

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. IV. NO. 35.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, NOV. 11, 1892.

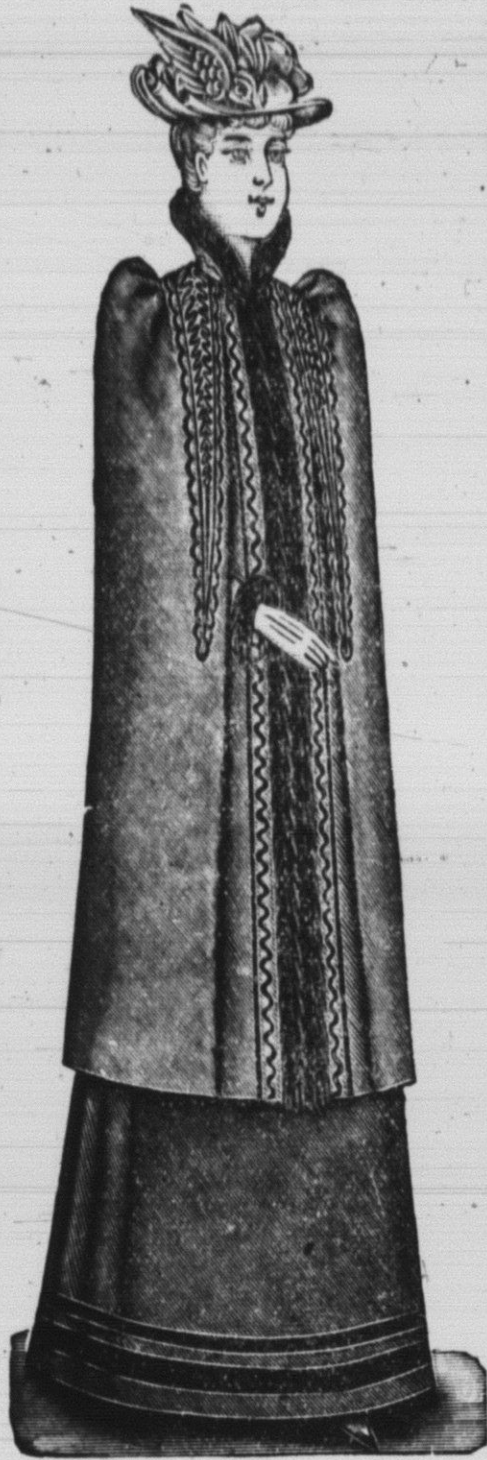
WHOLE NUMBER, 191

SPECIAL CLOAK SALE.

We are offering

BARGAINS in all kinds of CLOAKS

Do not fail to visit this department if in need of a garment. We show more cloaks and sell four times as many as any of our competitors. New line of infant's garments just received.



Dress Goods.

We shall offer inducements to buyer in this Department from now on. Our stock contains all the new things.

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF THE— Chelsea Savings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan,
At the close of Business, Sept. 30, 1892.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$118,972.42
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	67,582.10
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	19,531.52
Due from other banks and bankers.....	25,647.76
Furniture and fixtures.....	4,005.20
Other real estate.....	3,929.50
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	679.88
Interest paid.....	59.25
Exchanges for clearing house.....	110.02
Checks and cash items.....	173.79
Nickels and pennies.....	139.90
Gold.....	570.75
Silver.....	1,195.00
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	5,093.00
Total.....	\$247,690.09
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund.....	2,683.80
Undivided profits.....	12,996.80
Individual deposits.....	42,071.79
Savings deposits.....	139,937.70
Total.....	\$247,690.09

Total..... \$247,690.09
State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.
H. M. WOODS
Correct—Attest: F. P. GLAZIER
W. J. KNAPP
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of Oct., 1892.
THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

DR. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Having spent four years in the study and practice of dentistry, I am prepared to do work in all branches of my line. Extracting made easy by the use of local anesthetic. Give me a call that I may prove myself worthy of your patronage. Office over Kempf's bank.

GEO. W. TURNBULL
Having been admitted to practice as an Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows, etc., entitled thereto. None but legal fees charged.

RIEMENSCHNEIDER & SHAYER
Proprietors of The "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank building.
CHELSEA, MICH.

R. McCOLGAN.
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.
Office and residence second door west of Methodist church.
Office hours 3 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA MICH.

K. GREINER.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office Hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.
Office in the Sherry Building,
CHELSEA, MICH.

GROCERIES!

We have just bought a full line of Groceries to sell in connection with our immense stock of boots and shoes, and by close buying are able to sell you Groceries at the following prices:

- 19 lbs Granulated sugar \$1.
- 6 bars choice soap 25c.
- Arm and Hammer Brand Soda 25c.
- 20 boxes matches 25c.
- Our 50c tea—well it is the best.
- A choice line of Coffee at the following prices 22c, 25c, 28c, 30c, 35c, 40c.
- the best grades of New Orleans molasses.
- Best salmon, 15c.
- Link beans 12 1/2c.
- Tomatoes 10c.

We have also just received a fine line of hats, caps, gloves and mittens. Highest prices paid for butter and eggs.

Gives us a call.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

LIGHTNING NOT ZIGZAG.

State Popular Errors Corrected by the Photographic Lens.

Several traits of lightning have been discovered by photography that were not previously suspected. This is particularly true of the course taken by a thunderbolt. So ephemeral is the flash—it seldom lasts over a two-hundredth part of a second, and some authorities say that occasionally it endures only a millionth—that the eye can distinguish little beyond the general route traversed.

The poetic and popular conception of the path of lightning is that it is a series of zigzags much sharper than those of a Virginia rail fence. Photography proves, however, that the track does not contain a single angle, but is sinuous, like a river. It is a curious fact that in 1856, before this fact was thus established, Mr. James Nasmyth declared to the British Association for the Advancement of Science that he had never observed the zigzag form of lightning, but that to his eye the flash always appeared, as in a diagram which he offered, showing only curves and with or without branches or forks.

It is now evident that he was an exceptionally keen observer. Photographs reveal not only the sinuosity of the track, but also the ramified character of many flashes. Sometimes the filaments diverging from the main line are numerous and delicate as the rootlets of a tree or the small tributaries to a river. Whether these branches flow into or out of the principal stream it is not easy to say; yet electricity often discharges itself by a number of routes, the quantity of fluid taking each one being in proportion to the conductivity of the air or other substance through which the current at that point passes.

These photographs of ramified lightning render much more intelligible than was formerly the case some of the stories of thunderbolt freaks. Unquestionably, instead of one solitary current skipping to and fro around the room or among several buildings, as has been supposed was the case in several instances, the stream has divided into several, each taking a tolerably direct course to the earth.

Besides the sinuous and ramified types, photography shows the existence of a ribbonlike streak, flat, thin and wavy, quite distinct from other forms. Then, too, there is the "meandering" variety, which wanders all over creation without any distinct aim. Still another record made by photography is called "dark" lightning, because the streak produced when a print is made from the negative is black and not white. Precisely how this effect is caused has not yet been satisfactorily explained. One suggestion is that it is due to overexposure of the photographic plate. A similar result is obtained with the sun sometimes, where the very intensity of the light reverses the effect. It might also, it is thought, be produced by a previous flash occurring just before the plate was exposed and leaving a line of nitrous oxide in the air along its route.

A subsequent flash, slightly farther away, would illuminate the whole field, but fail to penetrate this streak. Absorption of the rays would occur somewhat as in the case of a gas in the spectrum.—New Haven Palladium.

Took His Word for It.

He was faultlessly attired and was waiting at the street crossing for an opportunity to get through the stream of vehicles. A cab driver turned his vehicle out of the car track, and as it passed close to the curbstone it struck a loose paving block, throwing a shower of mud over the duke.

"What do you mean by that?" cried the bespattered young man. "If you will climb down from that seat I will knock your head off."

The driver stopped. "Can you do it?" he inquired.

"Yes, I can, and I'll prove it, too, if you will get down!"

"Well, if you're sure you can do it I guess I'll stay where I am if it don't make any difference to you," replied Pat as he drove on smiling broadly. —Chicago Mail.

\$20.00 Suits For \$15.00.

\$16.00 Suits For \$11.00.

\$15.00 suits for \$10.00.

WE have just opened these Handsome Suits made up stylish for this season's trade, lined throughout with the best of linings. Every suit will fit to perfection. You have never seen their equal for the money. We bought them for spot cash from an overstocked manufacturing concern at our own prices which were less than the goods cost to manufacture. We are going to close them out with a rush, at less than regular wholesale prices. Every time a man walks out with one of these, it means that that man is \$5.00 richer than he would be had he bought a suit of any other concern in the county. If you are going to need a suit within the next six months, it will pay you to look after these bargains at once. Remember when we advertise special bargains, it means something. There is no humbug or Jew business about it. We have the stuff and the prices just as given here. If it takes you all day to get here, it will still pay you to come. Don't forget that we show a stock of overcoats and ulsters equal in assortment to any stock shown in Ann Arbor or Jackson. Prices at least 25 per cent. lower.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Clothing.

Boots and Shoes.

Merchant Tailoring.

PURCHASERS

Who wish to get the
BEST VALUES FOR
THEIR MONEY

SHOULD BUY

LEWIS' WEAR RESISTER SHOES

For Sale at

R. A. Snyder's



STOVES.

We sell the best makes of Stoves at lowest prices. We are agents for the Glazier-Strong Oil Stoves. If in need of one be sure to call on us before you buy. Largest line of Guns and Ammunition.

W. J. KNAPP.

GARWOOD'S STANDARD PERFUMES.

Have just opened a new and complete line of the standard perfumes. White Rose, Jockey Club, Lily of the Valley, Violet, besides the newest and best special odors, as May Buds, Crab Apple Blossoms, Trailing Arbutus, and Locust Blossoms. Toilet Waters and a few novelties in the line of perfumes.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Repairing of the same a specialty.

E. C. HILL, Jeweler.

COLD WEATHER IS COMING

And, in order that you may prepare for it, we would say that we have a full line of Glazier-Strong Oil Stove Co.'s Oil Heaters (for which we are exclusive factory agents), Base Burners, Wood Stoves, Stove Boards, Oil Cloth, Oil Cloth Binding, and a full line of Hardware, Guns and Ammunition all at the lowest prices. One work and one light harness at cost.

HOAG & HOLMES.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

HARD ON THE NERVES.

WASHINGTON DISTURBED BY THE RAINMAKERS.

The Old Kearsarge to Be Reproduced at Indianapolis—Signal Man Fell Asleep—Dispatcher Was to Blame—Sulphur from Popocatepetl.

Rain-Making Efforts at Washington.
AFTER a dry spell of many weeks Washington, D. C., caught a light rain-fall the other night as the alleged result of the series of explosions which the experts of the Agricultural Department have been causing across the river. But the cost of the experiments have been too great in the sacrifice of nerves and comfort to make the plan entirely popular with Washington people. Their patience was exhausted when after midnight Thursday night there was a roar that shook every house in the city, after which a slight rain fell. One army officer who observed the experiments because he could not sleep asserts that the first two shocks brought down smart showers which settled into a steady rain, but this was suddenly stopped by the last two explosions.

Panther at Large Near St. Joseph, Mo.
A LARGE panther has been terrifying the people about St. Joseph, Mo., for a week no farmer leaves his dooryard without a rifle. Since it first made its appearance it has killed a number of calves and hogs and in one instance a full-grown cow, which it dragged over a mile. Wednesday night a farmer named Haynes opened his door to allow his dog to enter, when he was confronted by the panther. He closed the door just in time to escape a blow from the animal's paw. The dog was torn to pieces. It is supposed the animal escaped from some menagerie.

Permanent Receiver for the Iron Hall.
In special term of the Supreme Court Judge Parker appointed the Binghamton, N. Y., Trust Company permanent receiver of the Iron Hall funds in New York. The temporary receivership of George E. Clines, of New York, was set aside. The fund thus placed in charge of the trust company amount to about \$200,000. It is said that all the agents of life insurance companies in Binghamton recently had a meeting, at which it was decided to take legal steps to restrain the movement of the reorganization of the Iron Hall in the city under the Baltimore plan.

Coal Creek Miners Burn a House.
NEAR Oliver Springs, Tenn., the house of Mrs. Lewis was completely destroyed by fire. A crowd of miners marched into the town and openly set the house on fire. Mrs. Lewis was kind to the soldiers, and that is the cause of the miners' deed. A report was at once made and a reply received from Nashville that Capt. Roach has called for volunteers, and 100 responded and are ready to march at a moment's notice.

BREVITIES.

MR. CHAMBERS, an American, will preside at the international monetary conference to be held in Brussels.

The signal man at the point where the train disaster in England occurred says he fell asleep and neglected to turn the signals.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict in the Reading Railway wreck, holding John R. Rupp, yardmaster at West Falls, responsible, in that he disobeyed the orders of the train dispatcher.

LIMIT of weight for packages of "samples of merchandise" for Austro-Hungary has been increased to twelve ounces, through an agreement entered into between the two governments.

The Bureau of American Republics is informed that a company has been organized to mine the sulphurs in the craters of the volcanoes of Popocatepetl, which is now said to be in a quiescent state.

FROM Jan. 1 to Oct. 31 there have been in Philadelphia 3,685 cases of diphtheria. Of these 1,095 were fatal. The ravages of the disease continue to increase; twenty-six cases being reported Friday.

A RECEIVER has been appointed for the American Protective League, an endowment order at Boston. The assets are \$130,000, and it is said members will receive from 25 to 75 per cent. of what they paid in.

The general directory of the Industrial Brotherhood of Canada, in annual session, passed a resolution condemning the present financial policy of Canada, and stigmatized it as a farce, in so far as it purports to benefit the masses.

At Sydney, N. S. W., Francis Abigail, Director, and Manager MacNamara, of the Australian Banking Company, who were charged with issuing false balance sheets for the purpose of defrauding shareholders of the company, have been found guilty. Abigail was sentenced to five years and MacNamara to seven years' penal servitude.

The full-size model of the Union cruiser Kearsarge, which was one of the most attractive features of the Grand Army display in Washington, will soon disappear from the white lot where, its hull, masts, and spars have been a pleasing addition to the landscape. It will be taken to pieces and transferred to Indianapolis, where it will be rebuilt in time for the Grand Army encampment next year. Permission was secured from the Secretary of the Navy to remove all parts of the vessel belonging to the Government, all expenses to be borne by the Indianapolis managers of the encampment.

EASTERN.

An explosion on the Potomac River steamer Wakefield caused the death of three men.

A. R. McCowan & Co., wholesale motion dealers of Philadelphia, have made an assignment.

MAX SCHOENTHAL, a New York hop and malt dealer, has failed. His liabilities aggregate upward of \$250,000.

CONSUL GENERAL DOMINGO RUIZ of Ecuador, accused of forging notes, was acquitted by Justice Ryan in New York City.

SAMUEL J. SELIGMAN, son of James Seligman, of the well-known banking house, was married to a Miss Lissio in New York.

AN American woman in a Philadelphia hospital has every symptom of leprosy. The patient is 67 years old, and always lived in the Quaker City.

AT Point Breeze, near Philadelphia, a loss of \$200,000 was sustained by the burning of several vessels and a large section of wharf property.

HON. JOHN D. WASHBURN, of Worcester, Mass., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Switzerland, has resigned his office.

BROCKTON, Mass., was visited by a \$70,000 fire. The factories of the Brockton Last Company, the largest in the United States, were destroyed. The insurance was light.

AT Pittsburg, Pa., Salvatore Catanzara, a Sicilian, was found in a dying condition on Duquesne way. He had been stabbed in the left side with a stiletto, but by whom is not known.

