

# The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. IV. NO. 17.

CHELSEA, MICH., JULY 8, 1892.

WHOLE NUMBER, 173

## THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

An independent local newspaper published every Friday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year in advance.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

**RIEMENSCHNEIDER & SHAVER**  
Proprietors of The "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank building.  
CHELSEA, MICH.

**R. McCOLGAN.**  
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.  
Office and residence second door west of Methodist church.  
Office hours 3 to 6 p. m.  
CHELSEA MICH.

**GEO. W. TURNBULL**  
Having been admitted to practice as Pension Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows, etc., entitled thereto. None but legal fees charged.

**E. D. BOYD**  
The Popular Barber, is located in the basement under R. S. Armstrong & Co.'s drug store. Give him a call.

**D. R. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.**  
Having spent four years in the study and practice of dentistry, I am prepared to do work in all branches of my line. Extracting made easy by the use of local anæsthetic. Give me a call that I may prove myself worthy of your patronage. Office over Kempf's bank.

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

## Chelsea Savings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan,

At the close of Business, May 17, 1892.

## RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$ 77,279.44
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	63,791.17
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	29,821.07
Due from other banks and bankers.....	17,042.22
Furniture and fixtures....	4,005.20
Other real estate.....	3,964.50
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	1,267.65
Interest paid.....	.16
Exchanges for clearing house.....	7,124.74
Checks and cash items....	1,112.56
Nickels and pennies.....	179.02
Gold.....	2,000.00
Silver.....	1,062.60
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	5,325.00
Total.....	\$213,975.33

## LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in....	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund.....	2,357.96
Undivided profits.....	11,312.40
Individual deposits.....	22,255.37
Savings deposits.....	128,049.60
Total.....	\$213,975.33

Total..... \$213,975.33  
State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Correct—Attest: THOS. S. SEARS  
F. P. GLAZIER  
HERMAN M. WOODS  
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of May 1892.  
THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Scientific American Agency for

## PATENTS

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.  
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 311 Broadway, New York.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

An Interesting Budget from the Nation's Capital.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—A consuming desire to begin the campaign as soon as possible has led to strenuous efforts to bring about an early adjournment of congress. The democratic senators Wednesday held a conference and decided to appoint a "steering" committee whose members, in conjunction with a similar committee appointed by the republicans, will select the most important bills to be passed before the day of adjournment. The committee has not yet been appointed, and the program of legislation cannot therefore be outlined except in a vague way. The silver senators have made an earnest fight to secure consideration before adjournment for Senator Stewart's free coinage bill. The declaration of both parties in the financial planks of their platforms have not sidetracked the silver question, and Senator Morgan has an idea that the democratic party could not do better at this juncture than pass a free silver bill and lay it on the president's desk. "There are enough votes in the senate," he said "to pass the silver bill and I am told by men in the house, to whose judgment I have great confidence, that the bill could be passed in that body after coming from the senate. But even if it should be passed by both houses would not the president veto it? I am one of the few senators who believe the president will not veto a free silver coinage bill, at any rate, I think that it would be good politics to give him an opportunity to decide. While everybody knows that Mr. Cleveland would also veto such a measure, the adverse action of President Harrison at this time would place him in the front of the aggressive and determined opponent of silver legislation, and would array against him all the interests which are dependent upon silver."

The addition of the Texas to the new navy is a matter for national congratulation. She will be one of the most formidable armored vessels afloat. Built upon a design furnished especially to the navy department by an English naval architect of high repute, her successful construction seems to have justified her projector's most sanguine anticipations. When it was first proposed to build a vessel of this description there was not a shipyard in the whole country that had a plant sufficient for the purpose. The act of congress authorizing her construction provided that she should be built at a navy yard and that at Norfolk was duly selected. All the requisite machinery was lacking the employees were inexperienced in building steel ships, and, worst hindrance of all, the manufacture of the necessary steel plates only partially developed. But over all these drawbacks Naval Constructor Rowles triumphed, and there is now at the Norfolk navy yard a plant and a force ready for all ship-building exigencies. The Texas is built for endurance in a stubborn sea fight. In cruisers like the Baltimore or Charleston armor is sacrificed to speed and coal space. In the battle-ship speed is sacrificed for armor and armament, and she is so constructed that, when receiving the fire of heavy guns, she not only stands the shock, but gives also the amplest possible protection to her machinery and men.

The creation of a non-partisan tariff commission is the object of a joint resolution introduced in the house this week by Representative Pattison, of Ohio. The board is to consider and investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, commercial, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States, and the information obtained is to be transmitted to Congress yearly, with such recommendations and suggestions as the board may deem necessary and proper. The board is to make no recommendation with regard to articles manufactured in the United States, which, if adopted would result in fixing a rate of duty on such articles of commerce in excess of the difference between the cost of foreign and domestic labor employed in the production or manufacture of said article of commerce, taking into consideration at the same time the relative market value of the operative capital actually employed thereon. The board is to consist of ten members, each to receive a salary of \$7,500 a year.

There is an evident disposition on the part of the leaders of the house to hasten action on the appropriation bills with a view to reaching as prompt an adjournment for the session as possible. A member of the rules committee said yesterday that every regular appropriation bill, with the exception of the general deficiency bill, had been sent over to the senate two weeks ago. The bill had to be delayed because it is a general omnibus bill which is included deficiency appropriations submitted by government officers up to the last moment. The house is ready to act on the conference reports practically as fast as they are presented, in the hope of closing up the business of the session.

There are now two secretaries by the name of Foster in the cabinet, both holding leading positions. Indiana has now, besides the chief magistracy of the republic, two portfolios of state in her grasp, including the biggest of all.

## World's Fair Notes.

On the inland waterways which traverse the world's fair grounds from one end to another, there will be plying three kinds of boats for public use. These will be the omnibus, express and cab boats or launches. The omnibus boats will make regular trips around the waterways, stopping at each building. The express boats will make round trips without stopping, while the cab boats, with capacity of four persons may be hailed at any point and engaged for the trip or by the hour as is a hansom cab.

A dispatch from Singapore says that the Sultan of Johore, one of the most prosperous states in this east, situated in the western part of the Malay Peninsula, is causing to be prepared for the World's Columbian Exposition a model Malay village, in which the trades and industries peculiar to the Malays will be carried on by the natives. It is highly probable, the dispatch adds, that the sultan, himself will visit Chicago during the exposition.

One of the most interesting exhibits in the government building at the world's fair will be a display of arms, uniforms, tents and flags in use in the United States army at various times since 1776. This display is being prepared in one of the Gray's Ferry arsenal buildings. A space of 6,000 square feet has been set aside for this exhibit. The uniforms will be draped upon lay figures and arranged in realistic attitudes. The one particular group in which especial pride is taken is to consist of seven figures on horseback, representing a general of the present army and staff. The central figure will be as nearly as possible an exact likeness of Major-General Schofield. All the articles were made entirely by Americans and of American materials. There is a collection of at least twenty-five flags, and these alone are valued at \$8,000.

The United States Patent office will exhibit at the world's fair as complete a collection as possible of the models of all important American patented inventions, with a view of showing the great advance in the several arts, which is due in no small degree to the encouragement and protection afforded by the patent system. Many of the desired models are not now in the possession of the patent office, owing to loss by fire and the fact that in recent years models have not generally been required. The available appropriation is not sufficient to enable the office to make the missing models, and therefore the commissioner of Patents has issued an invitation to inventors and manufacturers to loan such to the office with the understanding that they will be returned, and that due credit will be given in labels and catalogues. This invitation is being met with hearty response.

## Unclaimed Letters.

The following is the list of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, July 4, 1892:

A. A. Lombard, Wm. Leece.

Wm. Judson, P. M.

Having rented Dr. Gates' huckleberry marsh, I hereby forbid any one from trespassing thereon.

Dave Alber.

Wanted Sewing—Will come to the house or will take the work home.  
MRS. D. BIRCHARD, Orchard st.

## H. S. HOLMES & CO.

In looking over our Boot and Shoe Department we find we have too many goods for this season of the year.

Therefore in order to reduce our stock we shall during

## JULY

offer anything in this Department at a

## REDUCED PRICE.

If you wish to buy anything in Men's, Ladies', Misses' or Children's Shoes, come and see what we can do for you.

We shall sell the best Rubber Boot made for \$2.00 per pair, never sold for less than \$2.75.

## CLOTHING DEPT.

We shall continue to offer in this Department great values during July. Our stock of Straw Hats, Furnishing Goods, Etc., is complete.

## H. S. HOLMES & CO.

## PURCHASERS

Who wish to get the BEST VALUES FOR THEIR MONEY

SHOULD BUY

## LEWIS' WEAR RESISTER SHOES

For Sale at

## R. A. Snyder's

## PRINTED FOR

We want to know if your machine is giving you satisfaction. It does not matter what name it bears. If there is any part of it that you do not understand we can help you and save you money.

We are adepts in this line. We have made a study of sewing machines. We have a superbly equipped repair shop of every machine have the best mechanics in the city, and we know what we are talking about too.

Do not allow any agent to tamper with your machine. It is easier to help you than to repair it. A postal is all that is required to have us call upon you immediately.

## "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO. AGENCY.

## ORGAN CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

## HUMMEL & WHITAKER.

Bring your broken down timepieces and have them repaired at the hospital where careful repairing and regulating is done. All watch and clock work warranted for one year.

Agent for Columbia Pneumatic Safety, which is fully guaranteed in every way by a company of undoubted responsibility. Please call and examine one for yourself.

## PERFUMES.

## PERFUMES.

## E. C. HILL, THE JEWELER.



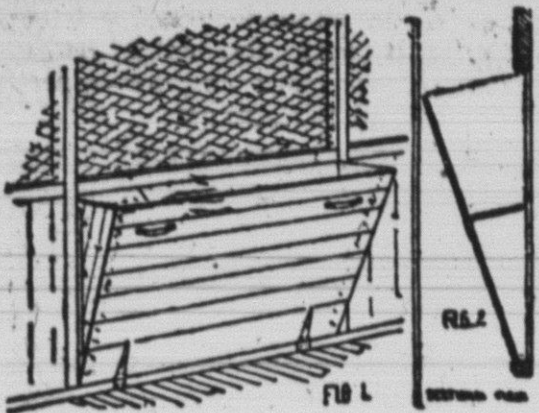
## HOME AND THE FARM.

### A DEPARTMENT MADE UP FOR OUR RURAL FRIENDS.

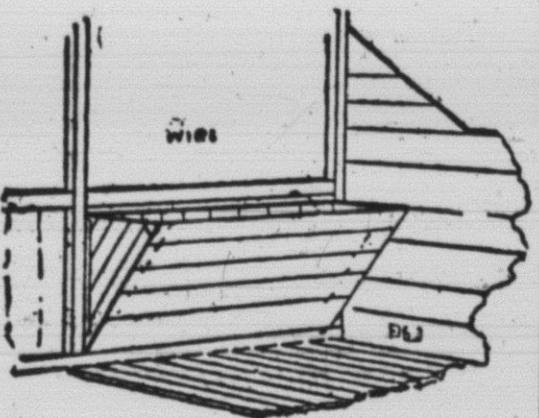
A Scientifically Constructed Horse Stall—Making the Bulls Earn a Living—Concerning Oleomargarine—Bees and Fowls—Hints to Housekeepers.

#### A Scientific Horse Stall.

A good arrangement for a horse stall is used at the Rhode Island Agricultural School at Kingston, a trial of which has proved very successful. The crib is 2 feet wide on top and 6 feet 8 inches long, or the



width of the stall. The ends are triangles, making the crib rest on an edge upon a light stick of timber running along the floor. This edge is fastened to the timber by two strap hinges about 1 foot from the ends of the crib. This crib is double boarded on the sides, the outside boards running by the ends about an inch and a half, and striking the cleat, A A A, nailed to the upright of each side of the stall, as shown in Fig. 1, to prevent it from falling in or out entirely. It is pulled out to put in the



feed and then pushed back. The crib is made 1 foot 10 inches deep inside, as shown in Fig. 2. The floor of the stall is concrete, two inches higher forward and back, thus giving fall enough to run off all water. On this is a slate floor, the slats being just far enough apart to allow the passage of water readily. They are four inches thick behind, but only two inches thick forward, thus allowing the horse to stand on a level. The slats are fastened together by strips of iron on the end side only a few inches from each end. They are in no way fastened to the concrete, so they may be taken up and the space filled with earth if desired. A plank covers the gutter, thus making a very neat stable in every respect. A coarse wire netting is placed above the crib to keep the horse from reaching over.—G. M. Tucker, in Farm and Home.

#### Salt for Cut Worms.

Applications of salt are frequently recommended for ridding the earth of this destructive pest. Those whom we suppose to be pretty good authority have stated that six or eight bushels per acre scattered over the ground would do the work effectively. But, says C. L. Hill, of Minnesota, in "National Stockman," I wish to warn the reader who does not incline to needless expenditure and shattered hopes not to trust to this theory on any large scale until he has tested it. I have experimented until I am thoroughly satisfied that whenever a juicy garden plant and a cut worm get together it will take more salt to drive off the latter than is required to kill the former. I put a spoonful around the cabbage plants when setting them out and the next morning plenty of the pests were in the midst of the salt feasting upon the plants. I scattered salt over a few pea vines until they were killed to the ground, and the cut worms clung to them to the last. At length I took a half dozen of the caterpillars and put them in a quart can covered with salt a whole day and then found them as active as ever, with only a keenly whetted appetite as a result of the treatment. Lastly, fearing that the dry salt might not furnish a fair and complete test, I filled a two gallon sprinkler with brine and put the whole quantity along a row of peas but two rods in length. The ground was well soaked. Two days later, when the pea vines were nearly dead, I searched along their roots and found 78 cut worms in active service and perfect health so far as my best diagnosis of their condition could determine. To make an acre of earth as salt as the ground along those vines would require at least from 80 to 100 bushels. Hence my conclusion that salt is not the thing to rely upon when cut worms make an invasion upon one's farm.

