

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOL. 13 NO. 2.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 13, 1883.

WHOLE NO. 626.

CARPETS

Window Shades!

To those who intend buying Carpets we would say we have placed in stock 3,000 YARDS of the Axminster and Extra Super Carpet elegant patterns, which we should be pleased to show at any time.

In our Shade Department we have all the new colors and designs from 5c. up. Ebony and Walnut window shades, cornices etc., at very low prices.

C. H. KEMPF & SON.

MAILS CLOSE.

GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
10:10 A. M.	9:25 A. M.
11:40 P. M.	11:30 A. M.
8:45 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
	8:45 P. M.

G. J. CROWELL, P. M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge, No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 6 1/2 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle st., East. F. H. STILKE, Sec'y.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on preceding each full moon. Theo. E. WOOD, Sec'y.

I. O. of G. T.—Charity Lodge No. 335, meets every Monday eve. at 7 o'clock, at Good Templars hall. GEORGIA VOSSBURG, Sec.

K. O. T. M.—Chelsea Tent No. 81, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall the first and third Friday of each month. C. W. MARONEY, R. K.

G. A. R.—ATTENTION X SOLDIERS! R. P. Carpenter Post, No. 41, Department of Michigan, Grand Army of the Republic, holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows' Hall, Tuesday evenings, after the full moon in each month. Special meetings, second Tuesday after regular meeting. By order of J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Post Commander. Adjutant.

F. H. STILES, DENTIST, Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier, DePuy & Co's. Drug Store. CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

WILLIAM B. GILDART, ATTORNEY at Law and Notary Public, Agent for the Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company. The largest company doing business. Deeds, mortgages and all legal papers neatly, carefully and correctly drawn. Office, CHELSEA MICHIGAN.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16 years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-13-5.

RESTAURANT.

C. HESELSCHWERDT wishes to thank the people of Chelsea and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past year, and hope for a continuation of the same. He is prepared at all times to furnish hot and cold meals for the "inner man." He also keeps on hand Cigars, Candies, Nuts, etc. Remember a good square meal for 35 cents. South Main street, Chelsea, Mich. v-11

INSURANCE COMPANIES

REPRESENTED BY
Turnbull & Depew.
Assets.
Home, of New York, \$6,109,522
Manhattan, 1,000,000
Underwriters, 4,600,000
American, Philadelphia, 1,296,661
Fire Association, 4,165,716
Office: Over Post-office, Main street Chelsea, Mich.

It is cheaper to insure in these companies, than in one horse companies.

Subscribe for
--THE--
HERALD.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. Thos. Holmes, D. D. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

METHODIST.—Rev. H. C. Northrup Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. E. A. Gay. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school, at 12 M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Father Duhig. Services every Sunday at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Vespers at 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday school at 12 M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. G. Robertus. Services every Sunday at 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 9 A. M.

If you have any business at the Probate Office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

WHISPERINGS.

A woman, well versed in dough, Was asked if she could dough, And sadly answered, nough!

Rain is needed very much.

Corn fields present a sad appearance.

Horse back riding is becoming a favorite exercise.

A railing has been placed around the balcony of the Town Hall.

Wheat does not come to town very lively as farmers are very busy, seeding.

Rev. Mr. Clark, of Dexter, filled the pulpit of the Baptist church on Sunday last.

A Greening, of Blunt, D. T., has our thanks for the Blunt Advocate of a recent date.

Cherry blossoms can be seen on a tree on the lot four doors east of the M. E. church.

John Connat's dray team ran away last Friday, but only broke about one dollar's worth.

The new four cent postage stamp will be green, and will bear the profile of General Jackson.

Heavy frosts on the 9th and 10th did great damage to corn, tomatoes and other growing crops.

"Mamma, what does M. D. mean when it comes after the doctor's name? Does it mean money down?"

A necktie social will be given at Good Templars' hall next Saturday evening, Sept. 15. All are invited to attend.

The Evening Journal's geographical man has "Moscow Hills, Dale county," in Michigan. It should have been Moscow, Hillsdale county.

S. Guthrie was elected Moderator, and Edward Ward Director at the annual school meeting held at Sylvan Centre Monday, Sept. 3d.

For some reason the Sylvan and Francisco correspondence of last week did not reach us until Wednesday evening,—too late for that issue.

If you can find them, and are a "shootist," you may now shoot mallard, gray, teal and wood duck, and all other kinds of water fowl, until next January.

The Spectator, for September, published at St. Louis, Mo., found its way to our sanctum, and hope it will in the future, as it is full of much good reading matter.

School district number six elected the following officers Monday, Sept. 3d:

Director,—James Higgs,
Moderator,—Wm. Schenk,
Treasurer,—Wm. Riemenschneider.

There have always been a number of wheat buyers at this place but now there are more than ever, no less than six, consequently farmers may expect to receive the highest price.

At the annual school meeting at Saline, the ingoing school board was instructed to advertise for wood. Will our board do so too, or will it buy of favored ones and make the taxpayer stand it?

R. D. Bullock, a prominent citizen of Jackson, and widely known through the state by his connection with the music trade in several of the larger Michigan cities, died last week of Bright's disease.

G. P. Wilson, of Ann Arbor, will deliver a free lecture at the Congregational church next Sunday evening, under the auspices of the Good Templar society.

Uncalled for letters:

Bachelor, Mary Davis, Rev. Wm. F. Garagon, Mrs. R. Tedford, Arthur A. Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised."

The pet crow of J. Shaver greatly annoyed the washerwoman last Monday because she used his eating table for a wash-bench. His favorite way of showing his dissatisfaction was by carrying away pieces of the wash.

A young miss of sixteen asks "What is the proper thing for me to do when I am serenaded by a party of gentlemen at a late hour?" We are glad to be able to answer that question. Steal softly down stairs and—untie the dog.

Will Canfield, the young meat market man shows more enterprise than most men of twice his years. He always aims to sell the best cuts of meats, fish, and vegetables in their season, and has just added a new cart to deliver them free of charge.

On Tuesday evening of last week, a valuable mare and colt strayed or was stolen from the farm of Joseph Bersuder, of near Dexter, and at this writing nothing has been heard of them. As Mr. B. is a poor man he can not afford to lose them.

Chelsea furnishes more correspondence to papers than any other place in the county. Five papers published in the county have correspondents at this place. This alone is evidence, that Chelsea is the liveliest place in southern Michigan.

"Where are you driving the pig, Paddy?" "To Limerick, your honor." "Limerick! why this is the road to Cork." "Whist, spake asy, your honor; I'm only pretending. If the cratur knew I wanted it to Cork, shure it would take the road to Limerick."

On Saturday last, Mary, about 12 years of age, daughter of Gottlieb Lehman, caught her finger in the cogs of a flanning mill, crushing it in such a manner that amputation was necessary. The operation was performed by Dr. Champlin assisted by C. E. DePuy.

A man once stopping his paper wrote to the editor: "I think men ottent to spend their money far paper, my dad didat and every bodle sed he was the intellegentest man in the country and he had the smartest family of boys that ever dug taters." Of course he didn't need a paper.

The Evening Journal, the so long looked for new Detroit afternoon daily, has made its appearance and is a neat, spicy sheet. It is a 7 column folio, and is sold at two cents. We presume it will have quite a circulation at this place ere long, and that our citizens will give it a hearty support.

The following is a sample of cards frequently received by us, and which we appreciate: "Please let me know when my subscription to your paper expires, in time to renew without losing a number. I think the time nearly out. I like the paper very much and should feel lost without its weekly visits."

The Dexter Leader man is wroth with great wrath because we have published to the world that the president of Chelsea village had a little son and earnestly desires us to give him something new. If our amiable maniac will reflect that the son was new, he would arrive at the whicness whereof the whatness is whence.—Register.

The Washtenaw county pioneer society held its meeting at Ann Arbor last Wednesday with a fine attendance. It was expected that ex-Gov. Felch would deliver a lecture before the society, but he was not present. In the afternoon, however, the veterans were treated to a lecture on "storms," by Sergt. Finley, of the U. S. signal corps.

In the left hand corner of this page will be found the card of C. H. Kempf & Son the furniture and carpet dealers. They have a good business, but they believe they can still increase their sales and save their customers money. Not many stores in towns of this size carry the assortment they do. Give them a call when in need of goods in their line.

Ed. G. Hoag this week gives figures on some of the goods in his line which it will pay you to read. The "Bazaar" is always well filled.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of A. L. Noble, the leading clothier of Ann Arbor. Mr. Noble is no stranger to many of our readers, and he says he will make it an object for you to come and see him.

It is moved by the Adrian Times and seconded by the Hillsdale Democrat and a dozen other papers, that the newspaper men of the second congressional district form a press association. Such an arrangement would meet our views, and a meeting no doubt would be of much more benefit than a state press meeting.—Manchester Enterprise. Count us in, too.—Ypsilantian. Let us boom it along!—Register. Here's our "H" on it!

A nuisance at entertainments that we may call attention to, is the habit some people have of talking incessantly during the performance. This bad habit is indulged in by many young ladies and gentlemen who would not like to be called ill-bred, and yet we do not know of a more ill bred thing than to indulge in it. Even if you yourself do not wish to hear what may be said on the stage there may be somebody in your vicinity who does, and that somebody certainly ought to be given a "chance." Please cut out and paste it in your hat.

On Saturday night, Sept. 1st, W. R. Brooks, of Phelps, N. Y., discovered a singular object in the constellation of Draco. He was not certain as to its real character but on Monday night Prof. Lewis Swift, director of the Warner Observatory at Rochester, N. Y., verified it by means of the large Warner telescope as being a comet. It is quite large, nearly round, and moving slowly westward. Mr. Brooks received a special prize of \$250 from Mr. Warner some two months since, and if there is no prior claimant, will be entitled to the \$200 prize on the present discovery.

The eleventh annual inter-state exposition of Chicago, for 1883, opened Sept. 5, and closes Oct. 20. As usual, all railroad and steamboat transportation lines will put their rates to Chicago and return on hard-pan basis, selling coupon tickets to the exposition.

As to the exposition itself, we are assured that extraordinary efforts and very large expenses have been made by the managers to render it in all important departments the most instructive, and far the most attractive, display, of its class in America. The local pride of Chicago is fully enlisted in the work, and it is safe to say that no visitor will be disappointed.

The following order has been issued to postmasters in regard to keys for lock-boxes and drawers at post offices not located in Government buildings:

"Postmasters at post offices not located in Government buildings will require a deposit of fifty cents for each key to lock-boxes and drawers rented by them, and on return of keys they will refund the amount deposited therefor."

We understand the money so received will not be sent to the P. O. D., but the postmaster will hold the same in trust until the key is returned together with the postmaster's receipt, so when you get your receipt take good care of it if you want the fifty cents. The order takes effect at this office Oct. 1st.

LIMA ITEMS.

Farmers have commenced cutting corn.

Mrs. Chas. Guerin, Jr., is on the sick list.

There will be no services at the church next Sunday.

Jack Frost visited this place last Saturday and Sunday night.

Rev. D. W. Giberson and wife leave this week to attend Conference at Flint.

Mrs. Jennie Jackson and Mr. N. Dolbee of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with Mr. O. B. Guerin.

Mr. & Mrs. John Wheelock will go on the excursion Wednesday to Chicago, and from there to Monmouth to visit their daughter, Mrs. Mary Spencer. Mrs. Wheelock will remain several weeks.

PERSONAL.

O. H. Gillam, of Hillsdale, was in town the latter part of last week.

Miss Jessie Curtiss teaches the fall term of school in the Lehman district.

The fall term of the Francisco school will be taught by Mrs. Flora Smith.

Mrs. C. R. Churchill, of Bancroft, is visiting her son, Matteson, at this place.

School opened at Sylvan Sept. 3d, with Miss Wellman, of this place as teacher.

Mrs. F. H. Coe, of Phoenix, is visiting her parents Mr. & Mrs. Jay Everett of this place.

Ed. Clark and family now occupy the east end of the Callohan house on Middle street.

Mr. & Mrs. Alva Freer left yesterday morning for a ten days visit with friends at Norwalk, O.

Henry Norgaard, of near St. Louis, this state, visited relatives and friends in this vicinity during the past week.

Asher B. LaFleur, of Hillsdale, the gentlemanly deputy collector of the U. S. Internal Revenue, was in town last week.

Mr. P. Hathaway has been a constant reader of the HERALD for the past twelve years and on Saturday last came in and paid for the year to come.

Mr. & Mrs. M. P. B. McComb, of Manchester, N. Y., are spending a few weeks with the former's sister, Mrs. J. Shaver, and numerous other friends in this vicinity.

On Monday evening last Miss Lyla Hatch left for Olivet, to take a four years course at Olivet college. Her parents accompanied her to her destination where they will make a short visit.

On Tuesday last Mr. & Mrs. L. Babcock left for the East, Mr. Babcock going on a business-pleasure trip to New York, Boston, and other cities, and Mrs. Babcock to her home of former years, Penn Yan, N. Y., where she has not been for a number of years.

Her many friends will be pleased to learn that Mrs. A. L. Briggs, who was so severely injured in the Carlyon disaster on July 27th, has been safely brought home, having arrived here on the Monday morning train. She was brought from near Carlyon, N. Y., in a special car.—Saline Observer.

School Books.

In anticipation of the usual rush for school supplies at the opening of the Fall term of school, we have endeavored to put into stock all school books that are likely to be used in the different schools in this vicinity, and in consequence we will be better able to supply all demands more promptly than heretofore. While in all instances our prices on such articles as are enumerated on the last page will be found to be the lowest.

GLAZIER, DEPUY & CO.

Notices in this space will be inserted at ten cents per line.

Go to U. H. Townsend's for bread, cookies, biscuit etc. 21f

Rooms to rent over Parker & Babcock's store. Enquire of C. E. Babcock.

FOR SALE! My house and lot on west Middle street. Has lately rebuilt, best property in the village for price asked. Special inducement to cash purchaser. Particulars at telegraph office or at place of residence. J. D. Schnaitman. 4f

I have just sawed another nice lot of stove wood which I will deliver at \$1.30 per cord. Orders left at Chas. Steinbach's harness shop will receive prompt attention. 31f Barnett Steinbach.

For Sale! Two desirable houses and lots at from \$200 to \$500 each, on easy terms. Enquire of U. H. Townsend, at the office or R. Kempf & Bro. 21f

Chelsea Herald.

WM. EMMERT, JR., Pub.

CHELSEA.

MICH

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The object of the 'Workingmen's Sunday Rest Association,' just organized in St. Louis, is to secure the observance of Sunday as a day of rest, without regard to religious considerations, by every one who is not engaged in a work of necessity. The association announces its purposes to secure the enforcement of existing laws and, if necessary, the enactment of new ones. No doubt its motive is good, but who is to decide what constitutes a "work of necessity?"

