

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, APR. 19, 1894.

NUMBER 34.

NEW NEW NEW

NEW CARPETS!
NEW CURTAINS!

Greatest Bargains Ever Offered in Washtenaw County.

Twenty pieces new Ingrain Carpet will be placed on sale Next Monday.

Prices from 48 to 55 cts.

Every piece guaranteed strictly all wool, made by the best manufacturers in America. All new patterns and made for this years trade.

You can't touch their equal anywhere for less than 70 cents.

Lace Curtains, Chenele Curtains, Chenele Covers, Rugs, etc. at about one-half their actual value.

Come and See.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

HOUSECLEANING.

Are you going to Paint this Spring? If so would be glad to have you call and see us.

We Are Headquarters,

And our prices are as low as first-class goods can be bought for. We carry a full line of Paste and Liquid paints in all shades, also PLASTICO for wall finish, Brushes, Oils, and Varnishes.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Special Attention Given to Framing Pictures, and Largest Assortment of Moldings to Select From.

FAULTLESS FITTING OOTWEAR Store.

New Shoes, for Spring trade, arriving every day; new styles and best of goods.

All of which will be sold at hard-time prices. When our spring stock is complete we will be able to show you the finest line of Ladies' and Gent's fine shoes ever shown in Chelsea. Do not fail to see them before buying.

GROCERIES.

Groceries always at the very bottom prices.

We want your butter and eggs at the highest market prices.

When wanting good goods for little money call on us.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

In Memoriam.

On Sunday morning, April 8, 1894, the pure spirit of Miss Mary Conaty winged its flight to heaven.

Miss Conaty had been ill for some time, so that her death was not unexpected, nevertheless it has brought deep sorrow to her surviving relatives and many friends. She bore her illness with great patience, and after a complete and holy preparation for the dread summons, she sweetly resigned herself to the Divine Will. She had just passed her twentieth birthday, and had a future full of promise before her. Miss Conaty was graduated from our High School last June with high honors, and had a character full of gentleness and sweetness. She was gifted with intelligence of a high order, had the rare faculty of making and retaining friends, and was in every way an honor and an ornament to her sex. The remains were tenderly conveyed to St. Mary's church, of which she was a devout member, on Wednesday morning, April 11, 1894, when the beautiful and impressive services of the church she loved so well, were performed over her precious body. The spacious church was crowded with the sorrowing relatives and many friends. It was one of the most beautiful funerals ever seen in Chelsea.

The remains reposed in a lovely casket of white, typical of her purity of soul. The tasteful decorations of the altars, the soft light of many wax candles, the solemn stillness of the sacred edifice, all combined to make an impressive scene. The floral decorations, evidence of the devoted regard of friends, were many and beautiful. The young gentlemen presented an exquisite piece, "Gates Ajar." The most strikingly original of all the floral offerings was the "Broken Wheel," given by the young ladies of St. Mary's Sodality, who had often honored her with various offices in the society. The services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. Father Considine, who spoke touchingly of her admirable christian life. The pathetic music of the church was fittingly rendered by the choir, who sang with rare feeling and exquisite expression, "Rest Spirit, Rest," at the offertory. As the remains were borne out of the church, Cardinal Newman's beautiful hymn, "Lead Kindly Light," was sung. The interment was beside her dear mother in Mt. Olivet cemetery. Thus closed the earthly career of a pure and lovely girl, giving rich promise of an eternal career in the kingdom of heaven. The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the afflicted relatives. The graceful lines of one of America's poets instinctively come to mind at a death like this. They deserve to be quoted here.

"Tis difficult to feel that she is dead. Her presence, like the shadow of a wing That is just lessening in the upper sky, Lingers upon us. We can hear her voice, And for her step we listen, and the eye Looks for her wonted coming with a strange, Forgetful earnestness. We cannot feel That she will no more come—that from her cheek The delicate flush has faded, and the light Dead in her soft dark eye, and on her lip, That was so exquisitely pure, the dew Of the damp grave has fallen. Who so loved Is left among the living? Who has walk'd The world with such a winning loveliness, And on its bright brief journey gather'd up Such treasures of affection? She was loved Only as Idols are. She was the pride Of her familiar sphere—the daily joy Of all who on her gracefulness might gaze, And in the light and music of her way, Have a companion's portion. Who could feel While looking upon beauty such as hers, That it would ever perish? It is like The melting of a star into the sky While you are gazing on it, or a dream In its most ravishing sweetness rudely broken. A FRIEND.

Resolutions.

At a regular meeting of St. Mary's Sodality held last Sunday at 4 p. m., the following resolutions were drafted by a committee chosen for that purpose and adopted by the society:

WHEREAS, In the Providence of Almighty God, death has for the first time entered our Sodality and taken from us our loving friend, Miss Mattie Conaty, a member of the Sodality of the Blessed Virgin, therefore be it

Resolved, That while we bow in submission to the will of God; we, the members of the Sodality, extend to the sorrowing relatives our sincere sympathy in their affliction;

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and to the local papers;

Resolved, That she shall be ever remembered in our prayers.

MARY MILLER }
JENNIE GORMAN } COM.
EDITH A. FOSTER }

F. P. GLAZIER.

S. C. STIMSON.

PAINT PAPER
YOUR YOUR
HOUSE

WITH OUR

WITH THOSE

Rubber Paint

Beautiful Designs

Because it wears longer and gives you better satisfaction than any other mixed paint on the market. Put up in the most desirable colors. We handle the purest brands of white lead and oils and will save you money in these goods,

White Lead and Oils.

Of stylish paper-hangings now being shown at the Bank Drug Store.

We not only save you money but we also give you the opportunity of choosing from the largest and most complete stock of paper in this vicinity.

The Choicest Teas and Coffees

Can only be found where they take especial pains to have the best that the market affords. That is our constant aim in this department and we are always pleased to show you goods that you can't match for the money in this vicinity.

Read Our Price-list

And Save Money.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

COUPON.

This COUPON when presented at our store entitles the holder to a 10 per cent discount on any one cash purchase he or she may make in our boot and shoe department.

R.A.SNYDER

CUT THIS OUT

HEAR! HEAR!

- We Sell -

Hardware, Stoves, Implements, Tools, Etc.

We buy for cash. We sell Cheap.

Are you building or repairing? It will pay you to call on us. Does your wife want a pail, or a pan, or a pot? Does she need a new stove to make things hot? Let her call on us, we can please to a dot.

For We Lead The Dance.

Call and see our New Gasoline Stoves. We carry a full line of Peninsular Paints, also Oils, White Lead and colors. Remember we are agents for the Celebrated Superior Grain Drill. Call and see them.

C. E. WHITAKER.

GEO. CROSS, Farmers and Others,
PRACTICAL,
Attention!

Painter, Grainer and Hard Oil Finisher,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.
Give me a call. 33

Do you wish to exchange farm or personal property, or stocks of goods, livery stocks, hotels, mills, etc., call on or write S. C. STALKNECHT, Room 20, Carter Building, Jackson, Mich. 29-5

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the senate on the 9th Senator Hill (N. Y.) spoke in opposition to the tariff bill and attacked the Hawaiian policy of the president and Secretary Gresham. Mr. Walsh was sworn in as senator from Georgia. A resolution repealing all laws which authorize the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds was referred to the finance committee. In the house the time was occupied in discussing District of Columbia affairs.

The resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to in the senate on the 10th. A resolution to limit the general debate on the tariff bill to June 4 and to take the final vote on June 5 was referred to the judiciary committee. A resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the post office appropriation bill.

On the 11th the tariff bill was discussed in the senate, but only a few senators were present. In the house a bill designed to establish a banking system which would supplant the present one as bonds mature was introduced. Lack of a quorum prevented the transaction of business.

In the senate a joint resolution was introduced on the 12th proposing a constitutional amendment relative to marriage and divorce. A bill was introduced providing that no one shall perform any labor or engage in any amusement on Sunday to the disturbance of others in any territory, district, vessel or place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. The tariff bill was further discussed. In the house a rule was passed which the committee on rules brought in, imposing a fine of \$10 for every refusal of a member to vote, caused a long wrangle. A resolution was adopted revoking all leaves of absence, except on account of sickness.

In the senate on the 13th the urgent deficiency bill and the tariff measure were further discussed. A bill introduced by Senator Peffer requires the secretary of the treasury to issue \$250,000,000 of treasury notes, to be used to meet all the expenses of the government and to be lent to states, counties, towns and individuals on proper security and without interest. In the house no business was transacted owing to lack of a quorum. In caucus the committee on rules to report a new rule to ascertain and record the presence of a quorum, whether voting or not.

DOMESTIC.

J. W. Wood, state treasurer of the A. O. U. W. lodge with headquarters at Marshall, Mich., was said to be a defaulter to the grand lodge to the amount of \$5,612.73.

ESCAPING steam caused a panic in the Humboldt school in Chicago in which Daniel Gunstein was trampled to death and nearly a score of other pupils injured.

MALE ticket sellers at all the suburban stations of the Illinois Central road were replaced by young women.

BANDITS who held up a Rock Island train near Pond Creek, O. T., met with determined resistance from the guards, who killed one and wounded another.

A FEMALE keeper of a toll gate near Brownsville, Pa., refused to permit passage of Coxey's army until \$1.89 had been paid.

In a runaway at Shelbyville, Ind., Mrs. Charles Tanner and daughter were thrown from their vehicle and received fatal injuries.

TWO PERSONS were killed and eight injured by the crumbling of the brick support of a frame house in Williamsburg, N. Y.

At a caucus of house democrats in Washington a resolution declaring for repeal of the state bank tax was adopted.

The New Haven (Conn.) chamber of commerce celebrated its one hundredth anniversary.

A BILL giving women the right to vote in school elections was passed by the Ohio senate by a vote of 20 to 6.

FARMER URIAH SCANLAN was flogged by white caps near Bourbon, Ind., because he had ill treated his wife.

An attempt to wreck the Lake Shore flyer at Huron, O., was discovered just in time to prevent a terrible catastrophe.

The discovery was made at Protivin, Ia., that the 15-year-old daughter of J. Tuckish was buried alive.

The region about Durango, Col., was in feverish excitement over unparalleled gold findings in the La Plata mountain tains.

The Aspen national bank of Aspen, Col., went into liquidation.

The Frothingham arcade, one of the finest business blocks in Scranton, Pa., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

EXTENSIVE preparations were being made in the rural districts of Utah for a large Mormon immigration to Mexico.

ALEXANDER WATSON was arrested at Omaha for having four wives. No. 1 lives at Grand Rapids, Mich.; No. 2 at Coldwater, Mich.; No. 3 was Miss Marian Corey, of Hammond, Ind., and No. 4 was Miss Fannie Dixon, of Chicago.

EDWARD CASH, aged 21, while attending the sick bed of his young wife at Gatesville, Tex., was called out by a mob and hanged. No cause was known.