#### Mangold Wurzel.

The cultivation of these and sugar beets is coming to be more of a consideration for farmers than formerly, and it is well to note some of the conditions necessary to success. The soil should be in a good state of fertility, and ma-

nuring with fresh stable manure should be avoided, as it decreases the yield. It is better to use new seed, although not absolutely necessary. Seed should be tested before planting. The Grant Long Red has given more satisfactory results than any other variety of that class. By testing, it is found that for feeding purposes, sugar beets properly grown are more valuable than mangolds. Transplanting is not attended with satisfactory results except in filling up rows to secure a perfect stand. Continuous cropping with mangolds results in reducing the ability of the soil to produce a crop. As the leaves contain a large proportion of fertilizing elements, it is best to leave them upon the ground. The cultivation should be thorough at first to prevent a growth of weeds among the plants in the rows. When the plants have sufficient growth for the leaves to cover the rows the task of keeping clean will become less laborious.—Germantown Telegraph.

#### Not a Bad Idea.

This is the way an Illinois farmer makes his bulls earn a living, as related in Hoard's Dairyman: "For three winters he has done all our sawing, and he will beat any horse at that I ever saw. For sawing we have him shod, but it is not necessary for churning. We have never tried to see how much he could cut in a day, but have frequently run him for half a day, as fast as we could get logs on, without his showing signs of tiring out. We cut a maple log that made a cord of wood in twenty-five minutes. He churns every day except Sundays, and is as gentle as any calf. I am reluctant to part with him, for I find him about as serviceable as any horse on the farm. I am planning to have him still further earn his living by breaking him to work alone. I think if every farmer who keeps twenty or more cows would buy a tread power and teach the bulls to do the churning and wood-sawing, it would be a paying investment, besides we should hear less about vicious bulls. As stock-getters they are improved by daily exercise of this kind. Besides doing all the churning, ours saws from fifty to eighty cords of wood each winter."

#### Sheep Shearing.

Wool growing is one specialty, and mutton growing is another.

In selecting sheep to feed to fatten, have all of the same breed.

If the lamb sucks two or three times there is usually no difficulty.

WINTER feeding should be kept up until grass has made a good start.

By handling the lambs when young they can be handled much better later.

The sheep must be kept in a healthy condition to yield some fleeces of wool.

It is an item to give the lambs good care but it is sometimes possible to over-do.

The ewes that are suckling young lambs should have the best pasture on the farm.

It is a small matter to keep an account with the sheep to see if they are profitable.

KEEP young, uniformly well woolled sheep to grow heavy fleeces of merchantable wool.

WHEN a number of sheep are to be sheared it is best to arrange a place especially for the work.

SHEEP that are kept in a good, vigorous, thrifty condition are not so liable to become infested with ticks.

WHEN properly sheltered from rains salt and sulphur can often be fed to the sheep to a good advantage.

Good, fat muttons are always salable, and during the summer make the best meat for the farmers' table.

#### Concerning Oleo.

Prof. Clark of Albany, N. Y., made a thorough examination of oleo, and reported thereon to the State Dairy Commissioner of New York. As a result of his investigation he concluded that oleo was unhealthy for four reasons: First—because it is indigestible; second—because it is insoluble when made from animal fats; third—because it is liable to carry the germs of disease into the system; fourth—because, in the eagerness of manufacturers to produce their spurious compounds cheaply, they are tempted to use ingredients which are detrimental to the health of the consumer.

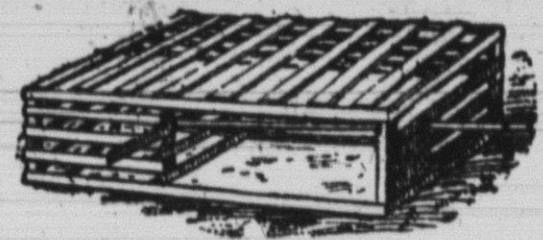
#### Bees and Fowls.

As to bees and fowls occupying the same yard, that depends upon its size, meaning by "yard" the range and forage ground of the fowls. The writer had eighteen colonies of bees at one time, twenty-four at another, and also, chicks and fowls to the number of more than two hundred that roamed at will, around the hives if they wanted to. There was no clashing between them, and no evidence that one was aware of the existence of the other, but the range extended over four acres or more. Of course bees should not be kept in a hen-coop or yard where the fowls are shut in, even if the place be an acre in area. With the bees and the poultry well in hand, the keeper may still have time to till a garden. Chicks and vegetables may not grow and thrive in the same enclosure, but

there may be a side patch in which the tiller at his work may be within call if his broods require attention. If he will plant raspberries with a lavish hand, he will have shade for his chicks, essential in the summer, honey for the bees and for himself, and fruit for his table or market. On a snug place, with all these factors at work for bread and butter and raiment with good health and a quiet conscience, what more can a man wish?—Rural.

#### To Catch Fowls in a Coop.

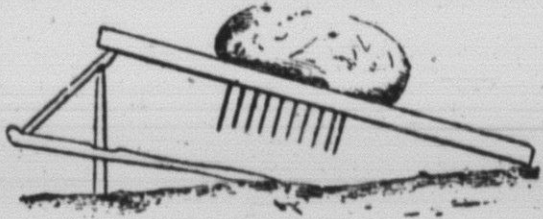
This illustration from Farm and Fireside, shows a handy way of catching fowls in a coop. As will appear from the illustration, there is a false end, the middle slat of which is extended and slides upon two side slats. A pole is fastened to this false end to draw it back and forth. The pole serves also as a perch.



The false end may also be used as a partition for separating two lots of fowls, and will serve equally well for crowding either lot to the end doors to be caught.

#### Simple Mole Trap.

It is the simplest thing in the world. Take a board three feet long and ten inches wide. At eight inches from one end drive through two or three rows of sharpened spikes. Press



down mole hill lightly with the foot. Then set trap across the run, with figure 4, so that the trigger rests on center of hill. When the mole passes, he pushes the trigger and down comes the spiked board.—George W. Gehman in Practical Farmer.

#### Hints to Housekeepers.

ACCORDING to Mrs. Ewing of culinary fame, hot lemonade is the proper drink for hot weather, being both cooling and wholesome.

TO CLEAN a teakettle, take it away from the fire and wash off with a rag dipped in kerosene, followed by a rubbing with a dry flannel cloth.

A REMEDY for creaking hinges is mutton tallow rubbed on the joint. A great many locks that refuse to do their work are simply rusted and will be all right if carefully oiled.

TO MEND cracks in stoves and stove pipes, make a paste of ashes and salt with water and apply. A harder and more durable cement is made of iron filings, sal ammoniac and water.

AN invalid writing pad is something new. It consists of a tray fitted with blotter and other necessities, which can be supported at will upon four short legs, called into use by means of a spring. When not in use the legs fold close under the tray.

CHILDREN should not be bathed immediately after rising in the morning. They may be sponged over quickly and then rubbed fairly dry; but as for plunging a child into water, even lukewarm, and soaking, the practice must soon prove injurious to the little one's health.

WHILE fresh vegetables are in the market, cream soups or purées are the daintiest things one can serve for lunch. The trimmings from steaks, and bones left from roasts, always furnish ample material for stock; and this, in connection with vegetables, make most inexpensive purées. The remains of fresh fruit, even different kinds, may be made over into dumplings or boiled puddings, or escallops for lunch.

AN expensive portiere can be made of rope. Select a good smooth piece; that which is sold for cotton clothes lines is often used. After the poles and rings are in place cut the ropes in lengths so they will reach from the rings to within a few inches of the floor; fringe out the lower end of each length six or eight inches and tie a knot above to hold it; fasten each length into a ring. Some prefer the ropes of two lengths.

#### Cooking Recipes.

EGG SAUCE.—One cup of chicken broth, heated and thickened, with tablespoonful of butter rolled thickly in flour; poured over two beaten eggs; boiled one minute, with tablespoonful parsley stirred in; then seasoned and poured upon pounded yolks of two boiled eggs placed in bottom of bowl. Stir up and it is ready.

WAFFLES.—One quart flour, one-half teaspoonful salt, one teaspoonful sugar, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, one large tablespoonful butter, two eggs, one and a half pints milk. Sift together flour, salt, sugar, and powder; rub in butter cold; add beaten eggs and milk; mix into smooth consistent batter, that will run easily and limpid from mouth of pitcher. Have waffle-iron hot, and carefully greased each time; fill two-thirds full close up; when brown turn over. Sift sugar on brown, serve hot.

## AFRICA'S GREATEST LAKE.

Historic Nyanza Inspird to the Taste and Infested With Alligators.

Ernest Gedge, who has spent considerable time on and around Victoria Nyanza, has made some very interesting observations on the lake, which is the largest lake in Africa. Although it has been visited by a number of explorers it is not very accurately mapped yet. Mr. Gedge says the appearance of the lake suggests the formation at some remote period of a vast trough or valley. The shores on the west side give striking indications of that, especially in Karagwe, where the cliffs are perpendicular, with deep water close inshore. Nothing on the eastern or southern shores suggests volcanic action. On the northern shore are outcrops of lava blocks. The main visible sources of the water supply are from three rivers, which although discharging continually a certain amount of water into the lake, are of no great size except during the rainy season, and they appear to be totally inadequate to maintain the equilibrium of the lake, when it is considered that a large volume is carried off constantly by the Nile, and that the loss through evaporation from so large an area must be great. The New York Sun thinks it is probable, therefore, that the lake derives a great deal of water from springs. The lake has great depth in places. The water is fresh and clear, although flat and insipid to the taste. Fish are numerous and are caught mostly with rod and line. Hippopotami are not very numerous, as they confine themselves generally to the coasts and rivers. Those that are found in the lake are extremely vicious, and are much feared by the canoeists along the northern shores, who, strange to say, are unable to swim. That is, no doubt, due largely to the fact that the lake is infested with alligators and it is dangerous for anyone to enter its waters.

Cyclonic storms of great violence occur at certain seasons and are dangerous to small craft. The storms occur usually at daybreak. They are accompanied by much thunder and lightning. Following the coast line for a time they sweep across the lake, raising a tremendous sea, and on several of Mr. Gedge's journeys his party was in great danger of swamping. One of the remarkable phenomena he witnessed was the apparent tide that is observed at irregular intervals, the waves coming in and overflowing the beach in exactly the same way as the tide on the seashore, the rise and fall lasting from a half hour to an hour or more. That has occurred during a comparative calm, while at other times, although a strong gale was setting on shore, Gedge did not notice any difference in the lake's level. He therefore thinks that the phenomenon is not attributable entirely to the wind backing up the water. Another curious feature is the periodical rise and fall, which, according to the natives, takes place every twenty-five years, and is indicated by the water marks on the stones. At the time of his visit the lake was between eight and nine feet below high water mark, and the people said that certain lands under cultivation would be flooded again in due season, and that the peninsula on which his camp was pitched would become an island. Similar changes of level have been noticed in Lake Tanganyika and Lake Nyassa, and it is very desirable that continuous observations should be made in order to define the real character of the changes.

#### Terrapin Dinner.

In preparing for a terrapin dinner given to a dozen friends at one of those lovely New York club houses, where toasts and remarks were to enliven the friendly occasion, the gentleman who was to preside was planning his program, and looking over the list of guests came to the name of Rev. Dr. —. "I will settle him," he said, "by placing opposite his name—a blessing."

The hour arrived, with each guest ready for his seat, his dinner, and to give his part of the program. The toastmaster had been somewhat anxious that the blessing should be short and not add too much solemnity to the occasion. The Rev. Dr. — was a stranger to him and he felt unacquainted with the minister's style, but took great comfort in knowing that the quiet spell would come first and enough wit and laughter would follow to enliven all present.

—Imagine the feeling of the host when, in response to his request that Rev. Dr. — would ask grace, with bowed heads and spirits, all present listened to the words:

"Oh, Lord, we do thank thee for cherubim, seraphim, and terrapin. Amen."—Free Press.

#### How Politics Affects Japanese Women.

Feminine interest in elections is strong enough in our own country, but the most enthusiastic American woman would hardly follow her convictions so far as her Japanese sister, Mrs. Ishijima Sayayemou, living in the Nagano District, was so affected by her husband voting for the wrong candidate that she dressed herself in white as a sign of mourning, retired to a store-room, and cut her throat with a sword.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS

### OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

After Pension Agent Sharks—Epidemic of Suicides—Two Women at "The Sea"—Horsewhip Their Truancy—A Young Woman Repenting at Leisure.

#### From Far and Near.

OVER 7,000 visitors was the average attendance each night at the Masonic fair at Saginaw.

ALPENA rye is six feet four inches tall, says the Echo. None of the ladies will smile on Annie as she is coming through that rye.

ROY JACKSON, aged 7 years, while playing at Lansing, was so badly injured by a marble monument which toppled over upon him that he died.

WM. W. OSBORN, charged with violating the United States pension laws by the exacting of an illegal fee, in soliciting a pension for Marion F. Bulk, of Lansing, was held to the grand jury.

JOHN WINEGAR, of Green Bay, attempted to board a moving train at Escanaba, fell, and both legs were cut off. He lived but two hours. He was a brother of Ald. Winegar, of Escanaba.

FORTY-FOUR students graduated from the Kalamazoo High School this year. Circuit Judge Geo. M. Buck delivered the address. There are also nine graduates from the training school.

MRS. LOUISE SANDHOFF, widow of a Saginaw shoemaker, who four years ago blew out his brains with a revolver, hanged herself in the attic of her house. She was 56 years of age and had been despondent since the death of her husband.

JACOB CARLSTEIN, a 16-year-old Saginaw boy, does not like his stepmother, and his stepmother has no particular love for him. He went into a barn and, getting upon a box, tied a rope to a cross timber and then around his neck. He stepped off and was dangling in the air when a companion found him and called a man, who cut the rope. Young Carlstein denied that he attempted to kill himself.

