

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOL. 14 NO. 30.

THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 709.

We have this Spring put in, one of the LARGEST STOCKS of WALL PAPER and CEILING DECORATIONS that was ever in Chelsea, and second to none in the County, consisting of all the LATEST PATTERNS and NOVELTIES of the season, at PRICES THE VERY LOWEST. Mr. Jas. F. Harrington, who is FIRST-CLASS in all kinds of Decorating, does all our work, and orders for him can be left with us. If you intend doing any paper hanging, this Spring, examine our Stock.

Yours respectfully,
C. H. KEMP & SON.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST.—Rev. J. A. McIlwain, services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. John A. Knapp, services at 10:30 A. M., and 7 P. M. People's meeting, Sabbath evening, 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. Mr. Gallup, services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school, at 12 M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock, in their Lodge room, Middle st., East.

F. H. STILES, Sec'y.

L. O. of G. T.—Charity Lodge No. 335, meets every Friday eve. at 8 o'clock, at Odd Fellows' hall.

C. SUMNER WINANS, W. S.

K. O. T. M.—Chelsea Tent No. 1, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Friday of each month.

WM. BACON, R. K.

H. STILES, DENTIST, with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier, Fry & Co's. Drug Store.

CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

E. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16 years experience, and second to none in State. Will attend all farm sales and auctions on short notice. Orders at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, V-13-5.

For Reliable Insurance Against FIRE OR TORNADO, CALL ON ALBERT & CROWELL, OR GEO. W. TURNBULL.

Represent—Assets.
City of New York, \$7,208,489.
State of New York, 4,450,534.
City of New York, 3,295,326.
Writers of New York, 5,121,956.
City of Conn., 4,067,976.
City of Mass., 2,395,288.

First-class Farm FOR SALE!

The undersigned offers his farm, located in town of Dexter, half a mile east of Lake Corners, seven miles from Chelsea, five miles north of Chelsea, and half mile from Methodist church,

containing 180 Acres.

Well improved; good buildings; good orchard and peach orchard; 43 acres of wheat ground. The place is well timbered, with 20 acres of wood land on Sec. 7; 20 acres of meadow on Sec. 21. Will be sold separately or to suit purchaser.

A very Desirable Bargain. O. Address, Chelsea. Residence on above. B. WEBB, Chelsea, Jan. 29, 1885.

MAILS CLOSE.	
GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
9:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
4:20 P. M.	10:20 A. M.
8:30 P. M.	5:25 P. M.
	8:15 P. M.
G. J. CROWELL, P. M.	

If you have any business at the Probate Office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

ADVERTISING RATES.	
Space.	1 w 1 m 3 m 6 m 1 y
1 Inch.	\$ 50 \$1 00 \$2 00 \$3 00 \$5 00
1/2 Column.	1 00 2 00 4 00 6 00 10 00
1/4 Column.	2 00 4 00 8 00 12 00 20 00
1/8 Column.	2 50 5 00 10 00 15 00 25 00
1/16 Column.	3 50 7 00 14 00 21 00 35 00
1/32 Column.	4 50 9 00 18 00 26 00 45 00
1 Column.	16 00 12 00 24 00 36 00 60 00

WHISPERINGS.

Easter next Sunday.

Ho, for the Art Loan!

Election next Monday.

Beautiful rain Tuesday morning!

Slips for the million at this office.

At the Town Hall Friday evening.

More snow, rain, hail etc., last Monday.

Robins made their appearance last Friday morning.

Our facilities for doing election printing are unexcelled.

Don't fail to register Saturday if you are not, already.

Democratic caucus to-day in the Town Hall at 2 o'clock.

The choir will hereafter occupy front seats in the Congregational church.

Will our new council put down cross walks? It's certainly to be hoped for.

The next district meeting of W. C. T. U. will be held at this place some time next fall.

The services of Prof. Parker have been engaged by the school board for another year.

J. V. Bayer has just completed the finest wool packing box said to be in this vicinity.

The Republicans of Sylvan will meet in caucus in the Town Hall at 2:30 next Saturday.

The young men's band will give a calico ball at the Town Hall on Monday evening next, Apr. 6.

Cora Lewis was the recipient of a handsome present by one of her scholars who has been promoted.

Martin Manz has moved into the house he bought of Wm. Bacon last fall. J. Bacon furnished him with stoves etc.

We are in receipt of an invitation to attend the reception to be tendered Gov. Alger at Jackson next Monday evening.

H. S. Holmes & Co. now have their office nicely encased in plate glass, adding greatly to the comfort of the book-keeper.

Gen. Grant is very low and may not be alive when you read this. He has made arrangements, however, to have his book completed.

The foundation for the creamery is laid and the structure will be erected as soon as weather permits, and will no doubt be ready for occupancy by May 1.

Persons who wish to be examined as teachers should bear in mind that the board of examiners will meet in the school house at this place on Friday, Apr. 10.

Confirmation services took place in nearly every German church in the county last Sabbath. Rev. Robertus of this place, confirmed a class at Dexter, consequently no services took place here.

The Congregational Sunday school is preparing to give an Easter concert or service next Sunday evening. The church will be as handsomely decorated as the season will permit. In the morning appropriate services will be held.

An entertainment under the name of "Bertha the sewing machine girl" will occur at the Town Hall next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. We understand a sewing machine will be given away one of the two nights. They have played to crowded houses for one week in Detroit, and play three nights in Ann Arbor.

Spring has come!

Awnings are again being placed in position.

As we expect to do considerable printing in the ticket and slip line, we go to press one day earlier.

Attend the entertainment at the Town Hall, Friday evening. Admission only five and ten cents.

The families of C. Steinbach and J. P. Foster have each recently had \$1000 additions. All doing nicely.

Chas. Stienbach calls your attention in another column, to his large stock of harness, trunks, music, etc. He will give you bargains.

The editor of the Grass Lake News says the people thereabouts must either patronize him more or go without a paper. He issues a good one!

As we go to press, the last sad rites are being performed over the remains of Mrs. Godfrey, mother of Mrs. Butterfield, who died last Monday morning, at 8 o'clock. An extended notice may appear in our next issue.

We don't want to find fault, but we do want to call the attention of the trustees of the several church organizations to the fact that there is a law which requires all doors of public buildings (including churches) to open outward. What if something should happen when such numbers are present as at the services at the Baptist church last Sabbath evening and at the M. E. church the Sabbath previous. Would not the trustees be liable?

It was the German Physiologist, Hoffman, who summarized the means of reaching great age as follows: Avoid excess in everything, respect old habits, even bad ones; breathe pure air, adapt your food to your temperament; keep a quiet conscience a gay heart, a contented mind. We think in three times the item of food is very important, and we recommend to our friends the use of DeLand's chemical baking powder, which is pure. Sold in cans only. Try it and you will use no other.

The Sunday school institute at the Baptist church last Sunday morning and evening, under the management of Geo. P. Wright, was a most successful one. Papers were read and addresses made by a number of prominent Sunday school workers, and were of a high order. The evening's exercises were opened with a song service which can not be equaled by any other denomination in this place. We wish Messrs. Wright and Ward could infuse some of their enthusiasm into the other churches in this place.

On Friday afternoon last, the school at this place closed with appropriate exercises. In the High School department, a social was tendered to the scholars of that department by the senior and junior classes, consisting of candy, pop-corn, fruit, soap bubbles etc., after the paper, edited Morgan Emmet and George Chapman had been read. The affair was hugely enjoyed by those present (about fifty written invitations having been sent out), one of which found its way to our sanctum, but owing to pressure of business, we could not attend.

The April number of *Demoiselle's Monthly Magazine* is worthy of commendation as well for its artistic, as for its literary excellence. "A Short Sketch of Annapolis," "Westminster Abbey," "Pierre Jean de Beranger," and "The Channel Archipelago," are very readable articles. An admirable feature of this publication is the instruction given, under the name of "From Pencil to Brush," in drawing. Many of the departments are very instructive, and the illustrations excellent. The frontispiece of this admirable number is an Easter souvenir—a charming oil picture of two doves.

There will be an Art Loan at the Town Hall commencing April 14th, under the auspices of the M. E. Church, and the society have been able to procure some specimens of art from Europe and Eastern countries, also paintings and cases of artistic work from Randall's and from Lewis' art stores, Ann Arbor. Thanks are due to Mrs. Noyes, Wade and Sawyer, also to Messrs. Sawyer, Beal, Randall, and Lewis, all of Ann Arbor, for their assistance.

By order of committee,
Mrs. M. J. Noyes, Chairman,
Miss M. Wellman, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

Mr. B. J. Billings was in town several days of last week.

O. A. Wilsey, of Detroit, was in town several days of this week.

Milo Updyke's mail should be addressed to Glas Lake, hereafter.

Prof. and Mrs. Parker spend vacation with a daughter at Quincy, Mich.

Mr. Bentley, of Detroit, now handles the throttle on Sparks' engine, vice Haugr.

Frank O. Cornwell was down town last Friday, the first time in several months.

Mr. Gunn, foreman of the eastern section, will occupy the Dr. Johnson house.

Bro. Gildart, of the Stockbridge Sun, was in town on legal business last Monday.

John Ingler of Westphalia, Clinton county, will work for Frank Staffan this summer.

Mrs. John Hoover left for Jackson yesterday morning to spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Kate Hooker returned from a two-weeks' visit with friends at Detroit, last Saturday.

The Misses Kittie Crowell and May Judson are spending their vacation with friends in Sharon.

J. L. Gilbert will probably be renominated by the Republicans next Saturday for supervisor.

On Monday last, the families of Dr. and Ben. Johnson, left for Jackson, which will be their future home.

On Friday evening last, we were made the recipient of a pleasant call by Mr. J. R. Lemmi, of Sharon.

Lawer Turnbull left for Texas last week on legal business for R. Kempf & Bro. He is expected back this week.

M. J. Lehman was absent from town last Friday and Saturday, attending to the duties of a Teachers' examiner.

Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard, of Detroit, spent the fore part of the week with the latter's sister, Mrs. G. J. Crowell.

Geo. Wright and wife and C. M. Fellows were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jay Everett while in town. We acknowledge a pleasant call.

Prof. C. E. Foster, of Fowlerville, spent a few days of the past week with friends hereaway. Geo. Purchase, attending the Normal, did the same.

Mrs. Lewis and family will occupy the house vacated by Ben. Johnson. Mr. Hinckley, the new jeweler, will occupy the house vacated by Mrs. Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. Katner, of Manchester, attended the Sunday school institute at this place last Sunday. While in town, they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Lowry.

Frank Bauman, of Tecumseh, was in town a few days of the past week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Steger. Mr. B. and wife will soon leave for Florida which will be their future home.

Mrs. Dr. Holmes went to Battle Creek last Monday morning to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Syrena McKay, who died on Sunday, March 29, aged 86 years, five months and seven days. Mrs. McKay, formerly Mrs. Asa L. Smith, came into Washtenaw county in 1824, being the second white woman in the infant colony of Ann Arbor.

When the Dexter Leader man learned that the night express stopped at Chelsea at the time of Nast's entertainment, he was mad—no riled—because the manager of the road had refused time again to do this much for Dexterites. Well, you see we are some pumpkins.

According to a weather sign that never fails, we shall have a cold, backward spring. The sun crossed the equator last Friday, and the wind on that day was directly north, all day. People who have gone south to stay until warm weather comes, can stay all summer.—*Courier*.

We hope some of our readers will cut this out and save it and when it gets hotter than the new translation next summer, will go down and "pummel" that editor!

Subscribe for the HERALD and get all the news.

Mr. B. Church, who is foreman of the newspaper department of the *Courier* office, completes his fiftieth year at the case this week, having commenced when a boy of 13, with E. P. Gardiner, then the publisher of the *Michigan Argus*. One quarter of this time has been spent in this office. Yet his life has been as varied as printer's lives usually are. He has worked in many offices, including the government office at Washington, and to-day receives a pension for disability incurred during the war as a soldier for the union. He holds his age remarkably well and seldom ever loses a day from his work.—*Courier*.

Now is the time to catch

FISH!

PREPARE FOR LENT!

\$1 will catch 25 pounds best Cod Fish at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

\$1 will catch 12 pounds No. 1 White Fish at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

85 cents will catch 12 pounds No. 1 Trout at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

80 cents will catch 12 pounds No. 1 Mackerel at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

25 cents will catch a box of best Herring at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

25 cents will buy 4½ lbs best crackers at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

Best Goods, and Lowest Prices at Glazier's Bank Drug Store.

GEO. V. CLARK is selling milk at five cents a quart. Your patronage is solicited.

For sale. House and lot. A splendid house and ½ acre of ground for sale, would make a nice home for a farmer that desires to live in this village. Inquire at this office.

YOU can buy at Hoag's Bazaar, for 50c. a very handsome plated bar pin, warranted to wear for five years.

Nice country cured hams 10c. per pound at H. S. Holmes & Co's.

A. H. HOLMES, educator and gelder of horses. Residence at Ann Arbor. Calls promptly attended. May 1*

HOUSE and lot for sale! Inquire of U. H. TOWNSEND.