In May last the volcano of Krakatoa shook itself violently, warning the inhabitants round about that a disastrous eruption might occur at any time. But the islanders had become accustomed to these demonstrations, and remained where they were in fancied security. The survivors will no doubt continue at the old stand until the internal fires are again uncapped and thousands more of them sink into the seething sea. "There's no place like home," even if it is close to a volcano.

The city of Devil's Lake, Dakota, known to the postal authorities as Creelsburg, is only about 100 days old, but already choice lots in it are sold as high as \$2,000 apiece. It has seven large hotels, two banks, two papers and many shops and factories. It is situated on Devil's Lake, and owing to its many natural attractions is known as the "Saratoga of Dakota." The "oldest inhabitants" are already beginning to tell tall stories of the infancy of the rapidly growing town.

If the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie faithfully reflects popular Canadian sentiment, gentlemen who are indulging in dreams of the annexation of Canada to the United States, or of Canada's setting up for herself, are not destined to see their dreams materialize. Mr. Mackenzie speaks with no uncertain sound on these points. In an address which he delivered at London he scouts the idea of a separation and goes so far as to declare that Canada would give her last man and her last dollar to maintain the prestige and power of England.

The engineer of a train running between Norristown and Philadelphia a few nights ago was horrified to see just in front of the engine the body of a man lying on the ends of the ties outside of and parallel with the rails. The train apparently passed over him before it could be stopped. But on going back to find his mangled body the engineer found him entirely unharmed and sound asleep. On being awakened and told of his narrow escape from death he exhibited no emotion, but grumbled at being disturbed. The engine must have passed within one or two inches of his body.

The stern parent does not usually figure as one of the actors in an elopement, except in the time-honored character of arriving just after the clergyman has pronounced the blessing, and just in time to utter the regulation curse. But in Louisville, Ky., the other day, a young couple had made all their arrangements to elope on a certain night; and the father of the girl, getting wind of it, instead of acting in the usual inconsequential way, dragged the trembling lovers at 2 o'clock in the morning before a justice of the peace to be married, and officiated himself as master of ceremonies. He said that he would have no eloping in his household.

Work on the Panama Canal goes along rapidly. The marvelous enterprise and energy of M. De Lesseps have accomplished wonders in this great undertaking. Notwithstanding the financial embarrassments of the company at various times since the beginning of the work, and the tremendous obstacles to be overcome, excavation has progressed until it is now certain that this important waterway will be completed. Over 10,000 workmen are employed at present, and there appears to be no complaint regarding money matters. Persons who have predicted the failure of the project—and they are numerous—must now confess that they did not understand the qualities of the little Frenchman.

WILLIAM FAULKNER, of Burlington,

Vt., is a striking instance of a man whose conscience troubles him for a deed which was decided by the courts to be meritorious. Twenty years ago, under great provocation, he shot and killed a ruffian, for which he was promptly acquitted on the plea of justifiable homicide. Nevertheless, for the last twenty years he has found it impossible to sleep after 3 o'clock in the morning. Remorse seizes him at that hour and for several hours after he is driven out of his house. As there is no other place open at the time, he has made it a practice for many years past to go to the press-room of a daily paper, where he is always looked for exactly at 3:15 a. m. No one knows why he should be thus troubled with remorse for a crime of which he has been legally declared innocent.

EXTRACT from the address of the Massachusetts Republican State Committee: "No one can overlook the significance of the result in Massachusetts this autumn upon the next Presidential election. At the same time it would be worse than idle to disguise the fact that the coming election is essentially a State campaign. To the people of Massachusetts, State issues of almost unprecedented gravity justly outweigh at this time all other considerations. Massachusetts has been foully slandered, for personal and party reasons, by the supreme Executive Magistrate and his followers. Under the same auspices an administrative policy of spoils in the State and spoils has been set on foot, which is utterly at variance with all the habits and traditions of Massachusetts."

A RECENT article in the North American Review shows the great importance of the primary school. "Out of 100 boys and girls," it says, "who go to the primary schools only about fifty go any further up the educational grade. About thirty advance as far as the grammar schools, while not more than three of the original 100 who began at the bottom of the ladder ever reach the top and enter the high schools. The important fact which these statistics demonstrate is that about one-half the children who go to the public schools enter their lifework with no more education than they can pick up at the primary establishments, while of the remaining half 25 per cent leave school when, or perhaps before, they have gone through the secondary course. The moral of these facts is so plain that there can be no disputing it. Since twice as many pupils attend the primary schools as go to any other department, and about one-half of them go nowhere else, the primary schools deserve and demand the largest share of attention, and their efficiency should be raised to the highest attainable standard of excellence, though it should be necessary in order to accomplish that result to curtail some of the expenses of the other and higher branches."

What Has It Done for You?

The sceptical Mr. Bradlaugh was once lecturing in a village in the north of England, and at the close challenged discussion. Who should accept the challenge but an old bent woman, in the most antiquated attire, who went up to the lecturer and said: "Sir, I have a question to put to you." "Well, my good woman, what is it?" "Ten years ago," she said, "I was left a widow, with eight children unprovided for, and nothing to call my own but this Bible. By its direction, and looking up to God for strength, I have been enabled to feed myself and family. I am now tottering to the grave; but I am perfectly happy, because I look forward to a life of immortality with Jesus in heaven. That's what my religion has done for me. What has your way of thinking done for you?" "Well, my good lady," rejoined the lecturer, "I don't want to disturb your comfort; but—" "Oh! that's not the question," interposed the woman; "keep to the point, sir. What has your way of thinking done for you?" The infidel endeavored to shirk the matter again, the feeling of the meeting gave vent in uproarious applause, and Mr. Bradlaugh had to go away discomfited by an old woman.—The Lutheran.

Poison Ivy.

The poison ivy is very poisonous to some persons; they are poisoned by not touching it at all, or even, it is said, passing near it, while others may handle it without being afflicted by the contact in the least. The poisonous property of the plant is owing to a volatile acid; its effect is an acute inflammation of the skin, often accompanied by a great swelling. The effects remain sometimes for months before the poison is completely removed from the system. The usual remedies are cooling purgatives and an external application of lead water. An application of a solution of hops has been known to prove an effective remedy when all other remedies failed. The plant has sometimes been mistaken for Virginia creeper, to which it bears no slight resemblance. The distinguishing feature is that the poison ivy has three leaflets, whereas the Virginia creeper's leaves have five leaflets. Persons have been poisoned by mistaking the poisonous for the harmless species. This plant is of the genus *rhus* or *sumac*. There is also an upright plant that is poisonous.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

William Williams' barn, about one mile south of Reed City was destroyed by fire about 5 o'clock the other morning, together with a lot of hay and wheat, farm implements, wagons, and four horses. Loss, \$2,500; insured for \$1,000. It is supposed the fire was started by a tramp who had taken quarters during the night in the barn.

Will J. Daddison, Assistant General Freight Agent of the Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad, and son-in-law of Sanford Keeler, Superintendent of the same road, died at East Saginaw on the morning of the 4th inst., of quick consumption, aged 30 years.

A curious discovery was made in the case of Miss Fannie Strickland, of Adrian, whose death a few weeks ago, created so much comment. A substance was found in the intestinal canal which resembled, and was supposed to be, a piece of grape stem. Dr. Logus suggested that it might be a pin surrounded with the corrosion which would naturally accumulate about a substance of that kind, in such a position. In cutting into the center of the supposed grape stem, the pin was found, and a further exploration at one end revealed the head of the pin. The case is a very unfortunate, and withal, very curious one.

Clare county has an apple-jack distillery. Gov. Begole has notified the state fair committee that he will attend one, and perhaps two days.

The lady who was Ann Eliza Young, nineteenth wife of Brigham Young, but is now Mrs. M. R. Denning, of Manistee, is highly respected and has many friends in her new home.

Seven thousand two hundred dollars has now been subscribed by the citizens of Bay City for the completion of the Shore Railroad to An Sable. Two thousand eight hundred more will complete the amount required.

Michigan Mosher have decided to send a lawyer to Europe to get that little fortune left by Hugh Mosher.

Frank Phillips, book-keeper for Douglass & McLean, of Bay City, at their camp in Gladwin county, about five miles southwest of Summit, was suspected by his employers of being a defaulter to quite a large amount, and a short time ago they sent another man to take his place, and ascertain how his accounts stood. It was found that he was at least \$1,000 short. This was on the 25th of August, and on the same day he borrowed a revolver and left the camp going into a small camp about forty rods away. Nothing more was seen or heard of him for several days when he was found dead in the swamp. He had shot himself through the head. The body was in an advanced stage of decomposition, leading to the belief that he shot himself the day he left camp. He was about 28 years old. His friends reside in Albany, N. Y., whither his remains were sent for burial.

Darius Willett, a Lenawee county pioneer, dropped dead a few mornings ago, while walking along the road.

A couple residing in Burt Township were recently married by a Justice of the Peace in the Town of Allis, Presque Isle Co. It is reported that the woman has two other husbands living, from neither of whom has she been divorced. It is said that she gave her latest a life lease of her land in Burt township, but put in a proviso that "it should be null and void if he ceased to live with her," saying she had been deserted by two men, and she did not propose to allow the third to get the advantage of her.—Cheboygan Tribune.

The new-match factory at Manistee is nearly completed. George M. Beyerline, a well-known young man of East Saginaw, has been arrested for embezzlement.

A barn belonging to Perrin Bros. near Marshall, burned on the morning of Sept. 3, together with several hundred bushels of wheat. Loss \$3,000. No insurance. Incendiary.

Chas. Ulrich, one of the wealthiest citizens of Mt. Clemens was found dead in his bed the other morning. He has had two paralytic strokes within the past year, but for some time had been feeling in better health than usual. His wife went to his room about 10 o'clock in the evening and found him sleeping quietly, but when she awoke in the morning he was dead. He had been a resident of Mt. Clemens 25 years.

The Shackleton house at Mt. Clemens, and the house adjoining, were destroyed by fire on the 4th inst.; loss \$3,000, partly insured.

A two-years old child of H. H. Cobb, of Charlotte while playing in the yard alone, discovered a ladder leaning against the side of the house, by which he climbed on to the roof of a one-story wing and from thence up over the roof of the main building on to the roof of a high veranda, where he was discovered playing without any concern for himself whatever. While the family were attempting to attract the little fellow's attention to keep him quiet until some one could be procured to get him down, he crept back over the roof and came down the way he went up.

Word reached Bay City the other morning that George Bradley, a prosperous farmer whose home was 16 miles from Standish, was killed instantly. He was chopping a tree which lodged against another, and while felling the latter was struck on the head by a broken limb, crushing his skull. His brother accompanied the remains to his former home in Ontario.

A man was crushed by the cars and killed, at Austin, Kalamazoo county being struck by a Michigan Central train No. 16. Cards found on his person gave the addresses of N. W. Wilcox, 341 Dearborn street, Chicago, and J. M. Hitchcock, Wells street. The jury decided that his death was accidental and no blame could be attached to the railway men, as he stood on the track and fell under the wheels.

The classics are to be thrown out of the Fenton public schools, and reading, writing, arithmetic will hereafter comprise the curriculum of study.

Caleb H. Gillet, of Maple Corners, a few miles north of Portland, died at the age of 80 years. Mr. Gillet had lived in the locality more than forty years. He was a man greatly respected and died universally regretted.

The nitro-glycerine factory of H. H. Thomas, successor to the Roberts Torpedo Company, located on the Bay Shore near Oak Grove in the suburbs of Bay City, caught fire a few days ago, and exploded. Mr. Thomas and his workmen were manufacturing a 1,500 pound batch of the explosive, when the water wheel that makes the acid and glycerine in the nitro, ceased running. The result was that the oil took fire and in four or five minutes exploded. Mr. Thomas and the workmen made a hasty escape, and were not injured. The building and machinery of the works were destroyed, entailing a loss of about \$1,000. Mr. Thomas will rebuild, as the use of nitro-glycerine has become quite general among salt manufacturers for "shooting" their wells, and there is a brisk demand for it. A few months ago the works were blown up and one man blown to pieces.

A horrible accident occurred on the farm of Zeb. Seely, four miles west of Pontiac. The men were threshing oats with a power machine, when John Watts, of Orchard Lake, fell upon the cylinder which threw him about 12 feet, breaking his skull, one leg and tearing the flesh from his back and limbs in a shocking manner, killing him instantly. He was about 22 years old and the son of a farmer.

The store of E. D. Kitchen at Bancroft, with its contents, was destroyed by fire the other morning about 1 o'clock. The loss is about \$5,000, fully insured. The origin of the fire is not known. This makes the sixth fire in that village in the past two years.

At a special city election in Grand Haven the proposition to bond the city for \$9,000 for the purpose of buying the toll bridge was defeated by 93 votes.

The first M. E. church of Jackson is out of debt.

Charles Foote of Ionia, died the other day at the ripe age of 102 years.

Wm. J. Moss, of Humbolt, is the first lad appointed to West Point from the new Eleventh congressional district of Michigan.

Nearly 7,000 pleasure seekers visited Charlevoix this season.

As a son of Jonas Dilley, of Roxand, Eaton county, was plowing a few days ago, the "evening" broke, jerking the lad over the plow and breaking one of his legs.

Some despicable tramp is exhibiting around Bay City, something which he calls a section of Garfield's lung.

A boat and lot of camp equipage have been found stowed along the beach of Lake Superior between Maple river and Batchewagon bay, supposed to have been the property of a hunting party who have perished.

The little burg of Hastings is all stirred up by the publicity of a scandal involving the fair name of Rev. R. A. Carnahan, pastor of the Presbyterian church of that place. A few months ago the reverend gentleman married the adopted daughter of a man named Thornton, of Auburn N. Y. and it now turns out that she was not his adopted daughter, but his mistress. A divorce suit is pending.

Dr. Alexander Collar, a resident of Wayne for 34 years, died very suddenly a few days ago, from bleeding at the lungs.

Hon. Henry F. Kellogg, formerly of Hillsdale, but for the last 15 years a resident of Niles, is dead.

The fish in New Boston Lake a beautiful sheet of water lying in Plainfield township, 14 miles from Grand Rapids, are dying from some cause unknown. There are all sorts of theories advanced in attempting to explain this strange condition of things. Some think that a large quantity of poison has been thrown into the water; others that death is from fish cholera, while still others talk about a poisonous spring breaking out at the bottom of the lake. The water was formerly clear as a crystal, so that the eye could see into its depths for many feet. Now it is thick and murky as though some dreadful eruption had taken place at its bottom, disturbing the entire body.

A large mill is to be built at Elk Rapids by the Elk Rapids Iron company.

H. J. Champion retires from the agency of the American express company at Battle Creek and A. E. Martin, of Detroit, takes charge of the office.

One hundred votes were cast by ladies at the school election in Battle Creek. Several were present at the polls electioneering for the temperance candidate, but that ticket was defeated.

