchase without first consulting us. We believe this accounts for our very satisfactory business of the past four weeks.

The year 1908 has been a year of large business for us, while the profits may not be as large as we would like, we are glad to know that we have succeeded in pleasing so many people, that we have a host of satisfied customers coming to this.

The Best Store of Its Kind.

We fully appreciate the patronage of all our customers and promise our very best efforts to please and satisfy so long as we are in business.

The Day After Christmas

We begin our annual inventory. We know that it will keep us busy for several days. However, this will not prevent us from offering

Some Never-Before-Heard-of Low Prices

On what is left of our stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches, Rings and Chains, Cut Glass, Silverware and Cutlery, all of which lines we have determined to close out. You never can buy at lower prices than we are making now.

From 1-4 Off

Regular prices to a lot less than cost. Come in and look.

## Don't Forget

Sealsipt Brand Oysters

For your New Year's Dinner, they are the finest ever offered in Chelsea. Everybody who has tried them says so. We have a big supply ordered for the occasion. We also offer the freshest, cleanest and best stock of

Good Things To Eat

At Satisfaction Giving Prices.

We Wish You a Merry Christmas

and Happy New Year.

FREEMAN & CUMMINGS CO.

## New Flour AND Feed Store

Having engaged in the Flour and Feed Business we are prepared to serve our patrons with the leading grades and brands of flour on the market.

We Carry Fourteen Different Brands.

Waterloo and Unadilla Buckwheat Flour. Chelsea make of Flour and Feed at the same price as at the mill. No waits for the general delivery as our horse is always hitched and ready.

Bran and Middlings, \$1.25 per hundred. Call and see us.

HUMMEL BROS.

Try our Job Department for your Printing.

## May the New Year

Prove a Prosperous One To All

And if the months of January, February and March should find you uncomfortable for the reason of having a poor stove, remember that the place to get a new one that will keep you warm and comfortable, is at BELSER'S Hardware Store, where you can always find a line of Round Oaks and Garlands that can not be beat.

Remember I carry a full line of

Stoves, Hardware, Farm Implements,  
Paints, Oils, Sash, Doors,  
and Furniture.

FRED. H. BELSER.



## The Chelsea Standard

O. T. Hoover, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

**A New Industry.**  
It is quite possible that a new and important industry will be developed in this country. There has been commendable effort, national and state, looking to the protection of game animals and the preservation of species that have become well-nigh extinct through the waste permitted in earlier years. Now a step ahead may be taken. The federal government, through the department of agriculture, is giving the matter attention. The department proposes to aid the people in going into the business of producing venison for profit. A circular has been sent forth in which the following recommendations are made: "As a result of the growing scarcity of game animals in this country the supply of venison is wholly inadequate to the demands, and the time seems opportune for developing the industry of deer farming, which may be made profitable alike to the state and to the individual engaged therein. The raising of venison for market is as legitimate a business as the growing of beef or mutton, and state laws, when prohibitory, as many of them are, should be so modified as to encourage the industry. Furthermore deer and elk may be raised to advantage on rough, brushy ground unfit for either agriculture or stock raising, thus utilizing for profit much land that is now waste. An added advantage is that the business is well adapted to landowners of small means." Several gentlemen who have attempted to raise deer for the market report that they have had very satisfactory returns. And if deer, why not buffaloes and other animals?

**Don't Forget to Forget.**  
"Brooding over the past, however ruinous and foolish it has been, is useless—only a waste of strength and opportunity," says J. R. Miller. "Nothing good ever comes of it. The Japanese have a proverb: 'My skirt with tears is always wet, I have forgotten to forget.' 'Too many people forget to forget. St. Paul's way was better. He forgot the things that were behind, whether mistakes or attainments, left them altogether in the past, and stretching forward to the things that were before, he used all his energy and strength to achieve them. Good wishes at the beginning of the year or on one's birthday are pleasant. They give us encouragement and put new zest into our lives. After all, however, good wishes will not come true by the mere wishing. We make our own years, and whether they are beautiful and happy or not, will depend on the kind of living we put into them.'"

Azerbaijan, into which Britain and Russia are prepared, if necessary, to carry the sword of peace, is the home of the descendants of the Ghebers, the ancient fire-worshippers of Persia. The whole countryside is admirably adapted to the propagation of a fire-worshipping creed, for earthquakes and cavernous vomiting fumes from subterranean conflagrations abound in the neighborhood of Tabriz. One of the most remarkable caverns in the world is that of Secunderabad, whose character resembles the Grotto del Cane of Naples. It gives off noxious fumes, which at certain times are certain death to man and beast. But the most astonishing place in Azerbaijan is the ruined city of Takht-Suleiman, or Solomon's temple. The city stands on a hill 150 feet high, with a wall of 30 feet embracing the crumbling remains of temple and shrine. In the midst is a lake. Although most of the buildings are of the Mohammedan period, there is one striking mass which has been identified as the temple of the fire-worshippers.

Phonographic records of hymns sung by Ira D. Sankey were used at a praise service in one of the Brooklyn churches on the last Sunday evening in October. Among them were "The Ninety and Nine," "Hiding in Thee," and "Simply Trusting." Just before the benediction the lights were turned low, and there came from the shadows the song, "There'll Be No Dark Valley When Jesus Comes." Thus through the wonders of modern invention the voice of the dead was heard by his friends.

A Buffalo doctor says that garden worms produce cancer. The fish found that out long ago. The small boy who impales the worm will now become a sanitary auxiliary.

Esperanto is now to travel the way of Volapuk and a new world language is to be tried. The ideal, however, seems very far off. When all mankind are friends and brothers, then they will probably speak the same language; at least, the prediction that the universal brotherhood of man will find a universal tongue seems a perfectly safe and conservative one.

Physicians now declare that vegetables cause cancer. Then why doesn't the potato bug get it?

## STATE MAY BE HARD UP AGAIN

STATE TREASURY IS GETTING LOW AGAIN BEFORE TAXES COME IN.

## THE LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Money Advanced by Railroads Will Be Used Up This Week—Cannot Change Local Option Law.

The last outstanding primary school warrant has been paid by the state treasurer. The warrant should have been paid more than a month ago, but the state had used part of the primary money for general expense and was unable to borrow. There remained in the state treasury Saturday a cash balance of about \$940,000, but a large part of this sum is money belonging to the creditors of defunct banks and other trust funds, so that there is only about \$200,000 of the \$750,000 recently advanced by the railroads that may be used for general expenses. The sum will be nearly consumed by the payrolls this week, again leaving the treasury bare.

Quarterly allowances to the state institutions will be due January 1, but the money will not be forthcoming until some weeks later. Taxes have not yet commenced to be received by the state treasurer, although an effort has been made to induce county treasurers to make prompt settlement with the state in order to relieve the situation.

It will be January 15 at the earliest before the receipt of December taxes will begin to have an appreciable effect upon the treasury.

## The Law Will Stand.

Michigan's new constitution, which goes into effect this week, will not in the least affect the operation of the present local option law. If any counties knock out the saloon next April, as now seems quite likely, the legal bar will be absolute and the only ingress to the liquor trough will be via the "blind pig" route.

That is the assertion of Victor Hawkins, of Jonesville, who was a member of the committee on cities and villages, in the constitutional convention, and as such was one of the framers of the very clause in the new basic document under which the liquor interests had hoped to find the hole in the loose board in the city.

Mr. Hawkins points to the fact that local option is a general law. Sec. 21 of the constitution says: "Under such general laws (made by the legislature for incorporation of cities and villages) the electors of each city and village shall have power and authority to frame, adopt and amend its charter, and, through its regular constituted authority, to pass all laws and ordinances relating to its municipal concerns, subject to the constitution and general laws of the state."

## Thirty People Injured.

As the result of a switch on the Lake Shore a mile south of Pleasant Lake, Ind., being thrown, probably by "pals" of the postoffice robbers, part of which gang is supposed to have been captured at Hillsdale a day or so ago, 30 persons were injured, one probably fatally, when southbound passenger train No. 414, which left Hillsdale at 6:35 yesterday evening, carrying six passenger coaches and a baggage car, plunged into a huge gravel pit, plowing up the ground for 30 feet.

Mr. and Mrs. Summerlot, of Angola, Ind., had just been married and were on their way to Fort Wayne, Ind., to give their relatives a Christmas surprise by the announcement. They were painfully but not seriously hurt. It was first reported that a broken flange caused the train to take the old siding that led into the gravel pit, but an examination by road officials is said to have shown that this was not the case, but that the switch evidently had been intentionally thrown. No blame has thus far attached to any of the railroad employees. Most of those injured were riding in the forward cars.

## "Black Hand" Caught.

Charged with sending "Black Hand" letters to Edmonds Brothers, proprietors of an elevator, a man giving the name of Albert Luther, Chicago, was arrested in the Hastings postoffice. The firm received a letter demanding \$25 and threatening dire consequences if the same was refused or any attempt made to catch the writer. After notifying the officers a decoy letter was sent through the mail. The officer, concealed near the general delivery window, waited till "A. Luther" called for a letter and arrested him. He confessed to the officer.

## The Mother Died.

Mrs. Ellenworth Perkins, of South Aurelius, died at the University hospital at Ann Arbor and was buried at her old home in Greenville on Christmas day.

Mrs. Perkins was terribly burned a few weeks ago by her dress catching fire from a heating stove. She was holding her five-weeks-old baby, and to save the baby she laid it in the cradle and rushed out of doors. Before help reached her, all of her clothes were burned off. She left a husband and five small children in straitened circumstances.

Judge Stone in the Delta county circuit court has issued an order making permanent the temporary injunction which he issued some time ago restraining the striking employees of the Escanaba Manufacturing Co. and the Trades and Labor council from interfering with the employees of the company who are still at work.

The report of State Salt Inspector Emery shows that there has been a net decrease of 50,707 barrels for the year ending November 30. The total product was 6,247,756 barrels. District No. 6, Wayne county, has a gain of 48,943 barrels.

## STATE NEWS BRIEFS.

There are upwards of 50 carloads of hay on sidings at Eaton Rapids awaiting the lifting of the embargo on state hay.

John Winters, 19, is dead from gunshot wounds accidentally inflicted by his brother Charles, while they were hunting near Gull Lake a week ago.

The G. A. R. encampment is to be held in Kalamazoo June 22, 23 and 24. About 8,000 members and their friends of the Michigan division are expected.

Mrs. Granger F. Anson, of Bellevue, choked to death while on her way to church Christmas night. She is survived by her husband and three children.

The ore production for the year approximates 26,000,000 tons, including both lake and rail shipments. This output, while only 62 per cent of last year's, is larger than expected.

Two hundred and fifty men have been thrown out of employment by the mysterious burning of the tipple of the Robert Gage Coal Co.'s mine, Saginaw, entailing a loss of \$12,000.

While rabbit hunting in Sunfield township Leo Bosworth met death by the bursting of a gun barrel in the hands of a companion. Bosworth was a farmer and leaves a widow and three children.

Congressman Fordney says he would rather give up his position in congress than vote for the administration's proposed tariffs post. He believes it would injure the business of local merchants.

Charles Edmondson, who is being held in Standish, awaits the outcome of injuries received by Earl Norris by being accidentally shot while hunting, was Tuesday bound over to the circuit court.

Because the council refused to make an appropriation for cleaning the sidewalks, Andrew McAfee, president of Mantion village, gets out his horse and snow plow after each storm and goes all over the village.

The largest carload of dressed poultry to ever leave Eaton county for the eastern markets was shipped last week. It had a total value of a little more than \$4,000, and consisted almost exclusively of turkeys.

For the death of his son, Charles, aged 11, who was killed a year ago while catching a ride on a Grand Trunk freight car, a jury awarded William Seely, a Port Huron laborer, \$700. He sued for \$10,000.

John Corrigan, who came to Saginaw last week and stated that his wife had decamped, taking with her \$900 in cash, found the lost one, but she is now married to one Levi Clark. The woman says she is not Corrigan's wife.

The new \$3,000 barn of Sheriff Carroll, Kent county, containing \$1,000 of produce and farm tools, was mysteriously burned Sunday, while the sheriff was at dinner. He rescued eight horses and two cows from the building.

Arthur Hill, millionaire lumberman and two years ago a senatorial candidate, will leave Saginaw for California, and his friends say he will take up his permanent residence in the west. Mr. Hill has been in poor health for some time.

Sherwood M. Clemons, self-confessed gambler and the man who burned down the Grand Trunk depot in Bay City to destroy the books of the company, which he kept, to conceal his shortage, has been sentenced to from two to six years at Ionia, for arson.

Willard Stearns, for many years one of the most energetic and capable newspaper editors of Michigan, died Monday at the family home in Adrian, following a long illness. Mr. Stearns was born October 3, 1838, at Cherry Valley, Otsego county, N. Y. His father died about three months before his birth.

Judge Tappan has granted a new trial in the case of Mrs. Anna Samberg vs. the Knights of Modern Maccabees on newly-found evidence that her husband, supposed to be dead, is alive. At the first trial, in which Mrs. Samberg asked that she be given \$10,000 insurance, Samberg was declared legally dead.

Mrs. Alvin Swarthout, who was held up and robbed late Saturday night in Grand Rapids, Sunday identified Chas. Stevens, who is said to be a crook from Toledo, O., as the person who waylaid her. Stevens afterward confessed and took the officers to the Fulton street cemetery, where he had thrown away the pocketbook.

F. C. Brislin, a Lansing banker, has discovered his son, Frank, who "ran away from the Detroit Medical college four years ago, because he just wanted to 'bum' about the world, working at a Kalamazoo hotel. The young man had been given up for dead. He says he has saved money to re-enter college and will accept none from his father.

Charles Hildebrand, upon his plea of not guilty, is being held in \$500 bonds at St. Ignace on a charge of seriously stabbing in the back Neil Macfarlane, 60, with whom he fought in the roadway after each man, driving a Christmas sleigh party, had refused to turn out for the other. Hildebrand surrendered to the sheriff voluntarily. Macfarlane's lung was penetrated by the knife thrust.

"Hugh Shepherd will not dictate my appointments, nor has he tried to," said Speaker-to-be Colin Campbell, in explaining that he accepted temporarily the use of Mr. Shepherd's office until he could get headquarters of his own, which he has since done. Mr. Shepherd was reported to have advised the appointment of Charles Flowers as chairman of the judiciary committee and Guy Miller for a place on the committee on private corporations.

Before ending her life early Sunday morning by sending a bullet into her brain, Mrs. James W. Seawles, wife of a wealthy mine owner of Grand Rapids, placed diamonds valued at several thousand dollars beneath the corner of a rug in her home for safekeeping. They were found after a long search.

The sentence of Sherwood Clemons, bookkeeper, who confessed to burning the Grand Trunk depot in Bay City to the effect of a defalcation, has been deferred pending the checking over of his accounts, in which he is assisting under guard. His shortage is alleged to be \$1,100.

## News Notes from Lansing

Interesting Happenings at the State Capital of Michigan.

**Lansing.**—There has been much discussion about the laws necessary to put the new constitution into effect, but thus far no one except the students of constitutional law and the makers of the constitution have considered just how much work is necessary.

The following resume of the necessary acts shows that the state solons have plenty of work cut out for them:

An act providing the machinery by which women taxpayers may vote on the expenditure of public money.

An act fixing the salary of the clerk of the supreme court and arranging for turning the fees over to the state treasurer.

An act giving probate judges control of juvenile courts.

An act fixing the pay of circuit judges.

An act giving cities of more than 100,000 population right to submit to the electors of the city and county the question of making the city a separate county.

An act providing for the uniform selection of jury commissions.

An act providing how supervisors may raise a tax of one-tenth of a mill for the repair of public buildings.

An act permitting counties to co-operate in building contagious disease hospitals.

An act prohibiting the building of bridges or dams, except with consent of the people affected.

An act permitting claims refused by supervisors to be appealed to circuit courts.

An act providing for the referendum on public utility franchises in townships and cities.

An act for the incorporation of cities and villages.

An act providing the machinery under which cities may secure new charters and provide for revision in the future.

An act giving cities the right to secure property for boulevard and cemetery purposes outside of the boundaries of the city.

An act providing for the municipal ownership of public utilities, providing how the question may be submitted to the people, etc.

An act providing for the selling of power, light or water by municipalities outside the limits of the municipality.

An act arranging for the bonding of municipalities for purchasing utilities.

An act for a referendum on municipal ownership.

An act providing how townships and counties may be combined into districts for the improvement of county roads.

An act making it necessary for any public utility corporation to secure a franchise before operating in any township or city.

An act bringing the telephone, telegraph and express companies under the jurisdiction of the state board of assessors for state taxation.

An act allowing the state to borrow not to exceed \$50,000 to meet a deficit.

A general act to safeguard state money, including prohibition against deposits in any bank, capital and surplus, together with an order compelling a bank to carry the amount of state money on deposit in a separate statement.