TO the public. I have opened a dress making shop over Canfield's market, and would ask for a portion of your trade. I have been located at Lansing three years, and guarantee to give satisfaction. Cutting and fitting a specialty.

JOSEPH RUCHE.

U. H. TOWNSEND wishes to inform the public that he has moved his boot and shoe shop to the east store of the McKune block (formerly occupied by him), and will be pleased to see all his old customers.

A. S. Congdon now has his automatic sawing machine in position, and invites farmers to call and see it, and bring in their picket material.

House and lot for sale on Middle-street, west. Inquire of M. J. Lehman.

House and two lots for sale. Inquire of Jas. F. Harrington. 211.

House and lot for sale, on South Main-st. Inquire of F. McNamara.

Prudden Bros. are now ready to put down drive or tubular wells on short notice. Drive well supplies constantly on hand. Agents for the Star windmill. Address, Chelsea.

A span of 4 and 5 year old horses for sale. Inquire of Adam Kalmbach.

Merchants should remember that the HERALD is the Best Advertising medium in this section. A bonafide circulation

MICHIGAN NEWS.

Foundered on Lake Michigan.

The propeller Michigan, which left Grand Haven on the 9th ult. in search of the propeller Onondaga, and which has been ice-bound ever since, is no more, having been crushed by the heavy ice, and sunk on the 23d inst., about 18 miles off Holland. Her crew made a desperate effort to save her, but all efforts were futile. The crew took temporary refuge on the tug Arctic which was anchored about four miles off. After resting a few hours the brave men started for shore, walking 14 miles over shifting ice, reaching Holland on the morning of the 23d.

The Michigan had been ice-bound for 43 days. Had not the Arctic been near, the men must certainly have perished, as they were exhausted by cold and hard work, and to have reached land by means of shifting ice in their present exhausted condition would have been impossible.

The steamer Michigan was built by the Detroit Dry Dock company at their Wyandotte yard and was launched about midsummer in 1881. She is 212 feet long, thirty-four feet six inches beam, and fourteen feet four inches deep. She was constructed with a spoon-shaped bow, especially modeled for crushing through heavy ice. In order to render her more safe she had a double bottom, with a space between the two bottoms of three feet her entire length. She had five water-tight compartments, and was built of heavy iron in a substantial manner. After her iron work had been completed she was placed in charge of the late E. L. Montgomery, of the Star Line, who superintended the building of her cabins, which were among the finest on the lakes, and decorated with out regard to cost, with oil paintings and the finest of carpets and furniture. Niles Peterson built the cabins. During her first winter the work done in the ice was quite satisfactory, but the present winter, and that of 1883-4 were both too severe for successful navigation, and the company must have lost a great deal of money by attempting to keep the route open. The fact that the steamer had five water-tight compartments, and little cargo would go to show that the damage received from the ice must have extended pretty well along her side so as to admit water into more than one compartment. Capt. Prindiville is an experienced and capable sailor and well qualified for winter work.

Sale of Thoroughbreds.

The annual public sale of short-horn, Jersey and Ayrshire cattle of the Agricultural College took place in Lansing, March 26. It was tolerably well attended, many members of the legislature, the governor and state officers being present. The following are the names of the buyers and of the animals purchased with the prices paid:

SHORT HORNS.

J. C. Sharpe, Jackson, College Rose	\$145
E. B. Hale, Eaton Rapids, College	
Red Rose 2d	75
J. M. Turner, Lansing, Hela 4th	110
J. M. Turner, Lansing, Horatio 6th	50
Hugh Alexander, Ewart, Hela 7th	85
J. C. Sharpe, Jackson, College Hebe	90
J. B. Larned, Port Austin, Hela 6th	105
W. Callom, East Saginaw, Horatio 3d	100
J. C. Sharpe, Jackson, College Peri	
Duchess	240
F. Spicer, Eaton Rapids, College	
Duke 2d	65
B. J. Glevay, Osceola, College Ph	
nix 2d	95
S. Burnard, Ypsilanti, Hercules 2d	175
H. Alexander, Ewart, Heroine 4th	110
J. T. Barnard, Ypsilanti, College Herma	140
Frank Wilson, Jackson, Hamlet 6th	85
Mr. Schultz, Lansing, Hela of Lansing	160
J. C. Thorpe, Jackson, Handsome Hela 3d	115
H. Alexander, Ewart, College Herma 2d	45
O. W. Beckwith, Cassopolis, Helian	
thus 2d	60
W. J. McElwin, Hela 7th	60
J. B. Larned, Port Austin	230
J. T. Monroe, Heroine 5th and calf	185
J. C. Sharpe, Jackson, Handsome Hela	185
J. T. Monroe, Portland, Horatio 4th	125

AYRSHIRES.

W. A. Newton of Lansing, Lulu of	30
Lansing	35
Phyllacy Linden	30
Susette 2d	30

Ten Years at Hard Labor.

Adrian's "boy" mayor, Tom Navin, whose fall, escape and recapture have been chronicled from time to time, pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery, in the circuit court at Adrian, on the 23d and was at once sentenced to 10 years imprisonment in Jackson. He accepted his fate very stoically, remarking that he deserved it all.

GENERAL STATE ITEMS.

Howard City boasteth because it is out of debt.

Alpena has lost \$100,000 by fire this winter.

A law and order league has been formed in Paw Paw.

The State holiness association will build a church in Grand Rapids.

Saturday, April 11, has been designated by Gov. Alger as "Arbor Day."

John Cole of Osseo, Hillsdale Co., is 100 years old and father of 21 children.

Mr. Irwin of New Britain, Conn., has donated \$100,000 to Olivet college.

anistee said wells now produce 3,100 barrels a day, and two more are going down.

Wm. H. Parks, the oldest, and most prominent attorney of Cadillac, is dead.

The suspended paper company of East Saginaw will pay creditors 50 cents on a dollar.

Thieves stole \$40 in cash and \$700 in notes from A. M. Gates of Milton township, near Elk Rapids.

Dr. Frederick Inster, for over 30 years a prominent physician of Port Huron, died on the 21st inst.

The Muskegon rifles will visit New Orleans and demonstrate to the south that there are soldiers yet in Michigan.

Port Huron's city charter is to be amended giving women the right to vote and serve on the board of education.

Jacob Sabler, a farmer living at Scio fell off a load of straw and fractured his skull. He lived but half an hour.

Mrs. Sarah A. Noble, a sister of the humorist, Josh Billings, died at her home in Monroe recently, aged 74.

A \$200,000 fire occurred at the Michigan carbon works, about seven miles from Detroit, Friday morning, March 27.

St. John's union school building was destroyed by fire March 20. The building originally cost \$18,000, and was insured for \$6,000.

Ex-Gov. Bogole was subpoenaed to appear before the Senate military committee investigating the collection of \$42,000 by Friend Palmer.

The friends of the Egyptian leader Zobeir

Pasha are threatening to take the life of the Khedive, for what they call betrayal of his country.

Dr. Sala Smith, one of the best known citizens of Grand Rapids, and an active abolitionist in the days of the underground railway, is dead.

At the spring election in Cadillac a proposition to bond the city for \$35,000 to aid the Toledo & Ann Arbor railroad will be submitted to the people.

Mary Ann Duret, aged 78, of roosey Point, was burned to death a few days ago while working around a stove. Her sister, aged 90, had a narrow escape.

"Canada Jack" who was arrested at the time of the robbery of the toll house near Bay City, charged with receiving stolen property, has been found guilty.

Philip Duquene, a Grand Rapids burglar, sent to Jackson October 6, 1880, has become insane and he will be placed in an asylum. Duquene's term has just expired.

Wm. J. Howard of East Saginaw thought because he had left wife No. 1, that he could take into himself another. He sees his mistake since he was arrested for bigamy.

A society has been established at Grand Rapids for the promotion of the poultry interests and the dissemination of knowledge concerning this great source of wealth.

The South Haven Messenger says the peach crop for 1885, in the Grand Traverse region is ruined. There will, however, be a good crop of plums, pears and cherries.

Alva Dibble has been held for trial at the April term of court in Howell on charge of murdering Edward Mann at the Dibble "charavari" on the night of Jan. 13, 1885.

Grand Rapids is to be lighted by the electric light from twenty-five towers, three of which will be 165 feet high and the remainder 150 feet. The system must be completed by July 1, 1885.

W. D. Place, a prominent Ionia dairyman, had an encounter with an unruly cow a few days ago. When order had been restored both bones of Mr. Place's right leg below the knee were broken.

A 2 year old son of druggist Hines, Charlevoix swallowed some carbolic acid, and also got a quantity of the poison in his eye. The lad's life was saved, but his eye is permanently injured.

Elitha Kirby, a bachelor, aged 72, for 14 years a resident of Charleston, Kalamazoo county, died recently in New York, leaving an estate valued at half a million, much of it being in Kalamazoo county.

Charlevoix people were recently treated to a remarkable mirage, showing the Green Bay peninsula, distant nearly 100 miles, very distinctly. Washington Island and other points were also plainly outlined.

The Emmet rifles of Jackson hold their annual reception on Monday evening, April 6. Gov. Alger and staff, the field and staff officers of the fourth regiment M. S. T., and other military notables will be present.

William Girard, treasurer of Winterfield township, Clare county, was robbed of between \$700 and \$800 the other night. The money was secreted in Mr. Girard's bed, upon which he was sleeping at the time.

Mrs. L. D. Hickey of Coldwater, while attending upon a sick person was severely burned by her clothing taking fire from a gasoline stove. Her back and side were burned to a crisp, and her recovery is doubtful.

Frank D. Porter of Ogdan, Lenawee Co., blew out the gas at the Lewis house in Battle Creek on the 12th inst., and was nearly suffocated. Blood poisoning set in, his right leg mortified and he died on the 21st, aged 20 years.

Oscar W. Martin was arrested in Jackson a few days ago charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses. Very soon after being locked in jail he began tearing his hair and screaming in a terrible manner. He has once before insane.

Reading has a pensioner of the war of 1812 who is yet able to take a spin of ten miles in a day. He was in the engagement of Lake Erie with Commodore Perry. He does all his own work and takes considerable pride in his garden, which he works himself.

A meeting will be held this spring at Roscommon to reorganize the oil company, giving stockholders in the old an equivalent in stock of the new. The interested parties still believe there is oil in paying quantities at Roscommon, and they will find it or bust.

The first effect of the new law in regard to sending home discharged prisoners was seen recently when 11 ex-convicts were put on board the Detroit & Northern railroad at Ionia with non-transferable tickets. They were ticketed to Detroit and Ann Arbor.

Henry Wells fell from a load of hay in North Branch and died in about three minutes. It is supposed that his neck was broken. He was an old man about 60 or 65 years of age and worked for Frank Parsons of this township. He was unmarried and had no friends in this country that are known of.

Ed. Prohart of Sebawa, Ionia county, who was arrested charged with assault with intent to kill, was re-arrested on the 21st inst. on a new complaint charging him with intent to do bodily harm, in addition to the first charge. His bail was increased to \$3,000 and was readily furnished.

Albert Radley who shot at officer Brown in Muskegon, in December last, while the officer was trying to arrest him, has been found guilty of assault with intent to kill. Brown was injured in the left arm and side, and subsequently suffered the amputation of the arm. Radley has been sentenced to 30 years.

Ellsworth and Elijah Weaver have been bound over by United States Commissioner Gilbert of Niles to answer in the United States court to the charge of manufacturing and uttering counterfeit United States currency. The defendants are brothers and sons of respectable parents residing in Buchanan.

Mr. Stutski, a young man living east of Minden City, froze both his feet last January, and attempted to take the frost out by the application of cold water. Gangrene set in on one foot, and the flesh of the toes sloughed off, leaving the bones bare and black. On March 22 Drs. Healy and Preston amputated a portion of the foot. The most remarkable circumstance of the case is that the young man during the operation, showed no symptoms of pain, but continued smoking during the whole time.

Several days ago ex-City Attorney S. H. Clink of Muskegon caused Mayor Cook's arrest on a capias for language used in reasons for removing Clink as city attorney. Cook made a motion in the circuit court to quash the writ because of irregularities in the return, and Judge Russell quashed the writ and dismissed the proceedings. The case will go to the supreme court. Cook has a capias ready for ex-Chief of Police Odnert, whom he also removed and who made affidavit in Clink's capias that Cook frequently taxed policemen and saloon-keepers for his own benefit.

A heart-rending calamity occurred in North Star township, Ithaca county, resulting in the literal roasting to death of two children of George Spooner, aged 5 and 3 years respectively. The father was absent at work in the lumber woods and Mrs. Spooner put her two children to bed, a boy and girl, and in company with the occupants of another part of the house went to make a friendly call at a near neighbor's, locking the house after her. A good fire was left in the kitchen stove, and it is supposed coals fell to the floor, causing the conflagration. Soon afterward the flames were discovered and the neighbors hastened to the scene, but were unable to extinguish them. After repeated efforts, however, the children were got out, but they were merely a mass of sickening flesh burned almost beyond recognition. They were undoubtedly smothered to death before the flames reached them.