Ed. Powell, the Jackson convict who was thought to have escaped, was found in a hole beneath the floor right under the keepers' chair in the shop where he worked. He was prodded with a pitchfork and compelled to come out.

The citizens of Moscow, Hillsdale county, celebrated the completion of the Michigan & Ohio railroad to that place September 5. The construction train came in bearing a large number of people, and a picnic and other festivities followed.

Speaking of the case brought against Gov. Begole by his dead son's widow, the Flint Democrat says: "The little infant grandchild that is used as a cat's paw in this matter is being cut loose from the best friend he has in the world, and the only friend that could and would stand by him through thick and thin."

Ten Italian laborers on the Michigan & Ohio railroad were arrested at Marshall the other day. The trouble was caused by two Italians who had been discharged, and had threatened to kill others if they continued to work. The ten arrested had ugly looking knives concealed about their persons.

Wheat in Oakland county is yielding from nine to sixteen bushels to the acre, while corn will not be half a crop.

Hon. W. W. Johnson, ex-member of the state legislature, living in Grand Rapids, has been missing since September 3. He started from home on that day with a sum of money to purchase stock, since which time nothing has been heard of him.

John Woolver, arrested on a charge of murdering Henry Cutcheon of Perry, Shiawassee county, has been held for trial at the next term of the circuit court of Shiawassee county.

Senator Seymour believes the Northern Pacific will make its eastern line via the South Shore of Lake Superior and the Sault Ste. Marie.

Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Holt, of Muskegon, has a wonderful collection of specimens of stone from all the celebrated buildings in Europe, Africa and America.

The indications are that the colored convention, called called for the 25th inst., in Louisville, will not be held. Hon. Fred Douglass, the back bone of the whole thing, is seriously ill and cannot attend. From several sections come reports that the colored people have lost all interest in the convention.

Jay Gould was before the Senate Committee on labor and education the other day, and in his testimony gave a history of his life and business ventures and told what he knew about railroads and telegraph lines.

All applications for permission to erect telegraph poles in Washington are denied. They are determined to compel the companies to put their wires under ground.

The steam saw mill of Cross & Walker, at Standish, on the Mackinac division of the Michigan Central, was totally destroyed by fire on the morning of the 6th. The lumber in the yard was fortunately saved. The mill was valued at \$15,000 and insured for \$10,500.

Richard Bain of East Saginaw attempted to jump from a train on which he was stealing a ride, and was caught in some way, and his right arm so badly smashed that amputation was necessary.

Coal and iron deposits have been discovered along the various streams that traverse Osceola county.

There has been a daily stage line established between Ewart and Chippewa Lake, commencing September 1. The movement has been brought about by the increasing travel over the country mentioned. Stage leaves Ewart at 10:30 a. m., returning at 7:30 at night.

The black squirrel, once so plenty in Michigan woods, is nearly exterminated.

A man giving the name of John Henry, was arrested the other day at Frazier station, Macomb county, in the act of passing a forged note. He was taken to Mt. Clemens and jailed.

Thomas M. Wyckoff, of Pontiac who has been accused of seducing a young girl, was arrested, settled the case by paying the girl's father nearly \$4,000 in cash and notes. Wyckoff was a prominent church man.

James Donnelly a chronic drunk, died in jail at East Saginaw the other day.

On the 25th of August, August Ganser, a sewer contractor of Bay City, left town ostensibly to go to Columbus to settle with the Columbus pipe company; he has not been heard from since, and did not go to Columbus, it is said. He owes several parties in Bay City, but his bondsmen are secured. He has a family, and was regarded as a reliable man. Some suspect foul play, and others think he has absconded.

R. D. Bullock, a prominent citizen of Jackson and widely known through the state by his connection with the music trade in several of the larger Michigan cities, died of Bright's disease on the 6th inst.

Some time ago Dr. S. L. Baker, brother of Dr. V. A. Baker, of Adrian, an invalid on his

way home from Ponto, reached Kansas City, where he disappeared. The wife was extremely used and on week after the invalid started for home, the Baker received word that the missing man had been found in a Kansas City by the police.

Scores of land-lords and speculators are scouring around Kalamazoo county.

Phelps & Seely, of Litch, have just received sixty-one Holstein cattle shipped to them from Holland via Quebec.

The former Grand Auditor of the State Temperance Alliance, Chas. J. C. Bontecou, is now editor of the Petoskey Record, a fine Republican sheet.

The deputy oil inspector at Sault Ste. Marie sent twenty miles to procure an expert who could read the handwriting of Oil Inspector E. J. Smith.

In regard to the shooting of Mr. Clark by his divorced wife at Sturgis, a few days ago, it was said by way of explanation that the trouble which led to the shooting dates back about 15 years ago, when they had a fight. Clark knocked his wife down and brutally beat her with a club. She feigned death and he left her dying on the floor and went out of the house, when she made her escape to the neighbors and gave the alarm. He was arrested and sent to state prison for 12 years. He was released two years ago. During his confinement he obtained a divorce, but the couple again lived together as man and wife. About two weeks ago she caused his arrest for attempting to poison her, she charging him with pouring a quantity of chloroform down her throat. She gave the alarm and caused his arrest. At the time of the shooting he was out on bail. Mrs. Clark is under arrest.

The Bay City nitro-glycerine factory, twice blown up, is to be rebuilt.

William Beddell was duck hunting at Quinacase, twelve miles from Bay City, and was accidentally drowned. He was twenty years old and was employed on the farm of Andrew Gould.

John Graham, a lumberman of Clare, has been arrested for attempting to tap the safe at the Exchange hotel. He used a forged order to get chisels and was caught in both acts.

A serious and costly conflagration broke out in Benedict's elevator at Cedar Springs, Kent county, and before the fire was under control over \$30,000 worth of property had been destroyed. Several other buildings were destroyed. There was an insurance of \$12,000 on the property.

An old lady visiting in Wayne has reached the ripe old age of 104. She is a pensioner of the war of 1812, and until the last quarter has always gone to Detroit to draw her money. On this occasion however the old lady felt a little indisposed, and sent her youngest boy, a sprightly lad of 84 summers, who transacted the business for her.

The new Catholic school building at Battle Creek is completed, but as the faculty have failed to secure teachers it has been decided not to open until next September. As the public schools of the city are crowded the Catholic building will be rented for the city's use.

Several months ago the Methodist church at Petoskey took upon itself the task of trying a lady member for having married after having been divorced, and she was found guilty of the alleged offense and excommunicated from the church. She appealed to the quarterly conference, the venue was changed to another district and the Petoskey judgement was reversed on every vital point in the case and the lady was reinstated as a member in full standing.

Farmers in Van Buren county are very indignant. Their trouble may be briefly stated: The "yellows" is causing trouble in Van Buren county, and under the law the commissioners are ordering whole peach orchards cut down in the infected districts.

The new steeple on St. Michael's Catholic church at Monroe is receiving the finishing touches at the hands of the painters. It is 180 feet high and will be furnished with a chime of bells.

The railway now being built between the Tawas region and the Mackinac division of the Michigan Central is of a gauge three inches less than the standard gauge.

Webster Gillett, the man who is said to have invented a telephone that will secure telephonic communication across the ocean, was formerly a resident of Ypsilanti.

Rev. Gilbert De La Matyr, an ex-congressman well known in greenback circles in Michigan, has taken charge of a Methodist church at Denver, Col.

While Jim Satansky, a Bohemian, who lives at Inghamston, about twelve miles from Menominee was misusing his family, his wife sent for Jerry Williams, a constable, who went to Satansky's house, where Satansky shot Williams with a rifle and a second time with a revolver, after which he fired a ball through his own brains. Both men are dead.

There have been erected in Cass City, Tuscola county, this season \$51,450 worth of new buildings, and many others are projected.

The Jackson court record for September, has upon it 37 divorce cases. Of this number 25 are new applications.

The undertaker of Manistee, Schoolcraft county, has only had 16 orders for coffins the past year.

The new shops of the Detroit Lansing & Northern R. R., at Ionia will be completed about October 15.

Dr. E. B. Kimball, for some time prison physician at Jackson has resigned, and Freeman L. Crosby, a young practitioner of Napoleon has been appointed to the vacancy. Deputy Warden J. D. Hinckley has also tendered his resignation.

Gov. Begole has ordered the stone steps of the Capitol to be covered with planks during the cold weather.

Toledo brewers supply Southern Michigan and export their muddy Maumee water as far north as Grand Rapids.

Manager Jackson is extending the state telephone exchange so rapidly that soon the merchants in all the leading places can talk to dealers in Detroit as freely as if in their own place of business.

Coldwater people are very indignant over the action of Gov. Begole in commuting the sentence of Hemmingsway, the fire-bug to one year imprisonment. Hemmingsway's sentence was for nine years.

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & G. T. R. R.

COLUMBUS TIME.

Through time table in effect June 10th, 1888.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.			
Express.	Pass.	Express.	Pass.	Express.	Pass.	Express.	Pass.
STATIONS.							
5:30 P. M.	8:45 A. M.	7:30 P. M.	10:45 A. M.	5:30 P. M.	8:45 A. M.	7:30 P. M.	10:45 A. M.
6:00 " "	9:15 " "	8:00 " "	11:15 " "	6:00 " "	9:15 " "	8:00 " "	11:15 " "
6:15 " "	9:30 " "	8:15 " "	11:30 " "	6:15 " "	9:30 " "	8:15 " "	11:30 " "
6:30 " "	9:45 " "	8:30 " "	11:45 " "	6:30 " "	9:45 " "	8:30 " "	11:45 " "
6:45 " "	10:00 " "	8:45 " "	12:00 " "	6:45 " "	10:00 " "	8:45 " "	12:00 " "
7:00 " "	10:15 " "	9:00 " "	12:15 " "	7:00 " "	10:15 " "	9:00 " "	12:15 " "
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7:45 " "	11:00 " "	9:45 " "	1:00 " "	7:45 " "	11:00 " "	9:45 " "	1:00 " "
8:00 " "	11:15 " "	10:00 " "	1:15 " "	8:00 " "	11:15 " "	10:00 " "	1:15 " "

Connections.—At Toledo with railroads diverging to Toledo with Canada Southern, L. S. & M. S. & F. & P. M. R.'s; at Manhattan Junction with Wabash & Lake Erie R. R.; at Monroe with L. S. & M. S. & F. & P. M. R.'s; at Pittsburg with L. S. & M. S. & F. & P. M. R.'s; at Ann Arbor with Michigan Cent. R. R.; at South Lyon with Detroit, Lansing & Northern R. R. H. W. ASHLEY, Sup't. W. H. BENNETT, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

HAROLD TAYLOR.

The star of the morn is brightest;
The dawn of dawn is brightest;
The dew is so fresh,
And the blossoms blown,
Wherein thou, my dear, lightest;
Hark, I have risen before thee,
That the spell of the day be o'er thee;
That the flush of my love,
May fall from above,
And, mixed with the morn, adore thee!
Dark dreams must now forsake thee,
And the bliss of thy being take thee!
Let the beauty of morn,
In thine eyes be born,
And the thought of me awake thee!
Come forth to hear thy praises,
Which the waking world upraises;
Let thy hair be spun,
With the gold of the sun,
And thy feet be kissed by daisies!

WITHIN AN INCH OF MY LIFE.

Members' Journal.
During the earlier years of my medical-military career I was selected as Assistant Surgeon of the Army Lunatic Asylum, then established in one of the eastern counties of England. At the time of the appointment I was given to understand that it was one which paid a high compliment to my professional abilities, and was bestowed as a reward for good services done; but as I did not like it quite in the same light I went and interviewed the chief, who had thought much more of me than I did of him. "Sir," said I, "some men are born to honors, others have honors thrust upon them; the latter is my case. I don't understand one bit about the treatment, moral or medical, of the insane. I never saw but one madman in my life, and I verily believe, was more knave than fool; and I can't help thinking that if you send me to the asylum you are sending the round man to fit into the square hole."
"That is not of the slightest consequence," answered he whom I was addressing, in the richest of brogues; "not a layste in loife. Round or square, the hole will suit you to a t; and if it is that ye don't know anything concerning lunatics; why, the sooner ye learn the better. Ye'd be pleased to jine about delay. Good morning." So he bowed me out, and I having a wholesome dread of the powers that were, I left forthwith.
It is one of Shakespeare's wise sayings that "Use doth breed a habit in a man." Before there had passed away many weeks of my sojourn with the demoralized officers and men of Queen Victoria's land forces I found myself high-interested with their pretty and well-dressed for home, running pleasantly in groove I had so much objected to, and getting rid forever and a day of that repugnance which every outsider naturally enough entertains when brought into contact with the denizens of a madhouse. With a pass-key which was an open sesame to every lock in the establishment, I was accustomed to wander over it unattended either by the "keeper" or the orderlies; and never was I molested or spoken to threateningly save once, and that upon the occasion I have elected to name "Within an inch of my life."
In the afternoons, when the patients were not indoors, it was my practice to stroll through every part of the building, inspecting it sanitarily. I was doing so one usual upon a certain winter's day, when, at a curve of a corridor, I came suddenly upon a patient leaning gloomily against one of the pillars. He was a private soldier of the Forty-fifth, a Sherwood Forester—a recent addition, and whose phase of insanity was somewhat puzzling the head surgeon and myself. Without entering into details, I shall merely say that we had doubts upon his case, and had recommended his removal from the asylum to the care of his friends. Meanwhile, however, he was to be closely watched, and no garden tools or other implements put into his hands. How I managed to elude the vigilance of the orderly under whose surveillance he had been placed, and to be where I was, was one of the things I never understood. But so it was.
When he saw me his melancholic-demeanor ceased; he advanced with rapid strides towards me, and I saw at a glance that he meant mischief of some sort or other; for every muscle of his body was trembling with passion, and every feature of his face was picturing that of a demon. I confess that fear came over me. What was this maniac going to do? But to show apprehension would be fatal, so I faced him, bold and exclaimed: "Hallo, Matthews! what are you doing here? Why are you in the airing-grounds with the other?"
He turned a wild and flashing eye upon me, and glared like a wild beast. He howled out, rather than said: "Get me out of this!"
"What do you mean?" I replied, regarding it possible to gain time and to relieve me from the terrible drama in which I stood.
"Let me out!" he repeated. "I have been too long in this vile place. I want to join my regiment, to see my poor mother and Mary, my sweetheart. Am I here? I am not mad like the others. God knows that, so do you, if I am kept much longer I shall starve-starring mad. Let me out, I beg!"
He was now boiling over with frenzy, and I kept my ground. "Matthews," I said, "I know that you are not mad, but a moment. How can I get you out? I am not the head-doctor. I can't without his orders. Your removal has been recommended by him. I'll go and consult him now."

"No, you won't, indeed."

"Well, I can't release you. It would be as much as my commission is worth to connive at your escape. I should be tried by court martial and cashiered, if not worse. That you must be aware of."