An act creating a uniform system of accounting for state institutions, for counties and townships with the proper officials for overseeing the work.

An act providing for the election of a state board of agriculture to have charge of the Michigan Agricultural college.

An act arranging how one school district may provide for the education of its children in another district.

An act delegating legislative powers to the state railroad commission.

An act providing for the opening of private roads by counties for public use.

An act permitting the regents of the University of Michigan to condemn land for university purposes.

An act providing the exact machinery for amending the constitution in the future.

**A. O. U. W. Affairs Aired.**

The affairs of the grand lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen were discussed by the supreme court in an opinion filed in the matter of the petition of Fred C. Wetmore and others for the dissolution of the grand lodge of the order. This petition was filed in Wayne county in August, 1907.

Jessie M. Paurot and Eva M. Paurot intervened, being beneficiaries of John M. Paurot. They alleged that members of the order were bound to pay assessments levied against them and thus satisfy their claim. The Paurot petition was dismissed by the Wayne circuit court. This decision was reversed by the supreme court, which held that assessments levied before members forfeited their rights must be paid. It is held that "the association, and therefore its receivers, had the right to collect such assessments by suit and had not the right to collect assessments made after membership had expired."

While reversing the decision of the lower court on this point, the supreme court reserves for determination the question of whether the prayer should be granted.

**Bequests Held Valid.**

The celebrated Potter will case of Alpena was affirmed by the supreme court and the bequests of Mrs. Ella J. Potter, deceased, to certain churches of the Congregational church are held valid. Two-thirds of the estate goes to the heirs of the husband.

**Employees Have Real Christmas.**

Joy reigned Christmas among the hundreds of state employees who have been without salaries since November 15 as a result of the empty state treasury. Following the action of the Michigan Central, Pere Marquette and Chicago & Northwestern railways in advancing \$750,000 of their taxes to the state—the treasury department handed out to the anxious employees their long overdue checks. The amount was approximately \$150,000 and enabled many of them to have a Merry Christmas.

**Opposed by Zimmermann.**

State Banking Commissioner Zimmermann says that he is pleased to hear that Senator Smith is opposed to the postal depositary bill as it is now framed. Mr. Zimmermann continued: "In Michigan we have 351 state banks and six trust companies as against 95 national banks. Under section 11 of the proposed bill, all moneys collected by the postal depositaries would be deposited in the nearest national bank to the exclusion of state banks."

**Revokes \$60,000 Contract.**

The public lighting commission of Detroit, let a contract recently to the Westinghouse Machine Company for a turbo engine worth about \$60,000. That the contract does not stand is the decision of the supreme court. The Allis-Chalmers Company was the lowest bidder for the contract, for which bids were received July 8 last. Later a proposition was submitted to the "supplies committee by the Westinghouse Machine Company, and was accepted by a divided vote and the contract awarded.

Attorney General Bird lent the use of his name to contest the action of the board on behalf of the Allis-Chalmers Company, but in the court below the bill filed was dismissed. The supreme court reversing the decision below held that the lighting commission did not proceed according to law and that the Westinghouse Machine Company's proposal was not lawfully before the lighting commissioners, as the purchase was one clearly within the provision of the charter requiring notice and sealed proposals, it being said: "To hold the action of the commission in this case as lawful would open the doors to all the undesirable results which the authorities hold the wise provisions of such legislation were intended to prevent."

The commission is perpetually enjoined from entering into the contract.

**Bird Promises His Aid.**

Attorney General Bird is with the members of the constitutional convention in their plans for working with the legislature in framing the laws which must be passed to make the new constitution operative. Henry M. Campbell held a long conference with the attorney general on the matter and Mr. Bird expressed his appreciation of the intent of the delegates. Under the constitution the attorney general must draft the laws and submit them to the legislature. They are not obliged to pass them in the form in which they are submitted, but the fact that the legal authority of the state is responsible for the draft will have considerable weight with the members of the legislature.

The sub-committee appointed by the general committee will work with the attorney general in framing the laws. The committee is as follows: Victor M. Gore, Hugh P. Stewart, F. F. Ingram.

**Cupid Cuts Ionia County.**

Cupid is not holding his own in Ionia county this year, there having been a steady falling off in the marriage license record since 1906 when the high mark of 383 was reached. In 1907 there was a drop to 343, and 1908's record to date showed but 285. Unless there is an unprecedented rush for matrimonial honors the record will fall below that of 1905, which was 324. December, 1906, was the banner matrimonial month of the three years, when 48 licenses were granted, the next highest being June of the same year, with 44. Forty-three were issued in December last year, but there have been but a dozen the present month. The divorce record is also falling off, but 74 cases having been started this year, against 122 a year ago and 114 in 1906. Forty-five divorces have been granted this year, the other 29 pending.

**Widow Loses Her Suit.**

Charles Kerr was killed by a bursting emery wheel in the factory of the National Fulton Brass Manufacturing Company at Detroit and his wife recovered a judgment of \$3,500 against the company.

The supreme court reversed the judgment for the reason that the plaintiff's attorney, in the face of objections, insisted on showing that the defendant company carried liability insurance and would not have to pay the judgment against it, if one was rendered. The supreme court in its decision reads the plaintiff's attorney a sharp lesson for indulging in practices of the nature described.

**Warner, Hemans, Bradley Chat.**

Patrons of the Hotel Downey had an opportunity to smile the other morning when Gov. Warner, Lawton T. Hemans and Dr. James B. Bradley were seen together in a corner, earnestly talking. It is the first time Hemans, who was the Democratic candidate for governor, and Gov. Warner have met since election. Both men were cordial and so was Dr. Bradley, who opposed Gov. Warner so bitterly in the primary.

## THE ANSWER.

President Keeps Cool and Makes Dignified Reply.

President Roosevelt has completed the draft of his answer to the request of the house of representatives that he give the basis of his assertion "that congressmen themselves do not wish to be investigated by secret service men."

Mr. Roosevelt worked day and night to get the answer ready before Christmas, for he wished to have his desk clear for the holidays. Members of congress who are looking for an explosive document will be disappointed. The president's answer is calm, conservative and even judicial. He names no members of the present house.

The president will convict the members out of their own mouths, that they really fear the secret service would be used to investigate congressmen unless the field of its activities was restricted.

In the answer the records of the debate last May when the secret service limitation amendment was before the house will be used to show that the members themselves were responsible for the belief that the fear of being "looked into" was the reason they wanted the operations of the secret service restricted to the detection of counterfeiting and the protection of the person of the president. In the course of that debate there was plenty of material upon which the president has been able to base his assertion.

In the hearings before the committee prior to the time the matter reached the floor there were statements which it will be contended, bore out the fear theory.

## Will Review the Case.

President Roosevelt met the appeal of the labor organizations to prevent the imprisonment of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, by notifying Attorney-General Bonaparte that he desires to go over with him the proceedings in the contempt case.

Pending this conference, there will be no public announcement made by the president. Although the White House does not convey the impression that the court's action was unjust, the president feels that the appeals made to him are of sufficient importance to call for his earnest consideration.

William J. Bryan was chief among nearly two scores of men, the majority of whom are leaders in the labor movement of the country, who sent messages expressive of their cordial sympathy to the convicted trio.

The messages, which came from every section of the country, and voiced the sentiments of persons in almost every avenue of labor, convey feelings of regret over the court's decision, extend moral and financial support, and in some instances express indignation.

## After the Meat Trust.

Despite a multiplicity of rumors it was definitely established Saturday that the present attempts of United States District Attorney Sims, in the investigation now under way before the special federal grand jury in Chicago to obtain proof of illegal acts on the part of the packers, Morris & Co., and inflict summary punishment, possibly a prison sentence, upon Edward Morris, president of the firm.

A significant thing in the taking of papers from the files of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway by the special agent of the government was disclosed. The damage claim files including transactions with all the packing houses, were shown to the government's investigator, but it is said, although the federal official conned all the documents, he only took those which related directly to Morris & Co.

## Gomez Gets Busy.

Passengers from ports in Venezuela report that Acting President Gomez has taken drastic steps to suppress friends and supporters of Castro. In order to check any possibility of a rebellion on behalf of the overthrown executive, Gomez is having every prominent sympathizer of Castro placed under arrest. The jails are thus being filled to overflowing with political prisoners.

The leading followers of Castro will be deported as further precaution against a revolutionary outbreak. All of the soldiers in the Venezuelan army who sympathize with Castro have been discharged and the ranks filled with supporters of Gomez.

## THE MARKETS.

**Detroit.**—Cattle: Extra dried steers and heifers, \$5.35@5.50; steers and heifers, \$4.00@4.20; calves, \$3.75@4.00; hogs, \$3.50@3.75; pigs, \$3.25@3.50; sheep, \$3.00@3.25; chickens, \$2.50@2.75; turkeys, \$2.25@2.50; ducks, \$2.00@2.25; geese, \$1.75@2.00; corn, \$1.50@1.75; wheat, \$1.25@1.50; oats, \$1.00@1.25; barley, \$1.00@1.25; rye, \$1.00@1.25; clover, \$1.00@1.25; alfalfa, \$1.00@1.25; timothy, \$1.00@1.25; hay, \$1.00@1.25; straw, \$1.00@1.25; wood, \$1.00@1.25; coal, \$1.00@1.25; oil, \$1.00@1.25; gas, \$1.00@1.25; electricity, \$1.00@1.25; water, \$1.00@1.25; steam, \$1.00@1.25; power, \$1.00@1.25; light, \$1.00@1.25; heat, \$1.00@1.25; cold, \$1.00@1.25; hot, \$1.00@1.25; ice, \$1.00@1.25; fuel, \$1.00@1.25; food, \$1.00@1.25; clothing, \$1.00@1.25; shoes, \$1.00@1.25; hats, \$1.00@1.25; gloves, \$1.00@1.25; socks, \$1.00@1.25; underwear, \$1.00@1.25; accessories, \$1.00@1.25; jewelry, \$1.00@1.25; watches, \$1.00@1.25; cameras, \$1.00@1.25; telephones, \$1.00@1.25; radios, \$1.00@1.25; automobiles, \$1.00@1.25; boats, \$1.00@1.25; planes, \$1.00@1.25; trains, \$1.00@1.25; ships, \$1.00@1.25; aircraft, \$1.00@1.25; space, \$1.00@1.25; time, \$1.00@1.25; money, \$1.00@1.25; labor, \$1.00@1.25; capital, \$1.00@1.25; industry, \$1.00@1.25; commerce, \$1.00@1.25; science, \$1.00@1.25; art, \$1.00@1.25; religion, \$1.00@1.25; philosophy, \$1.00@1.25; ethics, \$1.00@1.25; politics, \$1.00@1.25; law, \$1.00@1.25; medicine, \$1.00@1.25; agriculture, \$1.00@1.25; mechanics, \$1.00@1.25; engineering, \$1.00@1.25; architecture, \$1.00@1.25; design, \$1.00@1.25; painting, \$1.00@1.25; sculpture, \$1.00@1.25; music, \$1.00@1.25; drama, \$1.00@1.25; literature, \$1.00@1.25; history, \$1.00@1.25; geography, \$1.00@1.25; astronomy, \$1.00@1.25; meteorology, \$1.00@1.25; botany, \$1.00@1.25; zoology, \$1.00@1.25; geology, \$1.00@1.25; paleontology, \$1.00@1.25; anthropology, \$1.00@1.25; linguistics, \$1.00@1.25; sociology, \$1.00@1.25; psychology, \$1.00@1.25; physiology, \$1.00@1.25; anatomy, \$1.00@1.25; pathology, \$1.00@1.25; pharmacology, \$1.00@1.25; toxicology, \$1.00@1.25; forensic, \$1.00@1.25; criminology, \$1.00@1.25; penology, \$1.00@1.25; corrections, \$1.00@1.25; probation, \$1.00@1.25; parole, \$1.00@1.25; reformation, \$1.00@1.25; rehabilitation, \$1.00@1.25; social work, \$1.00@1.25; child welfare, \$1.00@1.25; juvenile delinquency, \$1.00@1.25; mental hygiene, \$1.00@1.25; physical education,



## BROUGHT THANKS OF CHINESE EMPIRE



Tang Shao Yi is the special ambassador of China who came all the way from his country to Washington to thank the United States for remitting part of the Boxer indemnity. He is one of the most brilliant and capable men of the Flower Kingdom. Before going home he will observe and absorb all he can of our financial and commercial systems so that his country may profit by it.

## THE HELP PROBLEM

## HOW ONE SOCIETY SOLVES THE SERVANT QUESTION.

## German Housewives in New York Give Rewards to Maids for Faithful Service to Its Members.

New York.—The managing director of the German Housewives' society, which at its recent annual meeting awarded premiums to 40 servants for faithful service, declares that the members of the society know nothing of the difficulty of the servant problem which is driving suburbanites from their country homes and city households into apartment hotels.

The Hausfrauen Verein does not belong to the City Federation of Women's Clubs and its members are not on social uplift or economic progress. Equal suffrage is barely a name and the glories of the Daughters of the Revolution have hardly been revealed to them.

Instead they are a band of women who cling tenaciously to the idea, rapidly becoming obsolete, that the eternal job of woman is to make a comfortable home. It is a just conviction, but so deep that they managed to strike at the roots of the servant problem, while their sisters who esteem themselves brilliant and intellectual confess themselves beaten.

The Housewives' society is versatile. It acts as an employment agency for its members. It gives free services to employees in various ways. It encourages servants in all the domestic arts and tact. Mrs. Theresa C. Schmidt, the managing director, is all of help for the servants who come to her seeking places.

Twelve years ago, before the days of employment agency reform, a few German women arose in revolt against the ways of employment agencies and formed a society to serve the same purpose in a more satisfactory manner. This antedated the days of the servant problem in its present serious aspect, but these careful housewives recognized disturbing influences below stairs and built their society to meet them.

"The comfort of the household depends more upon keeping servants for a long time than upon anything else," she said, "so we reward the maids who stay in their places. When a girl has worked for one of our members for two years she is presented at the annual meeting with a handsome gold brooch in the form of a bee."

Mrs. Schmidt displayed one of these emblems of industry, which was engraved on the back with the stamp of the society and the name of the prize winner. After a servant is entitled to wear the golden bee she receives additional premiums every two years if she still continues in her place. This year \$3,000 was spent in prizes. Rings, bracelets and ten dollar gold pieces were presented to the older servants.

"You see, a girl will work very hard to earn one of these," Mrs. Schmidt said. "It makes her very proud and happy. It is like a diploma from a training school. The girls make a kind of fraternity among themselves."

"You see, I impress upon my girls that it is the steady ones who make most in the end. You can see for yourself. Rose Hahn, our oldest golden bee, who got the 12 years' premium this year, began at \$18 a month and she is now earning \$50 in the same place."

Mrs. Schmidt admitted that it is not always possible to place a girl satisfactorily the first time.

"They are very human, like every one else," she declared, "and they will do well in one place where they will fall in another. I always give them three trials and sometimes more.

"When a girl is in a strange country without friends to help her it goes to my heart and I do my best for her. It is not always the girl's fault if she does not do well. Sometimes she is too sick, or if she has just come over, too homesick to work."

## PINE LOGS FLOAT DOWN SAGO.

River Not Largest, But Is Center of Maine's Big Lumber Industry.

Saco, Me.—The Saco river, although not one of the largest rivers in Maine, has floated more pine logs this season than any other stream in Maine.

In fact, the Saco has had this record for several years. Pine is becoming scarce in Maine and is becoming more valuable every year. Up among the upper tributaries of the Saco which extend into New Hampshire and through the White mountains and in many of the towns in Maine bordering on this river some pine is yet to be found, but the lumber "crusaders," as they are called, the men who scout through the country hunting for pine timber, find it more difficult each year to buy sufficient pine to supply the needs of the manufacturing concerns which demand this kind of lumber.

Last year the Saco floated its mouth 15,000,000 feet of pine, together with much spruce, hemlock and other lumber. The men who buy the pine are obliged to purchase at the same time all the other kinds of lumber with which it is mixed, and such of it as can be used is floated down the Saco to be manufactured into boards or whatever else it can be well used for.

The Saco is not large, but is known as one of the most picturesque of Maine rivers, and is the scene of Kate Douglas Wiggin's "Rose of the River." It is also a busy little stream, and in its way to the ocean does a good deal of work. Perhaps the Saco contributes more to the prosperity of the state than any other river in it. Everywhere its way is fettered by dams and water wheels, and just before it takes its final plunge to the ocean level it makes a grandstand finish by giving energy to three of the largest cotton mills in New England.

## TAKES LONGEST CANOE TRIP.

Ben Gissel Makes Journey from Minneapolis to New Orleans.

New Orleans.—Ben Gissel of New York is in the city, after having completed one of the most novel trips ever taken in this country, coming by canoe from almost the source of the Mississippi to Crescent City, a short distance from the mouth of the Father of Waters.