IN the United States District Court at Boston Judge Putnam sustained the indictment against ex-President Potter of the Maverick bank, but held invalid those against Thomas Dana and Jonas H. French. Dana and French were discharged from custody.

THE Schuylkill River at Point Breeze, the extreme southern point of Philadelphia, is always covered with a scum of oil from adjacent works, and since the oil fire there more than the usual quantity has been floating on the surface. William Miller, Albert Krumbach, and Warren Hilt started from the eastern shore in a rowboat to cross the river. When 150 feet from the shore one of the men lighted his pipe and tossed the blazing stick into the water. A burst of flames shot up, and instantly the surface around the boat was blazing fiercely. The men plunged into the burning fluid, and tried to swim ashore. Hilt sank beneath the blazing surface and was seen no more; but his two companions by repeatedly diving and swimming beneath the surface succeeded in reaching the shore. Both men were horribly burned. The wrecking steamer Maryland caught fire and was damaged to the extent of \$15,000.

WESTERN.

ST. PAUL enjoyed a snow-storm Tuesday.

NEBRASKA Knights of Pythias lose \$3,000 by the failure of the Ainsworth Bank.

THE recent fires at Cleveland are thought to have been of incendiary origin.

THE bank of O. M. Hollenback at Auburn, Cal., failed Monday. Liabilities, \$64,000.

THE 10-year-old daughter of J. Englebrizen, of Fairmount, Minn., was burned to death.

WILLIE MITCHELL, 18 years old, was killed near Barry, Ill., while stealing a ride on a Wabash freight train.

THE power plant of the Beatrice, (Neb.) Electric Street Railway and Lighting Company was burned. Loss, \$15,000; fully insured.

THE first production in English on any stage of "L'Ami Fritz" was given recently in San Francisco by Alexander Salvini. It proved a success.

THE new Athletic Association building on Michigan avenue, Chicago, supposed to be fire-proof, burned like a pile of straw Monday night. Loss, \$80,000.

THE Davenport, Iowa and Dakota Railway was sold at auction at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, to the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern, for \$620,000.

THE State Auditor of Minnesota, Adolph Biermann, was severely beaten on the streets of St. Paul by a teamster and a hack agent who made an unprovoked attack on him.

THE Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company's license to do business in Michigan has been revoked, because the assets have been reduced to less than \$7,000. The company is solvent, however.

FIVE men were badly scalded by the bursting of a steam pipe in the Webster Manufacturing works at Chicago. The pipe that exploded was an inch in diameter. It is supposed that it became clogged in some way.

JAMES R. BARTLETT, one of the survivors of the Jeannette expedition, committed suicide at San Francisco after shooting his wife and killing her sister. Bartlett's mind is believed to have been weakened by his terrible experience in the arctic regions.

ED OLESON, aged 27, and Joseph Whitton, aged 18, were drowned in Devil's Lake, N. D., while crossing Grand Harbor Bay in a small boat accompanied by Miss Buisso and Miss Oleson. The boat capsized. The women clung to the boat, drifting ashore unconscious.

SEVERAL persons are reported to have been killed by an explosion at nitroglycerine factory No. 2, near Lima, Ohio. An explosion following a small fire in the mantel and grate warehouse of A. Teachout on Michigan street,

Cleveland, occurred Friday. Several persons are reported badly injured.

AT McCoun, Neb., a coffee urn in the Burlington and Missouri River Railway Hotel exploded Sunday night and set fire to the building. Most of the occupants of the building escaped without injury, but Mrs. E. S. Granger, wife of the proprietor, was burned to death before she could escape. E. S. Granger was fatally burned in attempting his wife's rescue, and his little daughter was dangerously burned. A traveling man named McGill, from Chicago, jumped from a second-story window and broke his hip. The loss on the building is \$35,000.

A PORTION of Milwaukee's business district was swept by fire Friday night. More than eleven blocks were burned over, and over 1,000 people rendered homeless. Several lives were lost and many people fatally injured. Many buildings were blown up with dynamite by the firemen, materially aiding to check the flames. During the blaze the wind was blowing furiously at the rate of fifty miles an hour. Losses are estimated from \$6,000,000 to \$7,000,000. Chicago, Racine, Kenosha, Sheboygan and Waukesha sent aid, and by their help the fire was under control at daybreak in the morning.

THREE masked men rode into Spearville, Kas., Tuesday morning and halted in front of the Hennessy Bank. There were few people on the street, and the men were not noticed even by the bank officials until the robbers were at the railing with their weapons presented. Two of the masked men went inside and the third remained on the outside holding his Winchester aimed at Cashier Baird, who is crippled and unable to use but one hand. They compelled Mr. Baird to open the small safe and hand over \$10,000 in gold, all of the money that the bank had on hand. They then fired their Winchester through the heavy glass in the front, and the railings of the bank, and making the crippled cashier get on his knees under the counter, they mounted their horses and rode away, taking not only the money but the office inkstands, pen-racks and similar small fixtures with them. Sheriff Beeson, with a party, is in pursuit of the robbers.

SOUTHERN.

TWO MEN held up a train on a southern railroad near Piedmont, Ala., and got \$750 and some valuable mail packages.

In a wreck at Disputanta, Va., on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, fourteen freight cars were wrecked and a white tramp killed.

THOMAS A. GLEASON, a well-known cotton buyer at New Orleans, has been arrested, charged with forgery. The amount involved is \$8,000.

TWO BROTHERS named Burgess, who were in jail at Lebanon, Va., charged with murder, were taken from their cells by friends of their victim and hanged.

THE supreme military council has confirmed the death sentence passed upon Colonel Nieves Hernandez, charged with treason in failing to capture Garza, the revolutionist.

THE case against Webster Flannigan, Collector of Customs at El Paso, Tex., accused of assisting to smuggle Chinamen into the country, fell through when it was called for trial in the United States Court on Thursday.

THE Zacatecas observatory, City of Mexico, reports the discovery, Monday, of a comet in the constellation of Cancer, giving its position as ascension, right 8 degrees 43 minutes; declination, north 16 degrees 5 minutes.

It has been arranged by the World's Fair Commissioners of Kentucky and State Auditor Norman that a friendly suit will be brought to test the World's Fair's appropriation constitutionality, and an opinion favorable to the commissioners is expected in twenty days.

BRIGANDS made a raid upon the town of San Juan, Mexico, and after securing considerable money were about to start for the country when they were attacked by the rural guards. In the fight that ensued three of the bandits were fatally and four of the soldiers were seriously wounded.

FOREIGN.

THE Carmaux strike has been declared off.

FRENCH forces have routed the entire Dahomean army.

GRAND DUCHESS OLGA, dowager queen of Wurtemberg, is dead.

It is said British farm rents must be reduced because of the depression in agriculture.

GOVERNORS of Austrian provinces have been requested to prevent emigration to America.

ABOUT fifty bodies have been washed ashore from the wreck of the steamer Koumanian near Peniche, Portugal.

M. DEVEAUX, director of the Ottoman bank at Constantinople, has committed suicide by drowning himself at Corfu.

RESIGNATION of the Portuguese Cabinet is anticipated, in which event Serpa Pimental will be commissioned to form a new ministry.

DAILY reports of suspected cases of cholera in Hamburg will no longer be issued on account of the rapidly disappearing plague. Only genuine cases will be reported in the future.

THE Liberator Building Society, which recently failed at London, owes its shareholders and creditors £3,313,000, while, according to the official receiver, the real assets amount to only £50,000.

The steamer Stratsraad Riddervold, conveying the mails coastwise from Christiansand, stranded near Gimnaes during a blinding snowstorm. The ves-

sel filled rapidly and sank. The passengers and crew were saved, but all the passengers' luggage and the mails, except a large number of registered letters, were lost.

THE Marquis di Cappelli, who was Under Secretary in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs under the Robillan Ministry when the Triple Alliance treaty was concluded, has written a letter in which he declares that the statesmen who have personal knowledge of the terms of the treaty are able to assert that it contains no stipulation binding Italy in regard to her armaments.

THE Hawaiian Cabinet was ousted October 17th on a vote of want of confidence by the Legislature. The editor of the Bulletin has been arrested on a charge of criminal libel preferred by United States Minister Stevens. The Bulletin charged the minister with being tardy in sending the cruiser Boston in search of the sailors from the wreck of the ship William A. Campbell.

DEPUTY BASTY called attention in the French Chamber of Deputies to the recent conflicts between French and Belgian miners at Lens in the District of Pas de Calais. He accused the mining companies of discharging their French miners because they had votes and replacing them with Belgian miners, and he demanded the adoption of measures against foreign miners.

IN GENERAL.

GEORGE E. CONVERSE, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Nicaragua Canal Convention, has issued a call for the reassembling of the convention at New Orleans, Nov. 30.

E. C. O'BRIEN, United States Commissioner of Navigation, in his annual report, says that the tonnage of shipping on the great lakes has been increased from 711,269 tons in 1881 to 1,183,582 in 1892.

ON and after Jan. 1, 1893, the Adams Express Company will occupy all the lines controlled by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, an addition of about seven thousand miles to the vast system, on which the express business is conducted by the Adams company. The express business on the Burlington system east of the Missouri River is now done by the American Express Company; west of the Missouri by Wells, Fargo & Co. The arrangement means an abandonment, for the present at least, of the intention of the Burlington to establish its own express line.

THE British steamer Oramore, arrived at Boston, had on board the crew of the wrecked barque Supreme, rescued at sea. When sighted the barque was almost totally dismasted. Its foremast was gone by the deck, maintop gallant mast and rudder were carried away, and the vessel had twelve feet of water in its hold. A volunteer crew was mustered and one of the lifeboats was launched. After battling with the elements for nearly an hour the volunteers managed to reach the water-logged vessel and only with great difficulty took off the captain, eleven seamen, and the stewardess and landed them safely on the deck of the Oramore. It was dark at the time of the rescue and was blowing hard and the vessel was rolling and pitching heavily, which rendered it dangerous in going alongside.

THE Northwestern Miller reports the flour output as follows at the points named for the past week: Minneapolis, 224,460; St. Louis, 95,900; Milwaukee, 50,400; Duluth, 34,238; Superior, 9,455; Toledo, Ohio, 6,000; total, 420,453. Expression has been given, probably not wholly without authority, to the idea that lively skirmishing will be done this winter by the all-rail lines to get part of the flour-carrying business from the Northwest. In the summer they are pretty effectually kept from getting much of this traffic by the low rates made by lake. In the winter this business naturally gravitates toward the across lake lines, owing to their making rates two cents per 100 pounds less than by all rail. It is now intimated that the all-rail people will next winter be even more aggressive than they were last year, and make terms that will be sure to bring them business.

MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.	\$2.50	@ 6.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades.	3.50	@ 5.75
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.	4.00	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	.70	@ .71
CORN—No. 2.	.41	@ .42
OATS—No. 2.	.29	@ .30
RYE—No. 2.	.49	@ .51
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.	.27	@ .29
EGGS—Fresh.	.20 1/2	@ 21 1/2
POTATOES—New, per bu.	.60	@ .70
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping.	3.25	@ 5.00
HOGS—Choice Light.	3.50	@ 6.00
SHEEP—Common to Prime.	3.00	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	.65	@ .65 1/2
CORN—No. 1 White.	.39	@ .40
OATS—No. 2 White.	.34	@ .34 1/2
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE.	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS.	3.50	@ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	.65	@ .66
CORN—No. 2.	.37 1/2	@ .38 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	.28	@ .29
RYE—No. 2.	.50	@ .51
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE.	3.00	@ 5.00
HOGS.	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP.	3.00	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	.66	@ .66 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Mixed.	.43	@ .44
OATS—No. 2.	.32	@ .33
RYE—No. 2.	.55	@ .57
DETROIT.		
CATTLE.	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.	3.00	@ 5.00
SHEEP.	3.00	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2.	3.00	@ 5.00
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.	.72	@ .73
OATS—No. 2 White.	.43 1/2	@ .44 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.	.35 1/2	@ .36 1/2
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2.	.71	@ .72
CORN—No. 2 White.	.41	@ .41 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	.31	@ .31 1/2
RYE.	.53	@ .55
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.	3.00	@ 5.25
HOGS—Best Grade.	4.00	@ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.	.48	@ .47
CORN—No. 2.	.46	@ .47
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.	.67	@ .68
CORN—No. 2.	.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 1 White.	.33	@ .34
RYE—No. 1.	.51	@ .53
BARLEY—No. 2.	.60	@ .68
PORK—Mess.	11.75	@ 12.25
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE.	3.50	@ 5.50
HOGS.	3.00	@ 6.25
SHEEP.	3.00	@ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	.60	@ 6.25
CORN—No. 2.	.50	@ .77
OATS—Mixed Western.	.35	@ .37
BUTTER—Creamery.	.29	@ .30
PORK—New Mess.	13.00	@ 13.50

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

LIEUTENANT SCHWATKA OF ARCTIC FAME.

Ten Lives Sacrificed in a Railway Wreck in England—Scheme for Rapid Mail Transit at the Fair—Canadian Cattle Condemned.

Mangled and Burned.

A RAILWAY accident occurred early Wednesday morning near Thirsk, in Yorkshire, Eng., by which ten persons were killed and several injured. The express train which leaves Edinburgh every evening for London was running at full speed as it approached Thirsk, when ahead of it appeared a heavily laden freight train. The engineer of the express reversed his engine and put on the brakes, but it was too late. The wrecked carriages caught fire and were destroyed. A large number of persons from near-by places were soon at the scene and did everything possible to extricate the dead and injured. The burning cars greatly hampered their efforts, but had it not been for their bravery the loss of life would have been much greater. The scene at this wreck was pitiable. Some of the bodies had been burned beyond all semblance to humanity. The clothing had been destroyed, and in some cases the jewelry worn had been melted by the intense heat. This will render the identification of the dead in some cases extremely difficult, if not altogether impossible.

Lieut. Schwatka's Sudden Death.

LIEUT. FREDERICK G. SCHWATKA, who made his name famous by commanding the expedition to the Arctic region in search of the records of the lost Sir John Franklin party, is dead. The Lieutenant was found lying in the street at Portland, Oregon. By his side was a half empty bottle of laudanum. He was in a comatose condition and was immediately removed to the St. Charles Hotel. Dr. Wheeler, the City Physician, at once discovered that the Lieutenant was suffering from narcotic poisoning. He died in a few hours.

Three Dynamite Caps in a Stove.

AT Asheville, N. C., Ella Lytle, a 12-year-old white child, was dusting the mantel when she brushed a box of dynamite caps into the stove. The caps exploded and threw the girl down, tore a hole in the ceiling, and shattered the window panes. Pieces of the exploded shells were found all over the girl's body, one piece imbedding itself two inches beneath the skin. The girl is dangerously hurt, but there is a slight chance for her recovery.

NEWS NUGGETS.

THREE prisoners broke through the wall and escaped from the Lima, Ohio, jail.

A THREE per cent. dividend has been declared on American cotton seed oil, payable Nov. 19.

ONE THOUSAND five-hundred cans of opium were seized on the schooner Oregon from Portland at San Francisco.

AN alleged horse thief, Dean McVeagh, was shot and killed while resisting arrest by Fred Drees at St. Henry's, Ohio.

THE distillery plant known as distillery No. 5 in Louisville, Ky., is reported to have been bought by Rosenfeld Bros. & Co. of Chicago.

THE sugar trust has placed a contract with John Bailey, of Philadelphia, for 5,000,000 bags, in which all sugars will hereafter be shipped.

WESTERN and Southern railway securities, belonging to the estate of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, were sold at public auction in New York.

