

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"OF THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM.

VOL. XI.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1881.

NO. 4.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, K. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon.
Tues. E. Wood, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vesper Lodge No. 82, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle St. East.
G. E. Wright, Sec'y.

WASHTENAW ENCAMPMENT, No. 17, I. O. O. F., Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.
J. A. Palmer, Scribe.

Drs. Robertson & Champlin,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
Office on Main Street (Over Holmes' Dry Goods Store).
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.
v-0456m

R. M. SPER,
DENTIST,
(Formerly with D. C. Hawkhurst, M. D.; D. D. S. of Battle Creek)
Nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth administered.
Rooms over Holmes' Dry Goods Store, CHELSEA, MICH. [v-023

R. Kempf & Brother,
BANKERS,
AND PRODUCE DEALERS,
CHELSEA, - - MICH.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits.
Foreign Passage Tickets, to and from the Old Country, Sold.
Drafts Sold on all the Principal Towns of Europe.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency.

Monies Loaned on First-Class Security, at Reasonable Rates.

Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.
Chelsea, March 25, 1880. v-28-1y

G. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S., F. H. SLIDES,
WRIGHT & STILES,
DENTISTS,
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier & Armstrong's Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13

INSURANCE COMPANIES
REPRESENTED BY
Turnbull & Dewey.

	Assets.
Home of New York,	\$6,100,000
Harvard,	3,200,000
Underwriters,	4,000,000
American Mutual Life,	1,200,000
London & Lancashire,	7,000,000
Fire Association,	4,000,000

Office over Post-office, Main street, Chelsea, Mich.

M. W. BUSH,
DENTIST,
Office over W. R. Reed & Co's Store.
CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13

New Restaurant

S. D. HARRINGTON would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity, that he has opened a first-class Restaurant, one door north of the Chelsea House, and is prepared to accommodate all with warm and cold meals, at all hours. A share of public patronage is solicited.
Chelsea, Mich. v-11

GO TO FRANK DIAMOND'S FOR YOUR

Shaving, Hair-Dressing, Etc., Etc.

I am prepared to do all kinds of first-class work in the Barber's line. Give me a call, at my place of business, (over French's Shoe Store), Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

RESTAURANT.

C. HESLSCHWERT wishes to thank the people of Chelsea and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past year, and hope for a continuation of the same. He is prepared at all times to furnish hot and cold meals for the "inner man." He also keeps on hand Gingers, Candies, Nuts, etc. Remember a good square meal for 25 cents. South Main street, Chelsea, Mich. v-11

TONSorial EMPORIUM.

F. SHAVER would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity that he is now prepared to do all kind of work in his line, also keep on hand sharp razors, nice clean towels, and everything first-class to suit his customers. He is up to the times, and can give you an easy shave and fashionable hair cut. A share of the public patronage is solicited. Shop under Reed & Co's Drug Store. Main street east, Chelsea, Mich.

Selected Poetry.

THE INDEPENDENT FARMER.

Let the sailors sing of the windy deep,
Let the soldiers praise their armor,
But in my heart this toast will keep—
The Independent Farmer.

When first the rose in robe of green
Unfolds its crimson lining,
And round his cottage porch is seen
The honey-suckle twining;
When buds of bloom their sweetness yield
To bees that gather honey,
He drives his team across the field,
Where skies are soft and sunny.

The black-bird clucks behind the plough
The quail pipes loud and clear.
Yon orchard hides behind its bough
The home he loves so dear;
The grey and old barn-doors unfold
His ample store in measure,
More rich than heaps of hoarded gold.
A precious blessed treasure;
While yonder in the porch there stands
His wife, the lovely charmer,
The sweetest rose of all his lands—
The Independent Farmer.

To him, the spring comes dancingly,
To him the summer blushes,
The autumn smiles with mellow ray,
His sleep old winter hushes;
He cares how now the world may move,
No doubts or fears confound him;
His little flock are linked in love,
And household angels round him;
He trusts in God and loves his wife
Nor grieves nor ills may harm her;
He's Nature's nobleman in life—
The Independent Farmer.

I felt sick with agitation, knowing
how soon I should see him. I did
not know him at first. He was taller—
or else he looked it—and so very
manly-looking, and his auburn hair
had grown dark; but he had still the
merry eye and sweet smile of Lionel
Rupert. He was dancing with Lord
Aitesbury's daughter, Lady Augusta,
a beautiful girl, especially to my jealousy.
On Mrs. Dixon's arrival, as I
heard later, he had asked after me.
She just replied that I had not come,
and gave no further explanation.

RUPERT HALL

A LOVE STORY.

By MRS. HENRY WOOD.

CHAPTER IV.

"Jane can not go," returned Mrs. Dixon, with emphasis, not attempting to suppress her passion; "the carriage will not hold five. It is impossible that our dresses can be crumpled."

"I will go on the box," said my father.

"Indeed you will not," she answered. "I don't want to have to nurse you all the winter."

"You need not fear having me to nurse through my sitting outside," he rejoined. "There is an extraordinary change in the weather, and to-night it is positively warm."

My father was right about the weather. The cold which had prevailed for some days past, so intense as rarely to have been equalled in England, left us that Christmas eve. It was then, as he said, warm.

"I don't care whether it's warm or cold," returned Mrs. Dixon, in answer to him, "you are not going outside. Don't you see the embarrassment your obstinacy is causing?" she sharply asked, turning to me.

"The carriages can take us at twice," said my father.

"Yes, and have double fare to pay! What next?"

"Louisa," he resumed, "Jane will go to this party—for the reason I have mentioned. And she has my promise. If the carriage cannot take us all at once, it must make two courses. Now, I have said it."

For the carriage, as you will understand, was hired for the night. When the children came on, and expenses increased with the advent of the second Mrs. Dixon, our close carriage was laid down.

Mrs. Dixon's eyes caught my dress. "Where did you get that from?" she asked. "It is new?"

"Yes, I ordered it at Mrs. Hill's," was my reply.

"What did it cost? Is it paid for?"

"I have not had the bill."

"Did you countenance this extravagance?" she inquired, turning to my father with a crimsoned face.

"Jane told me she had no dress fit to appear in. I don't suppose she had, as she rarely goes out. What a time they are with the carriage!" he hastily added, escaping to the hall door to look out for it.

"Jane how well you look!" exclaimed Kate. "Better than I. Aunt, I do wish I had fixed upon white, now that I see Jane."

"I'm sure Jane's nothing to look at."

The carriage drove up then. Mrs.

Dixon had ordered a handsome one with a pair of fine horses. Papa and Charlotte came in together. Papa wanted to wait and go with me; Mrs. Dixon would not have it so. They went first with Kate; I and Miss Betsy waited behind. Miss Betsy was in an awful temper, and kept up a running fire of reproaches at me till the carriage came back, and then all the way to the Hall. I did not answer them. My heart was full that night.

Her heart seemed full of petty spite. She would not give my name to the servants, only her own; and I heard, shouted out, as we went in, "The Miss Ruperts." The rooms were very full. Miss Betsy did not attempt to find or approach the host, but pushed her way to an obscure corner, and seated me in it, and sat guard over me. There was a cluster of seats at that place, and we were hidden behind other people. She thought—I know she did—that I should not dance if she could prevent it.

I felt sick with agitation, knowing how soon I should see him. I did not know him at first. He was taller—

or else he looked it—and so very manly-looking, and his auburn hair had grown dark; but he had still the merry eye and sweet smile of Lionel Rupert. He was dancing with Lord Aitesbury's daughter, Lady Augusta, a beautiful girl, especially to my jealousy.

On Mrs. Dixon's arrival, as I heard later, he had asked after me. She just replied that I had not come, and gave no further explanation.

"I hope you approve of the arrangements we have made for you, Lionel," she had hastened to say. "I for one, have been active in your service."

"Oh, they are first rate," he replied. "But this affair to-night took me by surprise."

"You must look upon yourself in the light of a guest, to-night, and give yourself no trouble," said Mrs. Dixon. "So many relatives are here to take it off your hands. We have planned everything for you, even to your partners. Kate—I may as well hand her over to your charge, now—is to have the honor of the first dance with you."

"Well, really," cried Sir Lionel, opening his eyes rather widely, "though feeling myself, of course, under eternal obligations to my kind relatives, and hoping to repay their exertions later, I would prefer, in the matter of partners, to exercise my own choice. Kate, my dear, we are cousins, and it will not do to take you first. The dons of the county, smarting under my neglect, would say that Lionel Rupert gave speedy evidence of not having been reared to fill the place of Sir Acton."

And thus, in the easy, light-hearted, but very pleasant way that he used to put down people in the former days, did he put down Mrs. Dixon now. That lady found herself conducted by him to a seat of honor and left in it, Kate Arrow-smith by her side.

And I sat on, in my obscure corner. Oh, it was, to me, a dreary evening! I saw Sir Lionel constantly, now talking to the heads of the grand families, now walking or dancing with their daughters. No hope was left in my heart; I have said it; but to find that Lionel never once cared to approach me with a civil word of greeting, was a pointed neglect I was not prepared for. My eyes, in spite of myself, kept filling with tears, and the bitterness at my heart was keen to bear.

"Who is that pretty girl, concealing herself there?" I heard some stranger ask. And though it was myself he alluded to, the admiration brought me no pleasure; heart and spirits were alike too low.