JUDGE WILEY declared the Indiana fee and salary law unconstitutional because Shelby county was excluded from its provisions.

OVER a foot of snow fell in western New York and western Pennsylvania.

A GENERAL strike, to begin April 21, was ordered by the United Mine Workers of America in convention at Columbus, O. The strike will involve over 200,000 men and will cover the whole territory between eastern Pennsylvania and Colorado.

A NORTHERN PACIFIC sand train was wrecked near Chicago by collision with a horse and switchmen William Andrews and James Donohue were killed.

WHILE pouring molten metal in a steel mill at Middleport, O., ten men were horribly burned, four fatally, by the hydraulic apparatus giving way.

ONE man was killed and two fatally injured in a freight wreck near Hartford City, Ind.

GREAT damage was done by a storm along the Atlantic coast from Boston to Baltimore and many vessels were wrecked and more than a score of lives were lost.

A MOB of Hungarians attacked the Frick works at Youngstown, Pa., and compelled the guards to surrender fifty employes.

Mrs. LOUIS LARSON and her 1-year-old baby were burned to death in a fire at their home in Wild Rice, N. D.

THE sight of Ollie Roberts, of Sedalia, Mo., aged 12, was ruined by the explosion of a cigarette loaded with powder by another boy.

W. G. LIVINGSTON'S stable and storage warehouse in Chicago was burned and twenty-two horses were suffocated.

THE incendiary who has been causing so many fires in Springfield, O., turns out to be an unknown man who parades in woman's attire.

POSTMASTER GENERAL BISSELL has issued an order providing that hereafter only names of one word shall be accepted for newly established post offices.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE announces that he will run for congress regardless of the result of his present trial.

THE old guard house in the United States jail yard at Fort Smith, Ark., was destroyed by fire. The building was noted as having held many famous union and confederate prisoners during the late war.

LONG distance telephonic communication between Washington and the Chicago post office has been established.

A SNEAK thief stole \$3,500 from the Wallace exchange bank at Beaver Falls, Pa.

AN explosion of natural gas at McKeesport, Pa., wrecked a house and fatally hurt Mrs. William Maiseed and her 12-year-old daughter.

JACK REDDING and David Harper, owners of the celebrated Dos Cabazos mine in Old Mexico, shot and killed each other in a quarrel at Deming, N. M.

DAVID G. ACKERMAN, superintendent of a jewelry factory in Newark, N. J., was accused of robbing his firm of \$25,000 in gold.

THE plant of the American Glucose company, burned at Buffalo, N. Y., the loss being about \$1,000,000.

RICHARD B. GIRARD, a discarded lover, fatally shot Miss Laura B. Martin on a train at Charlottesville, Va., and then shot himself.

AT Chadron, Neb., a bandit stole \$2,500 from a bank and locked the president of the institution in the vault.

CALIFORNIA commonwealers, 1,300 strong, seized a train of twenty Union Pacific coal cars at Uinta and were coming east.

FRANK CREWS, a farm hand near Collinsburg, Tex., killed his employer, Thomas Murrell, Mrs. Murrell and a son in a quarrel over wages.

THE total number of hogs packed in the west the past winter was 4,884,000, an increase of 250,000 compared with last year.

EDWARD WRIGHT and John Miller, aged respectively 15 and 13, of McMillan, quarreled at Guthrie, O. T., and the Miller boy plunged a pocketknife into Wright, killing him.

WILLIAM BUCK, a manufacturer of La Porte, Ind., was killed by a train while crossing the Lake Shore tracks.

THERE were 218 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 13th, against 233 the week previous and 187 in the corresponding time in 1893.

ALL classes of employes on the Great Northern railway between Larimore, N. D., and Spokane, Wash., were on a strike.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 13th aggregated \$890,769,077, against \$948,662,181 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 26.1.

DOGS raided a flock of seventy-five sheep near Alliance, O., and killed sixty-five of them.

THE total production of coal in the United States for the year 1893 was 179,326,612 tons with a valuation of \$205,256,479.

WILLIAM LEWIS (colored) was hanged by a mob near Lamison, Ala., for murdering Robert Shields, a white planter.

GEORGE ASHWORTH, who mortally wounded a woman near Indianola, Ia., killed himself to avoid arrest.

NEARLY 100,000,000 bushels of available wheat in the United States and Canada was reported by Bradstreet's.

DR. JAMES A. HUTCHINSON, Thomas G. Knight and Frank White were drowned while duck shooting near Rockville Center, L. I.

THE Massachusetts legislature defeated the bill prohibiting treating in places where liquor is sold.

JUDGE DUNDY ordered the Union Pacific receivers to restore the wages of employes which were cut last September.

CHARLES WISDOM (colored), aged 22 years, was hanged in the jail yard in St. Louis for the murder of Edward A. Brexler, a tobaccoist, on the night of April 24, 1892.

THE gold production in the United States in 1893 was valued at \$35,950,000, an increase of \$1,578,423 over the previous year.

STRIKING coke workers drove employes from their work at Uniontown, Pa. Gov. Pattison was asked for troops. THIRTEEN persons were said to have lost their lives in the fire at Buffalo, N. Y., that destroyed the glucose works.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

OREGON republicans nominated Chief Justice W. P. Lord, of the state supreme court, for governor.

THE people's party in Tennessee nominated A. L. Mimms, of Davidson county, for governor and A. E. Garrett, of Smith county, for judge of the supreme court.

EX-CONGRESSMAN GRANGE FERRIS died at Glens Falls, N. Y., of apoplexy. From 1867 to 1871 he represented the Sixteenth district of New York in congress.

THE republicans of the Sixth congressional district of Indiana renominated Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, to succeed himself in congress.

THE republicans of the Second district of Oregon renominated W. R. Ellis for congress.

GEN. HENRY W. SLOCUM died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., of pneumonia, aged 67 years.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, famous as a lawyer and a writer on legal topics, died of pneumonia at the residence of his brother, Rev. Henry M. Field, in New York, aged 90 years.

JOHN T. DAVIS, the richest man in Missouri, died in St. Louis, aged 62. His wealth was estimated at \$25,000,000.

FOREIGN.

THE Mexican government is willing to allow the coinage of Mexican dollars in the United States mints, provided Mexico be permitted to coin American dollars in Mexican mints.

A MOB burned the French missions at Hsinfu, China, and maltreated the priests. France has demanded redress.

SAN DOMINGO has adopted a new monetary system with gold as a basis. The steamer Faraday left London with a portion of the new cable to be laid from Waterville, Ireland, to Nova Scotia.

THE Dutch general elections resulted in an overwhelming defeat of the government.

KABBA REGA, king of Unyor, has been defeated by the British, and his territory will probably soon be annexed to Uganda.

JOHN CLARK, of the well-known thread manufacturing firm of Paisley, Scotland, died at the age of 67 years.

DAVID WIENER & SONS, merchants at Vienna, Austria, failed, with liabilities amounting to \$2,500,000.

WILLIE WILDE, at one time the husband of Mrs. Frank Leslie, was married in London to Miss Sophia Lees, an Irish girl of wealth.

RESTORATION of the queen was still cherished by royalists at Hawaii, who refused to take the oath of allegiance to the new government.

CIVIL war has again broken out in Samoa and many natives have been butchered.

LATER.

In a speech on the tariff bill in the United States senate on the 14th Senator Quay said it was framed in the interest of foreign pauper labor. Several amendments to the rules intended to prevent filibustering were offered by Senator Hill. After a vain attempt to approve the journal the house adjourned. The new quorum counting rule would be reported immediately.

DURING the year ended March 1 the city of New York expended over \$15,000,000 upon its needy population.

THE schooner Jennie Carter went ashore at Salisbury Beach, Mass., and the captain and his niece and six sailors were drowned.

JACK CREWS, the murderer of four persons at Gainesville, Tex., was lynched by a mob.

SEYMOUR NEWLAND (colored) was hanged by a mob at Rushsylvania, O., for assaulting Mrs. Jane Knowles, a respectable white woman 81 years of age.

SENATOR MORRILL, of Vermont, celebrated his 84th birthday with a reception at his home in Washington.

MADELINE POLLARD was awarded \$15,000 in her damage suit in Washington against Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge.

THE West End Land company at Nashville, Tenn., owning about 500 acres of suburban property, failed for \$150,000.

ADMIRAL DE MELLO surrendered his troops to the Uruguayan authorities and the rebellion in Brazil was at an end.

ZEBULON B. VANCE, aged 64 years, senator from North Carolina, was stricken with apoplexy in Washington and died within a few hours. He had been three times governor of his state and a member of the senate since 1879.

TWENTY-FOUR buildings in the heart of Santa Cruz, Cal., were destroyed by an incendiary blaze, the loss being \$255,000.

THE jury in the case of ex-Secretary of State Joachim, of Michigan, charged with falsifying public records, was unable to agree and was discharged.

THE residence of August Krinkie near Janesville, Minn., was burned and three of his daughters, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6 years, perished in the flames.

MANY houses were washed away and much stock drowned by a cloudburst at Troy, Tex.

J. W. WATKINS, a well-to-do farmer, living near Hiawatha, Kan., fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide by taking poison. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The snow came softly, silently down into the streets of the dark old town. And by the wind it was swept and piled, and the sleeping form of a beggar child.

It kissed her cheek, and it filled her hair with crystals that looked like diamonds there; and she dreamed that she was a fair young bride in a pure white dress by her husband's side.

A blush crept over her pale young face, and her thin lips smiled with a girlish grace; but the old storm king made his boast aloud. That his work that night was weaving a shroud. —Tom Hall, from "When Hearts Are Trumps."

Which Road. If you could go back to the forks of the road, Back the long miles you have carried the load; Back to the place where you had to decide By this way or that through your life to abide; Back of the sorrow and back of the care, Back to the time when the future was fair, If you were there now a decision to make, O, sister or brother, which road would you take?

Then suppose that again to the forks you went back. After you'd trodden the other long track; After you found that its promises fair Were but a delusion, a dream and a snare; That the road you first traveled with sighs and unrest Though dreary and rough was most graciously blest, With balm for each bruise and a charm for each ache, O, brother or sister, which road would you take?

—Nixon Waterman, in Chicago Journal.

The Prison Pantries. [The fact, says the Woman's Standard, that pansy plants, especially young plants, are very small and will live and thrive on less light and heat than almost any other flower known renders them peculiarly adapted, as a small potted plant, to this beautiful flower mission which is destined to do the world a larger and more helpful service than even the sweetly tender spirit of its founder, Jennie Cassady, could have conceived.]

What potted plant is that which still preserves its vivid green in this dim prison light? I scarce could see it, first, in that dark cell, But now I see it and it even blooms. It's like a miracle that it should flower. Why, even our night-blooming cereus needs The light of day to live and bud although It flowers by night.