EXCLUSIVE of specie, the total exports from New York for the week ending Nov. 1 were \$8,755,780, against \$7,277,759 for the corresponding week of 1891.

THE Keystone express train ran into a freight train near Pittsburg. The engineer and fireman of the express were badly injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

PETER SHIELDS, watchman at Schweigert's dye house, Philadelphia, Pa., was found dead. Vitriol had been poured over him. His wife has been charged with the murder.

THE bodies of Mrs. J. G. Johnson and her 15-year-old son were found in the Mission District, San Francisco. The mother had evidently killed her child, then herself. She was deserted by her husband a year ago.

OFFICERS from the Uintah Indian reservation, in Utah, express considerable anxiety at the temporary removal from Fort Duchesne of a portion of the United States troops. It is said the Indians are now indulging in drunken orgies.

CANADIAN cattle shippers are much excited over the report that the English Board of Agriculture has ordered 12,000 head of cattle, landed at Dundee from Canada, to be slaughtered, on account of the existence of pleuro-pneumonia among them.

ANTICIPATING the large volume of mail and the value of quick transmission during the World's Fair, the United States Rapid Transit Company of Chicago has submitted the details of an elevated road to the Postoffice Department at Washington. The plan is to erect this system between the Exposition grounds and the Postoffice, and by means of an electric cable placed high enough to clear all buildings along the route, attain a speed of 200 miles a minute.

THUS far twenty-one bodies of persons drowned in the Roumania disaster have been recovered.

BETWEEN \$6,000 and \$7,000 worth of smuggled opium, consigned for Chicago, has been seized by customs officers at Detroit.

OLD SOLDIERS AT HOME.

THEY TELL SOME AMUSING ANECDOTES AND STORIES.

How the Boys of Both Armies Whiled Away Life in Camp—Forging Experiences, Tiresome Marches—Thrilling Scenes on the Battle-Field.

Capturing a Mule.

Another incident of Gen. Sherman's march to the sea is related by a writer in the *Comrade*, and is substantially as follows:

During Sherman's march to the sea we all got marching enough. We got very tired of the everlasting up one hillside, down another, and crossing narrow valleys, or mayhap following some stream for a day or more. It seemed as if the world was growing larger in that part, and we were following the largest part.

At Cowpens I became possessed of what is called a war-halter—a simple affair, made of rope. Soon after three of us set out to see what we could find. We found a plantation, but in that was not movable property; but in a pen stood a nice, honest-looking mule. Now my halter comes in use. I began to skirmish with that mule. He surrendered so soon that I supposed I had found a prize, and determined to ride into camp. No trudging on foot hereafter—I owned a mule.

With a little aid from my comrades I mounted, taking with me my knapsack, haversack, canteen, cartridge-box, and sixty rounds, and slinging my musket over my shoulder, was ready to march. Mule was not ready. He seldom is ready. I was not much surprised, having seen mules before. I proceeded to administer boot heels as spurs, when it seemed to me there was an explosion of mule. I went heavenward, likewise gun, canteen, knapsack, haversack, and cartridge box. I never knew how far I went up nor how much time I was up. I know I went up and that I came back down to earth the shortest way. I did not "light" on the mule. I did not again mount the mule. Upon reflection I concluded that I did not want to make either that upward or downward journey again. Indeed I may as well confess that my desire to ride that mule had departed. I looked upon marching in Sherman's army as a healthy exercise.

That mule stood there like "the boy on the burning deck." He looked sleepy, innocent, happy, unimaginative, kindly, honest, friendly, as if he didn't mean it and wouldn't again.

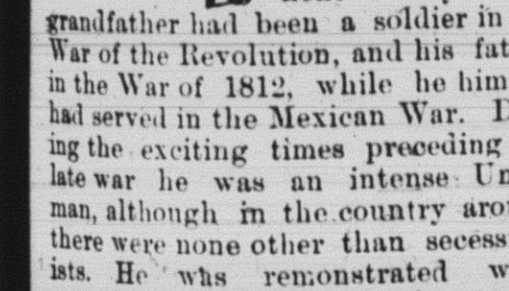
I quoted Patrick Henry to him: "Trust it not, sir! Suffer not yourself to be betrayed by a kiss."

Just then that mule sounded the surgeon's call—did you ever hear it? It sounded like the song of a fog horn. I waited not for the surgeon, but started after my regiment.

In due time my comrades followed, working that mule in a camp. One was ahead, pulling at the halter; the other persuaded from the rear. They earned all he brought them from the quartermaster.

Loyalty's Flag Unfurled.

HERE died in 1870 in Southern Kentucky, said Capt. Carson, near the Tennessee line an old and eccentric bachelor. He was quite wealthy and had for a great many years been the sole survivor of a large and prominent family. His grandfather had been a soldier in the War of the Revolution, and his father in the War of 1812, while he himself had served in the Mexican War. During the exciting times preceding the late war he was an intense Union man, although in the country around there were none other than secessionists. He was remonstrated with, coaxed, begged and even threatened, but to no avail. He remained loyal to the old flag. His plantation, which was very large, was bounded on one side by a road and on the other three sides by a dense forest. On the opposite from the dwelling, which was located on the public road, and at the farthest point in the edge of the forest was the family graveyard, in which were buried his ancestors, including the grandfather and father above referred to. On the breaking out of the war he sent to Louisville and bought a very large American flag, and had erected in this graveyard a high flag staff and not withstanding the repeated threats of his disloyal neighbors he unfurled from its top the star spangled banner and swore he would defend it with his life's blood, if necessary. When asked why he had chosen this place in which to fly his colors, he said his ancestors were buried there, and that they were all loyal men and women who loved their country and their country's flag, and he intended that the first thing that greeted their sight when Gabriel blew his last trumpet should be the flag they had loved so well and fought so valiantly to uphold and defend. And there that flag waved through all the bloody conflict. When the war was ended and peace once more reigned throughout the land, he had it taken down and carefully laid away, with the injunction that it was to be hung to the breeze only on special occasions; such as the Fourth of July, Washington's birthday, anniversary of Lee's surrender, etc., and there is no doubt to-day, being Decoration Day, but that it is



proudly waving over this old graveyard, thus decorating the graves of these loyal men and women.

How a Corps Got a Badge.

The following telegraphic correspondence writes G. A. Lyn of the Twenty-third Michigan Infantry: I do not remember to have ever seen in print, and it was between two men who were somewhat conspicuous during and since the war, I will give it as near verbatim as I now recollect it.

While Gen. Thomas was in Nashville, preparing to strike the blow which resulted in the complete annihilation of Hood's army, the command of Gen. A. J. Smith was ordered there and arrived just in time to take a very active and important part in the two days' battles and was in advance of the army in the pursuit of Hood; in fact, Gen. Smith followed Hood across the Tennessee River to Corinth, Miss., where he found that Hood's army had vanished, and as there was no enemy to fight or chase, and being somewhat of a hustler, as we would term him now, he was at a loss to know just what to do, so he telegraphed General Sherman as follows:

"I am here in command of the wandering tribes of Israel, without a name and without a number. Where shall I go and what shall I do?"

This dispatch came through General Schofield's headquarters, to which I was attached, and which was then at Clifton, Tenn., and was immediately forwarded to General Sherman. The reply came quickly, and shows that General Sherman appreciated the situation and could be humorous even in the midst of "grim visaged war." He said:

"Continue on your peripatetic course until you arrive at the land of Canby, where you will receive both a name and a number. Your corps badge is a comet."

General Canby was at that time at Mobile, Ala., in command of the department of the Gulf.

Crushed the Militia Colonel.

"When I was in the Army of the Potomac," said the veteran to a Detroit *Free Press* man, "I frequently stood guard near Gen. Grant's tent, and I knew him quite well. There was always a lot of people around then, and among them for a while was a Militia Colonel who knew more about war than the entire army. He wore as much uniform as he could hang onto himself, and he bragged from morning to night. The General kind of let him go ahead, for business just then was dull, and anything went that made matters lively. One day, though, when there was some prospect ahead for fighting, I seen the General with a half-dozen officers and the Colonel in front of his tent talking. I was close enough to hear, for it wasn't a secret council, and I noticed the Colonel was getting in his best looks and splutterin' around like a hen with her head cut off, and the General was getting nervous. At last he turned to the Colonel. 'Well, Colonel,' he said, 'what do you propose to do?'

"The Colonel was tickled to death, and swelled up like a turkey gobbler. 'Well, sir,' he said, 'I propose to capture Gen. Lee.'

"I never saw Gen. Grant look so serious in my life as when he heard that, and he laid his hand on the Colonel's shoulder.

"Don't do it, Colonel," he said in his quiet way. "Don't do it. The Confederacy can't get along without him."

"I don't know why it was," concluded the veteran, with a sly smile, "but I never heard much of the Colonel after that."

Out of the Ditch.

ON the first day of the Wilderness fight, says Major Wright, in "Glimpses of a Nation's Struggle," the Adjutant of the One Hundred and Forty-sixth New York was prostrated by a minie bullet which shattered his left arm. He crawled into a ditch, across which the Confederate lines charged and were repulsed. The ditch was soon filled with the wounded and unwarmed of both armies.

All that afternoon the fire was so hot that not a man dared to raise his head above the ditch. A majority of its occupants were Confederates, one of whom, an officer of the Tenth Virginia, ordered his men to spread blankets for the wounded Adjutant, and to make him as comfortable as possible.

As darkness drew on, the wounded Adjutant told the Confederate officer that if he could get into the Union lines he could secure better medical attendance, and that, being wounded, he was not worth much as a prisoner.

"If you can get there you are at liberty to do so," replied the Confederate.

The Adjutant exchanged cards and shook hands with the officer, and both men climbed out of the ditch, but on opposite sides. The Adjutant reached the Union lines, where his arm was amputated and he was sent home.

What He Knew About the War of 1812.

"Professor, I understand you have flunked my son in history in spite of his assurance to me that he answered accurately ever question on the paper."

"Yes, Mr. Bunker, it is true. There was but one question on the paper and your son answered it rightly."

"And yet you flunked him?" "Tell all the question was: 'What was your son's answer was: 'It was fought in 1812. That is all I know about it.' Un- doubtedly correct, sir, but hardly comprehensive."

MILWAUKEE ABLAZE.

BUSINESS PORTION SWEEPED BY FURIOUS FLAMES.

Blocks of Factories and Many Residences Burned—Hundreds of People Driven from Their Homes and Save Nothing—Loss Six Millions.

Miniature Chicago Fire.

The lower portion of the East Side of Milwaukee went up in a whirlwind of flame Friday night. The burned portion comprises the wholesale district, the Northwestern Railway yards, and gas works. It is also thickly inhabited by Italians, Poles, Germans and Irish, most of whom are poor and have lost everything. The loss will be between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000.

The fire started shortly before 6 o'clock in the wholesale liquor house of A. Blade & Son. The wind at the time was blowing fully sixty miles an hour. As the fire broke through the roof the hurricane caught up the brands, and, whirling them across the block, flung them full on the seven-story building of Bubb & Kipp on the corner of Broadway and Buffalo streets. Before the engines on a third alarm could arrive and come into action the Kipp building was a mass of flames.

This was the beginning of the end. The sparks were caught up by the gale and whirled hither and yon, while the firemen, fighting bravely in the molten shower, found their efforts powerless to stay the progress of the flames. A general alarm was turned in, bringing the entire fighting force of the city into action, but it was unable to stay the steady march of the flames which now were rioting blocks away.

From this on it was a steady conquering march. The big streams of water looked like squirts guns playing against the roaring sea of flame. From Bubb & Kipp's the fire had eaten backward to East Water street, but there it was held by hard fighting, with the fire companies enveloped in smoke and flames, undistinguishable except as the wind whirled the curtain apart at times for a second.

People Driven from Their Homes.

Balked here, the flames threw themselves with renewed vigor on the territory to the eastward and leeward. There no engines stayed their progress, and they roared down across Broadway, stopped for a moment in the block between that street and Milwaukee street, then jumped over that and continued their unimpeded career toward the lake, a half mile away, carrying destruction, ruin, and despair to poor families who were in their path. These people hurriedly left their homes, carrying with them what they could, and where this was impossible by the sudden onset of the hurricane of fire fled swiftly, not stopping to look behind, only glad to escape with their lives. Mixed in with the small wooden buildings, which were the dwelling places of these unfortunates, were huge wholesale houses. The fire king made no invidious distinctions. The big trade warehouses went with the humbler home. The only difference was that he stayed longer with the former.

The territory burned out is in the shape of a slightly obtuse triangle with the apex at Blade & Co.'s, on the river, the upper side Detroit street, the lower Menominee street to Milwaukee and then to the Milwaukee River, and the base Lake Michigan. Roughly it is a space two-thirds of a mile long on the base line.

At 7:30 o'clock Friday night Fire Chief Swenie, of Chicago, received a message from Chief James Foley, of Milwaukee, asking for immediate assistance. Exactly at 9:30, less than two hours after the call for help was received, the train left the north end of the Northwestern yards, with G. M. Harshaw, a trusty driver, at the throttle. The train consisted only of four flat cars containing the fire apparatus and a caboose, and looked more like a circus train than anything else. The caboose was filled with firemen, reporters, and fire-insurance adjusters. It was run as a special, and was given a through right of way from Chicago to Milwaukee.

Assistance also came from Kenosha, Racine and other towns near by. In the meantime in Milwaukee the scenes of Chicago's big fire were repeated. Hundreds of poor householders carried in their arms, in carts or wagons whatever they had been able to seize and save before they were obliged to fly from their burning homes. They did not feel safe until they put the Milwaukee River between them and the destroying enemy. The few engines which could be brought into action were unable to prevent the wild riot. Every street looking south was a molten hell. The efforts of that portion of the department to the west and north of the fire had been directed toward holding it from any retrograde march, and in this the men were successful.

Fully 10,000 people were made homeless, and leading insurance men say that about half the loss is covered by insurance. They estimate the total loss at \$5,775,000.

The losses are as follows:

Bubb & Kipp, furniture	\$300,000
J. E. Patton & Co., oils and paints	250,000
P. Klasinger, wholesale liquors	75,000
Milwaukee Mirror Works	80,000
B. B. Aidersdorf, tobacco	250,000
Guyler Lithograph Company	100,000
Roundy, Beckham & Co., wholesale produce	300,000
H. Scheffel & Co., wholesale grocers	200,000
J. Wellmaure & Co., wholesale grocers	200,000
Milwaukee Chair Company	250,000
Northwestern freight house, contents and cars	300,000
Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western freight houses	50,000
McLenden Hotel	25,000
McLenden & Co., confectionery	25,000
Saner & Co., glove manufacturers	10,000
Fifty smaller business houses	500,000
Five hundred dwellings and cottages	150,000
F. P. Dohmen & Co., druggists	100,000
Wesler & Vetter, machinery	40,000
Bayley & Sons, machinery	80,000
Inbusch Bros., grocers	200,000
Felner & Bros., confectionery	25,000
Delecker & Quentia, tool shop	35,000
Milwaukee Bag Company	50,000

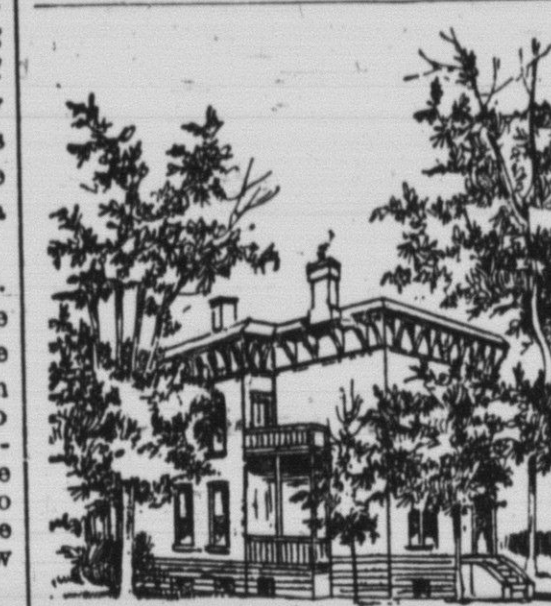
ASLEEP IN THE GRAVE.