"That's no matter to me. I'll make you! See this!" He opened the loose gray pea jacket he wore, and to my horror took from within it a round paving stone of some pounds in weight, such as the courtyard of the building was paved with. How he had managed to obtain and to secrete it was another mystery.

A cold perspiration broke out upon me. My life seemed to be hanging by the slenderest of threads. I had no means of defense. The rules prevented my taking into the interior of the asylum even a walking stick, and man to man the maniac was taller and stronger than I.

The soldier raised the stone in his uplifted hands and held it over my head, which was protected only by my regulation forage cap. I expected every instant that I should be crushed beneath it, but still the man seemed irresolute to strike. Then, while, Damocles-like, the missile hung above me, a sudden idea flashed across my mind: "What if I try to dodge him?"

"Put down that stone!" I cried out.

"Let me out, then!" he answered.

"Put down that stone, and I will. But first declare that you will tell no one who did it or how it was done."

"Doctor, I swear!" And then to my inexplicable relief, he lowered his raised hands.

I looked round once again, really to spy if any official was in sight; but in such a sly, covert way as to make Matthews believe that I feared an eaves-dropper.

"You know the locality outside the barracks?"

"Yes, I was stationed here some years ago with my regiment."

"Well, this door" (pointing to one which was close to us) "leads down a very short passage to another exit opening onto the Denes."

He was now all ears—every nerve strained to hear what I had to tell him.

"Here, take this key," I put into his stretched out hand one that I happened to have in my pocket; I forgot to what it belonged, but I knew that it would fit no lock inside the asylum. He grasped it eagerly, and at the same time dashed the paving stone on the floor.

"What then, sir?" he asked in less excited tones.

"This. With my pass key I shall let you into the passage. Grope your way for a yard or two down, feel for the lock of the outer door, open it with this key—and escape."

"You will tell no one that I am gone—take no steps to have me caught? Remember this: If I am brought back I'll murder you."

"Matthews! if you escape by the method I have pointed out, no one shall know it."

"You are the soldier's friend!" he replied.

"Let me shake hands with you, sir."

I did not feel happy when I found my palm wrong within his, but I quickly opened the door alluded to, and without the least shadow of suspicion he entered immediately. Once he was fairly in, I pulled it to with a bang which shook the very walls. He was inclosed in a bath-room.

The strain of excitement over, reaction came on. I felt sick and faint, and knew no more until I saw one of the officials and my servant stooping over me. The former, going on his rounds, had found me lying on the floor; and as soon as I came to my senses, I told them what had happened; and steps were so taken to have Matthews so watched that in future paving stones would never again be in his possession. I took care also never again to perambulate the asylum without my orderly escort.

The Beautiful Island of Ischia.

London Saturday Review.

There is hardly a more lovely spot to be found in Europe than Ischia. Perhaps the most beautiful view of all that is to be had of it is that which is to be got from the Cape of Miseno, to which tourists at Naples are commonly taken. It meets the eye as the first break to the long line of the sunny Italian coast, and its little hamlets, embedded in the valleys which descend from the chief mountain of the island, give a sense of human life to the picture. Ischia is in fact, a busy and prosperous island. The greater part of what the soil produces is suited for export as much as for home consumption, and an active trade is carried on between the island and the mainland in the commodities which the one produces and the other needs. Agricultural produce of every sort is shipped from Ischia to Naples, and the wines of the island are among the best that are to be found in that city. When the vine failed in Capri those in Ischia still held out, and for years, while all the wine sold as red or white Capri was in fact manufactured on the mainland, a genuine and wholesome Ischian wine was always procurable in Naples. Almost everything flourishes on the island. The soil is deeper than that of the neighboring island of Capri, and the products much more varied. As in Capri the pure blood of the inhabitants shows itself in a strikingly handsome type of male and female beauty, and the contrast between the population of the two islands and that of the mainland is one which can not escape notice. It is a contrast, too, which displays itself as much in their more dignified bearing as in their mere outward appearance.

A SINGULAR SUIT.

In New Mexico to Recover Confiscated Property.

Santa Fe New Mexican.

Don Rafael Armijo, of Albuquerque, has just filed a suit against the United States government for a large amount of property which he lost during the late war of the rebellion. The property is situated in Albuquerque and adjacent thereto, and includes also considerable real estate in Las Cruces, among which is Colonel Rynerson's place. The Journal gives these particulars:

The breaking out of the civil war found Rafael Armijo and his brother Manuel extensively engaged in business in Albuquerque. Rafael owned large properties in this country and in several other places in the Territory, and was considered the richest man in New Mexico. His possessions are said to have been worth several million dollars at that time. When the Union troops quartered in Albuquerque provisions were scarce and correspondingly high in price. The Armijo Bros. were sought out as being the wealthiest men and the most likely to be able to supply the barracks from their immense store. In return they were assured that the government would pay for the property taken. In addition to this, Quartermaster Donaldson, stationed at Santa Fe, sent requisitions on the Armijo Bros. for \$5,000 in cash, on the first of every month for six months, to be used in paying off the soldiers.

The Armijos claimed to have no hesitancy in contributing this aid, feeling that the government of the United States was responsible. This, notwithstanding that they were Democrats, and that their sympathies were with the South in the struggle.

Soon General Shelby with his Texas troops invaded New Mexico and took the field against General Canby's command, stationed at Albuquerque, fled at the approach of the Confederate troops, taking the precaution to burn to the ground their quarters and stores. The enemy had an easy victory in capturing the city. They also went to the Armijo brothers and said: "We want food and clothing, and will take it anyway, but would prefer to have your permission. We will see that our Government pays you for it." The Armijos, having no other alternative, it is said, opened their warehouses to the rebel soldiers. On leaving they owed the Armijo brothers \$40,000, which they said would be paid if they went to El Paso. But after waiting at El Paso for some time they were pressed to go to San Antonio, and from there one of the brothers went to Richmond, but without avail. They never received a dollar of the claim.

Rafael Armijo remained in San Antonio, where he bought considerable property. There he was destined to meet with another misfortune. His treasure, after purchasing the property referred to, consisted of \$40,000 in gold coin and three large demijohns filled with gold dust, estimated to be worth a great deal of money. All of this treasure was stolen from him, and he claims to-day that he knows who the thief was—an acquaintance and supposed friend. The gold dust was the accumulation of years, washed out at the Old Placers, and received in trade at Armijo's store. After the war was over Rafael was indicted for treason, being accused of aiding the enemy and giving them succor. He appeared to answer to the charges, but they were withdrawn for the want of evidence. The Government confiscated all their property during the war, and it was sold by C. B. Clark, who was appointed as receiver by Gen. Canby.

How Shingles are Made.

East Saginaw Letter.

The oldest, rashest logs are selected for shingles, provided always they are not sound. If they are sound they will make lumber; if they are doty, worm-eaten, fire-burnt, and disreputable generally, they are worked up into shingles. The prime consideration in shingle timber is to get wood that is sound and brash. It must be sound to make a tight roof, and it must be old and brash to prevent warping. A log may be doty in places, and even hollow, and yet have considerable good timber in it suitable for shingles. The logs selected, they are "run in" and sawed into "bolts" sixteen inches long by a cross cut saw worked by steam power. These bolts are then placed on end and pushed against a large circular saw in motion and the good parts cut out in the most economical shape as the operator judges of it by looking at the end. The refuse goes to the furnace room and the select blocks are carried to the shingle machines at the other end of the room, where they are set on end in a sort of vice and giggle rapidly back and forth against a circular saw, the block being thrown out at the top and bottom alternately by an eccentric movement for the butt and top of the shingle, at the same time it is moved back to the saw, each movement making a shingle.

Of course these shingles are of all widths, and some taper in width; some have knots and shakes and doty stripes through them, and sometimes these defects run parallel with the sides of the shingle, and sometimes they do not. Sitting near the man who operates the block from which the shingles are made, is the "joiner," a man who picks up the shingles nimbly and holds their edges an instant against a planer that runs so rapidly it appears to be standing still, and then tosses them where they belong. All perfect shingles—that is shingles of sound, unblemished wood and with parallel edges and square ends, no differ-

ence whether they are wide or narrow, are pitched into one hopper and go below to the "binder." These are "A's." Shingles that are perfect in every respect except that they have small sound knots in the upper half are pitched into another hopper or chute and go below to another "binder." These are "A's." Shingles that are perfect in every respect except that the butt is not on a right angle with the sides are pitched into another chute and go below to a boy who lays them on a gauge and pushes them against a saw, by which they are squared, after which they are thrown on a conveyer and go to the binder of "A's." Shingles that have a doty streak or chack or knot near the middle, are jointed and pitched over the planer to a man who holds them against a circular saw until they are ripped up and these defects cut out. Then, if this operation leaves the sides and butts at right angles, they are sent below to the binder, but if these defects run at an angle, the butts must be squared and they are sent down for that purpose first. Shingles that are "feather edged," knotty, doty, shanky, and incapable of being made over into anything good, are sent down a chute and come out in bundles, by a strange travesty on language, marked "No. 1."

Are The Newspapers to Blame?

N. Y. Tribune.

This is the view that some people are taking of the prevalence of suicide and other forms of violent crime—that the newspapers are partly responsible. They give more or less space, according to their character, to news of this kind. Persons of the lower grades of intelligence especially read the criminal records, conceptions of murder and self-murder become familiar to them, and when some crisis comes the mind turns more swiftly to the thought that ends with a blow or a pistol-shot than it would if it were not already saturated with such ideas. And this is only part of the general indictment which is often made—that publicity is one of the crying evils of the age. These critics say that nothing is sacred against the inquisitiveness of the newspapers. Private life is invaded, and the fierce light of the press beats into every home.

There are newspapers and newspapers, of course, and some of them have a good deal to answer for. Those that make a trade of sensationalism are not scrupulous as to either their matter or their manner of presenting it. But a little reflection will show any one that these form comparatively a small class among the journals of the country. Charles Dudley Warner, in speaking on the subject, of the press two or three years ago, said that the moral tone of a newspaper was usually higher than that of the community in which it was printed. There was no little truth in this observation. Even the most sensational newspaper hardly furnishes crime and scandal enough to satisfy its readers, and the respectable newspaper has to make up its mind to do without the custom of a large portion of the community because it will not pander to a diseased appetite for a details of revolting crimes or unclean gossip. There is another point on which the newspapers are liable to be misunderstood by the public, through lack of information. The public does not see, and therefore cannot appreciate, the vigilance which is exercised in every respectable newspaper office to keep such news out of its columns. More care and discretion are needed in this matter than the average reader realizes. The system of news collection becomes more complete every year, and the field is swept more thoroughly each time than the time before. The wheat and chaff come in together, and it is the province of the clean newspaper to see that as little of the latter is used as possible. Probably the average reader would be surprised if he could see the quantity of news that is thrown aside each day because it is not of a kind that ought to come before the eyes of his girls and boys.

At the same time, the papers must print the news. The widespread publication of a murder arouses a whole community, and often brings a thousand eyes and ears to the help of justice. Then, too, there is a natural and pardonable curiosity with regard to some sensational occurrence that must be satisfied. When men hear of a friend's death, they are eager to know the details of his sickness, or the accident that befell him, or if he has gone astray, to understand how and why. This is a human instinct, to which few of us are superior. It is the delicate duty of the newspaper to satisfy it without going so far as to make its news demoralizing.

If the extreme publicity of the present day is an evil—and there are times when it seems so—what shall be said of the love of notoriety? This is the other side of the shield. The newspapers are accused of prying into the affairs of the home, filling their columns full of offensive personalities, etc., and some of them are not without sin in the matter. But do the public ever think of the striving and labor on the part of a large class in the community to get themselves into the newspapers?—Yes, and even their home affairs? This hunger for notoriety is seen in all classes—rich and poor, learned and ignorant, business men, professional men, writers, soldiers and poets. This tendency, too, has to be held in check. If the growth of the newspaper has developed the vice of publicity, it has itself been developed and impelled by a kindred vice—the love of publicity.

M. Victor Hugo has run foul of the majesty of the law. His name is posted among the delinquent tax-payers of Jersey for non-payment of taxes on two dogs.

WHAT CHINAMEN EAT.

Philosophy of the Stomach in the Celestial Kingdom.

Pekin Cor. St. Petersburg Messenger.

About twenty centuries ago in the Celestial Empire there was established ox worship, as a reward for the great assistance in agriculture rendered by that horned animal. Then it was forbidden to kill either ox or cow. It became also a sacred habit to leave the cow's milk exclusively for the calves, to whom it rightfully belonged. Chinamen do not use the milk of sheep or the goats, though they are very fond of the meat of these animals. But, then, they are exceedingly fond of women's milk. The well-to-do parents often keep wet nurses for their children up to the seventh and even ninth year. Sometimes even men of age, and particularly old men resort to women's milk either as an article of luxury or as a dietetic means. Among rich Chinamen it is a point of pride to keep a number of wet nurses. Of the rich Celestial it may be truly said that "he is worth so many wet nurses," as of the rich Mohammedan that "he is worth so many wives," or of the American that "he is worth so many dollars." No Chinese woman would milk a cow, for such practice, in her opinion, would forever stain her chastity.

Excluding beef and dairy products, Chinamen eat every thing that is edible, horse and ass flesh, snakes, rats, mice, dogs, grasshoppers, spiders, worms, cocoons, sea-cumbers, swallow's nests, and so on. Once, while living in a villa near Peking, I saw a very strange scene. There appeared a cloud of grasshoppers. Suddenly the field was covered with Chinamen who ran frantically hither and thither, gathering them in. They filled large sacks and bags with the insects. They carried portable stoves on which they roasted their curious game. Other Chinamen greedily devoured the grasshoppers, paying a penny for ten.

At the head of all meats Chinamen put, of course, pork. In their opinion to the hog belongs the first place in the list of domestic animals. If you ask a Chinaman why, he will answer you proudly, "Because it was the hog from whom the Chinaman descended!" Don't you see the Celestials have beaten Darwin on the theory of the descent of man. It is only natural, then, that among Chinamen hogs should enjoy full rights of citizenship. Like dogs, they wander wherever they please. A Chinese street without a number of hogs is an impossibility. Are there many hogs in China? I should think so. On a single holiday in memory of their ancestors—the Celestials eat fully 650,000 hogs. I must admit that Chinese pork is superior to any found elsewhere on the globe. Poor Chinamen who can not afford to buy pork eat meat of dogs, asses, horses, rats, mice, rabbits, hares, goats and sheep. But I never saw them eating cats.

Of birds the Chinese eat silver pheasants, ducks, geese, chickens, jackdaws, crows and many others. Curiously enough the so-called Cochinchina fowls are very rarely seen here. Salted eggs are in great use here.