And here, in this foul cell, These pansies bloom and smile as graciously And sweet as pity's tender sympathy. Ah, sweet hearts and sweet heartsease, bloom for aye.

And comfort every heart with love's own touch. For every inmate of these noisome cells, Be heartsease true, and tender, gentle thought Of childhood days and home and mother's love, And lead them back and upward out of sin And misery. Be bright evangel of This prison world and all the world, the light Of Christ's road will to all the breathing earth. —Albert C. Hopkins.

The Way with 'Em. When the editor strikes a streak of gold, Does he work it for all it is worth, And put up a sign: "I am running this mine!" And get a good share of the earth?

Not much! When the dollars have weighted his till, And he faces prosperity's gales; When he hears the cash talk, And he's king of the walk, He enlarges the paper and—falls! —Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

THERE is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

"APPEARANCES are very deceptive," remarked the tenor. "Yes," replied the prima donna; "especially farewell appearances."

False Guides. Are they who recommend the use of mercury to the bilious, and gullible indeed are those who follow such advice. Blue pill and calomel poison the system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a safe substitute for such dangerous drugs. They arouse the liver when inactive most effectually, and promote, not imperil, general health. Constipation, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

THE dollar you throw away when you are young will be worth three dollars when you are old and need it most.

McVicker's Chicago. Saturday, April 28, ends a 3 weeks' engagement of "Darkest Russia." April 30 "America," the great world's fair spectacle, begins. Seats by mail.

Mrs. S.—"Well, here we are in another boarding-house. We are regular Arabs." Mr. S.—"Yes; folding Bed-outs!"—Life.

THE Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"YOUR face is burning." "Yes, that beast Gault has just been making light of me." —Boston Gazette.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles.

At Death's Door

Blood Poisoned After Typhoid Fever

A Marvelous Cure by Hood's After All Else Failed.



"Twenty-five years ago I had a bilious fever, and later it turned into typhoid fever, and for five weeks I lay like one dead, but at last I pulled through and got up around. I soon discovered on my left leg just above the knee a small brown spot about as big as a three cent piece. I did not pay any attention to it until two years after, when it commenced to spread and have the appearance of a ring worm. It itched and burned and I commenced doctoring,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

but to no avail. Last February I tried an herb for the blood and it broke out in the worst form of a rash all over my body. Finally my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I had not taken more than half of it before I began to feel better. I have had four bottles,

Now I Am All Well. I can now sleep and eat well and work all the time." MRS. PHEBE L. HALL, Galva, Kansas.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Fresh Air and Exercise.

Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

Positively you have the genuine De Long PATENT HOOK AND EYE if you see on the face and back of every card the words:

hump?

See that

Richardson & De Long Bros., Philadelphia.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE \$3 AT LEAST daily? If so, send for particulars of "MULTUM IN PARVO..."

An article which will make any pen a fountain pen. Sample by mail, 5 cents. THEO. S. MEYER, 142 Nassau Street, NEW YORK.

Ely's Cream Balm QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY, BROS., 57 Warren St., N. Y.

How to Buy... REFRIGERATORS Send for our new free Catalogue of the Cleanable kind. GRAND RAPIDS REFRIGERATOR CO., 16 Ottawa Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Young Wives

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

"Mothers' Friend"

A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before confinement, robs it of its Pain, Horror and Risk to Life of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS results, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of pain and suffering and insure safety to life of mother and child."—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark.

Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials. Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

"AND YOU'LL REMEMBER ME."

One evening as the sun went down Among the golden hills, And silent shadows, soft and brown, Crept over vales and rills. I watched the dusky bats wing Dip down the dusky loam; Harkening, heard a maiden sing: "And you'll remember me."

TWO OF A KIND.

How Bremner and Sommers Assisted Each Other.

"I am in trouble," said Bremner to his friend Sommers, "and I want you to help me out."

"Financial?" asked Sommers, with a slight contracting of the eyebrows. "Oh! no, worse than that, a good deal."

"I didn't know that anything could be worse in these panicky times. What is it?"

"I have a friend," said Bremner, "or a man who thinks himself my friend, and whom, for certain reasons, I wish to shake off, but he refuses to be shaken. Now, you are a resourceful man, and may be able to give me a hint. I have tried everything with Snaggs—everything short of positive insult—and all to no purpose."

"What is the matter with him?" asked Sommers. "The matter is this. He has a boy seven years old, or thereabouts, and he always persists in talking of the lad; in fact, he can't talk about anything else, and imagines everyone as deeply interested as himself. I have nothing at all against the boy; he is a good enough commonplace little fellow, like all the rest of them. I never see any difference in boys myself, they all seem equally objectionable. But Snaggs comes to our house, sits down, and talks about his boy, what he does and what he says, until I am nearly driven crazy. I hope you can suggest something for my relief."

"I suggest," said Sommers, "that you take Snaggs to the state of Michigan, U. S. A., and kill him."

"Why to Michigan?" queried Bremner. "Oh, simply because they don't hang for murder there, and any penalty short of hanging should be cheerfully borne to get rid of a man like Snaggs."

he doesn't mind the weather in the least. "I shouldn't say children," replied Gregsby. "I have one little girl, and she is only five years old, but wonderfully knowing for her age, and this weather is so bad that she misses her walk with her mamma. We never trust her out with a nurse, you know."

"I was saying," broke in Snaggs, "that I have a little boy myself; he is seven, and he goes out in all sorts of weather. I don't believe in coddling children. And that reminds me of a clever thing he said to me this morning. He always comes a little piece of the way with me when I start for the office; he—"

"Ah, yes," interrupted Gregsby; "but girls are delicate little creatures, and have to be taken care of."

"Quite so," agreed Snaggs. "I admit that there are disadvantages about girls that boys are quite free from."

"Disadvantages!" cried Gregsby. "You don't mean to say that a great clumsy boy is to be compared with a neat little girl. I would rather have a girl any day, big or little, than a boy."

"Oh, everyone to his taste," said Snaggs, loftily. "By the way, Bremner, did I tell you what my boy said, the other day, when I took him to have his hair cut?"

"No," said Bremner, enthusiastically. "Tell it to us, Snaggs."

"Girls," put in Gregsby, "don't have to have their hair cut. My little girl has the most beautiful head of golden hair you ever saw. You've seen it, Sommers; everyone turns to look at her when she walks out with her mother."

"Humph," said Snaggs, with ill-concealed contempt. "I was saying that I took my boy to have his hair cut, and it was the first time that he had ever been in a barber's shop. A man was being shaved and his face was all over lather. Without a word the boy drew his hand from mine and boited for home, running so fast that I didn't overtake him until he was at the door. 'What did you do that for, you young rascal?' I said."

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

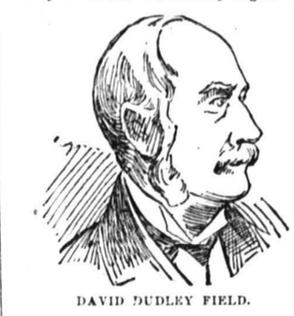
The Famous Jurist Expires Somewhat Unexpectedly.

He Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonia After a Brief Illness—A Sketch of His Career and Service in the Cause of Law Reform.

A JURIST GONE.

NEW YORK, April 16.—David Dudley Field, the distinguished jurist, died Friday at his home, 2 Gramercy place, of pneumonia. Mr. Field arrived from Italy only last Wednesday on the Columbia. He had gone abroad to take Christmas dinner with his only child lady Musgrave, and to attend the twenty first birthday celebration of her eldest son, Dudley Field Musgrave. His daughter is the widow of Sir Anthony Musgrave, who was governor of Queensland, Australia, when he died. She is living in East Grinstead in Sussex, about 20 miles from London. He then traveled about on the continent and took the steamer from Genoa for home.

He had been at his home at 2 Gramercy place since his return, and was thought to be in good health for a man of his age—89 years. He was taken with pneumonia Wednesday night. He



DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

had expected to spend his summer among the Berkshire hills, where he was born. He was engaged in writing his autobiography. Only last Wednesday he remarked: "My one great ambition is to have my codes adopted all over the world. They are written and published. It is only a question of time when they will be accepted."

Mr. Field's estate is valued at between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. The property is unincumbered. Mr. Henry M. Field, his brother, said that the bulk of his estate will be held in trust for the grandchildren until they become of age.

When the news of Mr. Field's death became known Mayor Gilroy ordered the flags on the city hall displayed at half mast, and the flag over the Lawyer's club in the Equitable building was also lowered. Judge Prior, sitting in part 1 of the court of common pleas, Judge Bookstaver, holding a special term of the court of common pleas, and Judge Gieriech in part 3 of the court of common pleas, adjourned court when they heard of Mr. Field's death.

Mr. Field was born at Haddam, Conn., and was educated at Williams college. He studied law, was admitted to practice when 23 years old and began his legal career in this city. He was chiefly known as a public man for his labors in the cause of law reform. Having been appointed a commissioner on practice and pleading, he took an active part in the preparation of a new code of procedure. He was named by the state in 1857, as president of a commission, with the task of preparing a political code, a penal code, and a civil code, containing the entire body of the law. Mr. Noyes undertook the penal code and Mr. Field the analysis of the political and civil. After many drafts and eight successive reports had been made the ninth and final report was submitted to the legislature in February, 1863. Mr. Field rewrote the civil code eighteen times. All these law reforms occupied most of his time for eighteen years.

Other states followed the example of New York. These codes have been adopted by nearly all the states and, in substance, by England and her colonies. An international code was next drawn up. Working with the Law Society in England, he drafted a code which was afterwards published.

Mr. Field made his first public speech in 1842 at Tammany hall. Two years later he began to rally the anti-slavery remnant of his party to oppose the annexation of Texas. None was more active on the side of freedom during the Missouri compromise and the Kansas-Nebraska difficulty. He attended many conventions and always spoke against that portion of his party which upheld the slave trade. Mr. Field was a delegate to the peace convention during the last months of the Buchanan administration. To his influence and that of Horace Greely, at the Chicago convention in 1861, the nomination of Lincoln was largely ascribed. After the war he objected to military rule in the south and argued many celebrated cases against the constitutionality of military commissions.

LYNCHED IN OHIO.

A Mob Fools the Militia and Hangs a Colored Brute.

CLEVELAND, O., April 17.—Seymour Newlin, a negro with a bad reputation, committed a criminal assault Saturday night upon an aged woman named Mrs. Knowles, living at Rushsylvania, Logan county, O. He was captured Sunday morning, but when the sheriff arrived from Bellefontaine to take charge of the prisoner—a mob which had collected refused to give him up. The sheriff summoned a posse, but the mob would not yield. A call was then made upon the militia, and a company left Bellefontaine late in the afternoon for the scene of trouble.