Mrs. Harrison's Remains Laid to Rest at Indianapolis.

President Harrison and the grief-stricken members of his personal and official family arrived in Indianapolis Friday morning for the sad purpose of placing the remains of Mrs. Harrison at eternal rest in the place she lovingly called her home. The elegantly equipped special conveying the party arrived promptly on schedule time, and was greeted by thousands of sympathetic friends and admirers.

It was a quiet, good-natured throng and manifested its appreciation of the sadness of the occasion by a grave and respectful demeanor. The President's grief was generally respected and nearly all the men in attendance removed their hats and bowed their heads when he passed through the station, leading his sorrowing family to the carriages provided for them. A delay of half an hour was caused in transferring from the funeral car the wealth of floral emblems that typified the love and devotion of hundreds of friends.

Everything being in readiness the casket was lifted and slowly and reverently the cortege moved out through the



THE HARRISON RESIDENCE IN INDIANAPOLIS.

Union station to the carriages in waiting. The casket was borne by John B. Elam, the President's law partner, Judge Woods, the Hon. E. B. Martindale, Gen. Lew Wallace, Dr. Allen, and T. P. Haughey.

The carriages proceeded directly to the church, which was a thing of beauty in its somber and graceful decorations. On either side of the pulpit tall pyramids of beautiful snow-white chrysanthemums towered out of a bed of large green palm leaves and long, graceful ferns. Back of the pulpit, surrounding the organ, were great plants and palms. Over the organ were draped in evergreens large curtains of black crepe and white fabric, with bits of ivy here and there at every intersection of the folds. On the back wall between the two entrance doors was a semicircle of black and white crepe with two large silken American flags hung on either side—the only warm colors to be seen.

The only decoration of the exterior of the church is a heavy black draping over the large arch-like entrance on Pennsylvania street. All the immediate family friends and relatives were admitted to the church, so far as its capacity would allow. It was impossible to seat clubs and organized bodies. Representatives only of these could be accommodated. An exception in behalf of sixty representatives of the Seventieth (Harrison's) Regiment was made.

The President's pew, No. 84, was not used during the services, and was draped in black and white and strewn with flowers. On either side of the pew magnificent pyramids of white chrysanthemums and pot plants along the chair railings. On top of the railing the floral offerings were placed. When the funeral procession arrived at the church a crowd of 5,000 people thronged the side-



THE LOT IN CROWN HILL CEMETERY.

walks and pushed into the streets, not boisterously, but with a show of the most intense interest. The police had no difficulty in pushing the crowds back.

The church services were characterized by the greatest simplicity, in accordance with the wishes of the President. As the coffin was carried up the aisle and deposited in front of the chancel the organ pealed forth a soft melody. The choir then sang, "Lead, Kindly Light," with beautiful effect and Dr. Haines offered a short invocation and read a selection from the scriptures, after which he made brief and appropriate remarks, his text being, "Therefore Comfort one another with these words." Prayer was then offered by the Rev. Dr. Hyde, followed by the rendition of the hymn, "One Sweetly Solomn Thought." The services closed with a benediction by Dr. Haines, and the remains were at once taken to the grave in Crown Hill cemetery, where there was scriptural reading by Dr. Hyde and a prayer by Mr. Haines.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Michigan License May Be Revoked—His Arm Sawed Off—Presented a Bust of John J. Bagley—Condition of the State Banks.

From Far and Near.

JUDGE A. C. BALDWIN AND WIFE OF Pontiac celebrated their golden wedding.

JOHN BENTLEY, a well-known Saginaw engineer, was badly burned about the head by the explosion of a lamp.

A 2-YEAR-OLD daughter of W. W. Newcomb, of West Bay City, died from injuries received in falling from a chair.

The Sheriff of Montmorency County, who is compelled to also do all janitor work in the jail, gets the enormous salary of \$450.

PADDY McDANNAH, a noted Ripley character, in a row the other day, had an eye injured so badly that he will lose the use of the organ.

At Saginaw George Lee was bound over to the Circuit Court on a charge of criminally assaulting Mamie Steve. In default of \$1,000 bail he will spend his time in jail.

CLAUDE BENNETT, of Alletown, while out rabbit hunting accidentally discharged his gun, and the shot lodged in his arm near the elbow joint, fracturing both bones.

ED WHITE, reported to have died at the Sault in a fit, is supposed to be Edward Guette, of Saginaw. When steps were taken to identify him, it was found that the man was only in a trance.

MARTIN ENGLEBRECHT, owner of a hardwood saw mill in Cheboygan County, was knocked against a circular saw by a rolling log. His arm was cut off close to the shoulder, and saved into several pieces.

JOHN F. ARNOTT, of the Sault, will build a mill with a capacity of 30,000 feet of lumber and 40,000 shingles per day, at Finland Siding, the place where the D. S. S. & A. crosses the middle branch of the Ontonagon River.

MISS CLARA J. ATKINSON of Port Huron, daughter of O'Brien Atkinson, and John J. Cronin of Toronto were married. Miss Franc Boynton, daughter of Major N. S. Boynton, and Jesse D. Patterson were married at the same place.

GERTIE, the 4-year-old daughter of Wm. Burns, of Crow Island, died from the effects of burns received through setting fire to her clothes while playing with matches. The child, as she rushed about fighting the flames, was a fearful sight.

LEONARD H. DEFORNETMONT, a sculptor of note, who has been decorated by Leopold II. of Belgium, has presented the State of Michigan with a magnificent bust of the late ex-Gov. John J. Bagley. The bust, which is forty-five inches high, is mounted on a pedestal. It was placed in the gallery adjoining the executive office at Lansing.

VINCENT BIELAK, a Buena Vista constable, lost his star. A jeweler found it and thought he'd play a good trick on Bielak by selling his official insignia to him and returning on the next day the money paid for it. When the constable learned that he had been compelled to purchase what really belonged to him, he got hot and had the jeweler arrested. Explanations were made, and everything was satisfactorily settled.

MR. SHERWOOD, Commissioner of Banking, issued a statement of the condition of the 136 State banks and three trust companies of the State as shown by reports made at the close of business Sept. 30. The total reserves are given at \$1,213,426.93, and the combined capital \$10,941,409.67. The total deposits were \$62,711,701.87, of which \$36,959,572.87 were savings deposits. Since July 12, the date of the last report, the total deposits increased \$3,973,437.63 and the savings \$1,053,201.33.

THE Lansing Insurance Department is without official information from the Insurance Commissioner of Ohio of the condition of the Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company. An inquiry has been wired him, but no reply has been received. If the report of condition as published be verified by the Ohio Commissioner, it will represent an impairment of nearly 45 per cent. of its capital, while an impairment of 15 per cent. debars it from doing business in Michigan, and the Commissioner will promptly revoke its license as a stock company.

JOHN HAMIE, a Swede, was seriously cut about the head in a saloon row at the Sault.

FLOYD SMITH, an 8-year-old Saginaw boy, was run over and fatally injured by an electric car.

IRON MOUNTAIN schools have been closed for several weeks on account of the prevalence of diphtheria.

EUGENE BOYER, of Iron Mountain, was drowned by the capsizing of his boat. He was a soldier of the rebellion.

THE bars of Dr. J. M. Collier and C. A. Frisbie and two residences owned by C. A. Frisbie and Mrs. Smith were burned at Plymouth. Total loss, about \$4,000.

CHRIS BURMEISTER and wife, of Exeter, both about 70 years of age, were thrown out of their buggy in a runaway, and both sustained dangerous injuries.

A DAUGHTER of a farmer named Stebbins was accidentally shot near Cone by a revolver, the ball entering her head just back of the right ear and inflicting a dangerous wound.

A FATAL accident occurred at a lumbering camp near Luther. James McFall was run over by a pair of logging wheels and so badly injured that he died. He had a wife and three children.

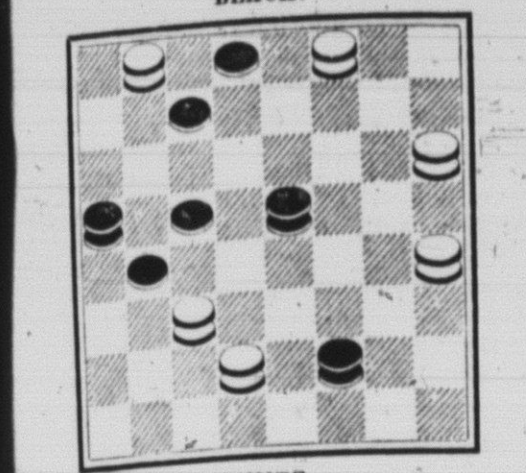
THREE contraband Chinamen passed through Bay City, having entered Michigan in the Upper Peninsula. They were overhauled at Jackson on a message from a Deputy United States Marshal. They were headed for Chicago.

OUR CHECKER COLUMN.

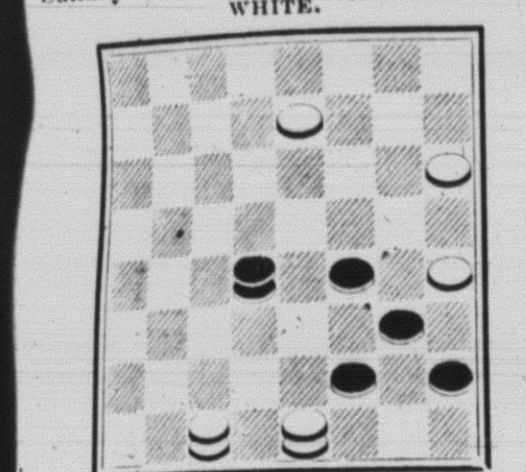
R. B. TURNBULL, Editor.
All communication, including subscriptions, contributions, etc., must be sent direct to the Editor of this Department at Chelsea, Mich. Remittances should be made only in U. S. Money. Express or Money Orders, or Postal Notes. No postage stamps wanted. Problems and games are at all times welcome.

CHelsea, November 11, 1892.
To CORRESPONDENTS—To the secretaries of the following Clubs, many thanks for lists. Chicago Chess and Checker Club, Cossackie Checker Club, Toronto Draught Club, Alleghany Checker Club, Olney Checker Club, Springfield Checker Club.
Fred O'Melay, A. O. Robinson, Andros Gulde, Sam. T. Vary, thanks for games and problems. Come again.

Problem No. 1.
By the Checker Editor.



Problem No. 2.
By Fred O'Melay, Hudson, Mich.
Corrects Problem No. 41, in Detroit Sunday News.



Game No. 1, "Whitler."
Played three years ago by H. Z. Wright and Fittie Barrus, of Chelsea, Mich. Barrus moves.

11-15	4-8	20-24	23-19
23-19	22-18	9-6	3-8
7-11	8-11	1-5	22-17
26-23	18-9	6-2	8-3
11-16	11-15	5-9	17-14
23-18	9-6	10-7	29-25
16-23	15-24	9-13	14-17
18-11	6-2	7-3	25-21
8-15	10-15	24-27	17-14
27-11	2-7	3-7	3-8
3-8	19-24	13-17	14-10
11-7	23-18	7-11	21-17
2-11	15-22	17-22	10-6
30-26	25-18	2-7	17-13
10-15	16-20	23-26	18-14
24-19	7-11	15-18	8-3
15-24	12-16	27-31	14-9
28-19	18-14	18-25	3-8
6-10	27-32	30-21	19-23
26-23	14-10	7-3	8-3
11-15	16-19	26-23	23-18
32-28	11-16	3-8	3-8
15-24	19-23	21-17	18-14
28-19	16-19	8-3	8-3
8-11	23-26	17-22	14-10
22-18	21-17	3-8	3-8
9-14	26-30	23-19	9-5
28-9	17-14	8-3	8-3
5-14	32-27	31-27	6-2
31-26	19-15	8-3	3-8
11-16	27-23	27-23	
26-22	14-9	8-3	Drawn

a. 3-7 is best—Ed.

Game No. 2, "Double Corner"
By Fred O'Melay, Hudson, Mich.

9-14	16-19	4-8	6-10
22-18	23-16	22-18b	19-15
5-9	14-23	8-11	10-19
25-22	26-19	19-15	24-8
12-16	11-25	10-19	12-19
24-20	29-22	27-24	18-15
10-15	8-12	19-23	3-12
27-24	32-27	26-19	15-11
15-19	6-10	1-6c	7-16
24-15	30-26a	31-26	20-11

a. Robertson gives this as a loser.

b. I offer this to correct Robertson's Guide Var. 15, at 4th move, where 27-23 is played and B wins.

c. This ending is original with J. Lees, 3-8 would lose.

Game No. 3, "Old Fourteenth."
By Andros Gulde, Janesville, Wis.

11-15	11-16	12-16	3-10
23-19	21-17	31-26	20-16
8-11	16-23	16-19	8-11
22-17	26-19	24-20	16-7
4-8	5-9	7-11	2-11
17-13	17-14	15-10	a-13-9
9-14	10-26	6-15	10-14
25-22	30-5	27-23	26-22
14-18	15-18	18-27	white
29-25	19-15	32-7	wins

a. Offered as a correction of game No. 25 in the Detroit Sunday News, where 25-22 is played permitting black to win.

CORRESPONDENCE PLAYERS. please take notice: THE CHESKA STANDARD will start a Correspondence Club, for which entries can be made by subscribers only. Entries received not later than November 24, 1892. The prizes to be made up of the entrance fees, and will consist of books, badges, or whatever may be chosen by the contestants. The following are the rules which will govern the Tournament, and any suggestions on the same will be cheerfully received:
1—As many players can enter as desire.
2—The fee for entrance is \$1.00.

3—Six games must be played between each and every player.
4—Each player must play with the black men on three games and with the white men three on three games.
5—A possible move must stand. An impossible one must be rejected.
6—The cards received by each player are the only evidences of the play, and that must stand unless it be an impossible move.
7—An impossible move is when a square is occupied corresponding with the above sent or first number.
8—Any player who drops out cannot return again and his games cannot count or be counted on. When sending fee state any additional rule we have overlooked and oblige.
Come, boys, don't wait but send in your entry fee with your subscription.

CHECKER NEWS.

The following are the contestants who have entered in the Detroit Tourney, which commences on November 16th, and is expected to end on the 18th: A. O. Robinson, Jackson; Fred O'Melay, Hudson; Bas Dell, Nunica; C. A. Ford, Hanover; M. McNamara, Mt. Pleasant; Fittie Barrus, Chelsea; E. E. Perry, L. E. Clawson, W. M. Ellis, D. H. McCall, Battle Creek; J. W. Haskins, Bronson; W. B. Banks, John McGreevy, A. D. Taylor, Detroit; and the Editor of this Department. Place of playing has been changed to Marine Engineer's Hall, 17 Woodward Ave.

Lincoln Burke, of Allegan, Mich., was also given as a contestant but have received word that this strong player died September 20th. By his death Michigan loses one of her strong players.

The prizes of the above Tournament are as follows: First prize \$100.00; second prize \$50.00; third prize \$40.00; fourth prize \$30.00; fifth prize \$20.00; making total of \$250.00.