Among the choice delicacies of the Chinese must be mentioned the fins of sharks and the nests of sea swallows. Under the latter is understood not the whole nest, but only the mucilaginous inner coatings of the nests. It is believed that the swallows who build their nests on the sea rocks cover their nests and glue them to the rocks with the juice of sea cane, which on being dried, looks like mucilaginous membrane. On the market these nests are found in the shape of a hemisphere of the size of a half orange peel. The nests are sold here at from fifteen to twenty-five dollars per pound. They are used principally for making broth, to which they give a peculiar aroma and taste much valued by gastronomers.

Rice stands, of course, at the head of vegetable foods. Without rice gruel no meat is served here. "Fan" means both "to have a meal" and "to eat rice gruel." The brown rice, which is common rice, but heated and musty, is much liked. There is also a red variety of rice.

Honey is much used here, but chiefly as a cosmetic. After being mixed with flour it is used by the women in their hair dressing. With their hair saturated, sticky and shiny with honey, they must be indeed sweet.

As everybody knows, the Chinese are passionately fond of tea which they cultivate for the rest of the world. They drink it at every meal, at home and out, when idle and at work, in shops and in offices—in short everywhere, at any time of day or night. The red, black, and green sorts of tea they prepare only for export, while they themselves use exclusively yellow tea. They take tea in small cups, and without sugar.

Though in China there are excellent sorts of grapes, yet no wine is prepared there. The Chinese make two kinds of whiskey, of sago and of rice, and drink a good deal of it. Women also drink and smoke here. A tin gill of the shape of an hour glass is used for whiskey drinking. They had no glass works here until recently, when an American gentleman taught some Celestials to make glass. During my thirty years' residence here I have never seen a single drunken Chinaman on the streets. No coffee or chocolate is used here.

"Ouida" contradicts the rumor, to which the American press has recently given a wide circulation, that her health is delicate; and she characterizes as absurd another rumor to the effect that she entertains one shadow of prejudice against America or Americans.

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New line of Lace Pins, 75c. to \$1.00		Two doz. Slate Cleaners left,	10c.
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THURSDAY, SEPT. 13, 1883.

GATHERINGS.

The *Commercial* man is sorry that there is not more buckwheat sown.

Michigan has 37,000,000 acres of land, but only 6,000,000 acres are under cultivation.

One hundred and fifty ladies voted at the school meeting, and the consequence is that there is a lady on the board at Ann Arbor.

Henry Wilson has a broken arm. Last week, near the Seminary his team took a sudden fright, threw him out of the wagon and fractured his arm.—*Commercial*.

J. C. Jacobs, a laborer, fell down the stairway at Rinsey & Seabolt's store, at Ann Arbor, recently, from the injuries of which he died the following day. He was about 60 years of age.

The girls have discovered a new use for palm leaf fans. They cut the handle off, trim them up with pink, blue, or white cambric, and wear them as hats. Total cost, about seven cents.—*Grass Lake News*.

An Ann Arbor youth, aged 17, was arrested last Saturday charged with drawing a knife on his teacher, and threatening any of the scholars who obeyed the teacher's order to go after the superintendent.

While at Ypsilanti one day last week William Bailey, a brakeman on the Central, caught his foot in a frog while between the cars pulling a pin, was thrown down and badly mangled. He lived only thirty minutes after receiving the injuries.

Wm. Burke, one of ex-postmaster Clark's bondsmen, has advanced \$1,600 and taken a mortgage on the St. Lawrence property. This with the \$500 raised by Clark's daughter, closes up the \$2,100 defalcation that has troubled him so much of late.

Last Friday as Herman Stabler of Pittsfield township was returning home from a neighbor's, where he had been helping to thrash, he stepped into a woodchuck hole, falling backwards and receiving internal injuries from which he died on Saturday. He was crossing the woods of Christian Reyer.—*Courier*.

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A new York photographer claims to have made \$10,000 on the Jersey Lily's pictures.

The production of beer in the United States last year amounted to ten and one-half gallons for every man, woman and child in the country.—*N. Y. Mail*.

It takes nine ounces of chloroform to put a yearling calf to sleep. You can sit down with the young man who parts his hair in the center and figure on the rest for him very handsly.—*Detroit Free Press*.

He who says a "pair of stairs" means only one stairs. He who speaks of a ladder might just as consistently say a "pair of ladders." It is only when you tumble down stair that the steps double on you.—*Chicago Herald*.

A boy in Elizabethtown, Ky., who is four feet tall, will weigh about forty pounds, and his head, which is thirty-two and a half inches round, would weigh about as much as the rest of his body. He is not at all bright, but can talk.—*Chicago Times*.

A Cuban, whose wife was devoured by a shark, is taking his revenge. He has killed over four hundred of the monsters within eighteen months. He is bound to keep on until he finds his wife's frizzes in some victim's stomach.—*Detroit Post*.

A Pakenham (Canada) man caught a rat and put it in an empty barrel with his cat, in order to teach the latter to kill rats. The strange companions whom fate had brought together struck up a tace and became fast friends.—*Toronto Globe*.

"Yes," said the gilded youth, "I want a wife to make home pleasant." "But," objected his friend, "you'd be howling round town nights all the same." "Yes," but now nobody cares, and it would be such a comfort to feel that somebody was at home mad about it."—*Boston Post*.

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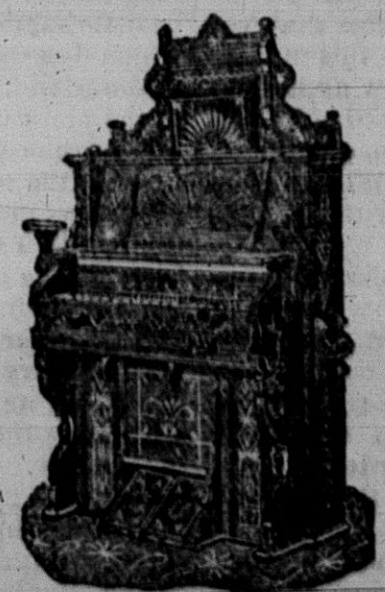
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NEWS OF THE WEEK.

WASHINGTON.

PARKER RESIGNS.

Chief Post Office Inspector D. B. Parker has tendered his resignation, to take effect Oct. 1. It is understood that Col. Parker withdrew in order to enter into private business which will yield him a better income. His successor will be Inspector Alonzo G. Sharp, of Tennessee. He is a native of Memphis, and served in the Union army as captain in an Ohio regiment. He was afterward collector of internal revenue at Knoxville, Tenn., and was appointed to his present office by Postmaster General Key. Mr. Sharp bears a high reputation for energy, capacity, good character and executive ability.

THAT STAR ROUTE JURY.

For some days it has been whispered about Washington that a sensation was yet in store for the public in relation to the recent star route trials. While many conjectures have been indulged, it has not been definitely known what the precise character of the probable revelation was. It is now ascertained that the acquittal of the principals was secured by direct bribery and a wholesale corruption of the jury. Whatever has been said of these cases, it has been hitherto conceded that the last jury was an honest jury and reached in an honest way an honest verdict. As time elapsed, however, the jury has not wholly escaped suspicion. There is good authority now for the assertion that the second jury was tampered with in an even more flagrant and outrageous manner than was the first. Evidence on this point has been quietly gathered and the chain woven link by link until it is strong enough, it is alleged, whereupon to hang the jury. At least three of the jurors are believed to be involved. In one particular case it is alleged the go-between who acted in the matter approached the controlling spirit of the jury bent on this infamous errand. The juror promptly rejected the advances and declared that he would deal with no middleman, but must negotiate alone with the principal. He would have nothing to do with it except with the principal himself. It is stated that Dorsey was fully informed of the determination on the part of this juror, and, though much against his will, submitted to an interview. The man who arranged that interview is the man who has collected this evidence. Big money was demanded and paid, and the controlling stock in the star route jury thus secured. The evidence of this wholesale purchase is now being prepared, and will be laid before the grand jury on its next meeting. This will not be until October 8. The amount paid each juror is known. In some cases the bribe exceeded the amount of the fees paid the government officers, which have been so freely criticized as extravagant. This revelation will as furnish a good many people and illustrate how futile are the efforts of the government to secure convictions in such important cases in the District of Columbia.

THE INDIANS FOR SHOW.

The French Charge d'Affairs at Washington asked permission to take 20 Indians to Paris for exhibition. The secretary of the treasury has refused the request. Such exhibitions have a tendency to demoralize the Indians and make them dissatisfied with their life at the agency.

NEWS NOTES.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Fire in the paper warehouse of Bremer & Co., Cincinnati, destroyed that building and soon enveloped the Times-Star building adjoining. The loss on the warehouse is fully \$35,000, while the three upper stories of the Times-Star office was completely gutted, causing a loss of \$10,000. The Times-Star was not hindered in its publication, other offices coming to their aid. Nine persons lost their lives, all of whom were employees of the rag warehouse.

RAILROAD BRIDGE BURNED.

The railway bridge across the Mississippi River at Minneapolis, used by the Manitoba and Northern Pacific Roads, caught fire from sparks from a passing engine. A strong wind was blowing at the time, and before the flames were checked the two center spans were completely destroyed and fell into the river. The loss is about \$30,000. It will be some time before the damage is repaired.

DAKOTA'S DESIRE.

The constitutional convention for Dakota assembled in Sioux Falls on the 5th inst. with every county in South Dakota represented. The prohibitionists are holding a convention, and will make strenuous efforts to have a prohibitory clause in the new constitution, but it is not likely the convention will decide with them. There is considerable feeling on the question of division of Dakota, the Black Hills delegation standing firm for separation. A resolution was offered for the appointment of a committee to urge upon the president and congress of the United States the desirability of the admission of Dakota as a state into the Union. The session is expected to last three weeks.

A SUCCESSFUL MAID.

The experiment of sending a boat modeled after the old Maid of the Mist through the whirlpool rapids of Niagara was carried out successfully. The start was made a few rods above the old landing at 3:40 p. m. The boat reached the whirlpool at 3:57, a distance of about a mile, and went through the whirlpool, striking the Canada shore. The boat was again pushed into the river and passed the lower rapids, reaching Lewiston safely. No person was on board. Forty thousand persons on the banks witnessed the trip.

THE BANDIT ACQUITTED.

Frank James, the noted outlaw, on trial at Gallatin, Mo., for robbery and murder, was declared not guilty, by a jury of his peers. The verdict is considered an outrage on justice, and much indignation is expressed in all parts of the state. The bandit was remanded to jail to await trial on the other indictments against him.

A FRIGHTFUL DEATH.

The house of John Everts at Riverton, seven miles east of Springfield, Ill., was burned a few days ago. Mrs. Phebe Hyland, mother of Mrs. Everts, aged 68 years, and two children of Mrs. Everts, a boy aged 4 years and an infant baby, were burned to death. Mrs. Everts, who was in the yard at the time the fire was discovered rushed up stairs trying to rescue her mother and children. She was badly burned and forced to leave them to their fate. The old lady was very fleshy and would not trust herself to go down the stairs which were then in flames and would not give the babe which she was holding, to its mother.

ASPHYXICATED.

A colored man descended into a well in Greenwood, S. C., for the purpose of cleaning it out. The well had been covered for about two years, and shortly after the Negro went down the presence of a noxious gas was discovered by those on the surface, but too late to save the man's life. Another Negro went down to rescue the first, but he also was immediately overcome by the poisonous gas. A third colored man now descended and succeeded in tying the second one to the rope, but before he could secure the first one he likewise began to grow faint, and giving the signal the two men were quickly drawn up, but in an insensible condition. Restoratives were at once applied, and every effort was made to resuscitate the unfortunate men, but without avail, and both died about an hour. The body of the first man who descended the well was recovered by means of grappling irons.

JARRETT'S VIEWS.

John Jarrett, president of the amalgamated association of iron and steel works, in his testimony before the senate sub-committee on labor and education, said the convict labor system was a detriment to the working classes. Convict labor could be better employed in constructing better roads throughout the country. The "truck" or "order" system is a fraud on workmen, and the evil should be remedied by legislation. The only way for the laboring classes is better education. There is no real conflict between labor and employed capital, but there is between a certain class of workmen and a certain class of employers. Organization is the workingman's only relief. His greatest evil is intemperance; overcoming this is a large step in advance. The amalgamated association had greatly improved the iron workers. The high price of ore is a great injustice to iron manufacturers; and although a reduction of \$2 per ton was recently made, mine owners can reduce further and still make handsome profit. The condition of the 90,000 coal miners in Pennsylvania is pitiable in the extreme. Of these 60,000 are heads of families; their wages are too low, and the "truck" system is almost universal there. The coal miners of England are in much better condition. Another disadvantage of the Pennsylvania coal miners was the importation of foreign laborers, especially from Italy, to glut the market and keep them in degradation.

PLEASURE PARTY DROWNED.

The schooner yacht Explorer, from Goderich to Cove Island, was lost with all hands, on Greenough Shoals during a heavy gale. The names of the lost are Capt. Charles Woods, John McDonald, M. Heale and Walter Crane, son of Albert Crane, of Chicago, on a pleasure trip.

THE LAST SPIKE DRIVEN.

The ceremony of driving the gold spike, which signifies the completion of the Northern Pacific railway, was observed at Golden Spike, Montana, amid the plaudits of a great multitude and the booming of cannon. The history of the road, from the time of its inception in 1835 to its completion was given by President Villard. The Hon. Wm. M. Everts delivered an address, of a most thrilling character, and the formal exercises of the day were over, and the Northern Pacific railway is now ready for business.

POLITICAL.

GREENBACKERS OF THE EMPIRE STATE.

The New York Greenback State convention met in Rochester on the 5th. Geo. O. Jones, of Albany, was nominated for Secretary of State, but declined. Rev. Thomas K. Beecher was then nominated by acclamation. Louis A. Post, of New York, was nominated for Attorney-General by acclamation. G. L. Halsey, of Unadilla, was unanimously nominated Controller; Julian Winne, of Albany, Treasurer; Edwin A. Stillman, of Ontario County, Engineer. Beecher is non-committal, and says: I neither accept nor decline the nomination, but you may say if you wish that anybody who wants to vote for me may do so.

DISSATISFIED DEMOCRATS.

Democrats of Hamilton county, Ohio, met in convention in Cincinnati the other day, and expressed their indignation at the corruption and ring rule of the party in Ohio, and nominated a full county ticket.