Gissel left Minneapolis, Minn., on August 23 and arrived in New Orleans 50 days later, most remarkable time, considering that his canoe measured 17 feet and was loaded with over 110 pounds, counting the clothing and cooking utensils which Gissel carried, not to mention his own weight at 145 pounds.

Gissel said that the trip was an admirable one and that he was treated royally by every one with whom he came in contact at every city and town and at some of the plantations where he stopped while on his way down the river.

The only unpleasant incident of the trip was when Gissel was in Donaldsonville on Sunday, October 4. While he was looking in a show window one of the sheriffs of the town attempted to arrest him for being a dangerous character.

## LOUD SOCKS EXPEL BOY PUPIL.

Youth Refuses to Conceal Footgear and High School Ousts Him.

Middletown, Conn.—Young Augustus Marsh, who was a tackle on the Middletown high school eleven, left that institution of learning in some haste the other day. As a consequence the other students have ceased to wear their trousers "turned up." They have been rivals in the splendor of their hosiery.

Augustus bought and wore socks to school that were so loud his young woman teacher could not hear herself think; they drowned the sound of the noon whistles so that recess was late.

They were Nile green in color, embroidered in a vivid red. Better to display their glory Augustus made a double roll in the end of his trousers.

"Augustus," said the teacher, blushing as red as the socks on her pupil's feet, "pull down your trousers' ends."

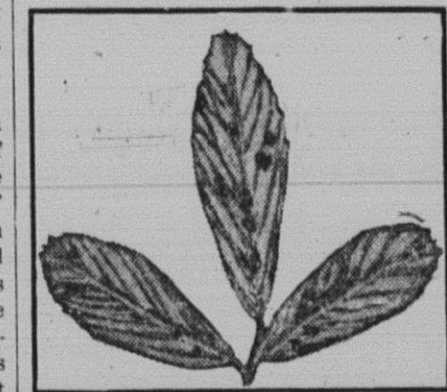
Augustus only grinned. The teacher reported him to Principal C. H. Woolsey, who suspended him indefinitely.

## DISEASES OF ALFALFA AND THEIR TREATMENT

A Study of the Enemies of This Important Forage Plant—By G. F. Freeman, Assistant Botanist, Kansas.

Red root-rot, although not so at present, is likely to become the most destructive disease of alfalfa. It has long been known in Europe, where the death of half the crop within one or two seasons has been recorded. It is now rapidly spreading in the alfalfa fields in Kansas and will in the near future most probably demand the most serious attention of both the farmer and the experiment station authorities.

The disease begins in different parts of the field where at first a single plant may die. From this center of infection the fungus grows in all directions through the soil, killing the plants as it proceeds. Thus a circle of steadily increasing radius is formed, at the edge of which plants in all



Alfalfa Leaf Affected By Leaf-Spot Fungus (Pseudopeziza Medicagoe).

stages of the disease may be found. The first external sign of the disease is a yellowing of the plant, which soon after withers and dies. On pulling up a dead or dying plant the roots will be found to be covered with a violet or brownish-red mat of fungus strands or hyphae. The infected area spreads from three to twenty feet in all directions in a season. The dying is most rapid during the hot months of summer. The fungus threads grow into the bark of the roots as far as the cambium layer, which they kill. The plant is thus girdled and will therefore soon die. This fungus forms dark knot-like tubers, which are said by Knott to live in the ground two or three years. He therefore recommends that badly diseased fields should not be cropped to clover or alfalfa for several years.

A thoroughly practical means of controlling this disease is not known. Digging a trench around the spots from one and a half to two feet deep and working into the soil heavy applications of lime or sulphur have been recommended as being beneficial in some instances, but with these treat-

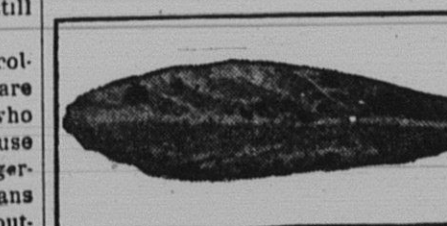


Pustule of Leaf Spot, Greatly Enlarged.

ments success has by no means been uniform. It is the opinion of the writer that this disease should receive the most serious attention of both the farmers and experiment station workers throughout the alfalfa-growing states, in order that, if possible, some practicable means may be found of eradicating or controlling it before it becomes so widespread as to seriously threaten the profits now derived from alfalfa growing.

Leaf spot was first described by Liebert, in France, in 1832, but it is now found in practically every part of the world where alfalfa is grown. In 1891 Prof. Pammel estimated the loss from the disease in Iowa to be as high as 50 per cent. of the total yield.

When the plants are about one-half grown it appears as yellowish-brown spots on the upper surface of the leaves. The affected area soon works through and appears on the under side



Alfalfa Leaf Affected By the Rust Fungus (Uromyces Striatulus).

of the leaf also. Badly affected leaves will turn yellow and drop off, thus reducing the forage value of the hay by making it more stemmy. The yield is also reduced through the loss of the fallen leaves and by the weakening of the plant. The brown spots are caused by the growth of fungus threads or mycelium through the interior tissues of the leaf, which they destroy and cause to turn brown. Soon mats of fungus tissue are formed which produce small pustules near the center of the spot. These pustules consist of numerous sack-like bodies, each of which bears eight spores. Between the sack-like bodies may be seen non-spore-bearing threads which are called paraphyses. When the

spores are ripe they are set free and blown by the wind or knocked by dashing rains to the leaves of other plants which they soon infect.

The most practical treatment for this disease is frequent cutting. All of the hay should be removed from the field as early as possible in order that few shattered leaves may be left on the ground. By this means most of the spores are removed from the field, leaving the new shoots comparatively free from infection. Whenever this leaf-spot becomes very damaging



Central Figure.—Pustule of Leaf-Spot Fungus. Bottom Figure.—Cross Section of Pustule, Showing Spore Sacks. Top Figure.—Spore Sacks, Greatly Enlarged.

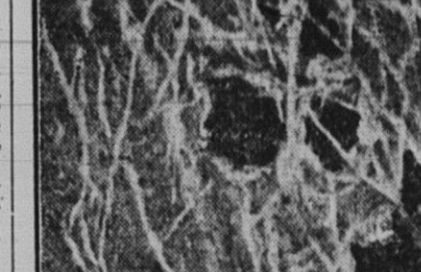
it is best to cut the alfalfa, whether it is ready or not, and allow the hay to remain on the ground long enough to become thoroughly dry, after which it should be burned over. Of course, by this means one crop is lost, but it will repay the loss in the increase of subsequent crops on account of the more effectual destruction of the fungus spores.

Rust causes round or elongated pustules on the under side of the leaves. The epidermis is ruptured, disclosing a mass of reddish-brown spores. The rust pustule may be easily distinguished from the leaf-spot by the fact that in the former the epidermis is plainly ruptured, whereas in the leaf-spot this is not evident except in cross-section and by use of the compound microscope. While rather common, this rust does not seem to have caused serious loss in the alfalfa-fields of this country. Methods of treatment or control have not therefore been investigated.

Downy mildew is at first made noticeable by the large, irregular yellowing or white areas on the upper side of the leaf. Upon examining the lower surface of such a leaf it will be found to be covered by a downy gray felt. This felt consists of thousands of tiny branching gray threads or stalks which protrude through the stomata or breathing pores from the interior of the leaf and which bear the spores of the fungus in grape-like clusters.

These spores are carried by the wind to other leaves of alfalfa or clover, on which they germinate and produce an internal mycelium. The fungus is carried over winter by means of resting spores, which are formed inside of the old leaves in the late summer and autumn. In the early spring, when the new growth is especially tender, warm damp weather may so favor this disease that it may cause considerable damage. In fact, this has been the case in one field of alfalfa on Hunter's Island, near Manhattan, Kan., during the month of May, 1907, but in a normal season and after the first cutting there will probably be but little to fear from it.

Anthrax has caused considerable injury in the clover and alfalfa-fields of Tennessee. It appears to attack the petioles of the leaves during hot summer weather. Many flower heads are killed by the fungus attacking the stems just below the clusters. During the period of seed-ripening whole plants may be killed by the disease attacking the stems just at or slightly below the surface of the ground.



Rust Pustule, Greatly Enlarged.

low or white areas on the upper side of the leaf. Upon examining the lower surface of such a leaf it will be found to be covered by a downy gray felt. This felt consists of thousands of tiny branching gray threads or stalks which protrude through the stomata or breathing pores from the interior of the leaf and which bear the spores of the fungus in grape-like clusters.

These spores are carried by the wind to other leaves of alfalfa or clover, on which they germinate and produce an internal mycelium. The fungus is carried over winter by means of resting spores, which are formed inside of the old leaves in the late summer and autumn. In the early spring, when the new growth is especially tender, warm damp weather may so favor this disease that it may cause considerable damage. In fact, this has been the case in one field of alfalfa on Hunter's Island, near Manhattan, Kan., during the month of May, 1907, but in a normal season and after the first cutting there will probably be but little to fear from it.

## A SISTER-IN-LAW

By WM. K. LANDON

(Copyright, by Ford Pub. Co.)

They were sitting in a ditch, or rather, Teddy was sitting, and Phyllis was stretched luxuriously at full length, with her shiny bronze toes pressed hard against a tree at the bottom of the bank, and her back propped against a moss-covered trunk at the top.

Teddy, on the other hand, looked decidedly uncomfortable.

Teddy was an ordinary clean-looking boy. He was just drifting through the second year of his happy-go-lucky career at college.

Phyllis had always been accustomed to a willing army of male slaves and admirers, and found undiluted femininity rather oppressive at times. So she welcomed an occasional meeting with Teddy and kindred under-graduate spirits.

Teddy was in a decidedly bad temper. He knew that Phyllis had had her photo taken recently; he had, in fact, seen the proofs, which were charming, and of course, he had expected one to put on his mantelpiece, there to create an impression among his friends.

"Why the deuce she won't give me one beats me," he thought gloomily to himself.

Phyllis had relapsed into silence, and was ruminating on things in general.

Everyone had always considered that Teddy and Dorothea, Phyllis' younger sister, had been cut out for each other from the cradle. Since their nursery days they had roamed about the countryside, birds-nesting,



Central Figure.—Pustule of Leaf-Spot Fungus. Bottom Figure.—Cross Section of Pustule, Showing Spore Sacks. Top Figure.—Spore Sacks, Greatly Enlarged.

Phyllis rose, shook out her crumpled skirt and settled her Panama hat. "Oh, Teddy, you are funny," she said, trying hard to recover her gravity.

Teddy helped her out of the ditch, and strode off, if one can be said to stride in patent-leather pumps rather down at the heels.

"Who's Teddy Randolph got up, I say, old man; two fair girls and a portly mamma?"

The speaker, a youth of blase appearance, lounged on the window seat of a room, gracefully buoyed up by numberless cushions. He was scanning the brilliant kaleidoscope of sisters, cousins and undergraduates wending their way in light summer attire and shady hats about the campus.

The other occupant of the room, who was laboriously picking out an air on a banjo, ceased his absorbing occupation and came over to the window. Contrary to his custom, he waxed enthusiastic.

"Why, they're the Misses Bletcherwood, of course, the prettiest girls on the campus at the present moment, or I'm no judge of fluff. Teddy's sweet on the little one, and their people expect them to make a match of it. Jove! I'd give something to be in his shoes."

"Oh, so that's the matter." Teddy, as host of two such pretty girls, found himself the hero of the hour. Third-year men, even seniors, had suddenly become unbending and affable. His own set vied hotly with each other in invitations and attentions. Teddy's manner was becoming tinged with the superiority born of success.

It was the day of the sophomore dance, and his fickle allegiance returned in full force. Teddy's behavior during the afternoon was exemplary. He devoted himself to Mrs. Bletcherwood, arranging her cushions and assuring her that they were not in imminent danger of twigs and spiders.

"How college does improve a young man's manners!" she remarked approvingly to Dorothea.

How much a few weeks can accomplish in a young man's education could have been gathered from the adroit manner in which he broached a certain topic.

Dolly was gazing pinkly into her billowy parasol when, after a prolonged absence, they joined their party.

"Nobody could have said," Teddy reflected to himself with considerable satisfaction, as he was settling his tie for the dance. "Nobody could have said I didn't take the thing coolly."

The only approach to a hitch in the proceedings had occurred when she, though merely for the sake of not appearing to let him have it all his own way, had said demurely—

"Are you quite sure you want me, Teddy? Sometimes I have fancied that you were fonder of Phyllis."

at him. "Look here, Phyl," he went on, "do you think you will ever like me well enough—I've been in love with you for months, well"—rather sheepishly—"for weeks, at any rate"—Teddy stopped short, conscious that he was bungling the thing horribly.

Phyllis relaxed the tension of her limbs and slid rapidly to the bottom of the ditch. Her dress bunched up round her, and her chin, on a level with Teddy's, rested on her two hands.

Her brain worked rapidly. She must outdo over this phase of Teddy's till he saw Dolly again; then she would bring off something definite, and it would come all right.

Phyllis endeavored to make her soft blue eyes look hard; she failed utterly, however, from want of practice. She also tried to smooth out her dimples, which she had frequently been told were bewitching, but she only succeeded, although she did not know it, in pursing up her red lips into their most inviting shape.

Disaster must inevitably have followed, had not something inside her suddenly given way. Her white teeth showed themselves in a smile, and then peal after peal of rippling laughter broke from her, till her sides ached and tears stood in her eyes.

Now, disdainful eyes, even absence of dimples, is no barrier to love's ardor; but a lover, particularly if he be very youthful, can never survive ridicule.

Teddy suddenly felt he had made a fool of himself. Awful enough at any time, but in the presence of a girl—above all, of Phyllis. He was furious with himself, furious with her, he became more and more crimson.

"Teddy, dear," Phyllis at last managed to gasp out, "I'm really awfully sorry; I wasn't laughing at you, but—"

"Perhaps you'd rather be getting back as you seem to find my presence so odious—a scrap of eloquence from the 'Footlights,' a college play, in which he was to act in the approaching commencement—came to the aid of injured dignity.

Phyllis rose, shook out her crumpled skirt and settled her Panama hat. "Oh, Teddy, you are funny," she said, trying hard to recover her gravity.

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"Are you quite sure you want me, Teddy? Sometimes I have fancied that you were fonder of Phyllis."

"Phyllis," cried Teddy. "Of course I've always liked Phyllis. She'll be a corking sister-in-law."

"We are not at all too young," purred Dolly to Phyllis that night after the ball. "Mamma was only 16 when she married. And Teddy thinks you'll be an ideal sister-in-law."

And Phyllis was ungracious enough to make no response.

## DOG CUSTODIAN OF JEWELS.

Boston Bull Takes Gems to Mistress Every Night.

York.—Persons at the Plaza were surprised the other day to see a Boston bulldog leave the office in that hotel with a Russian leather jewel case held between his teeth, and, followed by a maid, walk to an elevator and enter it. They were more surprised when they learned that the jewel case contained gems worth several thousand dollars, the property of Mrs. Benjamin B. Kirkland of Philadelphia who, with her husband, is staying in the hotel.

Mrs. Kirkland has found that Captain, the bulldog, is a faithful messenger, and has entrusted to him each evening the task of going to the office to get the jewels she is to wear at dinner.

## Will Care for Lepers

Philadelphia Nun Leaves Hospital for Heroic Task.

Philadelphia.—Fulfilling a desire which has long occupied her mind, Sister Marcella, for many years head nurse in the accident department of St. Joseph's hospital, has left that institution to devote the rest of her life to the unfortunate lepers, who have been gathered together at New Orleans.

Sister Marcella goes first to the mother nurse of the Sisters of Charity at Emmitsburg, Md. Under their auspices a leper colony has been established at New Orleans, and Sister Marcella, volunteering for a vacancy caused by the death of one of the sisters, was selected for the heroic work by Mother Margaret, superior of the order of the order at Emmitsburg. There are 36 lepers in the home, attended by six Sisters of Charity, headed by the Rev. A. V. Keenan as chaplain. Five years ago Sister Marcella volunteered her services for the leper home, a state institution of Louisiana, but at that time her superiors decided to assign her to hospital work in this city. She has been

in the service for 15 years, but is still a young looking woman.

The lepers in the New Orleans colony live in separate tents and are dressed and fed by the sisters, who occupy a separate community house by themselves. The work is dangerous in the highest degree, and means constant contact with the pitiful, outcast creatures. Living with them nearly always terminates in infection and death.

## Street Swallows a Horse.

Wilmington, Del.—John Johnson, a driver for D. S. Marvel, a liveryman, thought an earthquake was in progress when the earth opened and gobbled one of the horses he was driving.

The more the horse struggled the deeper it sank until part of the wagon also went down. A big water pipe under the street had burst and washed away the earth, leaving only a thin crust of the roadbed, which, when the horse stepped upon it, collapsed and allowed the animal to drop into the hole, which was several feet deep.

It required two hours' work with a derrick to extricate the imprisoned horse.