Once more I saw Lionel come down the room. He had Kate on his arm. In passing our corner, his eye fell on the crimson velvet that nearly smothered me, and then he halted.

"Miss Betsy, I really believe I look younger than ever. You never mean to say you have been hiding yourself in this nook all the night!"

She stood up and planted herself and her crimson velvet right before me, and she was taller than I. But I rose also, and inclined my head a little aside. He saw me, hesitated in surprise; and then a flush, deeper than the Crimea browning, dyed his face.

"Jane! Miss Dixon! Is it really you? I understood you were not here to-night." And what I said, as he clasped my hand, I did not know, and never have known.

"Wait there," he said, in a hasty accent. "Excuse me a moment, Jane."

Turning away he took Kate to her place by Mrs. Dixon. Then returned, and extended his hand to draw me out of the corner.

"What do you want with Jane?" spoke up Miss Betsy, sharply. "Let her be. She is as well here as anywhere else, especially after coming to-night in opposition to everybody. Go back to Kate; I thought you were going to dance with her."

"Kate is in no hurry," he replied. "Take my arm Jane." And before I had recovered my scattered senses, I was walking through the room with Sir Lionel.

"Jane, you don't look well," he said, breaking the silence. You are thin and pale. You have not been happy."

"Not very," I answered. "Things at home go crossways, I expect. There are children now, I hear. But to think that you should have been encoined in that prison-cornier all the evening! I cannot make it out. I thought I had seen every one present. I never even heard your name announced. Why did you not come forward and speak to me?"

"Miss Betsy took me there at once, and kept me there. She did not attempt to go up to speak to you when we came in."

"Blessed Miss Betsy! I'll be even with her. I remember her tricks of old. Jane, did you wonder that you never heard from me?—all these years?"

"I did at first. Not much afterwards. Not at all since you have become Sir Lionel."

"I was trying to build up my fortunes—as I told you—but the construction got on so slowly that I was not justified in writing; and I felt that I had been anything but justified in having spoken to you as I did. Matters are changed now."

They were indeed, for me—since I last saw Lionel. The hope of that hour had given place to the despair of this. He did not speak; and I, who felt the silence awkward, interrupted it at random.

"Have you come home to remain, Sir Lionel?"

"Yes. If my old friends will call me Lionel again, without the 'Sir.'"

He looked at me pointedly as he spoke, and I blushed deeply. We had wandered on, I did not know where, far from the reception rooms.

"Jane, do you think my accession to wealth and position ought to change my friends towards me?"

I blushed again, and would have stammered some words that did not come. Why did I blush? Because there was that, in his manner, which had set my heart wildly beating.

"Has it changed you, Jane? How silent you are! You know that when the fortunes were built up, Lionel Rupert was to want a wife. I told you that wife—if I had my wish—should be no other than Jane Dixon—I say so still. You agreed with me then, Jane; will you dissent now?"

"But—may we go in here?" I interrupted, in my agitation, for Lionel had opened the door of a small room, which had a blazing fire but no lights, evidently one not meant for guests.

"May we? My dear, you forget that I am in my own house. This is to be my smoking sanctum. I hope you will allow smoking Jane."

I could bear up no longer. I leaned my head on the table and wept happier tears than it had ever been my lot to shed. Lionel raised it, thinking perhaps his breast was a better resting-place than the table, and there they gradually ceased to flow.

"Jane, let me stay and be your bridesmaid. I am very glad. I know,

when my aunts puffed me up about winning Sir Lionel, that it was all double-distilled nonsense, and it went in at one ear and out at the other. Indeed, I am truly glad."

"Jane," was Sir Lionel's parting whisper to me that night, "I see it all. I shall take you out of this place as soon as may be. Keep your courage up a short time longer, my darling."

He did take me—in what Mrs. Dixon protested was indecent haste. "And if you don't mind, Jane Dixon, the parish will cry shame upon you!"

"I should like to hear it," said Lionel, in his laughing way. "I will take care of Jane and the parish too, Mrs. Dixon."

He did. And I and Charlotte have come to live at the Hall, for Lionel is now my dear husband. As he and I were sitting by the fire the other night, talking over the dinner of the evening, when our people had been with us, Lionel suddenly declared we had been carrying out a command of Scripture.

"In what way, Lionel?"

"In regard to those two charming enemies of yours, Jane—Mrs. Dixon and Miss Betsy. We have been giving them food and drink, and heaping coals of fire on their heads."

"Lionel!"

"I am sure it was nothing less than coals of fire, Jane, to see you sit at the head of my table—Lady Rupert."

THE END.

The Making of Memories.

These present days, which we are inclined to think so vaguely modern, will be the "good old times" when the young people whom we daily meet shall be men and women; it is our fashions of dress and speech which they will remember for their quaintness; and ours is not only the possibility but the absolute certainty of being made the representative, in years to come in some one's mind, of the spirit and character of a time that is past. We know how unwittingly men and women used to impress and influence us. Instead, therefore, of passing these memories lightly by, or thinking that they are wholly a thing of private importance and concern, we should make them a constant reminder of our own duty in the line of influence. We can never tell the long and ever-multiplying mischief which we may work by some wickedness or carelessness of speech or action—something forgotten by us as soon as done, but treasured up in a little heart as a possession for a life-time. And, on the other hand, we should be far more anxious to multiply our wise words and our kindly acts, if we realized more fully how long they may survive in places where we never think of looking for them. The memory of a single kindly deed, or word, or look, quickly forgotten by us, may be the one thing by which some person shall longest remember us, and by which he shall be chiefly influenced, so far as any act of ours is concerned.

The making of memories is not a thing in which we are responsible to childhood alone. So long as the mental faculties endure, of all those persons with whom we have to do, they are treasuring up permanent records of the whole course of our words and ways. Neither our good deeds nor our bad ones die with their performance, nor does their effect end with us. What right have we, in great things or small, to curse men's years to come by adding to their burden the memory of our wicked act or our hateful or improper word?

We are responsible for the memories which men, women and children have of us and our belongings; and this responsibility includes not only the non-performance of bad deeds, but the doing of good ones. Day by day and minute by minute we are making memories which can never change hereafter. Is there anything more bitter than the thought that our own evil memories of ourselves are, through our fault, shared by others? And is there anything sweeter than the thought that the treasured remembrance of kind acts and fit words is a lasting memorial of ourselves, which we can increase every day of our lives? How we are to be remembered is a question whose answer—at least so far as the rest of our lives are concerned—is in our own hand.—Sunday Times.

James Denbel, of Ypsilanti, has bought the Scio mills.

The asylum locating committee were at Greenville yesterday.

Laingsburg now boasts of a female barber. Also an opera house.

The catholics of Ypsilanti are about to erect a good school house in that place.

There is now telephone communication between Newaygo and Fremont Centre.

The burned village of Alletton, Newaygo county, is being rapidly rebuilt.

The Muskegon, Grand Haven & Grand Rapids telephone lines are now all connected.

A young man named Will Lincoln had one of his arms badly mangled in a mill at Big Rapids, on Thursday last.

A new side-wheel boat now navigates the raging Cedar river on the route between Williamston and the neighboring coal mine.

A. B. Tozer, a well known Grand Rapids journalist, has become business manager of the Times of that city.

Mormon "saints" are preaching in Mason county and occasionally converting a poor ignorant being to their peculiar faith.

Orlando Halstead, of Lawton, who was run over by an engine at Kalamazoo Wednesday, has since died of his injuries.

Mrs. Alex. Price, aged 60, fell down cellar, at Nashville, last night, and broke both arms between the wrists and elbows.

A. E. Foote, of Alpena, was married to Miss May Howard at Flint on the 23d. The bride is the only daughter of Hon. Sumner Howard.

Simoon Stevens, of Buchanan, was severely injured Wednesday while trying to put a machinery belt on a pulley in a mill at that place.

An early closing movement has taken effect among the St. Clair merchants, who call 8 p. m. early. They used to keep open all night, evidently.

The Ypsilanti Sentinel pithily puts it thus: "Arthur to bat. Conkling on deck." Ex-Vice-President: "Smile!" Colfax is to make an address at the Adrian fair next Friday.

The store of an East Tawas man named Huston, who did not drape his premises, has been defiled by paint and tar by some of his fellow townsmen.

The Genesee County Agricultural society will hold its 33d annual fair at Flint, October 4th, 5th, 6th, and 7th. The ladies band of Caro will furnish the music.

Big Rapids has a sulphur spring, but the persons who own it don't care to start a mineral water cure just now, whereas some folks growl—and growl loudly, too.

Dwight Stiles, the young man from Jackson who worked the "ring dodge" on several citizens of Charlotte last winter, was arrested in Jackson Wednesday, and is now in jail at Charlotte.

The Lansing Republican says that ex-Congressman George H. Durand, of Flint, is going to Detroit to practice law, and has formed a partnership with George W. Radford.

The body of an old lady named Sherman whose home was at Benton Harbor, was found in Muskegon Lake Thursday. It is supposed she was drowned while insane.

A Grand Rapids man named Kennedy, who hurt his foot while trying to extricate it from a railway "frog" at Ann Arbor, a few days ago, has since died from lock-jaw.