CRIME.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Henry Hertel and wife, German slopkeepers of Savannah, Ga., were found murdered in their store. Customers went to the store in the morning and found it closed. Peeping through the blinds they saw Hertel on the floor in a pool of blood. The door was burst in, and the man found lying in the middle of the room with a handkerchief tied over his eyes and skull crushed in. His wife was found in a calico wrapper lying on a sofa in the parlor, with her throat cut, and one arm nearly severed. An immense crowd collected, and the police were notified. Hertel was supposed to have a large sum of money. Hertel and wife were middle-aged and highly respected Germans.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

Sylvester F. Fuller, cashier, and Henry L. St. John, assistant cashier of the Second national bank of Jefferson, Ashtabula county, Ohio, are in the United States' marshal's hands in Cleveland, on charge of embezzling \$50,000 of the bank's funds. The irregularity occurred Dec. 18, 1883, when the bank closed. Fuller skipped to Canada, but returned last May. St. John did not leave. The misfortune was caused by stock speculations. After losing his own money Fuller took \$14,000 and St. John \$30,000 from the bank funds. He says they will peach on other bank officials. Before United States Commissioner White, the president of the defunct bank refused to testify until he could consult a lawyer. Noah Hoskins, director, and holder of \$1,000 worth of stock, swore out the warrant. The depositors all got their money, the loss falling on the stockholders.

A REVENGEFUL MISTRESS.

The Philadelphia police arrested, on the morning of September 3, a handsome and accomplished woman, giving her name as Emma Beckert, on the charge of murder. She shot and instantly killed one William Menor, as he was on his way to work, about 7 o'clock. Some days ago, she hired a room in a house where her victim always passed on his way to work, so that it is evident that the deed had been determined on, and planned for some days. As Menor passed the house she fired twice in rapid succession through the window, and at the second shot the man fell dead upon the pavement; then the woman fired two more shots at the prostrate body. It is believed by the police that she was the abandoned wife or discarded mistress of the deceased. The case is involved in mystery.

There is trouble between the whites and Negroes of Galveston, Texas, caused by an attempt made to organize a militia company of colored men.

A DETERMINED SUICIDE.

John Stinson, of Louisville, Ky., a young man who had just attained his majority, was arrested while attempting to throw himself head first from the top of a freight car. He said he had tried to make a man of himself, had failed and was no good, and wanted to die. He was taken to jail and within fifteen minutes had climbed to the top of the corridor and threw himself head first into the stone flagging below, fracturing his skull, dying in a few minutes. He had been despondent for some time and the last morning of his life bade his family good-by, saying they would probably see him no more.

A DELIBERATE MURDER.

James Donohue, of Cleveland, Ohio, aged 23, deliberately and without provocation shot and killed his step-father, Michael O'Connell, aged 55. A short time before the tragedy Donohue went to a trunk and took therefrom a revolver. His mother urged him to put the weapon back, but he threatened to shoot her if she interfered. Then he sat on a lounge in the sitting room, revolver in hand. Presently his stepfather, a large man, came into the house. He saw Donohue, and walking toward him said, "James, give me that pistol." Donohue immediately rose to his feet, fired a ball through O'Connell's unrepentant and unconcerned. O'Connell fell down a few steps and fell dead. Mrs. O'Connell rushed screaming out of doors. A policeman soon arrived, but Donohue stubbornly resisted and had to be very severely clubbed before he could be arrested.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Mendota, Ill., is in the highest state of excitement over a terrible tragedy that occurred the other night. Dr. J. K. Ritchey, the leading physician of that section, had a quarrel with his wife, alleging that she had given him cause to be jealous by her conduct at a Spiritualist camp-meeting, held near there recently.

The quarrel took place in the dining room, and the irate and jealous husband finally drew his revolver, and fired twice at his wife. Both shots took effect, and the woman died the next day after terrible suffering. Ritchey then put a ball into his own head, and ran out into the street. The ball has not been found, and it is believed that the doctor's wound will have fatal results.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

The finding of the body of Mrs. Rose Clark Ambler near her father's house at Stratford, Conn., Monday morning, September 3, was attended by such peculiar circumstances as to make it in some respects a second Jennie Kramer case, and the best legal and detective talent in the state will likely be employed for the next few months in attempting to solve the mystery. Mrs. Ambler was the daughter of Capt. Nathan W. Clark, a wealthy and highly respected shipowner. She was about 23 years of age, remarkably bright and handsome, and the most popular woman in all the country around. She had procured a divorce from Norman E. Ambler, to whom she was married four years ago and by whom she had one child, now three years old. She was to have been married in about a month to William Lewis, a prominent young business man of Stratford, who was busy building a house to which to take his bride. Sunday evening she was with her lover talking over their plans for the future, and between 8 and 9 o'clock she started to walk home alone, her father's residence being a short distance from the village. Young Lewis proposed to accompany her, but she laughed at his suggestion of danger, saying she was too strong and fearless and had been over the road too often to need an escort. That was the last seen of her alive by any of her friends. All sorts of rumors are flying about. Suspicion is fast gaining ground toward Norman Ambler, the former husband of deceased, from whom she was divorced two years ago. Ambler recently wrote letters to the deceased urging her to forget the past and live with him again. She refused, being engaged to William Lewis, a cousin of Ambler's. Relatives of Lewis claim that they heard Ambler say that Rose should never marry.

A PREACHER IN THE TOLLS.

T. H. Oakley was arraigned before a United States commissioner in Cleveland, Ohio for embezzlement and put under \$500 bonds. Oakley has been at the general delivery window of the postoffice and appropriated and misused postage stamps. He is a minister and has been preaching to a flock at Ashtabula, O. He admitted his guilt.

SHARON'S SIN.

Ex-Senator Sharon was arrested at San Francisco the other day, on a charge of adultery, as he was taking the train for the east. The charge was preferred by Miss Aggie Hill, well known in society circles. The lady claims a contract of marriage was drawn up and agreed to between them; that in addition she loaned him \$90,000, \$78,000 of which he had repaid her. She placed the matter in the hands of a man named W. M. Neilson, of unenviable reputation, with instructions to claim the balance of \$12,000 said to be due her, and at the same time swore out a writ charging Sharon with adultery. It is stated that Sharon drew his check for the amount and gave a bond for \$5,000 to answer the charge. Miss Hill bases her claims of marriage on the fact of an agreement of marriage, as she states, having been entered into between herself and Sharon, holding that in point of law it is equivalent to marriage having been consummated. The affair is openly pronounced a miserable case of blackmail kept back until the last moment when Sharon was leaving for the east.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

SLAUGHTERED EXCURSIONISTS.

At Steglitz near Berlin, while a number of people who had excursionized thither for Sunday were pressing forward to enter the train for their return, gathered on the track outside, another train from Berlin, which did not stop at that point, came thundering along and ran over or knocked to one side a large number of the crowd before they could get out of way, killing 39 persons, and seriously wounding many others.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

China has gone to war with France about the occupation of Tonquin. Hostilities were begun suddenly.

ACTIVE CHINA.

Hong Kong dispatches of the 4th inst., state that there is a general movement of troops throughout the Chinese empire, their objective point being Canton, which will undoubtedly be the base from which operations against Anam will be directed. Four thousand soldiers have left Shanghai for Canton. Preparations are in progress at all the northern military depots for the dispatch of a large force to the south, and reports from Nanking and Hangchow indicate that arrangements to forward large bodies of men to the south have been completed. Several thousand men are working night and day at Hwangchow forts. These forts command the river approach to Canton, and will be relied on by the Chinese to prevent attack on Canton by the French fleet. Dispatches state that the missionaries in Anam are flying before the advance of the Chinese troops, who show them but little respect when they fall into their hands. Two missionaries and two Anamite converts were captured by Chinese troops the other day, when the missionaries were badly maltreated and the converts put to death.

ABUSING ITALY'S KING.

An article printed in the Paris Intransigent by Henri Rochefort, abusing King Humbert, aroused great indignation throughout Italy. The article accused the King of having pocketed money subscribed by the French for the Italian sufferers, while he was at the same time urging Germany to annihilate France. An Italian officer waited upon Rochefort and demanded satisfaction for the insult to his King, but Rochefort refused to grant him a meeting. A meeting of the Italian survivors was held in Naples, and resolutions were adopted declaring that they would refuse all proffers of aid on the ground that when charity is offered them in order to serve as a pretext for insulting their King they feel that it is their duty to reject such charity, not only from France but from the whole world.

HITS OF NEWS.

The standard dollars issued for the week ending September 1, 1883, aggregated \$337,497, against \$423,900 for the corresponding period last year.

Redfield and Tuttle, two stage robbers, were hanged at Florence, A. T., on the 4th.

President Barrios of Guatemala and President Soto of Honduras have fallen out, and the prospects are that hostilities will be resumed.

Davitt urges Irishmen to be calm, resolute and self-controlled, and they will ultimately gain their cause.

The Telegraphers' Brotherhood has dissolved connection with the Knights of Labor.

The postal telegraph company has begun the construction of new lines which will cost \$1,500,000.

Some remarkable Indian relics have been dug up in Forrest Home cemetery, near Chicago, including a white mummy, copper ket stone scalpels, etc.

The Marquis of Ripon, governor general of India, has sent an investigating commission to Java; meanwhile subscriptions are being taken in different places for the volcanic sufferers.

An uninjured feather-bed was picked up the other day on the farm of Mr. Bally, of Zumbrota, Minn., where it had been blown from Rochester by the cyclone, a distance of over 13 miles.

In the case of James Nutt, the slayer of Duke, at Uniontown, Pa., it is expected the defense will be insanity.

Judge Hoadley, Democratic nominee for governor of Ohio, is suffering from nervous prostration.

A collision at Highland Park station, on the West Maryland road, resulted in the death of the brakeman, and the serious injury of several others. Gross negligence the cause.

Thirteen persons were seriously injured by a collision at Colchester, Vermont, the other day.

England's apple crop is the best for many years.

Over 150,000 people attended the Louisville exposition during the month of August.

Grace Courtland, known as the "Witch of Wall street," has brought suit at Milwaukee to force her former husband to pay \$1,500 alimony awarded in a divorce suit.

The captain of a steamer which was in the strait of Sunda during the recent volcanic eruptions reports at Batavia that ashes fell on the deck of his vessel to a depth of 18 inches. He passed masses of floating pumice stone seven feet in depth. It is estimated that 10,000 persons lost lives at Tjiring alone.

Nineteen persons lost their lives by the recent gale at Provincetown, Mass.

A farmer living near Erie, Pa., became insane over religion and attempted to crucify his son, and sacrifice his daughter. He was discovered each time, though the daughter was so badly frightened and burned that she has become a raving maniac.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. John C. New, is soon to resign.

John Connelly, a watchman on duty in the treasury department at Washington, shot and killed himself in one of the vaults a few days ago.

An open switch at Crescent City, Iowa, on the Chicago & Northwestern road, ditches an engine and six cars, killing the conductor and engineer and injuring several others.

Mr. Brooks, an astronomer of Phelps, N. Y., has discovered a tailless comet, and the discovery is verified by Prof. Lewis Swift of Rochester.

Legitimists of France are agitated because the Count of Paris took a back seat at De Chambord's funeral.

Stirred up by the recent explosion of the steamer Riverdale, a treasury department circular has been issued, ordering steamboat inspectors to be more thorough in their work.

By the sudden falling of a house near Naples, 11 persons were buried.

The Chilians have so much confidence in the treaty with Peru, that they will evacuate Lima on the 15th inst.

The New York policeman, who clubbed a man to death has been held for the action of the grand jury.

Several prominent men in the province of Girgenti, Italy, among them a priest, have been arrested as brigands.

The small-pox hospital in San Francisco is filled with lepers. San Francisco papers counsel the building, by the government, of a lazaretto on an island, where leprosy cases could be removed for treatment.

Ten thousand people witnessed the inauguration of Gov. Knott of Kentucky, at Louisville on the 4th inst.

Christian Jackson, a painter employed in the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, was killed by the elevator in that building a few days ago.

Hon. G. S. Orth of Lafayette, Ind., whose death occurred in December, 1882, left all of his property, unconditionally, to his wife. Now a son by a former marriage has filed papers contesting the validity of the will.

Dennis Kearney has announced his intention to run for another labor organization.

Geo. Rankin, convicted of pension frauds in the United States District Court at Philadelphia was refused a new trial and sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

The wife of S. E. Cates, a merchant of Quebec, was anxious to be rid of her worthy spouse, having a younger man in view. She administered strychnine in his coffee.

A tidal wave drowned 10,000 persons during the volcanic eruption in the Malay Archipelago.

The German Diet is blamed for the railroad disaster at Steglitz, because of the rejection by that body of a bill to enlarge and improve the passenger depot.

Marwood, England's hangman, is dead.

French royalists have issued a manifesto recognizing the Count de Paris as the head of the House of Orleans.

The coming report of the Hill investigation committee will reflect seriously on the Supervising Architect.

In the case of a manager of one of the southern lotteries, brought against the Postmaster General for \$100,000 damages for issuing an order preventing the delivery of mails to said companies, the Postmaster General pleads not guilty, and denies any motive of malice, but claims that he simply acted according to law.

Supervising Architect Hill is making preparations to resign.

David A. Wells helped Villard drive the golden spike in the Northern Pacific.

The first of Emerson's posthumous manuscripts to see the light will be "Historic Notes of Life and Letters in Massachusetts" in the October Atlantic.

A sister of Capt. Webb, recently drowned in Niagara rapids, became insane when she heard of her brother's death, and has been found drowned in the river at Lady Smith, N. A.

The nine Irishmen arrested in Glasgow, on the charge of being connected with attempts to destroy property in that city by dynamite, are known to the police as Fenians, and have been under surveillance for several months.

Boston and Cambridge are anxious concerning their water supply, owing to the continued drought.

An underground telegraph cable has been experimented with in Pittsburg, Penn. Telephones were attached, and a conversation was carried on over forty-three miles of cable-wire with as much distinctness as over any short circuit of aerial wire.

John Kelly, the Tammany satchel, advocates harmony in Democratic ranks in New York in hopes to carry the state.

Ohio and Iowa are the only states holding elections in October this year.

The metropolitan industrial league of New York want both the Republican and Democratic state conventions to adopt principles of industrial policy favored in the league.

Cincinnati's exposition is now open.

An explosion of gas at Fair Lawn mine Scranton, Pa., resulted in the fatal injury of two men.

The boiler of a steam thrasher exploded at Lancaster, Pa., instantly killing the engineer, and one of the threshers.

Dr. J. R. Riehl, of Mendota, Ill., who murdered his wife, and then attempted suicide, will recover.

France has consented to settle the Tonquin difficulty by treaty.

Ex-president Hayes was elected president of the National Prison Association at the last session of the American Social Science Association.

Reports from all parts of Russia states that the cattle plague is spreading throughout the empire with unabated fury.

President Arthur and party have returned to Washington.

If the statement of Judge Lawrence, First Comptroller of the treasury is to be believed, there are a number of officials in the government employ, who take a vacation of some months in a year, and draw salary for the time.

The New York Herald proposes Conkling and Blaine as a harmony ticket for the presidency.

Judge Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., is mentioned as a possible Republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts.

The Shelby, Ind., Volunteer names 32 Democratic papers in that state that are opposed to Senator McDonald's presidential aspirations.

The Toledo produce exchange has declared itself in favor of a government telegraph.

The New York Tribune says some of the gorges in the Yellowstone country are almost as wide as the breach as the Democratic party in Ohio.