## The Chelsea Standard.

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, Chelsea, Michigan.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under 110 Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

F. H. Bolser was in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Congdon, of Orion, spent Saturday here.

Miss Anna Miller was in Detroit on business Monday.

Ed. Hoag and family, of Ann Arbor, spent Monday here.

Miss Anna Stevenson was in Detroit the first of the week.

A. J. Congdon, of Detroit, is spending a few days in Chelsea.

O. C. Burkhardt and family were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.

E. L. Mackey, of Sharon, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

E. R. Ostrander, of Detroit, spent Friday and Saturday here.

Miss Ethel Ayre, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Christmas.

Miss Ella Barber was the guest of friends in Holly Christmas.

Joseph Seckinger, of Manchester, was a Chelsea visitor Saturday.

Jacob Baries, of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting his parents in Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seitz visited with relatives in Saline last week.

Mrs. J. F. Hieber is spending some time with relatives in Homer.

Galbraith Gorman was the guest of Ann Arbor friends Christmas.

Ed. McNamara, of Traverse City, is the guest of Chelsea relatives.

Miss Janet Connor, of Jackson, is the guest of Mrs. Wirt S. McLaren.

Ed. Brighton, of Manchester, was a Chelsea visitor Monday evening.

Misses Josephine Miller and Agnes Gorman were in Jackson Saturday.

J. J. Haarer and wife, of Detroit, were guests of relatives here Christmas.

Henry Wirkner, of Cleveland, visited relatives here the first of this week.

Miss Lillie Wackenhut is spending this week with her sister in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Webster are the guests of relatives in Canada this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Currier spent Christmas with friends at Manchester.

Miss Edith Congdon, of Ottawa, Ont., was the guest of friends here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Foran, of Detroit, are guests of relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hayes, of Detroit, spent Christmas at the home of T. McKane.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker, of Lansing, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Miss Margaret Miller and niece Josephine are visiting relatives in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Green, of Dexter, visited at the home of Mrs. W. Martin Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Woods visited with relatives in Canada the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Ellis, of Grand Rapids, will spend New Year's with H. S. Holmes.

D. C. Marion, who is teaching school near Marshall, spent the first of the week here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eisele, of Angola, Ind., are spending some time with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nordman and children spent Christmas with relatives in Freedom.

Ralph Holmes and family, of Battle Creek, spent Christmas at the home of M. J. Noyes.

Chandler Rogers, of Detroit, spent several days of last week with his parents here.

M. J. Howe, who is employed in Detroit, spent the Christmas holidays at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Gay, of Lansing, spent part of the past week at the home of Jay Everett.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ulrickson, of Jackson, spent Christmas with Wirt S. McLaren and wife.

Mrs. Louis Watkins and daughter, of Grass Lake, are guests of Mrs. J. L. Gilbert this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Cushman spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Russell Wheelock of Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. John Napier, of Milford, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. McCormick, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Stanton and children were Lansing visitors the latter part of the past week.

Mrs. Olive Winslow and daughters and J. L. Tallman spent Christmas with relatives in Ypsilanti.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron H. Buss and son Harold, of Detroit, spent Christmas with his mother in Freedom.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weinmeister and children, of Howell, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Stephens.

Chas. Flatten, who is employed in Newark, Ohio, spent several days of the past week at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hargie, of Kalamazoo, visited at the home of Mrs. E. Fiske Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cole Christmas.

Mrs. J. Berry and daughter Lizzie, of Stockbridge, visited at the home of L. Eisenman the first of the week.

Mrs. Margaret Hindelang and children, of Ypsilanti, spent several days of the past week with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Purchase and son Kenneth, of Detroit, visited relatives here several days of the past week.

Howard Armstrong, of Waukesha, Wis., was the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. R. Dancer, several days of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gregg, of Detroit, spent several days of the past week at the home of Mrs. Gregg's mother, Mrs. Sarah Shaver.

Rev. Father Considine was in Dearborn, Wednesday, the guest of Rev. Father Marker, who gave a dinner to his friends among the clergy.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Raymond, of Grass Lake, and Mrs. H. M. Raymond and daughter of Chicago, were guests at the home of D. H. Wurster Tuesday.

## Chicago Theatre.

For Friday and Saturday, big double show both days.

For New Year's night, a feature and two lively comedies and songs.

For Saturday, Rip Van Winkle, also two fast comedies, song and good music.

Admission 10 cents. Entire change of pictures each day.

## "The Straight Road."

The attraction at the new Whitney theatre Saturday matinee and night, January 2, will be "The Straight Road,"

by that well-known writer of plays, Clyde Fitch. It was with difficulty that

the management secured this play, as the main clause in Mr. Fitch's contract

when he writes a play is: That it must be played at prices ranging to \$2.00 and

produced under his own supervision, retaining the right of selecting the

company, approving the scenery and props.

It is seldom if ever that a manager can take the risk of expending money

which entails the above and play it at popular prices; but with the popularity

of play and author and convinced that real true merit will win, the management

have complied with all of the author's demands, and "The Straight

Road" will be seen with the same production, and actors of the same rank as

that which played the play during its run at the Astor theatre, New York

City, at the regular prices of the theatre.

This inside fact may not be generally known to a theatre-going public, but

nevertheless it is true; as the writer could mention numerous instances

where the manager is forced to ruin a good play simply that he cannot afford

the expense on account of lack of patronage, so he gives the best he can. It

stands to reason that no self-respecting man wants to deliberately foist upon

his patrons an article that is not all he represents it to be.

Prices, matinee 25, 35, 50, 75. Night, 25, 35, 50, 75, \$1.00, boxes \$1.50.

## Notice.

The stockholders of the White Milling Co., will hold their annual meeting, Saturday, January 2, 1909, at one o'clock p. m. in the mill. All stockholders are requested to be present.

G. W. COE, Secretary.

## WANT COLUMN

## RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE—White Pekin Duck, full blooded. Mrs. C. Beeman, or telephone O. Beeman, Waterloo. 21

CHARLES STEINBACH wishes to announce that he has re-opened his music department and has a fine line of musical instruments and an assortment of music rolls.

FOR SALE—Full-blooded Jersey bull, registered. Wirt S. Ives, Gregory, Mich., R. F. D. 2.

FOUND—A gentleman's mitten. Owner can get same by calling at the Standard office.

FOR SALE—Five acres of land with house and barn, also all kinds of small fruits, one mile from Chelsea. John Wise, manager Towar's creamery Chelsea. 21

FEED GRINDING—I am prepared to do all kinds of feed grinding promptly. Corn with cob a specialty. 8 cents per hundred. Give me a trial, satisfaction guaranteed. C. W. Meinhold, Jerusalem Mills. Phone 144 2s. 22

WANTED—A girl to take charge of and do the work in a family of two. Good wages. Call at Standard office or address R. D. care this office. 21tf

LOST—Between Cavanaugh Lake and Chelsea purple plush robe with black back. Finder please return to Kent Walworth and receive reward. 21

## Our Annual Clean-up Sale

## Bargains that will not be Equaled in Washtenaw County

The people who have been holding tight to their dollars in expectation of this sale, will now profit. Our main idea now is to have a small stock at inventory time, so we have been busy with the reducing pencil in every department. If low prices count, our store will be as crowded with buyers as it was before Christmas.

Clothes That Satisfy

## AFTER CHRISTMAS CLEARANCE

Clothes That Satisfy

Of Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Hats and Furnishings. We offer throughout this entire department exceptional bargains in new, high quality, desirable merchandise, at greatly reduced prices. Come and see for yourself is all we say, with our assurance that you'll be amply repaid for the time and effort.

## MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S SUITS.

Regular \$12.00 and \$13.50 Suits, to close out

\$7.50

Regular \$15.00 Suits, no two alike, to close out

\$11.50

Big lot of Odd Suits \$10.00 up to \$15.00, to close out

5.00

Regular \$20.00 Suits, no two alike, to close out

15.00

Same prices prevail on Men's and Young Men's Overcoats

Big lot of Men's Fur Coats that must be sold this month regardless of Price or Cost.

## Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

Double Breasted Suits, regular pants; Regular \$5.00 suits, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Regular \$4.00 Suits, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Regular \$3.00 Suits, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Big lot of Odd Suits for Boys, sizes 3 to 12 years, all regular pants, at 1-3 to 1-2 off regular prices.

## Men's Furnishing Goods.

Men's Soft Hats, black and colors, worth \$2.50, now \$1.88.

\$2.00 Hats, now \$1.50. \$1.50 Hats, now \$1.15.

Big lot black soft hats, worth \$1.50 to \$2.00 now 98c

Men's 50c neckwear, 39c.

One lot of 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 lined Gloves now 50c

One lot of fancy Cluett Shirts, worth \$1.50 now 98c

One lot fancy Monarch Shirts, worth \$1.00 now 69c

Men's Corduroy Pants, worth \$2.50, now \$1.88; worth \$2.00, now \$1.50; worth \$1.75, now \$1.33



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Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner &amp; Marx

## Women's Coats, Suits, Skirts and Waists 1-4 to 1-2 Off

Every Garment in this department is marked at Sale Price. Cost cuts no figure, does not enter into the consideration. We never carry over any ready to wear Women's Goods.

## SPECIAL

During this sale we shall also close out a number of good, warm Winter coats, made from fancy materials—Garments that originally sold at from \$10.00 to \$20.00—three (3) special numbers, \$2.50, \$5.00 and \$7.50. Big lot of Newest Skirts, worth up to \$10.00, now \$5.00.

## Dress Goods and Silks.

## Big Reduction in Dress Goods Prices.

\$1.50 black Bourette, 75c \$1.50 Brown Broadcloth, 85c

1.00 black Panama, 75c 2.25 black 52-inch Venetian, \$1.50

1.50 blue Panamas, \$1.00 1.50 black Rough Faced Zibeline 35c

Big lot of Panamas and other Plain Weaves at 1-4 to 1-3 less than usual.

20 pieces of 50c, 60c and 75c Fancy Dress Goods, all odd pieces, now 25c and 39c.

## Silks.

We offer every yard of our Windham and other Silks at reduced prices. We intend to clean up our entire stock and get an entire new start for Spring.

\$2.00 black 36-in. Windham Taffeta, \$1.50 \$1.50 Black 27-in. Windham Taffeta, \$1.15

2.00 blk 36-in. Windham Messaline, 1.50 1.25 black 27-in Taffeta, 75c

Big lot of 19-inch Taffetas, Colors and Black, 50c



349

## SPECIAL PRICES

During this week and up to January 9th.

Good Apron Gingham, 6c. Big Bib Gingham Apron 25c.

Good Outing, remnants, 6c and 7c Best 12 1/2c Outing, 10c.

19c Fleece Waists, 15c.

Fruit and Lonsdale Bleached Cotton, 10c.

Special prices on Wide Cottons, Casings and Sheets and Cases, Brown and Bleached Cottons.

\$1.00 Black and White Yarn Fascinators, 50c.

75c Black and White Yarn Fascinators, 39c.

15c Best Silklines, (all) 10c.

All soiled Blankets, must be sold now. These are a great many of them, reduced 1-4 to 1-3 off. Comforts go at less than they are worth.

Lace Curtains marked away down, especially low on all small lots.

Bath Robe Blankets 1-3 off.

Special prices on Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums during January.

## All Furs Reduced.

We have a good assortment of nearly all kinds in stock. We don't believe we will carry over any furs after offering them at these sale prices.

## GROCERY DEPARTMENT

When did you ever hear of a Sale on Groceries, or even buy Groceries at reduced prices? IT COSTS US PRACTICALLY NOTHING to sell groceries, and we shall now give our customers the benefit. We have always prided ourselves on the quality of our Groceries. These prices are on our regular highest qualities only.

Commencing Saturday, January 2d, We Shall Sell:

20 pounds Granulated Cane Sugar, \$1.00  
50c Royal Satsuma Tea, pound, 38c  
Good Tea, pound, 25c  
20c Empire Coffee, pound, 17c  
Good Coffee, pound, 10c  
Muzzy's Gloss Starch, package, 5c  
Muzzy's Corn Starch, package, 5c  
Arm & Hammer Soda, package, 5c  
Yeast Foam, 2 packages, 5c

Bakers Chocolate, pound, 35c  
Sweet Chocolate, cake, 7c  
Best Ground Pepper, pound, 15c  
Sal Soda, pound, 1c  
8 Bars Jackson Soap, 25c  
7 Bars Queen Ann Soap, 25c  
6 Bars Ivory Soap, 25c  
25c bottle Olives, 19c  
Good Red Salmon, 2 cans for 25c

25c can I. C. Baking Powder, 17c  
15c can " " 11c  
10c can " " 7c  
Best 15c canned Corn, 10c  
Best 12 1-2c canned Corn, 9c, 3 for 25c  
10c Tomatoes, can, 8c  
12 1-2c " 10c  
4 1-2 Best Crackers, 25c  
Best Rolled Arena Oats, 6 pounds for 25c

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Company



## A New Year's Gift

FOR HIM FROM

## DANCER BROTHERS



SIGNIFIES  
THAT IT IS  
SELECTED FROM  
THE NEWEST AND  
FRESHEST STOCK  
IN CHELSEA.

Clothing,  
Hats and Caps,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Gloves and Mittens,  
Shoes and Rubbers,  
For Men and Boys.

Suits and Overcoats \$12 to \$30

The Best in Chelsea for the Money.

DANCER BROTHERS.

## JNO. FARRELL.

Sox and Rubbers, Felts and Rubbers,  
Over Shoes, Leather Shoes, Leather  
Boots, and Warm Footwear for Men.

## JNO. FARRELL.

## FIT FOR A KING

## OUR LEADER

Is fine, fat, juicy roasts of beef—grain as fine as silk and tender as a sucking pig. It is fit for a king. Then there are our superb steaks, chops, poultry and pork. We choose nothing but prime stock for our patrons, and send it home prepared appetizingly and ready to be put right in the oven.

## ADAM EPPLER

## Fall and Winter Showing

OF

## Foreign and Domestic Woolens

All Woolens of exceptional quality and style, all in suitable quantity to judge style and weave. No Sample Book or Cards.

## 300 Different Styles

Of Suitings, Trouserings, Fancy Vesting, Top Coats and Overcoats. Our assortment of odd trousers ranging from \$4.00 to \$6.00 is the largest ever shown in any city compared to ours. We are also showing a fine line of Woolens suitable for

## Ladies' Tailor Made-to-Order Skirts.

For the next 30 days we shall endeavor to make such prices as to warrant steady employment for our large staff of workers, and to make our clothing manufacturing business the largest in this section of the country.

Yours for Good Clothing and Home Industry.

## RAFTREY, The Tailor.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

The Standard wishes you all a happy and prosperous New Year.

John J. Raffrey has been confined to his home for the past week by illness.

C. Visel has purchased of S. L. Gage the 53 acres known as the E. P. Downer farm in Sylvan.

There will be regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., Wednesday evening, January 6th.

A Masonic school of instruction will be held in Chelsea, Wednesday afternoon and evening, February 3d.

The stockholders of the White Milling Co. will hold their annual meeting at one o'clock, next Saturday afternoon in office of the mill.

S. B. Tichenor, of Lansing will be in Chelsea the last of this week. Parties desiring pianos tuned will please leave their orders at the Standard office.

The Purchase family held their annual Christmas gathering at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dick Clark of Lyndon Friday. Dinner was served to about forty.

The Bay View Reading Circle met at the home of Mrs. G. W. Palmer Monday evening. A program and scrub lunch were the main part of the evening's doings.

Mrs. Sarah Shaver on Christmas day entertained at dinner her children, and Melvin and Howard Conk, of Gregory, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cummings and Mrs. L. Conk.

Rev. and Mrs. D. H. Glass will receive the members of the M. E. church and congregation and their friends New Year's Day from seven to ten o'clock in the evening.

St. Joseph's Sodality will hold its annual election of officers next Sunday in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart at 8 a. m. A full attendance of all the members is earnestly requested.

The state military board has recommended to the governor that Ludington be named as the location of the next annual encampment of the Michigan National Guard. The date set is August 9th.

The Young Men's Social Club gave a dance Tuesday evening, with Geiger's orchestra of Jackson of four pieces furnishing the music. Guests were present from Ann Arbor, Manchester and Jackson.

A home talent vaudeville entertainment will be given in the Sylvan theater on Friday evening, January 23d. This will be a home benefit show, and the proceeds will be used to purchase rugs and furniture to be used on the stage.

Deputy Sheriff Leach was in Stockbridge Monday, where he arrested a young man named Geo. Foster charged with the larceny of \$5 from a trunk of Mr. Lane of Lyndon. The young man was taken before Justice Wood and was fined \$15, which he paid.

Twenty-six postoffice robberies in Michigan during the past fiscal year ending June 30, only netted the robbers \$7,654, scarcely day wages. The biggest haul was made at Tekonsha, where the thieves got \$1,320, while the job at Wayne yielded but \$5.85.