The body of an unknown man was found in Black river at Port Huron, on Thursday. In his pockets were found \$3 and a whisky bottle.

An effigy was found suspended in front of the store of a Deerfield merchant, with a placard upon it bearing the words "He wouldn't buy any crape."

The McKinley House at East Saginaw was burned Thursday. There were 25 boarders in the house and they all escaped, losing their effects however.

According to the Big Rapids Magnet, a girl died at a hotel in that city a few days ago and was under ground four hours after her death.

Wm. Palford, of Alpena county, is a man of sorrows and much to be pitied. Some time ago one of his boys was accidentally shot; then his house burned down; next a baby girl was scalded to death, and now his last and only boy has just died from cold and exposure from being capsized in Lake Huron. The father struggled three hours in the water to save the boy and got him ashore alive, but he died soon after.

Legal Printing.—Persons having legal advertising to do, should remember that it is not necessary that it should be published at the county seat—any paper published in the county will answer. In all matters transpiring in this vicinity, the interest of the advertisers will be better served, by having the notices published in their home paper, than to take them to a paper that is not as generally read in their vicinity, besides it is the duty of every one to support home institutions as much as possible.

To Correspondents.
Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author which we require, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.
All communications should be addressed to
"THE HERALD,"
Chelsea, Washenaw Co., Mich.

The Chelsea Herald.

CHELSEA, SEPT. 29, 1881.

THE LAST OF EARTH.

The Remains of Garfield Borne to the Grave at Cleveland.

Followed by Over a Hundred Thousand Citizens.

FULL DESCRIPTION OF THE LAST OBSEQUIES.

The remains of the President, deposited in the catafalque in Monumental Square Saturday afternoon, were guarded by detachments of Knights Templar and Cleveland Greys, and visited by thousands of people. They swarmed in the city by every approach, so that it became necessary to surround the park with military at an early hour in order to keep the lines open and enable all to pass before the catafalque. Not less than 100,000 people passed through the pavilion. The coffin was not opened. Perfect order prevailed and hundreds wept as they viewed the casket containing the remains of the beloved Garfield.

PREPARING FOR THE CEREMONIES.

When the gates were closed shortly after 9 o'clock, every foot of available space around Monumental square was immediately taken up, and the streets and sidewalks for squares, were jammed with weary but patient and sorrowful people. Before 9:30 the pavilion or platform south of the catafalque where funeral services were to be held, began to fill up and the attendants were meanwhile busily engaged in making the final arrangements about the casket. At 9:40 the funeral car bearing the casket entered the last arch from Superior street, drawn by 12 black horses driven four abreast, each covered with drapery and led by a groom. The casket was immediately transferred to the catafalque and the finishing touches of preparation soon completed. Fifteen minutes later the Columbia commandery of Knights Templar of Washington, led by the Marine band, entered the western archway and marched around to the east side and out through the eastern arch and rested on Superior street.

THE MOURNERS.

At 10:15 the procession of carriages containing the mourners and friends began to enter from the east and the vast crowd immediately bowed their heads as the carriages drew up to the catafalque and waited for their occupants to alight. The bent form of the martyr's aged mother, supported by the arm of one of her grandsons, was the first to attract attention. She walked slowly and silently up the incline leading to the catafalque, and took a seat on the north side. The grief-stricken widow, supported by her son Harry, followed and became seated near the aged mother. Mrs. Garfield's father and other members of the family came next, and were followed by ex-President Hayes, members of the cabinet with their wives and the more intimate friends of the deceased. Secretary Blaine moved about and looked after the comfort of the mourners, and after all had become seated, the good old mother leaning upon the arm of a lady friend, approached the casket. She reached her withered hand and gently placed it upon the coffin, as though she faint would caress the form of him whose spirit had gone beyond the opening.

At 10:35 Mr. Robinson, who had charge of the ceremony, announced that the Cleveland vocal society would open the exercises by singing. A moment later the sound of the voices was heard away at the rear of the platform as they began a single verse of Beethoven's funeral hymn. "To Thee, O Lord, I Yield My Spirit."

tures by the bishop followed. As he arose all uncovered their heads, and when the sound of his solemn voice was heard there was silence in the vast throng befitting the occasion. Prayer was offered by Dr. Houghton in a clear voice, and as he invoked divine blessing upon the family and upon the millions of mourners, unbidden tears began to trickle down thousands of cheeks. The minute guns kept up a ceaseless booming in the distance and church bells from every steeple in the dead hero's favorite city, were tolling a requiem to his departed spirit.

DR. ERRETT'S SERMON.

When Dr. Errett arose at 11 o'clock, to pay a tribute of praise to the memory of his early and cherished friend, every eye was turned upon him, every ear was strained to catch the words as they fell from his lips. Other arrangements had been made at Washington for the funeral oration, but I am informed by Gen. Noyes, that as soon as the matter was spoken of to Mrs. Garfield, she immediately replied, "No, it cannot be. By an agreement made years ago, the address will be made by Dr. Errett." His remarks were the heartfelt tribute of one loving friend to another. When at the conclusion of his remarks the speaker turned his face toward the catafalque and, with outstretched arms, exclaimed, "Fare thee well, my friend and brother. Thou hast fought a good fight!" his voice became choked with emotion and the tears streamed down his cheeks. There was scarcely a dry eye among all the distinguished men on the platform. Dr. Errett spoke for about 40 minutes, and the vast throng remained almost motionless, although few beyond the platform could hear what was said. When the speaker had finished, the Rev. Jabez Hall read in a most expressive manner, Garfield's favorite hymn, "Ho, Reapers of Life's Harvest," and the entire hymn was sung by the vocal society. The final prayer and benediction were pronounced by Rev. Charles S. Pomeroy, at 11:45.

MRS. GARFIELD.

As the street was passed approaching the Euclid avenue station, many distinct glimpses of Mrs. Garfield were caught. She was really the one chief center of interest to all the waiting throng, and the distinguished men of the nation were of subsidiary importance for the moment. It was not an idle curiosity that prompted this eagerness; it was the natural result of a moral grandeur and heroism that have been all the more impressive because they were removed from pretense, and were the spontaneous fruits of a noble, womanly heart. She is especially dear to the people of Ohio in her bereavement, and the love borne her has found expression in a thousand little ways that were touching, tender and sincere. This feeling can be better illustrated by this fact than by any other, that even the energetic and somewhat callous newspaper correspondent has touched upon her presence at all the ceremonies and her appearance even more than the facts rendered absolutely necessary.

NOTES.

At Wilson avenue it began to rain and the wind was so fierce that the funeral car had to be steered by artillery men who had followed the remains since it left Elberon. Owing to the inopportune storm the crowd had been somewhat scattered, and the procession broken into, and the final exercises were proceeded with without delay. There is nothing to add to the reports regarding this final act of the great tragedy, upon which the curtain has now been rung down.

Michigan Crop Report for Sept., '81.

For this report returns have been received from 901 correspondents, representing 624 townships. Five hundred and eighty-nine returns are from 373 townships in the southern four tiers of counties, where 85 per cent. of the wheat crop is grown. The returns were made between September 1st and 10th. At this time much of the threshing was done in all parts of the State, and in some localities it was probably nearly all done. The yield of wheat, corn, oats and barley is reported in bushels, and the yield of hay in tons. The average and yield of corn, and the average of oats, barley and hay, are reported in per cent. of crops of 1880. The average yield of wheat per acre, as shown by the returns, is 10 and 15 hundredths bushels, or about one bushel more than the yield as estimated by the supervisors. July 2. The number of acres in wheat in May, 1881, as reported by the supervisors, was 1,781,865. Multiplying this acreage by the above average we obtain, as the probable aggregate product, 18,085,929 bushels. The "Acreage in May, 1881," represents the acreage sown, and the average yield per acre is the average of the acreage sown, no deductions being made for that portion of the crop plowed up or not harvested. In aggregate yield, the crop of 1881 is greater than in any year previous to 1877, but there is little doubt that the average per acre is the lowest of which we have record. The returns show for corn an acreage of about 101 per cent., for oats 104 per cent., barley 93 per cent., and for hay 103 per cent. of the acreage in 1880. The yield of corn per acre is estimated at 80 per cent. of the yield in 1880, indicating a total product of 36,519,773 bushels of ears. The yield of oats per acre is reported at 31 bushels, indicating a total yield of 15,045,386 bushels. Barley is estimated at 22 and 9-tenths bushels, and hay at 1 and 2-tenths tons per acre. The wheat crop of Washenaw county for 1881, is as follows: Acres, 75,307; yield per acre, 12.9; number of bushels, 971,400.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The Garfield fund amounted on Monday evening to \$313,000.

Explosion of a car load of blasting powder near Council Bluffs last evening destroyed the Rock Island round house, freight house, repair shops, 40 or 50 freight cars and made a hole in the ground 15 feet deep and 45 in diameter. The damage to property exceeds \$100,000, but so far as reported no lives were lost.

On Tuesday morning about 2 o'clock collision occurred between the propeller Jay Gould and the tug Swain, of Detroit, just off Malden, near the mouth of the Detroit river. The Swain was bound up with the schooner Marengo and Maria Martin in tow, and the Gould was downward bound, and both under good headway. The Gould struck the tug amidship on the starboard side, cutting her wide open and sinking her almost where they struck in about 13 feet of water. The Gould was also damaged, but not to so great an extent as to prevent her going on her way—just pausing long enough to hit the Maria Martin, a stunning blow forward carrying the schooner's head gear away and damaging her hull more or less. The Swain was in command of Capt. Ed. Toumey.