The crowd of infuriated citizens at Rushsylvania were apprised of the departure of the militia, and long before their arrival were armed and massed around the calaboose to receive them, and when the company arrived at the building 100 voices warned them the citizens were determined that blood would flow before the prisoner would be surrendered. The sheriff, who remained on the ground, was informed that only the life of the negro would satisfy their vengeance. The mob swore that the entire state militia could not take him away. The sheriff parleyed with the leaders, who declared that if the soldiers were ordered back to Bellefontaine they would try to protect the prisoner until morning and give him a hearing in Rushsylvania. They also told the sheriff that he must promise that no attempt should be made to get the man away until after the preliminary examination.

Sheriff Sullivan, who was in command of the soldiers, was informed that there were six dynamite cartridges under the calaboose and if any attempt was made to fire a gun or fix a bayonet the building and the prisoner would be blown into eternity. After parleying for a time the sheriff decided that he could do nothing and the troops were ordered to return to Bellefontaine on a promise from the citizens that they would care for the prisoner and see that no harm came to him. The troops left at 3 o'clock. The dynamite talk was supposed to be a bluff, but after the soldiers left six bombs were hauled from beneath the calaboose.

As soon as the soldiers were out of sight preparations were made to string up the prisoner. It was asserted that he was an old-time malefactor and had been in the Ohio penitentiary three times. The advice of their leaders was disregarded by the great mass of the citizens, who shouted: "Hang him!" Then a rush was made for the place of confinement, which was a small wooden structure that was not able to resist the onslaught. The frightened yells of the negro could be heard above the noise of the lynchers. It was just 8:50 o'clock when a determined onslaught was made.

The building was overturned and the struggling negro quickly taken from it. A rope had been procured. A noose was put about the neck of the trembling wretch and he was dragged to a cottonwood tree about 100 yards distant. Very little was said and no opportunity was given to the prisoner to make a confession or statement. A dozen willing hands grasped the rope and the negro was swung into the air. As his body rose above the mob the air was rent with the shouts of the men and women who had assembled to witness the lynching. As soon as the work was finished the mob dispersed and quiet was restored.

GAINEVILLE, Tex., April 17.—Jack Crews, murderer of four persons here, was taken toward Fort Worth Saturday for safe keeping. On the way he was taken from his guards and lynched.

BRAZIL REBELLION ENDED.

De Mello and His Troops Surrender to Uruguay and Are Disarmed.

MONTEVIDEO, April 17.—Admiral de Mello and the 1,500 insurgent troops who disembarked on the frontier of Uruguay, after having been driven out of the state of Rio Grande do Sul by the troops of President Peixoto, have surrendered to the Uruguayan authorities, and the rebellion in Brazil may be said to have completely collapsed. The authorities of Uruguay have disarmed the Brazilian insurgents. The state of siege at Rio de Janeiro has been extended to June 13, but it is believed that in view of the surrender of Admiral de Mello and the insurgent forces the Brazilian government will shortly be able to raise the state of siege.

THREE CHILDREN BURNED.

They Perish in a Fire Near Janesville, Minn.—Dynamite in the House.

JANESVILLE, Minn., April 17.—At 6 a. m. Sunday the residence of Dr. Krinks, 3 miles west of here, was burned and his three children, Martha, Augusta and Edith, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6, perished in the fire. Their charred bones were found in the ruins of the house. The fire originated from a defective chimney. The father was away and the fire half consumed the building before it was discovered. In her efforts to rescue the children the mother was severely burned. A quantity of dynamite stored in the house exploded during the fire and was heard for miles around.

The Big Museum Almost Ready.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Installation of the treasures in the Field Columbian museum is about completed and the doors will be opened May 1. The museum is located in the Art building at Jackson park.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Michigan Crop Report.

The Michigan monthly crop report for March says it was the warmest March in sixteen years. The wheat plant suffered some during the cold snap, but on the whole has wintered well and its condition is six points above that of one year ago. The condition of clover, meadows and pastures is 83 per cent for the state. The condition of farm animals is good. There is some uncertainty upon the condition of the fruit, but on the whole it appears not to have been materially injured. The total number of bushels of wheat marketed in March was 1,128,557, and for eight months, August to March, 11,423,596, or about 10,000 less than for the same period last year.

Stole Over \$10,000.

Charles W. Newkirk, the defaulting bookkeeper of the Bay county savings bank, was brought back to Bay City from California by Chief of Police Murphy. It was said that Newkirk had made a confession in which he acknowledged having stolen over \$10,000 and that he carried on the work for over two years. He said the money was used in board of trade gambling, mainly in Chicago. The deals were carried on with a companion named Murray, who is now in Canada. He also implicated others.

The Commander's Staff.

Assistant Adjt. Gen. J. R. Bennett, of the Michigan G. A. R., has made the following staff appointments: Inspector—Judson S. Farrar, Mount Clemens. Judge Advocate—S. S. Babcock, Detroit. Chief Mustering Officer—James A. Crozier, Menominee. Chief of Staff—L. G. Rutherford, Hart. Senior Aid-de-Camp—William S. Green, Detroit. Aids-de-Camp—George E. Devlin, Jackson; Robert Finch, Grand Haven; C. P. Brown, Spring Lake.

He Had Four Wives.

Detective Dietrich, of Detroit, went to Omaha, Neb., and arrested Alexander Watson, of Grand Rapids. Watson married a woman at Grand Rapids; then he took a second wife at Coldwater; Miss Marion Corey, of Hammond, Ind., was No. 3 and Miss Fannie Dixon, of Chicago, made his fourth of a kind. He left Grand Rapids for Detroit, where he was soon in active negotiation for No. 5, but No. 3 crossed his orbit and he fled.

Health in Michigan.

From various portions of the state the reports of fifty-one observers for the week ended April 7 show that diarrhea increased and inflammation of the kidneys decreased in area of prevalence. Scarlet fever was reported at forty-six places, measles at twenty-five, diphtheria at thirty-three, typhoid fever at fifteen places and smallpox at Ishpeming, Kalamazoo and Menominee.

Navigators and Policemen Quarrel.

Capt. Michael Shean, Capt. Barney Shean and Capt. Morgan, all well-known navigators of Bay City, while in a saloon got into a row with a squad of patrolmen. The officers used their clubs freely, fracturing Michael Shean's skull, and doctors said his recovery was doubtful. Several eyewitnesses stated that the officers made an unprovoked assault.

Medical Society Elects Officers.

The Southwestern Michigan Homeopathic Medical society at their annual meeting in Kalamazoo elected the following officers: President, Dr. Frank H. Tyler, Kalamazoo; vice president, Dr. F. W. French, Oshtemo; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Nancy B. Sherman, Kalamazoo; delegate to state society, Dr. W. F. Sherman.

Whisky Seller Kills a Man.

Louis Barager, who keeps a store and a blind tiger saloon at Fountain, shot Ed Laughlin dead. Barager was fined for selling liquor without a license. It was supposed the quarrel arose over information leading to Barager's conviction.

Sunk by the Ice.

The big freight carrier Minneapolis, owned by A. A. Parker, of Detroit, was sunk by the ice in the straits off McLaughlin's point. All on board were saved, but the vessel and cargo were in 20 fathoms of water and would be a total loss.

Short But Newsworthy.

Fire swept the eastern portion of the village of Shaftsbury off the earth, the loss being \$10,000.

Cohen Brothers, who were employed at the Grand Central hotel in Cheboygan, were in jail charged with robbing the place of \$100 cash, cigars and whisky.

All the life saving crews on the lakes have gone on duty.

The next state encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Mount Clemens in March next.

At Charlotte an attempt was made to blow up an old building, occupied as a saloon, by dynamite.

Delegates from the Michigan colored masonic grand lodge have selected a site near Monroe for a masonic home.

John V. Farwell, of Chicago, has invested \$100,000 in Lansing business property, having purchased of Henry L. Hollister the Hollister block.

The Michigan Equal Rights association held its annual session in Grand Rapids.

J. Whitney Moore, an old-time Detroit merchant, died at his home, aged 79 years.

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Our Prices are always the Lowest.

- Choice Tea Dust 8 cents per pound.
- Good Roasted Coffee 19 cents per pound.
- Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per pound.
- 8 pounds Best Rolled Oats for 25 cents.
- 5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25 cents.
- Water White Kerosine Oil 7 cents per gallon.
- A Good Broom for 15 cents.
- 6 cans Sardines in Oil for 25 cents.
- Good Canned Pumpkin 6 cents per can.
- Good Canned Corn 7 cents per can.
- 25 boxes Matches for 25 cents.

Our stock of WALL PAPER and low prices on same are not equaled in these regions.

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Central Meat Market!

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Meat Market. In beef products we handle nothing except home-fatted cattle of the best quality. In pork products you will find honest sausage and pure kettle rendered lard. Try our surar cured hams and bacons. They are fine. All kinds of sausage, prime lamb and choice veal. If you want good meats give me your order. Respectfully,

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Proprietor of the

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Kemp Bros. old bank building.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Chelsea and Vicinity

M. J. Lehman and wife spent Sunday in town.

Nelson Dancer is checking for E. A. Snyder.

L. T. Freeman was an Ann Arbor visitor this week.

The street sprinkler has commenced operations.

W. P. Schenk was in New York this week on business.

Sheriff Brenner, of Ann Arbor, was in town last Sunday.

C. H. Kempf was in Ann Arbor last Tuesday on business.

Rev. M. J. Fleming was a recent guest at St. Mary's Rectory.

Miss Cecelia Foster is quite ill at her home on South Main street.

Fred Freeman, of Manchester, was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

Lewis Hubbard, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor last Saturday.

Governor Rich has designated Friday, April 27, 1894, as Arbor Day.

Dr. R. M. Speer, of Battle Creek, spent Sunday here with his parents.

Harry Donner, of Detroit, called on Chelsea friends the past week.

An exchange says this is the year for the return of the seventeen-year locusts.

Chas. Carr, of Jackson, was in Chelsea last Friday and Saturday on business.

Chas. Carpenter, of Jackson, spent Sunday with his parents at this place.

Mr. Leo Staffan and Miss Mabel Gillam were North Lake visitors last Sunday.

Master George Woods, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Master Gussie BeGole.

George Kalmbach has purchased and moved into the Grant house on North street.

Tommy McNamara is moving into the Thatcher house, corner Main and Summit streets.

Walter Woods, of Ann Arbor, is spending a few days among his many Chelsea friends.

The Michigan Central Railroad changed time last Sunday. See card in another column.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Conklin are entertaining Mr. Hiram Burteson, of Quincy, this week.

Mrs. W. F. Hatch, of East Middle street, is being entertained by friends in Detroit this week.

Mrs. Wittie, of Howell, spent a few days the past week with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Luick.

Dr. Greiner has opened a branch office in Freedom, and will visit that place every Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier and daughter, Edna, of South street, were in Detroit and Cleveland last week.

Miss Mabel Wallace came up from Ann Arbor last Thursday to attend the funeral of Miss Lottie Taylor.