The Treadwell-Whitney Stock Co., which appears at the opera house all week of January 4, 1909, presents a large repertoire of plays and vaudeville between the acts, opening with a four act comedy drama entitled "When Women Love." Prices 10 and 20 cents. Seats on sale at Fenn & Vogel's without extra charge.

Toward the close of Monday afternoon, Vern Redding, son of one of the proprietors of the Grass Lake News, was found dead in a rear room of the office, he having succumbed to apoplexy. The young man was not far from 19 years of age and was one of the compositors on the News. His sudden demise was a terrible shock to the family.

The board of directors and the auditors of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company met Monday in joint session for the purpose of auditing the directors' accounts and adjusting losses. All of the accounts were allowed and two claims were adjusted: R. S. Whalen, Dexter township, house personal fire, \$4.00; Mrs. H. H. Stocking, Lima, farm personal, lightning, \$2. The annual meeting will be held on Wednesday, January 13, 1909.

About forty of the members of the Young People's Society of St. Paul's church attended the Christmas party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seitz, Garfield street, Monday evening, which was given in honor of Oscar Schneider and Jonathan Seitz, who left for California Tuesday morning. One of the pleasant features of the evening was the distributing of the gifts, after which the hostess served a dainty lunch.

The B. C. met with Mrs. Charles Whitaker Wednesday evening.

John Farrell is confined to his home with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Olive Lodge, F. & A. M., will hold a regular meeting, Tuesday evening, January 5th.

The Chelsea merchants all report a very large and satisfactory trade during the holidays.

The Ladies' Aid Society, of Franciscan, will meet at the home of Mrs. John Seid, Wednesday, January 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Millsap gave a Christmas dinner to their children at their home on South street, last Friday.

The young people of Chelsea are taking advantage of the fine ice boating and skating at Cavanaugh Lake this week.

Patrick Lingane, who is at present on the Lowry homestead, will work the farm of the late R. P. Chase the coming year.

Miss Bertha Laubengayer is confined to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Laubengayer, of Sylvan, by illness.

Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. E. W. Guinan, of Denver. The deceased was a former resident of this vicinity.

Frank Gilbert, of Glenn Falls, N. Y., brother of James L. Gilbert of this place, died suddenly at his home in that place Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Eisen and daughter Margaret, of Detroit, spent the latter part of the past week at the home of George Wackenhut.

Born, Wednesday, December 23, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Houchen, of Homer, a daughter. Mrs. Houchen was formerly Miss Minnie Hieber of this place.

The members of the Crescent Sporting Club entertained the children of the members of the association at their Blind Lake club house on Tuesday.

The L. O. T. M. M. will give a dance New Year's night, January 1st, in Macabee hall. All Sir Knights and their wives, or a friend, are invited. Admission 25 cents.

The common council at their meeting Monday evening extended the franchise of the Chelsea Gas Company to twenty years. The original franchise was given for twelve years.

Mrs. Harry Stowe and Misses Ida Maybee and Cora Hoppe, of Toledo, and Mr. and Mrs. Foster, of Ypsilanti, were guests at the home of Rudolph Hoppe several days of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schenk, of Sylvan, gave a dinner on Christmas day to their children and grandchildren. There were about fifty present and the reunion was a very pleasant one.

When M. A. Shaver was returning home from Pinckney last Thursday, his oil wagon broke down near the farm of P. Farrell, of Dexter township. The drimaged wagon was repaired the first of the week and is in commission again.

Tomorrow, Friday, January 1, 1909, will be the Feast of the Circumcision of Christ, a holy day of obligation. Low mass will be celebrated in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart at 8 a. m. High mass at 10 a. m. followed by Benediction. The beautiful Christmas music will be repeated.

John Keelan and daughter Celia had a rather unpleasant experience in a runaway Tuesday morning. A bolt came out of the thills allowing them to drop down on the horse's heels causing it to run away. Both Mr. Keelan and his daughter were thrown from the vehicle and both of them were considerably bruised up.

The Treadwell-Whitney Stock company will open a week's engagement at the Sylvan theatre next Monday evening. A strong society drama, "When Women Love" will be presented opening night. A change of program each night with vaudeville specialties between acts and special scenery. There will also be a matinee Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

Henry Hudson, who acted as Santa Claus at the school entertainment held last Thursday evening, in the school house, near Elmer Beach's farm in Lima, was robbed of \$9 during the exercises. He had \$15 in his clothing which was in a suit case and when he went out to change his Santa Claus garments he found \$6 of his money scattered on the ground and the remainder was gone.

Word has been received from Denver, Col., of the death of Mrs. Agnes Stover, Wednesday, December 23, aged 22 years. Mrs. Stover was formerly Miss Agnes Swigert, and was born in Chelsea, but spent many years in a convent in Detroit. August 21, 1907, she was united in marriage to Clarence M. Stover, of Denver. A few days before her death, a daughter was born to them. Besides the husband and daughter, she leaves two sisters, Mrs. E. L. Monahan, Miss Alice Swigert and two brothers, H. W. and Louis M. Swigert.

## After Christmas Sale

Every department shares in making this the greatest money saving opportunity ever offered in Chelsea.

No matter what your needs are, either for immediate or future use, you will not make a mistake in coming here. A great big cut in Holiday Goods. Everything goes. Price cuts no figure now. Toys, Dolls, Chinaware, Games, Picture Books, in fact everything in the Bazaar Department will be closed out at about half off regular prices.

## Clothing Department

Here is where we save you dollars. Men's Suits, Boys' Suit, and all Overcoats at Wholesale Prices. It will pay you to get in touch with this department, as no where else can you buy good clothing for so little money.

## Men's Furnishings

Neckwear, Mufflers, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Dress Shirts, Golf Coats, Suspenders, etc., at prices that are right.

## Boys' Sweaters and Sweater Vests

At 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50

## Shoe Department

Christmas Slippers at money saving prices. Shoes for everybody. Not shoddy shoes, but solid leather shoes, guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Nothing will please the boy more than a pair of High Top, Water Proof Shoes. We have them at \$1.90, worth \$2.50.

We are making very attractive prices on  
Rugs, Carpet Sweepers and Lace Curtains

## Dry Goods Department

Here we are showing the latest in Silks and Worsted Dress Fabrics at bargain prices. Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Aprons, Handkerchiefs, Wool and Cotton Blankets, Stamped Linens, Pillows and Pillow Tops, Ladies' Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Pocket Books and Shopping Bags, Belts and Belt Buckles, Sterling Silver and Ebonized Toilet Articles, Ladies' Umbrellas, etc.

## Ready-to-wear Coats

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, and the prices have been reduced to close them out quick. Ladies' Skirts go at the same sacrifice, as all must be closed out.

COME AND LOOK.

## W.P.SCHENK &amp; COMPANY

Every Dollar  
You Save

Belongs to you, when placed in the savings bank. Not only does it increase your wealth but it also has earning power in this bank. Every dollar in your account nets you three per cent. interest. When compounded semi-annually, the rate of interest is a fraction over three per cent. We pay interest on savings twice a year. A small sum will start an account for you. Whatever amounts you save may be added at any time.

The Kempf Commercial &  
Savings Bank.

## Chelsea Greenhouses

Cut Flowers,  
Potted Plants,  
Funeral Designs.

## WINTER TERM

Opens Monday, January 4th. Handsome Catalogue free on request. Write Detroit Business University, 15 Wilcox St., W. F. Jewell, President. R. J. Bennett, C. P. A., Principal.

## DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.  
East bound, 7:42 am 1:42 pm 4:27 pm  
West bound, 9:45 am 2:45 pm 5:45 pm  
LOCAL CARS.  
East bound—6:36 am; 8:40 am, and every two hours to 8:40 pm; also 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55.  
West bound—6:44 am; 7:50 am, and every two hours to 11:50 pm.  
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

## ATHENÆUM

Jackson, Michigan.

Monday, January 4.

"THE THREE TWINS."  
Prices, 50c to \$1.50.

Wednesday, January 6.

Mme. NAZIMOVA in  
"A DOLL'S HOUSE."  
Prices 50c to \$2.00.

Thursday, January 7.

Henry W. Savage's original N. Y. company in

"THE DEVIL."  
Prices 50c to \$1.50.

Friday, January 8.

Norman Hackett in  
CLASSMATE  
Prices 25c to \$1.00.

## Sylvan Theater

McLAREN &amp; BACON, Mgrs.

Week Commencing Jan. 4, '08

The Treadwell-Whitney  
Stock Company

Opening Monday Night With a Strong Society Drama:

When Women Love

Popular Prices, 10c and 20c  
Reserved Seats Free at Fenn & Vogel's

Vaudeville Between Acts. Special Scenery for Each Night

Matinee Saturday at 2:30.



# UNCOVERING THE SLAYER OF PROFESSOR WHITE

By GEORGE BARTON

## Most Mysterious Murder Mystery in Philadelphia's History.

(Copyright, 1908, by W. G. Chapman.)  
Capt. James I. Donaghy, chief of the detective bureau of Philadelphia, is a fine type of the level-headed investigators of crime of the present day. He has been in the department for 30 years; he never wore a disguise of any kind in his life; he knows every rule of the game, and has occupied every separate position in the service from that of sub-policeman up to the responsible post which he now fills with signal success. He was the conspicuous figure in the famous White murder case although he modestly disclaims the credit, saying that the glory belongs to the entire police force of the Quaker City. The story, outside of its own interest, is important as a fair illustration of the unromantic and businesslike methods now generally used in the detection of criminals in the large cities of the United States.

On the night of May 19, 1900, Prof. Roy Wilson White, a fellow of the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, and a lecturer on Roman law at the famous seat of learning, was mysteriously and brutally murdered.

Prof. White, although a man of less than 30 years of age, had already won an international reputation in his special branch of study. He was quiet and unassuming in manner, and enjoyed the reputation of being the most popular instructor at the university. So far as known he did not have an enemy in the world, and the news of his murder came as a terrible shock, not only to his family and friends, but also to the thousands of students with whom he had come into personal contact during the period of his tutelage.

On the day of the murder all of his movements were accounted for from the time he said good-by at his home in the morning until the moment he left the classroom for the night. During the afternoon he had a long talk with one of his associates concerning a work in which the two men were mutually interested. He took dinner alone at a small hotel near the university, and after that lectured to the law class under his charge. He was confident and enthusiastic, and never appeared to better advantage. About ten o'clock at night he left for his home in Germantown, a suburb of Philadelphia. He started in the direction of the Powelton Avenue station of the Pennsylvania railroad with the purpose of boarding the 10:16 train.

Less than an hour later a policeman walking along Thirty-second street, adjoining the railroad tracks, stumbled against a body on the sidewalk. It was quite dark in that section—in fact it was afterwards declared to be the darkest spot in all of Philadelphia. The officer flashed his lantern on the inert mass before him, and was shocked to find a man, mangled and bleeding. His head was crushed and he was unconscious. The pockets of the white vest were turned inside out and his gold watch was missing. The little green bag that he always carried by his side was spattered with his life blood. It contained among other things a text-book on "Pleading"—a book from which Prof. White had been lecturing that evening. Some notes on sheets of paper which he had utilized in his "Quiz" class were also in the bag. A pocketbook contained a life insurance policy, an invitation to a class reunion in another state, and a sum of money in greenbacks. A few yards away, imbedded in the soft earth, was an iron bar, quite thick, and about 18 inches long. It was such a thing as is used on the platforms of freight cars.

The disfigured corpse was removed to the university hospital, and the best medical and surgical aid summoned. But it was too late; the vital spark had fled, and all that the professors and students had left to them was the memory of Roy Wilson White's gracious life.

The shocking nature of the crime seems to have aroused the authorities into instant and universal activity. Superintendent of Police Quirk and Chief of Detectives Miller held a consultation to determine what should be done. While they were talking, James A. Donaghy, a member of the detective staff, passed the open door of the outer office. Quirk espied him.

"Hello, Jim," he cried.

It had been raining "cats and dogs" all the afternoon. Donaghy entered the office water-soaked from head to foot.

"What's the matter with you?" said Miller.

"You ought to know," was the rejoinder. "You sent me down to Media to get a pickpocket."

"Did you get him?"

"Sure," was the rejoinder, "and got soused in the bargain."

"Well," said Miller, "we've got something bigger than a pickpocket to look after now; listen."

Donaghy listened. And the more he heard the more absorbed he became. He forgot all about his wet clothes. He forgot everything but a desire to get on the track of the man or men

who had so foully murdered an inoffensive gentleman. While they talked a newcomer joined the group. It was Robert J. McKenty, another member of the detective staff, afterwards marked out to be a member of the mayor's cabinet.

Donaghy, as a result of the conference, immediately started for the scene of the murder. It has since been said that the White tragedy was "his case." He protests against this distinction. "It was a case of team work," he says. "Thirty detectives and over 2,000 policemen were engaged on the White case, and they made good." At any rate, Donaghy made good because less than an hour had elapsed before he was in conversation with a youth named Ralph Hartman, who testified that he had seen two colored men near the scene of the murder shortly after ten o'clock, and had talked to one of them. Best of all, young Hartman, who had intelligence beyond his years, was able to give a vivid description of the two men. Hartman was employed as a messenger in the Powelton Avenue station of the Pennsylvania railroad, and knew every foot of the ground in that neighborhood. Donaghy felt instinctively that the knowledge possessed by this boy would prove to be

### Capt. Donaghy Given Credit for Business-Like Solution of Tangle Which Convicted and Hanged Three Men—Legal Formalities Overcome.

Besides this Donaghy was convinced that they were men totally devoid of education. He deduced this from the fact that they had evidently not even bestowed so much as a passing glance on the books in Prof. White's green bag. It is a known fact that a man of education or refinement is irresistibly attracted by a book. If a volume is lying on a table even in the house of a stranger, he can no more resist picking it up and going through the pages than a moth can avoid the flame. The murderers evidently had not the slightest curiosity toward the little work in the green bag.

The detective's summary, therefore, was that the crime had been committed by two or three men; that they were negroes; that they were brutal

When the last of the prisoners had been brought in the work of elimination began. Donaghy and McKenty were entrusted with this delicate task. Some of the suspects were obviously out of the question. For instance, mulattoes were set aside. So were several one-eyed persons. So was a lame man. And the work kept on until the list of possibilities was reduced to 16.

These 16 were lined up with their hats on and young Hartman was brought into the room. It was a motley gathering. Probably 16 uglier men had never been assembled before. They looked brutal and all of them seemed capable of murder. Could the boy tell one from the other? Could he identify the man who had spoken to him the night before? Would he be

protested vehemently that he had nothing to do with the murder of Prof. White.

Ivory was short in stature, with skin as black as anthracite coal, and very repulsive features. Criminologists pronounced him to be the lowest type of the uneducated negro. The detectives resorted to every device known to the profession to force a confession from the man. Finally, after an hour of the "sweating" he blurted out:

"Well, I done told you I was there, but it wasn't me that struck the blow."

He was put in a cell and Donaghy and his associates started out for more evidence. They obtained a description of the watch that had been stolen from Prof. White. The number of the case was 39,875, and that of the movement 915,938. These numbers were telegraphed to every pawnbroker and every watchmaker in the city.

The response came much sooner than was anticipated. A negro named "Buddy" Brown was arrested while trying to pledge the watch with a pawnbroker in West Philadelphia. Brown said the watch was not his, but belonged to a man who had a room in his mother's house. He had only lived there a few days and had given "Buddy" the watch to pawn for him.

The strange negro was promptly located and arrested. He proved to be William Perry of Georgia. Perry was not very communicative at first, but finally admitted that he was in the neighborhood of Thirty-second street on the night of the murder. He said that a third man had been in his company. These admissions, while important, were not conclusive. There were still links to be fitted in the chain.

At this period of the investigation a new character came on the scene in the person of John Leary, an employee of the city water works. He had been reading a great deal about the murder, and he felt impelled to step forward and give his own experience on the night of the murder. He had quit work at midnight and was crossing the Girard Avenue bridge when he met two colored men. They stopped, and one of them asked him for a match. One of these men answered the description of Ivory. Perry he did not recognize.

While the authorities were browsing over the evidence they had on hand, they received word that a number of suspicious-looking negroes who had been picked up on the railroad near Trenton were now in the Mercer county workhouse. Donaghy and McKenty determined to go to the New Jersey capital and look at the men. They took young Hartman and Leary with them for purposes of identification. The colored men were lined up in the workhouse just as they had been in the city hall in Philadelphia. One of the negroes was a tall, shambling fellow. He was stoop-shouldered and knock-kneed, and otherwise lacking in symmetrical beauty. Both Hartman and Leary immediately picked him out as one of the men they had met on the night of the tragedy. He had given the Trenton authorities the name of William Fields, but afterwards admitted that his right name was Amos Stirling.

Stirling was taken from the line and brought into a private room. Here he was stripped, and it was found that his underclothes were covered with human blood. When his attention was called to this damaging fact, he said unconcernedly:

"Oh, that's nothing; my nose was bleeding."