On Friday last a party went from Crawford's Quarry to Thompson's Harbor, Presque Isle county in a sailboat, in charge of Mr. Frits Pagan. Saturday night they wished to return, but Pagan refused to make the voyage, saying it was too rough, and he did not wish to endanger the lives of the party. So they hired another boatman's craft and started, managing the boat themselves. They were observed when about two miles out, and that is the last seen or heard of them, and it is now fully believed that the whole party has perished, as a severe gale came up—a lake which at some points along the shore reached the fury of a tornado. Diligent search has been made, but no trace of the boat or its human freight has been found, and it is considered certain that they all went down about 7 or 8 p. m. on Saturday. The names of the lost persons are as follows: George W. Harrison, of Crawford's Quarry; his daughter, Georgie, aged 16 years; Mrs. Patterson, wife of Dr. James B. Patterson, of Rogers City, and a gentleman named Cowles, an attorney of Point St. Ignace. A dispatch from Alpena says the sailboat in which the missing party left has been found about five miles from the starting point by the lighthouse keeper. No bodies have been found yet.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil, as a safe, sure, simple and cheap Eminent Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore Md., U. S. A.

Our Budget.

The name of a Nevada town is "Heavenly Joy."

Says a Chinese proverb—"We do not cook rice by babbling."

There are some that gather, who do not And some that reap, that are but sow! But the honest farmer blunt and plain, Who has never learnt to drink champagne, Takes Eclectic Oil when he is sick, Because it cures him very quick.

For sale by all druggists.

Jinks wants some one to give him the exact width of "broad daylight."

A burden that you cannot bear yourself do not attempt to impose upon others.

STRONG EVIDENCE.

I have sold at retail price since the 4th of December last 166 bottles of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, guaranteeing every bottle. I must say I never sold a medicine in my life that gave such universal satisfaction. In my own case, with a badly Ulcerated Throat, after a physician prescribing for several days to no effect, the Eclectic Oil cured it thoroughly in twenty-four hours, and in threatened cramps in my children this winter, it never failed to relieve almost immediately. C. R. HALL, Grayville, Ill. March 26, 1880.

For sale by all druggists.

It is better to hit the nail on the head twice than to hit the nail on the finger once.

The way a young Boston broker popped the momentous question—"Darling Daisy, let's form a syndicate."

Domestic Bliss "kissing the maid," Domestic Bliss "a man-wife-catealing him at it," More Domestic Bliss "wife rubbing Eclectic Oil into the forehead of her husband," Wounds caused by the aforesaid "Contretemps."—For sale by all druggists.

The latest "artistic" absurdity is a black parasol, having one colored division, on which is painted a palette with a picture of a dog's head.

Thos. Benson, Lowell, Mass., writes: Your Spring Blossom cured me of Salt Rheum from which I have been a martyr for over ten years. My hands were almost useless and my face was frightfully disfigured. I have used the Spring Blossom according to directions, and now am able to work and my face is quite clear again. Prices, 50c and \$1. W. R. Reed & Co.

Oysters Ripe, Wilson's the famous caterer of Kilby Street, serves up only the choicest varieties, and this chef de cuisine knows how to do it in all the varied styles.

A GOOD RIDDANCE.

For Nauseous Drugs, no use there soon will be. For Salts, Magnesia, Senna no pretence. Dispensing Chemists, all men will agree; To view as things with which they may dispense.

But when Dyspepsia ails us, then's the time to get Spring Blossom best of remedies, the very best thing yet.

Prices, 50c and \$1. W. R. Reed & Co.

An old gentleman accepted an invitation of a waggish friend to go out of town and see the latter's country seat. He went, and found it to be a stump in a large meadow.

TOO SWEET FOR ANYTHING.

'Tis sweet to hear a maiden sigh; 'Tis sweet to wipe the sparkling tear-drop from her eye. 'Tis sweet when agony convulse her frame A bottle of Spring Blossom to obtain.

Prices, 50c and \$1. W. R. Reed & Co.

The season for going conoing by moonlight for watermelons is now over. The Globe remarks that now is the time to go gunning for oysters. Yes, and it is also the time to go fishing for ducks.

SET BACK 42 YEARS.

"I was troubled for many years with Kidney Complaint, Gravel, etc., my blood became thin, I was dull and inactive, could hardly crawl about, was an old, worn-out man all over, could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitters, and now I am a boy again. My blood and kidneys are all right, and I am as active as a man of 20, and I have no doubt I will do as well for others of my age. It is worth a trial.—Father

BALL'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET
EVERY CORSET WARRANTED SATISFACTORY OR THE MONEY REFUNDED.
A Perfect Corset Secured at Last.

A combination of COILED WIRE SPRING, Whalebone and Corset Jean, which is pronounced by ladies
The Perfection of Corsets.
Fits perfectly a greater variety of forms than any other.
Yields readily to every respiration, and is equally comfortable in any position assumed by the wearer.
Warranted to retain its perfect shape till worn out. By its use a more graceful figure than with any other Corset. Please give it a single trial and you will wear no other.

What Leading Chicago Physicians Say of It:

Chicago, Oct. 23, 1880.
I have examined Ball's Health Preserving Corset and believe it to be the best calculated to preserve the health of the woman who wears it. It does not compress the organs, but of such a corset to be injured by tight-lacing. It should receive the favorable endorsement of the Physicians who have the opportunity of examining it.
JAMES NEVINS HYDE.

Chicago, Oct. 24, 1880.
I fully endorse what Dr. Hyde says in the above note.
W. H. BYRON.

Chicago, Oct. 27, 1880.
I do not advise any woman to wear a Corset, but if she will do so—and she generally will—I advise her to use one of Ball's Health Preserving Corsets, as it is less likely to do her injury than any other which I am acquainted with.
J. A. BAXTER, M. D.

Chicago, Oct. 27, 1880.
I have examined Ball's Health Preserving Corset and believe it to be the best calculated to preserve the health of the woman who wears it.
A. J. BAXTER, M. D.

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J. A. BAXTER, M. D.

For sale only in Chelsea, by
H. S. Holmes,
Sept. 1st, '81. 3m

"LITTLE MACK"

HAS ARRIVED AND IS READY FOR BUSINESS

FROM ANN ARBOR WITH THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CLOTHS,

Ever Shown in this Town!

THEY WILL BE CUT, TRIMMED AND MADE ACCORDING TO THE LATEST STYLES. HE

WILL ALSO BRING A FULL LINE OF

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,


AND A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Gent's Furnishing Goods!

He kindly invites the public to call and examine his stock, whether they wish to purchase or not. His Cutter and Manager is Mr. CHAS. GRUNER.

"REMEMBER THE PLACE."

Opposite Kempf Bros. Bank, - - - - - CHELSEA, Mich.

TAKE THE

CHICAGO AND BURLINGTON RAILWAY
FOR ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.

No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The shortest, speediest and most comfortable route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unequalled inducements offered by this line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (16-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this line. R. & O. Palace Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C. & O. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Reclining Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort. Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, etc., will be cheerfully given, and sent free to any address an elegant Counter Map of United States, in colors, by applying to.

JAMES R. WOOD, General Passenger Agent, Chicago. T. J. POTTER, General Manager, Chicago.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of *Writ Facias* issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Washenaw, in favor of Reuben Kempf, against the goods and chattels and real estate of James Reilly, Edward Reilly and Michael Reilly in said county, to me directed and delivered, I did on the 23rd twenty second day of June, A. D. 1881, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said James Reilly, Edward Reilly and Michael Reilly, in and to the following described real estate—that is to say, all those certain pieces or parcels of land situated, and being in the township of Dexter, County of Washenaw, and State of Michigan, known and described as follows viz: The west half of the south-east quarter of section seven (7), the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section eighteen (18); the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section seventeen (17), the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of said section seventeen (17), the west half of the south-east quarter of section eight (8), and a piece of land described as follows: Commencing at the center post of section number eight (8) in said township, running thence west, along the east and west quarter line of said section, eighteen chains and eighty-five links to a stake, thence south sixty-two degrees east to a stake in the north and south quarter line of said section eight (8), thence north on said quarter line, eleven chains and eighteen links to the place of beginning, containing ten acres, two rods and four rods of land, be the same, more or less, all in township one, south of range four (4) east, all of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the south front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, on the first day of October, A. D. 1881, next at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Dated this Eighteenth day of August, A. D. 1881.

EDWIN W. WALLACE, Sheriff.

G. W. TURNBULL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Unclaimed Letters.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, Sept. 1st, 1881:

Askin, George
Bender, Rosie Miss
Hoffberger, Amelia Miss
Judson, Charles
Oliver, Mabel Miss
Porter, Sarah Miss
Patterson, Dr R Mrs
Stoll, Jacob

Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised."

GEO. J. CROWELL, P. M.

Go to your Druggist for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dye. For brightness and durability of color, are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds. Directions in English and German. Price, 15 cents.