Ransom Armstrong, Herbert Dancer and George Hathaway, of the U. of M., spent Sunday in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer, of Orchard street, are the guests of Ann Arbor friends this week.

Mrs. L. D. Loomis, of Grass Lake, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Roland Waltrous, the past week.

Those in search of the latest in the millinery line, be sure and read Mrs. Staffan's "ad" on last page.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mast, of West Middle street, went to Ann Arbor last week to attend the funeral of a friend.

R. A. Snyder will move his grocery and meat market to the Kempf store next door to his present place of business.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster and Miss Nina Belle were the guests of Mr. Wurster's parents at Webster last Sunday.

Mrs. Sarah Bennett, of North street, was in Jackson last week and while there attended the wedding of a niece.

Rev. O. C. Bailey and Dr. Holmes of this place attended the Jackson Congregational Association at Jackson this week.

Prof. Gus. Warren is getting his side show in order for the coming season. He will travel with the Whitney Family show.

Mrs. Randolph Davis, of Olivet, and Miss Martha Allen, of Saline, visited with C. M. Davis and family a few days of last week.

Mrs. Wm. Brewer and daughter, of Saginaw, are visiting with Mrs. Brewer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McLaren, at Lima.

Geo. E. Davis will erect a handsome and commodious dwelling house on his lot on Summit street. Geo. Beckwith has the contract.

At a meeting of the Township Board last Monday, A. W. Wilkinson was appointed census enumerator, and B. B. Turnbull, assistant.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Smith, of Canandaigua, N. Y., are spending a few days here visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Campbell and other relatives.

Miss Mary J. Miller has been appointed Prefect of the young ladies' Sodality of St. Mary's church in place of Miss Mary Howe, who resigned.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stickelmier, of East street, were in Jackson Saturday and attended the funeral of Mrs. Stickelmier's aunt, Mrs. Uptegrove.

Mr. R. B. Mackenzie, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hathaway, at the residence of Mr. Wm. Martin, of Railroad street.

W. F. Hatch and C. H. Kempf will go to Jackson Friday as delegates from the Congregational church to the Jackson Congregational Association.

There will be a farewell reception for the Rev. O. C. Bailey and family at the Town Hall Tuesday evening April 24th. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Rev. John Neuman and wife, Mr. Wm. Neuman and wife, and Miss Hannah Neuman, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. C. Haag last Tuesday.

The fifth annual meeting of the Michigan Woman's Press association will be held in Ann Arbor June 5, 6 and 7. An unusually good program is being arranged.

Mrs. Chas. McAllister and daughter, Miss Lulu, who have been spending the past few months here with relatives left for their home in Boulder, Col., last Tuesday.

At the annual meeting of the Lyndon Sunday School, Samuel Boyce was elected superintendent, Miss Eva Leek keeps the records and A. J. Boyce handles the finances.

Died, of consumption, Saturday, April 14, 1894, at the home of her parents in Lima, Miss Helen Easton, aged 21 years. The funeral was held at the house Monday p. m., Rev. O. C. Bailey officiating.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a Prohibition Club will be held in the hall over R. A. Snyder's store on Friday evening April 20th at 8 o'clock sharp. All who may be interested please remember.

The following persons from this vicinity received third grade certificates at the recent examination held in Ann Arbor: Ada Schenk, Jessie Bush, Agnes Wade, Maud Flagler and James F. Hathaway.

Mrs. Chas. Wines and Mrs. Thos. Sears are in Jackson this week attending the Woman's Home Missionary meeting held in connection with the Jackson Congregational Society as delegates from this society.

Mrs. E. L. Negus and father, Mr. Curran White, of East Middle street, and Mr. E. H. Keyes, of Lima, left Tuesday for Reading, where they were called by the serious illness of a relative, Mrs. Kate Saunders.

Died, of cancer of the stomach, Wednesday, April 11, 1894, at her home in Bridgewater, Mrs. Sarah Mills, aged 50 years. The funeral was held Saturday. Deceased was a mother of Mrs. Fred Roedel of this village.

Frank Keller, Ypsilanti's heavyweight slugger, has been matched to a finish fight with "Yank" Kenny, of Detroit, for \$250 a side, to take place within 100 miles of Detroit, between May 2 and 6. Keller has gone in training at Dexter.

Young Orla C. Gregory, the assistant cashier of the Dexter Bank, who lost his mind in such a sad way a few weeks ago, the insanity developing in the insane freak of robbing the bank, was taken to St. Joseph's Retreat, a private asylum at Dearborn last week.

Oh, merchant in thy hour of e e e, if on this paper you should c c c, take our advice and be thrice y y y, Go straightway out and adverb t t t, you'll find the project of some u u u, Neglect can offer no e x q q q, Be wise at once, prolong your d a a a, a silent business soon de k k k!

Rev. Father Conidine left for Detroit Wednesday to attend the funeral of the Rev. William Sinn, late rector of St. Mary's church, Lapeer, Mich. Father Sinn died at the home of his parents in Detroit last Monday morning from consumption. His funeral took place this morning from Our Lady of Help church.

Messrs. Emil Richter, Alfred Schairer, Charles F. Ziefe, Fred Schall, Robert Hutzel, Fred Fisher, J. F. Wuerth and Henry A. Steinbach came up from Ann Arbor last Sunday and spent the day with Henry Steinbach's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steinbach, the occasion being Henry's 21st birthday.

The two-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Finkbeiner, of South Main street, sampled the contents of a carbolic acid bottle last Saturday and only for the timely aid of a physician would probably have passed to the other shore, but at present she occupies her usual seat at the family board.

It Pays To Keep Posted.

It will pay you a big per cent to keep an eye on our price-list every week, as we always have something of great interest for close buyers. If you want to buy the very choicest goods at almost wholesale price, trade at the

Bank Drug Store.

- New Brazil Nuts 8c per pound.
- Alaska Salmon 8c per can.
- 10 lbs fine English Currants for 25c.
- Best Canned Pumpkin 6c per can
- Choice Seedless Raisins 3c per lb
- 25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00.
- 3 packages cleaned Currants for 25c
- 21 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00.
- Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 8c per pound.
- First-class lanterns 29c each.
- 5 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.
- 2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.
- Full cream cheese 14c per pound.
- Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.
- 3 Cr Raisins 6c per pound.
- Gloss Starch 6c per pound.
- Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.
- Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.
- 3 packages minced meat for 20 cents
- Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon.
- Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
- No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.
- No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.
- Best Lantern Globes 5c each.
- Choice Coffee 19c per pound.
- Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.
- Fine perfumes 85c per ounce.
- Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c.
- Codfish in bricks 8c per pound.
- Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.
- Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal.
- Extra Japan tea 30c per pound.
- 9 sticks best chicory for 10c.
- Choice Mustard 15c per jug.
- 3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.
- Fine syrup 25c per gallon
- Axle grease 5c per box.
- 25 pounds sulphur for \$1.
- Banner smoking tobacco 15c per pound.
- Good fine cut tobacco 25c per pound.
- Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.
- Best Sardines 5c per box.
- Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.
- Good smoking tobacco 13c per lb.
- Purest Spices that can be bought.
- Fine toothpicks 5c per package.
- Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.
- Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per pound.
- 8 pounds Clean rice for 25 cents.

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AND SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT, Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear. OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. 17



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

\$5,000.00

WORTH OF

New Clothing,

Best bought at a great discount for cash, and we shall give our customers the benefit.

Do Not

Buy a Man's suit, Boy's suit, a pair of Pants or Overalls, until you see what we can do for you.

Our Line

Men's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Bags, Telescopes, etc., is complete.

New Neckwear Just Received.

Yours very truly,

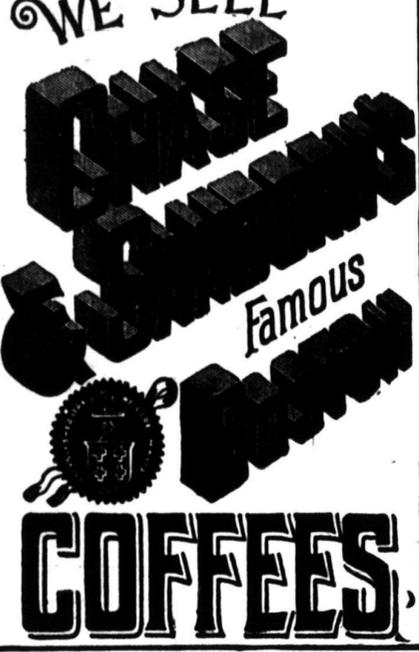
S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

WE

have secured the exclusive sale of Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, and we carry a complete line in stock. Remember this Coffee cannot be obtained from any other store in Chelsea. Give it a trial and be convinced of its merits.

Geo. Blaich.

WE SELL



COFFEES

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the country, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derriek 2-8 Miller Ave.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

AUCTIONEER

Headquarters
at
HERALD OFFICE.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe.
\$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.
\$2.50, \$2 for Workingmen.
\$2 and \$1.75 for Boys.

LADIES AND MISSES,
\$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75

CAUTION.—If any dealer offers you W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without the name stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.



THIS IS THE BEST \$3 SHOE IN THE WORLD.

WARRANTED

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better protection at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advised below. Catalogue free upon application.—W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co., Chelsea.

Here and There.

Moving and house-cleaning is now the order of the day.

The marshal at Manchester gathered in 208 tramps from the 1st of October last until the 1st of April.

In the matter of office seeking a Pennsylvanian has set an example. Not getting what he wanted he hanged himself, and everybody was satisfied.

The entertainment "The Man that Spoiled the Music," will be repeated next Sunday evening at the Methodist church. No admission will be charged.

The Grass Lake News says the Michigan Central is preparing to replace eight miles of track between Grass Lake and Chelsea with eighty-five pound steel rails.

The idea that a woman wants small hands to look pretty is a mistake; they want them so they can get them inside a lamp chimney when they clean it.

The London Lancet announces a cure for cancer. It is tetrahydroparamethyloxychinadine. The average man we believe would prefer to take his chances with the cancer.

Miss Lois H. Janes, of Ann Arbor, in a fit of despondency over her failure to secure an engagement as teacher, committed suicide with strychnine, and her body was found on the river bank Wednesday morning of last week.

Chas. Elrick, of Elrick Bros., East Buffalo, N. Y., the well known live stock commission merchants was in town looking up business for the firm last week. He reports a better demand for all grades of live stock, and market in healthier condition.

During the last six years the importation of quinine in various forms has been reduced over one-half, and the monthly returns now show a steady decline. During the same period of time the retail price of quinine has been reduced almost as much as the importation.

Reports to state board of health show influenza, rheumatism, neuralgia, bronchitis, consumption, in the order named as causing most sickness in Michigan during the week ending April 7. Scarlet fever was reported at 49 places; diphtheria at 33; measles, 25; typhoid fever, 15, and small pox at three places. Consumption was reported present by 49 per cent of the observers making weekly card reports.