THE specific charge against Joseph Hanaw, who was arrested at Jackson on Tuesday last, is not that of fraud in obtaining a pension, but of taking fees in excess of the sum allowed by law. Mr. Hanaw is not a pension attorney, but being a friend of Mrs. Mary A. Lee, acted as her agent in procuring her pension and took pay for his services. He is held to the grand jury.

J. B. JOUBERT, keeper of a Sault Ste. Marie restaurant, has for some time past been printing and scattering handbills which contained disparaging remarks about Mrs. Archie Johnson and Mrs. Ida Dean, who keep a rival restaurant. The other night the women waited until Joubert closed his place, and then following him to Main street one of them seized him while the other laid on a score of blows on the man's face and back with a stout horsewhip. The man howled with pain, while a great crowd gathered and cheered the women on. Joubert is badly injured.

AT Wyandotte, Modest Casper, formerly a baker, was arrested for being drunk and disorderly, and also for abusing his wife. He was taken to the city jail and locked up for the night. Before going to bed City Marshal Murphy and Deputy McCloy took a look into the corridor wherein Casper was confined to see if everything was all right, and upon opening the door leading into the corridor they found Mr. Casper hanging from the upper bars of the window by his coat. One of the coatsleeves was fastened around his neck for a noose. He is very wealthy, and claims that family trouble drove him to commit the act of trying to take his life.

IN United States Commissioner McMahon's Court at Bay City, sat a handsome young woman crying as if her heart would break. Finally, as if wholly unable to control herself, she went into hysterics and baffled the skill of the attending officer who undertook to appease her mental anguish. Her name is Mrs. Edna Newman, divorced from Frank J. Newman. She was charged with having taken from the postoffice in St. Louis, about February 18, last, a letter directed to F. J. Newman, a resident of Birch Run. The letter contained a bank check for \$11, which Mrs. Newman put to her own use, passing it upon C. E. Richardson, of Detroit, after giving it her indorsement.

PRINCE MICHAEL has arrived at Jackson. He has had a bath, been given a new suit of clothes, lost his waving hair, and been given a five years' job.

ABOUT fifteen years ago John and Al Bowen went from Michigan to Arkansas and engaged in the manufacture of staves, but subsequently purchased a ranch and commenced stock raising. John died two years ago, and Al early this month. He was alone when he died, and left no word for relatives or friends. It is believed there that John has two children somewhere in Michigan, and for them, or the heirs of the brothers, there is considerable property in Arkansas, consisting of land, cattle, and other effects. John Moore, of Lulu, St. Francis County, writes that he often heard the brothers speak of relatives in Michigan, but he did not mention their names or residence. He desires the heirs of the two men to write to him and establish their claims.

DAN K. SARTWELL, who was arrested at his home near Port Huron about three weeks ago on a charge of burglarizing several business places and residences, three wagon loads of miscellaneous stolen property being found on his premises, was taken before the Circuit Court for trial. He at once pleaded guilty, and on being asked by the Judge if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced, replied that he did not steal everything that was found at the place. After giving him a suitable lecture, Judge Vance sentenced him to State Prison for ten years. The sentence was more severe than the prisoner expected, and he broke down completely and wept like a child. He was taken to Jackson.



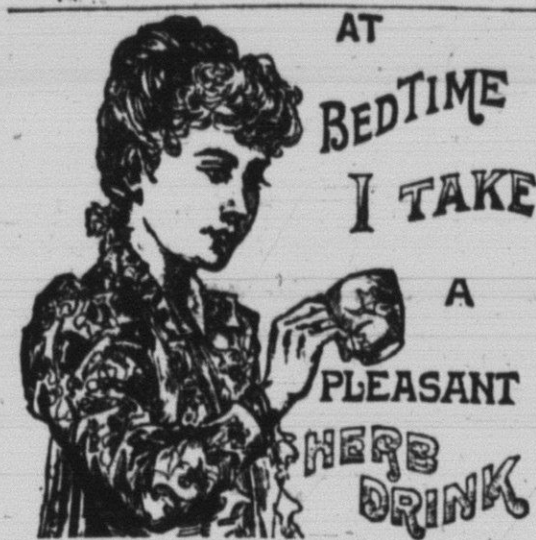


# A MAD POET

rushed into a newspaper office recently, and threatened to "clean out" the establishment, because they printed his verses wrong. Said he: "I wrote, 'To dwell forever in a grot of peace,' and you idiots put it 'a pot of grease.'" The mortified editor presented him with a vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, a year's subscription and an apology.

The little "Pellets" positively cure sick and nervous headache, biliousness, costiveness, and all derangements of the stomach, bowels and liver. It's a large contract, but the smallest things in the world do the business—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're the smallest, but the most effective. They go to work in the right way. They cleanse and renovate the liver, stomach and bowels thoroughly—but they do it mildly and gently. You feel the good they do—but you don't feel them doing it.

They're the cheapest pill you can buy, because they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You only pay for the good you get. That's the peculiar plan all Dr. Pierce's medicines are sold on, through druggists.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

# LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and \$1.00 per package. Buy one to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary.

"Why Are You Sick?" "I know precisely how you feel; it is that nervous, irritable feeling; your back troubles you, and when you try to read a little, your head aches. Isn't that so? I know it. Oh, bother the doctor! Get a bottle of Vegetable Compound, and take it faithfully, as I have done. I've been through this thing myself, but am never troubled now. Do as I tell you, my friend."

Prudent women who best understand their ailments find in the Compound a remedy for all their distressing ills. It removes at once those pains, aches, and weaknesses, brightens the spirits, restores digestion, and invigorates the system.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence. LANE & E. PENNINGTON MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

James P. Richardson

# Swift's Specific

A Tested Remedy For All Blood and Skin Diseases

A reliable cure for Contagious Blood Poison, Inherited Scrofula and Skin Cancer.

As a tonic for delicate Women and Children it has no equal. Being purely vegetable, is harmless in its effects.

A treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed FREE on application. Druggists Sell It.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

# Tutt's Tiny Pills

The first dose often astonishes the invalid, giving elasticity of mind, buoyancy of body, good digestion, regular bowels and solid flesh. Price, 25c.

# RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

# UNLUCKY 1892.

The Most Disastrous Year the United States Has Ever Known.

If the remaining six months of this year shall duplicate or even approximate to the record of disasters which have occurred in the first six months of 1892 will be set down as the most fatal to life in the United States that has ever been known. Fires, floods, explosions, mine casualties, cyclones, wind-storms, lightning—all the elemental forces indeed seem to have combined with human agencies to destroy life, and to present an aggregate of great disasters in comparison with which ordinarily terrible events seem to lose their significance or attract personal attention only.

Since January 1 there have been four destructive wind storms, killing nearly 200 persons, viz.: April 1, Missouri and Kansas, 75; May, 16, Texas, 15; May 27, Wellington, Kan., 53; June 16, Southern Minnesota, 50. In the same period there have been four great floods, viz.: April 11, Tombigbee River, 250; May 18, Sioux City, Iowa, 35; May 20, Lower Mississippi, 36; June 5, fire and flood, Oil Creek, Pa., 193. There also have been four mining disasters, viz.: Jan. 7, McAllester, I. T., 65; April 20, Minersville, Pa., 12; May 10, Roslyn, Wash., 44; May 14, Butte, Mont., 11. Three fires have been unusually disastrous to life, viz.: Jan. 21, Indianapolis Surgical Institute, 19; Feb. 7, Hotel Royal, New York, 30; April 28, theater, Philadelphia, 12. Besides these there were on March 21 an explosion at Jordan, Mich., by which 10 lives were lost; June 13, the explosion at the Mare Island Navy Yard which killed 15; and June 15, the fall of the bridge over Licking River by which 32 lives were sacrificed. These are the principal disasters of the year thus far, and they involve an aggregate of 960 lives. Adding to this total the sum of losses by minor accidents as reported in the newspapers, we have the following sad and unusual record: By fire, 876; by drowning, 1,364; by explosions, 313; by falling structures of various kinds, 267; by mine disasters, 308; by wind storms, 340; and by lightning, 120; grand total, 3,588. The total loss of life by these causes during the whole of last year—and 1891 was one of the most destructive years on record—was 5,762. So it is evident that 1892 will far surpass its predecessor. It is a sad and appalling record, this, of great disasters following so closely upon each other's heels. It recalls the days of the war, when one took up the morning paper only to read the list of killed and wounded in the previous day's battle, and with the same result then as now, viz., that the great battles so overshadowed the smaller ones that little attention was paid to the latter. So now the great catastrophes so far eclipse the smaller ones that the latter, though they would be considered as shocking and exceptional in any ordinary time, are now hardly an hour's wonder.

# FAIR DATE CHANGED.

The Preliminary Celebration Will Probably Be Held Oct. 21 Instead of 12.

Washington dispatch: Perry Belmont, of New York, reached Washington from Chicago, where he had been to attend the conference regarding changing the date for the inauguration exercises of the World's Fair next October. The differences between New York and Chicago over the date upon which the two cities will celebrate the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America were amicably adjusted at the conference, and the two celebrations will not conflict in any way.

Messrs. Belmont, R. B. Roosevelt and Secretary Hall, of the New York Citizens' Committee of 100, and the Board of Control of the Columbian Exposition were parties to an agreement drawn up by Direct-Jr General Davis and Mr. Belmont, by the terms of which the officers and others interested in the Chicago celebration will make no opposition to the efforts of the New York gentlemen to secure the passage of a joint resolution by Congress changing from Oct. 12 to Oct. 21 the date on which the anniversary exercises at Chicago shall take place.

The celebration at New York City, which will include the naval display of all nations, is fixed for Oct. 12, and that day has been declared a legal holiday by the Legislature of New York. It was out of this conflict of dates with the Chicago celebration that grew the controversy which has been raging for some weeks, and which threatened to seriously interfere with the success of the events in both cities. But by this compromise those interested believe that the interest in the two will be heightened and their success increased.

# Where They Used to Be.

SENATOR QUAY was once a roving photographer.

JAY COOKE was a confidential clerk in a Philadelphia banking house at 18 and a member of the firm at 21.

GOV. CHASE of Indiana was formerly a minister of the Campbellite Church, and still preaches occasionally.

CONAN DOYLE, the English novelist, was formerly a doctor, but has given up his practice since he became a successful author.

GEORGE JACOB SCHWEINFURTH, the false messiah of Rockford, Ill., was formerly a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

PATRICK A. COLLINS earned the money to carry him through college by working in a shoe factory. He is now the leader of the Boston bar.

EVERETT ST. JOHN, general manager of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, began as a ticket clerk at \$30 a month, and has climbed in succession every round of the railroad ladder.

WANHOPE LYNN, of New York City, who has just been appointed a civil justice by Gov. Flower, began life as a tool-maker. He commenced the study of law while following this vocation.

SECRETARY RUSK was for many years a stage driver, and owned a stage line in Wisconsin when he was first elected to Congress. He is fond now of relating incidents of this portion of his life.

# Let There Be Peace

In the gastric region. If troubled with nausea from sea sickness, biliousness or other cause, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will immediately put a stop to the stomachic disturbance. A prominent and most unpleasant feature of liver complaint is nausea in the morning. The symptoms disappear and the cause is removed by the Bitters. Many persons have very delicate stomachs which trifling indiscretions in eating or drinking, or even some slight that is repulsive, disorder. Such persons cannot act more wisely than to invigorate their digestive region with the Bitters, a tonic specially adapted to reinforce it. For malaria, rheumatism, kidney troubles, and nervousness the Bitters will be found marvelously beneficial, and when sleep is untroubled and appetite variable it soon improves both. It is, in fact, a most comprehensive and delightful remedy.

# Barbarous Punishments.

Rameses II., of Egypt, cut off the nose of any person convicted of treason or arson. Actianes, another Egyptian ruler, punished robbers in the same way. After each nose had been amputated back even with the "bridge," the culprit was sent to a colony of noseless felons, the place of banishment being known as Rhinocoenum, from the nature of the punishment its colonists had undergone.

In England in 1671 Lord Coventry, then "Great Keeper of the British Seal," had his nose cut off by order of the king because he had dared to ask some questions about an actress then playing at the Drury Lane Theater.

A conscript, who protested openly that he had been enrolled into the army of Frederick the Great in a fraudulent manner, had his nose amputated by order of that sovereign, who spoke of the punishment as an "indelible mark on the front side of the face."—St. Louis Republic.

# Webster's Dictionaries.

G. & C. Merriam Co. having won their suit against the Texas Siftings Co. of New York, for offering a 40 years old reprint of the edition of Webster's Unabridged as premium for subscribers for their paper, are devoting their attention to several other suits of a like nature now in the courts, the Topica Capital Co. of Topeka, Kansas, being one of the latest. They claim they are compelled to do this in justice alike to the public and to themselves, and have therefore given directions to their attorney to prosecute in every case where a publisher makes use of misleading announcements.

# Punishment of Spies.

French ministers and army commissioners have agreed upon the details of the anti-spy bill to be submitted to the Chamber shortly. In its new form the bill stipulates the death penalty to every spying soldier or official of the military or marine, or official or agent of the state or person intrusted with secret information as to the defense of the country. Life imprisonment in a state prison is provided for everybody making topographical sketches, examining the railways and highways, or establishing special means of communication, to the detriment of France in time of war. Any editor, moreover, who publishes in his newspaper any military plans, operations or reports which should be kept secret is, according to the bill, to be punishable with imprisonment for two to five years and with a fine of \$600 to \$2,000.

# The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS, or SAMPLES FREE.

# How to See Under Water.

A lens for seeing under water is described as producing an effect which is both astonishing and delightful. It gives distinct vision to objects from twenty to thirty feet below the surface, and which are usually out of ordinary eye-range. The eye's loss of extended vision when under water is owing to the fact that an entirely different focus is required. The spectacles which can adjust this focus are made by putting two watch crystals back to back or with the concavities outward.