REPAIRING.—Special attention given to this branch of the business, and satisfaction guaranteed, at the "Bee Hive" Jewellery Establishment, South Main st, Chelsea, Mich.

47

When You Get TIME,

THINK OF WOOL CASH-MERES, in New Fall Colors, at Ten Cents per Yd.

OF 18 CENT Brocade Dress Goods, at 12 1-2 cts., At FIELD'S

"BEE HIVE."

OF Black Satins, Black Silks, TRIMMING VELVETS, TRIMPLUSHES, BROCADE SILKS, PASSAMENTERIE TRIMMINGS and FRINGES, at 25c per yd. less than sold anywhere else in Jackson.

IF YOU SPEND HALF AN HOUR IN THE

"BEE HIVE,"

WE SHALL FURNISH YOU A GREAT MANY THINGS TO Think of WHICH YOU WILL Find Most Profitable.

VERY RESPECTFULLY,

L. H. FIELD,

BUSY BEE HIVE DRY GOOD HOUSE, JACKSON, MICH.

ALVIN WILSEY,
Ann Arbor, Mich.
DEALER IN
Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Instruction Books, Violins, Guitars, and all kinds of musical merchandise—expenses reduced to the minimum—and better bargains given on anything in the musical line, than can be obtained at any other place in Michigan.
Wilsey's Music Store, opposite Court House, east side.
v10-49-3m.

G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
Depots foot of Third street and foot of Brush street. Ticket office, 151 Jefferson avenue, and at the Depots.

LEAVE (Detroit time.) (Detroit time.)
Atlantic Ex. 4:40 a.m. 10:00 p.m.
Day Express. 8:35 a.m. 6:30 p.m.
Detroit & Buf.
N.Y. Express. 12:45 noon 7:00 a.m.
N.Y. Express. 7:05 p.m. 4:45 a.m.
Except Monday. Sundays Excepted.
Daily.

J. F. MCCLURE,
Western Passenger Agent, Detroit.
WM. EDGAR, Gen. Pass. Agt., Hamilton.

Elgin Watches

40 BLOCKS—TIME TO GO!

D. PRATT
Watchmaker & Jeweler

REPAIRING.—Special attention given to this branch of the business, and satisfaction guaranteed, at the "Bee Hive" Jewellery Establishment, South Main st, Chelsea, Mich.

HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL

If you are a man of business and want to keep your system in good order, take Hop Bitters. It is a powerful purgative and cleanses the system of all impurities. It is a powerful tonic and builds up the system. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the liver and stomach. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the bowels. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the kidneys. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the bladder. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the prostate. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the testicles. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the penis. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the urethra. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the vagina. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the uterus. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the ovaries. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the fallopian tubes. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the cervix. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the vulva. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the clitoris. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the labia. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the perineum. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the rectum. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the sigmoid colon. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the descending colon. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the transverse colon. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the ascending colon. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the cecum. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the appendix. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the pancreas. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the gall bladder. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the liver. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the stomach. It is a powerful remedy for all diseases of the duodenum. 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N. C. R. E. TIME TABLE.

GOING WEST.	
Mail Train	9:22 A. M.
Local Passenger	7:35 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express	5:32 P. M.
Jackson Express	8:05 P. M.
Evening Express	10:38 P. M.
GOING EAST.	
Night Express	5:50 A. M.
Jackson Express	8:03 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express	10:07 A. M.
Mail Train	4:40 P. M.
H. B. LEVARD, Gen'l Sup't, Detroit.	
HENRY C. WENTWORTH, General Passenger and Ticket Ag't, Chicago.	

Time of Closing the Mail.
Western.....7:15 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 9:00 P. M.
Eastern.....9:50 A. M., 4:15 P. M., 9:00 P. M.
Geo. J. CHOWELL, Postmaster.

The Chelsea Herald,
IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning, by
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. THOS. HOLMES, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

M. E. CHURCH.
Rev. J. L. HUDSON, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10 1/2 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. Father DUNN, Services every Sunday at 8 and 10 1/2 A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Rev. Mr. METZER, Services every alternate Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

OUR TELEPHONE.

Wheat seedling is about finished.
The farmers are having beautiful weather for seedling time.
The double track of the M. C. R. R. is almost graded to Chelsea.
Prof. Barnes has opened a law office in the McKone block.

Don't pay \$10 or \$15 for a Richmond crown, when you can get one at Wright & Stiles for \$5.

Thos. Wilkinson has traded his residence and store, with F. D. Cummings, for a large farm at Waterloo.

McNamara has put in a new three hundred dollar billiard table—that makes four billiard tables in town. What next?

FOR SALE.—A few singing canary birds of the pure German breed. Enquire at this office.

Will Knapp and Col. Babcock, left last Saturday for Cleveland, to see the funeral services of our late President.

Remember Dr. Wright will be in the office at Chelsea, every two weeks, on Friday and Saturday.

The State Fair, held at Jackson, last week, was largely attended, and reports it was a grand success.

Remember that the Washtenaw County Fair will be held at Ann Arbor next week, October 4, 5, 6 and 7.

It don't pay to do business under a bogus diploma in Chelsea, so you had better go to Wright & Stiles for your dental work.

The Southeastern Michigan Bee-keepers Association, will meet at the Court house, Ann Arbor, October 6th.

Gone! Inflammatory rheumatism, cured by St. Jacobs Oil. Ira Brown.—Chicago Tribune.

This vicinity was blessed with a fine shower of rain last Monday morning; and a heavy rain storm accompanied with thunder and lightning last Tuesday evening.

Sam and two others, intend to take a row-boat ride next month, from Dexter to Lake Erie. We bespeak for them a good time.

Several of our merchants have been to New York, and are laying in large stocks of goods preparatory for a large fall and winter trade.

Mr. Randall has built a new sidewalk west of his residence; J. H. Durand was the builder—it looks neat and is very well done. Bully for Joe.

Please observe the change of L. H. Field's advertisement on second page. Be sure, when you go to Jackson, to call on him and get big bargains in dry goods.

TRANSFERS.—James P. Wood to Alma Cronkright, Chelsea lot, \$115.
John Howe to Wm. H. Clark, Chelsea lot \$500.
Jane L. Tuttle to Lovel D. Loomis, Chelsea lot \$255.

LOST.—On last Friday, either on the Territorial road, or on the Dexter road, a brown Scotch cheviot coat, containing a silk and white handkerchief, and also a door key. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at the harness shop of Henry Gilbert, or at this office.

TO OUR READERS.—Since we have commenced publishing both sides of our paper at home, our expenses are much greater. We do not believe in dunning, and there is now a good many of our subscribers in arrears. We need the money bad, and we hope those who owe us, will call immediately and settle the same.

FOUND DEAD.—A young man named Henry Orbrink, about 28 years old, who lives within a mile of Francisco, was found dead on the railroad track, near his home, on last Saturday morning. It seems he was in Chelsea during the afternoon of Friday, and had taken the evening train to go home—the supposition is, that he was somewhat intoxicated and had jumped off the train near his home, and broke his neck. The story is that a whisky bottle was found by his side, which shows (if true) another victim to intemperance.

WHAT DOES IT SIGNIFY?—Intelligence received from the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., announces the discovery of a new comet located in the constellation of Virgo. It is a striking coincidence that this new and bright comet appeared at the same hour President Garfield was breathing his last. It was first seen by E. E. Barnard, in Nashville, Tenn., who has made claim through Prof. Swift, for the Warner prize of \$300 in gold. This makes the fifth comet seen since May 1st, and of this number four have appeared from almost the same spot in the heavens.

Every lover of good music, whether young or old, should attend the entertainment at the Congregational Church, on Thursday evening, by the remarkable Hotchkiss children. Four little girls, the oldest but fourteen years of age, will perform extraordinary feats upon a variety of instruments. They have elicited the highest encomiums of praise from the press, and come highly recommended by clergy men and others of respectability and trustworthiness. Come and judge for yourselves.

Section 5,449, page 1,004, Revised Statutes of the United States, says: "Every person who fraudulently, by any act, way or means, defaces, mutilates, impairs, diminishes, falsifies, scales, or lightens the gold and silver coin which have been, or which may hereafter be coined at the mints of the United States, of any foreign gold or silver coins which are by law made current or are in actual use and circulation as money, whether within the United States, shall be imprisoned not more than two years and fined not more than two thousand dollars."

The work of the M. E. Conference at Port Huron, as far as it affects appointments in this county, is summed up as follows:—Rev. Wm. J. Campbell, formerly of Dexter, is made presiding elder of the district; Rev. John Alabaster, is returned to Ann Arbor; Rev. Wm. George, Dexter; Rev. I. N. Elwood, Ypsilanti; Rev. H. C. Northrop, Chelsea; Rev. Mr. Stank, Dixboro; Rev. J. C. Wortley, Saline; Rev. Mr. Pierce, Sharon; Rev. Mr. Combs, Manchester; Rev. D. W. Gibbons, Lima; Rev. Aaron R. Laing, Milan and Oakville; Rev. B. H. Hedger, Salem and Northfield; Rev. Thos. Seclye, Augusta; Whitmore Lake and Hamburg to be supplied.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—Commencing October 1st, I shall assume general supervision of the Dry formerly driven by John Allyn, and for the more systematic accommodation of the public, have established headquarters at Sam & Van's store. Orders for work left at this place, will be promptly attended to between the hours of 7 a. m. and 6 p. m., by Allen Stevens, in immediate charge of the dry. All orders left after 6 p. m., and after the dry shall have been put up for the night, will be attended to the following morning (Sundays excepted). A careful, reliable and prompt performance of all work is guaranteed. Chelsea, Sept. 29, 1881.