Market reports say the stock of old wool is very small. This, however, does not increase the price. Supply and demand are not having the usual effect. The new clip is not expected to be large. On account of low prices many sheep have been marketed. Wool dealers seem to entertain no great expectations for the future, still prices are so low that it looks as if investments would be safe if not profitable. There is no speculation in anything except politics, and dullness will prevail there for several months to come.

The Liverpool Corn Trade News of March 30, reported wheat prospects as follows: America and Canada—prospects uncertain but improving on early reports. Russia—prospects uncertain, but improving. France—satisfactory; India satisfactory. Austria-Hungary—satisfactory; spring cultivation nearly finished. Italy—satisfactory. Southeastern Europe—some injury, but latest reports more hopeful. Germany—reports very hopeful. Spain—fair; rain now wanted. United Kingdom—condition very satisfactory. North Africa—satisfactory now, after a bad start. Argentina—Recent harvest large in quantity, but quality irregular; considerable smut and much damage by after harvest rains. Australasia—fine crop recently harvested, about 45,000,000 bushels. Belgium—prospects now satisfactory. Chili—recent reports reduce earlier estimates by one-third. Denmark—crop forward, and liable to injury, if night frosts are severe.

By act of 1863 every owner or occupant of land in Michigan are required to cut down all Canada thistles growing on his premises, or on the highway passing by or through the same, as often in each and every year as shall prevent them going to seed, under penalty of a fine of \$10 for every such failure. The highway commissioner must notify all who fail to comply with this law, and if in five days they do not cut them down the commissioner has it done and collects the expense from the owner or occupant. All railroad, plank road and gravel companies, by the laws of 1891, are required to cut down and destroy all noxious weeds growing upon land occupied by them in any city, village or organized township, between June 15 and July 1, and again between Aug. 15 and it becomes lawful for any highway officer to cut them down between July 1 and 5, and between September 1 and 5 each year at the expense of the corporation, at the rate of \$3 per day. Shiftless neighbors who let their thistles grow to seed and blow all over the country should be promptly referred to the highway commissioner.

April Crop Report.

March was remarkable for high temperature and moderate amount of precipitation. Reports are not yet at hand from all stations in the State, but at the State Board of Health station at Lansing, the records show it to have been the warmest March in sixteen years. The mean temperature of the month was 40.48 degrees, or 9 degrees above the normal. The mean temperature of the first twenty-four days was about 44.65 degrees, or 13 degrees above the normal. The highest temperature recorded was 74 degrees on the 18th. A cold wave passed over the State on the 25th, and the weather from that date to the end of the month was severely cold. The mean temperature of the last week of the month was below 28 degrees. On the 25th the temperature dropped to 10 degrees. This was the lowest point touched during the month.

Since April 1 the temperature has gone below the freezing point on all except two days. On the 1st it dropped to 21 degrees, on the 2d to 22, and on the nights of the 7th and 8th to 25. This morning, April 9th, there is a strong, cold wind from the east.

The average precipitation in March was 1.26 inches. Three inches of snow fell on the 28th.

As usual wheat on the summit and west side of hills, and on clay and undrained lands, has been somewhat injured, but as a whole the crop has wintered well. The averages of the estimates of correspondents are for the southern counties, 89 per cent; central counties 91 per cent; northern counties, 94 per cent. and State, 90 per cent, comparison being with average years. Correspondents in their remarks report the crop in good condition, much better condition than usual at the end of an "open" March. In 1893 the average condition April 1, in the southern counties was 81, central 91, State 84; in 1892, southern counties 90, central 89, State 90; in 1891, southern 97, central 92, and State 96. The average condition this year, in the southern counties is eight points better, and in the State six points better than on April 1, 1893.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in March is 1,138,557, and in the eight months, August-March, 11,423,596, which is 106,674 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year. At 27 elevators and mills from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed during the month.

The average condition of clover meadows and pastures is as follows: Southern counties 79 per cent, central 87, northern 95 and State 82 per cent.

Farm animals are in good condition.

During the warm weather that prevailed previous to the 25th of March fruit buds developed to some considerable extent, and grave fears were felt that the cold wave of that date would work great harm if not ruin to the crop. A large number of letters, which will be published in full in the final report, have been received from fruit specialists since April 1, but at the time they were written the growers themselves were not entirely satisfied as to the amount of damage. The Grand River Valley Horticultural Society, March 27, believed no harm had been done, but one of its members a few days later found pears and peaches badly injured. Ionia growers think their crop injured but a trifle. A St. Joseph correspondent thinks peaches all killed. A South Haven a fair crop of all kinds of fruit is expected. In Washtenaw peach-buds had "started to bloom," in some cases showing color. All such on low ground are killed, while those on higher ground are not injured. Apple and other fruits on high lands have escaped.

A fair conclusion from these letters is that the early and tender varieties of fruit, especially peaches and pears, have been injured, but the later and hardier kinds are yet safe. This is particularly true of apples. There is no reason why a full crop of this fruit should not be expected.

WASHINGTON GARDNER, Sec. of State.

Thanks to Friends.

We desire in this manner to express our heartfelt thanks to the kind neighbors and friends who have so generously contributed to the comfort and care of our dear ones in their last illness.

Every act of kindness that loving hearts could suggest was cheerfully performed.

While we are fully aware that these many evidences of sympathetic interest in the departed, were far above any self-h expectation of reward, yet we feel that something more is due, and any opportunity that may ever offer to repay these favors will be eagerly embraced.

JAMES TAYLOR AND FAMILY.

Turnips boiled with their jackets on are of better flavor and less watery. A small lump of sugar added while the vegetable is cooking corrects the bitterness often found in them. If to be served mashed, run through a colander.

What A Man Eats.

Don't you know that what you eat should be of first quality only and that it is dangerous to the health to use second class eatables?

You will find plenty of people who are offering second class goods at a small figure in order to induce you to buy of them.

Remember

We never sacrifice the quality of an article in order to meet the price of TRASH.

But will sell you GOOD GOODS at a lower figure than any one who is selling first class goods.

We wish to call your attention to the line of canned goods especially. When you buy canned goods of us you can depend upon it that the quality is FIRST CLASS, and the price we guarantee as low as any one will make you on good goods.

For the coming Saturday we offer another lot of Vegetables fresh from the gardeners. Pineapples and new Tomatoes.

This Week

We shall receive the finest assortment of Bakery goods ever shown in Chelsea. All New and Fresh.

Just Received

A shipment of the Alden Fruit Vinegars. Call and taste them, their flavors are excellent.

When you want goods that will please you, Canned goods, Bottled goods, Teas or Coffees, call on us and you will get First Quality Only.

Beissel & Staffan.

There is Reason In all Things...

The reason why we can make these prices is because we pay cash for all we buy, our expenses are light, and we are satisfied with a small profit.

- Fresh roasted peanuts 5c per pound
- 21 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1
- Canned Pumpkin 6c per can
- Canned Corn 7c per can
- 8 pounds Rolled Oats for 25c
- 5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25c
- 2 cans Good Salmon for 25c.
- Sardines in oil 5c per can
- Sardines in mustard 10c per can
- Best Codfish 8c per pound
- Fanciest Messina Lemons 20c doz
- Good Seedless Raisins 3c per pound
- Choice 3 Cr. Raisins 6c per pound
- Extra choice California Prunes 4 lbs for 25c
- 4 pounds Cleaned Currants for 25c
- 2 packages Yeast, any kind for 5c
- Best full Cream Cheese 14c per pound
- Gloss Starch 6c per pound
- Arm & Hammer Saleratus 6c per package
- All Laundry Soaps excepting Babbitts 6 bars for 25c
- Clothespins 6 doz for 5c
- Lanterns Globes 5c each
- Lamp Chimneys 3 and 5c each.
- Lamp Wicks 1c per yard
- Mixed Candy 10c per pound
- Stick Candy 10c per pound
- Good Baking Powder 20c per lb
- Rice, 5 cents per pound
- Choice Jug Mustard 15c
- Choice Bakers N. O. Molasses 25c per gal
- Our Best Sugar Syrup 25c per gal
- 9 sticks Chicory for 10c
- Axle Grease 5c per box
- Rising Sun 8 ove Polish 5c per package
- Tooth Picks 5c per package
- A Good Coffee at 19c per pound
- Choice Tea Dust 8c per pound
- Banner Smoking Tobacco 15c per lb.
- Extra choice Japan Tea 30c per pound.
- Good Fine Cut Tobacco 25c per pound
- Good Plug Tobacco 25c per pound
- 25 pounds Sulphur for \$1

Resp.,

ARMSTRONG & CO.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

A PROPOSED law that any new building erected in London shall have its front not less than twenty feet from the middle of the street has brought out the fact that there are in the heart of the city thirty-two miles of street less than forty feet broad.

It is announced that Mr. Edison has adopted the theory that sleep is only the force of habit, that if they but try, men can get along without sleep precisely as they can get along without stimulants. He insists that the human family wastes about one-third its time in bed.

THERE is reported to be a movement on foot to remove the capital of Brazil from Rio de Janeiro to some point far in the interior. The place most favored is a territory in the Pyrenees mountains, at an elevation of 3,000 feet above the sea, and at a distance of over 600 miles from Rio Janeiro.

The Empress Frederick has induced two Berlin societies of amateur photographers to co-operate in bringing about an international exhibition of photographs by amateurs in 1895. Her majesty has undertaken to be a patroness, and has requested the Princess Henry to act as her substitute on the committee.

SHIPS that have come back from the North Atlantic sealing grounds report that the total catch will not exceed 200,000, less than half the usual number. In addition they tell of extreme suffering and hardships, with loss of lives and damage to vessels in consequence of the severity of the weather and the great number of icebergs.

SECRETARY BRUNER of the department of agriculture of North Carolina is in receipt of a letter from Japanese Commissioner Koidzumi, who states that he guarantees to raise \$150,000, if a like sum is made up in this country, to bring Japanese colonists to North Carolina and manufacture porcelain ware out of kaolin.

THE great buildings of the World's fair, which cost several million dollars and were given away by the Exposition Co., have been sold by the park commissioners to a St. Louis contractor for \$75,500. The buildings will be demolished at once. The art and forestry buildings and a few smaller structures are not included in the sale.

IN Lyons, la., co-operation has been quite successful. Five years ago a few men rented a small store at \$15 a month. Now almost everybody in town is a member of the Co-operative association, and their store occupies a solid block, employing thirteen clerks. It is worth to-day between \$50,000 and \$75,000, paying seven per cent. dividends on the stock.

MISSISSIPPI takes one patent for every 20,469 of her population; Connecticut, one for every 1,018 of hers; South Carolina one for every 23,490; Massachusetts, one for every 1,055; North Carolina, one for every 21,288; Rhode Island, one for every 1,191; Georgia takes one for every 14,817, and New York one for every 1,635; Alabama takes one for every 18,457; Illinois, one for every 1,944.