The winner of the first prize if he elects to enter the Worlds Fair Tournament in Chicago in 1893, will be entitled to have his entry fee paid and also his personal expenses, the whole sum not to exceed \$50.00. This sum however, not to be paid until Executive Committee of the Detroit Draught Club are satisfied that he will be a bona fide contestant.

As the Editor is a contestant in the above Tournament you may expect to see some of the best games played published by us.

A. O. Robinson, of Jackson, visited Battle Creek recently and had a little spat with Prof. E. E. Perry. The score was Robinson 1, Perry 0, drawn 5.

It is rumored that Mr. Robert Frazer of Dundee, is about to issue a challenge to Mr. Richard Jordan, of Edinburgh. The match will be for \$50.00, and will be played on the sunlines as the Searight and McKelvie match.

Mr. Alfred Jordan, who recently won the championship of England, is the first Britian to state his positive intention of participating in the World's Fair Tourney.

Wyllie, in a note to the Aberdeen Free Press, says that he is not yet at his best and that a great many players are pretending to pity him owing to his old age, but the fact of the matter is that their pity is only fear.

Wales has accepted the challenge of Chas Lawson and will play him for the title of Champion of Rhode Island a match of twelve games. Play begins November 1st.

The American Checker Review for November came to hand and as usual it is chock full of choice games, problems and news, the biography of H. Z. Wright and other things which space will not permit us to name. Don't fail to get this month's issue. Address American Checker Review, 137 Blue Island Ave, Chicago, Ill.

To Our Advertisers.

Our advertisers are kindly requested to send in the copy for the changes of advertisements not later than Tuesdays 6 p. m., as it takes time to put them in type and we wish to get our paper out on time. We intend to go to press Thursdays hereafter and all changes brought in later than Tuesday evenings will have to go over until the next week.

Yours respectfully,
O. T. HOOVER.

The Election.

Tuesday, evidently, was not Republican day. It was cold and the sun did not shine on this portion of the footstool.

The voting began early and was evenly distributed during the day.

At the close of the polls, the register showed that 605 ballots had been cast, of which the Republicans received 281, the Democrats 272, the prohibitionists 34, the Populists 4, and 14 were so cast as not to count, of which number 9 were blank. The Republican majority in Sylvan has been cut down to only 9. Only 15 voted for the constitution for the purpose of revising the constitution of this state, and 22 against.

The entire Democratic county ticket is elected; Gorman is returned to Congress, the entire Republican state ticket is elected, the National Democratic ticket goes in with a rush.

For Sale—A root cutter nearly new. Inquire at this office.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

Sylvan.

Special Correspondence.

Several voters from the west part of town failed to go out.

The gale of Monday blew down fences and did considerable other damage.

The dance at W. Ludlow's Monday evening was a success. All enjoyed themselves.

Mrs. Homer Boyd has returned from the state of New York on a visit to her aged mother and others.

Thanksgiving turkeys can't roost too high at present. The farmers are fetching them down, just the same.

Lima.

Special Correspondence.

Mrs. F. English returned home this week.

Arl Guerin has gone up North deer hunting.

Mr. J. Cooley goes to Coldwater this week.

The Band dance was not a success last Friday night, it being a stormy night.

Some of the young ladies are getting up a Leap Year Party to be held at the Town Hall Friday evening Nov. 15.

North Lake.

Special Correspondence.

Election in this town passed off very quietly.

W. J. Secor and E. J. Whalian were in Webster Monday.

Some of the farmers here are complaining of cold fingers while husking corn.

Mrs. Geo. Monroe and daughters, of Howell, visited at E. J. Whalian's part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Still, of Dexter, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Twamley Sunday.

The social at H. M. Twamley's, last Thursday evening was a success, socially and financially.

The Aid Society will hold a "Donkey" social at the residence of O. P. Noah Friday evening.

The North Lake and Lyndon Lyceum will hold its first meeting this season, Wednesday evening, November 16, 1892.

Waterloo.

From Our Special Correspondent.

H. Gorton is moving into his store.

Wm. Palmer raised a barn last Saturday.

Miss Minnie Pickell, of Unadilla, is visiting here.

Harmon Marsh Jr. has gone to Jackson to work on the railroad.

Mr. Freeman is holding a private sale of the personal property of Mrs. J. A. Munro.

The Waterloo vote was Democratic, 153; Republican, 89; Peoples Party, 5; Prohibition, 14.

Married, at the residence of the brides' parents in Waterloo, Wednesday, November 9, George W. Beeman to Miss Lizzie Mushbach and Joseph Walz, of Munith, to Miss Caroline Mushbach. Many relatives of all parties attended the wedding.

From Our Neighbors.

On Saturday last, a farmer named John S. O'Brien, 74 years of age; went to the Village of Stockbridge and purchased a bottle of whisky and a bottle of carboic acid. In the evening, at home, he get hold of the wrong bottle by the mistake and drank a swallow of the acid. He lived but a short time.

We hear a great deal of complaint from the farmers generally, about reckless shooting on their premises by sportsmen, and we advise these reckless shooters that if they don't want the time to come when hunting will of necessity become a thing of the past, they had better conciliate the farmers by better behavior in the future.—Dexter News.

All parents who take a proper interest in their children will see that they are in school. The person who has no occupation is called a tramp and there are all conditions of shiftlessness and thriftlessness between the successful man and the tramp. Parents should make school the business of their children, and while in that stage of life to teach them punctuality and regularity in their attendance. We don't say teach the importance of these things, but teach the things themselves. Habit is stronger than precept and habits formed in school days are chief benefits or injuries to your children.—Dexter News.

School Report.

For month ending October 25, 1892.
Whole number enrolled 344
Aggregate tardiness 32
No. of non-resident pupils 29
No. neither absent nor tardy 171

A. A. HALL, Supt.
The roll of honor includes all who have not been tardy, and whose standings in scholarship, attendance and deportment have been 90 or above. The star indicates the pupil as having been absent during the month.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Minnie Allyn	Nellie Lowry
Effa Armstrong	Laura Lane
Annie Bacon	Nora Miller
Nate Bowen	Hattie McCarter
*Matie Conaty	Faye Moon
Nina Crowell	*Max Moon
Pearl Davis	Ellis Morton
Edith Foster	*Henry Stimson
Josie Hoag	*Julius Schmid
Dorrit Hoppe	Lottie Steinbach
Flora Kempf	*Bertha Spaulding
Ida Keusch	*Hattie Spaulding
John Kilmer	Cora Taylor
Leora Laird	Cora Wurster
Jennie Woods	

IDA FAY HOPKINS, Teacher.

"A" GRAMMAR.

Charles Carner	Agnes Cunningham
Mary Goodrich	Stella Miller
Gertrude Mills	*Linna Mills
Ada Schenk	Adolph Schenk
May Steadman	*Burnett Sparks
*Augustus Steger	Oren Thacher
Thirzah Wallace	Lettie Wackenhut
Pauline Girbach	

NETTIE STORMS, Teacher.

"B" GRAMMAR.

Marie Bacon	*Beatrice Bacon
*Sabine Barthel	Edith Boyd
Ethel Cole	Mamie Drislane
Earle Foster	Lillie Gerard
Helen Hepfer	Myra Irwin
*John O'Brien	*M. Schumacher
Helena Steinbach	*Charlie Taylor
FLORENCE BACHMAN, Teacher.	

INTERMEDIATE.

Warren Boyd	Lizzie Alber
Ralph Holmes	Leonard Beisal
Eddie Keusch	*Arthur Bacon
Inez Leech	*Philip Bacon
Flossie Martin	*Wortie Bacon
Ward Morton	John Drislane
Leigh Palmer	*Clara Snyder
O. Rienschneider	Lulu Steger
*Addie Snyder	Emma Wines
Lillie Wackenhut	Phillip Steger
ELIZABETH DEWEY, Teacher.	

PRIMARY.

Carl Bagge	Zoe BeGole
Warren Geddes	Hattie Hall
Grace Hall	Louise Heber
Evelyn Miller	Maggie Pottinger
Bertha Schumacher	*L. Schwickerath
Eddie Williams	Bessie Winans
DORA HARRINGTON, Teacher.	

THIRD PRIMARY.

*Carrie Alber	Luella Buchanan
*Percy Bacon	*Celia Bacon
Mabel Bacon	*Julia Bahmiller
Nina Carpenter	*Herman Foster
Vera Glazier	*B. Schwickerath
Rosa Zulke	*Fred Wackenhut
*Eddie Tomlinson	*Nellie Tarbell
Emelia Steinbach	Dora Schmittman
George Speer	

MARA L. WHEELER, Teacher.

SECOND PRIMARY.

Stella Bailey	*R. Kantelehner
Josie Bacon	Ottie Lane
*Annie Barrus	*Emma Mast
*M. Bahmiller	Nellie Martin
Clair Congdon	*Dwight Miller
Leonora Curtis	*Arthur Raffrey
Anna Eisele	*Mina Steger
Leland Foster	Mamie Sneider
Hennie Frey	*Blanche Stephens
Bonard Holmes	Herbert Schenk
Rollin Schenk	

MARY A. VANTYNE, Teacher.

FIRST PRIMARY.

*A. Armstrong	*Henry Alber
*Howard Boyd	*Lamont BeGole
*Margurite Bacon	*Annie Corey
*Emmett Carpenter	*Joseph Eisele
*Flossie Eisenman	*Ethel Grant
*Susan Gilbert	*Harold Glazier
*Mary Hafner	*Joseph Hafner
*John R. Miller	*Arthur Pottinger
*Clayton Schenk	*Lois Smith
S. E. VANTYNE, Teacher.	

College Day Exercises.

College Day will be celebrated by the Epworth League at the town hall, Wednesday, evening, November 15th, by the following program. Admission only a dime.

PART FIRST.

Chorus	Church Choir
Prayer	Dr. Thomas Holmes
Piano Duet	Edith Noyes and Edith Congdon
Recitation	Bells Across the Snow
	Mary Negus

Male Quartet	Come Away
Merle, Faye and Max Moon and Prof. Hall	

The Changed Cross	Florence Pachman
Piano Solo	Miss Mae Wood
Please invite Tom, Dick and Harry,	Miss Nettie Storms

Solo	Mrs. Hagan.
Drawkab Guikool,	Ymalleb yb Ton

Violin Solo	Will Freer
Chorus	There's Nothing Like Old Albion

Speech	Prof. D. W. Springer
Bingo	Haag Quartet
Chorus	Rig-a-jig
Recitation	Tale of a Grasshopper
	Max Moon

Solo and chorus	Solomon Levi
	M. B. Moon and League
Chorus	Co-ca-che-lunk

Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Auction.

The undersigned will sell at auction, at 1 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, Nov. 19th, on the R. B. Gates farm in the village of Chelsea, the following property: pair work horses, 6 and 7 years old; 2 horses 5 and 6 years old, horse 12 years old; 3-year-old colt; yearling colt; brood sow with six pigs; cow; yearling heifer; buck; hay tedder; Lear cultivator; iron roller; spring tooth harrow; Biessel plow; 40-tooth drag; grindstone; single top buggy; double carriage; lumber wagon; hay rack; hay rake; mower; 5-tooth iron frame cultivator; 2-tooth cultivator, double harness, 30 tons timothy hay; a quantity of cornstalks.

HOWARD FISK.

G. H. Eoster, Auctioneer.

Farmers' Attention.

The poultry dressing campaign for the winter will commence on Monday, November 7th, at Davis & Drislane's large poultry house on Summit street, where fair dealing, honest weights and always the highest market price for all kinds of poultry, veal calves, dressed pork, etc. Twenty good pickers wanted. Don't forget the place, one door east of the Lutheran church, Summit street, Chelsea, Mich.

DAVIS & DRISLANE.

The Chicago Ledger

is twenty years old and has a circulation of 140,00

A WOMAN'S INFLUENCE



CHAPTER XXII.

A HASTY WORD AND ITS PUNISHMENT.

Dr. Phillips, whose recognized partner Brian became, had known him from the hour of his birth, and on this account, and because, too, of the deep friendship entertained for his father, he took more than usual interest in him.

"I want to see in you the worthy successor of my old friend," he said one day. "You can work out an honorable career, and you should. You owe it not only to his memory but also to that dear, sweet wife of yours. Let her be your inspiration. I promised your father when he was dying that I would act the part of a friend to him. I don't believe I can do that more effectually than by helping you."

"The old refrain, Doctor. In all that is done for me, I see Margaret as the prompting motive. This prevents any feeling of conceit on my part, and I am willing that she shall have the well-deserved credit, but, nevertheless, my windless sails flap rather dolefully."

"Dr. Phillips says I have a dear, sweet wife. What do you think of that, Margaret?"

"That he is a man given to over-praise," replied Margaret, glancing up from the scarf she was embroidering. "A very nice man, though," she added, turning to her work once more. "So good to me and so good to you."

He was standing behind her chair, and bent his head to look into her eyes. Nervous under such close contact she started up, and made a pretense of arranging some books upon a small table.

The sigh with which his eye followed her awakened in her heart some twinges of remorse for what, she felt obliged to confess, was an unreasonable betrayal of ill-humor.

"Come back to your chair, Margaret. You can be very cruel sometimes."

"Have you any right to blame me, Brian?"

A glance at his face made her regret this question the second it passed her lips, but before she could recall it he had left the room, with the words destined to echo in her heart through many long, bitter days.

"No, Margaret. No right at all. I see your love is not for me."

A few minutes later she heard the sound of his horse's hoofs on the drive outside. It was too late now. She must wait until his return. Then she would tell him how sorry she was.

She wondered why the moments dragged so heavily, scarcely an hour had passed since Brian had left her; it seemed more like three. The sound of some disturbance down stairs came to her ears. With a nervous start she listened anxiously. There was no mistaking the hurried footsteps and subdued voices. Something unusual had happened.

With a mind filled with terrible dread, and a heart beating to almost suffocation, she flew down the steps, along the hall, and into the library, and there—No need to ask the matter now. During a second, in which she seemed to die a hundred deaths, she took in the white face and still form upon the sofa, and then, without even a cry, but with an expression that fixed itself indelibly upon the minds of those who saw it, she knelt beside this remnant of the life and strength of an hour before, and taking the cold hands between her own, soothed and pressed them in her effort to bring back their lost warmth. Poor hands! a little while ago she had shrunk from their contact, and now they were all powerlessness, too helpless to respond even to her touch; yet she would still hold them, and, perhaps, after a time he might feel. She would lay her heart on his, he would hear its beating, and might understand. She would—

"Margaret."

She heard her name repeated softly; she felt a gentle touch upon her shoulder, and a strong hand lifting her from her crouching position, and she raised her face, haggard and drawn with suffering, to meet Dr. Phillips' sympathetic glance.

"Don't give way," he said kindly, seeing the question in her eyes. "We must get him to his room, and meanwhile we may hope that things are not so bad as they seem."

"Poor child," he murmured after he had left her, "and poor Brian. I little thought, when I saw him so well and strong yesterday, that to-day he would be so near death. A sad ending to his young career."

While Margaret sat by Brian's bed, trying in the pain and remorse which filled her heart to overflowing to make the most of the few attentions she could lavish upon him, a thought came to her like a ray of hope.

"I will ask him to come," she said under her breath. "I will ask him to come. Did you call me, Brian?" She bent over the bed and gazed mutely upon the motionless face. No, Brian had not called, and with a heartbroken sigh she turned away to write the telegram which was to tell Wilson of Brian's danger.

And three hours later Wilson came. Well might Margaret say, as her hand rested in his sympathetic clasp: "I felt so sure that you would come. Your presence gives me strength and hope. I feel that he will be safe in your hands."

"As safe as these hands can make

him, Mrs. Leigh. Please God, your confidence will not be misplaced."