J. K. Paulding and F. S. Dick reached Cadillac the other day from Frankfort, having traveled 73 miles through the woods on snow shoes. They report finding near Fine snow river, in the southwestern part of Wexford county, a place where a party of Ottawa Indians had camped. The party consisted of four men and three women, one of the latter a young girl. All but the girl were frozen dead. After burying the dead bodies they took the girl to the nearest settlement, where she was provided for. The band camped near Cadillac last fall, but moved where they were now found, in order to get better hunting and fishing grounds. The river froze over and drove the fish down stream, and hunting and trapping became very difficult on account of the snow which averages three feet and in places is drifted terribly.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

MARCH 23.

SENATE—The Senate met at 8 p. m. As only twelve senators were present there was no quorum.

HOUSE—The House met and passed the bill amending the charter of Adrian. The governor noted his approval of the act to prohibit fishing in Black River and Lake; for the inspection of commercial fertilizers, to prohibit the sale of adulterated honey, unless plainly labeled. A resolution for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the Manistee river improvement company, with power to send for persons and papers, was adopted.

MARCH 24.

Reported adversely by judiciary committee: Senate bill providing for admission of parol evidence in certain cases. The governor noted his approval of acts amending the act for the incorporation of publishing societies: Incorporating village of Iron River, Marquette county; amending act authorizing the establishment of health institutions; incorporating the village of Ontonagon, Ontonagon county; appropriating money to the pioneer society. The committee on military affairs was authorized to employ a stenographer to act during the investigation of the military department. Bills passed: authorizing East Saginaw water board to borrow money; regulating the employment of children and women; relative to partition of lands.

HOUSE—The House concurred in the action of the committee of the whole in striking out all the enacting clause in H. 78 to prohibit taxation of attorney's fees in circuit courts. Passed—reincorporating Albion. The speaker appointed as a special committee to investigate the Manistee river improvement. Messrs. Blacker, O. N. Case, Oviatt, Webber and Crozer. Adjourned.

MARCH 25.

SENATE—The memorial of the university society of Manistee, that the teachers' class of the Michigan university be granted certificates of like conditions with the graduates of the normal school was received. Passed: The following bills were passed on third reading, appointing a stenographer of the twenty-second circuit, legalizing the laying out of a state road in Warren, Midland county, amending charter of Bay City, reincorporating the city of Albion, revising charter of Adrian, establishing a board of public works in East Saginaw. A resolution by Senator S. W. Smith, asking congress to establish as a national game preserve the St. Clair falls was adopted. It was agreed to hold evening sessions hereafter. Adjourned.

HOUSE—Reported adversely: By the committee on education, relative to the employment of teachers in public schools (placed on general order); by the committee on state affairs, relative to abstracts of deeds. Bills passed: Incorporating the village of Boyne City; incorporating the village of Metamora, Lapeer county; incorporating the public schools of Bangor, Bay county; authorizing East Saginaw water board to borrow money. The governor noted his approval of the following acts: Authorizing Glenoe, Lake county, to sue for and collect money; repealing act establishing bureau of immigration; amending act in reference to the election of officers for the city of Stanton. Passed: Bills incorporating West Bay City, Albion and Newberry. Adjourned.

MARCH 26.

SENATE—The judiciary committee reported that James Hueston was entitled to the seat he held and which was contested by John Frensel, Jr. Adopted. The governor noted his approval of the following acts: Authorizing East Saginaw water board to borrow money; concurrent resolution on Arbor day. Bills passed, amending Adrian charter, amending Port Huron charter, incorporating village of Newberry, Chippewa county, incorporating village of Metamora, Lapeer county, incorporating village of Roscommon, Roscommon county, incorporating village of Frankfort, Benzie county.

HOUSE—The special committee to investigate the accounts of the late quarter-master-general were authorized to summon witnesses. The bill to amend the law relative to subjects for dissection, was put upon its third reading and lost; yeas 43, nays 37. The bill was reconsidered and laid on the table. In the afternoon the bill was taken from the table and a substitute for it offered by Mr. Dodge was passed; yeas 68, nays 9. Passed. The following passed on third reading: Amending section 4258 Howell, relative to insurance; to regulate trial of actions for damages; amending act 180 of 1876 relative to ejectments; for the appointment of commissioners of claims against estates of deceased persons in Wayne county, lost; yeas 24, nays 39, reconsidered and laid on the table; amending board of education act of 1881, relative to highways, lost; yeas 53, nays 32, reconsidered and tabled; amending section 6670-71, Howell, relating to courts of chancery, passed; for incorporation of the two Detroit colleges, passed. Adjourned.

MARCH 27.

SENATE—The following passed on third reading: Reincorporating Bay City, reincorporating Bangor, for a recorder's court in Kalamazoo, reincorporating St. Ignace, amending act 97 of 1883 relative to payment of wages earned and materials furnished for public buildings and public works. Adjourned.

HOUSE—The governor noted his approval of acts amending sec. 7000-1, Howell, relative to courts held by justices of the peace, authorizing train proceedings in Warren, Midland county. Bills passed: Incorporating Frankfort, Benzie county, reincorporating Roscommon, Roscommon county. Adjourned.

MARCH 28.

SENATE—The following bills were passed. Reorganizing the Union School District of Flint; amending act relating to Vassar school district No. 1; amending sections 1810-11, Howell, relative to poor officers; providing a uniform system of accounts for poor officers; amending the act to consolidate poor laws; amending act 243, 1883, relative to highways and public roads; authorizing the state auditors to file claims of fire companies for extinguishing fires in state properties for extinguishing fires in state properties; amending chapter 167, Howell, relative to industrial schools; incorporating Atlix, Lapeer county; amending Grand Rapids fire and police act; amending section 7831, Howell, relative to service of process in actions of ejectment; amending section 5967, Howell, relative to the partition of estates; allowing Central Michigan soldiers' and sailors' association the use of tents; amending Grand Rapids charter; changing the name of Mabel E. Wilbur to Mabel E. Cook; reincorporating Benton Harbor; reincorporating Marine City; and section 22, amending the act to protect fish and preserve fisheries.

HOUSE—The House refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the charter of Bay City. The following bills passed: Establishing a recorder's court in Kalamazoo; reincorporating Leslie and Muskegon. The bill amending the charter of Port Huron was referred to the committee on municipal corporations. A resolution that hereafter members should forfeit their pay when absent was referred to the committee on state affairs. Passed on third reading: House manuscript, detaching territory from Marquette and Menominee and organizing the county of Iron. Adjourned until 10:30 Monday.

IN CONGRESS.

MARCH 23.

SENATE—The following nominations were sent to the Senate and confirmed in executive session: "To be envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary of the United States—Edward J. Phelps of Vermont, to Great Britain; Robert McLane of Maryland, to France; George H. Pendleton of Ohio, to Germany; Henry E. Jackson of Georgia, to Mexico; Macenas E. Benton of Missouri, to be United States attorney for the western district of Missouri; Assistant Engineer John W. Saville of Maryland, now on the retired list, to be a passed assistant engineer on the retired list.

MARCH 24.

SENATE—The president sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Daniel McConville of Ohio, auditor of the treasury for the treasury for the postoffice department; Henry L. Muldro of Mississippi, assistant secretary of the interior; Wm. A. S. Sparks of Illinois, commissioner of the general land office. A long list of army promotions.

MARCH 25.

SENATE—The oath of office was administered to Senator-elect Berry of Arkansas, and the Senate went into executive session. Consideration of the Well and La Abra treaty consumed the day and was not concluded when the doors reopened and the Senate adjourned. The president sent the following nominations to the Senate: Samuel S. Cox of New York, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Turkey; and Capt. David B. Harmony of New York, to be chief of the bureau of yards and dock in the navy department, with relative rank of commodore, and a number of postoffice appointments which were confirmed in executive session.

MARCH 26.

SENATE—The Senate met at noon and five minutes later went into executive session. After some further discussion of the Well and La Abra treaty it was postponed until next session. When the doors reopened, Mr. Sherman's resolution providing that a committee of two Senators be appointed to wait upon the president and inform him, if he has no further communication to make, the Senate is ready to adjourn, was adopted, and Senators Sherman and Beck were appointed such committee. Adjourned.

MARCH 27.

SENATE—Immediately after the reading of the journal this morning the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business. During the executive session Mr. Sherman from the committee appointed to wait upon the president, reported that the committee had performed its work and that the president desired the "special" session of the Senate to be continued until Thursday next. The Senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: Capt. David B. Harmony of Pennsylvania, to be chief of the bureau of yards and docks, navy department, with relative rank of commander; Thomas C. Crenshaw, jr., of Georgia, to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Georgia; also 26 new postmasters (some in Michigan). The doors at 12:40 p. m. were reopened and the Senate adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock.

DETROIT MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1 white	\$ 75 @ 87
Wheat—No. 2 red	75 @ 85
Flour	4 25 @ 4 50
Corn	40 @ 42
Oats	32 @ 33
Barley	1 30 @ 1 35
Rye per bu	4 20 @ 4 25
Buckwheat	2 45 @ 2 50
Clover meal, per 100	18 50 @ 22 00
Clover Seed, per bu	4 80 @ 5 00
Timothy Seed per bu	1 55 @ 1 60
Apples per bbl	2 00 @ 2 25
Apples per bu	60 @ 75
Butter, per lb	15 @ 16
Eggs	18 @ 21
Chickens	12 @ 13
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	12 @ 13
Geese	10 @ 11
Potatoes	38 @ 40
Onions, per bu	1 10 @ 1 10
Turnips	30 @ 35
Honey	12 @ 15
Beans, picked	1 15 @ 1 25
Beans, unpicked	80 @ 90
Hay	13 00 @ 17 00
Straw	6 00 @ 7 00
Fork, dressed, per 100	5 00 @ 5 75
Fork, mess new	13 50 @ 13 75
Fork, family	11 75 @ 12 75
Hams	10 45 @ 11
Shoulders	5 @ 9
Lard	06 @ 07
Tallow	5 @ 5 54
Beef, extra mess	10 25 @ 10 50
Wood, Beech and Maple	5 75 @ 6 00
Wood, Maple	6 25 @ 6 50
Wood, Hickory	6 75 @ 7 00

HOES—Rough packing, \$4 40 @ 70; packing and shipping, \$4 80 @ 4 85; light, \$4 30 @ 4 85; skips, \$3 50 @ 4 25.

CATTLE—1,050 to 1,200 lbs., \$4 25 @ 4 40; 1,200 to 1,600 lbs., \$4 25 @ 4 40; Texana, \$4 40 @ 4 75.

SHEEP—Inferior to fair, \$2 20 @ 2 3; medium, \$2 40 @ 2 5; choice, \$4 40 @ 50.

WAR PROBABLE.

British Reserves Called Out by Royal Message—Great Excitement in All England.

Minor Items from the O'ed Werge.

An extra session of the cabinet was held in London on the afternoon of March 26, for the consideration of the situation in regard to Russia.

It was resolved to formally demand of Russia that she commence forthwith the work of delineating the Afghan frontier in accordance with the understanding under which Sir Peter Lumsden and the British surveying party passed so many months in the ameer's dominions. The British ambassador at St. Petersburg has been instructed to press the Russian government for a reply to Granville's proposals of the 16th, regarding the outposts on the Afghan frontier. Despatches from Earl Dufferin forwarding the demand of the ameer for a war chart were considered. It was rumored the ameer had received overtures from Russia offering favorable terms for an alliance. The cabinet decided to instruct Dufferin with full powers to arrange terms with the ameer.

All officers of the Indian army, and now in Europe on furloughs, have been ordered to immediately rejoin their regiments.

The same afternoon the Queen sent a message to the house of commons, calling out the reserve of the militia for permanent service. In accordance with the message the war office has called out the army reserves and the militia. The call issued by the Queen is for 53,000 reserves and 140,000 militia.

At Aldershot orders have been received providing for the raising of 15,000 troops for India. One battery of horse artillery proceeds from Woolwich to India immediately. The government of Burmah is sending thousands of camels to India to be employed in transport service on the frontier of Afghanistan by Gen. Stewart, British commander.

Orders have likewise been sent to armorer throughout the kingdom to return immediately to the Tower of London all Martini-Henry rifles which they have in stock. The object is that they be inspected and dispatched to India. Fourteen thousand rifles are now at Portsmouth to be forwarded to India immediately. Orders were received at Portsmouth directing the composite sloop Cormorant to be made ready for sea.

Gladstone stated in the House of commons that the Russians had advanced no nearer to Penjdeh than Pulikhatum, which he said, is 80 miles distant from Penjdeh. Gen. Alkhanoff, Gladstone added, has established a post of Taroomas at Pulikhatum.

There was a rumor current in London that Russia troops had attacked the British under Sir Peter Lumsden, and that two were killed.

Five thousand Turkish troops are to be sent to Suakin.

Mexico collected \$61,000 for the Spanish earthquake sufferers.

Oman Digma's troops are deserting him, 900 having left him in one day.

An explosion of gas in a mine in Lebe, Chili, resulted in the death of 35 men.

Two frightful explosions occurred in Austrian mines March 27, in which 90 miners lost their lives.

A squad of Arabs attacked a detachment of British on the march for Tamala few days ago. The Arabs were repulsed with 100 killed.