BLOOD VESSELS ARE SOMETIMES BURST by whooping cough. HALL'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND and T. L. relieve it. PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute.

# Sweet Girls.

Two young women of Exeter, Me., while making syrup this spring, cared for the sap of 300 trees.

NERVOUS, DROWSY DISORDERS, sick headache, indigestion, loss of appetite and constipation removed by Beecham's Pills.

MRS. F. C. ROBERTSON, of Stokes County, N. C., is cutting her third set of teeth. She is in the 85th year of her age.

MANY men have been capable of doing a wise thing, but very few a generous thing.—Pope.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

WE may trust those we love, while we may not love those we trust.

# As Large

As a dollar were the scrofula sores on my poor little boy, sickening and disgusting. They were especially severe on his legs, back of his ears and on his head. I gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two weeks the sores commenced to heal up; the scales came off and all over his body new and healthy flesh and skin formed. When he had taken two bottles of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA he was free from sores. HARRY K. RUNY, Box 350, Columbia, Tenn.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless, safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable. 25c.

ANAKESIS gives instant relief, and is an INFALLIBLE CURE FOR PILES. Price, 5c. at druggists or by mail. Samples free. Address: "ANAKESIS," Box 204, New York City.

# PILES

FOR SUMMER COMPLAINTS PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

# The Skill and Knowledge

Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known, have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

A NEW YORK couple were recently married in the head of Bartholdi's Goddess of Liberty.

ACCOMPLISHED purposes make the ashes of the world.

FITs.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fit after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 681 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

# A SICK LIVER

Is the cause of most of the depressing, painful and unpleasant sensations and sufferings with which we are afflicted; and these sufferings will continue so long as the Liver is allowed to remain in this sick or sluggish condition.

To stimulate the Liver and other digestive organs to a normal condition and healthy activity, there is no better medicine than

# RADWAY'S PILLS,

The most perfect, safe and reliable Cathartic that has ever been compounded—PURELY VEGETABLE, positively containing no Mercury or other deleterious substances; having all the beneficial properties that Mercury is possessed of as a cathartic, without the danger of any of its evil consequences, they have superseded Mercury, and have become the Pill of Modern Science. Elegantly coated and without taste there is no difficulty in swallowing RADWAY'S PILLS; mild and gentle or thorough in their operations, according to the dose, they are the favorites of the present time.

They cure all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all the derangements of the Internal Viscera. 25 cents a box—sold by Druggists. DR. RADWAY & CO., 22 Warren Street, N. Y. City.



Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Insobriety, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, allaying all irritabilities, and increasing the flow and power of nerve fluid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1870, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

# "MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.

DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BROADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

# Owen Electric Belt

CATALOGUE,

TELLING ALL ABOUT IT.

In English, German, Swedish or Norwegian will be sent to any address on receipt of 6 cents postage.

DR. A. OWEN.

The Owen Electric Belt and Appliance Co.

201 TO 211 STATE ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

NEW YORK OFFICE, 326 BROADWAY.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

RIPANS TABLETS regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are safe and effective; the best medicine known for biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia, foul breath, headache, mental depression, painful digestion, bad complexion, and all diseases caused by failure of the stomach, liver or bowels to perform their proper functions. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking one after each meal.

Price, 25c. Sample, 10c. At Druggists, or sent by mail.

RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

LYON & HEALY, 53 Monroe St., Chicago.

Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps.

Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, By Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

# FOR EXCHANGE

For Eastern Property. Good Farming Lands, Houses and Lots, Orange Groves, etc., located in Southern California. For full particulars address RALPH ROGERS, 217 West First Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes "My weight was 320 pounds, now it is 195 a reduction of 125 lbs." For circulars address, with fee, to J. W. F. S. DYER, 100 Wabash Street, Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS! PENSIONS! Send for Inventor's Guide, or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of Pension and Bounty Laws. PATRICK O'FARRELL, Washington, D. C.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE. The Family Wash Blue, for sale by Grocers.

# "August Flower"

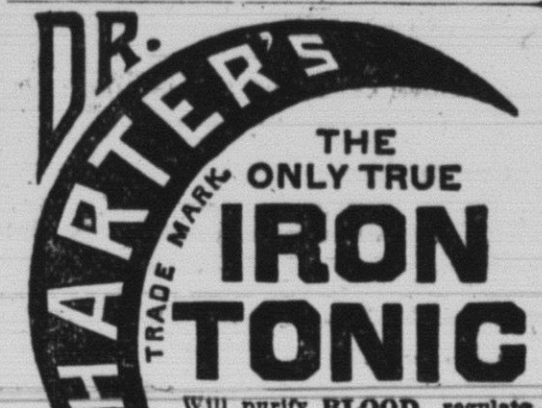
"I am Post Master here and keep a Store. I have kept August Flower for sale for some time. I think it is a splendid medicine." E. A. Bond, P. M., Pavilion Centre, N. Y.

The stomach is the reservoir. If it fails, everything fails. The liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the heart, the head, the blood, the nerves all go wrong. If you feel wrong, look to the stomach first. Put that right at once by using August Flower. It assures a good appetite and a good digestion.

# Seasonable Hints.

The present weather has given rise to a large number of cases of pneumonia, pleurisy, and rheumatism. All of these diseases begin with a cold. This fastens upon the kidneys and manifests itself in one of the maladies named above. If the sufferer will take REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE he will be speedily relieved, for this great remedy contains no poison. It excites the kidneys to action, stimulates the circulation, relieves the lungs of their burden, and will thus cure the worst case of pneumonia or pleurisy, and will relieve an attack of rheumatism quicker than anything else. It is the only remedy on the market that will relieve the consequences of cold, or from any malady that arises from a cold. Ask your druggist for it, and if he does not have it write to us and we will send it to you by mail or express. Small bottles are 25 cents, large ones 50 cents.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.



Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, remove LIVER disorder, build strength, renew appetite, restore health and vigor of youth. Dyspepsia, indigestion, that tired feeling, absolutely eradicated. Mind brightened, brain power increased, bones, nerves, muscles, receive new force.

LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex, using it, and rose bloom on cheeks, beautiful complexion. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent" brand. Send us 2 cent stamp for 32-page pamphlet.

DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on the face, restores the natural complexion. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the Boston (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream,' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada, and Europe. FIELD, T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 27 Great Jones Street, N.Y.

# LEWIS' 98% LYE

Powdered and Perfumed. (PATENTED.)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lyes it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleaning waste-pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc. PENNA. SALT MFG. CO., Gen. Agts., Phila., Pa.

The Oldest Medicine in the World is probably DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S CELEBRATED EYE-WATER.

This article is a carefully prepared prescription, and has been in constant use for nearly a century. There are few diseases to which mankind are subject more distressing than sore eyes, and none, perhaps, for which more remedies have been tried without success. For all external inflammation of the eyes it is an infallible remedy. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite the attention of physicians and druggists. For sale by all druggists. JOHN L. THOMPSON, SON & CO., Troy, N. Y. Established 1797.

# \$40,000,000

Earned by the Bell Telephone Patent in 1891. Your invention may be valuable. You should protect it by patent. Address for full and intelligent advice, free of charge, W. W. DUDLEY & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Pacific Bldg., 622 F St. N. W., Washington, D. C. Mention this paper.

# KILL HER

In the nick of time comes Dutcher's Fly Killer. Certain death to flies. No more buzzing around your ears. Use freely; prevent reproduction and secure peace.

FRED K. DUTCHER DRUG CO., St. Albans, Vt.

# GARFIELD TEA

Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores complexion; cures Constipation. Send for Free Sample to 105 West 34th Street, New York City.

# HEMORDIA PILLS.



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

We know by the populous growth of the classes, By the glow in the cheeks of the lads and the lassies, By the way after session the teachers convene And aloof from the scholars are whispering seen, By the way all the doctors do knowingly nod That the Sunday-school picnic is bursting its pod.

School meeting Monday evening.

Weaver and Field are the leaders of the People's party.

Miss Ella Morton now takes an occasional tumble from a new "wheel."

Loren Babcock has just completed a stone walk in front of his house.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Eisenman are now occupying the Conklin house, on South Main street.

Mrs. John Conaty has been suffering with sciatic rheumatism for the past six weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Yerby, left Thursday for Mecosta where they will make their home.

Rev. D. H. Conrad will preach his farewell sermon at the Baptist church, Sunday, July 24th.

The ladies of the M. E. church will sell ice cream in the McKune block Saturday evening, July 16th.

Died, Saturday, July 2, 1892, of diphtheria, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bush, of Lyndon.

Married, Monday, July 4, 1892, at Jackson, Thos. Jensen, of Chelsea, to Mrs. Susan Detweiler, of Jackson.

Dr. H. H. Avery and family are now at home in the house formerly occupied by Geo. Ward on South street.

The Democratic meeting Saturday evening was not largely attended, but those that were there were very enthusiastic.

Prof. A. A. Hall will speak at the Congregational church next Sunday evening on "The Harmony of Genesis and Science."

W. P. Schenk has purchased the residence of E. Skidmore, corner of East and Orchard street, and will take possession thereof the first of August.

The Maccabees of this place have decided to purchase caps and a banner, and the next time the boys are on parade they will "cut quite a figure."

The annual school meeting for District No. 3 Sylvan and Lima, will be held Monday evening, July 11th, at 7:30 o'clock, at the High School room.

Mrs. A. E. Carman, of Ann Arbor, will talk to the Young Ladies' Mission Band of the Baptist church at the home of Mrs. Jay Everett, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Tuesday evening the residents of the southern part of town enjoyed the sensation of a "horning," which was tendered a newly married couple who reside in that locality.

Miss Alice Gorman will now give lessons in drawing, crayon and oil painting. Anyone wanting to know terms, etc., will find Miss Gorman at her home in this place.

One of the queer sights noticed this week was a woman pushing her way through the crowded street one bright moonlight evening, carrying an open umbrella over her head.

The more humble the business the more effort should be made to sell your goods; and there is no firm so strong, so well known, that it cannot be benefited by judicious advertising.

This week we commence the publication of a new serial entitled "A Woman's Influence." THE STANDARD has always published good serials and this one fully sustains its reputation.

Tuesday, the 9 year old son of Henry Plow, of Francisco, while playing overhead in a granary, fell about twelve feet, striking on his right arm and breaking it in two places. This boy seems to be having more than his share of misfortunes, as only a short time ago while he was playing "duck on the rock" a stone bounded and broke off two of his teeth.

A desperate battle was fought Wednesday at Homestead, Pa., between striking iron workers and Pinkerton detectives, and about twenty lives were lost, and a large number wounded. The detectives surrendered.

Rev. A. S. Carman, pastor of the First Baptist church, of Ann Arbor, will speak on "A New Life Saving Service" at the Baptist church, Friday evening, July 8th. Everybody invited. No admission fee charged.

S. E. McGlothlin has taken the foremanship of the feather renovator, and will finish up the work in this section during the next three weeks. C. H. Murry, Frank Miller, S. Mapes and C. Fent are on the road for the concern.

"I'm Sullivan, the fighter, see?" exclaimed Boston's first citizen soon after his welcome home. "I'm John L. Sullivan, see? An' I'm still lookin' for the man to meet me. Give me jus' one swipe at the man in the moon, an' I'll bet y' a thousan' there won't be any moon left, see?" If the moon or the man in it had also been full when John made these remarks, there might have been trouble.

An exchange says: Finely powdered tobacco is an excellent remedy for the cabbage louse, and also has the advantage of being a good fertilizer. It also prevents the butterfly from laying the eggs which produces the cabbage worm. The cabbage louse was unusually plentiful last season, as was also fly in the turnip plant. These minute insects thrive in wet weather, as they are killed by the dust and dry weather.

The sweetest thing on the world's fair grounds will be, no doubt, the jelly palace which some women of California propose to erect there. The building material is to be held in place by large plates of glass. This scheme is unique, but it opens up a vista of possible dangers. In the event of a hungry and penniless sight-seer getting inside Jackson park at night and eating up the palace we hope the fair Californians will blame no one but themselves.

Monday morning about 3 o'clock the inhabitants of Chelsea were awakened by the ringing of the fire bell and the blowing of steam whistles. The old shop belonging to Chas. Chandler in the northern part of town was discovered to be on fire. Had there been a high wind at the time, the cold storage building would probably have burned, and the stove works damaged, and as it was, only hard work on the part of the firemen saved them. It was probably the work of an incendiary. There has been work enough of this kind done here and should the parties be found, it will probably go hard with them.

Alonzo Conkright had quite an exciting experience at the Springbrook Jersey Farm Saturday evening. He had just drove up the milk house when he heard a peculiar noise and suddenly found himself in the loving embrace of a young cyclone which carried him up about ten feet and landed him about five rods from where he started. He rubbed his eyes, pinched himself and made various other attempts to convince himself that he was not sleeping. He looked around for his horse and wagon and found them both tipped over and the milk bottles scattered around, but strange to say no damage was done only to make Mr. Conkright feel a little lame. He says that he has had all the cyclone that he cares for.

Hon. F. M. Fogg, of Lansing, spoke to a good audience in the Town Hall Sunday evening. He spoke from his own experience of the folly of a religion without Christ; of the danger of choosing the road of self-indulgence. His main object was however to create confidence in the Keeley cure for drunkenness. Drunkenness is a disease, and science is just beginning to know how to deal with it. It is both a mental and physical disease. Christ is the cure for the disease, and yet men may be greatly helped and assisted in their struggle against the habit and physical disorder by the remedies administered at the Keeley Institute. Mr. Fogg held the closest attention of the audience to the close. The applause at several points showed clearly that his listeners were in sympathy with his line of thought.