FOURTEEN women, known as the Gray Ladies of London, have dedicated their lives to working among the poor of Blackheath. The population of this district amounts to over 70,000, and the Gray Ladies, so-called from the habit they wear, visit the sick and try to educate the well. They have one day a week for rest, but with that exception devote themselves entirely to the people around them.

The United States navy is experimenting successfully with aluminum life boats. Aluminum yachts are coming into use abroad, and the metal has recently been suggested here as a suitable material for car construction. Aluminum horseshoes are being made in France that are four times lighter than iron shoes. They should be good for racers. The latest thing out is aluminum cabs, which are to be tried in Paris.

THE United States government has been formally invited to send a troop of cavalry to London to participate in the royal cavalry tournament, which takes place in May next in the agricultural hall, Islington. All the principal armies of the world have been invited, and the affair will be international in character. Each government is expected to send the flower of its cavalry, and the competition in drill will be specially sharp and active.

JOE ZIEMER, of Chicago, has invented a device for the transmission of mail matter, which, he claims, will cover the distance between Chicago and New York in six hours, and deliver mail at the intermediate stations. Just how the machine is made is not yet divulged. The power used, however, is electricity, while in the chambers of the car carrying the mail a system of magnets is arranged so that the pouches are delivered and collected automatically.

A BIG PLANT BURNED.

The American Glucose Works in Buffalo Destroyed.

The Loss Is Estimated at More Than \$1,000,000—Several Men Are Badly Injured, and It Is Feared Some Have Perished.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 14.—The great plant of the American Glucose company, which also has extensive works at Peoria, Ill., and which is controlled by C. J. Hamlin, the famous trotting horse man, and his sons, burned Thursday night. The loss is considerably over \$1,000,000; insurance, \$585,000.

The plant of this company was situated on the Hamburg canal, Scott, East and West Market and Perry streets. There were four immense buildings of brick, ranging in height from eight to eleven stories. The fire started in the main building, which was used for making the glucose. The buildings burned were the power and feed house, the refinery and the storehouse. The Buffalo city fish market was also burned.

The fire was discovered in the dynamo-room of the main building shortly after 7 o'clock by the engineer. He gave the alarm and he and his fireman rushed out. In ten minutes the whole eleven floors were on fire and flames were bursting through the windows and darting from the roof.

There were perhaps 125 men at work Thursday night. It will not be known until a census of employes is taken today whether one man or fifty were cremated. It is known that some of the men escaped by a fire-escape, and some of them on the lower stories jumped into the canal. A great many of the men at work on the upper floors were ignorant Poles and Germans. They may have been burned and they may not. It is impossible to tell now. The chances are, however, that several men were burned to death.

So far as known four workmen and three firemen are injured. These are: John Young, a workman, hurt about the head and face; two Poles, cannot speak English, names unknown, both severely injured, one has both legs broken; John Stein, workman, severely burned; Chris Lang, fireman, leg broken by a fall; Louis H. Schrader, a fireman, badly burned; Joseph Webber, a fireman, burned and injured.

The fire was one of incredible swiftness. The building was full of inflammable materials, acids and the like used in the making of glucose and starch, and the fire spread from top to bottom in a few minutes. In fifteen minutes the entire main building was a mass of flames. In twenty minutes the walls began to fall, and they fell at frequent intervals until inside of forty-five minutes there was but one corner standing. The main building was connected with the power and feed house by an elevated bridge over Scott street. The flames crept across this and ignited the feed house.

Meanwhile the city fish market just across the street caught fire. Five firemen were sent inside to fight the flames, and a number of streams were turned on the roof. The building was a long, low brick structure, and the firemen made a good fight to save it, but a portion of a blazing wall fell on it and started the roof to burning fiercely. The firemen inside did not know of this and no one told them. The consequences were that in a few minutes the roof fell in and buried the five firemen. Two of them escaped with no other injuries than a few bruises.

The feed house was completely destroyed, the walls all having fallen by 10 o'clock. The refinery and the storehouse went next and by 11 o'clock there was nothing left of the mammoth establishment but a few tottering walls.

For a great many years the Hamlins held among themselves the secrets of the processes and made millions. Then they were sued by a man named Williams, who claimed to have discovered the process, and the secrets all came out. Since that time there have been many glucose works started.

GOLD GOING ABROAD.

Treasury Officials, However, Are Not Alarmed by the Shipments.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The secretary of the treasury has received notice that about \$2,000,000 in gold coin would be required for export next Saturday, about half of which would be drawn from the treasury and an equal amount from the New York banks. It is the opinion of the treasury officials that this shipment is the beginning of the usual spring exportation and that shipments are likely to continue for some time. This fact, however, is not regarded as a cause for alarm. The net gold in the treasury at the close of business Thursday was \$105,963,539. Last year at this time the gold exportations were abnormally heavy, reaching \$19,148,964 during April and \$16,914,317 in May. In June they had dropped to \$2,711,226 and in July to \$174,212.

For a Bureau of Interstate Banks.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Representative Sherry (Conn.) has introduced in the house a bill to establish a bureau of interstate banks. The bill is a modification, in some important respects, of the national banking act and is designed to meet the demand for local currency in the south and west by affording a more profitable and accessible basis of circulation than United States bonds.

OAKES MUST EXPLAIN.

The Northern Pacific Receiver Ordered to Face Charges of Fraud.

MILWAUKEE, April 17.—Judge Jenkins has denied the petition for the removal of the Northern Pacific receivers.

The days of Thomas F. Oakes as one of the receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad are numbered unless he can disprove three serious charges brought against him by Brayton Ives, and which Judge Jenkins Saturday said had not been answered to the satisfaction of the court in Mr. Oakes' reply to the petition for his removal. In the words of the court the denials of Mr. Oakes were not substantial denials. The charges that Receiver Oakes must prove false in order to retain his position are that he allowed deals to be made whereby certain directors made great profits, and which resulted in looting the treasury and wrecking the corporation. Here they are:

The purchase of the Chicago terminals for \$2,000,000 in excess of their cost and the pocketing of the profit by Villard, Colby, Abbott and Hoyt.

The purchase of the Rocky Fork & Cooke City railroad. This road was built by a syndicate of Northern Pacific directors at a cost of \$18,000 per mile and was sold to the Northern Pacific for \$30,000 a mile, giving the directors' syndicate, of which Villard was president, a profit of \$600,000.

The purchase of the Northern Pacific & Manitoba railroad for \$20,000 a mile. It was built at a cost of \$12,000 per mile by the directors' syndicate, which netted \$800,000 by the deal.

Judge Jenkins said explanations regarding these shady transactions must be forthcoming, and, in order to get the necessary light, will refer this portion of the petition to a special examiner for the purpose of taking testimony.

Concerning the charges against Receivers Payne and Rouse, Judge Jenkins said they had done nothing to merit their removal. The only mistake they had made was in joining with Mr. Oakes in having separate receivers appointed for the various branch lines and thus creating heavy and unnecessary expenses. The court said that while in this matter they had acted hastily and were ill-advised he did not deem their action sufficient ground to warrant their removal.

DEATH OF SENATOR VANCE.

Expires Suddenly at His Residence in Washington—Sketch of His Life.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at 11:40 o'clock Saturday night at his residence in this city. Paralysis and a complication of diseases resulted in a stroke of apoplexy while he was supposed to be in a fair way to recover. He had been in Florida during the winter, seeking health, but came back to Washington to take part in the tariff legislation.

[Zebulon B. Vance was born in Buncombe county, N. C., May 13, 1830. He received his education at Washington college and at the University of North Carolina. He chose the law as his profession and early drifted into politics. In 1854 he was elected a member of the North Carolina legislature and in 1858 he was chosen to represent his district in congress. Although opposed to secession when the war broke out he continued to represent his North Carolina constituency by taking his place at the head of a company of confederate volunteers. Soon he was appointed colonel of the famous Twenty-fifth North Carolina regiment.]

In 1862, while he was still serving the cause of secession in the field, he was elected governor of North Carolina. His most noted achievement while in the office of governor was the securing of foreign aid for the confederate cause. He sent agents to Europe who purchased a fine steamboat, which subsequently ran the blockade, bringing in clothing, arms and stores for the confederate government.

As early as December, 1863, Gov. Vance urged President Davis to take advantage of every opportunity to negotiate with the United States government. At that time Vance realized the hopelessness of the cause he was supporting. When the national troops occupied North Carolina Gov. Vance was arrested and held a prisoner at Washington for several weeks.

Upon the election of Thomas L. Clingman, then representing North Carolina in the lower house of congress, to the senate, Vance was chosen to serve out the unexpired term. He was chosen as a state rights American, and served again in the Thirty-sixth congress. He was chosen governor of North Carolina in 1862 and 1864. In 1868 he attended as a delegate the democratic national convention which nominated Horatio Seymour for the presidency.

In November, 1870, he was elected United States senator, but was not allowed to take his seat, his political disabilities not having been removed. He therefore resigned in January, 1872, and in 1876 was chosen governor of his state for the third time. In 1879 he was given a seat in the senate chamber and has been since re-elected without opposition.]

SANTA CRUZ SCORCHED.

Twenty-Four Buildings in the Heart of the City Burned—Loss, \$255,000.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., April 17.—A fire Saturday night and Sunday morning reduced to ashes twenty-four buildings in the heart of this city and caused a loss of over \$255,000, with little less than \$100,000 insurance. One block reduced to ashes is bounded by Pacific avenue, Cooper and Grant streets and contained some of the finest buildings in the city, occupied by lawyers, bankers and merchants. The fire was of incendiary origin, and was first discovered at 10:40 o'clock Saturday evening, but the firemen could not obtain a supply of water from the hydrants. The city's mains had broken Saturday afternoon and the water had been shut off at the reservoir, 3 miles from town. It was not until 12 o'clock that the mains were once more opened. The water supply was then sufficient, but as Santa Cruz had not a fire engine to force the water through the hose the streams were weak and ineffectual.

The mayor, fearing that the whole business part of the town would be destroyed, telegraphed to San Jose for assistance. Although San Jose is 75 miles away a steamer arrived in one hour and lent valuable assistance. Watsonville also sent a steamer.



If your nearest, best and most esteemed neighbors had written the following letters they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all.

Mrs. F. L. Inman, of Mantion, Wexford Co., Mich., whose portrait heads this article, writes as follows: "I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about a year ago. For years I have suffered with falling and ulceration of the womb, but to-day, I am enjoying perfect health."