An engagement between French and Chinese troops occurred near Dong Dang, in which the French were repulsed with the loss of 100 men.

The pope asks the emperor of China to protect Catholic missions during hostilities with the French, in return for which his holiness will pray for the Chinese.

"Tell me, gray-headed sexton," I said,
"Where in this field are the wicked folks laid?
I have wandered the quiet old graveyard
through,
And studied the epitaphs, old and new;
But on monument, obelisk, pillar or stone
I can't find a word that men have done."

Who is to judge when the soul takes flight?
Who is to judge 'twixt the wrong and the right?
Which of us mortals shall dare to say
That our neighbor was wicked who died to-day?

Therefore, good deeds we record on the stones;
The evil men do, let it die with their bones.
I have labored as sexton this many a year,
But I have never buried a bad man here."

"There's Annie Beldon!" said Anne Jane, looking up from her knitting as she heard the sound of footsteps on the plank walk which lay along the front fence. "Poor soul! I never see her that I don't think of that verse in the Bible which says that "from him that hath not shall be taken even that which he hath," and she sighed deeply.

"Sometimes I think she has had good deal more than her share," said Aunt Jane. "I know dozens of women who would have sunk into the grave under only half as much. And the best of it is, she don't never complain. She's the cheerfulest soul that ever breathed."

"Does she live near here?" I asked more out of politeness than from any real interest in the subject.

"Tell me about her, Aunt Jane," said, as the old lady paused. "You have plenty of time before supper."
"Dear me, child, there isn't much to tell, 'n' maybe the little there is won't prove very interestin' to you. I know Annie looks shabby, 'n' old, gray now, 'n' not much like she was thirty years ago. We was girls together, 'n' she was the prettiest 'n' liveliest of 'em. Her eyes

"The owner of the Layton Mills?" interrupted.

"Yes; but he didn't own the mill then. He was only superintendent there, 'n' though he was a savvy, industrious young man, no one looked on him as a millionaire. But he had a good salary, 'n' his father had a good salary, 'n' he reckoned a good deal to do, 'n' he was reckoned a good deal to do."

she married Luther Beldon he sent her handsome present. Luther, he was a real steady young man, but some or other he didn't have any luck. He had a good farm, but, work as might, he never made nothin' more'n a bare livin'. 'n' Annie had to pinch and screw to keep clothin' on their backs. She was a master hand at managin', 'n' she worked like

some over here 'n' Luther n' d
tollin' how crossways things a
went for him, she'd allers have s
thin' cheerful to say. She'd tell a
that it was a long lane that had
turnin', 'n' 'twas allers darkest los
fore day, 'n' there was always a s
linin' to every cloud, till Luther
get pleasant again 'n' ready to l
with her over their troubles.

he'd say. 'Long as frosts 'n' m
'n' floods don't take her away
me, I guess I can get along.'
'They was over here to take d
the day I met this . . .

"I wonder when I'll be able to give you a black silk, Annie?" he said, putting his arm round her as she stood by his chair. "We've been married seven years 'n' I ain't been able to get you nothin' better 'n calico."

"No better'n I look now in my black
delaine," says Annie.
"We'll see 'bout that," says Luther.
'I don't care how hard times are,
mean to live till I get you a black silk
dress.'
"She laughed 'n' told him he'd me"

"Well, Luther he never came over here after that without he had some mark to make 'bout my black silk. He stuck to it that he would give Ann one like it before he died.

"But year after year went by, 'n' 'n' silk was all wore out 'n' I'd got another 'n' still Annie's best dress was a che delaine, 'n' it wasn't often she could afford to buy even a pair of cotton gloves."

keep Luther up, I believe Annie'd h
give way many a time; but for his s
she didn't know one half she felt.
she never lost faith in the Lord.
said His ways seemed hard, but that
know what was best for her.

"Well, time went on, 'n' about
years ago things seemed to take a
for the better with Luther. His wi
crop turned out well, 'n' he sold

to the hens, 'n' all muffled up to
eyes, when I heard a wagon stop at
gate, 'n' there was Luther a noddin'
beckonin' to me. I went down to
gate to speak to him, 'n' before I
there he was tellin' me how he'd
Tom Layton a colt he'd been raisin'
was on his way at last to buy A
that silk dress. He asked me 'bout
number of yards he ought to get

'It began to rain soon after I'd gone 'n' poured down for upward of four hours. - I was at the window he went by on his way home, noticed he didn't have his overcoat 'n' I wondered what he'd done with for I was sure he'd had it on when he stopped at the gate. Annie told me afterward that he'd taken the coat off his back 'n' rolled the black silk

“Miss Parsons was makin’ the silk Luther wasn’t satisfied till Annie had to the village ‘n’ got some one to on it, ‘n’ she thought best to h him. He wasn’t no better whe dress came home, ‘n’ the doctor still tendin’ him; but no one ‘l dangerous. It

"I've been waitin' nearly twenty to see you in that dress," he said. "I won't wait even an hour longer."

"Well, Annie she made him lie — for he'd been walkin' the floor out ant nearly all day — 'n' she went to the washin' machine to get the dress on."

her bed-room to put the dress on. She
got the skirt on. 'n' was fast-
waist, when she heard a queer
from the spare room where Luth-
lyin'. She stopped a minute to

"When John 'n' I got there he'd be dead only a few minutes, 'n' I tell yo child, it was a sad sight to see h kneelin' down by that low bed in h new black silk, her arms round th dead man 'n' moanin' 'n' shudder over him 'n' beggin' him to speak her. ♡

"As we was crossin' the hall
heard the dress rattle, 'n' she stop
short 'n' looked at me pitiful.

About a week ago I was out with Sniper gettin' subscriptions for church carpet, 'n' we met Annie on street. Miss Sniper, she ain't c sensitive herself 'n' she don't give one else credit for bein' so, 'n' she and asks Annie if she didn't ever

"But Annie only smiled. 'I consider myself fortunate to be able to get such good wages,' she says, 'and I shall walk away smilin' still.

"I was glad Miss Sniper didn't say anything about that, Annie would have broke down. She's got it p

lumber merchants, who failed under suspicious circumstances seven years ago. A few weeks later the failure of the firm brought an unusually large quantity of lumber on thirty days' credit, which he disposed of for cash, making over \$100,000 out of the transaction. He attributes the failure of the firm to the

ed to repeat the operation a few
later and was caught in his dish
and arrested. Passing out of his l
yard he caught up a hatchet and
its blade, as he supposed, in the
of the officer who had arrested
Hiram Graves, the son, who w
companying his father and the c
saw the blow struck and to preve
a witness against his father
black trial for murdering the

Graves tells a singular story. They left Pittsburg, 47 years ago and his father went to Canada. He tracked there by officers they had away one night, under cover of darkness, and went to California. Graves was followed by his sweetheart and they were married in Sacramento. They were successful, and three years ago had paid enough money to

Not one of the men whom his owed is now living, though in case he succeeded in finding some one to whom the money and interest so long due could be paid. The children of the richest creditor of the Graves were found in an asylum. The sum due them, including compound interest, was \$9,000.

A Hynnis, Mass., woman has completed a bedquilt made of 3,000 pieces.

N. Y. Tribune.

upon such candidates as he may please. Under this provision, with equal effort and skill on both sides, the representation in the board will correspond as closely as possible to the relative strength of different interests. The minority will then have, as they have not now, the right to be present at meetings of the directors to examine books to know what is being done in the co-

This measure is opposed only on the ground that it is desired by the minorities in certain important corporations for their own defense. But this does not seem to be a reason for rejecting it, but rather a reason for adopting it. Even in political matters the tendency of progress has been toward greater defense and recognition of the rights of minorities, while in a business corporation it is, as a well-understood principle,

resort to such a remedy. In all of the country abuse of corporate power has become a fruitful source of financial and industrial difficulties. It is reasonable to believe that the adoption of the measure pending in Michigan by preventing such abuses and giving minorities power to protest against them in season, and if need be defend their rights by timely legal action.

to recover £500 damages for injury done to his house by, as he alleged, defendant and his family. Kierney denied the charges, and asserted Waldron's house was haunted, and the acts complained of were done by spirits or some person in plain place.

Evidence for the plaintiff was effect that every night from Aug.

January his hall door was continuing to be knocked at, and his window panes broken with stones which came from the direction of the defendant's residence. Mrs. Waldron swore that on the night she saw one of the paragon diamonds in the window cut through by a diamond, and a white hand in the nightgown came through the hole so made in the window. She caught up a bill book and a

brought a detective into the while several policemen watched side. They, however, could find idg. Kiernan's family, on being cused of causing the noises, de- said it was the work of ghosts, and vised the Waldrons to send for a Catholic priest to rid the house of terrors. A police constable sworn one evening he saw Waldron's wife bid the dog with her heels at the

Two Chestnuts.
Hatchet.
An exiled Canadian incident. A man who had strayed out of his room in a Vancouver hotel and in a moment of abstraction fell down the ten-story elevator shaft. They got up what they could and laid it out on a sofa. "Dude,"

Mr. ...
and laid it out on a sofa. ...
turb me," the exiled Canadian ...
gasped, while an expression of ...
ecstasy played over his features. ...
I haven't felt anything like it ...
used to ride a toboggan in my own ...
native land!" A peaceful smile ...
into his face and he was gone. He ...
came back. He couldn't. — Phila ...
phia News.

That reminds us of that vel ...

The chestnut of the Virginian who
left the far West. As his last hours
upon him his dying thoughts re-
just turned to his distant native state where
600 and flood he had hunted and fished
the days gone by. His friends
gathered about him anxious to d

"All right, old boy; you shall have some as quick as I can get it cooked and he rushed out. Presently he returned with a dish with something which looked tempting. "Here, boy, is some nicely fried shad. Eat yourself." The dying man slowly reached out his hand, he was too gone to be able to eat, and feebly holding the dish with his fast stiff-

is hard at work to prove what no
long believed, that the writer of Sh
spears's plays was not Shakespeare
Bacon. He is firm in his theory
cities in support of the assertion
William Shakespeare, a butcher's
was educated at the Stratford vi
school, where only the rudimen
Latin were taught, the English bran
being neglected. Yet the first "h
the question!" of Shakespeare

The writer of these plays was only a man of vast genius, but of learning. Whole pages were written in French, and there are evidences that the writer was a Latin, Greek, and Spanish scholar. He was a accomplished and erudite lawyer.

the sound of shax, while the name of the title page of the various editions of the plays was Shakespeare, very printed with a hyphen thus Shakespeare. Bacon," he says, "was a finished education, who, in the years of his manhood, had no employment, not being a favorite with the king, and was glad of an opportunity of writing these plays secretly for

King James, in that capacity through his life previous, he had occasion to use a cipher in his government correspondence. In those letters were intercepted and in suspicious language, but that bore any signs of mystery would endanger the writers' safety. Those in cipher were often called upon government to interpret the meaning of their messages and to convey

mosaic work of internal narrative arranged by a system as acceptable as the varying and precise as a sum is arithmetic. By a systematic method, 'Henry IV.,' I found the following sentence: 'Francis Bacon of St. Sir Nicholas Bacon's unimpeachable chapter of this story; his robber Thomas Lacy's orchard, the rich red to in the 'Merry Wives of W'

The If you put a manuscript in the hands of the publisher without special instructions, the pages would be numbered in order. See here," said he, referring to the consecutive pages in "Henry" of which was numbered 46 and the other 49, and which erroneous numbering is frequent throughout the book. "The cipher hangs on the number of these pages. Now, notice

for the plays, but were inserted in revised editions, and on them the change. When this system is the wonder of the world will be over the marvelous mechanism plays as it is now over their merit."

THURSDAY, APR. 2, 1885.

WHISPERINGS.

Rubber goods are in good demand.
Do not miss the Art Loan. See extended notice!

See the change in C. H. Kempf & Son's advertisement.

Frank Wight presents an interesting a. v. for your inspection, this week.

A four weeks' old colored baby was left on the door step of Andrew Watson, recently.

It is sad to see how many ex-rebels-president Cleveland is placing in prominent position.

Last week Monday the county boarding house, (so called under Wallace's rule), had not an occupant.

Postmaster Pearson (Republican) has been re-nominated for the New York post office by president Cleveland.

Eight members of the Young Men's band camped at Wolf Lake several days last week and enjoyed a very good time. What next?

The Prohibitionists of Ann Arbor, Sharon, Bridgewater and Sylvan Townships have nominated tickets. Others will probably do so.

It cost the city of Ann Arbor \$154 to light the clock in the court house tower last year. It is now lighted by electricity and will cost but half that sum.

Over one million of Acker's dyspepsia tablets sold in the past twelve months, purely upon their merits. Why suffer with chronic constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, and female troubles when R. S. Armstrong offers you relief and positive cure in the dyspepsia tablets. He sells them on guarantee.

R. S. Armstrong wishes to state that he has at last found an article he can sell on its merits. It is with pleasure he guarantees to the public Acker's English remedy as a sure and never failing cure for asthma, coughs, whooping cough, croup and all lung troubles. It is the standard remedy for consumption. He has never found its equal.