## PERSONAL.

E. L. Negus was in Detroit Thursday.

Wm. Bacon was a Jackson visitor Tuesday.

A. W. Wilkinson was in Jackson Thursday.

H. S. Holmes was a Detroit visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Elisha Lane spent Wednesday in Dexter.

Miss Mabel Fletcher spent Sunday in Jackson.

Miss Florence E. Cole was in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mrs. Nancy Conklin went to Francisco Wednesday.

Ed. Hammond was a Jackson visitor the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Seper, of Dexter, were in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lane and family spent Sunday in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Maroney spent Sunday in Grand Rapids.

Dallas Wurster and Arthur Pierce were in Detroit yesterday.

C. S. Durand, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

N. F. Prudden, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Sackett, spent a part of this week in Albion.

Dr. Strangways, of Flint, has been in town this past week.

Rev. and Mrs. D. H. Conrad are in Otsego visiting with relatives.

Miss Ella Purchase was with Waterloo friends the first of the week.

Miss Marie Sigler, of Pinckney, is the guest of Miss Tressa Staffan.

Schuyler Foster and sister Lillian went to Fowlerville Wednesday.

Miss Agnes McKune, of Lansing, visited her parents here this week.

E. Vogel and E. R. Dancer were Detroit visitors the first of the week.

Fred Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Webster spent the first of the week at Battle Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Luke Hagan spent Sunday with friends in Battle Creek.

Miss Amelia Geirtson, of Jackson, was the guest of Mrs. G. Kempf, this week.

Mrs. Charles Stimson, of Parma, spent Saturday with relatives in this place.

D. S. Monroe, of Detroit, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Davis, Monday.

Miss Dena Keck, of Grand Rapids, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Maroney.

Mrs. E. Stimson, of Parma, has been the guest of Mrs. T. J. Stimson the past week.

Henry Steinbach, of Ann Arbor, spent several days of the past week at this place.

Jas. Wolfer, of Detroit was the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Schenk, Wednesday.

Fred J. Morton, of Detroit, spent several days of the past week with his parents here.

Henry Herzer, of Ann Arbor, spent the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wood.

Harry Twamley, of Detroit is spending a few days with his parents at North Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker are spending the week with Mr. Parker's mother in Sylvan.

The Misses Spicer, of South Lyons, are being entertained by their sister, Mrs. S. Hirth.

Mrs. Harris, of Ann Arbor, has been spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Ives.

Miss Myrta Kempf entertained Julius Schlatterbeck, of Ann Arbor, the first of the week.

Mrs. M. McGuire, of Ypsilanti, is spending some time with her brother, Michael Sullivan.

Master Earle Foster is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Prudden at Ann Arbor.

Misses Celia Foster and Katie Staffan have been spending a few days with friends in Jackson.

Miss May Sparks left Wednesday for Jackson where she will spend about a week with friends.

Miss Helen Prudden is visiting friends at Leslie.

Hiram Lighthall was an Ann Arbor visitor Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eleck Ross and baby of Chicago, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Conaty.

Miss Ella Freer left for Iowa, Wednesday, where she will spend some time visiting friends.

Miss Lillian Foster, who has been in Ypsilanti for about a year, returned to this place Saturday.

Miss Eva McNamara, of Traverse City has been visiting with Miss Nina Crowell the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bachman, of Detroit, spent part of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Congdon.

Chas. Tichenor, who has been spending the past six months at Newark, N. J., has returned to this place.

Mrs. A. Durand spent several days of this week with her daughter Mrs. G. A. Robertson at Battle Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Taylor, of Detroit, have been spending the past week with Mr. Taylor's parents, here.

Miss Maggie Patrick, of Westford, N. Y., who has been spending a few weeks with her cousin, Miss Hetty Chase, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier and family will go to Bay View next week, where they expect to spend a few weeks.

Monday was the quietest day that Chelsea has enjoyed for some time. In the evening those who remained at home enjoyed themselves with fireworks, while those who went to other places came home tired, but satisfied with the day's pleasures.

## A Pleasant Occasion.

Tuesday evening, July 5th, was one long to be remembered by nearly one hundred of the relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ward, of Sylvan, who gathered at their home to celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of their marriage.

Mr. Ward on returning home from Cavanaugh Lake about 8 o'clock was not a little surprised to find the lawn decorated with numerous Japanese lanterns and flags, and his many friends ready to greet him.

A bounteous supper was served to which all did justice. Fireworks were then watched, and to make the evening still more pleasant the Young Men's Band rendered some very nice music.

About 11 o'clock the company dispersed, all wishing the host and hostess a long life and many such happy occasions.

Those from abroad were Mr. and Mrs. E. Garlinghouse and daughter, of Homer; Mrs. W. I. Miller and daughter, of Litchfield; Miss Service, of South Lyon, and Messrs. Lemon, Wilson and Holden, of Jackson.

## A Remarkable Case.

One of the most wonderful surgical operations that has ever been performed, was accidentally heard of by a Courier reporter the other day, and he feels justified in making it known to the public. A man came to the University hospital some weeks ago, suffering from spasms, often having them as frequently as every hour. It was noticed that before each spasm, certain muscles of the face commenced twitching. Drs. Nancrede and Darling followed the muscles along the face, and up to the head, locating the spot that they thought caused the trouble.

The manner of tracing the nerve was in this way. The brain was exposed and then touched with an electric current. By touching one part the nerve of the arm will be affected, and a twitching of the muscles there be caused; another part would effect the eyes, another the mouth and so on. When they came to the deceased place it was made evident by the twitching of the nerves of the face.

After thoroughly convincing themselves that they were right, the Drs. took out a portion of the skull, removed some of the brain matter, replaced the tissues removed, and awaited results. The results were excellent. The patient had no more spasms and commenced recovering his health at once, and is now a well man again. There is one man in the country who believes in the use of the surgeons' knife, and in the skill of Drs. Nancrede and Darling in knowing how to handle it.—Ann Arbor Courier.

## Republican Caucus.

A republican caucus for the purpose of choosing delegates to attend the county convention will be held at Town Hall, Saturday, July 9, 1892, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

By order of Township Com.

## Administrator's Sale.

A fine traction engine, 12 horse power, also a Nichols and Shepherd separator will be sold to the highest bidder on Monday, the 18th, inst., at 1:30 p. m. on the premises of the late John Bell, near Dover (Birkett). This threshing outfit is in good running order, almost good as new. One barrel of machine oil and several cans of cylinder oil, a good milch cow, a work horse, a yearling heifer, wagons, trucks, buggy, harness, log chains, etc., will also be sold.

R. C. REEVES,  
Special Administrator.

L. Tichenor has a lot of fine pleasure and fishing row boats for sale cheap.

Anyone, wishing dressmaking done, call at Mrs. Tarbell's. S. Congdon street.

## A GENTLEMAN OF HIS WORD.

Twelve Years Not Too Long for One Man to Remember a Promise.

"What makes some men the soul of honor?" asked the story teller. "Every one of us has had some experience in life to prove to us that there are men of unimpeachable honor. I think the most honorable gentleman whom I ever met was a man of absolutely infernal luck. I first saw him in a frontier town. He had been a cowboy, but he had got caught in a terrible winter back on the plains, and at the time I first saw him he was only a wreck of a man, with legs misshapen and weak, and eyes that were nearly blind. He seemed to be just clinging to life in that little Colorado town, doing what little he could in bar-rooms or going slow errands, until fate should be kind enough to take him away from his misery."

"He stopped me in the street one night. 'Will you lend me ten dollars?' he said roughly. 'I am in a bad way and I need it.'"

"Now ten dollars was a good deal of money to me at that minute, for in my western experience I had my ups and downs, and at that time I was having my 'downs.'"

"'Wouldn't a dollar do you?' I asked, for the fellow looked so bad that I wanted to do something for him, but I knew that I should never see my money again."

"'No,' he said doggedly, 'it won't. I want to go to Denver. I am about crazy with pain and I want to get there and see if I can't find some relief. I haven't a cent in the world.' (There were a good many men in that little town who were in the same predicament.)"

"'But I can't spare ten dollars,' I answered. 'I need it.'"

"'You don't need it so much as I do,' he said fiercely. 'Lend it to me. I'll pay it back to you. Give me your name and address. I'll find you—if I live.'"

"Well, I gave him the ten dollars. I told him that he need not worry about paying it back. I expected to get out of my troubles some day and then I should not feel the need of it."

"'No,' he said. 'I won't touch it on any other condition: I want to pay it back with interest—12 per cent. a year.' (Money was worth something out there.)"

"So I wrote out my name for him, giving him as my permanent address the home of my family in the east. The next day he went to Denver. Shortly afterward I climbed into a saddle and rode away to 'punch cows.' I punched them with varying success all over the Colorado grazing fields for nine years. Having had enough of cattle raising by that time and my ideas of great fortunes having been considerably modified, I sold out my cattle and came back."

"Of course, after the first few months following my loan of ten dollars to the cripple, he never came into my thoughts, though there were times when that ten dollars would have been a good friend, but I completely forgot about it. I had been east for three years, had married, and was the proud father of the two handsomest children in New York, when a letter was forwarded to me from my father's home in Massachusetts. It was from the cripple. In it was a postoffice order for my ten dollars and interest on it for twelve years, at 1 per cent. a month. There was no word in the letter except thanks for my kindness and the assurance that he was now 'doing pretty well for him.'"

"I call that man a gentleman and I told him so when I wrote him, and I also told him something in the letter which I hoped would please him—that on that day I had made the first bank deposit for my baby son, and that the amount was \$24.40, his loan and the interest, and that though the interest for the boy would not be anything like 12 per cent., the deposit ought to bring him good luck. That's all there is to this story."—New York Tribune.



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## THE SHIPS OF COLUMBUS.

### A Description of the Great Discoverer's Little Squadron.

The approach of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America cannot fail to awaken a reverence for the Genoese mariner whose intrepid daring and enthusiasm changed the destiny of mankind.

Columbus was by profession a sailor, and his great maritime knowledge won for him the command of many ships. During his numerous voyages he formed his purpose of sailing westward to find a nearer way to India. It was at the little Spanish port of Palos that Columbus prepared the expedition for which Ferdinand and Isabella had supplied the means.

Of his three ships the Santa Maria, the flagship of the little squadron, was the largest, the Pinta and Nina being



SANTA MARIA.

of about equal size. Columbus chose three small ships rather than one large vessel, with the hope that out of the three one at least would weather the stormy passage and live to return.

They were designed and constructed upon a model of the old type of craft known as the caravel, which included in its class all vessels from 50 to 100 tons, with or without decks.

The Santa Maria was no larger than the little schooners engaged in fishing on the Great Banks, or about equal in tonnage to the stanch pilot boats which cruise along our coast in all weathers. This vessel upon which Columbus sailed was eighty-five feet long, twenty-four feet wide and drew eight feet of water. Her bottom was made very flat, in order that she might be run upon the shore or sandy beach without undue strain to her timbers. Her extreme width was at the water line where the hull bulges out several feet beyond the upper structure at the deck. This form of "tumbling home," as it is termed in the vernacular of the sailor, is rarely seen in ships of modern design and construction, although this build can be seen in a modified degree in many of the old frigates now relegated to "ordinary" in our navy yards. Ancient shipbuilders held that bulging out the sides of a vessel prevented her rolling in a heavy sea, and accordingly her decks would not be exposed to the sweep of heavy surges breaking close aboard.

The Santa Maria had but one deck. At the bow was a house called the fore-castle, in which the petty officers slept and also a part of the crew. Across the stern of the ship was a second house called the after castle, above which ran a deck called the poop deck or quarter deck. A small watch tower was erected on the poop deck as the post of duty for the officer of the watch. The admiral of the fleet occupied the after cabin, the officers of high rank being permitted to share it with him, while the rest of the crew was quartered in the hold and in such parts of the ship as were not utilized for stowing provisions and ballast. The after part of these ships towered many feet above the crest of the wave, and when running before heavy following seas the deckhouses were rarely swept by them, no matter how severe the gale before which the ship was driven.

The Pinta and Nina, sister ships of the squadron, were about seventy feet in length, the Nina, however, being a little smaller in tonnage than the Pinta. These vessels were not decked fore and aft like the Santa Maria, although each had deckhouses, or castles, at the bow and stern.

Today it would be a foolhardy venture to dispatch vessels without decks on a mission across a boisterous sea. Yet these ships were constructed so solidly of well seasoned oak timber, planked



PINTA.

with fir and secured by heavy iron bolts, as to withstand the battle of the elements during that long and weary journey over the trackless Atlantic.

On account of these ships being built high at the ends and low amidships, high seas would often be taken upon the decks when sailing with a side wind,

and to prevent this high stanchions or posts were inserted in the upper plank of the rails, to which screens of heavy canvas were laced, making a temporary bulwark, which proved to be very effective in keeping out the water. In the case of the two smaller ships heavy mats and large tarpaulins were stretched across the beams to keep the water from running into the holds and swamping them; the vessels of four centuries ago were not supplied with pumps.

The Santa Maria was rigged with four masts—the three foremost ones being fitted with yards or square rigged, while the after mast was supplied with lateen sails. A long bowsprit projected from her bow, but carried no jibs or head sails. No sails were carried aloft above the topsails.

During favorable winds a sail was set under the bowsprit reaching to the water, and known as the watersail or spritsail. This sail fell into disuse over two centuries ago.

The Pinta and Nina were caravels, but rigged exclusively with lateen sails. The former, however, was partially square rigged prior to sailing, and the latter was similarly changed before the fleet left the Canaries from Palos. Ships in the days of Columbus were supposed to make headway through the water only when the wind blew in a favorable direction. The idea of tacking against a head wind was entirely unknown to the mariners of the past, notwithstanding the fact that ships have been propelled by sail power alone for thousands of years. Yet in spite of all these obstacles and disadvantages we find in the logbook of the Santa Maria that a speed of seven knots an hour was not an unusual occurrence.