Margaret herself scarcely realized the extent of this confidence until she had taken Wilson to Brian's room, and waited with a suspense that amounted to agony the opinion which she felt would mean so much.

She watched his face anxiously, but it revealed little, and only by a subtle intuition did she understand that he considered Brian's state most critical.

With the last gleam of hope dying from her heart, she followed him from the room.

"The truth," she pleaded, pressing her hand to her eyes. "The whole truth. Ah! you hesitate. That is more cruel still. I can bear the truth best."

"Poor child," he answered. "You must not give way to this despair. Yet, since you ask me for the truth, I will not deceive you. Brian's condition is most precarious. The odds are all against him. He has but one bare chance."

"He has one chance," she repeated, snatching at this straw of hope. "Then, Doctor, we will make the most of that one chance. He cannot fight for himself; we must fight for him."

"We will fight for him," was Wilson's reply. "Your courage and bravery must win, and I shall exercise all my skill and all my experience for him. I shall wire immediately for a professional nurse, and since we are to work together I need only remind you of the necessity to keep your health and strength."

"Let me stay with him," she replied, with an effort to compromise, "and I promise to be docile in all else. Ah, I see Bertie. He has heard."

Yes, Bertie had heard; and Bertie, as usual, could not hide his feelings as he gave Margaret messages of sympathy from the friends whose hearts were never more truly hers than in this hour of her trouble.

CHAPTER XXIII.

THE SHADOW OF DEATH.

Two days passed and no change came. The sun lay warm and bright on the lawn outside. The birds sang their same sweet song. The breath of flowers perfumed the summer air, and the unequal battle between life and death still went on in the darkened room.

Bertie sometimes sat up to relieve Wilson and the nurse, but Margaret gave way to none.

"It is only the beginning," she said, in answer to Wilson's expostulations. "Let me stay now. After awhile I will sleep." And Wilson, yielding, she spent three nights in a weary vigil, but when the fourth came nature would stand no more.

She could no longer endure the ravings of a delirium which brought the past so sharply and vividly before her. She could no longer listen to the eloquent pleadings for love in such weak and broken sentences, nor hear her own reproach, so doubly cruel, repeated by his unthinking lips.

"Oh, for the power to live it over again," she cried in the anguish of her heart. "Oh, for one moment of consciousness in which he might understand."

The sleep induced by bodily weariness was deep and long, and it was quite late the next morning when Margaret reached Brian's room.

Wilson met her with an encouraging smile.

"He has been very quiet," he said, noting the question in her eyes. "I managed to snatch several hours' sleep."

The hours passed slowly. The silence was unbroken except by the humming of the bees outside the window, for even Brian's complainings were stilled for the time. Once he murmured Margaret's name and she felt his eyes upon her face, but there was no intelligence in them, only the dullness of delirium. After a little while he began once more to give expressions to his fevered fancies.

It was always Margaret and the shadow between them, Margaret reproaching or repulsing him, or Margaret helpful and encouraging.

And Margaret could only sit and listen; though when his sharp cry rang through the silence of the room, "Margaret, I can't see you; where are you, Margaret?" she placed her hand beside him, and answered in low, wretched accents:

"Here, Brian; close beside you. Can't you feel my hands? They are holding yours."

Did her voice penetrate that dull brain? For one second she thought so. But no. The heavy eyes turned from her face.

"Hush! Who said hands? Oh, yes; I remember now. You said it, Margaret. Don't you know you said it? Your hand would be in mine. I do you—think of the night? And I said—ah, I said—what did I say?"

His voice sank away in an unintelligible muttering. A few seconds of silence and his mind wandered again. He was fighting his old battles now and calling upon Margaret for sympathy and help.

And in an anguish that could find no other expression, she buried her face in the pillow beside him.

"I can't bear it, I can't bear it!" she cried, passionately.

"Bear it," repeated the weak voice. "Bear it? Ah, no; I can't bear your contempt. You are—so hard; so hard—upon me. No right to—reproach you. No right—at all." Her head sank lower. She could find no answer to these bitter complainings.

Suddenly she felt a hand upon her shoulder, and raising her miserable face she saw Wilson standing over her.

"Will you come out in the air for a few moments?" he said, with quiet authority. "The weather is pleasant. Thomas will take care of Brian."

With a sort of mechanical obedience she followed him to the broad piazza, where the pure air, warm sun and odor of sweet flowers seemed doubly grate-

ful after the close atmosphere of the sick room.

He was silent for some seconds. Evidently he found it difficult to put his thoughts in suitable language.

She saw and understood his hesitation.

"I know what you would say," she broke in, covering her face with her hands. "I know so well. You have heard Brian. You understand. And you must realize now what a hard, unkind, unfeeling wife I've been. What a—"

"Hush," he interrupted, in a strange voice. "I must not allow even your lips to say such unkind words about yourself. They are not deserved. You lay too much stress upon what he says, forgetting that it is only the raving of delirium. Brian has made me his confidant and I feel that I can judge."

"You cannot know all," she answered, pressing her hands together. "You cannot know of the hundred little things—the motions, expressions, words—all meaning so much. You cannot know of them, but I do. They are always before me, and the last day—the very last day—I spoke unkindly. I shall never forget it—never. I saw that it hurt him. I intended to tell him I was sorry. I had no chance. They brought him back so. Now he cannot know; he cannot understand that I would suffer any pain for a moment of consciousness to tell him I am sorry. God will not grant me even that—not even that."

"Why will you think of all these things?" he asked, presently. "Is it not human to be a little unkind sometimes? Then look at the other side also. What you have done for Brian. We must not bewail the past, but go on bravely to meet the future, promising ourselves always to do better and better. You want to go in now?"

"Yes, Doctor, I feel stronger, and I thank you."

The days passed, bringing but little perceptible change in Brian's condition. But the crisis came at last. Gradually the fever spent itself, and the tired frame, wearied with its long struggle, sank into a stupor so death-like that only the faint heart beats told that life was still there.

Margaret knew that he would either waken with a new lease of life or pass into that deeper sleep that knows no waking on this side of eternity. She watched and waited, and prayed for the long hours to pass.

The shadows of night, which seemed to have held the anguish of years, gave place to the light of dawn. The lines of blue grew deeper and deeper in the east, the rim of the rising sun rested upon the brow of the hills, and the distant crowing of a cock, welcoming the opening day, came like a clarion note through the silence.

It reached Brian's ear. He turned uneasily. Margaret was on her knees in a second, a feeling half joy, half fear clutching at her heart. She bent her face close to his.

Perhaps he realized her presence, for he turned again and moaned slightly. His waking mind was struggling for comprehension, his eyelids trying to throw off the heaviness that held them down. At last they opened slightly, then wider, and their slow wandering gaze fell upon Margaret's face, a face white and drawn from long and anxious watching, but revealing a story of love. Those eyes were not slow to read.

"Thank God," murmured Brian, with an effort to overcome his intense weakness. "Margaret, you—love me—at last?"

With a cry of passionate joy she buried her face upon his breast.

"Oh, Brian, so much so much that I could not live without you."

"Thank God," he said again, in a voice scarcely above a whisper, yet vibrating with such inexpressible happiness that it reached Wilson, as he stood silently from the room.

"You have found your true place at last, my darling, my wife. Your true resting place. It is a weak defense now."

"It is my chosen rest and support," she answered, with brimming eyes, catching and holding in its place the weak arm that had tried to clasp her so lovingly. "It is weak now, but it will be strong soon. Let me lean upon its strength always. Let me have your heart, as you have mine, fully and entirely. Oh, if you could know how I tried to tell you this, as I sat by you during those hours when you could not understand; how often I laid my heart upon yours, hoping you might hear its beating, and maybe realize that it was full of love for you! You did not know then, but you know now, and—you may kiss your wife."

Brian could not speak, but his eyes filled with something strangely like tears, as she held her loving, blushing face for the long, tender kiss he left upon her lips.

Neither spoke again. With his hand in Margaret's, Brian was content to lie still until overcome by weakness he slept.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Trunks.

There are comparatively few round-top trunks made now. The idea was that greater resisting power could be obtained with least weight by imitating to some extent the shape of an egg, which, as we know, will bear an absurdly great weight, but unfortunately there was no guarantee that the baggage-smasher would always stand the trunk the right way up. His failure to do this gave numberless reminders of the fact that no box is stronger than at its weakest point, and the damaged sides became very common. Now most trunks are made with flat tops, and are so strong all over that it is very difficult, even for an expert trunk-smasher, to break one.

Artificial Worms.

The latest triumph of Yankee inventive genius is an India-rubber fish-worm. It is said to be a remarkably good imitation of the common earth-worm, is indestructible, and in actual use proves as alluring to the fishes as the genuine article.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

MILWAUKEE PLUCKILY BEGINS REBUILDING.

Devastation More Terrible than at First Reported—Acres of Smoldering Heaps Where Once Was Prosperous Activity—Relief of the Sufferers.

The Fire as It Was.

Milwaukee correspondence.

No one had a real notion of the havoc created by our terrible fire till the following Sunday morning. The wind had died down and the day broke under a clear sky. Miles away the billows of smoke could be seen rising above the city, and while they did not sweep the business streets, they gave to a distant view the appearance of a heavy fog, rolling under the wind and streaking out in long, thin tanners from the heart of the city. Near the Northwestern depot the extensive destruction worked by the fire became seriously prominent. From the railway tracks as far as the eye could see through the smoke almost the entire warehouse part of the town was a mass of ashes and broken brick and stone, with here and there the skeleton of a wall or a chimney rising dimly out of it through the clouds. The lake was rolling viciously, and the line of scorched breakwater showed where the fire had bitten down to the edge of the water. For a while during the fire even the piling of this breakwater was aflame.

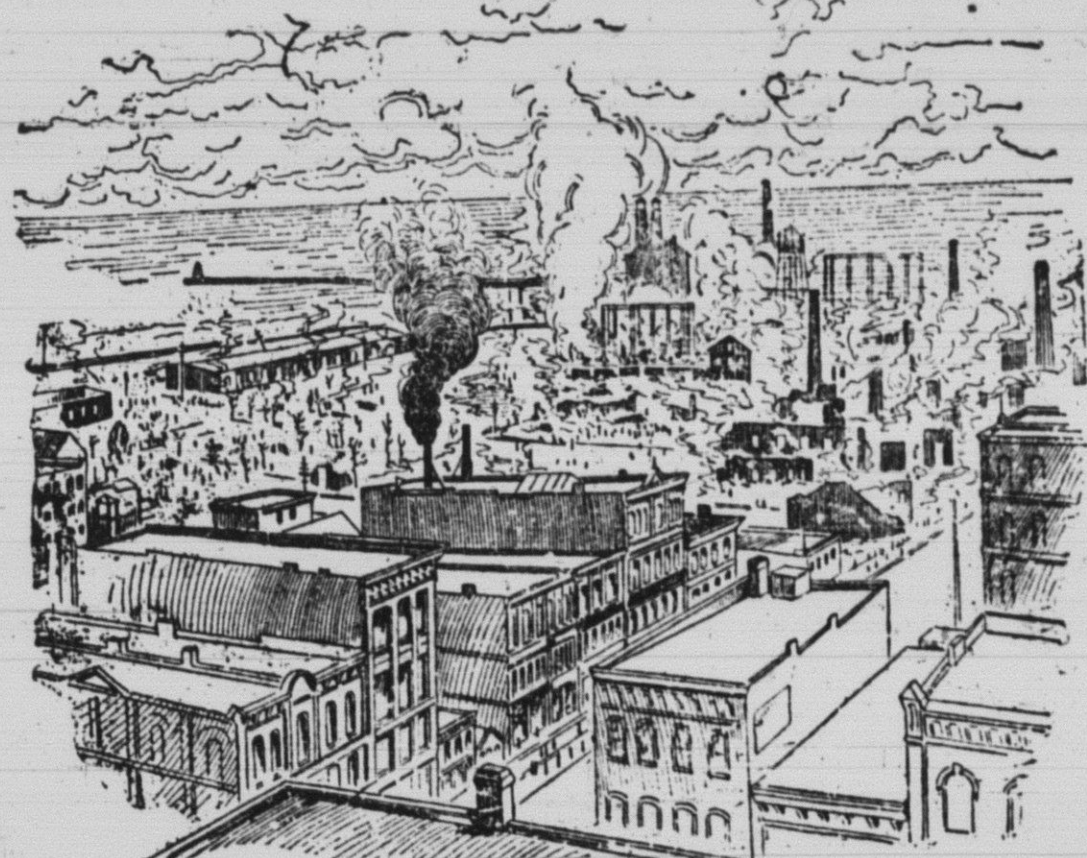
From the railroad tracks for blocks a prosperous part of the town lay smoking. At the limits of the fire-swept district thousands of people had gathered and were kept from crowding in by the policemen and four companies of militiamen armed with rifles. Inside this line the tired firemen were still working. Some of them had been fighting the fire for a day and a half. They were grimy from the smoke, and their rubber coats were cased in cinders. A few of them were sitting on piles of brick with the nozzles of the hose in their blackened hands. Many of them were so worn out by the work of the night that they slept beside the engines while men who owned offices in the district and boys

Cathedral and the Northwestern depot. Prompt relief was given to them as soon as the excitement of the night was settled, and there was as little suffering as ever followed a big fire. The hotels fed hundreds of hungry men. Pabst's Hotel loaded up the Chicago firemen with coffee and steaks, and with the other houses sent a patrol wagon load of food down to the smoke-stained men who were slugging the fire near the lake.

The people of Milwaukee had hardly turned out of bed to see the fog of the fire rising before men were hustling around to raise money for the unfortunate folks. Telegrams came in from roundabout towns, from Oshkosh and Madison and Janesville and Racine, all of which are tributary for Milwaukee's business. These little towns all offered to help as far as they could. A telegram came in from Mayor Washburne, of Chicago. The Mayor evidently thought Milwaukee had been shoveling clean off the earth, for he telegraphed in a good-hearted way about Chicago rising from its ashes and hoping Milwaukee would rise from Milwaukee ashes. These telegrams and letters were taken thankfully but Milwaukee went about helping its own people with its own hands.

Milwaukee Raises \$31,000.

Hundreds of business men poured into the chamber of commerce building and almost before President Bacon could make a talk \$31,231 had been subscribed. It was headed by a whaling big check for \$5,000 sent in by the Democratic candidates for county offices, who are not rich men; Phil Armour gave \$5,000 and said he would give a lot more for his old home; the Brewers' Association subscribed \$7,000; Henry C. Payne, the Republican committeeman, handed in \$1,000, and the same amount was contributed by Captain Fred Pabst, the Wisconsin Fire and Marine Insurance Bank, John L. Mitchell, Banker Hisey, Cudahy Bros., August Uhllein, E. P. Bacon and Mr. Rosseau. Long after the meeting money was rolling in and at 5 o'clock the fund was estimated at near \$50,000. It continued to grow until the \$100,000 mark was passed. That's not enough to build up one of the ruined warehouses, but it will make comfortable hundreds of homeless Third Ward people. None of these was permitted to undergo hard-



THE BURNED DISTRICT FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

who volunteered for the fun of the thing played on the embers.

Sights Among the Ruins.

At every corner a flattened mass of half-burned wood and brick was pointed out as the site of a big warehouse. Nothing except the brick corners of Reideburg's vinegar factory was left. A lot of galvanized iron sheets and a big hill of malt and grain was a monument to Hansen's malthouse. The folk who saw that building burn thought it was finer than fireworks. For a moment the windows flared like the isinglass front of a parlor stove. Then the fire died out there and a ring of green gaseous flame ran around the building. In another minute the elevator walls parted and the mass of flaming grain tumbled down in a tremendous cataclysm.