R. S. Armstrong would specially recommend to the ladies Acker's dyspepsia tablets. As a laxative they have no equal. They are guaranteed to cure chronic constipation, dyspepsia, and all disease arising from a deranged stomach. With a free use of the tablets, sick headache is impossible.

R. S. Armstrong wishes to make an assertion which he can back with a positive guarantee. It is all about Acker's blood elixir. He claims for it superior merits over all other remedies of its kind, and guarantees for it a positive and sure cure for rheumatism, syphilis and all blood disorders. It frees the skin from spots and and leaves the complexion clear. Ask him about it.

There is no need denying the fact that among the most distressing complaints of humanity, few are equal in intensity to bleeding piles. You say the subject is not a pleasant one to talk about, neither is the victim, and our aim is to give him relief. Jacob Chambers, of Henry street, New York, writes: "When I began using Misher's Herb Bitters (as per printed directions) I had been troubled with bleeding piles for upwards of five years. In six weeks I was perfectly cured."

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on the lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a healthy appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs."

Call at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.00.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for a free, a costly box of good which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. Address, True & Co. Augusta, Me.

JOB PRINTING.

Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Ball Tickets, Labels, Blanks, Bill-Heads and other varieties of Plain and Fancy Job Printing executed with promptness, and in the best possible style, at the HERALD OFFICE.

Life of Mrs. Abi Spaulding.

(Concluded from last week.)

On reaching Whitehall the sails were taken down and horses attached towing them down the Erie canal to Buffalo. Here they changed boats, taking a sloop to cross the lake and bring them into Detroit. Weeks lengthened into months and yet the journey was not completed. On reaching Detroit river they were becalmed. The men left the boat and walked into Detroit. The women wished to do so but were obliged to remain on board to care for the children. Near the middle of August, a little more than three months, and all were safely landed. Then came the journey to Dexter in the lumber wagon. Their first stopping place was with a Mrs. Noble, a widow lady with five children. Yes, in those days a small frame house containing one living and bedroom, below, and all in one room above was considered comfortable for three grown persons and nine small children. Here the winter was spent while preparations were being made for their future home. 80 acres of land was purchased and in the spring a small frame house was built upon it and Mr. and Mrs. Spaulding were comfortably settled once more in a house of their own. Their prospects were to all appearances as fair as most in those pioneer days. In this home their daughter Emma was born. Success is often slow in coming to early settlers of a new land, there is every thing to wait for and to some minds this is more than they can bear. Oh the patience, Oh the fortitude needed to manfully bear the overpowering responsibilities. None possess them as innate qualities, 'tis not everyone who can cultivate them when circumstances require. They have to be fed, nourished and grown by just such trials as we flee from, if in our power to do so. By some misfortune, I know not whether it was a fault, their home became embarrassed. Mr. Spaulding went to Ann Arbor to work in a meat-market, hoping to extricate himself. But either from lack of patience to wait the length of time needed, or to bear the crowding of his creditors, to him the load became unbearable and in the early spring of 1835 he decided to go still farther west in search of fortune. He went away without informing his wife of his plans or the time of his departure. He went to a meat market in Chicago. We will not try to picture the night watching the waiting, the anxiety the heartaches. A mother with five children in the month of March left to themselves with no plans for the future. Hours seemed like days, days like weeks, the heavens were filled with blackness, but on the mother's part there was no fleeing responsibility. There was no heaven of safety for her. Nay 'tis not so, there is a spot where just such trials may be borne, where just such sorrows may be alleviated. Mrs. Spaulding had learned to trust and hope not being able to bear her burdens herself, she brought them to Jesus and sought for strength and because she nurtured hope, instead of yielding to despair, she grew strong; strong to bear and to do. Scarcely had two months passed away when on the 14 of May her sixth child, Dennis, was born. When he was two weeks old she received her loom for which she had been waiting all winter, and began the work of providing for the wants of her family. During the summer the creditors from Ann Arbor claimed her home and for a time it seemed she would be left houseless. God always raises up a friend, in the hour of need. Her husband's brother Ira, came to her aid. He in connection with Esq. Lawrence looked after her interest and saved for her farm property given her by her father, \$200.

In the fall following he moved her with her family near his own home into a little log house standing on the farm now owned by Mr. R. Chase. With the money saved he purchased 40 acres of new land in Sylvan township giving Mrs. Spaulding the title. On this we find the pleasant home of herself and younger son to-day. I think it was something over a year after leaving Dexter before she was again in a little frame house belonging to herself. I can fancy the happiness it afforded her, the gratitude she felt, that once more she was free from debt. In the woods not one rod of ground broke, with six children to provide for but yet so thankful. She had health, she had a loom, she had a son nearly 14 years old, daughters willing to work, a staunch old friend and counsellor in brother Ira, and above all a stock of courage, which had not waned, but increased day by day and a rich faith in Him who had promised. We cannot trace

their progress step by step, but with uncle Ira's oxen ever at their command and Eli to drive them, as often as the products of the loom would afford the money to hire a man to hold the plow, the land was broken up, fields were cleared, crops raised. Children grew, mother toiled and prayed, grew weary, sought rest and started again. God blessed the faithful mother, the mother of faith. The children received what education she was enabled to give them. Samantha became a successful teacher for four years. Years passed away and the mother had the satisfaction of seeing her children placed, only one, in homes of their own. Her trials were not all ended. Afflictions visit every home. In the year of 1848 on the 5th of June, Mrs. Maryetta Crafts was called to her heavenly home. One daughter, Mrs. Raymond still survives her. December 6th of the same year Mrs. Samantha Allen died. Seven years passed and on the 26 of September Eli, who had been her strong help in days of adversity went home. One daughter still survives him. One half of her children in Heaven, one-half on earth. For more than a score of years the burden of life's labor, has been lifted from her shoulders and nobly borne by her son Dennis and his wife, while her two daughters never fail to show a true appreciation of their mother's worth and life work. Children and grandchildren conspire to make her path easy, to which her cheerful manner and happy countenance ever attest. Passing through the school of adversity, struggling against poverty we have found her with a courage that never failed, with a fortitude that knew no despondency, a judgment that seldom erred, a hope always maintaining, a faith always cheerful. Ever the devoted, tender, watchful, sacrificing mother, the living, hopeful christian, the faithful sympathizing friend, she affords us an example worthy to be imitated, worthy to be remembered, to be admired. Briefly have we followed our beloved friend from infancy to old age, thro' darkness and sunlight through struggles and victories, for four score years and seven. Happy are we to-day to find her quietly waiting, the summons home to wear the victor's crown.

MRS. C. H. WINES.

Linked Together.

Complaints go in troops. They are associated by nature. Get one disease and you will have others. DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY strikes at the root of all disease. You can not take it amiss, no matter what your particular trouble may be. For all ailments of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, Bowels it is worth more than its weight in gold. A silver dollar will buy it, whether you go to your drug store or address the proprietor, Dr. K., at Roundout, N. Y.

LIMA ITEMS.

Tom. Fletcher is getting ready to build a barn.

Dr. Palmer of Chelsea, has several patients here.

John Heber and family will leave here soon for Ingham county.

Miss Emma Dancer, who has been sick all winter is not improving.

Miss Frankie Brown has been spending a few days in Jackson,

Old mother gossip says Lima will soon loose another one of her girls.

Mrs. Pierce and family will leave here next week to join Mr. Pierce in Mo.

Arl Gurin and R. Wheelock edit the paper to be read at the Literary society, Saturday evening.

A dog in South Boston the other night pulled a table cloth off a table with his teeth, thereby throwing down a lamp which exploded, covering the dog with oil and setting him on fire. The dog ran under a bed, setting the bedding on fire, and an alarm was run on. Moral No. 1: Don't keep a dog. Moral No. 2: Don't use kerosene. Moral No. 3: Don't use table cloths. Moral No. 4: Don't use beds.

After the prairie grass is once killed on the Western cattle range, the same grass does not reappear.—Chicago News.

An Enterprising, Reliable House.

R. S. Armstrong can always be relied upon, not only to carry in stock the best of every thing, but to secure the Agency for such articles as have well-known merit and are popular with the people, thereby sustaining the reputation of being always enterprising, and ever reliable. Having secured the Agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, will sell it on a positive guarantee. It will surely cure any and every affection of Throat, Lungs, and Chest, and to show our confidence, we invite you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

OUR NEW DRESS GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

Such a line has never been exhibited in this market before! It consists of

Satin Burbers, Jaquards, Ottomans, Cut Marvlous, Brocades and Silks.

A one yard Cashmere for 25c.; has been sold for 40c. A Damask Bed Spread for 98c.,

WORTH \$1.25.

A new line of White Goods for 10c. to 40c. per yard. A new line of elegant Embroideries, all over embroideries, Dress Gingham, Prints, Indigo Prints etc.

Table Linen in White and Red!

Bleached and Brown Cotton in all widths.

We shall be pleased to show our goods as we have a larger and better selected stock than has ever been in our store before.

Respectfully,

B. PARKER & CO.

WE ARE RECEIVING

GOODS FOR EARLY SPRING!

TRADE.

WASH GOODS!

OF ALL KINDS!

SPLENDID VALUES IN

WOOL - DRESS - GOODS,

TRICOTS, ETC.

Don't fail to examine if in need.

Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES & CO.

N. B. New White Goods and Embroideries.

MALARIA.

As an anti-malarial medicine

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S

FAVORITE REMEDY

has won golden opinions. No traveler should consider his outfit complete unless it includes a bottle of this medicine. If you are exposed to frequent changes of climate, food and water, Favorite Remedy should always be within your reach. It expels malarial poisons, and is the best preventative of chills and malarial fever in the world. It is especially of value as a trustworthy specific for the cure of Kidney and Liver complaints, Constipation and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood. To women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex, Favorite Remedy is constantly proving itself an antidote of great value. Address the proprietor, Dr. D. Kennedy, Montreal, N. Y. \$1 bottle, 5 for \$4.50 by all druggists.

DR. BOSANKO.

This name has become so familiar with the most of people throughout the United States that it is hardly necessary to state that he is the originator of the great Dr. Bosanko Cough and Lung Syrup, the people's favorite remedy, wherever known, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by Glazier, DePay & Co.

PROVIDENCE

Helps those who help themselves. Nature has provided herbs for the cure of human ailments and medical science has discovered their healing powers, and the proper combinations necessary to conquer disease. The result of these discoveries and combinations is

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

For many years it has been tested in severe cases of Kidney and Liver Diseases, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Lassitude, etc., and invariably it has given relief and cure. Thousands of testimonials have been given, and it is most popular where best known.

J. O. Steinhilber, Superintendent of the Lancaster Co., Pa., hospital, writes: "I used it in a great many cases of dyspepsia, liver disease, liver complaint, rheumatism, and scurvy, and invariably with best results."

F. Hoffman, of Circleville, Ohio, says: "This is to certify that I have had the dumb colic and by using one bottle of Mishler's Herb Bitters a complete cure has been effected."

MISHLER HERB BITTERS CO., 125 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

Fisher's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails



ATTENTION! FARMERS!

OLIVER CHILLED plows, with reversible points and shares, do the work better and save 75 per cent on repairs, over any other plow in the market. We also sell the Massey Sulky Plow, the king of plows. Call at our store and examine for yourselves.

Bacon's Hardware



THE LATEST FOLLY.

Bleeding to Secure a Colorless Complexion.

"Bleeding is becoming fashionable among young society swells of both sexes, but it is mostly practiced by young men," said a society physician yesterday.

"By bleeding persons naturally become a little pale, and this gives them a kind of aristocratic appearance. For instance, if a young man has been rejected by the young lady who has upset his reason he can play upon her sympathies by having himself bled. The loss of blood would make him pale and interesting, and he could lounge around home for a few days and send out a report that he was dying of a broken heart. His paleness would show that something was the matter with him, and it might excite the lady's sympathy, if she had that element in her fashionable composition. The face could not be powdered or painted so as to represent illness. The ladies understand this artifice too well, and a great many are adopting the bleeding process. It is not that they wish to convey the impression that they are dying by inches from grief. They don't do that now, but occasional bleeding makes them naturally pale, and their pretty faces are more easily colored in consequence. With a white background, or rather face, the face is colored without the preliminary trouble of washing it with a white compound before coloring is put on. The colors stick better, the paint does not show so plainly, does not close the pores of the skin so hermetically; a smoother appearance generally. Then, again, it is not the correct thing in fashionable society to appear too rosy and healthful. It would look as if they followed some occupation for a living. School girls, you know, eat pickles and slate-pencils under the impression that it will make them thin by drying up the blood. Bleaching is the latest device in fashionable society, and is resorted to by both sexes for opposite purposes. During the summer ladies are bleached, or bled, under the impression that the reduction of blood prevents an excess of perspiration—and nothing is considered more unfashionable than to perspire. That is why so many ladies look so cool and icy chilling in the red-hot months of summer. I do not know that the young men drink salt water after being bled like the other calves that are bleached for the market by cruel butchers, but no doubt salt water will soon become a fashionable craze in connection with the bleeding process."—N. Y. Times.

OILING SHOES.