As it was customary to employ oars against contrary winds, the crews of the ships were necessarily larger in proportion to their size than in modern ships. No less than 120 men were employed to sail the ships of Columbus.

The officers were known as the patron or captain, watchman or first mate, a counselor or navigator, the master of the deck, a scribe or secretary who wrote the ship's log, a steward and a surgeon.

The rigging consisted entirely of hemp. Their anchor cables were hemp hawsers, each following the old rule of four times the mainmast in length. Each ship was supplied with a boat called a launch, which was always towed astern. Refractory sailors were punished by being placed in the launch for many days upon short allowances and exposed to the heat of the sun and heavy drenching of the waves.

Although the compass was known to the Arabs long before Columbus and by the Chinese as far back as the beginning of the Christian era, yet this instrument was in itself not sufficient to navigate a vessel over an unknown sea. The quadrant, an instrument known to Columbus as the astrolabe, was supplied to each ship; by its use in astronomical observations the ship's position upon the high seas with respect to the equator could be readily ascertained, and also errors existing in the compasses causing the ships to deviate from their true courses were found and the proper adjustments accordingly made.

Thus Columbus was able to embark and sail away with that feeling of self reliance which had won him success on all his previous expeditions. The little town of Palos, then the greatest seaport on the Mediterranean, never sent out a grander marine spectacle than when Columbus embarked and weighed anchor and stood boldly down the Rio Tinto to sea, followed closely in his wake by the Pinta and Nina. The lavish golden carvings which decorated these ships, the red and yellow standards of Spain, the gay streamers floating in the breeze from every mast and spar, these altogether presented to the cheering crowds gathered on the wharves, house-tops and neighboring hills a picturesque sight. It was indeed the crowning spectacle of the reign of Ferdinand and Isabella.

LIEUT. R. H. UBERROTH, U. S. R. M.

### She Came Down.

A Holyoke expressman went to move a piano belonging to a family named Andrews, the instrument being attached for debt. Mrs. Andrews wept and entreated and finally climbed on the piano and sat upon it, daring the expressman to take it. He went right along with his work, however, saying he would take piano, woman and all, and rather than ride aloft through the street in that fashion she finally came down from her perch.—Springfield Homestead.

### War on the Sparrows.

The members of the Sparrow club at Rickling, which is situated in the north-west corner of Essex, have destroyed upward of 1,000 sparrows since last fall. Several of them have been fined for not killing the number they are bound by the rules to destroy according to the extent of their holdings, one paying as much as sixteen shillings.—London Tit-Bits.

### A Marvelous Clock.

A clock 25 feet square and 40 feet high will be one of the Australian exhibits at the World's fair. It will probably be the most wonderful astronomical clock ever made, the various dials showing the position of the planets and their satellites.—New York Journal.

At the May meeting of the French academy there were thirteen candidates to fill one vacancy—historians, critics, poets, dramatists and men of science. Seven ballots were taken without result, as no candidate secured more than ten votes.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 23d day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charissa L. Berry deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Libbie A. Stone, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 25th day of July next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHELSEA STANDARD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.  
Wm. G. Dorr, Probate Register.

### Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage executed by Parmenas V. Watts and Isabella F. Watts, his wife to the Chelsea Savings Bank of Chelsea, Michigan, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the state of Michigan, bearing date the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Washtenaw in said state of Michigan, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888 in liber 72 of mortgages on page 380 by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date the sum of eleven hundred, twenty-six and 81-100 dollars for principal and interest and thirty-five dollars as an attorney fee as provided by the statute and in said mortgage and no proceedings at law or in chancery having been instituted to recover the debt so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power sale contained in said mortgage and of the statutes in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday, the 19th day of September, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the east front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor in said county of Washtenaw (said court house being the place of holding the circuit court for said county of Washtenaw) by sale at public vendue to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage, which said mortgage is as follows, viz: All those certain pieces and parcels of land situate and being in the townships of Lyndon and Dexter in the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan and described as follows to-wit:

The west half of the northwest fractional section eighteen in said township of Dexter. Also the northeast fractional quarter of section thirteen (13) in the township of Lyndon aforesaid. Excepting a small strip lying south of the highway on southwest corner of last described parcel and also a small parcel of land sold to John McCornell in southwest corner of said last described parcel. Dated Chelsea, Mich. June 23, 1892. Chelsea Savings Bank, mortgagee. G. W. Turnbull, attorney for mortgagee.



## FARMERS TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER.

Buckeye Cultivator, \$10.00.  
Walter A. Wood Hay Rakes,  
Best in the Market.  
Walter A. Wood Mowers and Binders.  
Wm. Deering & Co.'s Binders and Mowers.  
at lower prices than other dealers can make.  
Walker buggies at factory prices.  
Hardware stock complete at lowest prices.  
W. J. KNAPP.

## PATENTS

Caveats and Re-issues secured. Trade marks registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge. Main offices directly across from the Patent Office, and attention is specially called to my perfect and long established facilities for making prompt preliminary searches for the most vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time. Rejected cases specialty.

FEES MODERATE and exclusive attention given to patent business. Book of information and advice, and special references sent without charge upon request. J. R. LITTLE, Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes, WASHINGTON, D. C. Opposite U. S. Patent Office.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL



### The Niagara Falls Route.

TRAINS LEAVE:  
EAST—5:04, 7:15, 10:21 A.M. 3:48, P.M.  
WEST—10:10, A.M. 6:18, 9:58 P.M.

# TO CATCH THE READER

the successful advertiser places his announcements in

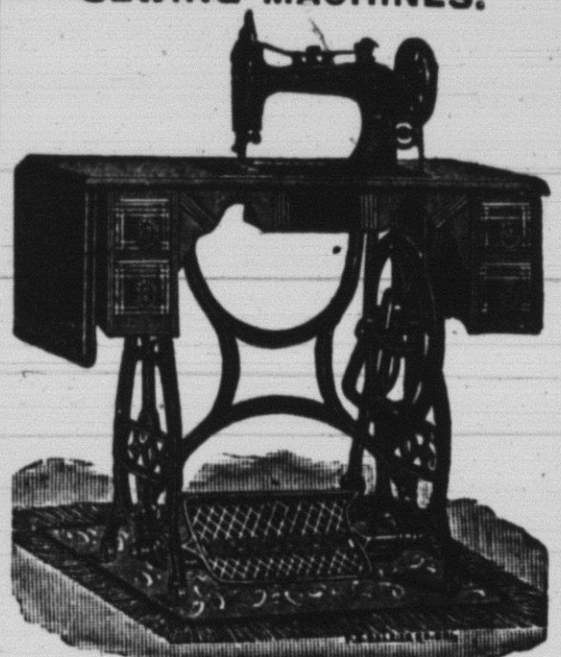
## THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

VOL. IV. NO. 16. CHELSEA, MICH., JULY 1, 1892. WHOLE NUMBER, 172.

which has the largest circulation of any paper published in Chelsea; and proves every claim that it makes in regard to its circulation.

## A GOOD SEAMSTRESS IS A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY

AND A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY IS ONE OF OUR NEW SEAMSTRESS SEWING MACHINES.



FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS  
National Sewing Machine Co.  
SUCCESSORS TO  
JUNE MANUFACTURING CO.  
BELVIDERE, ILL.  
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## THE PLOT THICKENS.

### DECISIVE POLITICAL MOVES IN ALL QUARTERS.

John W. Foster of Indiana Succeeds Blaine—Personal of the Hawkeye Republican Ticket—Prohibitionists Will Soon Show Their Hand—Five Scotchmen Killed.

#### At Washington.

In the House, the 29th, the Indian appropriation bill, on which an agreement had been reached, was again sent to conference. A couple of hours were consumed in the consideration of a bill amending the timber culture repeal act, but it was withdrawn without action. Mr. Hatch of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, reported back to the House the agricultural appropriation bill, with the Senate amendments thereto, and asked that the Senate amendment (increasing) be non-concurred in and a conference ordered. This was agreed to. An attempt to bring up the tin-plate bill failed, and House adjourned. In the Senate there were two executive sessions held, the feature of which was the confirmation of Secretary John W. Foster's nomination. The Postoffice Appropriation bill was taken up and passed. The Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment as to the Utah Commission. The amendment was agreed to—yeas, 28; nays, 24. The salaries of the five Commissioners were fixed at \$2,000 each. Mr. Carey offered another amendment that any such Commissioners who may hereafter be appointed shall be residents of the Territory of Utah. Agreed to. The Pension Appropriation bill was then taken up. The only important amendment recommended by the Committee on Appropriations is one increasing from \$133,048.366 to \$144,956,000 the appropriation for invalids, widows, and orphans' pensions. After a long debate the committee amendments were agreed to and the bill passed. The Senate bill for the relief of settlers upon certain lands in the States of South and North Dakota was passed.

#### Cold Water Hosts.

The music hall of Cincinnati, the Queen City, has been the scene of many a notable gathering that has left its impress upon the history of the State and of the country, but never has it held a more determined, earnest, and enthusiastic meeting of men and women than that which assembled under its big dome Wednesday morning. A score of years have passed since the opponents of the legalization and the recognition of the liquor traffic, meeting together for the first time in the history of the movement, determined to display the courage of their convictions and to place a Presidential ticket in the field. That was in the World's Fair City in 1872, and in every succeeding Presidential campaign they have nailed their colors to the mast and battled at the polls in defense of their principles. Now, although feeling that for many years to come theirs will be but little more than a campaign of education, they are stronger, more united, more hopeful of ultimate success than they have ever been since the first days of the national Prohibition cause, and surely the beautiful convention hall never presented a more attractive—one might say enchanting—appearance than it did Wednesday morning when the sun peeped through the stained-glass windows of its dome.

#### Iowa Republican Ticket.

The following ticket was placed in nomination by the Iowa Republican State Convention at Des Moines Wednesday:

Secretary of State..... W. M. FARLAND  
Treasurer..... BYRON A. BERNON  
Attorney General..... JOHN Y. STONE  
Auditor..... C. G. MCARTHUR  
Railroad Commissioner..... GEO. W. PERKINS  
Electors-at-large..... A. B. CUMMINS  
J. MILTON REMLEY

Every county was represented, and Grand Opera House was comfortably filled, but, compared with former years, there was not so great an assemblage of visitors. The Auditorium was elaborately decorated with the national colors and portraits of eminent men. In the rear of the stage was an immense canvass, with portraits of Harrison and Reid, and in the background was a representation of a merchant vessel plowing the sea.

#### NEWS NUGGETS.

WILLIAM ZIMMS, postmaster at Fittstown, Berks County, Pa., is under \$1,000 bail on a charge of opening letters addressed to William Charman, Justice of the Peace.

THREE negroes were shot to death at Spurgess, Texas, Friday evening. They had confessed to having assaulted Mrs. Beasley and her daughter near that place the night before.

THE declarations of Prince Bismarck against the government in his recent speeches and interviews, and the threatening attitude of the government against him, have caused the greatest excitement in Germany. The incident is the principal subject of discussion in the German newspapers.

WASHINGTON dispatch: The President has sent to the Senate the nomination of John W. Foster, of Indiana, to be Secretary of State, to succeed James G. Blaine. A confidential adviser of the President says that the appointment will run only until next March, even in the event of the President's re-election. Mr. Foster, whose diplomatic connections with other governments are of an exceedingly remunerative character, is unwilling to forego them for a longer time. Moreover, the other governments would be unwilling to hold the office of confidential adviser or counsel to their legations open for a longer time. By promising, however, to see that their interests are properly placed in competent hands he can relinquish them temporarily, and upon resigning next March resume the foreign positions which he is now filling.

## EASTERN.

THE Goshen (N. Y.) National Bank closed Monday, pending an examination, and Cashier William M. Murray has left this place. The bank has suffered a loss of from \$60,000 to \$75,000 and its capital has been impaired to the extent of \$35,000.

THE most disastrous wreck that has ever occurred in Harrisburg, Pa., took place Saturday morning at 12:30 o'clock at Dock street. The second section of the Western express ran into the first section, completely telescoping two cars. Five bodies were taken to the morgue at the Pennsylvania Railroad depot. The number of injured is placed at forty, but it is impossible to authenticate this report. It rained hard, which greatly retarded the work of rescue. Thirteen bodies were recovered.

AT New York, in the Court of General Sessions, Monday, in sight of the Judge, the jury, and the crowd, a young man, a cripple, said to be half-witted, shot down the man who had just pleaded guilty to assaulting his sister. He shot him from his seat among the spectators overlooking the aisle as two court officers led the prisoner past him to the pen. The bullet struck the victim over the heart and he slipped to the floor dead. The man who was shot was Max Clerget, 18 years old. The girl he had assaulted was his sister-in-law, Sarah Divin, aged 15. The man who shot him was Edward Divin, Sarah's older brother.

WILLIE HOERR, a 15-year-old boy, an employe of George W. Biggs' jewelry store in Pittsburg, Pa., was arrested for stealing diamonds and jewelry valued at \$20,000. The boy has been systematically robbing his employer for months, and when arrested had nearly \$10,000 worth of diamonds on his person. He would take a \$250 gold watch, and after throwing the works into the river would pound the case out of shape and sell it for old gold. All of his lady friends were the recipients of valuable presents, including diamond rings and watches. Young Hoerr is well connected, and his arrest was a great surprise to his relatives.

A DISPATCH from Reading, Pa., says a mob of 200 gathered at the Berks County jail demanding that Pete Buccari be delivered to them to be hanged for the murder of Sister Hildaberk at St. Joseph Hospital. Buccari was injured four months ago and had been watched over and nursed to health by the good sister. Friday she gave milk to the patients and did not fill Buccari's glass as full as the others. He growled and borrowed a knife from Scott, the Forepaugh show tiger tamer who was so fearfully injured by a tiger May 4. The Italian sneaked after the young woman into the kitchen and stabbed her three times. She died that night. The citizens tried to lynch Buccari, but he was removed to the county jail.