FUNERAL SERVICES IN CHELSEA.—The funeral ceremony of our late President was strictly observed in Chelsea, last Monday. All the business houses were closed up to six o'clock p. m., and nearly all of them were draped in mourning. Flags were at half-mast, and everybody seemed to feel the terrible stroke that had befallen our nation. About 2 p. m., the inhabitants, repaired to the Congregational Church, where they formed in line. They were headed by our band, who played a funeral dirge, and marched in line up to the Baptist Church. The exercises at the church were conducted by Revs. Gay and Holmes. The ceremony was very affecting, and there was scarcely a dry eye in the congregation, and every one was deeply interested, and listened with marked attention to the services. The bells of the several churches tolled nearly all the afternoon; in fact, last Monday was a solemn day in Chelsea. After the service was over at the church, the band marched to the public square and rendered some excellent music.

May the good work begun by St. Jacobs Oil continue until rheumatism and neuralgia have been banished from the earth.—Albany (N. Y.) Press and Knickerbocker.

Important to Travelers.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue.

WANTED.—I wish to purchase for the use of the Schools of this District, FIFTY CORDS of Second-growth seasoned body WOOD, four feet long. Parties having such wood to sell, please notify me. J. P. WOOD. CHELSEA, Sept. 19, 1881.

Rumored that Secretary Blaine will tender his resignation in a few days. His new house in process of construction at Washington is offered for sale.

The grand jury is expected to indict Guiteau, and he will be arraigned for trial without delay. He has requested his brother-in-law, George M. Scoville, of Chicago, to appear as his counsel. The assassin professes to believe that he cannot be tried for murder.

The Tuomey Bros.

THEIR STORES IN THREE TOWNS—REMARKABLE SUCCESS OF A DRY GOODS FIRM OF BROTHERS—THE TUOMEY'S STOCK AND BUSINESS—SOMETHING ABOUT THEIR STORES AT EATON RAPIDS, MASON AND JACKSON.
It is not often that a firm of relatives prove continually successful, but Michigan has a few remarkable instances of exceptions to this rule. Next to the unprecedented success of the Cornwall Brothers, whose association thirty years ago, when all of them were comparatively poor, laid the foundation of the most extensive paper-making business in the country, that of the Tuomey Brothers, dry goods merchants, may be mentioned as among the most successful in the State.

Five years ago John J. Timothy R. and Cornelius R. Tuomey started as a firm in the city of Eaton Rapids, and did a business of \$25,000 for the first year. Now they command the principal dry goods trade of Mason and Eaton Rapids and have a store in this city second to no other dry goods establishment, and the only one which confines itself to dry goods alone, and are doing a business of \$250,000 annually, and showing a proportionate rate of increase year after year.

The secret of this success is that they are all young men of enterprise and push, and who thoroughly understand their business, having made it their study and excluded everything else of a speculative or experimental character. Each one has a special department under his control, and their business is done systematically and without clashing. All three of them are at present residents of our city, and we are proud to point to them as models of business men and citizens.

One only has to visit their store at No. 173 Main street, west, to be convinced that they have the dry goods business at their fingers' ends in all its ramifications, while their methods of dealing will show that what advantages they possess are utilized for the benefit of their customers as well as themselves.

For instance, their purchasing of stock is not done, as is usual with most firms, by one man, but they have an experienced buyer in every department of their trade who visits frequently the eastern markets. There are six of these gentlemen constantly engaged in attending to the replenishing of stock at the most favorable times and under the most favorable circumstances. The six departments are, 1st, those of dress goods and silks; 2d, hosiery and furnishing goods; 3d, linens and white goods; 4th, shawls, suits and mantles; 5th, woollens flannels and cloths; 6th, notions and dress trimmings. Every one of these is a man appointed to and experienced in the department to which he is assigned, and the consumer can hardly estimate the advantages to be obtained by the firm and through them by the customers, of this method. Every fluctuation in the great marts of the world are taken advantage of. Every new style and fashion is thus placed on our local market simultaneously with those of the principal cities of the world; and more than all else, the cash is paid for every purchase, and the wearers of the goods get the advantage of the lowest price under all circumstances.

These buyers and the members of the firm take care to keep sharply posted and thoroughly examine the situation before laying in their stock at all seasons of the year. The consequence is, that their customers get the benefit of a decline or of an expected advance in all grades of goods, just the same as with exclusive wholesale dealers. Housekeepers and citizens generally can scarcely overestimate this advantage.

The Jackson store is headquarters, and from it those in Mason and Eaton Rapids are supplied, as well as several smaller establishments which take advantage of their advantages and do a jobbing trade with the Tuomey Brothers.

The Tuomeys make no particular splurge in the display of extraordinarily expensive goods, or decking out their store in gaudy colors and fancy fixings, but they do well, in buying close, in keeping up with the market and the styles of goods as they are produced, and in selling at the lowest possible prices for cash. They run no accounts themselves, and they allow no one to run accounts with them, and the benefit of this plan of business is given to their customers. Those who trade in dry goods or any other goods, to any extent, know just what this means.

Their systematic way of doing business, their fair and honorable dealing and courteous treatment of customers, combined with their invariably low prices, has had much to do with their success. They have a one price system, by which a child can buy as cheap as anyone, and no goods of however small a value are allowed to be misrepresented. If in any dealings with them at any time, anything appears that does not look just right, they will only be too happy to make it satisfactory, if made known to them.

In looking over their stock here we can but express surprise at its completeness, especially in staple goods. Their fall stock is not yet all in, and yet every shelf, every drawer and every counter, up stairs and down, is filled with goods in every department suitable for the present season, and for a season in advance. Their assortment of silk, for instance, is immense. Piles upon piles of quilts, blankets, sheetings, etc., laid in for the winter season, at prices that cannot be duplicated in the eastern markets again. The same may be said of shawls and all kinds of ladies' outer garments, of table linen and house furnishing goods of all kinds, of hosiery, gloves and ladies' furnishing goods, while the department of dress goods and silks displays all the seasonable varieties, and many that could not be obtained except for their peculiar facilities, until the prices ran so high as to place them out of reach. The same may be said of the trimmings for them.

These are some of the reasons for the remarkable success of this firm. The Tuomey Brothers are all untiring workers, and all in their employ are actuated by the same spirit, and the Citizen expects to be able to chronicle as surprising future achievements in the dry goods business as they have made in the past.—Jackson Citizen.

BOGUS CERTIFICATES.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, etc., and puffed up by long, bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well-known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.—Exchange. See another column.

Chelsea Village.

NOTICE.

To Jennie McNamara: Please to take notice, that Special Ordinance, No. One: Entitled an Ordinance relative to the construction of Sidewalks on certain parts of Main street, South street, East street, and Summit street, Approved, September 5, 1881, by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea, a copy of which Ordinance has been heretofore published, and by the terms of the said Ordinance, you are required to construct and lay a sidewalk in front of the following described lands, viz: Lot Seventeen, of Block Seventeen, Village of Chelsea, said walk to be of the width, dimensions and materials mentioned in said Special Ordinance, which said walk you are hereby required to construct and lay within 30 days after service upon you, of a copy of this Notice; failing in which, such walk will be constructed by and at the expense of the village, and the cost thereof, together with a penalty of ten per cent. thereon, levied, as a special tax on the said described land, and collected in the manner provided by the village charter; and further that specifications of the required walk can be seen in the office of the Village Clerk.

Dated, September 17th, 1881.
JAMES L. GILBERT, Pres't.
GILBERT H. GAY, Clerk.

NOTICE.

To Mrs. Griffin: Please to take notice, that Special Ordinance, No. One: Entitled an Ordinance relative to the construction of Sidewalks on certain parts of Main street, South street, East street, and Summit street, Approved, September 5, 1881, by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea, a copy of which Ordinance has been heretofore published, and by the terms of the said Ordinance, you are required to construct and lay a sidewalk in front of the following described lands, viz: Lot Three, of Block One and Lot Four of Block One, village of Chelsea; said walk to be of the width, dimensions and material mentioned in said Special Ordinance, which said walk you are hereby required to construct and lay within 30 days after service upon you, of a copy of this Notice; failing in which, such walk will be constructed by and at the expense of the Village, and the cost thereof, together with a penalty of ten per cent. thereon, levied, as a special tax on the said described lands, and collected in the manner provided by the village charter; and further that specifications of the required walk can be seen in the office of the Village Clerk.

Dated, September 17th, 1881.
JAMES L. GILBERT, Pres't.
GILBERT H. GAY, Clerk.

Chelsea Market.