The Weisel & Vilter machine shop, where a falling wall killed two of the firemen, was only a lot of brick and plaster, and Bub & Kip's factory, which gave the second start to the fire, had been absolutely skelled. At the gas works the ruins of one end of the holders were still blazing in spite of the flood of water poured in by the firemen, and the machinery was tangled and broken beyond repair. In nearly every mass of ruins men were groping for valuable papers and books and at every corner employees could be seen pouring water on a smoking safe.

On the skirts of the burned district the scenes are sometimes pathetic. Little unprotected piles of bed clothing, pictures, and small household belongings had been left by fleeing thousands. Once in a while a shivering boy was seen standing beside the wreckage of a home—a broken clock, battered image, a tag of tableware and some poor clothing. In the middle of Buffalo street a deserted truck stood loaded with one trunk and a little rocking chair decorated with a neat "tidy." These things were the wreckage of small homes burned out in the Third Ward, where hundreds of cottages of workmen were swept away by the fire.

The Distressing Feature.

The burning of these poor houses was the distressing feature of the fire. Milwaukee can stand well enough the destruction of big warehouses, for there are many big warehouses there and many rich men able to put up buildings in the place of those ruined. The cottages destroyed belonged to the poor laboring men. Some of these men squatted along the lake shore years ago, and nearly all the houses represent hard saving and long work. They went like tallow before the fire and left no monumental ruins to mark their site. Family after family applied to the relief organizations or crowded into St. John's

ship. Every burned-out family was taken care of somewhere and by somebody. Probably no town was ever so badly cut by a fire to come out so cheerful and happy as Milwaukee.

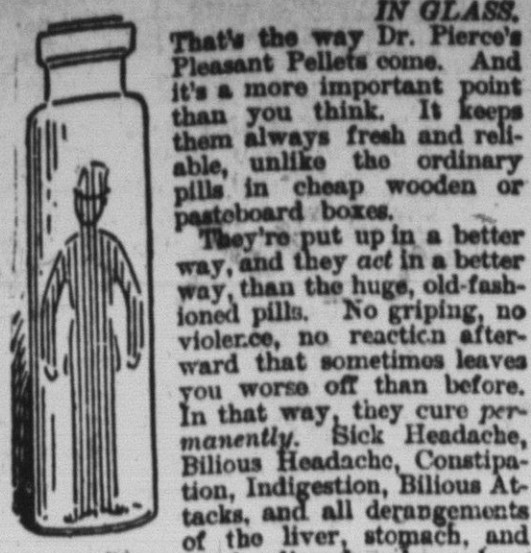
The real estate board, which raised a considerable sum in addition to its first donation of \$5,000, turned the entire amount over to the relief committee, concluding not to distribute the money on its own account. One of the most substantial contributions for the relief of the poor came from Frank A. Lappen & Co. The firm had sold furniture on the installment plan to many of those who were burned out and had over \$2,500 still due and secured by notes. In spite of the fact that he was a heavy loser by the fire, having had a quantity of furniture burned in Bub & Kip's factory, Mr. Lappen announced that he would give receipts in full to those of the sufferers who still owed him anything.

The work of searching for the safes of the various firms was commenced early. In nearly every case the papers, which alone would enable the losers to estimate correctly the amount of their loss, were in the burning buildings. To get at these a force of several hundred workmen armed with pickaxes and shovels was turned loose. Several safes were found, but it was impossible to open them, as the locks had become so warped and twisted that the bolts could not be turned.

Rebuilding the Freighthouses.

The enterprise shown by the big sufferers is exemplified by the work of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad. Both the outgoing and incoming freight houses were burned. Nothing but the bare walls were standing, while inside of them was a mass of smoldering wreckage which occasionally broke out into bright flames. By night of Monday the buildings were nearly all roofed. At one time they were forced to quit, owing to a blaze which broke out in the south end of one of the buildings while they were putting a roof on the north end. An engine was called and the blaze was soon extinguished. Insurance men are doing their best to settle the trouble for the poorer of the sufferers. They are anxious that all small losses be adjusted as soon as possible and accordingly a special committee will have such claims in charge. One incident which has received no attention owing to the excitement caused by the big fire was the burning of seven cottages in the southwestern part of the city Friday evening. The people who were burned out lost everything they possessed, and they will be included in the list of those to be given relief.

BEWARE of a fawning exterior.



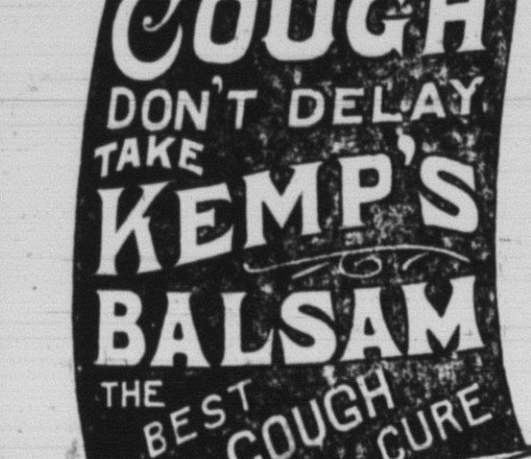
IN GLASS.
That's the way Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets come. And it's a more important point than you think. It keeps them always fresh and reliable, unlike the ordinary pills in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes.

They're put up in a better way, and they act in a better way, than the huge, old-fashioned pills. No griping, no violence, no reaction afterward that sometimes leaves you worse off than before. In that way, they cure permanently. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.

They're tiny, sugar-coated granules, a compound of refined and concentrated vegetable extracts—the smallest in size, the easiest to take, and the *cheapest* pill you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the good you get. There's nothing likely to be "just as good."

Treating Ailing Women by Letter
Most cases of Female diseases can be treated as well by us through the mails as by personal consultation. In writing for advice, give age and symptoms of your complaint, state length of time you have been suffering, and what means you have tried to obtain relief.

Mrs. Pinkham fully and carefully answers all letters of inquiry, and charges nothing for her advice. All correspondence is treated strictly confidential. Your letters will be received and answered by one of our own sex. Address, **LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICAL CO.,** Lynn, Mass.



It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

It is better to take Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil when that decline in health begins—the decline which precedes consumption—rather than wait for the germ to begin to grow in our lungs. "Prevention is better than cure," and surer. The saying never was truer than here.

What is it to prevent consumption? Let us send you a book on **CAREFUL LIVING**; free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York. Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. \$1.



The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new FISH BRAND SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. Buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrations and Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.



In Olden Times
People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

A Perfect Figure.
The height of a person with a perfect "figure" should be exactly equal to the distance between the tips of the middle fingers of either hand when the arms are fully extended.

Ten times the length of the hand, or seven and a half times the length of the foot, or five times the diameter of the chest, from one armpit to the other, should also give the height of the whole body.

The distance from the junction of the thighs to the ground should be exactly the same as from that point to the crown of the head. The knees should be exactly midway between the first-named point and the ground at the heel.

The distance from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger should be the same as from the elbow to the middle line of the breast.

From the top of the head to the level of the chin should be the same as from the level of the chin to that of the armpits, and from the heel to the toe.

A Canal Reopened.
Health is largely dependent upon a regular habit of body. The bowels act as an important canal for the carrying of waste matter of the system. They, together with the kidneys and pores, are outlets for debris whose presence is fatal to the body's well-being. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is no violent purgative, but a gentle laxative admirably adapted to the wants of the constipated. It never gripes and wrenches the intestines as all drastic cathartics do, but produces an action akin to that of an effort of nature. Biliousness, indigestion, with their associate manifestation, costiveness, are speedily and completely remedied by this fine corrective, which also conquers malaria, sick headache, kidney and rheumatic trouble, and checks premature decay.

A Bull Gets the Best of a Locomotive.
The locomotive does not always get away with the bull without injury. The fiery untamed steer who tried to hold up a freight train near Vicksburg lost his life, but he killed the engineer and fireman just the same.—New York Advertiser.

\$100 Reward. \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, **F. J. CHENEY & CO.,** Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Albumen Paper.
Three factories in the United States consume nearly 2,000,000 eggs a year in making the peculiar kind of paper used by photographers known as albumen paper.

All for 55 Cents.
The Monon Route has added to its already splendid equipment two brand-new dining cars, which are now in daily service on the fast day trains between Chicago and Louisville.

These cars are models of convenience, comfort, and beauty, and are operated on the a la carte plan, which means that a passenger can get anything he wants and pay only for what he gets. An elegant steak, with bread, butter, coffee, or tea, with cream, is served for only 55 cents.

Watch for the Monon's new schedule to Florida.

HOBBS—"There goes a man who has buried fifteen wives." Mrs. Hobbs—"For heaven's sake! what is he?" A second Bluebeard?" Hobbs—"No—an undertaker."

Fine Playing Cards.
Send 10 cents in stamps to John Sebastian, Gen'l Ticket and Pass. Agt., C. & N. Y. P. Ry., Chicago, for a pack of the "Rock Island" Playing Cards. They are acknowledged the best, and worth five times the cost. Send money order or postal note for 50c, and will send five packs by express, prepaid.

The Oldest House.
A doctor in St. Augustine, Fla., owns the oldest house in America, and lives in it. It was built in 1560 by a Frenchman.

Important to Fleishy People.
We have noticed a page article in the Boston Globe on reducing weight at a very small expense. It will pay our readers to send two-cent stamp for a copy to Betina Circulating Library, 36 E. Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

NEVER pronounce anyone to be a willful niggard until you have seen the contents of their purse. The distribution should be in accordance with the receipts.

Have You Asthma?
DR. R. SCHIFFMANN, St. Paul, Minn., will mail a trial package of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure free to any sufferer. Gives instant relief in worst cases, and cures where others fail. Name this paper and send address.

SOME of the people who are the most anxious about the recognition of friends in heaven are the ones who shake hands with two fingers in church.

A SORE THROAT OR COUGH, if suffered to progress, often results in an incurable throat or lung trouble. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give instant relief.

MAHOMET III. strangled all his brothers, drowned his father's wives, and was himself poisoned.

NOBODY BUT A GUMP neglects a COUGH. Take some **HALF HONEY OF HORNBOUNDS** AND **TAR** instantly.

PINK'S TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in one Minute.

EDWARD II. was murdered, in a shamelessly indecent manner, by ruffians employed by his faithless wife.

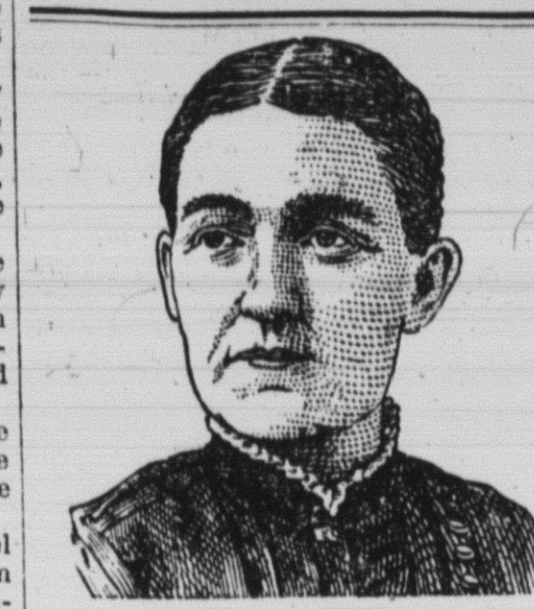
FITZ—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Mailed free. Trial and \$5.00 trial bottle free to various cures. Treatise and \$5.00 trial bottle free to various cures. Send to Dr. Kline, 21 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 21 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. NANCY WIRTZ, 1201 Caroline St., Baltimore, Md., thus gives her experience: "We have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and have never found its equal for our children."

MEN who lay wagers hatch disappointments.

BEEHIVE'S PILLS enjoy the largest sale of any proprietary medicine in the world. Made only in St. Helena, England.

STEAM elevators were first used in 1857.



Mrs. A. A. Williams
Lynn, Mass.

For the Good of Others
Rev. Mr. Williams Heavily Indorses Hood's Sarsaparilla.

We are pleased to present this from Rev. A. A. Williams, of the Silsbee Street Christian Church, Lynn, Mass.:

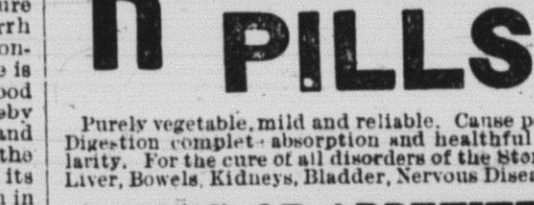
"I see no reason why a clergyman, more than a layman, who knows whereof he speaks, should hesitate to approve an

Article of Merit
and worth, from which he or his family have been signally benefited, and whose commendation may serve to extend those benefits to others by increasing their confidence. My wife has for many years been a sufferer from severe

Nervous Headache
for which she found little help. She has tried many things that promised well but performed little. Last fall a friend gave her a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems surprising what simply one bottle could and did do for her. The attacks of headache decreased in number and were less violent in their intensity, while her general health has been improved. Her appetite has also been better. From our experience with

Hood's Sarsaparilla
I have no hesitation in indorsing its merits."

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Price 25c.



Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases,

LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DIZZY FEELINGS, BILIOUSNESS, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By their action the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver will keep the system regular and secure a healthy digestion.

Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.



CURES SCROFULA

Mrs. E. J. Rowell, Medford, Mass., says her mother has been cured of Scrofula by the use of four bottles of **S.S.S.** ment, and as being reduced to quite a low condition of health, and it was thought she could not live.

S.S.S. Cured my little boy of hereditary scrofula which appeared all over his face. For a year I had given up all hope of his recovery, when finally I was induced to use **S.S.S.** A few bottles cured him, and no symptoms of the disease remain.

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My wife, after having used Mother's Friend, passed through the ordeal with little pain, was stronger in one hour than in a week after the birth of her former child. J. J. MCGOLDRICK, Beans Sta., Tenn.

Mother's Friend robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw.

Mrs. L. M. AHERN, Cochran, Ga. Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free. **GRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,** ATLANTA, GA. For sale by all druggists.

Asthma
The African Kola Plant, discovered in Congo, West Africa, is Nature's Sure Cure for Asthma. Cure Guaranteed or No Pay. Export Office, 104 Broadway, New York. For Large Trial Case, FREE by Mail, address **KOLA IMPORTING CO.,** 132 Nassau St., Cincinnati, Ohio. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.



Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Sick-Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists. Picture "7, 17, 27" and sample dose free. **J. F. SMITH & CO.,** Proprietors, NEW YORK.

Saccharine.

Saccharine is the new product that is 223 times sweeter than sugar. It is a product of common coal. Besides this, there are some fifteen other substances all obtained from this commodity, all useful in the arts or the sciences, running from ammonia and common pitch to naphthalene. Most of our colors are derived from this source. In fact, the product is being analyzed from day to day, and every week almost something new is discovered or some new use found for an old one. A few years ago people used to say that there would shortly be nothing left to discover. Since that time the whole domain of electricity has been opened to the use of man and the industrial methods of our fathers have been revolutionized. Among these discoveries is that of REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE. Formerly our fathers thought that it would be impossible to have a cough remedy without the use of opium in some form. But modern science has shown that not only is opium unnecessary, but it is positively injurious, in treatment for colds, or maladies that arise from colds. Get this great remedy of any dealer. The small bottles cost 25 cents, the large ones 50 cents. **SYLVAN REMEDY CO.,** Peoria, Ill.

The Oldest Medicine in the World is probably DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S CELEBRATED EYE WATER.