Mrs. VICTORIA PRIVOT, of Allegheny, Pa., started a fire, and to help it along poured kerosene oil in the stove. An explosion followed, and instantly Mrs. Privot was enveloped in the flames. Charles Privot, her husband, ran to her assistance, and in trying to save his wife's life was burned so badly that he will die. Mrs. Privot was horribly burned and died in a few minutes. The couple came to this country from France about six weeks ago. An hour later Mrs. Wolfowski, the wife of a Polish laborer on the South Side, left two children, aged 7 and 10 years, respectively, in the kitchen. During her absence the little ones took the kerosene can and poured the oil on the fire. Both children were fatally burned. The mother was painfully burned in her efforts to save the children.

## WESTERN.

SNOW fell Monday in Fountain City, nine miles from Winona, Minn.

EDWARD COOK, of Lebanon, Ind., aged 70 years, committed suicide.

L. W. ADY, a grocer of Clinton, Minn., lately of Wisconsin, committed suicide.

THE church people of Holland, Mich., are holding union prayer meetings to supplicate the Almighty for a cessation of rain.

THE Lima (Ohio) Carriage Company assigned to William Roberts. Assets about \$20,000; liabilities twice that amount.

DR. W. P. Kane, of Bloomington, Ill., has been unanimously elected President of Wabash College, at Crawfordsville, Ind.

AROUND Carrollton, Mo., wheat harvesting has commenced. The crop will be a much better one than was expected early in the season, but will not equal that of last season.

THE Fox and Illinois Rivers are now nearly as high as they were during the May floods, and are rising. Already considerable damage has been done to property along their banks.

AT St. Louis, Mo., C. J. Riegers became involved in a fight with three negroes, and one of the negroes literally cut him to pieces with a razor. His assailants are under arrest.

TWICE within a week men have been robbed on the streets of Detroit by women who have compelled them, at the points of revolvers, to hold up their hands and submit to being searched.

JOSEPH TAYLOR, of Saltville, Ind., shot his sister fatally and seriously wounded his mother because the former went driving with a man he did not like. The girl will die, and there is talk of lynching Taylor.

Mrs. S. E. CRINION, widow of Lieutenant John Crinion, of Winchester, Ill., while getting into a folding bed the other evening broke her leg by the top closing down. But for her friends she would have been smothered.

THE lumber dealers and railroads are heavy losers by the floods at Galena, Ill., and few of the people of that city will escape some loss. The lower floors

of hotels and business blocks were filled with water and the streets resemble rivers.

THE Supreme Court declared the Massie law constitutional. The law requires the Secretary of State to retain as fees for the State one-tenth of one per cent. of the capital stock of corporations for issuing certificates of incorporation or consolidation.

THE finding of the body of an unknown man on the railroad track at Kouts, Ind., has led to the theory that he was murdered. His coat and vest had been taken from him and several gashes had been made on his head with some blunt instrument. Passing trains mangled the body.

THE play of "Margaret Fleming," which is now running at McVicker's Chicago Theater, is a true reflection of high thought and truth in art and freedom in life, and deals specifically on the woman question. It is a play which created a sensation when first produced, and its fame is still traveling over the theatrical world. The closing of the fourth act is the supreme climax toward which the action moves from the first. Manager McVicker produces Mr. Herne's play with a cast of players that are able to render their parts with ability and correctness, and the accessories in the way of stage settings are all that can be desired.

J. A. EBEL, claiming to be a railroad conductor, was arrested in St. Paul, Minn., on the charge of securing money by fraud. June 3 and 4 sixty-nine checks drawn on the Second National Bank for sums ranging between \$2 and \$5 were received at that bank. They were drawn by Ebel and all were bogus. Every one represented a victim who had cashed it.

A MAN named Odell was bitten by a mad dog two months ago, at Sciotoville, Ohio. Monday he went mad and commenced biting trees, posts and everything he came to. Near his home he took after a boy named Henson. The boy had been hunting, and while Odell was gaining on him the boy turned and fired his rifle. The ball took effect between the eyes, killing him instantly.

SCHWABACHER BROS., large wholesale grocery and hardware store caught fire at Seattle, Wash., and is a total loss. The Hotel Northern was also on fire and is considerably damaged. Dexter Horton's new bank building, in course of construction, and three brick blocks were in danger but saved. The fire was confined to Schwabacher Bros.' building, which, with its contents, is valued at nearly \$500,000. The insurance is about \$300,000.

A BAD accident has occurred on East Sixth street, Cincinnati. The locality is a steep hillside upon which cheap houses have been built. Not long ago a sewer broke underground, and its leakage has so softened the earth that a huge landslide 500 feet wide has started. It moves slowly, but has already wrecked a half-dozen or more houses. It is threatening many more. The Building Inspector has ordered all families in its path to move out of their houses. The damages are already estimated at \$40,000.

GENERAL JOHN H. STIBBS, the chief pension examiner in the Chicago district, and District Attorney Milchrist have just completed an investigation of a most remarkable pension fraud and compelled the restoration of over \$8,000 diverted from the rightful beneficiary. The most astonishing feature about the whole case is that the parties in interest are man and wife. The latter kept the pension money due her husband, who was insane, and for years he lived as a pauper in the insane asylums of the State. The wife is well connected and has achieved considerable fame in Iowa as a temperance lecturer.

JESSE MUSSER, who was supposed to have been hanged by a mob August 31 last, appeared upon the streets of his native town of Houstonia, Mo., Tuesday. On the date mentioned two men entered the bank at Carder, and with drawn revolvers secured \$600 from the cashier. A posse was quickly organized. One of the men was overtaken, half the stolen money was found in his possession, and he was hanged to a tree. The dead man was said to be Jesse Musser, who disappeared from his home three days before. After the burial the remains were disinterred by Musser's father and mother and recognized as their son. Musser said on Tuesday that he had known all along of the sensation he was supposed to have caused and rather enjoyed it, but preferred to keep quiet. He had been working near Galliam, Mo., as a farm hand. Who the man was who was lynched is now a complete mystery.

## SOUTHERN.

AN explosion of the Consumers' Ice Works, in New Orleans, killed five men. The proprietor, F. B. Lee, was among the victims.

THE remains of James K. Polk, eleventh President of the United States, are to be removed from Polk Place, Nashville, to Mount Olivet Cemetery.

CHEYENNE and Arapahoe Indians continue to sulk over the allotment of lands, and at El Reno, Monday, refused to accept the Government issue of beef.

ALL Southern Texas reports copious rain. This insures both the cotton and corn crops in all Southern, Central and Eastern Texas. The rain was general for 200 miles in every direction from San Antonio.

## POLITICAL.

At a meeting of the Republican National Committee in Washington General J. S. Clarkson declined to stand as a candidate for the Chairmanship, because, he said, the President preferred another man.

THE South Dakota Independents have nominated William Lardner and J. E. Kelley for Congress, A. L. Van Osdel

for Governor, M. M. Price for Lieutenant Governor, G. W. Everts for Auditor, and S. G. Morgan for Secretary of State.

ILLINOIS was signally honored Monday at the Arlington Washington Hotel conference of representative Republicans of the United States by the choice of W. J. Campbell to be Chairman of the National and Executive Committees during the Presidential campaign of 1892.

MISS IMA C. EMERY, of Washington, D. C., has sued her brother-in-law, the Rev. Wilmet A. Carrington, for assault and battery. Carrington, who is a Presbyterian minister, married Miss Emery's sister, and the couple left for Brazil, where a child was born and the mother died. Upon returning to this country Carrington took the child to his mother, refusing the Emerys charge of it. Miss Emery claims her sister wanted her to have the child, and that when she met Carrington with it on the street and attempted to kiss it, he knocked her down. Carrington denies the assault.

IRA J. CHASE won the nomination for Governor of Indiana at the hands of the State convention, held in Fort Wayne. The nomination was made on the first ballot. Others on the ticket are: Lieutenant Governor, Theodore P. Shockey, of Randolph County; Secretary of State, Aaron Jones, of St. Joseph; Auditor of State, John W. Coons, of Marion; Treasurer of State, Fred J. Scholz, of Vanderburg; Attorney General, J. D. Ferrell, of La Grange. The platform heartily approves of the declarations adopted at Minneapolis, denounces the apportionment laws passed by the last Democratic General Assembly, and declares that debt and Democracy are synonymous terms with the taxpayers of Indiana.

## INDUSTRIAL.

At Cleveland, Ohio, Friday afternoon, two cars loaded with policemen were run out Euclid avenue to Lake View. When the strikers saw it they were furious. They hooted at Secretary Beilstein, and attempted to drag him from the car. The police then charged the crowd. A saloon-keeper named John Moody, and Edward Barber, a striking conductor, were struck on the head. Moody was taken home, but Barber was locked up. Affairs looked serious for a while, but the men soon quieted down, and no more trouble was experienced—for the reason, perhaps, that no more attempts were made to start cars. The East Cleveland people announce their determination to start cars, if possible, under police protection. It is said, on good authority, that every line in the city will be tied up.

## FOREIGN.

PRINCESS MARGARET, sister of the German Emperor, has been betrothed to Prince Frederick Charles, eldest son of the Landgrave of Hesse.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY will confer the degree of Doctor of Laws upon Henry Irving, Sir Frederick Leighton, Alms Tadema, and the Bishop of Peterborough.

THE police at Brussels, while trying to quiet a body of riotous socialists, were overpowered by the latter and were compelled to call upon the military to restore order.

In an interview published in the Munich Zeitung, Prince Bismarck attributes to pressure from Berlin the refusal of Emperor Francis Joseph to grant him an audience.

HENRY M. STANLEY has been unmercifully chaffed by his audiences in the course of his parliamentary canvass in North Lambeth. Mrs. Stanley is making speeches in her husband's behalf.

It is officially stated that the German Lieutenants Baron Bulow and Wolftrun, and twenty Sudanese have been killed near Kilimanjaro, East Africa, and that two sergeants and sixty-four men are holding Kilimanjaro against the enemy.

## MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime.....	\$3.50	@ 5.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50	@ 5.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice.....	4.00	@ 6.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.79	@ .80
CORN—No. 2, new.....	.50	@ .52
OATS—No. 2.....	.32½	@ .33½
RYE—No. 2.....	.76½	@ .77½
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.19	@ .20
CHEESE—Full Cream, Fats.....	.09	@ .09½
EGGS—Fresh.....	.14½	@ .15½
POTATOES—New, per bbl.....	2.25	@ 3.00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping.....	3.25	@ 4.50
HOGS—Choice Light.....	3.50	@ 5.25
SHEEP—Common to Prime.....	3.00	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.79	@ .80
CORN—No. 1 White.....	.49	@ .51
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.34	@ .35
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.50	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.76½	@ .77½
CORN—No. 2.....	.30	@ .31
OATS—No. 2.....	.30	@ .31
RYE—No. 2.....	.77	@ .78
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 5.50
SHEEP.....	4.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.81	@ .83
CORN—No. 2.....	.49	@ .51
OATS—No. 2 Mixed.....	.34	@ .35
DETROIT.		
CATTLE.....	3.00	@ 4.50
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 5.00
SHEEP.....	3.00	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.85½	@ .86½
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	.47½	@ .48½
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.36	@ .37
LEWIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.85½	@ .86½
CORN—No. 2 White.....	.49	@ .51
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.34	@ .35
CLOVER SEED.....	6.90	@ 7.10
BUFFALO.		
BEEF CATTLE—Com. to Prime.....	4.00	@ 6.00
HOGS—Best Grades.....	4.00	@ 6.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.89	@ .90
CORN—No. 2.....	.54	@ .55
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring.....	.76	@ .77
CORN—No. 3.....	.46	@ .48
OATS—No. 2 White.....	.35	@ .36
RYE—No. 1.....	.73	@ .79
BARLEY—No. 2.....	.58	@ .61
PORK—Mess.....	10.50	@ 11.25
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP.....	4.00	@ 6.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.91	@ .93
CORN—No. 2.....	.59	@ .61
OATS—Mixed.....	.37	@ .40
BUTTER—Creamery.....	.16	@ .21
PORK—Old Mess.....	10.75	@ 11.63

# THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

## WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

Proceedings of the Senate and House of Representatives—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—Gist of the Business.

### The National Solons.

The 27th, Senator Stewart, introduced a substitute for his free coinage bill. The general deficiency appropriation bill was passed by the House. No action beyond a discussion of the anti-option bill took place in the Senate.

In the House, the 28th, Mr. Carter spoke at length against the Hatch bill. Representative Pierce of Tennessee introduced in the House a free coinage bill identical with the silver coinage bill pending in the Senate as modified by Senator Stewart's amendment. Much work looking toward adjournment was accomplished by the House. Senators Hale and Vest had a lively political argument in the Senate. Between July 15 and 20 is the day set by business men for a probable adjournment.

### On the Diamond.

Following is a showing of the standing of each of the teams of the different associations:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.
Boston.....	47	17	721
Brooklyn.....	37	22	627
Philadelphia.....	37	22	627
Cleveland.....	33	26	552
Cincinnati.....	32	26	552
Chicago.....	27	30	474
Washington.....	28	32	467
Pittsburg.....	29	33	447
New York.....	26	33	441
St. Louis.....	34	35	407
Louisville.....	24	36	406
Baltimore.....	15	45	250
WESTERN ASSOCIATION.			
W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.
Columbus.....	16	70	106
Minneapolis.....	18	25	489
St. Paul.....	18	25	489
Des Moines.....	21	21	500
Omaha.....	24	23	489
Indianapolis.....	11	29	275
ILLINOIS-IOWA LEAGUE. (NEW SERIES.)			
W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.
Terre Haute.....	8	2	800
Rockford.....	4	5	444
Peoria.....	5	4	425
Evansville.....	5	5	500
Jacksonville.....	5	5	500
WISCONSIN-MICHIGAN LEAGUE.			
W. L.	W. L.	W. L.	W. L.
Oshkosh.....	7	3	700
Menominee.....	7	3	700
Marquette.....	9	4	692
Green Bay.....	6	8	424
Ish-Neg.....	10	9	526
Marquette.....	3	11	218

### OUTLOOK FOR CROPS.

Report on the Condition of Wheat, Oats and Fruit.