A Bootblack Grows Confidential and Tells the Secret to a Reporter.

A one-armed bootblack having taken the contract to oil the shoes of a reporter, after the preliminary brushing began by rubbing the leather with a wet cloth. When asked what it was for he explained: "When I began this business," said the operator, pausing a moment to cast an admiring glance at the high, aristocratic arch of the newspaperer's instep, "I used to keep on rubbing the oil into the leather until a man told me to stop. I thought they'd know when they had enough and I wanted to give satisfaction. Some of my customers complained that the oil soaked through their boots and saturated their socks. I thought perhaps I had been putting on too much oil, but the same fault was found in several cases where I had been more careful. Finally an old shoemaker whom I knew came along and I asked him what I ought to do to save my trade. He told me never to oil a shoe until I had wet it first. The reason was that the water would penetrate the leather and, remaining there, keep the oil from soaking through. Besides the water would soften the leather and open it so that the oil would do the leather more good. My trade has prospered ever since."

"I was oiling a man up one day and he asked the same question you did. When I explained the reason he said that was on the same principle as that of painting kerosene oil-barrels. I told him I thought they were painted blue just to look nice. He said it was to prevent the barrels from leaking. During a long voyage or a long journey by rail sometimes half a barrel would leak through the pores of the wood and evaporate. So some sharp fellow began to study some way of preventing such loss. He first painted the barrel blue on the outside and then filled it with water and allowed it to stand until it had soaked up all it would. Then the oil was put in. The water kept the oil from soaking into the wood, and the paint on the outside kept the water from coming out. He got a patent on his discovery and now he sits in his office and draws his royalty of one cent on every barrel made to hold kerosene oil for shipment. He's got a mighty soft thing on oil barrels."

By this time the master of the art of oiling shoes, having rubbed a quart bottle of neat's-foot oil into the reporter's fifteen dollar gaiters, rested from his labors, and gracefully accepted the half-dollar which was dropped into his palm.—Chicago News.

—The old enemy, "crinoline," creeping slowly in, and by next summer we may look forward to seeing the fair sex arrayed in all the pompous glory of that ample circle which renders woman almost unapproachable. —N. Y. Herald.

FREE DISTRIBUTION.

"What causes the great rush at Glazier, DePay & Co's Drug Store?" The free distribution of sample bottles of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the most popular remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Bronchitis, now on the market. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.

It Will Cure You!

GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS are the great blood purifier, liver and kidney remedy and life giving principle, a perfect renovator and invigorator of the system, carrying away all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease. Every moment of our lives, every part of our bodies, is wearing out and is being built up anew. This work is accomplished by the blood. The blood, if pure, makes the entire circuit of the body every seven minutes. But if it becomes weak or vitiated and does not perform its work properly the system is actually poisoned by the worn-out matter clogging the vital organs instead of leaving the body. Cleanse the blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, sores, etc. Keep the liver in order, the blood pure, health of the system will follow. Take **GOLDEN SEAL BITTERS** and no others. Sold by R. S. Armstrong and Glazier, DePay & Co.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE BY R. S. Armstrong.

CURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, an easiness of stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration producing a very disagreeable itching after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy which acts directly upon the parts affected absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and affecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by Glazier, DePay & Co.

HELP for the working class. Send 10c. for postage and we will mail you free a royal box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young or old. You can easily earn from 50c to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, direction etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address *Stinson & Co.*, Portland, Maine. 14-40.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the 12th day of March, A. D. 1884, executed by Chauncey W. Riggs and Mary Riggs, his wife, of the township of Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, to Harmon S. Holmes of the village of Chelsea, county and state aforesaid, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Washtenaw in liber 65 of mortgages on page 118 on the first day of April, A. D. 1884, at five o'clock P. M., and whereas the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of three hundred and ninety and 52-100 dollars (\$390.52). And the further sum of twenty-five dollars as an attorney fee stipulated for in said mortgage, and the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage is the sum of four hundred and fifteen and 52-100 dollars (\$415.52).

And no suit or proceedings having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described at public auction to the highest bidder at the west front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county of Washtenaw (that being the place of holding the circuit court for said county) on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1885, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, which premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz: The south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section (31) thirty-one, in township number two south of range three east.

Dated March 19th, 1885.
HARMON S. HOLMES,
M. J. Lehman, Mortgagee.
Att'y for Mortgagee. Mar. 19/12

Home Markets.

APPLES, Publ.	75	@	1 50
BRANS.	75	@	1 00
BARLEY.	1 00	@	1 25
BUTTER.	25	@	14
CORN.	25	@	25
DRYD APPLES.	31	@	31
EGGS.	16	@	16
HIDES.	5 50	@	6
HOGS, dressed.	5 00	@	5 00
LARD.	9	@	10
OATS.	25	@	25
POTATOES.	20	@	25
SALT.	1 30	@	2 00
WHEAT, red and white.	82	@	82



BREAD AND MILK SET.
OUR

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT

is the most complete ever shown in this market. We have

FOUR DIFFERENT PATTERNS,

also a very large and handsome assortment of

Bed Room Sets!

at almost any price. In

GLASS WARE,

we always have the newest novelties at the

Lowest Prices

Our lines of

CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS!
also Vases, are very complete.

Come and See Us

in our new quarters.

We have more room and better facilities for

Showing Goods!

which we assure you is a pleasure.

One door West of
Bacon's Hardware.

HOAG'S BAZAAR.

HURRAH!

Better times are coming!

Farmers' Attention!

Now is the time to buy your harness, and get your old ones repaired, to enter upon your spring work fully prepared for business.

I have on hand a splendid lot of
HEAVY and LIGHT DOUBLE SINGLE HARNESS!

Also Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, Trunks, Hand Bags, etc.

The Largest and best line of collars in the village.

Also a few specialties, such as Machine Oil, suitable for oiling buggies, & all kinds of Machines, warranted not to gum.

New Patent Neck Yoke

In the Music line I have a few Violins that will be closed out at a bargain.

Violin strings, Music in sheet and book form. All will be sold at a discount during the next 60 days.

C. STEINBACH,
Chelsea, Mich.

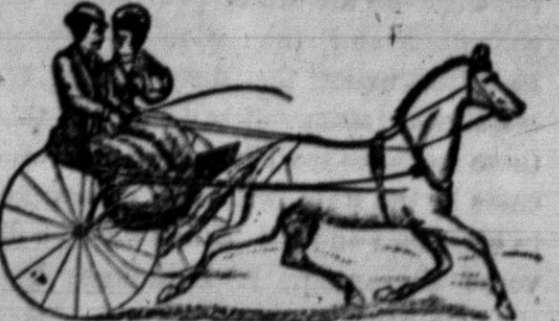
WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HALLETT Book Co., Portland, Me. 40.

C. E. CHANDLER,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH,

—A S D—

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER.



A nice assortment of New and Second-hand Carriages for sale at Bottom prices. Call and see!

I also have in connection a

First Class Livery

consisting of Good Drivers and Riggs. Shop north of Railroad, opposite Foundry. 696

MICHIGAN CENTRAL



The Niagara Falls Route.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Train.....8:40 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....8:45 P. M.
Jackson Express.....8:00 P. M.
Evening Express.....9:50 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express.....6:38 A. M.
Jackson Express.....7:47 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:00 A. M.
Mail Train.....3:55 P. M.

WM. MARTIN, Agent.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

\$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cts postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the \$200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted every where of either sex, of all ages, for all time, or only to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Me. 40

BOILERS

STEPHEN PRATT'S
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
(Established 1865.)

Manuf'r of high & low pressure and steam heating boilers of all kinds; smoke pipes, breechings, etc. Old boilers taken in exchange for new. Rivets, boiler plates and boiler tubes for sale. Cor Foundry-st. and Mich. Cent'l R. R. track, Detroit, Mich. 21

NIMROD Plug Tobacco.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS AND TOBACCO DEALERS. NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENT CHEW. DELICIOUS FLAVOR AND CHEERY CUT. THIS TOBACCO IS MANUFACTURED OF FINEST LEAF. PUREST SWEETENING. EVERYBODY CHEWS NIMROD. SEND FOR SAMPLES.

S. W. VENABLE & CO.,
Peter-burg, Va.



Best in the World.

WM. EMMERT, JR., Pub.

CHELSEA : : MICH

THE Senate committee on state affairs reported on the bill to provide for the collection and tabulation of divorce statistics under the direction of the secretary of state. It is designed that these statistics shall include all divorce cases in the state, with the disposition in each case and the cause where a divorce is granted. It is thought that such statistics would be useful aids in devising means to lessen the number of divorces and in making the divorce laws more stringent.

A social question which threatens to cause some perplexity is being discussed in Washington circles. The question is: What lady has the place of honor, the president being a bachelor? Mrs. Bayard, the wife of the secretary of state, is an invalid, and her place at the state dinner was taken by her daughter, who entered on the president's arm, the cabinet ladies following in her wake. The ladies are extremely agitated as to the propriety of allowing such precedence, and it is probable that hereafter Miss Bayard will find her place lower in the procession.

THE famous Henry deer bill came up for third reading in the Senate a few days ago. Senator Henry said this was his last attempt to pass or amend any game law of this state. Senator Sherwood congratulated the Senate that no more speeches on the bill would be heard. The bill comes from the conflict somewhat disfigured. But two sections are left. The first one prohibits the killing of deer any time before October 1 1888, and thereafter only between October 15 and December 15 of each year. The accompanying section provides a penalty for violating the sister section. The fine is not to exceed \$100 nor the imprisonment ninety days. Both may be given in the discretion of the court. The bill was tabled.

RIELS REBELLION

In view of the general interest in the rebellion of the Indians and half-breeds of the Northwest under the leadership of one Riel, we append a sketch of that remarkable character with an account of the origin of the trouble.

The Hon. Z. Demeules of Minneapolis says that he knows Riel well. Mr. Demeules told a newspaper correspondent that Riel is a shrewd, well educated man, who will give the dominion government more trouble than they expect. Mr. Demeules gives this account of him: "Riel is a highly moral man, brave as a lion, and much like his father before him in other respects. He has an uncle (his father's brother) now living in Minneapolis. Riel is about 45 years of age. He attended the same college I did in Montreal in his early days and I well remember the impression I formed of him at that time as that of a young man of brilliant promise. When he graduated he stood second in his class. He is one-quarter Indian, as his grandfather married a full blood squaw. He is liked by all who know him and his very appearance is enough to inspire one who meets him with confidence. He is nearly six feet in height and when he left college weighed 190 pounds, and presented as fine a physical appearance as I ever saw. The next time I saw him after he left Montreal was in 1858 in Minneapolis. He came as an adventurous young man and remained here a year. I had not seen him for three years and when I met him at the Des Noyers house—the half way house between here and St. Paul—he recognized me and began to talk Latin to me. I then remembered him and frequently after met him while he remained here." Leaving here young Riel went to Montreal where he was educated at the expense of a philanthropic lady named Massoit, who lived near Montreal, and who aided young men possessing such talents as Riel had. The next time I saw him was in 1873, when he was flying from justice. The Canadian government had set a price on his head—\$10,000 I think—and spies were after him. He had been traveling in the East incognito, and was unknown save to friends here. I was in the legislature at that time, and one day Riel, another gentleman and myself were in a saloon opposite the Merchants', when Riel's quick eye detected the presence of English-

CAUSE OF THE UPRISING.

The present uprising is due to the agitation begun by Riel about a year ago. Riel was the leader in the Red River barrier of 1869, and for his complicity in the troubles of that time was banished for five years from the dominion. He returned to Canada last year and entered the Saskatchewan country when he advised the half-breeds as to the course to pursue to obtain recognition of their rights by the government. The half-breeds claim that patents should be issued for the land occupied by them, and that each man should have his homestead definitely defined and be allowed to use the timber on his claims. The half-breeds, in short, demand the same treatment as is accorded other settlers. It is thought probable that commissioners will be sent to confer with the mal-contented and, if possible, adjust the difficulties without resorting to armed force.

Manitoba and the territory now the scene of trouble was ceded to the dominion in 1869 by the Hudson bay company, who until then had been governors of the country. The precipitation with which the dominion government sought to assume the possession by sending the Hon. William McDougall to Winnipeg to enter upon the duties of lieutenant governor had its natural result, and the half-breeds, under the lead of Louis Riel, resolved to prevent his entrance into the settlement until some guarantee was received for the rights of the inhabitants, and the rebellion of 1869 was the result.

they had known no one but the great corporation whose employes they were. Rome was their church and the Hudson Bay company their state.

Suddenly word came up the river that the land upon which they had lived for so many years had been transferred to the dominion of Canada. Their Indian blood took fright, and they pictured their lands in the hands of strangers themselves turned out of doors, and their homes gone. The arbitrary course of Mr. McDougall bore its legitimate fruit in Kiel's rebellion. The rebellion did not keep the strangers out, but it had its effect in the half-breed land act, which was soon after passed by the dominion parliament. In the first place, there were 1,400,000 acres of land set apart for the half-breed infants; subsequent grants were made of land and scrip to the half-breed heads of families. Afterward came an order in council dividing the 1,400,000 acres of land among the infants per capita, and granting 240 acres to each child. Commissioners were sent about to take a premium; each child was worth 240 acres of good land to its parents and tradition says that children were "lent" from one family to another, those already counted by the commissioners being sent ahead to be counted over again in the interest of another family further on; consequently the commissioners reported unusual multiplying powers as characteristic of the French half-breeds in the Northwest.