An Atlantic cable is in course of manufacture in England for an independent company which proposes to send messages from England to the United States for a sixpence.

The silver coins to be made at the United States mint for the Hawaiian government correspond in fineness and value to the corresponding United States coins, except one that is an eighth of a dollar, or half of an standard 25 cent piece. There are to be struck off \$500,000 worth of 1 piece, 300,000 halves, 125,000 quarters and 75,000 eighths.

The national bank of New York has brought suit against Fayette Shaw and Brackley Shaw, of the suspended firm of Shaw Bros., of Boston, for \$120,000 loaned on misrepresentation that the firm was solvent. Other banks are bringing suits against the same firm for similar advances.

Neither Jay Gould nor any human being connected with any monopoly or corporation owns one dollar's worth of interest in the N. Y. World, nor have anything more to do with it than the czar of Russia.

Jub, Nana, and other Indian cut-throats are treating for peace with the Mexicans.

J. L. Schevaller, of New Brunswick, N. J. has discovered a coating for telegraph wire for underground purposes. He calls it "insulator."

Hawkeye Dots.

Burlington Hawkeye.

The wages of farm hands are always lower during the adjournment of congress. It is the old law of supply and demand.

Another royal recruit for temperance people. The duchess of Edinburgh, it is said, "is never known to smile."

The trade dollar is back in good society again. Like all other scallwags he knew how easily a little thing of that kind would blow over.

Lower California is said to be full of gold and copper. So is the United States treasury. That is all the good it does us.

One steamer brought seventy-four thousand watermelons to New York City last Tuesday. There is no use for the cholera to come to this country now, the watermelon has weathered it.

Last week three hundred and ninety-five patents were issued from the office at Washington. We suppose Edison got all but two of them. The other two are for things that nobody can ever use.

W. F. Grant, of Harmony, Maine, says he has a horse which has killed and eaten several of his lambs. Probably he turned the animal loose in a Maine pasture and the horse had to eat something.

Major Wasson, the defaulting paymaster, wept when they shaved off his beautiful blonde mustache in the Kansas penitentiary. Shouldn't wonder. There are some barbers in Kansas who would make an iron man cry if they shaved him.

During the past six months two thousand five hundred and nine miles of railway have been built in the United States. And yet there are some people in this country who have to walk, whether they go the whole distance or just across the street.

The government of the United States does not own one acre of land in Tennessee. We understand that the government, as soon as it found that it owned some Tennessee land, gave it away. It had to be quick about it too, or the state treasurer would have got hold of it.

It hasn't been two months since St. Louis was crying that it was going to be drowned and now it is wallowing over the terrible prospects of a water famine. Some how you cannot do anything for that city. It is equally distressed by the discipline of a feast, or the luxury of a famine.

My son, you may invent a new electric light, you may improve the telephone until it can be talked to, you may even revise the tariff to satisfy both parties, you may write a dozen successful books, you may save a sinking state, you may make your name famous, your house great and your memory blessed, and then you will not have as big a funeral as Tom Thumb, who never did anything in his life, except to grow less in fifty years than most boys grow in ten. And he only did that because he could not help it.

A Whistler.

First Issue of the New York Sun, 1883.

A boy in Vermont, accustomed to working alone, was so prone to whistling, that, as soon as he was by himself, he unconsciously commenced. When asleep, the muscles of his mouth, chest, and lungs were so completely engorged in the association, he whistled with astonishing shrillness. A pale countenance, loss of appetite, and almost total prostration of strength, convinced his mother it would end in death, if not speedily overcome, which was accomplished by placing him in the

SHIPS THAT SAIL AWAY.

think of the ships that sail away—
The white-winged ships that sail away,
Freighted with tears and wasted tears,
And joys we gathered for long, long years,
For the possible rainy day.

I sleep and dream of the white-winged ships,
That glide from the shores of life away!
That swiftly glide with the ebbing tide,
Bearing my joys to the farther side,
Into the twilight gray.

Oh, ships that vanish into the past!
Are you to return to the port at last!
I vainly wait at the seaward gate,
Battered and bruised, and scarred by fate,
Chilled by the winter blast!

The ships that carry my grief, alas!
Have hulls of iron and shrouds of brass!
The storm's impact leaves them intact,
Though hurled on the ragged rocks of Fate,
Where fearful breakers mass!

—Portland Transcript.

For Young Ladies Only.

Notwithstanding the fact that young
men are being continually lectured they
are not the only cause of all earthly mis-
ery. To be sure they sometimes give
the moral peace of the family a regular
choler morbus twist, but the young
ladies very often give the moral peace a
taking up. Parents are, to a certain
extent, as much to blame for this state
of affairs, as are their children. They
do not teach them, especially the girls,
to cultivate a spirit of self-reliance and
independence. They don't teach them
that it means to be thrown on their
own resources, and what it is to earn an
independent living. If there is anything in
this world that is to be pitied, it is a
woman. She is no earthly
good. Her listless, affected airs
beyond that she is of no earthly
use. She might be taught to play a
golden harp in the sweet future, but
never having cultivated her talents in
this direction here, it is questionable
whether there being a place for her in the
angelic choir. To great a number of
young women are brought up to be-
lieve that they are to be taken care of
by their lives. Not three in eight of the
young women in this country are taught
to make a good wholesome batch of
soap, to keep the house tidy, they leave
it to "Bridget"; to cut, fit and make
dresses, but nearly all of them can sing
a little, play the piano a little, and those
who can't paint pictures can their cheeks,
this includes painting. But the hap-
piness of their lives are when they
are eating sweet meats purchased
by some foolish young man's money.
Many aspire to nothing greater
than spending money and looking sweet,
the latter part of their ambition requires
of patient study and a free use of
the paint and powder to accomplish,
and many fail, but don't know it. There
are some gratification in this that
the young man is getting terribly
bored!

There are, however, hundreds of sen-
sible young women in the country.
men who have common sense moth-
ers who know and appreciate the
duties of woman. Who teach their
daughters self-reliance and indepen-
dence, thus giving to them that which
is more valuable than gold and put-
ting them in positions to meet any
emergency. We know not what the
future may have in store. Riches and
worldly possessions may vanish, but
the true independence to fall back on
the young woman is fully prepared to
meet it and not drift to the bad or give
up, discouraged. Young woman, you
have never thought of these things,
remember that the true man more high-
ly values the friendship of a woman of
intelligence and independence than the
flattery of fashion. The neat tidy, re-
solute and intelligent woman draws the
admiration of every man. To be self-reliant and
to depend on things of benefit to you-
self, does not cut off, but adds
passing pleasures. Think of these
things and look about you for the evi-
dence. Gentlemen are not expected to
do this; it's for ladies only.

How He Doubled His Trade.
St. Benj. W. Paton, pharmacist,
Benj. W. Paton, says that the mir-
aculous pain-cure, St. Jacobs Oil, has
helped his other business, and
sales of the remedy have doubled in
month. He keeps a large supply
on hand. Officers of the Army
Navy pronounce St. Jacobs Oil, to
be the greatest pain cure of the age.

There is anything in this life that
gives one a foretaste of hell, as some
say, it is that thing is Neuralgia.
The refinement of torture. But
this is a simple and inexpensive remedy
for it. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment
put into the head will give in-
stant relief.

Senator Windom was tendered a
banquet in London the other day.
The rich blood gives us health, long
and a "green old age," but how
pay any attention to the state of
our blood? Parson's Purgative Pills
new rich blood, and taken one
for three months will change the
blood in the entire system.

Internal griefs of every man could be
written on his forehead, how many who
wrote envy would appear to be the objects
of it. —Metastasio.

At one of the watering places an im-
patient young man walked up to the
door of the bathing house in which he
thought his male companion was dress-
ing, and, knocking on the same, testily
inquired, "When in blazes are you go-
ing to get those pants on?" There was
a faint giggle, and a silvery voice re-
plied, "When I get married I suppose."

Senator Eugene Hale recently re-
ceived a letter from one of his constitu-
ents which was addressed to "Honorable
Hugh Jane Hale."

A Bad Case of Kidney Trouble Cured.
AUBURN, Cayuga Co., N. Y.,
Sept. 29, 1882.

Rheumatic Syrup.
I should have written you before in
regard to the Rheumatic Syrup which
you sent me, but have been waiting to
see if the result was permanent. I can
confidently say that it has had a very
gratifying effect on my wife, relieving
her of all pain within three days after
she commenced taking it. I also gave
away one bottle of the Syrup to a friend,
which had the same effect as on my
wife. My wife has suffered great pain
from rheumatism and kidney difficulty
for years, and at times could hardly
move. She had tried a great many me-
dicines recommended to no purpose. It
is the only remedy that gave her per-
manent relief. Yours,

ROBERT S. ARMSTRONG.
Mrs. L. H. Plum, of Stratton, Ill.,
has been elected a member of the Board
of Trustees of Wheaton College.

Important.
When you visit or leave New York City save
Baggage Express and Carriage Hire and
stop at the Grand Union Hotel opposite Grand
Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted-up at a cost of one mil-
lion dollars, reduced to \$1 and upwards per
day. European Plan. Elevator. Restaurant
supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and
elevated railroad to all depots. Families can
live better for less money at the Grand Union
Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the
city.

English sparrows were first introduced into
this country in 1853 by a gentleman named
Dutols, in a garden in Portland, Me.

Carbo-lines.
Full off we fell the surge of tears,
Yet joy has light for all the years.
To all whose hair is getting thin,
Our Carboline will keep it in.

J. Stanley Brown and the younger of the
Garfield boys are roughing it on the Western
frontier.

Instantly Relieved.
Mrs. Ann Lacour of New Orleans, La.,
writes:—I have a son who has been sick for two
years; he has been attended by our leading
physicians but all to no purpose. This morn-
ing he had his usual spell of coughing, and was
so greatly prostrated in consequence, that
death seemed imminent. We had in the house
a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALM for the
LUNGS purchased by my husband, who noticed
your advertisement yesterday. We adminis-
tered it according to directions and he was in-
stantly relieved.

The Boy who Munches
Green apples all day, doesn't think what a time
he is going to have at night. He will have a
sharp attack of colic about midnight, and the
whole family will be alarmed. If mother has
taken precaution to have a bottle of PERRY
DAVIS' PAIN KILLER where she can lay her
hands on it, the trouble will soon be over.

HAY FEVER. My brother Myron and my-
self were both cured of Catarrh and Hay-Fever
last July and August by Ely's Cream Balm.
Up to December 28, these troubles have not
returned.—GABRIEL FERRIS, Spencer, N. Y.

PREVENT crooked boots and blistered heels
by wearing Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners.

Of the many remedies before the public for
Nervous Debility and weakness of Nerve Gen-
erative System, there is none equal to Allen's
Brain Food; it never fails. \$1 pkg., 6 for \$5.
At druggists, or at Allen's Pharmacy, 315 1st
Ave., N. Y.

HAY FEVER. I was afflicted for twenty
years with Hay-Fever. I used Ely's Cream
Balm with favorable results and can recom-
mend it to all.—ROBERT W. TOWNLEY, (ex-
Mayor) Elizabeth, N. J.

Look Out For Frauds!
The genuine "Rough on Corns" is made only by
E. S. Wells, Proprietor of "Rough on Corns," and has
the name of E. S. Wells on the label. 15c & 25c. Bottles,
COMMONWEALTH, Wis., July 20, 1882.

DR. PENGLY:
Please send me one more bottle of your Zo-
phora. The one bottle I have used has done
wonders. I have been under doctors' care
more or less for five years. Have suffered
from inflammation, Ulceration and Protrusion
Uteri, weakness and heavy head, in fact felt
worn out, not able to sit up. I am feeling just
splendid, now, and shall continue Zo-
phora until cured.

Mrs. N. W. HAMAR.
DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE. "Rough on Rats,"
clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, 15c.

MENMAN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only
preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious
properties. It contains blood-making, force-gener-
ating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for
debility, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and
all forms of general debility; also in all enfeebled
conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, ner-
vous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particu-
larly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CAS-
WELL, HAZARD & CO., Proprietors, New York. Sold
by Druggists.

STINGING, Irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and
Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-Pain-Ex." \$1.

Prayer Axis Grease is best in the world.
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Prayer Axis Grease is best in the world.

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores
health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, \$1.

The delinquent tenant revels in over-entail
splendor. —(Cincinnati Merchant and Traveler.)

Enrich and revitalize the blood by using
Brown's Iron Bitters.

If a man cannot cut the grass in front of his
house he might as well be no mower.—New

In fever and ague
dysentery, in tropical
and other regions
visited by epidemics
and indeed in all lo-
calities where the
conditions are unfa-
vorable to health,
this famous vegeta-
ble invigorant and
alterative, Hostet-
ter's Stomach Bitter
has been found a
potent safe and
even to feeble con-
stitutions and frag-
ile frames, while as
a cure for indiges-
tion, biliousness and
kindred complaints,
it is without a rival.


For sale by all
Druggists and Dea-
lers generally.

The balance of foreign trade is largely in our
favor.

MARIANNA, Fla.—Dr. Theo. West, says: "I
consider Brown's Iron Bitters the best tonic that
is sold."

Girl graduates in England wear gowns like
University men.

PERRY DAVIS' Pain-Killer!



A SAFE AND SURE
REMEDY FOR
Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Cramps,
Cholera,
Diarrhoea,
Dysentery,
Ssprains,
Bruises,
Burns,
Scalds,
Toothache
Headache.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PAIN-KILLER is the well-tried and trusted
friend of all who want a sure
and safe medicine which can be freely used inter-
nally or externally without fear of harm and with
certainty of relief. Its price brings it within the
range of all, and it will annually save many times
its cost in doctor bills. Price 25 and 50¢ and 1¢ per
bottle. Directions accompany each bottle.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



ELY'S
Cream Balm
when applied by the
finger into the nostrils
will be absorbed, effec-
tually cleansing the
head of catarrhal vir-
uses, causing healthy se-
cretions. It allays in-
flammation, protects the
membrane of the nasal
passages from addi-
tional colds, comple-
tely heals the sores and
restores taste and
smell. A few applica-
tions relieve. A thor-
ough treatment will
positively cure. Agreeable to use. Send for cir-
cular. Free by mail or at druggists.

ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

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Began life 12 years ago under the name of
WOMAN'S FRIEND.

Without puffery, simply on the good words
of those who have used it, it has made friends
in every State in the Union.

NOT A CURE ALL,
But a gentle and sure remedy for all those
complaints which destroy the freshness and
beauty, waste the strength, mar the hap-
piness and usefulness of many GIRLS AND
WOMEN.

Sold by all Druggists.
Testimonials or our Pamphlet on
"Diseases of Women and Children"
Sent gratis. Every woman above 15 years of age, especially
Mothers, should read them. Address—
R. PENGLY & CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.
All letters marked private are read by Dr. Penglly only

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD.
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any
person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHThERIA

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

MAKES HENS LAY

DAVID PATTERSON

Reasons Why You Feel Badly.