This medicine is a carefully prepared physician's prescription, and has been in constant use for nearly a century. There are few diseases to which mankind are subject more distressing than sore eyes, and none, perhaps, for which more remedies have been tried without success. For all external inflammation of the eyes it is an infallible remedy. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite the attention of physicians to its merits. For sale by all druggists. **JOHN L. THOMPSON, SONS & CO.,** Troy, N. Y. Established 1791.

RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are safe and effective; the best medicine known for biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia, foul breath, headache, mental depression, painful digestion, bad complexion, and all diseases caused by failure of the stomach, liver or bowels to perform their proper functions. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking one after each meal. Price, \$1 sample, 10c. At Druggists, or sent by mail. **RIPANS CHEMICAL CO.,** 10 Spruce St., New York. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

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JOHN WANAMAKER,
Postmaster-General of the United States,

Is usually considered, and rightly so, one of the brightest business men in America, and when he writes to the Editor of ARTHUR'S NEW HOME MAGAZINE as follows:

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 17, 1892.

MY DEAR MR. REED:
As your Magazine gets thicker, it gets brighter. Like the big wood fire on the hearth in my library when I pile more logs on. I knew Mr. Arthur very well from way back, but I doubt if he would know his old monthly since you've put out the dead wood, and put in so many more pages and departments, and taken on so many young and sparkling writers.

If you keep on giving such good pictures you'll have 200,000 subscribers. I fear advertisers will crowd you (for some things can be well advertised in magazines), but don't drop any of the reading pages, and don't let a dry or dull line creep in.

Don't raise the price either, if you can help it, even if it is half the price of other no-better magazines. I congratulate you on doing what no one else has done in putting out two copies at the price that others charge for one. The old homestead and the young daughters' new home can each have your Magazine without paying more than others charge for single copies of their publications.

Your old friend,
JOHN WANAMAKER.

It should indicate to the average American citizen that under the new management it is at least awake, and when we know that they have more than TREMBLED their circulation within the year, and that among the very best people of the land, we may admit, without further argument, it has been the journalistic success of 1892.—"Building Business," Boston.

One Dollar a Year. Sample Copy Ten Cents.

Each copy contains an order for 25 cents worth of McCall's Glove-Fitting Patterns, so that every subscriber for a year gets \$3.00 worth of Patterns Free. Send five two-cent stamps for one.

THE ARTHUR PUBLISHING COMPANY, Phila., Pa.

GARFIELD TEA Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores complexion; cures Constipation. Send for Free Sample to 415 West 11th Street, New York City. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's Invaluable Ear Candles. Whispers heard. Successful when all remedies fail. Sold by F. H. HAZELTON, 302 Broadway, N. Y. Write for book of proofs. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.



Eight doctors treated me for Heart Disease and one for Rheumatism, but did me no good. I could not speak aloud. Everything that I took into the Stomach distressed me. I could not sleep. I had taken all kinds of medicines. Through a neighbor I got one of your books. I procured a bottle of Green's August Flower and took it. I am to-day stout, hearty and strong and enjoy the best of health. "August Flower saved my life and gave me my health." Mrs. Sarah J. Cox, Defiance, O.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called **LANE'S MEDICINE**. All druggists sell it at 10c and \$1 per package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary. Address OKATOK P. WOODWARD, Lakota, N. Y. P. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

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\$40,000,000
Earned by the Bell Telephone Patent in 1891. Your invention may be valuable. You should protect it by patent. Address for full and intelligent advice, free of charge, **W. W. DUDLEY & CO.,** Solicitors of Patents, Pacific Bldg., 622 F St. N. W., Washington, D. C. Mention this paper.

HIGH FIVE OR EUCHRE PARTIES should send at once to JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. T. A. R. I. & P. R. H. Chicago. TEN CENTS in stamps, per pack for the sleekest cards you ever shuffled. For \$1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs. MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

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Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes: "My weight was 220 pounds, now it is 150, a reduction of 70 lbs." For circulars address, with 10c, **DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, Ill.** MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

PATENTS! PENSIONS!
Send for Inventor's Guide, or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Brevet of Pension and Bounty Laws. **PATRICK O'FARRELL, Washington, D. C.** MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. **DR. J. STEPHEN, Lebanon, Ohio.** MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISER.

THE LUCKY CANDIDATE

Feels a great deal better than the one who was not so lucky. This is a natural consequence for there wasn't quite offices enough to go around.

ELECTION IS OVER

and people having spent several months in figuring how much they would save and lose under the different politics advocated, will at last decide that their time is worth more in considering how much can be

SAVED IN A YEAR'S TRADING

Glazier, the Druggist presents the policy

Honest Weights

Honest Goods

Honest Measure

to the people of this vicinity and hopes they will give his store and prices their attention as it means

MONEY SAVED EVERY TIME

19 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.

Have you tried our 25 and 30 cent teas.

They are bound to please you.

Cracked Java coffee 19c per pound.

Full cream cheese 12c per pound

Oysters, selects 23c per can

Oysters, 18c per can

Good dried beef 8c per lb

Fine sugar syrup 25c per gal.

Fresh dates 8 cents per pound.

Good New Orleans molasses 25c per gal

Good raisins 8 cents per pound

Verily, merrily, more and more,

It pays to trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

A BIG OFFER

TO READERS OF THE STANDARD.

We have arranged to club THE CHLSEA STANDARD with that bright, pure, sparkling periodical, SUNSHINE; FOR YOUTH. Our arrangements are such that it will be sent to Each New Subscriber and also to all old ones who have paid in advance, for the full term of one year; we do all this without increasing our subscription price a penny

We feel that our efforts in supplying both papers for the price of our own alone will be appreciated and thus bear the good fruit of mutual satisfaction and benefit.



DIAMOND FRAME

CUSHION AND PNEUMATIC TIRES

WARRANTY WITH EVERY WHEEL

SEND YOUR ADDRESS FOR CATALOGUE

ARIEL CYCLE MFG. CO., COSHEN, IND.

Ripans Tabules banish pain.
Ripans Tabules have come to stay.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules are always ready.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

THE CHLSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Friday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.
BY O. T. HOOVER.
Terms:—\$1.00 per year in advance.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, NOV. 11, 1892.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

An Interesting Budget from the Nation's Capital.

Washington, Nov. 4.—There is very little talk about the political complexion of the next House, though there is a great deal of figuring. The democratic majority is so overwhelming in the present House that it seems almost like a hopeless task to overcome it. It can hardly be said that the republican Congressional committee expect to have an opportunity at the next Congress to elect Mr. Reed Speaker, but they do expect the big democratic majority to melt away very considerably at this election, preparatory to a final and complete disappearance. From a conservative point of view the chances seem to be that the republicans will make a gain of some forty-five or fifty seats in the House, some of which will come from the people's party. In the neighborhood of forty to forty-seven are liable to come from the democrats. Under the new apportionment the democrats can count on about seven of the additional seats, and, leaving out Nebraska, as possibly subject to a claim from the third party, the republicans can count with reasonably certainty on fourteen of the new seats. The republicans are thus in position to count on a gain of some sixty odd seats in the House, giving them in the neighborhood of a hundred and fifty, though they should make a very insignificant gain in the south and no extraordinary gains elsewhere. The democratic majority is, therefore, almost certain to be cut down about two-thirds, with very considerable possibilities below that. While there will be more alliance members in the House, the chances seem to be that there will be not more than half a dozen third party men.

Politics is not a tabooed subject at the White House, but the interest manifested is of a subdued sort. The

President has not lost the run of the campaign, nor have the employees about the place forgotten that there is a Presidential contest under way. Still there is not that spirit surrounding the house that would be evinced had the recent events not cast such a shadow over the occupants. The President and Secretary of State Foster are the only ones of the official family who are now in the city, all the others being on the hustings and doing work where work is most needed. Yesterday what remained of the under officials left the city, and from now on the Department work will be in the hands of chiefs considerably below Cabinet officers in rank. The White House looks somewhat deserted. No Cabinet meetings will be held before the election, and but little work is being transacted, there being but little that demands the attention of the Executive. While the active work of the campaign is not being conducted from the White House, a keen interest is manifested, and every one there is full of confidence that Mr. Harrison will be elected. The President believes that he will win in the coming struggle, and talks with his personal friends in the most sanguine manner over the result, which he thinks can have but one outcome.

No appointment is contemplated at present to fill the place of Gen. Bacheller at Lisbon, ex-Gov. Porter at Rome, nor Mr. Hirsch at Constantinople, and there are few applicants. It is doubtful if any appointments are made in case of Cleveland's election, although men could probably be found who would be willing to go out for a few months for the sake of having ex-minister written before their names. It announced at the State Department that Patrick Egan will return to Chili. This evidently means that he wants to go back, and that the Government is so well satisfied with his course and his standing there that it is willing he should. An important position which is still vacant is that of consul at Cairo, which was filled by ex-Representative Anderson, of Kansas, until his death last summer. There does not appear to be very strong pressure for the place at present, but candidates can doubtless be found after the election.

It is stated in late advices from China, that Chi Yui, a Chinese official of high rank, has been appointed minister to the United States to succeed Tsui Ko Yin, the minister. Your correspondent called at the legation yesterday and saw the legation translator, the minister not being able to speak English. The translator said that the legation had not received an announcement of the appointment, but that they expected it, and if the appointment had not been made it probably would soon be. He said that the name of Chi Yui had been presented to the emperor. The term of the present minister, he said, had expired some time ago. The State Department has received no official intimation either from the U. S. minister at China or from the Chinese legation in this city of the reported appointment of a successor to the Chinese minister.

Saratoga's Forty-two Springs.

There are forty-two specimens of springs at Saratoga, and the man or woman who would come and depart without testing one to a dozen would be a greater curiosity than a successful bird with only one wing. Naturally, with all these springs, it is supposed there is something to meet every case, and as the effects of any one of them would be injurious to persons with certain complaints no indiscriminate patronage of spring water is safe. Cases have been known, however, where a man sampled as many as a dozen different springs in twenty-four hours and lived to tell the tale, but he never repeated the experiment. —Saratoga Letter.

Something to Soap Bubbles.

If you could cut sections out of the side of soap bubbles, and then had some delicate contrivance with which you could handle the pieces, you would find that it would take 50,000,000 films laid one upon the other to make a pile one inch in height. —St. Louis Republic.

Parental Training.

Mrs. Brown.—Mrs. Binks has the best trained boy I ever saw.

Mrs. Jones.—What! that little rascal!

Mrs. Brown.—Yes, for she never crooks her elbow that he doesn't instinctively bend over. —Detroit Free Press.

CLOAKS. CLOAKS.

While we have done most of the Cloak trade in Chelsea this fall we want to do it all, and shall therefore make extra prices for a short time on our entire stock of Cloaks in Ladies', Misses', and Children's.

DON'T MISS THIS SALE.

We are making special prices in all goods for this sale. Don't miss it.

ALWAYS the Cheapest.

GEO. H. KEMPF.

THE DAY'S WORK.

Do thy day's work, my dear,
Though fast and dark the clouds are drifting near,
Though time has little left for hope and very much for fear.

Do thy day's work, though now
The hand must falter and the head must bow,
And far above the falling foot shows the bold mountain brow.

Yet there is left us,
Who on the valley's verge stand trembling thus,
A light that lies far in the west—soft, faint but luminous.

We can give kindly speech,
And ready helping hands to all and each,
And patience, to the young around, by smiling silence teach.

We can give gentle thought,
And charity, by life's long lesson taught,
And wisdom, from old faults lived down, by toll and failure wrought.

We can give love unmarred
By selfish snatch of happiness, unjarred
By the keen arms of power or joy that make youth cold and hard.

And if gay hearts reject
The gifts we hold—would fain fare on unchecked
On the bright roads that scarcely yield all that young eyes expect,

Why, do thy day's work still;
The calm, deep founts of love are slow to chill,
And heaven may yet the harvest yield, the workworn hands to fill.

—Chicago Herald.

Two Periods in Child Life.

There are two periods in life and education. The first is the era of observation and analysis; the second, of construction and application. In the first the child learns merely to pick up facts; in the second she learns to put them together. Really, my darling, what do you see so wonderful about that wheel from an old clock? Down that is thrown, with a sigh, at last, and a few spools and blocks are built into a toyhouse. Pussy comes along and is shut inside. She pokes her nose out of a window, and the whole structure comes down with a crash. It is as grand as Niagara or a Corliss engine—if not, why not?

Teaching order and system and art may fairly come on more slowly. Those are only selections and method. The one thing after all is to know how to make much of whatever we have, and to use it joyously. This the child does if let alone. The child is not only "father of the man" but mother of the woman. —Mary E. Spencer in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Affection Is Common.

We all hate affection; we all hate it, I say, not excepting those themselves affected. But does he or she exist who, in youth at least, was not open to the charge? If any do it must be a dull creature, as honest as you please, but barren of fancy as an automaton. Human instinct recognizes this. In antithesis to the affected it sets the plain man, the simple maiden, the woman of business, none of whom is ever fired by imagination or ruined by enthusiasm—the passive and active forms of the same quality. These excellent individuals are uncultured also as a rule, for who can digest learning unless he be under the spell of a feeling more powerful than conscience or industry? —National Observer.

The Advantage of His Company.

Featherstone—I wish you would come and help me select some trousers, old man.

Ringway—I don't believe my taste is any better than yours.

Featherstone (hopefully)—No, but your credit is. —Exchange.

Descartes's Reply.

A gay marquis said to Descartes, "Do you philosophers eat dainties?" He replied, "Do you think that God made good things only for fools?"

J. J. RAFTREY,

THE MERCHANT TAILOR,

has made arrangements with the Detroit Steam Dye Works and will take orders for coloring ladies' and gent's garments, suits, overcoats, shawls, jackets, dress patterns, etc.

I am now receiving

Woolens for Fall and Winter,

for pants, suitings and overcoats. All styles of garments cut and made to order. A call will be appreciated.

Respectfully yours,

J. J. RAFTREY.

HOW I

EARNED

AN

ISLAND.



Enterprising Young Man: True & Co. instructed and started me. I worked steadily and made money faster than I expected. I became able to buy an island and build a small summer hotel. If I don't succeed at that, I will go to work again at the business in which I made my money. True & Co. shall re-instruct and start you, re-educate you, and if you work industriously, you will be the time he is able to buy an island and build a hotel. If you wish to, money can be earned at our new line of work, rapid and honorable, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This entirely new line brings wonderful success to every worker. Rich, new, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment—we teach you FREE. This is an era of marvelous things, and here is another great, useful, wealth-giving wonder. Great gain will reward every industrious worker. Wherever you are, and whatever you are doing, you want to know about this wonderful work at once. Delay means much money lost to you. No space to explain here, but if you will write to us, we will make all plain to you FREE. Address: TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned, having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address, R. W. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York.

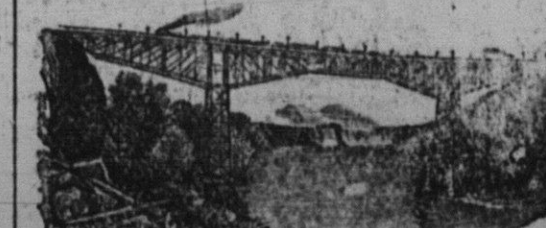
Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of SELF CURE. To those who wish, and will give him used symptoms, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address, in confidence, JAMES W. PINKNEY, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL



The Niagara Falls R. Mts.

TRAINS LEAVE;

EAST—5:04, 7:15, 10:21 A.M. 3:48, P.M.

WEST—10:10, A.M. 6:18, 9:58 P.M.