Next, continues the writer quoted, we have the lands selected, apportioned out, and placed in chancery for these children until they should become of age, with special stipulation in the act that they should be considered to have attained their majority at the age of 18. The lands granted to the heads of families were soon disposed of without any good to their possessors; in many cases the speculator came on the scene, the land changed owners for a song, the "head of the family" got on a protracted spree, and that ended the benefit of the lands act so far as he was concerned; in a very few exceptions' cases has it remained in his possession or been disposed of to his advantage. As to the land set apart for minors it seems absurd to keep wealth stored up for the benefit of a child when he should reach his majority, when it was evident that without immediate assistance he must die within a few days. A few bona-fide cases of destitution led to a change in the practice. In many cases the money realized on the sales was not placed in the care of the court, but orders were even made that all the money be given in trust to the parish priest or to the "heads of families." The Baie St. Paul floods caused a great deal of real distress among the Metis along the banks of the Assinaboine river and were followed by a tremendous rush on the courts for infant money.

Children 10, 11, and 12 years of age were examined with the utmost gravity, and the farce was again and again enacted by obtaining their consent to the sale of their lands. Strange it was that these youngsters never withheld their consent. Lands were taken out of chancery and sold with such rapidity that to keep up with the times printed affidavits had to be struck off in great numbers uniformly deposing that the deponent was the father of such and such an infant; that he was hopelessly ill or disabled, that he was destitute and unable to keep his children; for some time after all effects of the Baile St. Paul floods had entirely passed away injury from the floods remained an invariable clause in every affidavit that was intended to "fetch the indge."

The custom still prevails very widely among half-breeds in Manitoba of swearing interest out of court. The money that remained in chancery on the sale of infants' lands is not and has not been allowed to lie and accumulate interest. The half breeds know that interest is accumulating. Some of them are not remarkable for industry. While there is the certainty of a few dollars being paid out of court to them in a few weeks or months they will live in utter idleness and exist on almost nothing rather than work. When the interest is due they show great activity. They may be seen, hale, strong men, looking for their lawyers to make them draft affidavits for them, telling "la juge" at the "palais de justice" that they are a-sick unto dying, that they can't support their families, that they are destitute. From this state of affairs it is evident that the granting of lands to the French half breeds of Manitoba has not secured for them the great benefit that Riel expected. On the contrary the little money that it has placed in their hands has made many of them idle, shiftless and inactive.

A vast ledge of borax has been discovered in southern California that threatens to break the corner that has prevailed in this article for a number of years past.

The laws of California allow every moral young man, under 26 years of age, who has learned a trade by serving an apprenticeship of three years, \$250 out of the state treasury.

There are 623 newspapers and periodicals published in foreign languages in this country, of which 483 are in German.

GENERAL NEWS.

Reports of great suffering in several of their back counties of West Virginia among the people and stock for want of food have been made, but not until recently were reports confirmed. A gentleman who has traveled through Braxton, Gilmer and Calhoun Counties says a few days' travel in the counties named has proven that the destitution and suffering are indescribable. In many localities people are on the verge of death by starvation. Stock is no better off than the people, the animals dying for want of food. The suffering is great in Roane and Jackson Counties. In some sections of the stricken district people are subsisting on beans, and ruel made of wheat ground in coffee-mills. The greatest suffering exists in parts isolated from towns and railroads where supplies cannot be gotten. For miles a store cannot be found, and those that are kept have scarcely enough on hand for the proprietors' families. The low state of wells and springs during the drought last summer and fall sowed the seeds of disease. Many people are sick. The difficulty of getting medical aid adds terror to the situation. All through the section named the crops were cut short last year and the suffering is beyond comprehension. The wheat crop is short and farmers in the stricken section are unable to procure seed corn.

A decision has been rendered by the supreme court of the United States affirming the decision of the lower courts in the service of five cases known as polygamy suits, brought by certain Mormon citizens of Utah for the purpose of getting a judicial decision as to the power of the board of commissioners or canvassers appointed under the so-called Edmunds act of March 2, 1882, to supervise elections in that territory. The principal question raised by the suit is whether the board of commissioners appointed under the Edmunds act had power to prescribe as a condition of the registration of voters, a discriminating test oath requiring the applicant for registration to swear (if a man) that he is not a bigamist or polygamist and does not live or cohabit with more than one woman in the marriage relation, or (if a woman) that she is not the wife of a polygamist and has not entered into any relation with any man in violation of the laws of the United States concerning polygamy or bigamy. The general sentiment among intelligent Mormons regarding the decision is one of disappointment, which the test oath prescribed by the commission declared invalid. They state the court went on of its way to practically declare the Edmunds act valid when the point was not necessarily before it. The ruling that inhabitants of territories are under the sovereign control of congress, is viewed with amazement and regret, and is generally considered as a decision more opposed to a republican form of government than any ever given, since the nation was founded. The Mormons feel then are being unjustly dealt with.

Additional particulars of the suffering for want of food in the interior of West Virginia have been received. A letter from a merchant in Wirt county, bears for corn meal only, saying he has not a bite of food in the house. A traveler just returned from Gilmer, Roane and other interior counties, says the suffering is awful. Scores of dead animals killed by starvation line the roadways. The people are at death's door for lack of food. Aid is being forwarded as rapidly as possible. The details of the distress are painful in the extreme.

Musie Hall, in Buffalo, N. Y., was discovered to be on fire the other evening just before the performance began. The company, playing in the building had barely time to escape with their lives, and lost all of the wardrobes and settings of the operas of "Faika," "The Little Duke," and the "Queen's Lace Handkerchief." An hour later the St. Louis Catholic church at the rear of Music Hall took fire and it was soon evident the magnificent edifice was doomed. The street between Music Hall and the church is very narrow, rendering it impossible for the fire department to do effective work. George Smith and Joseph Green ascended ladders in front of the church for the purpose of assisting the firemen in directing the work. The building burned rapidly, and the firemen and Smith hastily left the roof, which they had reached but for some reason Green remained and frantically rushed to the cupola climbing it in full view of the thousands of spectators. He clambered to the lightning rod, but returned and rushed to the body of the roof, which was now burning fiercely. He rushed to the corner of the building heedless of the cries of the firemen who had tarpslin stretched for him to jump into for the tower and from it hung by his hands fully ten minutes. An attempt was made to reach him with a ladder but it was unsuccessful owing to the network of telegraph wires surrounding the building. At this time the entire front of the church was enveloped in flames. When the smoke cleared away he was seen still clinging to the edge of the roof. Then he lurged forward to get his hold and fell and struck on the head and was instantly killed. At 8 o'clock the tower of Music Hall fell into the street. The south wall, which was unusually strongly built, as it was within ten feet of large private dwelling, remains intact. The fire was finally confined to Music Hall and the church. The Music Hall was completed in 1883, having been about a year in course of construction. The St. Louis church was the oldest Roman Catholic church in place. Music Hall will be remembered as city of holding the grand musical festival of 1883; the Democratic state convention the fall of 1885 and the grand musical festival at which Theodore Thomas and Damrosch appeared in June, 1884.

The largest apple tree in New England is growing in Cheshire, Conn. It bears annually an average of 20 bushels of fruit upon each of its seven branches.

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U. S. (now retired) for the cure of **Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Decay**. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it.

Address DR. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

Simply Vegetable; No Gripping. Price 25c. All Druggists.

25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a

Inclination to exertion of body or mind
Irritability of temper, Low spirit, with
a feeling of having neglected some duty
Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the
Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache
over the right eye, Restlessness, and
stifled dreams, Highly colored Urine, are
the signs of
CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted
to such cases, one dose effects such
a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
The ingredients are purely vegetable, and
the action is to make the Food pass, and cause
the body to be nourished, and by their Tonic Action
the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools
are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St.

GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1-

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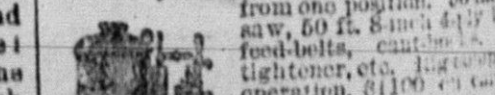
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Stock Farm,
Grosse Ile, Wayne Co., Mich



All stock selected from the get of sires and of established reputation and registered in French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME
Is beautifully situated at the head of the Grand River, ten miles below the City of Detroit. Accessible by railroad and steamboat. Not familiar with the location may call at either 53 Campau Building, and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free. Address: S. M. BACH & FARMUM, Detroit, Mich.



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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
ESTABLISHED 1845

information which no person should be without. The popularity of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is such that its circulation nearly equals that of all other newspapers in this class combined. Price, \$3.20 a year. D. VAN NOSTRAND & CO., N. Y.

PATENTS.

20,000,506 BOTTLES OF WARNER'S 'SAFE' CURE

Or, Warner's SAFE Kidney and Liver Cure (its former title.)
SOLD TO FEBRUARY 1st, 1885.

No other Compound on earth can show a similar record, and no Physician a better one. The highest Medical Authorities pronounce it the only known Specific for Kidney, Liver and Urinary diseases; that it has no equal as a BLOOD PURIFIER, and that it is the best safeguard against contagious diseases, both acute and chronic, keeping the Kidneys and Liver—the great organs of the body—in healthy condition, disease then being impossible. For the many distressing ailments of delicate Ladies, it has no equal. We can furnish over One Hundred Thousand voluntary Testimonials similar to the following. Read them for the good of yourself, your family and your friends. Note how this vast number of bottles was distributed, as evidenced by our sales-books.

- Boston, - 936,842.**
HON. N. A. FLYMPTON (Hon. B. F. Butler's campaign manager) of Worcester, Mass., in May, 1880, was prostrated by kidney colic, caused by the passage of gravel from the kidneys to the bladder. He then began using Warner's SAFE Cure and in a short time passed a large stone and a number of smaller ones. Dec. 10th, 1884, Mr. Flympton wrote, "I have had no recurrence of my old trouble since Warner's SAFE Cure cured me."
- Providence, - 128,947.**
G. W. FULTON, Esq., Fulton, Texas, suffered for ten years from various bladder disorders and lost from 25 to 30 pounds; in 1881 he used 14 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and recovered his natural weight and said, "I consider myself well for a man of 75." December 20th, 1884, he wrote, "I have had no symptoms of kidney disorder since 1881, and if I did I should rely upon SAFE Cure."
- Portland, Me., - 330,829.**
EX-GOV. R. T. JACOB, Westport, Ky. In 1882, during a political canvass, health gave way and was prostrated with severe kidney trouble. Lost 40 pounds of flesh. Used Warner's SAFE Cure in 1882, and June 25, 1884, writes: "I have never enjoyed better health,—allowing to Warner's SAFE Cure."
- New York State, - 3,053,080.**
B. F. LARRABEE, Esq., 49 Chester Square, Boston, Mass., in 1879, was given up by several prominent Boston Physicians as incurable from Bright's Disease. He took over 200 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, in 1880-2, and Oct. 6, 1884, wrote that the "cure was as permanent as surprising."
- Pennsylvania, - 1,365,914.**
Mrs. J. B. DESMOULIN, 2411 Morgan street, St. Louis, Mo., in 1882, wrote, "I have been in delicate health for many years; but Warner's SAFE Cure made me the picture of health." June 23rd, 1884, she wrote, "My health has been good for the last two years."
- Chicago, - 2,181,520.**
CHAS. E. STEPHENS, of Louisville, Ky., Nov. 15, 1882, wrote, "When my daughter was ten years of age she was seriously attacked by extreme kidney disorder. She recovered temporarily, but a year ago was again prostrated. She was swollen to twice her natural size, had frequent headaches, nausea, and other disguised symptoms of the disorder. All her Louisville physicians agreed that she could not recover. Her case and treatment were telegraphed to a New York specialist, who said recovery was impossible. Last August we began to treat her ourselves, and now, wholly through the influence of Warner's SAFE Cure, she is apparently as well as ever." November, 1884, he says, "My daughter is apparently in perfect health."
- Detroit, - 635,210.**
S. F. HESS, Rochester, N. Y., the well known tobacco manufacturer, three years ago took twenty-five bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure for liver disorder, and August 20th, 1884, he reported, "I consider myself fully cured, and the credit is wholly due to Warner's SAFE Cure."
- Milwaukee, - 344,171.**
THE REV. ANDREW J. GRAHAM, (P. E.), Grand Island, Neb., in 1881 was pronounced fatally sick with Bright's Disease. His condition he says was desperate and he could get no relief from physicians. He then followed Warner's SAFE Cure treatment, and July 7, 1884, he wrote, "All local trouble has disappeared. Have taken no medicine for nearly a year."
- Minnesota, - 486,013.**
G. W. HAMILTON, Milton, Santa Rosa Co., Florida, December 15th, 1884, wrote that "four years ago my wife was suffering with liver complaint which reduced her to a skeleton. The doctors finally pronounced her case Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and incurable. She then took 13 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and has been in perfect health ever since. She now weighs 180 pounds where formerly she was a skeleton. Warner's SAFE Cure will make a permanent cure always if taken by directions."
- Bal. N. W. States, 1,400,362.**