CHELSEA, Sept. 29, 1881.	
WHEAT, 7 1/2 cwt.	\$3 50
WHEAT, White, 7 1/2 bu.	1 35
CORN, 7 1/2 bu.	25 1 30
OATS, 7 1/2 bu.	35
CLOVER SEED, 7 1/2 bu.	5 00
TIMOTHY SEED, 7 1/2 bu.	5 00
BEANS 7 1/2 bu.	2 50
POTATOES, 7 1/2 bu.	75
APPLES, green, 7 1/2	1 25
do dried, 7 1/2	5
HONEY, 7 1/2	18 20
BUTTER, 7 1/2	25
POULTRY—Chickens, 7 1/2	10
LARD, 7 1/2	10
TALLOW, 7 1/2	05
HAMS, 7 1/2	12
SHOULDERS, 7 1/2	08
EGGS, 7 doz.	16
BEEF, live 7 cwt.	3 00 3 50
SHEEP, live 7 cwt.	3 00 5 00
HOGS, live 7 cwt.	3 00 5 00
do dressed 7 cwt.	5 00 5 40
HAY, tame 7 ton.	10 00 12 00
do marsh, 7 ton.	5 00 6 00
SALT, 7 lbs.	1 30
WOOL, 7 lb.	33 35
CRANBERRIES, 7 bu.	1 00 1 50

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the twenty-ninth day of August, 1876, executed by James Conaty and Mary Ann Conaty to Rose Conaty, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, for the county of Washtenaw in the State of Michigan, on the seventh day of November, 1879, in favor of mortgages on page 579, and by said Rose Conaty, assigned to Katherine Conaty and Rosana Conaty by assignment of mortgage dated April fourth, 1878, and recorded in said Register's office on the seventh day of November, 1879, in favor of assignment of mortgages on page 508, by the non-payment of moneys due thereon, by which the power of sale therein contained has become operative, and on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of eight hundred and thirty-five dollars and twelve cents. There are yet to become due upon said mortgage three installments of two hundred dollars each, viz: Six hundred dollars with the interest thereon, according to the terms of said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the amount secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given, that on Saturday, the twelfth day of November, 1881, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the south front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in the county of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due as above specified to satisfy the interest thereon & the costs, charges and expenses allowed by law and provided for in said mortgage. Said premises being described as follows: All the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the township of Lyndon county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan. The south part of the north-east fractional quarter of section number thirty-four, lying north of the Waterloo and Chelsea road—Township number one, south of range number three east, containing seventy acres of land, more or less. Said sale will be made subject to the lien and payment of the said three installments of two hundred dollars each, viz: Six hundred dollars, with the interest to become due, according to the terms of said mortgage.

Dated August 18th, 1881.
KATHERINE CONATY and
ROSANA CONATY,
Assignees of Mortgage.
TURNBULL & DEPKW.
Attorneys for Assignees.

"Excelsior is Our Motto."

EUREKA!!

WE HAVE A JEWELER AT WORK IN OUR STORE, AND
WE ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL JOBS OF

Watch, Clock, and Jewelry REPAIRING!

WITH DISPATCH, AND WARRANT EVERY JOB PERFECT.
WE SHALL ALSO INCREASE OUR STOCK OF

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry,

LARGELY, AND BE PREPARED TO

Compete with any Jewelry Establishment anywhere!

WE WANT TO SHOW YOU OUR.....	\$10 WATCH.
" " " " " " " " " "	12 "
" " " " " " " " " "	15 "
" " " " " " " " " "	17 "
" " " " " " " " " "	20 "
" " " " " " " " " "	22 "
" " " " " " " " " "	25 "
" " " " " " " " " "	28 "
" " " " " " " " " "	35 "
" " " " " " " " " "	40 "
" " " " " " " " " "	48 "

WE WANT TO SHOW YOU

WATCHES OF ALL PRICES!

Both Ladies and Gent's Gold and Silver. Also, Rogers Bros.

BEST PLATED TABLE WARE!!

ALL FOR SALE

Cheap as the Cheapest!

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures, And No Jockeying.

DON'T BUY A DOLLAR'S WORTH OF GOODS UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN OUR STOCK, AND WE WILL SAVE YOU 10 to 25 PER CENT.

A 10 dollar Castor for \$8.
An 8 dollar Castor for \$6.
A 6 dollar Castor for \$4.75.

AND OTHERS AT THE SAME PROPORTION

The Goods are so Beautiful that we love to Show Them, whether you buy or not.

ALL KINDS OF HAND AND MACHINE

ENGRAVING,

DONE TO ORDER.

REMEMBER!

Our Clocks are Bankrupt Stock,
BOUGHT AT PRICES WHICH MAKE COMPETITION RIDICULOUS.

Yours Respectfully,

WOOD BRO'S.

A SUMMER DAY.

Turquoise-breasted birds have sung the spring away. Pink arbutus leaves have blushed farewell to May. There's a soft, sweet presence hovering on high. There's the whole of summer in the summer sky. When the daylight flutters from their swinging nests, like captured welcomes from enraptured breasts. When the clouds of sunset stream like burning lights. There's the faint, low warbling of their soft good-nights. There are rivers murmuring as they onward go. That the pale spring loosened into fuller flow. Now a wider glory in their sparkling hides—There's a summer's passion in their throbbing ties. Thin vines, sunshine-lusted, thro' the noontide go. Butterflies in silence fluttering to and fro. There's the whole of summer in the summer sky! —Mrs. L. C. Walton, in Wide-Awake.

A SUMMER IDYL.

Heretic 84 styles of Two Amateur Gardeners.

The first week or two of May is enchanting to the amateur gardener in this latitude. 'Tis then he plants potatoes, corn, beans, onions, lettuce, radishes, oyster-plant, Lima beans, watermelons and muskmelons. In the possibilities of the future, it is to be delicious during the summer to pull radishes and dig potatoes from one's own garden. It is to be delicious to see one's vegetables grow and to hear the birds sing over them. The management of the house in the midst of which this vegetable garden was situated depended entirely on her. They kept no servant. They declared they stood in need of none. And while, during the day, he was at his business in the city, she essayed to care for the rapidly-growing vegetables. The good and bad in this world do often prosper alike, and oftentimes the bad seems to prosper as well if not better than the good. So weeds, taking advantage of the appliances placed in the soil ground for developing vegetables, grow as fast if not faster than vegetables, but meanly legitimate to that soil, simply because he takes pleasure in eating them. Although, if the question be considered on its real merits, any fair, level-headed man would say that the weeds being the original natives of the soil and to the man born, have a better claim to said soil than the vegetables, which are generally foreign importations. However, the vegetables must be protected from the weeds by a hoe with a human being at the business end.

A PLUCKY LITTLE WOMAN. She was a plucky little woman, and said she would officiate at this end of the hoe while he was at business in the city. So she did. For a few weeks it was a drawn battle between her and the weeds. The garden was on new ground, and a low-lying swampy bit of ground, too. The weeds consisted principally of fern and swamp-cabbage. Her task was to keep down a voluntary ferny and give the potatoes a chance. The garden soil was mainly sand; not sand indigenous to the place, but some hauled from afar and spread over the swamp. This was an idea indigenous to his uncle, who had a mania for improving the worst pieces of land he could pick out and her on this swamp, and granted them rent free for the summer in hopes that the presence of such respectable appearing settlers might attract others to the spot. She was not an expert in the knowledge of vegetables. Didn't, in fact, know a potato vine from a skunk-cabbage. By the middle of June the skunk-cabbage had got the start of the potatoes, and threatened to swallow them up. She was of this happily ignorant, taking the skunk-cabbage for some legitimate vegetable which he had planted among the potatoes. Thriving on her ignorance the skunk-cabbage increased and multiplied.

He came home earlier than usual one day and would take a look at his potatoes. Seeing skunk-cabbage and potatoes together from afar, and not then being himself well grounded in kitchen-garden science and indications of weed evils, he said: "How well things are growing!" Coming a little nearer, he struck him these might not all be potatoes. "Hallo!" he cried to her. "I thought this was the potato patch."

"So it is," said she. "Where?" said he. "Where you are standing. You're knee-deep in potato vines now," said she.

Said he, "Good gracious! Thunder! Why, these are not potato vines. These are weeds. This is skunk-cabbage. And you have hoed this?"

"Yes," said she, "I hoed all the nasty weeds that came up around them."

"Why, you've hoed away the potato plants and left this skunk-cabbage," he squealed.

"I thought I was hoeing the potatoes, and that they were doing all so nicely and so much better than the onions, because that dreadful fern has got among the onions," said she.

FIGHTING WEEDS. He got his big hoe and she her little hoe, and together they slashed skunk-cabbage till dark. They arose at five the next morning and pitched again into skunk-cabbage, and, by breakfast time, the few potato vines she had accidentally missed had a faint chance for life. Meantime the kitchen garden and life in the country went on and on. Other weeds industriously sprang up all over the garden. The mosquitoes came thicker and thicker. Did they light a lamp at night, millions on millions of small winged things lost their lives trying to put it out. Strange insects, winged, horned, clawed, fanged and pronged came into the house, got into their bed, into their boots, into their slippers. Frogs croaked in the cellar. For a week they were occupied in fortifying the windows with mosquito nets. Three times a week the butcher brought sizzly pieces of meat from the city, for which they paid the highest price. The only store was a mile away on a sandy road. All this, added to the weeds, kept her very busy. She began to think that a rural life looked best in a book. They had fifty-two hills of potatoes. "I wonder if this patch will raise us enough to last all winter," he asked of her as they were going into the house one evening, both prothy tired from hoeing skunk-cabbage. "I guess so," said she, "but if they'd only grow as well as skunk-cabbage we might have some to sell." Just then an agricultural neighbor, passing the house, called out to them: "Got any bugs yet?"