Stirling was not in the state where the crime was committed. Hence legal formalities were necessary before he could be taken to Philadelphia. Donaghy made an attempt to break the record in the matter of requisitions. He took a special train to Harrisburg, went to the executive mansion and roused Gov. Stone from a sound sleep in order to get his signature on the papers. From Harrisburg he hastened back to Trenton, only to find that some over-willing lawyer had filed an objection to the removal of the prisoner. Although trivial, it took several hours to overcome. But in spite of all the obstacles, Donaghy complied with all the formalities and had his prisoner in the Philadelphia city hall in just 32 hours.

Three prisoners were now in custody. Could they be proven guilty? Two were silent. Stirling loudly protested his innocence. He said that if he were free he could prove an alibi.

"I'm free," rejoined Donaghy, "and if you'll give me the names of your witnesses, I'll work it out for you. If it's any good, I'll be the first to admit it."

The negro finally said that a certain lady of color, named Dolly Gray, who lived in Harrisburg, could prove that he was at the state capital on the night of the murder. Donaghy patient-

ly traveled up the state in search of Miss Gray. By a certain humorous and yet grotesque coincidence, the hand-organ at that time was grinding out "Dolly Gray" by the ream, and as Donaghy came to the little street where the Dolly Gray of another color lived, two street-pianos, on either end of the thoroughfare, struck up "Good-bye, Dolly Gray, I'm going to leave you," with a vehemence that threatened to turn an unusually affecting tragedy into a roaring farce. Dolly, however, who weighed 300 pounds, calmly washed her hands of Stirling and declined to assist in proving his alibi.

On the very day of Ivory's arrest, Donaghy had taken him to the scene of the murder. The street where the body was found was a little-traveled thoroughfare and the footprints where the men had escaped by leaping the little iron fence were still visible in the soft earth. The right shoe was removed from Ivory's foot and the heel and toe fitted to a nicety into the footprints in the railroad yard. The marks were there as clearly as though they had been stenciled.

In the meantime evidence was piling up in other directions. Mrs. Mary Boyle, who was employed as a waitress in a restaurant near Thirty-second and Market streets, testified that she had served all three of the men on the day of the crime. This was important as establishing the fact that they were together. But this was not all. A gardener, named Lutz, said that earlier in the evening all three of the negroes had surrounded him at a point five or six blocks from where the White crime was committed. They did not use violence toward him, simply, as he put it, "acted suspiciously." He managed to elude them, however, and thought no more of the incident until he read of the arrest of the negroes in connection with the murder of Prof. White.

Within three weeks after the murder Ivory broke down and confessed everything. He said that Perry, Stirling and himself had met at the Buffalo Bill show that afternoon, and comparing notes, had resolved to get money at any cost. They crossed the Girard Avenue bridge and went along the river drive until they came to Thirty-second street. They had intended assaulting Lutz, the gardener, but when he ran away they were too indolent to follow him. They little dreamed that the man had nearly a thousand dollars in his possession, or he might have been the victim instead of the unfortunate professor. Finally Stirling picked up the iron bar near the Powelton Avenue station. They resolved that he should assault the first prosperous-looking man they met. Several persons were permitted to pass unmolested. At last Prof. White was seen coming along the dark street. Stirling turned to the others:

"There's a guy looks as if he had money."

They agreed with him, and the three black-hearted scoundrels followed the unsuspecting teacher. At a favorable opportunity Stirling leaped the iron bar came down with a crash on the skull of Roy Wilson White. The man sank to the sidewalk with a groan. The big brute continued using the iron bar until the face of the victim was unrecognizable. Then they went through his clothes and got a few dollars in money, a ring, and a gold watch. The assassins went to a nearby lot and divided the things. The watch was Perry's share of the loot.

Perry corroborated the confession of every detail. Stirling denied it until the last but weakened within the shadow of the scaffold. All three were tried, convicted and hanged.

Their arrest and conviction was a big accomplishment. Most people gave the credit to James I. Donaghy. He smiles, shakes his head and says it was simply good "team work" on the part of the police.

### North Carolina's Precious Gems.

The state of North Carolina is one of the most notable in the union for the production of gems, particularly diamonds, emeralds, rubies, aquamarines, beryls, hiddite, rhodolite, amethysts and remarkable rock crystals. These gems have been found mainly in the course of mining operations, although a few systematic searches for them have been made and two companies are now engaged exclusively in such work.

### Woman School Superintendent.

Mrs. Alice B. Clark of Garfield county, California, has just received the indorsement of the normal institute for the office of state superintendent of public instruction. She is now serving her second term as superintendent of schools for Garfield county. Her indorsement by the normal institute was non-partisan.

### YOUNG RULER OF OLD CHINA.

Hsuan-tung Said to Be Unusual Child for One of His Age.

London.—The accompanying picture is made from a photograph represented as being the first authentic one of Hsuan-tung, China's new emperor. Hsuan-tung will not be three years old until February 11 next, yet this portrait might readily be taken to be that of a boy of ten or twelve.

The name Hsuan-tung, under which the emperor will rule, signifies literally "promulgating universally." It is



China's New Emperor.

regarded as an indication of the approaching proclamation of a Chinese constitution.

The infant emperor is Pu Yi, a son of Prince Chun, the next younger brother of the late Emperor Kwangsu. Kwangsu married a niece of the dowager empress 20 years ago, but there was never any issue from the union. Prince Chun is regent.

Pu Yi's coming to the throne is said to be the beginning of the end of petty rule in China. The Dowager Empress Tsu Hsi died on November 15 last, on the day following the death of Emperor Kwangsu. She had ruled with an iron hand for half a century. Pu Yi's stepmother, the Dowager Empress Yehonala, it is reported, has already been made to understand that she would better keep her hands off affairs of state, and has quietly withdrawn into the background of the court. The horde of concubines who were attached to the suite of Kwangsu have been pensioned and told to take themselves beyond the precincts of the palace.

Pu Yi is described as a healthy lump of a youngster, who seems to understand but one thing that has happened in the tremendous change which has come in his life, and that is that he has been separated from his old nurse. He made the palace ring with his howls for the first few nights after he had been removed from the custody of his family. Being the emperor, he was of course privileged to cry as loudly as he could and keep everybody else awake. If one of the imperial nurses were caught spanking him it would no doubt mean that her head would answer for it in the next hour.

### JAPANESE PAGODA HIS HOME.

Unique Building 75 Feet High to Be Occupied as a Residence.

Reading, Pa.—One of this city's latest attractions is a Japanese pagoda



Japanese Pagoda at Reading, Pa.

which graces the summit of Mount Penn., overlooking the city. The pagoda, which is built of stone, with Spanish tile curved balconies, was erected by former Select Councilman William Abbot Witman, who proposes to occupy it as a private residence.

Mr. Witman admits he has never been to Japan, and is too busy to go for some years to come, but wishes to live in a pagoda home. The home is 50 feet square at the base and is almost 75 feet in height, and is surrounded by a flagstaff and a sundial.

### A New Kind.

"Pa, what is the deadly parallel?" "I guess, son, it is somewhere about the one where work in the tropics is located."—Baltimore American.



THE MAN SANK TO THE SIDEWALK WITH A GROAN

the foundation on which they would build their case.

He hastened back to the city hall. The doors of the little private office were closed, and for a long while Donaghy, McKenty and Quirk had their heads together. As a result of their deliberations a most singular order was telegraphed to every police station in the city of Philadelphia.

It was to arrest every colored man found in or near any railroad station, ferry house or freight yard within the city limits. "It was the biggest drag-net ever spread by the department. Donaghy, in the meantime, continued his investigations near the scene of the murder.

Several conclusions were forced upon him. One was that the murder was committed for money and that the murderers were started and ran away before they secured all of their booty.

The footprints in the soft clay—large, clumsy, heavy-looking footprints—indicated that more than one man had fled across the road leading to the railroad tracks. The dreadful manner in which they had mutilated the body proved that they were brutes.

and uneducated, and that the motive was money. How near he was correct shall presently be seen.

The murder occurred on Saturday night. Between that time and Sunday morning the 30 detectives and 2,000 policemen—and Donaghy—had been industrious. As the church bells were calling the people to worship the officers began to bring in colored men from all parts of the city. They came from north and south, from east and west. They came singly, they came in pairs, they came in squads, and when the chief finally counted his prisoners he found that he had 135 colored men—all suspected of the murder of Prof. White. What if they were all minnows, and the big fish had slipped through the net?

Ralph Hartman, the youth, was on hand to assist in the identification. He was in a separate room and did not see the prisoners as they were brought in the city hall. The authorities were keyed up to a high pitch. Everything depended on the experiment they were about to make. If it failed they would be at sea, and the ends of justice defeated.

confused? Would the crowd puzzle him?

"Ralph," said Donaghy, "point out the man who spoke to you on Thirty-second street last night."

The boy looked over the row of negroes fearlessly. His glance lighted on one and then another. Everybody in the room felt the strain. He was silent—silent for what seemed to be many minutes, but what, in reality, was only seconds. Presently he went over and touched a burly negro on the shoulder.

"That's the man."

The fellow indicated gave a shudder and rolled his eyes. All of the others in the line heaved a sigh of relief. The marked man began to protest.

"Deed, I ain't done nuthin'."

"Who said you did anything?" asked the detective sharply.

The man proved to be Henry Ivory. He had been arrested at daylight on the railroad near Germantown Junction. He was subjected to a severe cross-examination, and finally admitted being near the Powelton Avenue station the night before and even acknowledged speaking to Hartman, but



# SERIAL STORY

## THE SMUGGLER

By ELLA MIDDLETON TYBOUT

Illustrations by Ray Walters

## SYNOPSIS.

Three girls—Elizabeth, Gabrielle and Edith—started for Canada to spend the summer there. On board steamer they were frightened by an apparently demented stranger, who, finding a bag belonging to one of them, took enjoyment in scrutinizing a photo of the trio. Edith shared her stateroom with a Mrs. Graham, anxious awaiting her husband, who had a mania for sailing. They were introduced to Lord Wilfrid and Lady Edith. A cottage by the ocean was rented by the trio for the summer. Elizabeth learned that a friend of her father's was to call. Two men called, one of them being the queer-acting stranger on the steamer. The girls were "not at home," but discovered by the cards left that one of the men was Elizabeth's father's friend. The men were John C. Blake and Gordon Bennett. A wisp of yellow hair from Mr. Graham's pocket fell into the hands of Edith. Mrs. Graham's hair was black. Lady Edith told the girls of a robbery of jewels at the hotel. Fearing for the safety of her own gems, she left them in a safe at the cottage. Mr. Gordon Bennett was properly introduced, explained his queer actions, returned the lost bag and told of mysterious doings of a year before connected with the cottage. Exploring the cellar, one of the girls found a sphinx cut-button, the exact counterpart of which both Gordon Bennett and Lady Edith were found to possess, also. Edith, alone, explored the cellar, overhearing a conversation between Mary Anne and a man. He proved to be her son, charged with murder. The young women agreed to keep the secret. Lady Edith told the story of a lost love in connection with the sphinx key. Edith and Gordon Bennett discovered Lady Edith and Mr. Graham, the latter displaying a marvelous baritone voice.

## CHAPTER X.—Continued

Lady Edith rested her chin on her hand and thought a while. Mr. Blake and Mr. Graham gazed at the lovely face grown suddenly serious as she pondered the question, and I knew that Gordon Bennett forgot my very existence as he leaned forward awaiting her reply.

"It is hard for me to realize," she said slowly, "never having been tempted."

"How can any one know what he would do until the time comes?" interrupted Mr. Graham, "as to yielding to an impulse—well, why are we given impulses if not to obey them?"

"Isn't that rather a dangerous theory?"

Lady Edith laughed as she spoke, but there was a note of anxiety in her voice, and she glanced involuntarily at her brother, who still maintained his sullen silence.

"A very dangerous theory," remarked Mr. Bennett; "but to return to our discussion. Smuggling is a hazardous business, Lady Edith, and it requires some courage, too, for one practically takes his life in his hands, especially stormy nights when the sea runs high."

"Yes," ejaculated Mrs. Graham; "yes!"

"Oh, I don't know," said her husband, "it has its compensations. One lives, you know—lives. Think of a night, out there, with the waves mounting high—a stiff wind, and raining, perhaps. Black sky, black water, black everything, and the uncertainty about landing your cargo safely. Then the sail back again triumphant and exulting—you and the elements alone together. Can't you taste the salt spray? Can't you feel the boat cut through the water? Can't you—"

"Harry!"

He paused abruptly and turned to his wife.

"Beg your pardon, Juliet," he said very gently, "I quite forgot your aversion to the water or I wouldn't have let myself go."

As Elizabeth often insisted, there were nice things about Mr. Graham after all. His patience with his wife's vagaries were certainly most commendable, yet I found myself reaching out after her hand as though I understood and sympathized with her strange attitude—which I certainly did not.

Meanwhile the little boat sailed on, and whether it carried a smuggler with his ill-gotten spoils or my treasures from the Land of Dreams we never knew, for it slipped away into the darkness as quietly as it had emerged. I felt as though I had lost something very valuable as I looked out over the empty water and the ensuing silence brought me no vaguely blissful dreams, but rather a sense of uneasiness and impending danger.

Our fire had burned itself away into a bed of embers, where charred bits of wood occasionally sent forth feeble flames as the night wind brought them renewed life. The moon climbed high in the heavens as we sat listening to the waves wash over the rocks, while the embers glowed and paled and glowed again in indignant protest against their relegation to the ashes of the past.

Presently Lady Edith turned to Graham. "Sing," she said.

And Harry Graham obeyed without self-conscious demur. Looking up at

the rock where she sat with Elizabeth, he smiled and removed his cap.

"If it will give you pleasure," he said, quite simply.

She made a gesture of assent and after a moment's silence he began to sing, softly at first, then his voice gradually attained its full compass. I have never heard a voice just like Harry Graham's—so strong and yet so sweet. It had a wonderful depth of tenderness about it, too, and we listened entranced, unwilling to lose a note or a word of his song, which was quite unfamiliar to me at least.

Out of the purple distance,  
Over the surging sea,  
Borne on the winds of heaven,  
Cometh a Voice to me;  
See how the white gull resteth  
Low o'er the tossing spray,  
Pausing awhile to listen  
Before it is up and away!

O'er the trackless waste of waters  
Where nameless thousands sleep,  
From the realm of endless silence,  
Cometh the Voice of the Deep;  
Hark, to the whispering water,  
Bringing a message to me,  
"Child of the restless ocean,  
Thy destiny waits for thee."

Where the far-away dim horizon  
Touches the mist-bound sea,  
There lieth an Unknown Kingdom  
With its gates ajar for me;  
And, so, like the gull, I'm resting  
At peace o'er the tossing foam,  
Just waiting, listening, longing,  
For the Voice to call me home.

"Don't! Oh, Harry, don't!"

Mrs. Graham had risen and was gazing at her husband with widely dilated eyes and arms extended. It was a cry of irrepressible suffering, apparently wrung from her against her will.

I reached her first, being nearest, and as I slipped my arm through hers I found that she was trembling and very cold.

Mr. Graham had reached his wife almost as soon as I had and his voice was filled with genuine solicitude.

"Why, you're cold," he continued, "awfully cold, your lips are quite blue and trembling. This night air has been too much for you, as you feared. I'm sorry I urged you to come, but I thought you would enjoy it."

She clung to him, oblivious of our presence.

"Take me home. I must go home."

"And so you shall."

He spoke gently, as one calms a frightened child, and still retaining her hand turned to Elizabeth.

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in which one refers to those recently removed by death.

"Don't feel that way about it," said Lord Wilfrid, roused at last; "I am quite sure we will find it. Let's see—you sat here with Edith, and Graham and Mr. Blake just below. It might have caught in the fringe of the shawl. Perhaps Mr. Blake will kindly shake it."

Mr. Blake complied without result. Useless also was the ensuing search of the rocks, although they were gone over inch by inch, the men lighting matches to examine dark crevices while we scrutinized the most improbable places and tried to peer into the rapidly rising water.

At last we gave it up and prepared to go home, each in turn assuring Elizabeth that when morning came she would surely find her ring, but never-theless secretly convinced that it was irrevocably gone.

"I've had a good time, farring the last half hour," said Gordon Bennett, as he took my shawl; "have you?"

"I don't know what Elizabeth will ever do without her ring," was my evasive reply.

"Give her another. The jewels your ship is bringing you are far more valuable."

"Nonsense," I interrupted. "Can't you see that she is unhappy and we are all worried?"

"Please don't worry," he said; "tomorrow morning bright and early I'll have another look at the rocks. I'm rather a good prophet and something tells me she will get it again. If I can't find it I'll get a diver and see what he can do. But I don't think we will need him, for when daylight comes it will probably be discovered exactly where she dropped it. Anyway, there is no use giving up a thing as lost until every possible means of finding it is exhausted. You won't worry, will you?"