IF IT IS
HARD TIMES WITH YOU,
Resort to the Remedy that Nine-tenths (9-10) of Sufferers Require, thereby
Saving Continuous Debility and Expensive Medical Attendance.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

- Cleveland, - 511,974.**
B. J. WORRELL, of Etna, Fla., in 1879, was prostrated with Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and under the best treatment, grew worse. "On the advice of Governor Drew's sister, I began Warner's SAFE Cure, sixty bottles of which restored me to full measure of health. I have now been cured about four years, and my case is regarded as miraculous." Governor Drew of Jacksonville, Florida, April 20th, 1884, says "Mr. Worrell's case and cure give me great confidence in Warner's SAFE Cure, and I unhesitatingly endorse it."
- Cincinnati, - 655,250.**
MRS. S. A. CLARK, East Granby, Conn., in 1881 was utterly used up with constitutional and female complaints of the worst kind. Been sick ten years, and tried everything. In November, 1884, she wrote, "Warner's SAFE Cure cured me four years ago, and has kept me well."
- Bal. Ohio, (State,) - 474,869.**
JOSEPH JACQUES, Esq., St. Albans, Vt., in January 1877 was taken desperately sick with Bright's Disease of the kidneys. He spat blood, was tremendously bloated and seemed to be beyond the power of the best physicians. He then took 60 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, which restored him to health. January 1st, 1885, eight years afterwards, he wrote: "I never enjoyed better health in my life than I do now, and I owe it all to Warner's SAFE Cure. I consider myself cured of Bright's Disease."
- Canada, - 1,175,868.**
ROBERT GRAHAM, 77 Penn street, Brooklyn, N. Y., suffered for six years from inflammation of the bladder and stricture. Six physicians, specialists, gave him up to die. In 1883, he began Warner's SAFE Cure and its continued use, he says, effected a complete cure. Under date June 25, 1884, he says, "My health continues good; have used no medicine since April 30, 1883."
- St. Louis, - 1,222,895.**
REV. JAMES ERWIN, Methodist minister, West Eaton, N. Y., was long and seriously ill with inflammation of the prostate gland, (a very obstinate disorder). In 1882, he began the use of Warner's SAFE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, wrote, "The relief obtained two years ago proved permanent; physicians express great surprise."
- Kansas City, - 538,395.**
JAMES M. DAVIS, 330 South Pearl street, Albany, N. Y., superintendent of Jagger Iron Co., in 1881 suffered from very serious kidney trouble; he weighed but 160 pounds; he used 18 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and December 8th, 1884, he wrote, "That was fully three years ago. I have had no trouble since, and I feel first class and weigh 195 pounds. I would not go back to that time of four years ago for all the dollars in the United States."
- Bal. S.W. States, - 635,092.**
N. B. SMILEY, Esq., of Bradford, Pa., in 1882, was very seriously sick of extreme kidney disorder and rheumatism, which gradually grew worse. Physicians being unable to assist him, his last resort was Warner's SAFE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, he wrote, "My health is better than for two years past, and in some respects is better than it has been for five years. When I catch cold and have any slight kidney trouble, I resume the medicine again and the relief I believe is permanent."
- San Francisco, - 932,210.**
S. A. JOHNSTON, Lockington, Ohio, Sept. 20, 1881, stated that for thirty years he had suffered tortures with dyspepsia, but he was entirely cured by the use of Warner's SAFE Cure. Dec. 8th, 1884, he says: "I took 20 or 25 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and it has never failed to stop any symptoms of my old complaint if they appeared; my health is good."
- Bal. Pacific Coast, - 624,237.**

ALL THE TESTIMONIALS ABOVE GIVEN ARE FROM PERSONS WHO WERE PERMANENTLY CURED SEVERAL YEARS AGO AND REMAIN SO.

The advancement to an earldom was one of the prizes held out to Gen. Wolseley conditional upon his success in Egypt.

Have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for cramp and colds, and declare it a positive cure. Contributed by Wm. Kay, 670 Plymouth Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

All syrup and no flapjacks makes a thin breakfast.

THE BURDOCK PLANT is one of the best diuretics or kidney regulators in the vegetable world, and the compound known as Burdock Blood Bitters is unsurpassed in all diseases of the kidneys, liver and blood.

Nature has always been progressive, and encher has recently become so.

SOME REMARKABLE CURES of deafness are recorded of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Never fails to cure earache.

Joking on facts will frequently part closer friends than beer and French mustard.

Stated by H. B. Cochran, druggist, Lancaster, Pa.: Have guaranteed over 300 bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for dyspepsia, sour stomach, bilious attacks, liver and kidney trouble.

Poverty is certainly bad enough, but when pride and poverty are as twins, it's worse.

Why continue the use of irritating powders, snuffs or liquids. Ely's Cream Balm, pleasant of application and a sure cure for Catarrh, at and cold in head, can be had for 50 cents, at and cold in head, can be had for 50 cents, at and cold in head, can be had for 50 cents, at

I have been troubled with catarrh from boyhood and had considered my case chronic until about three years ago I procured one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, and I count myself sound to-day, all from the use one bottle.—J. R. Cooley, Hardware Merchant, Montrose, Pa.

Mr. A. Nichols suffered from Catarrh for years. He purchased a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm of us. He is now almost cured, and says you cannot recommend it too highly.—Evers Bros., Druggists, Independence, Iowa.

A no-bill act—coinage money.—New York Journal.

Behold the conqueror of all kidney, liver, and urinary diseases—Hunt's Remedy. Sure cure.

A lunch is a kind of piece-fair.—Merchant Traveler.

Speedy cure to all diseases of the kidneys or urinary organs by using Hunt's Remedy.

Can't is hypocrisy as well as bad grammar.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

What an appetite it gives; how restful it makes my sleep, by using Hunt's Remedy.

Never make fun of a dog because his pants are short.—Centralia Journal.

Throat Diseases commence with a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cts.

A mustard plaster may not be very artistic but it draws well.—Texas Siftings.

It is pretty hard for a man to be better than God made him, but very easy to be worse.—Peck's Sun.

This remedy contains no in rious drugs.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

when applied into the nostrils, will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane from fresh colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste, smell and hearing. It is

NOT A LIQUID OR SNUFF

A few applications relieve A thorough treatment will cure. Agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Send for circular.

ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

HAY-FEVER

The fittest subjects for fever and ague, and remittents, are the debilitated, bilious and nervous. To such persons Hostetter's Stomach Bitters affords a most effective and powerful remedy by increasing vital stamina and the resistant power of the constitution, and by checking irregularities of the liver, stomach and bowels. Moreover, it eradicates malarial complaints of an obstinate type, and stands alone unequalled among our national remedies.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

Buy the Porter Hay Carrier, the only carrier that uses this new improvement. Ask your Dealers or send to J. E. PORTER, Ottawa, Ill., for circular.

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FAY'S MANILLA ROOFING

ESTABLISHED 1866

IS CHEAP, STRONG, easy to apply, does not rust or rot, is also a SUBSTITUTE FOR PLASTER, at Half the Cost, outside the building. CARPETS AND RUGS of same, double the wear of old cloths. Catalogue and samples free. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N.J.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

Sold By ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION-1878.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, nostrum is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.

P. R. T. A. SLOCUM, 161 E. 10th St., New York

R. U. AWARE

That Lorillard's Climax Pipe bearing a red tin tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf fine cut; that Lorillard's Navy Clippings, and that Lorillard's Maude, are the best and cheapest, quality considered?

RUPTURED!

EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS

This new Truss has a special spring and elastic arrangement, yields to every motion, retaining the hernia always. It cures. Worn day and night with comfort. Enclose Stamp for Circular. Used in both University Hospitals. Ask your druggist.

EGAN'S IMPERIAL TRUSS CO., Box 2258, and Arden, N.J.

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Bro. Jonathan's Jokes

50 pages, Illustrated, Sent, Postpaid, for Twelve Cents.

Under Publishing House, 20 & 21 Beekman St., New York.

W. N. B. D-2-14

Surprise Illustrated in 10 to 20 days. No pay till Cured.

Dr. J. STARRS, Lebanon, Ohio.

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CLOTHING!

Don't forget we are still offering Bargains in OVERCOATS, ODD PANTS, Suits, odd Coats and Vests. A full line of

OVERALLS, JACKETS, Working Pants, etc., just received. We have also just received a full line of SUITINGS, PANTINGS Etc., which we will make up in first-class style.

Respectfully,
H. S. HOLMES & CO.



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LEADS



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BRO'S
Agents.



CHELSEA HERALD.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to
THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, APR. 2, 1885.

Prof. Cook Heard From.

Prof. Cook lately wrote, "Having studied man and his relations fifty years and having read Dr. E. B. Foote's Plain Home Talk I say disinterestedly and emphatically that it is worth its weight in gold; nay, gold cannot measure its value to humanity. It is such a book as only such a healthy, well balanced magnificent brain can produce. Dr. Foote is one of the few doctors who, in his writings and practice, seeks to cure, not kill, to save and prolong life, not obstruct, poison or destroy it, to teach people the structure, functions, facts, forces and relations of the human brain and body teach them the significance of life and how to make it healthy and happy also how to make the most of it.

Its information, instruction and advice in regard to parentage, marriage, social and sexual functions and relations; its facts and laws of mental, magnetic and temperamental adaption in marriage and parentage that children may be healthy, happy, and viable, etc., etc., make it more valuable to suffering humanity than my poor words can express. What a vast amount of saving information for the people, a large book of 900 pages for \$1.50."

PROF. J. H. COOK.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years, my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. Fused instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve; and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by R. S. Armstrong.

Legal.

Estate of Thomas Clark.
STATE OF MICHIGAN,)
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW,) ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 10th day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Clark, deceased. John Clark and P. Tuomey the administrators of said estate, come into court and represent that they are now prepared to render their final account as such administrators.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the 15th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said Administrators give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHLSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A TRUE COPY.] WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
Wm. G. Doty, Judge of Probate.
Probate Register. Mar. 12-Apr. 2.

Attachment Notice.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statute authorizing attachments against non-resident debtors, that an attachment was issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1885, against the estate of Margaret Murphy, a non-resident debtor, and in favor of Isaac Taylor, plaintiff, here-in for the sum of \$107.66, the same being returnable on the third day of February, 1885. The sheriff of Washtenaw County returned the above attachment on the 3rd day of February 1885, with property attached but no personal service could be made on said non-resident debtor. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that unless the said defendant shall cause her appearance to be entered in said court in this cause within the time required by law, from the last publication of this notice, for six successive weeks from Feb. 19, 1885, in the CHLSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed in said county, her default will be entered and said attached property appropriated according to law for the payment of said debt and costs of this suit.

D. B. TAYLOR,
Attorney for Attaching Creditor.
Dated, Feb. 19, 1885.



COME

SEE US!

LOOK HERE!

Money is a little scarce and you should consider well before you dispose of it. We have a few Groceries left which we are bound to close out within the next two weeks if price will do it. We must make room for our Spring stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Furnishing Goods etc., etc. which is now on the way.

French's Cash Store.

20 pounds best C sugar for \$1.00 at French's.

See our new Clothing.

Best can mackerel only 10c. per can at French's.

3 cans best sweet corn only 25c. at French's.

17 pounds best A sugar for \$1.00 at French's.

9 bars of good soap for 25c. at French's.

25c. roasted coffee for 15c. at French's.

See our new Clothing.

French is closing out his groceries to make room for a fine stock of Clothing, Furnishing goods &c.

The best baking powder made, for only 35c. per pound at French's.

See our new Clothing.

Great big 3-pound can of peaches only 18c. per can at French's.

15 pounds best granulated sugar for \$1 at French's.

See our new Clothing.

The best 75c. syrup only 40c. at French's.

Cash is the magic word we use in buying and selling goods, consequently our prices will always be the lowest.

French's Cash Store.

See our new Clothing.

Buy your boots, shoes, clothing, hats, caps, gloves mittens groceries &c., at French's. It will pay you, see if it don't.

French's Cash Store,

Corner Main and Middle streets, Chelsea, Mich.

See our new Clothing.



HOUSEKEEPERS' BAZAAR,

(Corner Store McKune Block ?)

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

HOUSEKEEPERS' ATTENTION!

JUST OPENED!

An elegant and large assortment of choice and Unique novelties in

CROCKERY

—AND—
GLASSWARE.

Handsome line of

BIRD CAGES AND LAMPS!

A large assortment of very pretty patterns in LADIES' and MISSES' MORNING AND AFTERNOON APRONS.

FINE DRESS BUTTONS!

We have just received from one of the largest importing houses in the country, a large line of very fine quality cut steel, metal, silver, gilt and bronze buttons, that we have marked at about one-half their value.

Our 25c. Towel is sold everywhere else at 40 cents.

Over 200 Crystalized and Illuminated

Easter Eggs to be given away and half of them already provided for.

Call and visit the Housekeepers' Bazaar and get acquainted with our stock. One door south of Armstrong's Drug Store.

FRANK B. WIGHT.