I took four bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every lady suffering from female weakness should try the 'Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'

Miss Mary J. Tanner, North Lawrence, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I was sick for four years. For two years I could do no work. I had five different physicians, who pronounced my case a poor or impoverished condition of the blood, and uterine trouble. I suffered a great deal with pain in both sides, and much tenderness on pressing over the womb. I bloated at times in my bowels and limbs; was troubled with leucorrhoea. I could not sleep, and was troubled with palpitation of the heart. Suffered a great deal of pain in my head, temples, forehead and eyes. I had a troublesome cough, raised a great deal and at times experienced a good deal of pain in my chest and lungs. My voice at times was very weak. I suffered excruciating monthly, periodical pains. Since taking seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription some time ago, I have enjoyed better health than I have for more than four years previously; in fact, for several months past I have been able to work at sewing. I have gained in weight thirty-nine pounds since taking your medicines; the soreness and pain have disappeared." Yours truly,

Mary J. Tanner

Mrs. Alex. Robertson, of Half Rock, Mercer Co., Mo., writes: "For twenty years, I suffered with womb disease and most of the time I was in constant pain which rendered life a great burden. I cannot express what I suffered. I had eight doctors and all the medicine I had from them failed—the one after the other."

I was nervous, cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, leucorrhoea and no appetite, with bearing-down pains. I got so weak I could not walk around. I had to keep my bed, thinking I would never get any better."

One day my husband got one of your little books and read it to me. He said there was nothing doing me any good. I said I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did try it. After the first few weeks my appetite was better; I was able to sit up in bed. I wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., and described my case; they sent me a book on women's diseases. I read carefully and followed the directions as near as I could and took the medicine for two years. With the blessing of God and your medicines, I am entirely cured. That was three years ago."

Yours truly,
Mrs. Alex. Robertson

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhoea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, uterinal suppersions, and irregularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

The Book (108 pages, illustrated) referred to above, is sent sealed secure from observation in plain envelope for ten cents in stamps, to pay postage. Write for it. The Book points out the means of successful Home Treatment for all the peculiar weaknesses and distressing diseases incident to women. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.



STOP AND THINK
HOW YOU CAN REDUCE LABOR AND THE WEAR OF CLOTHES BY USING

SANTA CLAUS SOAP
BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL.

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY CHICAGO



"To Remove Paint."

"Sit down on it before it is dry."—(Texas Siftings.) That's a good way—easy, too. And another way is to do your cleaning in the old-fashioned way with soap; the necessary rubbing takes off the paint along with the dirt, but this is very tiresome work.

You ought to do your house-cleaning with Pearline; that's the modern way—easiest and most economical way—takes away the dirt easily and leaves the paint. Saves rubbing, saves work, saves time, saves whatever is cleaned. Use Pearline (without soap) on anything that water doesn't hurt.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

Ambs-Heying.

The wedding of Mr. Peter Ambs, of Jackson, and Miss Wilhelmina Heying, of Grass Lake, was solemnized in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, Wednesday April 18, 1894, at 8 a. m., Rev. W. P. Conside...

Household Hints.

When milk is used in tumblers wash them first in cold water, afterwards rinse in hot water.

A correspondent of the London Lancet points out that when sugar is partly burned in a gas flame it is destructive to mice.

Bread and cake bowls, or any dishes in which flour or eggs have been used, are more easily cleaned if placed in cold water after using.

Many ladies are troubled with dandruff; a simple remedy is a teaspoonful of borax dissolved in a cup of water. Brush the hair thoroughly before applying the solution to the scalp.

For frying, always put a pound or two of fat in the pan. This is no waste, as the same fat can be used over and over by pouring it through a strainer into a crock kept for the purpose.

Malachite, agate and azurine, when broken, may be cemented with sulphur, melted at low heat, so as not to change its color, in which different pigments are stirred to give it proper tints like the stones.

To shrink baby flannels, or white flannels of any sort, indeed, they should be put into an earthen basin and have boiling water poured over them; let them lie until the water is quite cold; in drying them, don't wring, but shake, stretch, and fold smoothly to keep the fabric even and then hang out. Bring them in while still damp with nearly a cold iron.

Keep Plant Leaves Clean.

One of the difficulties in the cultivation of plants in a sitting room is that the dry air and dust tend to clog the pores of the leaves. Deprived of the rain which would naturally cleanse them and not often watered with a rose-pot or syringe, the plants kept in a room are apt gradually to lose their health and look miserable, if they do not altogether die. The best remedy for this is the regular use of a small piece of soft old sponge with slightly warm water, and if a little soft soap is added all the better. Especially is this necessary in the winter when dust is rife, and as "dight" is then at its weakest point a thorough cleansing during the cold months will result in freedom from it during the summer. Practice and delicate handling are needed for success. Some plants are much easier to sponge than others. Among these may be mentioned the india rubber plant, and also small specimens of palms, both of which need frequent washings when grown in a room. Orange trees and many other plants exude a kind of sticky essential oil, which catches the dust. They therefore require special attention. Aspidistras and many other plants need sponging often to keep them in health—in fact, all plants with overgreen foliage and others which will bear it are strengthened and improved by the free use of the sponge.

What Farmers Owe to Indians.

The American farmers who first settled this country learned much from Indian cultivators of the soil. There was no corn grown in Europe until it had been introduced from America. The Indians had several varieties, including pop corn and sweet corn. They had also some excellent peas and beans, and our best modern varieties were improvements on the stock which the Indians supplied. They had also pumpkins, squashes and melons. Fish as a fertilizer was an Indian discovery. The fish too fat and oily for food were used as a manure, dropping a fish in a hole dug in the ground, covering it with a little earth, and planting the corn over it. We make better fish fertilizer now than this, getting rid of the oil, which has little manurial value, but the idea of using fish as a manure had never occurred to European farmers until they found it practiced here.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Ointment, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures a Pile, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

Odds and Ends.

Chelsea girls of a marriageable age or older, especially the latter, in common with young women everywhere, do not care to tell how old they really are, but you can find out if you will follow the subjoined rules, allowing the young lady to do the figuring to suit herself: First, tell her to put down the number of the month in which she was born, then to multiply it by 2, then add 5, multiply by 50, then to add her age, then to subtract 363. Next have her add 113 and then tell the total amount left. In this grand total the two figures to the right will tell you her age and the other the month of her birth. For example, if the amount is 822 she is 22 years old and was born in August—the eighth month.

Chicago is to establish a church without a creed. It ought to flourish there. Such a matter as a creed does not disturb the mind of the average Chicagoese and he can easily take to a form of church as provident of the peaceful notion of things as to steer clear of creed, dogma, or set doctrine. What that sort of creedless church proposes to set up as a given standard is quite immaterial also, but it would be interesting to know the mystery and what the admission card has by way of terms. A church without a creed is the jolliest sort of business for the Chicago fellow whose search light is out for the truly new. And perhaps it must be let go at that.

La Grippe.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. Kings New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery but escaped all of the troublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting rapid cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Excursion.

Excursion fares have been granted, on the certificate plan, to the following points for occasions mentioned:

Michigan State Medical Society, Lansing Mich., May 3-4, 1894.

National Association of Master Plumbers Detroit Mich., June 20-22, 1894.

Spend Your Outing On The Great Lakes.

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and state-rooms of these steamers are designed for the entertainment of humanity under the best conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. O. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

The Grip.

An experience with this disease during all its past epidemics, warrants the bold claim that Dr. King's New Discovery will positively cure each and every case if taken in time, and patient takes the ordinary care to avoid exposure. Another thing has been proven, that those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery, escape the many trouble-some after results of this disease. By all means get a bottle and try it. It is guaranteed, and money will be refunded if no good results follow its use. Sold by F. P. Glazier & Co.

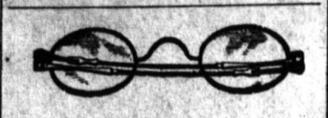
Markets.

Table with market prices for various goods like Eggs, Butter, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans, etc. in Chelsea, April, 18, 1894.

WHEN IN ANT. Of anything in the Millinery Line call on Mrs. Staffan, Her Stock is Unusually Large and Complete.

And being the only millinery store in town on the ground floor is the most desirable place to trade.

Largest line of trimmed hats and most complete line of children's goods in town. Inspection solicited.



IF Your eyes are strained why give up your work when you can obtain a FIRST-CLASS pair of glasses at a Special Discount of 50% and over, viz: Steel Spectacle in bronze, blue or nickel for 65c; Gold \$2.75, etc Call and get prices.

DR. SCHMIDT.

Excelsior Bakery, Chelsea, Mich. Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection with.

WM. CASPARY.

PATENTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a patent, trademark, or copyright, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly 50 years' experience in the patent business.

ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT. Great time and money saved, A necessity during hard times and a convenience always. The best outfit ever offered.

ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Niram, Ohio. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work.

Mortgage Sale. DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by John W. Cowan and Dorcas M. Cowan, his wife, to Charles Kingsley, bearing date the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1893, in Liber 23 of Mortgages on Page 711, and duly assigned by Charles Kingsley, Jr., executor of the last will and testament of said Charles Kingsley deceased, to Anna K. Calkin, by assignment, bearing date the 1st day of January, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1894, in Liber 11 of Assignment of Mortgages on Page 323. By which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at this date, the sum of Nine Hundred and Fourteen dollars and twenty Five Dollars (\$925.00) as an Attorney fee, as provided for in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1894, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the East door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County of Washtenaw, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw) by sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage, which said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Manchester, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, known and described as follows, to-wit, the North half (1/2) of the South East quarter of the North West quarter of section number two (2), in Township number four (4) South of range of land, be the same more or less. Dated Chelsea, Mich., January 25, 1894. ANNA K. CALKIN, Assignee. G. W. TURNBULL, Attorney for assignee.

WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN. Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the lives of many a promising young man.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 11th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 17th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL. "The Niagara Falls Route." Time table taking effect April 15th 1894. 90th MERIDIAN TIME. Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

Mortgage Sale. DEFAULT having been made for more than thirty days in payment of an installment of interest due on a mortgage executed by Charles W. Glover and Oriana M. Glover to Mary A. Starckweather, dated January 7th, 1893, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, State of Michigan January 10th, 1893 in Liber 77 of Mortgages on page 350, for which default the Mortgagee has elected to consider and treat the whole amount of said Mortgage as now due and payable as provided for in said Mortgage, upon which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and Attorney's fee, as provided for in said Mortgage, the sum of Sixty-four Hundred and Forty Dollars. Notice is hereby given that said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the Mortgage Premises, (subject to a Mortgage of \$5,000 and interest given to the Ypsilanti Savings Bank), at Public Vendue to the highest bidder on the 4th day of May next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Southerly front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor in said County, to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said Mortgage and all legal costs to-wit: Lots and Fifty-eight and Fifty-eight original plot of the Village (now City) of Ypsilanti, Washtenaw County, Michigan. Dated, Feb. 28, 1894. MARY A. STARCKWEATHER, Mortgagee. D. C. GRIFFIN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 31st day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 26th day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.