Because your stomach is not doing its work properly.
Because your liver is out of order, and wants righting.
Because your blood is thin, and needs iron in it.
Because you are troubled with nervous aches and pains.
Because you are vexed with languor and debility.
All these Reasons Can Be Set Aside by the Use of Brown's Iron Bitters, which will
Tone up your enfeebled stomach, and help it to digest.
Refresh your wearied liver and put it in splendid order.
Enrich your watery blood, and give it a rich red color.
Calm your worried nerves, and give them restful peace.
Strengthen your whole system and drive debility and languor out.
Considering that any man who has a dollar may buy of the nearest
druggist a bottle of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, there is no reason why people
should continue to feel badly, just for the fun of it.



St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.,
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Halle, Germany, U.S.A.

SAMARITAN NERVE

NEVER FAILS.

THE GREAT NERVE

CONQUEROR

BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, KIDNEY
TROUBLES AND ALL IRREGULARITIES.

15¢ PER BOTTLE AT DRUGGISTS.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Prop., St. Joseph, Mo.
D. C. Send for Circular.

\$600 a week in your own town. Terms and 5¢ out-
fit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest sell-
ing medicinal Balm and Balm. Prices reduced 50
per cent. N. A. PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Sample worth \$5 free.
Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

A SURE CURE for epilepsy or fits in 24 hours. Free
to poor. Dr. KATZ, 244 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

One week \$12 a day at home easily made. County
\$75 out-fitting free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

PLACE to secure a Business
Education or Spoken English
Penmanship is at the PENPENG
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Do you wish to obtain good and
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necticut, in Patent Cases. Established
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VALUABLE TESTIMONIALS.

DUNN & SCHUNK, Boarding
and Sales Stables, 148 East
24th St., bet. 3d and Lexing-
ton Aves., New York, Aug.
1st, 1882.

ELLIS SPAVIN CURE CO.,
DEAR SIR:—We were hav-
ing an occasion to put a
valuable horse in condition for
a race. In giving the horse his work, he
threw out a curb, in consequence of which I would
have sold him, at that time, for three hundred dol-
lars (\$300), or less. Hearing of Ellis's Spavin Cure
I bought a bottle, and tried it with good result. In two weeks
the curb was gone and the horse going sound. I put
him in condition again, and in two months we sold
him for as many thousands as we valued him worth
hundreds when he had the curb. Who here is at
present boarding at our stable and being driven on
the road every day. We can safely recommend your
Spavin Cure Liniment for all bone diseases with Spavin Cure
and restored several worn out horses with the
Powders. Yours respectfully,
DUNN & SCHUNK,
STARLIN PLACE STOCK FARM,
Fultonville, Montgomery Co., N. Y., July 24, 1882.

The Ellis Spavin Cure Co.—Gentlemen:
Remedies received in good shape. Send me a glass
sized by express, to Fonda, well packed, and I will
it will come all right. Also send me some of those
cards with a horse head and shoe on. I have taken
off several curbs, one very bad; cured a case of
Sweeney and Navicular disease with Spavin Cure
and restored several worn out horses with the
Powders. Yours respectfully,
J. H. Whitson & Son, 24th St., N. Y., says: "We
have used Ellis's Spavin Cure in our stables for two
years, and have tried it on the following with per-
fect success: Splint, curb ring bone, bunches on
the neck, swelled ankles, also quincy sore throat,
and for general salubrious it is the best article
we have ever used."

"I would gladly recommend your Spavin Cure to
all with perfect confidence as to the result," writes
H. C. Perry, N. Y., Boston.

"We believe Ellis's Horse Remedies to be the best
articles on the American market."—Strauss & Im-
men, East 24th Street, New York City.

"Too much cannot be said in praise of your most
valuable remedies," says Langan Bros., N. Y.; "we
have produced results with them such as we have
not been able to do with any others."

Send for free book of testimonials, describing all
our specialties. ELLIS SPAVIN CURE CO., Bos-
ton, Mass., and New York City, N. Y.

Horae Items.

"All your own fault
If you remain sick when you can
Get hop bitters that never—Fail."
—The weakest woman, smallest child, and
sickest invalid can use hop bitters with safety
and great good.
—Old men tottering around from Rheuma-
tism, kidney trouble or any weakness will be
almost new by using hop bitters.

—My wife and daughter were made healthy
by the use of hop bitters and I recommend them
to my people.—Methodist Clergyman.

Ask any good doctor if hop
Bitters are not the best family medicine
On earth.

—Malarial fever, Ague and Billousness, will
leave every neighborhood as soon as hop bitters
arrive.

—My mother drove the paralysis and neural-
gia all out of her system with hop bitters.—Ed.
Oswego Sun

—Keep the kidneys healthy with hop bitters
and you need not fear sickness.

—Ice-water is rendered harmless and more
refreshing and reviving with hop bitters in each
draught.

—The vigor of youth for the aged and infirm
in hop bitters!

—At the change of life nothing equals
Hop bitters to allay all troubles incident
There to.

—The best periodical for ladies to take
monthly and from which they will receive the
greatest benefit is hop bitters.

—Mothers with sickly, fretful, nursing child-
ren, will cure the children and benefit them-
selves by taking hop bitters daily.

—Thousands die annually from some form of
kidney disease that might have been prevented
by a timely use of hop bitters.

—Indigestion, weak stomach, irregularities
of the bowels, cannot exist when hop bitters are
used.

A timely use of hop
Bitters will keep a whole family
in robust health a year at a little cost.

—To produce real genuine sleep and child-like
repose all night, take a little hop bitters on re-
tiring.

—That indigestion or stomach gas at night,
preventing rest and sleep, will disappear by us-
ing hop bitters.

—Paralytic, nervous, tremulous old ladies
are made perfectly quiet and sprightly by using
hop bitters.

CANCER

A Positive Cure. No Knife.
No Pains. No Pain. Dr.
W. C. Payne, Marshalltown Iowa

YOUNG MEN

THE GOLDSMITH
Bryant & Stratton
Business University,
Detroit, is the oldest, largest,
most thorough and practical, has
the most able and experienced
teachers, finest rooms, and better
facilities ever way, than any other
business college in Michigan. Ask
our graduates and the business men of
Detroit, about our School. Call or
send for Circulars. Short-hand by a
Practical Remoter

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

IN CINCINNATI

Treating Consumption, Asthma,
Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh, Sore
Throat, Loss of Voice, and other
Maladies of the Nose, Throat and
Lungs.

DR. WOLFE treats the above named diseases
by Medicated Inhalations. When thus adminis-
tered, remedies are brought "face to face" in contact
with the disease; whereas, if they are swallowed they
mix with the contents of the stomach and
never reach the organs of respiration.

DR. WOLFE has, by the judicious employment
of Medicated Inhalations, assisted thousands to
regain their health, many of whom had been pre-
nounced incurable, and given up to die by their
family physicians and friends.

DR. WOLFE has prepared a list of questions for
sick people to answer. mail. They are a charac-
ter of the same he would ask them by the bedside of
the invalid. By writing answers to these questions
any one can send an accurate statement of his dis-
ease and receive and use inhalation remedies at home
in any part of the United States or Canada, without
incurring the expense and discomfort of making
visit to Cincinnati. Any one sending his name, a
post-office address with a three-cent postage
stamp, will receive a copy of the "Circular of
Questions" by return mail.

DR. WOLFE has published a medical book called
"Common Sense, Cause and Cure of Consump-
tion, Asthma, etc.," a copy of which he will send to
any body who orders it, by mail, and incloses nine
cents postage stamps with his name and post-office
address. The book is of great value to any one af-
flicted with any disease of the Nose, Throat,
Lungs.

DR. WOLFE has also published another book of
64 pages entitled "Light about the House we Live
in," which every healthy person as well as sick
ought to read. This book has a special interest to
persons who have weak lungs, or any symptoms of
Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, or Catarrh
Sent to any address free by mail, on receipt
cents in postage stamps.

Address,
DR. N. B. WOLFE
146 Smith St., Cincinnati

W. N. U., NO. 37.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, bloom-
ing complexion? If so, a
few applications of Hagan's
MAGNOLIA BALM will grat-
ify you to your heart's con-
tent. It does away with Sal-
lowness, Redness, Pimples,
Blotches, and all diseases and
imperfections of the skin. It
overcomes the flushed appear-
ance of heat, fatigue and ex-
citement. It makes a lady of
THIRTY appear but TWEN-
TY; and so natural, gradual,
and perfect are its effects,
that it is impossible to detect
its application.

Mens' Clothing! Mens' Clothing!

\$10,000

worth of NEW CLOTHING in our

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT!

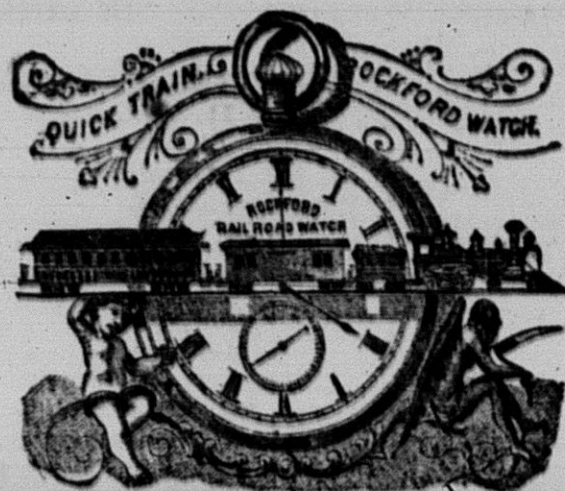
which we are anxious to show you before you buy as we can certainly save you money as we buy them for CASH and from the best wholesale houses known to the trade.

We have also placed on sale our

NEW FALL HATS!

for Men and Boys in STIFF and SOFT, FUR and WOOL, and you to call and examine. We propose to show the best line of goods at all times to be found and guarantee our prices right.

Respectfully,
H. S. HOLMES.



BOOTS

SHOES

Our Stock consists mostly of H. S. ROBINSON & BURTON-SHAW'S Goods, and are WARRANTED by the Manufacturers to be the best in the market.

We will also

Take Off 20 per cent.

from all Cash Sales of **SILVER PLATED HOLLOW WARE** of which we have the best in market. Anyone wanting anything in the above lines, will certainly save money by buying of us. **Don't put this by as a 'Humbag,' but come and see for yourselves, and if you are not satisfied that the goods are CHEAP, don't buy!**

Respectfully,

WOOD BRO'S.

Since the introduction of spelling match, many words have come prominently into notice—words that were previously comparatively unknown. For instance we find Antiseptic, meaning: preventing and stopping all fermentation and decomposition, and Analgesic: Painkiller. Then there is Antipyretic: cooling down inflammation and fever heat. These three words so often mis-spelled, are three of the cardinal virtues of something that will cure many a bad spell, and that is Salicylic, pronounced Sal-i-cyl-i-ca. Warranted to afford immediate relief, and guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchisi's Catholicon, a Female Remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the heart, &c. No Cure, No Pay! For sale by Druggists. Prices \$1.00 and \$1.50 per Bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. Marchisi, Utica, N. Y., for Pamphlet, free. For sale by R. S. ARMSTRONG, Druggist.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to

THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 13, 1883.

An Answer Wanted.

Can anyone bring us a case of Kidney or Liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters will prove. Bright's disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c a bottle by R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Lost Faith in Physicians!

Why is it that so many persons use proprietary medicines, or patent medicines as they are commonly called? It is because people lose faith in their physicians. This is, no doubt, frequently the case. There are innumerable instances where cures have been effected by *Scovill's Sarsaparilla* or *Blood and Liver Syrup* for all diseases of the blood when they had been given up by their physicians. It is one of the best remedies ever offered to the public, and as it is prepared with the the greatest care, as a specific for certain diseases, it is no wonder that it should be more effectual than hastily written and carelessly prepared prescriptions made by incompetent physicians. Take *Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup* for all disorders arising from impure blood. It is endorsed by leading professional men as well as by eminent physicians and others. Try it.

A Life Saving Present.

Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchinson, Kan.: Saved his life by a single trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure.

Trial bottles free at Armstrong's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00.

For sale or exchange! A good single harness for wood, corn or oats.

H. S. Holmes.

CLOTHING! larger stock! greater assortment! and lower prices than ever before at **Parker & Babcock's.**

Campfield now has constantly on hand, beef, mutton, veal, lamb, fresh and salt pork, spring chickens, ham, bacon, dried beef (sliced), and frogs legs and fish every Friday. In addition to my meat market I have added vegetables, FRESH EVERY morning. Celery a specialty.

Having added a two wheeled cart to my establishment, I will deliver goods to any part of the village free of charge.

Large assortment of underwear at unequaled prices. Call and see.

Parker & Babcock.

A few more of those \$25.00 sewing machines at **J. Bacon & Co's.**

For Sale.

A very desirable house and lot for sale. Inquire at this office.

Buy your knitting yarn from Parker & Babcock's large stock purchased direct from the Mills. Best stock and lowest prices!

Prime Timothy seed at lowest price.

J. Bacon & Co.

Wood Bros sell sugar 1/2 cent below any other dealer.

One of Noyes' dictionary holder's for sale at this office.

Don't forget we are headquarters on Guns and Sporting goods.

J. Bacon & Co.

Wood Bros. Watch trade is booming!

Reduced prices on Tinware.

J. Bacon & Co.

Oil Stoves at cost. **J. Bacon & Co.**

Fetch in your job work, we are ready to be rushed, and will do it in good shape.

SCHOOL BOOKS

and have this year a larger line than ever

School Books, Paper, Pens,

Ink, Slates, Pencils, Copy Books, Crayons,

Exercise And Drawing Books,

Erasers, Rulers, School Bags, etc.,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

GLAZIER, DePUY & CO.

The Finest Dry Goods Store

CENTRAL MICHIGAN

Old Mammoth, at Jackson

This store has been re-fitted at a large expense and is now being filled with NEW, FIRST-CLASS merchandise.

For many years it has been the rule of the former proprietors, Camp Morrill & Camp, to sell nothing but first-class goods and under no circumstances allow any salesman to misrepresent. As it is my desire to continue the business, and wishing to increase the sales largely, I shall sell **all goods at the lowest possible profit** and at any time goods bought from my establishment that are not as represented, may be returned and I will cheerfully refund the money. I buy all my goods for Cash and sell them for Cash, and as my store is the best lighted of any in the State, the customer can see exactly what they are getting.

D. V. BUNNELL.

**DURAND & HATCH
PAY CASH**

—FOR—

PRODUCE

—AND SELL—

Boots and Shoes

Cheaper Than The Cheapest!

Pay CASH for produce and sell

**The Cheapest and Best
Groceries and family Supplies**

No Rent to pay out of the business.