She turned up her nose. "Bugs?" said he. "Of course not." "What a rude question," said she. "All the folks around here have got 'em," said the native. "Beds full of 'em."

They did not hear him say "potato beds." The native continued: "Paris green is the best stuff to kill 'em. We sprinkle it on our beds every day."

"Why, I should think it would ruin your sheets and pillow-cases," said she. "Sheet? Pillow-cases? Haw! Haw! Haw!" roared the native. "Potato bugs don't trouble 'em."

LIGHT DAWNS. "Oh!" simultaneously remarked he and she as the true light stole into their brains. Then they went and examined their potato vines. They were covered with potato bugs. Millions! "I saw them last week," said she, "but I thought they were lady-bugs—at least a bigger kind of lady-bug."

"We must pick them off," said he, "to save the potatoes. You must commence picking our crop of potato bugs to-morrow. What have you got to pick them in?"

"Nothing," said she, "save the milk picher."

"Milk picher it is," said he. "Desperate diseases, desperate remedies. We must commence to-night."

She brought out the milk picher. Together they picked it full many times and emptied the bugs in the babbling brook which ran by their cottage, which babbling brook carried many of the bugs to the green potato fields of their neighbors, and left them there alive. They seemed to have picked all the bugs off their vines that night, yet it was not so. On arising and going forth next morning they found as many bugs as ever. They recuperative and regenerative power of bugs and weeds and all sorts of things people do not want is wonderful. "Evl seems catching, but good is hard to take," said he. He was obliged to go to the city, and there in the whirl of business his mind wandered to their little agricultural cot and potato bugs. She all day picked potato bugs alone, and drowned milk-picherful after milk-picherful in the babbling brook. Yet next morning the bugs had the start of her again. This was kept up for several days. Meantime the swamp fern and skunk-cabbage got a fresh start on the bean and radish beds and quite swallowed them up. The potato bugs monopolized the entire energy and attention of this agricultural pair. Nor was this all. Pig-weed came. First, a cautious old pig-weed, who had flourished there for generations, poked his head out of the ground. After reconnaissance, he gave the signal. Anon by scores, hundreds and thousands, came other pig-weeds. She waged with them a feeble warfare. What could the young wife do, almost alone, against Skunk-cabbage, Swamp Fern, Potato Bugs and Pig-weed? Nothing. Emboldened by the success of the pig-weeds, the THAMPS OF THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM rushed in from all quarters. There came Dock, Black-weed, Wild Pepper-grass, Mullen and Stramonium, or Stink-weed.

They ravaged her little flower-garden. They massacred the tender plants. They ate up their sustenance. They crowded them out of existence. She laid down the hoe in despair. Ants crowded along its handle. They erected their habitation under it.

"How green your garden is getting," he said to her one day. He had become sarcastic. This was on or about the 25th of June. Sadly she took her little hoe and cut down a few pig-weeds. She then laid it down and took it up no more that season. There it lay, and the pig-weed, the dock, the wild pepper-grass, the skunk-cabbage and the stink-weed came up around it and overshadowed it.

"How very green your garden has grown," said he to her on the 3d of August. It was very green. The wicked weeds had run out both flowers and vegetables. They had full control of that garden. They envoted the original occupants ten to one. The Vegetable Aborigines of the soil had regained their original supremacy. They climbed the fence and poked their heads riotously and impudently between the pickets. The accidental, vagrant sunflower was elected Mayor of her garden. The streets and avenues she had so nicely laid out between her beds was invaded by a disorderly, accidental pumpkin vine. The only surviving rosebush was smothered by pig-weed. Over all this ruin the birds sung their matin songs and Nature seemed as blithesome and jovial as though their kitchen garden had been a success. —Pioneer Mailbox, in the San Francisco Chronicle.

Horses that Stumble. In the matter of stumbling Captain Hayes goes into its theory, drawing distinctions that may be very serviceable. He explains that there are two kinds of stumbling. One is really dangerous, when the horse is either weak in the forelegs, or cramped in the action, or with the physical defect of too straight shoulders. But when stumbling arises from the knee being insufficiently bent or the toe unduly depressed, thereby catching upon any inequality in the ground, it may be safely disregarded, unless the animal is intended for show rather than use. We may add, for ourselves, that we have ridden excellent horses with this failing; that, frequently, they might trip or stumble, experience told us that they were absolutely sure-footed; but that what we chiefly observed was that, in cases where they were nervous, each trip led almost invariably to a succession of others. That such stumbling comes of a slovenly manner of going there can be no doubt. It happens comparatively seldom in exhilarating weather or when the horse has been brought fresh out of the stable; but when listless and languid, or when fatigue begins to tell, they are quickly made aware of his condition by his own opinions and experiences on those subjects by communications from well-known trainers and jockeys. As to giving "orders" in a race, his ideas seem to us very sensible. With a young hand instruction may be necessary; but if the jockey be a fairly good one, the riding should be left to his discretion. It is impossible to foresee all possible circumstances, and decisions must be taken on the spur of the moment. As for starting, he calls attention to the necessity for "getting off" as quickly as possible—a matter in which, though it is obviously of paramount importance, some people would appear to be strangely indifferent. As he says, "whatever distance is lost at the start must be made up when the horses are galloping, at which time the effort to regain the lost lengths may very possibly be equivalent to throwing away an advantage of as many pounds." —Saturday Review.

—Little Johnny had been caught by his aunt teasing a fly. "Johnny," said she, "supposing some great beast a thousand times bigger than yourself should tease you and perhaps eat you all up?" "I hope," said Johnny, "he'd feel as bad as I do when I swallow a fly." —Boston Transcript.

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Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Corn A. Royce and Royal G. Royce, minors.

Notice is hereby given, That in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned guardian of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1881, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of Martha H. Royce, deceased, in the township of Washburn, in said State, on Saturday, the eighth day of October, A. D. 1881, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale all the right, title and interest of said minors in the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Situated in the township of Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, commencing at the southeast corner of the west half of the southwest quarter of section one, and thence north two degrees, west fifteen chains and sixty-two links along the half-quarter line, thence south eighty-seven and one-fourth degrees west thirteen chains and ninety links, thence south two degrees east fourteen chains and eighty links, thence south eighty-nine and one-half degrees east thirteen chains and ninety links along the section line to the place of beginning, containing twenty-one and 14-100 acres.

Also, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve, except twelve acres off from the west side thereof, containing twenty-eight acres of land, in Sylvan, aforesaid.

Dated August 16, 1881.

THOMAS S. SEARS, Guardian.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in favor of Reuben Kempf, against the goods and chatties and real estate of James Reilly, Edward Reilly, Michael Reilly, and Michael Reilly Jr. in said county, to me directed and delivered, I did on the (11) eleventh day of June, A. D. 1881, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said James Reilly, Edward Reilly, Michael Reilly, and Michael Reilly Jr. in and to the following described real estate, to-wit: A piece of land situated in the township of Dexter, county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, known and described as follows viz: The east half of the south-west quarter of section seven (7), the west half of the south-east quarter of section seven (7), the east half of the north-west quarter of section eighteen (18), the north-west quarter of section eighteen (18), the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section seventeen (17), the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section seventeen (17), the west half of the south-east quarter of section eight (8), and a piece of land described as follows: Commencing at the center post of section number eight (8) in said township, running thence west along the east and west quarter line of said section, eighteen chains and eighty-five links to a stake, thence south two degrees east to a stake in the north and south quarter line of said section eight (8), thence north on said quarter line eleven chains and eighteen (18) links, to the place of beginning, containing ten acres, two rods and four rods of land, be the same, more or less, all in township one, south of range four (4) east, all of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, on the first day of October, A. D. 1881, next at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Dated this Eighteenth day of August, A. D. 1881.

EDWIN W. WALLACE, Sheriff.

G. W. TURNBULL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

A. K. CONRAD, CHELSEA, MICH.

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Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in favor of Charles H. Kempf, against the goods and chatties and real estate of James Reilly, Michael Reilly and Edward Reilly in said county, to me directed and delivered, I did on the (23) day of June, A. D. 1881, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said James Reilly, Michael Reilly and Edward Reilly, in and to the following described real estate, that is to say, all those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the township of Dexter, county of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, described as follows viz: The west half of the south-east quarter of section seven (7), the north-west quarter of section eighteen (18), the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section seventeen (17), the north-east quarter of section seventeen (17), the west half of the south-east quarter of section eight (8), and a piece of land described as follows: Commencing at the center post of section number eight (8) in said township, running thence west along the east and west quarter line of said section, eighteen chains and eighty-five links to a stake, thence south two degrees east to a stake in the north and south quarter line of said section eight (8), thence north on said quarter line eleven chains and eighteen (18) links, to the place of beginning, containing ten acres, two rods and four rods of land, be the same, more or less, all in township one, south of range four (4) east, all of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, at the south front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, on the first day of October, A. D. 1881, next at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Dated this 18th day of August, A. D. 1881.

EDWIN W. WALLACE, Sheriff.

G. W. TURNBULL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

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Chelsea, Apr. 21, 1881. v-351

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