These practical suggestions were very cheering and I turned to repeat them to Elizabeth. She was saying good-night to the Campbells, who had decided to return to the hotel along the shore. To my surprise I heard Lady Edith also suggesting the services of a diver.

"They are quite wonderful," you know," she was saying, "and all sorts of things have been recovered from the ocean."

"Yes," added Lord Wilfrid, "we will all have another look to-morrow, and if it is not to be found by daylight I know of an expert diver. However, I'm sure when the tide goes out it will be left among the rocks."

So by degrees our guests departed and we returned to the cottage, rather depressed and inclined to consider the evening a failure.

Mary Anne met us, holding the door hospitably open and smiling expansively.

"Well," she remarked, "and did you 'ave a good time? And didn't I 'ave a good supper?"

We told her about Elizabeth's loss and she listened in silence. But her ruddy face grew serious and her jaw dropped, as we described our search among the rocks and our theory that the ring had dropped into the sea.

"Lost, is it?" she said at last; "don't you fret, Miss Elizabeth, dear. I know them rocks inch by inch, and I'll 'ave a look myself, so I will. Jest go to sleep and rest easy now."

We were glad to follow this sensible advice, but I think we all were some time in getting to sleep. I found myself thinking of Mrs. Graham, rather than the lost ring, and wondering vaguely why she did not like to hear her husband sing. The puzzle was too much for me, and I was just slipping into a blissful state of unconsciousness when I thought I heard a step under my window.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

LONG WARS DUE TO WHISKERS.

Trivial Incident Led to Three Hundred Years of Fighting.

For ages beads were the delight of ancient beauties. The sight of a shaved chin excited sentiments of horror and aversion. To obey the injunctions of their bishops, Louis VII. of France cropped his hair a la pompadour and shaved off his luxuriant whiskers. Eleanor of Aquitaine, his consort, found him with this uncomfortable appearance very ridiculous and very contemptible. She revenged herself by becoming something more than a coquette. The king obtained a divorce. She then married the count of Anjou, who shortly afterward ascended the French throne, and gave him as her marriage dower the rich provinces of Poitou and Guienne; and this was the origin of those wars which for 300 years ravaged France and which cost the French nation 3,000,000 men. All of which, probably, had never taken place if Louis VII. had not been so rash as to shave off his whiskers, by which he made himself so disgusting to the fair Eleanor.

Samos as a Birthplace.

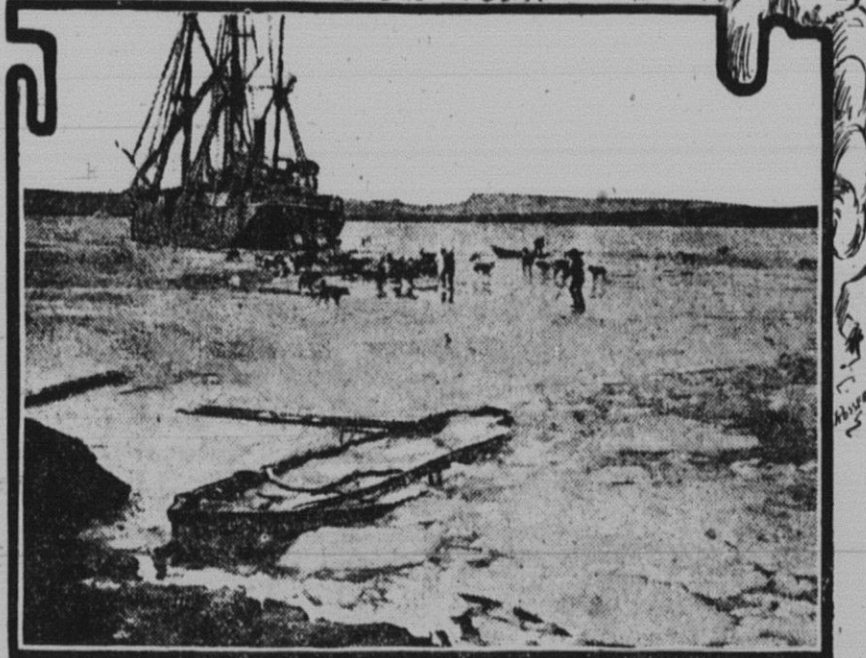
Samos, the autonomous Greek island under Turkish suzerainty, which has once more been the scene of trouble, is one of the few lucky regions on earth that have no national debt. It is also one of the few places in that part of the world at which Homer was not born. But as a birthplace Samos nevertheless ranks high. As the home of the first tireless it was the originator of sea power. Thence came the first bold Greek mariner, who sailed out through the Straits of Gibraltar into the Atlantic. Above all, it was the birthplace of Pythagoras, of whom Samos is very proud to this day. Its great college, the Pythagorean, is attended by pupils from Crete and other islands, and has been called by a Samian writer "a lighthouse, spreading its light far and wide in the Levant."

# GREENLAND MAPPED

## LAND WHOSE COASTLINE HAS BEEN COMPLETED AT LAST



THE CARTOGRAPHERS AT WORK



ERICHSEN'S SHIP

The world's largest island has only just been completely mapped. Greenland, that land of the southern name and the bleak winds of the northern icefields, has at last been fully outlined. In the last number of Petermann's Mitteilungen, the great German geographical magazine, this new map has been published for the first time. The making of this new map is the final fruit of the surveys made by Dr. Mylius-Erichsen, who lost his life when returning from the completed work.

The trend of the northeast coast is very different from what geographers had supposed. It had been marked on all previous maps as probably extending from about 78 degrees north latitude in a general northwest direction to the Independence bay of Peary. In fact, it extends for about 300 miles in a northwesterly direction till its most eastern point nearly touches 12 degrees west longitude from Greenwich.

About 40 years ago Dr. A. Petermann spread the view that Greenland probably extended across the pole and down the other side of the earth to the neighborhood of Bering strait. With this idea in view he wrote the instructions for the second German north polar expedition under Capt. Koldewey, who was sent out to complete if possible the mapping of the east coast.

He succeeded in reaching by a sledge journey only 77 degrees north, a little beyond Cape Bismarck. We now know that more than 1,000 miles of tortuous coast-line stretches between his highest north and the northern shores of the island.

Then, in 1905, the duke of Orleans on the steam yacht Belgica pushed over 100 miles to the north of Cape Bismarck, but fog prevented him from making a satisfactory survey of the coast line. Meanwhile Dr. Mylius-Erichsen formed the plan of making a complete survey of the unknown coast of Greenland from Cape Bismarck north till he joined his survey with that of Peary, and thus completed the map of the island.

He started on the steamer Denmark from Copenhagen on June 25, 1906, picked up three Greenlanders and a lot of Eskimo dogs that had been sent to the Faroe islands to meet him, touched at Iceland, pushed for 14 days through the ice of the Greenland sea, and reached Koldewey island on August 13.

On the next day he had an easy journey in the ice-free coastal waters to Cape Bismarck, and in the inlet behind it he found a suitable place for the winter quarters of his ship. The little harbor was named Denmark Haven. In the late summer he sledged supplies northward to make provision-depots for the long journey of the following spring, and he also surveyed the coasts both north and south of his winter camp as long as daylight lasted.

On March 28 last year the great sledge journey was begun. Mylius-Erichsen, Lieut. Hagen and the Greenlanders Bronlund were to survey every mile of the coast until their explorations joined those of Peary at Independence bay. Lieut. Koch, the artist Bertelsen and the Greenlanders Gabrielsen were to push north of Peary channel to complete the exploration of the eastern edge of Peary land, which Peary had explored as far south as Wyckoff island.

Two detachments went along for weeks to carry food for the survey parties. As it left the ship the expedition numbered ten men, ten sledges and 86 dogs.

The lives of the explorer and of two of his companions were really

sacrificed to his mistaken notion of the shape of the northern coast of Greenland. Instead of being practically a smooth curve, as he thought, it presents great peninsulas and inlets, so that his food supply gave out before he could find his way back to his base. His body, together with the notes of his survey, were found later by a search party.

Hagen died on November 15 and Mylius-Erichsen ten days later, when only a few miles from the food cache. Bronlund reached it in the moonlight, and when the spring search party this year found his body there it was evident that he had lived for several days after his arrival, but his strength was too far gone for recuperation.

It was wonderfully fortunate that the bottle containing the survey sheets was found slung around the neck of Bronlund. Perhaps the great result of this exploration would never have been known if it were not for this fortunate circumstance. It is thought that Mylius-Erichsen probably did not venture to carry his diaries and collections over the inland ice with him, but left them in some safe depository at Denmark Fiord, where they may ultimately be recovered.

Of the land over which they passed Achton Fris, the painter attached to the expedition, wrote:

"The land over which we have journeyed is desolate and dreary; there are no splendid mountain-forms, such as are seen from the coasts south of Franz Joseph's Fiord and Scoresby Sound, where mountains of a height of 10,000 feet stand straight out from the sea. This was a gloomy landscape. The vegetation was poor and shriveled—only scant herbage and a few wild flowers besides the low Arctic willow and the mosses and lichens. And all this was confined to a narrow strip along the coasts and shores of the fiords. Outside of this narrow strip was the eternal drifting sea-ice; behind it the immense inland ice.

"There was found, however, a comparatively rich animal-life. The musk-ox is met now and then, many hares and foxes thrive upon the miserable stony soil, white grouse, ravens, and hawks are seen in the summer; while the land swarms with armies of wading and swimming birds, the bear wanders in numbers along the coasts, seals are plentiful, and the snort of the walrus is heard in summertime. In many places are to be found the ruins of Eskimos' huts, showing that the land was inhabited in ancient times by these hunters. Remains of their stone houses and of their instruments were found along the entire coast—from Cape Bismarck far into Independence bay, but nothing at all upon Peary-land. A poor and deserted land, but a magnificent land; the sun flinging its beams upon the ice in splendid colors—a rainbow come down to earth.

"This brilliancy of colors reached possibly its highest point in the wonderful ice caves that we found. Where the river breaks through great valleys, which are covered the whole year round with snow and ice, the snow is hollowed out, and formed into ice caves of over two kilometers in length and 20 meters in height.

"In the winter the river rushes through these tunnels with great force; but in the autumn the springs freeze, and the river lies still in its bed. In some places the roof has fallen down, and a dazzling sunlight, reflecting all shades of color, penetrates the opening and dazzles the eye."

The streams of the Himalaya mountains will be engaged in the prosaic work of turning wheels.

# WHAT THE DOLLIES HAD.

## Small Wonder That the Little Mother Was Really Alarmed.

Little Mary was really very ill. Mother said she was sure it was an attack of appendicitis, but Grandma was equally sure the little one was threatened with convulsions.

The argument waxed warm in Mary's presence, and appropriate remedies were used, and the next day she was better.

Coming into her mother's room during her play she said:

"Mamma, two of my dollies are very sick this morning."

"Indeed, dear, I am very sorry. What is the matter with them?"

"Well I don't really know, mamma, but I think Gwendolyn has a pint o'spiders' and Marguerite is going to have 'envulsions.'"

## INTOLERABLE ITCHING.

Fearful Eczema All Over Baby's Face—Professional Treatment Failed.

A Perfect Cure by Cuticura.

"When my little girl was six months old I noticed small red spots on her right cheek. They grew so large that I sent for the doctor but, instead of helping the eruption, his ointment seemed to make it worse. Then I went to a second doctor who said it was eczema. He also gave me an ointment which did not help either. The disease spread all over the face and the eyes began to swell. The itching grew intolerable and it was a terrible sight to see. I consulted doctors for months, but they were unable to cure the baby. I paid out from \$20 to \$30 without relief. One evening I began to use the Cuticura Remedies. The next morning the baby's face was all white instead of red. I continued until the eczema entirely disappeared. Mrs. P. E. Gumbin, Sheldon, Ia., July 13, '08."



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Regular meetings for 1909 are as fol-  
lows: Jan. 5, Feb. 2, Mar. 2, 30, May 4,  
June 1, 29, July 27, Aug. 24, Sept. 28,  
Oct. 26, Nov. 23; annual meeting  
and election of officers, Dec. 21. St.  
John's Day, June 24—Dec. 27. Visiting  
Brothers welcome.  
E. J. Whipple, W. M.  
C. W. Maroney, Sec.

**Bids Wanted.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that I will receive  
sealed bids for the purchase of all, or any part,  
of a certain issue of bonds of the village  
of Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, dated  
December 21st, 1908, aggregating six thousand  
and two hundred and fifty dollars (\$2,500.00) each,  
and two of which are due serially on September 21st  
of each year from and after September 21st, 1910,  
to and including September 21st, 1922, both in-  
clusive, with interest from date at the rate of  
five (5) per cent per annum, payable annually,  
said bonds being payable from the general fund  
provided for water works purposes of  
said village of Chelsea.  
I will open said bids on January 11th, 1909, at  
7:30 o'clock p. m. The right to reject any and  
all bids is hereby reserved.  
Dated, Chelsea, December 28th, 1908.  
ALBERT WINANS, Village Treasurer.

**Bids Wanted.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that I will receive  
sealed bids for the purchase of all, or any part,  
of a certain issue of bonds of the village of  
Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, dated  
December 21st, 1908, aggregating seven thousand  
and five hundred dollars (\$7,500.00) each, and  
two of which are due serially on September 21st  
of each year from and after September 21st, 1910,  
to and including September 21st, 1922, both in-  
clusive, with interest from date at the rate of  
five (5) per cent per annum, payable annually,  
said bonds being payable from the general fund  
provided for electric light purposes of said  
village of Chelsea.  
I will open said bids on January 11th, 1909, at  
7:30 o'clock p. m. The right to reject any and  
all bids is hereby reserved.  
Dated, Chelsea, December 28th, 1908.  
ALBERT WINANS, Village Treasurer.

**Bids Wanted.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that I will receive  
sealed bids for the purchase of all, or any part,  
of a certain issue of bonds of the village of  
Chelsea, Washtenaw county, Michigan, dated  
December 21st, 1908, aggregating seven thousand  
and five hundred dollars (\$7,500.00) each, and  
two of which are due serially on September 21st  
of each year from and after September 21st, 1910,  
to and including September 21st, 1922, both in-  
clusive, with interest from date at the rate of  
five (5) per cent per annum, payable annually,  
said bonds being payable from the general fund  
provided for electric light purposes of said  
village of Chelsea.  
I will open said bids on January 11th, 1909, at  
7:30 o'clock p. m. The right to reject any and  
all bids is hereby reserved.  
Dated, Chelsea, December 28th, 1908.  
ALBERT WINANS, Village Treasurer.

**Chancery Sale.**  
IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of  
the circuit court for the county of Washtenaw,  
state of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered  
on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1908, in a  
certain cause therein depending wherein Quincy  
N. Evans, Juan A. Almiral and William G.  
Adams were complainants, and the Glazier  
Stove Company, The Detroit Trust Company as  
receiver of the Glazier Stove Company, Jeremiah  
Mahoney, John Koch and Christian Koch,  
Arthur W. Rickman, Alfred G. Rickman, Peter  
L. Rickman, William B. Rickman, Frank L.  
Davidson, The Philip Carey Manufacturing  
Company, Beth Thomas Clock Company, Claire  
Allen, Manufacturers' Automatic Sprinkler  
Company and Charles L. Well, were defendants,  
notice is hereby given, that at the southern or  
Huron street entrance to the Washtenaw  
county court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, in  
the county of Washtenaw, and state of Michi-  
gan, (that being the building in which the  
circuit court for the county of Washtenaw is  
held), on Friday, the 12th day of February, A. D.  
1909, at 12 o'clock, noon, standard time, on  
said day, to satisfy the liens of the above named  
defendants, Jeremiah Mahoney and Arthur W.  
Rickman, Alfred G. Rickman, Peter L. Rickman  
and William B. Rickman, as established by the  
aforesaid decree upon the following described  
property, to-wit: All and singular that portion  
of lots 11 and 12 of block 1 of the original  
plat of the village of Chelsea, Washtenaw  
county, Michigan, as recorded in the office of the  
register of deeds for the county of Washtenaw,  
occupied and used by a certain building  
known as the "Welfare Building" of the said  
Glazier Stove Company,  
Dated at Ann Arbor, Michigan, December  
23, 1908.  
GEORGE W. SAMPLE,  
Circuit Court Commissioner, Washtenaw  
County, Michigan.  
JOHN W. MOORE,  
Solicitor for Arthur W. Rickman, Alfred G.  
Rickman, Peter L. Rickman and William B.  
Rickman.  
LYMAN B. TRUMBULL,  
Solicitor for Jeremiah Mahoney.

## CHURCH CIRCLES

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.**  
The Christian Science Society will  
meet in the G. A. R. hall at the usual  
hour next Sunday, January 3, 1909. Sub-  
ject, "God." Golden text, "I am God,  
and there is none else. I have sworn  
by myself, the word is gone out of my  
mouth in righteousness, and shall not  
return. That unto me every knee shall  
bow, every tongue shall swear."

**SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,**  
NEAR FRANCISCO.  
Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.  
The usual services will be held next  
Sunday.  
The gospel meetings will begin Sun-  
day evening.  
The Women's Bible Study Class will  
meet at the home of Mrs. Fred Kalmbach  
at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon Janu-  
ary 6th.

**CONGREGATIONAL.**  
Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.  
From Jerusalem to Rome, a Survey of  
the Book of Acts of the Apostles, will  
be the morning subject. The sacrament  
of the Lord's Supper will be observed.  
"Absalom, the Fast Young Man" will  
be the evening topic. This is the first  
of a series on "The Young Man."  
The annual meeting of the church and  
society will occur Monday, January 4.

**BAPTIST.**  
Rev. G. A. Chittenden, Pastor.  
Morning service at 10 o'clock. A  
New Year's Message will be the sub-  
ject of the sermon.  
Sunday school at 11:15 a. m.  
B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m.  
Evening service at 7 o'clock. Topic  
to be discussed, "The Bible From God."  
Prayer meeting Thursday evening,  
after which the young people are in-  
vited to spend the evening at the par-  
sonage.

**ST. PAUL'S.**  
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.  
German and English services will be  
held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.  
Preaching at 10:30 New Year's morn-  
ing. The pastor will read the annual  
report.  
Regular services next Sunday morn-  
ing.  
The Ladies' Aid Society will meet  
with Mrs. Emanuel Feldkamp, Friday,  
January 11.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL.**  
Rev. D. H. Glass, Pastor.  
Prayer meeting Thursday evening,  
topic, "New Year's Resolutions."  
Reception at the parsonage Friday  
from seven to ten o'clock p. m.  
Sunday morning preaching service  
and Sunday school from ten to half past  
eleven o'clock. Subject of the sermon,  
"The Imbecility of an Aimless Life," or  
"The Necessity of a Definite Purpose."  
Sunday school lesson, "The Ascension  
of Our Lord." Acts 1:1-14.  
Junior League at 2:30 p. m. and Ep-  
worth League at 6. Leader, Miss Mabel  
Olds. Special program.

In the evening service the pastor will  
discuss answers to the question, "Do  
you think the church is at fault? If so,  
wherein does the fault lie?" Some of  
the faults that will receive attention are,  
"Churchianity," "Bigotry," "Hypo-  
cracy." These faults were mentioned  
by non-church goers, and appeal es-  
pecially to men who are not church  
members.

**Meeting of Township Board.**  
Chelsea, Mich., Dec. 30, 1908.  
At a meeting of the Township Board  
of Sylvan held in the office of the su-  
pervisor, on the above date there were  
present Wm. Bacon, supervisor, Justices  
Lighthall and Walker, and Clerk, C. W.  
Maroney. Minutes of previous meeting  
read and approved.

Moved by Walker, supported by Light-  
hall, that the Township Clerk notify the  
Highway Commissioner, that he must  
comply with the law relative to spend-  
ing money on the highway. Public acts  
1907, 108, sections 9-10, and that no  
orders will be countersigned, or paid,  
until presented to and approved by the  
Township Board, during the term of the  
present incumbent of Commissioner of  
Highways. Carried.

The following resolution was intro-  
duced and adopted by the Board:  
That, whereas, the attention of the  
Township Board has been recently called  
to the unjust expenditure of the high-  
way funds under the administration of  
the present Highway Commissioner, and  
whereas, we, the Township Board,  
feel that we have been unjustly con-  
sidered in the matter, not having been peti-  
tioned according to public act 108 section  
9, of 1907, which reads as follows:  
"That upon complaint in writing to the  
Township Board by any ten or more  
resident taxpayers, that the road repair  
fund is being unequally or unjustly ap-  
plied, or work improperly performed,  
the Township Board may direct the ex-  
penditure of such road repair fund, or  
the manner of performing such work."  
Moved by Lighthall, supported by  
Walker, that the proceedings of the  
meeting be published in the local papers.  
Carried.

Moved by Walker, supported by Light-  
hall, that the minutes of this meeting as  
read by the clerk, stand approved. Car-  
ried.

On motion, duly supported and carried  
Board adjourned.  
C. W. MARONEY, Township Clerk.

Doan's Regulate cure constipation  
without griping, nausea, or any weak-  
ening effect. Ask your druggist for  
them. 25 cents per box.

## BREVITIES

Michigan was the first state in the  
Union to establish a complete school  
system of its own.

The Hillsdale Democrat would  
like to have some of the capitalists  
of that city build a modern opera  
house.

The Livingston County Poultry  
& Pet Association will hold an ex-  
hibit at the auditorium in Howell  
January 19 to 23.

Frank Stoffer and Miss Dora  
Malcho were married at Mason last  
Wednesday. They will soon go to  
housekeeping on Emory Glenn's  
farm near Gregory.—Stockbridge  
Brief-Sun.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Merithew, of  
Manchester expect to go to Southern  
Alberta next spring to look after  
his farm of 800 acres. Geo. E. Kuhl  
has also bought a farm there and  
will move in the spring.

The salting station is a go, the  
required number of acres having  
been promised. There will doubt-  
less be many others go into the busi-  
ness who have not yet signed con-  
tracts.—Brighton Argus.

C. E. Aldrich, ex-clerk of the city  
of Jackson, and who is under arrest  
as a defaulter and has been confined  
in the county jail for some time past  
has been released on \$18,000 bail. It  
is expected that his trial will take  
place in January.

The supreme court has sustained  
the verdict in circuit court here,  
against Lewis Moore of Gregory,  
who was charged with selling liquor  
illegally. Mr. Moore will be called  
for sentence at the opening of the  
January term.—Livingston Tidings.

The Lake Shore paid out over  
\$660,000 during the past fiscal year  
on claims for loss and damage to  
freight, most of which is attributed  
to pilfering, rough handling and  
improper loading. The stealing is  
done by yeggmen and others and  
the rough handling and improper  
loading is charged to the employees  
of the company.

The quarantine on hay and cattle  
has been lifted by Secretary Wilson  
on all but five counties in this state,  
viz: Macomb, Oakland, Wayne, Wash-  
tenaw and Monroe. The modified  
regulations permit the interstate  
movement of fodder and hides, skins  
and hoofs, except the counties speci-  
fied, without disinfection or certi-  
fication and subject to the consent  
of the officials of the state of desti-  
nation.

Bethel's church society has de-  
cided to build a new church just  
east of the old one and the farmers  
are already hauling stone for it. At  
a meeting Monday it was agreed to  
build the wall entirely of field stone,  
some square and some rubble. The  
building will cost \$10,000 and will  
be in charge of the following build-  
ing committee: Rev. J. Mayer, chair-  
man; Henry Paul, secretary; William  
Rentschler, treasurer; Jacob Staebler,  
Gottlieb Mann and Adam Knapp.  
—Freedom Cor. Manchester Enter-  
prise.

The death of Willard Stearns, one  
of Adrian's most widely known citi-  
zens, occurred at noon Monday, after  
an illness of almost a week. Heart  
trouble was the cause. For many  
years Mr. Stearns was editor of the  
Adrian Press and a prominent mem-  
ber of the law fraternity. Though  
not a pioneer of Lenawee county,  
Mr. Stearns was a man who helped  
materially in the shaping of the af-  
fairs of the city and the country as  
well, a strong democrat and a fore-  
cast writer.

From one to five years in addition  
to his present term of sentence is  
the punishment to be meted out to  
Jerry Britton, the Jackson prison  
convict, for smashing a number of  
sewing machines a few days ago in  
the tailor shop of that institution.  
Britton was arraigned before Judge  
Parkinson yesterday and pleaded  
guilty to malicious destruction of  
personal property. The judge re-  
commended that the maximum  
sentence be not more than two years.  
Britton's present term of sentence  
expires in November, 1910, and if he  
is compelled to serve the full five  
years for breaking the machines it  
will be 1915 before he gets out.—  
Jackson Patriot.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## FREEDOM NEWS.

Miss Amanda Niehaus was at home  
during the holidays.

Adolf Eisen, of Detroit, spent Sat-  
urday and Sunday with his parents.

The Misses Cora and Lulla Feld-  
kamp are the possessors of a new  
piano.

Mrs. Chris. Trinkle visited rela-  
tives in Ann Arbor from Friday over  
Sunday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs.  
H. Knickerbocker on Christmas  
morning.

## SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

Luke Guinan sports a fine new  
driving horse.

Lebeck brothers are baling straw  
in this vicinity.

Floyd Rowe spent last Saturday  
with his cousin, Austin Bott.

James Runciman and son Carlton,  
were Stockbridge visitors Tuesday.

W. T. Bott and family were the  
guests of Mrs. Elizabeth Bott Christ-  
mas.

Joseph Dixon and family are the  
guests of relatives in Onondaga this  
week.

Leo Fohey and father spent the  
first of the week at the home of Wm.  
Cassidy.

E. E. Rowe and family spent  
Christmas at the home of Spencer  
Howlett.

Leigh and Nina Beeman are  
spending this week with relatives in  
Jackson.

G. W. Beeman attended the funeral  
of his cousin, Mrs. Tuttle, of Wil-  
liamston, Monday.

John Howlett and wife spent the  
first of the week in Ann Arbor with  
Fred Howlett, who is seriously ill.

## NORTH LAKE NEWS.

Miss Grace Fuller is home from  
Ypsilanti for the holidays.

Little Willie, the youngest son of  
Mr. and Mrs. S. Leach, is quite sick.

Claud M. Burkhardt is home for a  
short holiday vacation and is trying  
the fishing.

The young people are having  
lively times on the lake. The  
skating is fine.

Miss Mary Dearing visited friends  
here Christmas and enjoyed the  
skating on the lake.

E. Daniels and family spent  
Christmas at the home of O. C.  
Burkhardt of Chelsea.

Miss Mildred Daniels is home  
after a successful term of teaching  
school at Lima Center.

A son in the west made Mrs. John  
Witty happy by a gift of greenbacks  
and kind remembrances.

F. A. Glenn has had the wood  
sawyers for the last three days, over  
100 cords have been sawed.

Your writer and wife were invited  
to the home of their son in Stock-  
bridge to eat Christmas goose.

The Webbs, Coopers, Glenns,  
Sweeneys and Gilberts, one time  
residents here, now spend the winters  
in California.

## SHARON NEWS.

Miss Norma O'Neil spent Christ-  
mas at Grass Lake.

John Lemm spent Monday and  
Tuesday at Clinton.

C. J. Heselschwerdt had a family  
gathering on Christmas.

Florence Reno is enjoying a vaca-  
tion from her school duties.

Prof. Fred Irwin and family are  
the guests of their parents here.

Beryl VanArnum is visiting at  
her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C.  
Dorr.

George Lehman and family, of  
Saline, visited his parents several  
days of the past week.

Frank Fergusson and family, of  
Clinton, and Herman Hayes and  
wife spent Christmas at the home of  
Henry Reno.

Dyspepsia is America's curse. Bar-  
dock Blood Bitters conquers dyspepsia  
every time. It drives out impurities,  
tones the stomach, restores perfect di-  
gestion, normal weight, and good health.

## SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

Mrs. Margaret Liebeck spent last  
week at J. P. Heim's.

Otto Weber, of Detroit, spent Sat-  
urday at his home here.

Miss Mary Heselschwerdt is visit-  
ing her sister at Ann Arbor.

Elmer Loomis spent Christmas  
with his sister at Stockbridge.

Miss Josephine Hoppe spent last  
week at the home of G. W. Gage.

Godfrey Stadel, of Lake Odessa,  
visited at John Wortley's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Isbelle, of Ann  
Arbor, spent Christmas with their  
parents here.

Mrs. Orrin Fisk has returned from  
the hospital, where she has been re-  
ceiving treatment.

Fayette Collins, of Stanton, visit-  
ed friends here last week. Mr. Col-  
lins was formerly a resident of this  
vicinity.

## LYNDON CENTER.

Dr. Clark and wife, of Jackson,  
and Herbert Clark, of Chicago, spent  
Christmas at the old home.

Misses Mary McKune and Hattie  
Dunn, of Chelsea, are spending a  
few days with Miss Cecelia McKune.

Oscar Ulrich, of Manchester, is  
spending a few days with Louis Mc-  
Kune and hunting rabbits for a past  
time.

A great many from here attended  
the Christmas entertainment at the  
parochial school in Chelsea Monday  
evening.

Vincent Young and Hila Barton  
returned to Big Rapids on Monday  
last to resume their studies at the  
Ferris Institute.

A pedro party by the young  
people was held at the home of Mr.  
and Mrs. Wm. Cassidy on Tuesday  
evening and all report a very enjoy-  
able time.

On Wednesday evening of last  
week Miss Winifred McKune, teacher  
at the Center, had a Christmas tree  
and school entertainant at the  
town hall. There was a large at-  
tendance and the Christmas tree  
and exercises were a decided success.

For any pain, from top to toe, from  
any cause, apply Dr. Thomas' Electric  
Oil. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

## FAIR EXCHANGE.

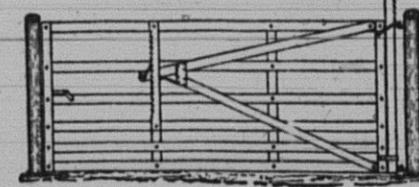
**A New Back For An Old One—How It  
Can Be Done In Chelsea.**

The back aches at times with a dull  
indescribable feeling, making you weary  
and restless; piercing pains shoot across  
the region of the kidneys, and again  
the pains are so lame to stoop is agony.  
No use to rub or apply a plaster to the  
back in this condition. You cannot  
reach the cause. Exchange the bad  
back for a new and stronger one.

Mrs. O. H. Westfall, living at 211 N.  
Huron St., Ypsilanti, Mich., says: "I  
take pleasure in endorsing Doan's Kid-  
ney Pills in behalf of my husband and  
myself. About six years ago he gave a  
statement for publication and today he  
is a stronger believer than ever in the  
fact that Doan's Kidney Pills are what  
they are recommended to be. Before  
he learned of Doan's Kidney Pills his  
kidneys were in a bad shape, and he had  
dreadful pains across the small of his  
back. His rest was also greatly dis-  
turbed by the frequent action of the  
kidneys, and nothing he tried gave him  
any relief. By using Doan's Kidney  
Pills, he was entirely cured, and has not  
been bothered since. I used Doan's  
Kidney Pills also and in a short time felt  
like a new woman."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.  
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York,  
Sole agents for the United States.  
Remember the name—Doan's—and  
take no other.

## Price's Farm Gate.



The above gate is on exhibition at  
my shop, where orders for the same  
can be left. Come and see it.

**C. G. KAERCHER.**

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw,  
ss. At a session of the Probate Court for  
said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate  
Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 16th day  
of December in the year one thousand nine  
hundred and eight.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate,  
Clark, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified  
petition of John Clark, husband, pray-  
ing that administration of said estate be grant-  
ed to John Clark, or some other suitable per-  
son, and that appraisers and commissioners  
be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 16th day of January,  
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said  
Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said  
petition.  
And it is further ordered, that a copy of this  
order be published three successive weeks pre-  
vious to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea  
Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating  
in said County of Washtenaw.  
EMORY E. LELAND,  
Judge of Probate.  
DORCAS C. DORCAS, Register.

## Farmers &amp; Mechanics Bank

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

Organized in 1883.

DEPOSITS, \$850,000

Capital paid in	\$50,000
Surplus	\$50,000
Undivided Profits	\$40,000
Additional Stockholders Liability	\$5,000

Fifteen per cent of the entire deposits in cash on hand, re-  
quired by law \$127,500.

The above items, with other cash securities, make our im-  
mediately available assets more than 40 per cent of entire deposits,  
and the

## Very Best kind of Deposit Insurance

Interest paid on time deposits. If you have any money that is  
earning you nothing, come and see us, or write for particulars.  
Banking by mail a special feature.

R. KEMPF, President. W. C. STEVENS, Vice Pres.  
H. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier. F. T. STOWE, Asst. Cashier.

## Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

ARE PAYING THE FOLLOWING PRICES:

Wheat, white.....97 per bushel	Barley.....\$1 20 per 100
Wheat, red.....98 per bushel	Fowls......9c per lb.
Rye.....73 per bushel	Chickens.....10c per lb.
White Oats.....48 per bushel	

## ALL KINDS OF COAL FOR SALE.

## Meats for the Holidays

And All Other Days.

Tender meats daily, and no other kind is permitted to be sold  
over our counter. We take pride in cutting meats to please our  
customers. Fine line of poultry for the holidays.

Thanking you for past favors, we remain, yours truly,  
VAN RIPER & CHANDLER.

## THINGS THAT SHINE

When you buy good jewelry you have something that shows  
good quality. When we sell it you know it's all right. We put  
the best judgement into buying, and guarantee the quality of  
everything we sell.

## A. E. WINANS &amp; SON, Jewelers.

## CHELSEA HOUSE LIVERY

-- AND --