The following, made up from the reports of its numerous correspondents, appears in the Farmers' Review of this week:

#### Spring Wheat.

In Illinois all of the spring wheat is in fair to good condition, mostly good. The same is true of Michigan, Kansas, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and the Dakotas. In Nebraska only nine per cent. of the correspondents report good, one-half of the remainder reporting fair, and the rest poor.

#### Oats.

In Illinois oats are reported in fair to good condition, with the exception of about 20 per cent. of the correspondents who report poor. Indiana gives a still better report, only about 7 per cent. of the correspondents giving the outlook as bad; 32 per cent. only 16 per cent. report poor, and in Michigan only 12 per cent. In Kentucky the outlook is very favorable, two counties only reporting a bad stand. In Missouri the stand is good, but not so favorable as in the States mentioned. About 60 per cent. of the correspondents report the crop in good condition; 20 per cent. in fair condition, and the others report the stand as light. The outlook in Kansas is slightly below that of Missouri, 50 per cent. reporting good; 30 per cent. fair and 20 per cent. poor. Nebraska again drops below Kansas, 15 per cent. of the correspondents only reporting good; 32 per cent. fair, and the rest poor. In Iowa a little less than one-third report the crop in good condition, and the rest report fair, with one exception. In Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas the crop is in fine shape as a general thing and in many counties the crop will be above the average. Only two counties in the three States report poor.

#### Winter Wheat.

In Illinois winter wheat is generally in fine shape. Two-thirds of the correspondents report the crop an average or above, all of the others reporting fair. The same is true of Indiana and Ohio, with the exception of about 12 per cent. in the two States that report poor. Only in ten of the correspondents in Michigan report poor, the others fair to good. In Kentucky the crop is especially fine, while in Missouri only fifteen per cent. report the outlook as bad. In 60 per cent. of the counties the crop will be an average or above. In Kansas, Nebraska, and Iowa the crop is reported at from fair to above an average. In Wisconsin the same report an average or above, the same being reported fair, and the remainder poor. What little winter wheat there is in Minnesota is in poor condition, with few exceptions.

#### Fruit.

The prospects for fruit in Illinois are very poor. Not over 6 per cent. of the correspondents report the outlook good. About 27 per cent. report a fair outlook for most kinds, but all of the others report the prospects as very bad, and in some counties the fruit crop is almost a failure. The same conditions prevail in Indiana and Ohio. In Michigan less than one-third report the fruit crop an average or above; an equal number report it from 5 to 25 per cent. below an average, and the others report poor. In Kentucky one-fifth of the correspondents report the condition as good; 35 per cent. report fair, the others poor. In Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska the prospects are very poor, very few of the correspondents reporting the crop an average or above. In Iowa the condition of fruit shows great variation, the outlook in 38 per cent. of the counties being good, and in a like number being very poor; in the others fair. In Wisconsin and the Dakotas the outlook is good generally, while in Minnesota it is in fair to good condition in three-fourths of the counties.

### CROPS HELP TRADE.

The Improvement of the Week Has Been Marked.

R. G. Dun's weekly review of trade says: Another week has blessed the country with great improvement in the growing crops. In wheat so great a change of condition appears that men begin to question whether the yield this year will not closely approximate the unprecedented crop of 1891. For other grain and cotton the outlook is decidedly better and there is reason now to hope for highly satisfactory results from the year's agriculture. In consequence there is stronger trade throughout the country, especially at Western centers of distribution. The improvement is less marked at the South, owing to the low price of cotton and continued high water in some regions. The one point of anxiety in regard to the wage dispute in the iron manufacture operates for the present to cause increased trade, while in other great industries the situation is clearly more favorable than usual.

LADY BRASSET, who met her husband, Sir Thomas Brassey, on the famous yacht Sunbeam, near Washington, a few days ago, has well won a reputation as a traveler. Her writings en route, too, are seasoned with smooth words and sharp observations.







# "IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED"

## "RESOLVED AND ETC."

The great political parties of America have once more entered the lists and the

## Campaign

is open, they have all declared the principles on which they stand and with which they will make the fight. In the competition of business and trade we believe in being equally candid, consequently we declare

## Our Platform

It is one that has stood the test of time, and we feel no hesitation whatever, in presenting it to the people.

### Honest Weights

### Honest Goods

### Honest Prices

We believe in a policy of constant aggression towards "100 percent." We use the knife on our prices in as radical a manner as Bill McKinley or "McKinley Bill" ever butchered free-trade theories.

Below you will find a little of our campaign material.

Eldorado Machine oil per gallon,	25c
Best lard oil, per gallon	60c
MASON FRUIT JARS	
Pint cans, with caps and rubbers, per dozen	75c
Quart cans, with caps and rubbers, per dozen	90c
One-half gallon cans with caps and rubbers, per dozen	\$1.10
Full cream cheese, per lb.	10c
Dried beef, per lb.,	8c
Headlight kerosine oil, per gallon	9c
Choice Rio coffee, per lb.	19c
Good Japan tea, per lb.	30c
21 pounds granulated sugar	\$1.00
8 pounds rolled oats	25c

All goods fresh. All goods warranted.

## GLAZIER, THE DRUGGIST

### GET THE BEST!

The best is good enough for the man who respects himself and loves his family. Such a man always wants the best . . . . .

## ROAD WAGON OR CARRIAGE

and he buys them of . . .

## F. STAFFAN & SON.

who also deal in Brick and Lime.



These men are not blowing their horns for fun, but strictly for business.

I am in the Boot and Shoe business and you can save money by purchasing

## Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,

and other articles in that line of me.

Goods all new. Bought at bottom prices for cash. Store in McKune Block.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER.

### THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892.

A COMPANY with a capital stock of \$2,500,000 has been organized at New York for the manufacture of that curse of Young America, cigarette.

Wood pulp paper is made very quickly in these days. The standing tree is cut down, sawed into blocks, fed into the pulp-mill, and submitted to the usual pulping and mixing process. In less than eight hours after the tree is cut down, the finished paper may be ready to send on its way to the printing offices of some daily paper.

THERE was considerable nervousness among the population of Carterville, Mo., some weeks ago, besides a marked increase in the attendance at church and Sunday-school, because in a zinc mine there the ore at a depth of only eighty-five feet was so hot that it could not be handled without heavy gloves. A few days ago one of the state geologists made some investigations and reported that the great heat was caused by the decomposition of pyrite and not necessarily because of any proximity to Pluto's dominions. Since then the attendance at the revival services has fallen off.

Lima.

Mrs. I. Storms is spending the week in Detroit.

Several from here went to Dexter to the celebration.

Frank Ward's little son has been very ill with brain fever.

Mrs. Fannie Freer has been spending the week in Jackson.

Miss Lucelle Stocking, of Chelsea, spent the first of the week at this place.

Nelson Freer has gone to Jackson to work for the McCormick machine company.

That man that is peeking in windows wants to be careful or he may look in the wrong window.

Advertise in the STANDARD.

### From Our Neighbors.

Dexter has the offer of a \$1,000 clock if the village will furnish a suitable tower to place it in.

A brass band is being talked up by the boys of this vicinity and fourteen or fifteen have agreed to take hold of the enterprise.—Grass Lake News.

Rev. Frank Arnold, of Ypsilanti, a former pastor of the Baptist church at this place, has been invited to take the pastorate of the Milan Baptist church.

A son of Mrs. Mary Kearns, of Elizabeth street, named Thomas, while walking through the back yard at their home Monday, had a bullet shot directly through the center of his right hand. It was a careless act of some one, but he could not tell from whence the missile came or who fired the shot.—Ann Arbor Courier.

Frequently the odor from the slaughter houses is wafted north, south, east and west, at times becoming almost unbearable. Certainly the board of public health should take some action in this matter for the stench is something dreadful, at times compelling people to close the windows and doors in their houses.—Ann Arbor Democrat.

Last Sunday at the close of the Sabbath-school at the Baptist church Mrs. W. A. Pixley got into a vehicle to ride home. It seems the seat was insecurely fastened, and as the horse started quickly it tilted back throwing her out upon the ground. She was quite badly injured. Two little girls were thrown out with her, but escaped with a few slight bruises.—Grass Lake News.

Apples, pears and the larger fruits will be a failure in this locality this season. Frank Dwell informs us that his large pear orchard will hardly yield a bushel of fruit, although the trees were covered with blossoms. The apple orchards were full of bloom, but the crop will be insufficient for home consumption. The probable cause of the failure was the blighting influence of east winds so prevalent through the spring months.—Grass Lake News.

Roscoe Allen has a shot gun—or did have a week ago; he may have buried it since then, or given it to his neighbor who keeps hens that will not stay at home and scratch their own garden sash out by the roots. This gun was a new one—once a great many years ago; its tube is frayed at the edges, and that's what caused the rumpus. The gun is a muzzle loader, but when Roscoe was demonstrating with it last Friday he forgot to muzzle the old thing. He carefully cleaned, primed and capped the old frayed-out tube, pulled the trigger and—away she went both ways, filling the right side of his face with burnt powder. It only took about a quarter of a second to make his face look like the cover to a pepper box, but it took the doctor over two hours to cut out the little particles of burnt powder; although the latter operation was a most painful one, it was rendered necessary in order to prevent disfigurement. His wounds are healing rapidly with a probability of leaving no scars.—Milan Leader.

At last it is proposed that the Smith family get together and do something. The plan is that they build a \$150,000 triumphal arch at Chicago, the money to be contributed only by Smiths, the designs to be made by a Smith, the stone to be quarried only by Smiths, from a quarry owned by a Smith, to be transported by Smiths, a Smith to be engineer and another Smith fireman with only Smiths for brakemen, the stones to be put in place by Smiths. In case of accident the unlucky Smith to be attended by a medical Smith, or in case of legal dispute, the litigious Smiths to try their case before a Judge Smith, with a jury of Smiths, and Smiths for attorneys. In case of a fatal accident a Smith might act as undertaker, Smiths for pall bearers, a Smith might preach the funeral sermon, and a long funeral cortege could be made up of Smiths, with Smiths for drivers, the horses all to be owned by Smiths. In fact there is no end of things which the Smiths might or might not do while building that triumphal arch. They could make the Joneses and Browns look to their laurels.—Ann Arbor Argus.

All kinds of wagon and farm implements repaired at Fred Vogel's old shop.

FRANK GUIBERT.

## FOR JULY

AT

Geo. H. Kempf's

You can buy all summer goods at cost to clean up stock.

This means all summer goods and at these prices, you will get them only at the Busy Store.

GEO. H. KEMPF

## GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

## SPRING GOODS!

J. J. RAFTREY, THE TAILOR.

CHELSEA, MICH.

## WE ARE HEADQUARTERS

For Oliver Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Buggies Platform and Lumber Wagons.

We are making some very low prices on FENCE WIRE. Come and see us.

## HOAG & HOLMES.

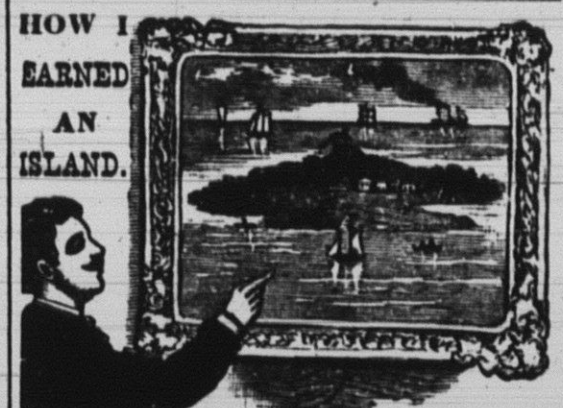
### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York

### NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of SELF CURE. To those who wish, and will give him their symptoms, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address, in confidence, JAMES W. PINKNEY, 42 Cedar Street, New York.



Enterprising Young Men: True & Co. instructed and started me. I worked steadily and made money faster than I expected to. I became able to buy an island and build a small summer hotel. If I don't succeed at that, I will go to work again at the business in which I made my money. True & Co. Shall we instruct and start you, reader? If we do, and if you work industriously, you will in due time be able to buy an island and build a hotel. If you wish to do the work, Easy to learn. We furnish everything. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This entirely new load brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from \$25 to \$50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment—no teach you FREE. This is an age of marvelous things, and here is another great, useful, wealth giving wonder. Great gains will reward every industrious worker. Wherever you are, and whatever you are doing, you want to know about this wonderful work at once. Delay means much money lost to you. No space to explain here, but if you will write to us, we will make all plain to you FREE. Address, TRUE & CO., Box 606, Augusta, Maine.

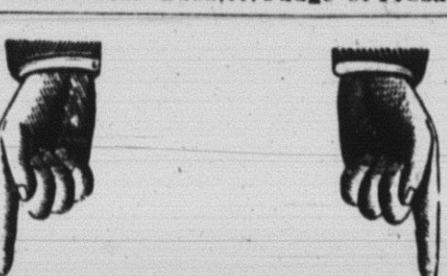
### SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STANDARD!!!

Ripans Tabules cure the blues.

A reduction on all millinery goods at Mrs. Staffan's, beginning July 1st and lasting thirty days.

Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1892, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Othaniel Wilsey late of said county deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 19th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the 19th day of August and on the 16th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, May 19, A. D. 1892.



## REMEMBER

THE

## STANDARD OFFICE

—IS—

THE PLACE

TO GO FOR

## JOB PRINTING.

